

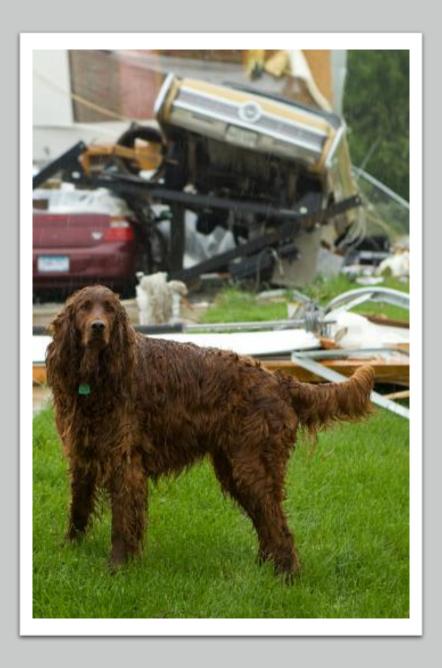
EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS

Training Guide page 14

ACO CORE COMPETENCIES



ANIMALS IN DISASTERS



Preparing for Disasters

Prepare for a range of threats

Personal responsibility

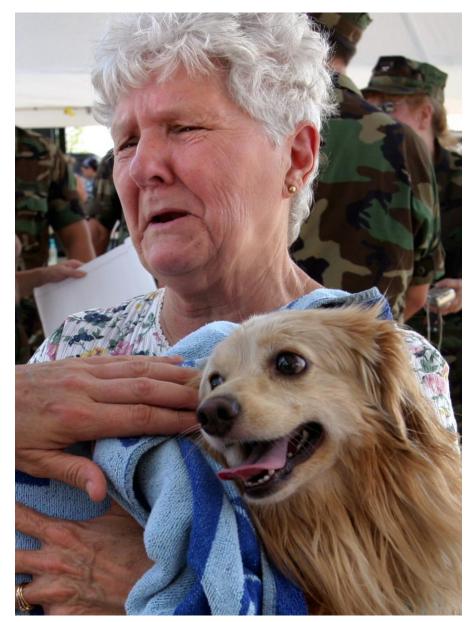
Develop preparedness programs based on the community's needs, expertise, and resources



Level of Concern for Animals

Close to 60% of all US households have pets.

- Some people are more concerned for their animals in disasters than they are for themselves
- Emergency
 management
 personnel must
 prioritize saving
 human lives, but
 animals cannot be
 viewed simply as
 inanimate property







Animal Issues in Disasters

- Traditional concerns involving household pets, service animals, and livestock during disasters include:
 - The spoilage of human food and water supply
 - Animal bites
 - Outbreaks of zooneses (diseases transmitted between animals and people) such as rabies

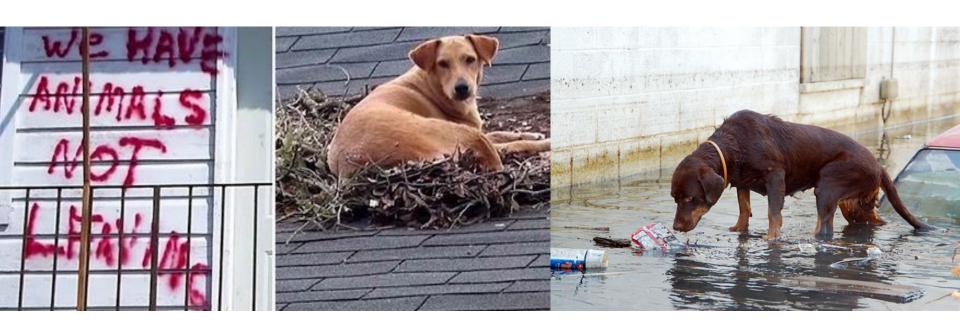


PETS EVACUATION AND TRANSPORTATION STANDARDS ACT OF 2006 (PETS ACT)

Why the PETS Act?

