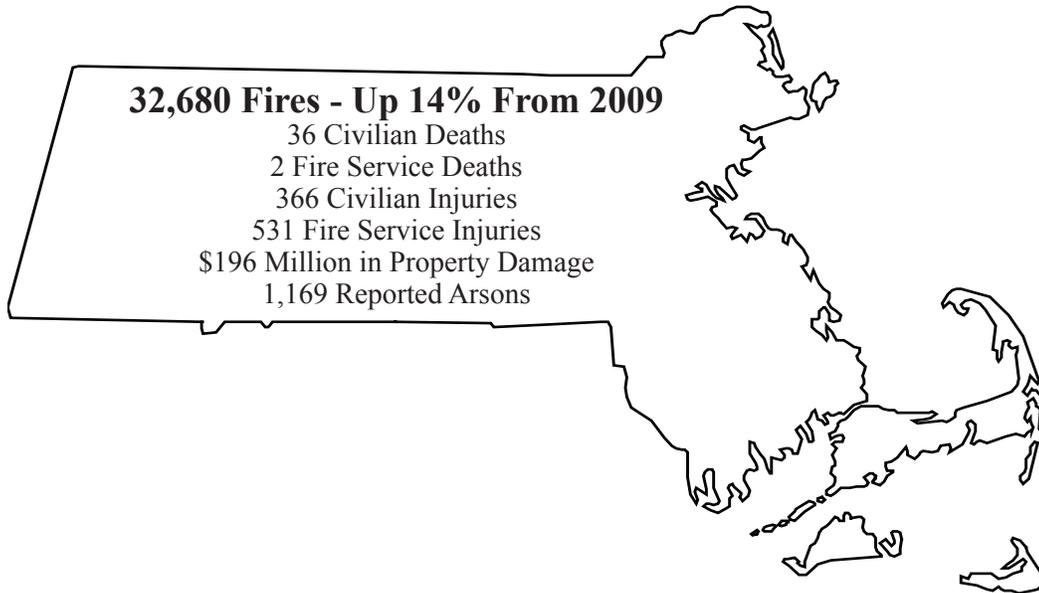


MASSACHUSETTS FIRES IN 2010



Structure Fires

18,560 Fires - Up 4%
 28 Civilian Deaths
 2 Fire Service Deaths
 309 Civilian Injuries
 491 Fire Service Injuries
 \$177 Million in Property Damage
 268 Arsons Reported



Motor Vehicle Fires

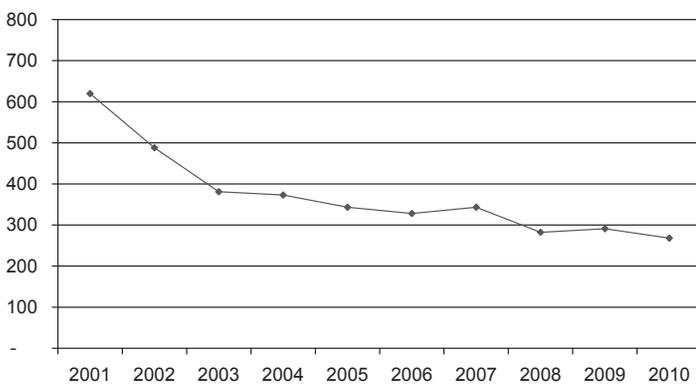
2,967 Fires - Down 4%
 5 Civilian Deaths
 27 Civilian Injuries
 13 Fire Service Injuries
 \$15.5 Million in Property Damage
 115 Arsons Reported



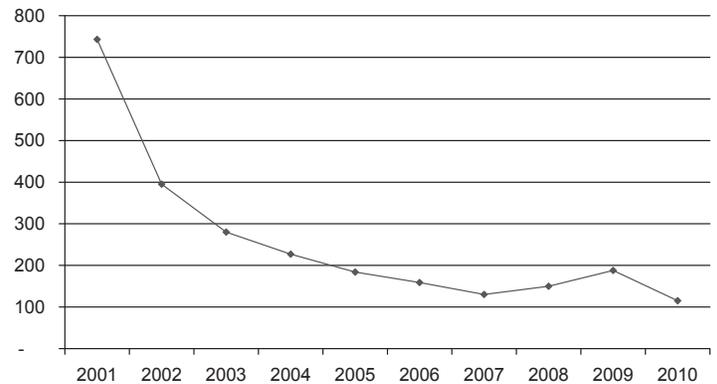
Other Fires

11,153 Fires - Up 43%
 3 Civilian Deaths
 30 Civilian Injuries
 27 Fire Service Injuries
 \$4 Million in Property Damage
 786 Arsons Reported

