

# Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection 2007 Recycling Processor Report

## INSTRUCTIONS and DEFINITIONS

**PLEASE RETURN COMPLETED REPORT BY FRIDAY FEBRUARY 15, 2008**

You can submit your Recycling Processor Report online via eDEP at:  
<https://edep.dep.mass.gov/DEPHome.aspx>.

eDEP requires a one-time online registration and should take no more than 10 minutes. If you have registered before, you do not need to do so again. MassDEP encourages filing electronically – it saves postage, paper, and natural resources and increases reporting accuracy and efficiency.

For questions on completing the Recycling Processor Report, please contact Julia Wolfe at MassDEP by phone at 617-292-5987 or via email at [Julia.Wolfe@state.ma.us](mailto:Julia.Wolfe@state.ma.us). For questions on the eDEP system, please contact Steve White at [steve.white@state.ma.us](mailto:steve.white@state.ma.us) or at 617-574-6888.

**PLEASE NOTE: This report includes all MSW and C&D recyclable materials on one form.**

### Instructions:

1. Please report tonnage received from Massachusetts sources only in the calendar year period of January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007.
2. Please report all quantities in TONS.
3. **All Material Types Are Mutually Exclusive. Please do not report the same tonnage in more than one category.** For example, if you process 4,000 tons of wood, and 2,000 tons went to wood for fuel, and 2,000 tons were C&D wood recycled, you would report these tonnages separately.

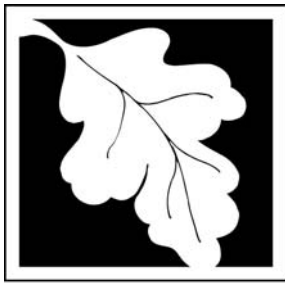
**Correct**

C&D Wood	2,000 tons
Wood for fuel	2,000 tons

**Incorrect**

C&D Wood	4,000 tons
Wood for fuel	2,000 tons

4. In order to avoid double counting, please do not report tonnage received from other processors. (For example, do not report any tonnage received from a Material Recycling Facility (MRF), since that material is already counted in that facility's report. However, any material received via direct haul from a generator should be counted.)
5. If specific tonnage by material is unavailable, please report the total waste processed and the estimated amount by each material. (For example, if you recycled 10,000 tons of material total, and estimate that 75% of that material was metal and 25% was asphalt, brick, and concrete (ABC), please report 7,500 tons metal and 2,500 tons ABC.)
6. If you reported processing Asphalt Roofing Shingles, Gypsum Wallboard, Wood Waste, Wood for Fuel, or Wood-non-fuel, please complete the report attachment for additional questions regarding these materials.



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### **Definitions:**

Asphalt Paving, Brick and Concrete (ABC): Paving or building material normally used in construction activities

Asphalt Roofing Shingles: Roofing shingles sent for recycling.

Carpet: Used carpet from construction and demolition projects sent for recycling

Ceiling Tiles: Ceiling tiles from both residential and commercial construction.

Co-Mingled Materials: materials such as glass, plastic, metal and paper, that are collected and received mixed together.

Disposal: means the final dumping, landfilling or placement of solid waste into or on any land or water or the incineration of solid waste.

Diversion: means other uses for materials other than disposal, including recycling, wood used as fuel (not including material sent to municipal waste combustors), and grading and shaping or cover material for landfills.

Electronics: all consumer electronics.

Glass: includes all containers, packaging, and glass found in appliances, furniture and plate glass.

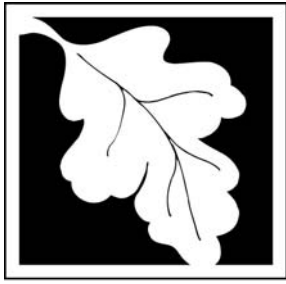
Gypsum Wallboard: Gypsum wallboard from C&D activities sent for recycling.

Metals – Non-C&D: ferrous and non-ferrous metals derived from used appliances, residential scrap metal, manufacturing processes, aluminum, and beverage and other steel/tin cans. Does not include automotive metals, C&D materials (such as aluminum siding, wiring and piping. Please report that tonnage under *Metal-C&D*), or industrial metals.

Metals – C&D: metal from construction and demolition debris, such as rebar, aluminum siding, and piping.

Organics - Food Waste: includes uneaten food, food preparation scraps from residences and commercial establishments (restaurants, supermarkets and produce stands), institutional sources (school cafeterias) and employee lunchrooms.

Organics - Yard Waste: deciduous and coniferous seasonal deposition (e.g., leaves), grass clippings, weeds, hedge clippings, garden materials, but not brush, stumps and other wood.



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Paper – Except Cardboard: includes magazines, newspapers, office paper, telephone directories, mixed paper, and other paper products including books, third-class mail, commercial printing, paper towels, paper plates and cups.

Paper - Cardboard: includes all old corrugated containers.

Plastic: includes all types of plastics from packaging, food containers, beverage containers, bags, wraps, and plastics found in appliances, furniture, and sporting and recreational equipment.

Processors: refers to intermediate operators that handle recyclable materials from collectors and generators for the purpose of preparing materials for recycling (MRFs, scrap metal yards, paper dealers and glass beneficiation plants). Processors act as an intermediary between collectors and end users of recyclable materials.

Recycling: series of activities by which discarded materials are collected, sorted, processed and converted into raw materials and used in the production of new products. Excludes the use of materials as a fuel substitute for energy production.

Textiles: includes fiber from apparel, furniture, linens (sheets and towels), rugs, and footwear.

Tires – Non-Fuel: Tires from automobiles and trucks, but does not include tires that are chipped for energy recovery.

Tires - Fuel: Tires that are sent to Waste to Energy Facilities to be used as fuel.

Wood – Non-fuel: new lumber, particle board, pallets or wood from construction and demolition waste recycled into mulch, particle board, or other uses. Does not include wood from land clearing or wood sent for fuel.

Wood For Fuel: new or used lumber, C&D Wood, or wood waste that is sent to power plants for energy recovery (not including wood sent to municipal waste combustors).

Wood Waste: means discarded material consisting of trees, stumps and brush, including but not limited to sawdust, chips, shavings and bark. Wood waste does not include new or used lumber or wood from construction and demolition waste and does not include wood pieces or particles containing or likely to contain asbestos, or chemical preservatives such as creosote or pentachlorophenol, or paints, stains or other coatings.

Other: Other materials recycled such as mattresses, Household Hazardous Waste, Bulky Waste, oil filters, fluorescent tubes.