During the Federal response to Hurricane Katrina, four critical flaws in national preparedness became evident:

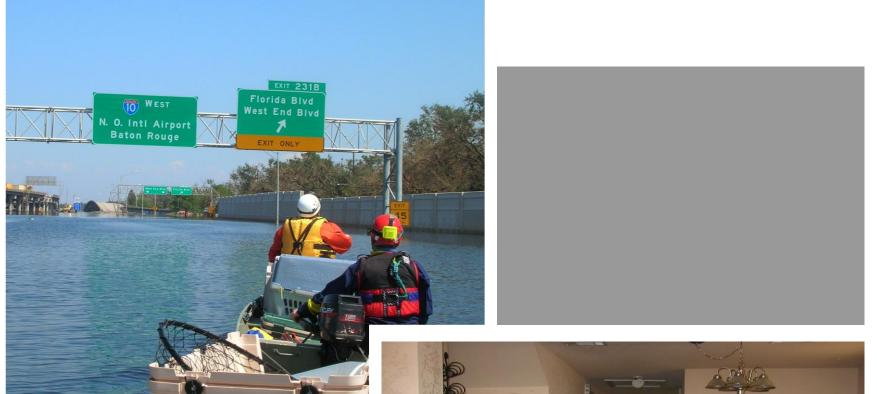
- Processes for unified management of the national response
- Command and control structures within the federal government
- Knowledge of preparedness plans
- Regional planning and coordination



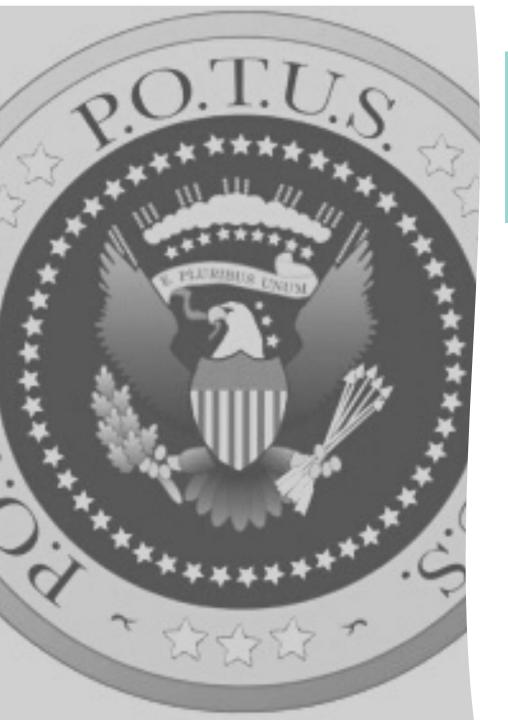


Ensures State and local emergency preparedness operational plans address the needs of individuals with household pets and service animals following a major disaster

Authorizes FEMA to provide rescue, care, shelter, and essential needs for individuals with household pets and the pets themselves



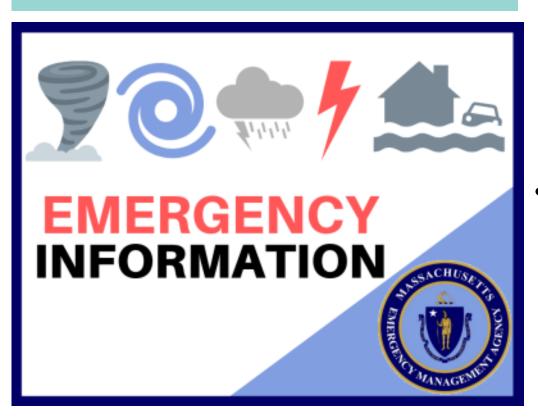




When is the PETS Act Operational?

- When a federal disaster declaration has been made by the President
- That declaration serves as a "trigger" that provides for reimbursement for allowable, documented services utilized in the emergency event

State Laws Affecting Emergency Management



- Each State must have laws that are consistent with the Federal law if they wish to qualify for Federal aid and assistance
- MEMA's Animal Shelter Coordination Plan responds to this mandate