Structure Arson by Year



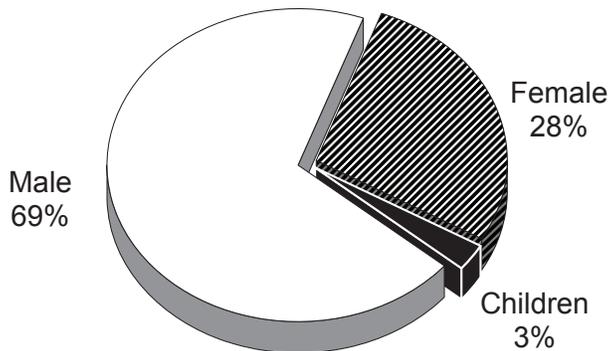
Motor Vehicle Arson by Year



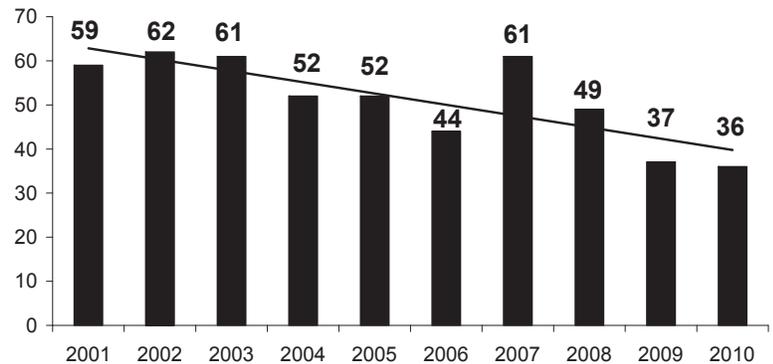
Structure arson decreased by 9% and motor vehicle arson decreased 39% from 2009 to 2010. Since 1985, motor vehicle arson has fallen 98%. For statistical purposes, a fire is considered arson when the cause is listed as intentional & age is not a factor or the person involved was over 18. This definition excludes many "suspicious" and juvenile-set fires.

MASSACHUSETTS FIRE DEATHS IN 2010

Civilian Fire Deaths

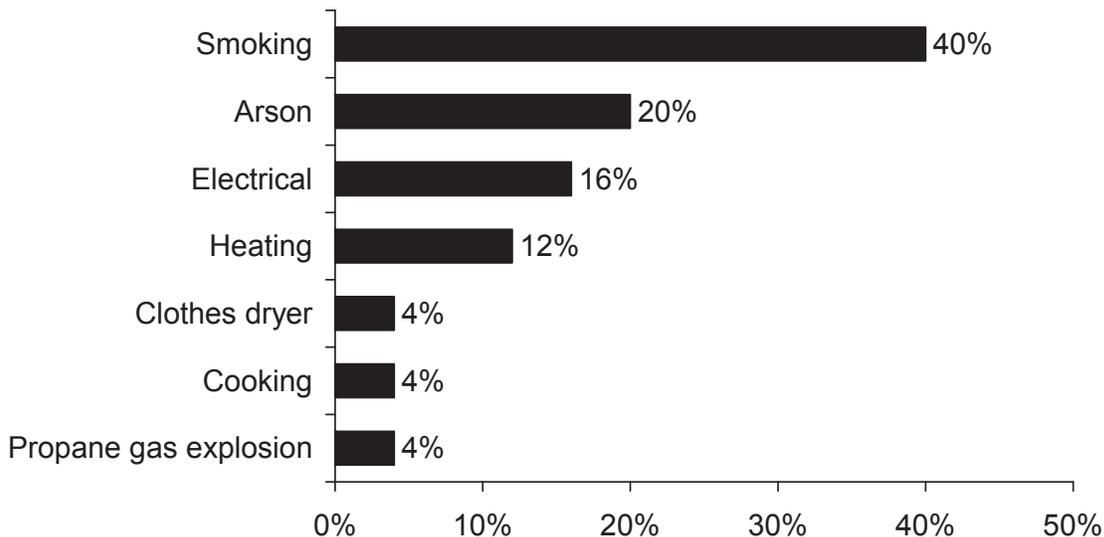


Fire Deaths by Year



- 32 fatal fires killed 36 civilians - 25 men, 10 women and 1 child.
- 2 firefighters died in 2 fire-related incidents.
- Over 1/3 (34%) of fatal fire victims were older adults (over 65).
- Fire deaths decreased by 3% from the 37 deaths reported in 2009.
- Lowest total on record (since WWII).
- 69% of the civilian fire victims died in their homes.
- Improper or unsafe disposal of smoking materials was once again the leading cause of residential structure fire deaths. Smoking fires caused 10, or 40%, of residential structure fire deaths.

Causes of Residential Structure Fire Deaths



Test your smoke detector and plan your escape! *Fire doesn't wait!*