MEMA's Animal Sheltering Coordination Plan

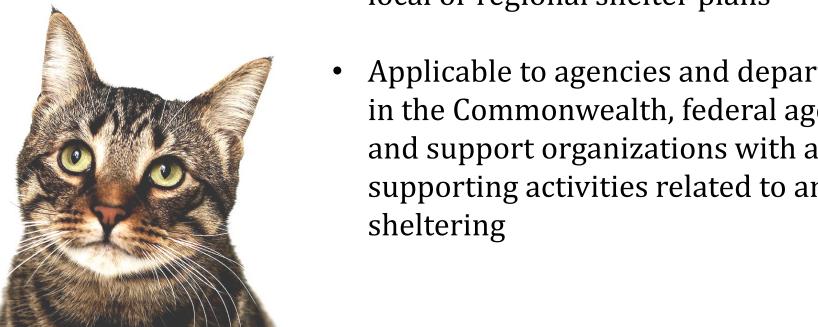
PURPOSE, SCOPE, POLICES & ASSUMPTIONS

Purpose

 Plan provides guidance in coordinating and maximizing resources to support animal care, shelter, and reunification and implementing shelter operations in coordination with MEMA and local municipalities

 Improves the sustainability of animal shelter operations

Scope



- The Plan does not supersede existing local or regional shelter plans
- Applicable to agencies and departments in the Commonwealth, federal agencies, and support organizations with a role in supporting activities related to animal



Policies

 The Massachusetts Department of Agricultural Resources (MDAR) will serve as state lead for animal sheltering and coordination

 Emergency shelters must make exceptions to "no pets" policies for service animals.





Assumptions

- Animal sheltering is the primary responsibility of owners
- Municipalities must make reasonable modifications to human shelter policies for service animals
- ACOs will coordinate with their local emergency management directors to identify facilities



SHELTER STRATEGY AND TYPES OF SHELTERS

Local Initiated Single Community

 Municipality provides emergency animal sheltering services for a single community



Local to Local Mutual Aid

 Several municipalities come together to provide emergency animal sheltering through an existing mutual aid agreement





Examples of Local Support

EMA

Animal Control MOU

DART/CART/SART

Medical Reserve Corps

CERT

American Red Cross



State Initiated Regional Animal Shelter

- Large-scale animal shelters serving multiple municipalities
- Activated by MEMA and coordinated by MDAR
- Conditions that may trigger State Initiated Regional Animal Shelter:
 - Local municipalities exceed sheltering capabilities
 - To maximize use of resources
 - Affected municipalities unable to provide sheltering because of direct impact

Examples

Danvers explosion – local initiated single community

Lawrence apartments – local to local mutual aid

State initiated regional animal shelter - Cape Cod bridge closer (like in Hurricane Sandy)



ROLES & RESPONSIBILITIES OF MUNICIPALITIES & ACOS

Local Preparedness is Best

- Incidents typically begin and end locally
- People with local expertise can identify common hazards
- Local decision makers understand the community's priorities for recovery

What to Know About Your Community

Number and locations of animals in your community

Veterinary providers

Pet stores

Boarding facilities

Animal-friendly hotels

Animal welfare organizations

Local Municipality Responsibilities

Local emergency management directors and ACOs work together to:

Identify planning assumptions, capabilities, and needs of the municipality

Develop plans and procedures

Coordinate, collaborate, train, and exercise with animal shelter partners

Identify appropriate facilities and establish agreements with facility owners

Assess numbers of individuals who may require animal shelter services

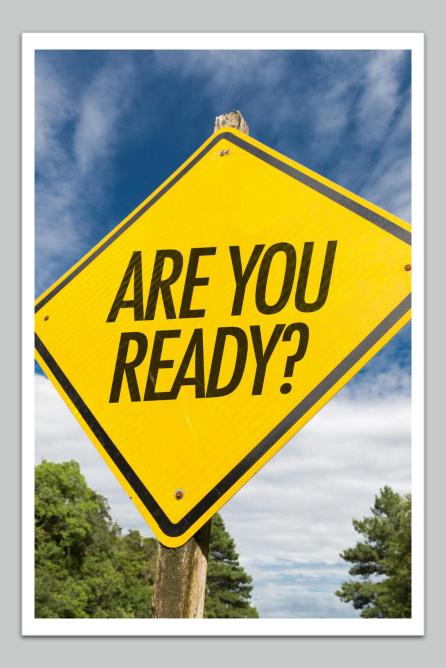
Activate services when needed

Coordinate transport of animals

Local Municipality Responsibilities

 ACOs are responsible for implementation and direction of these activities and will provide situation reports to emergency management director

Emergency management director provides situation reports to MEMA Regional Emergency Operations Center



Developing a Plan

Start by

Start by forming a committee co-chaired by emergency management personnel and the ACO

Develop

Develop a local emergency operations plan (EOP)

- Use existing organizational structures
- Meet crises at the lowest possible level of government
- Include voluntary and private sector resources

Your EOP: Where to Start

The purpose of the plan is to provide a systematic way of responding to an emergency situation

- The plan should be flexible, multi-use, detailed, consistent, and comprehensive
- Establish effective communications up front
- Develop the plan incrementally
- Test your plan

Characteristics of a Good Plan

- Based on facts or valid assumptions
- Includes a community resource inventory
- Uses clear, simple language
- Coordinates department plans within the jurisdiction with the overall emergency management plan through annexes
- Avoids duplication and conflicts in tasks











It is often very hard to plan for a disaster, but it is even harder to explain why you did not.



COMMUNICATION, SITUATIONAL AWARENESS & INFORMATION FLOW

Communication & Situational Awareness



- Maintaining good situational awareness and establishing a common operational picture is critical for MEMA, other emergency organizations, and for local municipalities
- Municipal ACO will implement and direct activities in their jurisdiction and report on status of response activities to the Emergency Management Director

Information Flow: Local Initiated Single Community and Local to Local Mutual Aid

ACO

Local Emergency Management Director

MEMA Regional Office

MEMA

MEMA will coordinate with MDAR and the local community to determine if a State Initiated Regional Animal Shelter is needed.

State Initiated Regional Animal Shelter

MEMA

MDAR

ACOs/Shelter Partners

Resource Prioritization

State Initiated Regional Animal Shelter



Local to Local Mutual Aid Shelter



Local Initiated
Single Community
Shelter

State Initiated Regional Animal Shelters will be managed by MDAR and operated by the host municipality ACO.



NEXT STEPS

Emergency Form

- Encourage
 preparedness on a
 resident level first
- Pass out pet care emergency care instructions and have individuals attach to animal carriers or post on their fridge.
- Forms can be downloaded at:
 https://www.mass.gov/do c/emergency-pet-careform/download

PET CARE INSTRUCTIONS FOR	
Animal Name Bre Species Bre Description ID Tag/Microchip#	edAge
OWNER INFORMATION	EMERGENCY CAREGIVERS
Name Phone Alternate Phone Address Email	1. Name Phone Address 2. Name Phone Address Address Phone
VETERINARIAN	MEDICAL INFORMATION
Vet Hospital Vet Name Phone Address Email	Rabies Vaccine (Date) Other Vaccines (Type/Date) Medications (Name/ Frequency/ Reason)
Brand/Kind	Additional Medical Concerns
BEHAVIOR NOTES	
WWW/MASS.GOV/ANIMALFUND	



Next Steps

ACOs, animal inspectors, and EMDs should connect to plan strategically



MDAR (617) 626-1795

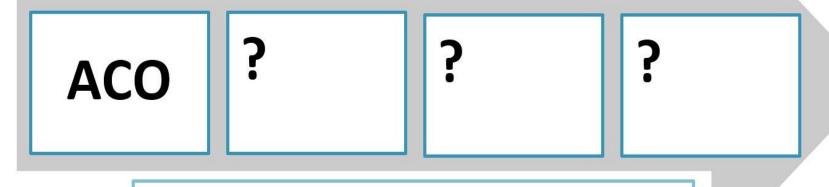
MEMA (508) 820-2000

Environmental Police (617) 626-1665

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS

Parts of your municipality are in a flood zone. It has been raining for days and a house near a riverbank needs to be evacuated, they have two dogs that need temporary placement. Your town can house a few dogs at your municipal shelter, but as the waters rise more homes need to be evacuated and more animals need housing.

After the ACO, in what order should the following agencies be contacted? **MEMA,** Local Emergency Management Director, MEMA Regional Office



In large cases, MEMA will then coordinate with MDAR and local communities to determine if a State Initiated Regional Shelter is needed.

Training Guide Pause

Let's take a minute and review guide page 13