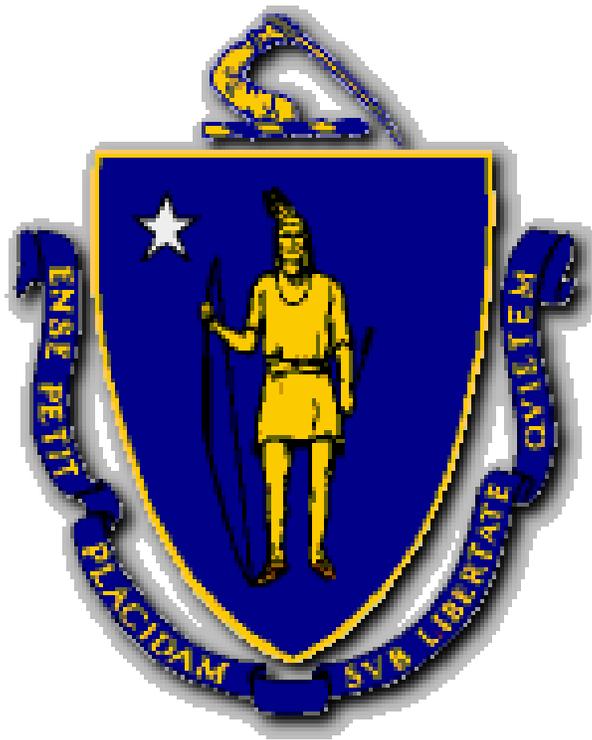


Quarterly Report on the Status of Prison Overcrowding, Second Quarter 2010

Massachusetts Department of Correction
Submitted in Compliance with Chapter 799
Section 21 of the Acts of 1985



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July 2010

2010 Second Quarter Report

Section Twenty-one of Chapter 799 of the Acts of 1985 directs the Commissioner of Correction to report quarterly on the status of overcrowding in state and county facilities. This statute calls for the following information:

Such report shall include, by facility, the average daily census for the period of the report and the actual census on the first and last days of the report period. Said report shall also contain such information for the previous twelve months and a comparison to the rated capacity of such facility.

This report presents the required statistics for the second quarter of 2010.

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Approved by: Ellen Bickelman, State Purchasing Agent

This report, prepared by Ashley Montgomery of the Research and Planning Division, is based on counts submitted by Massachusetts Sheriffs and the DOC.

2010 Second Quarter Report

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Technical Notes, 2000 to 2003¹

- The official capacity or custody level designation for each facility can change for a number of reasons, e.g. expansion of facility beds, decrease of facility beds due to fire, or changes in contracts with vendors. In all tables the capacity and custody level reflects the status at the end of the reporting period. The design capacity is reported for correctional facilities in Tables 1 through 6.
- State inmates housed in the Hampshire County contract program are included in the county population tables, as are all other state inmates housed in county facilities.
- On May 18, 2000, the Braintree Alternative Center was closed for renovations by the Norfolk County Sheriff's Office. All inmates were transferred to the minimum security Pre-Release Center in Dedham.
- As of September 15, 2000, Longwood Treatment Center, male population, was moved to the Massachusetts Boot Camp and the women were transferred to facilities housing female populations.
- As of September 22, 2000, Massachusetts Boot Camp ceased to hold medium security inmates.
- Due to DOC policy modification, the security level of Boston State Pre-Release was changed from Security Level 2 to Security Level 3/2 during the fourth quarter of 2001.
- P.P.R.E.P was closed effective July 6, 2001.
- Charlotte House was closed effective November 9, 2001.
- Effective November 16, 2001, NCCI-Gardner added 30 beds to Security Level 3, per policy 101.
- May 20, 2002, NECC changed from a Security Level 3 to Level 3/2. The design capacity for Security Level 3 is 62, and for Security Level 2 the design capacity is 88.
- May 20, 2002, Pondville changed from a Security Level 3 to Level 3/2 with a design capacity of 100.
- June 10, 2002, South Middlesex Correctional Center changed to a facility for female offenders.
- June 22, 2002, Old Colony Correctional Center added a Level 3 housing unit. The design capacity for Security Level 5 is 480 and for Security Level 3 the design capacity is 100.
- On June 30, 2002, the following facilities were closed; SECC (Medium), Hodder Cottage @ Framingham, MCI-Lancaster, the Massachusetts Boot Camp, and the Addiction Center @ SECC.
- As of July 1, 2002, the Massachusetts Boot Camp was renamed the Massachusetts Alcohol and Substance Abuse Center (MASAC). Within MASAC is the Longwood Treatment Center Program, relocated on September 15, 2000. This program served individuals incarcerated for operating under the influence of alcohol. Because the inmates were predominantly county sentenced inmates, the inmate count and bed capacity were also included in Tables 3 and 4.
- The Massachusetts Treatment Center (MTC) houses both civil and criminal populations.
- As of April 5, 2002, Norfolk County no longer has any contract beds, all inmates are now held at the Norfolk County House of Correction.
- As of July 1, 2002, two housing units remain open at MCI-Shirley Minimum with a design capacity of 92.
- In August 2002, the David R. Nelson Correctional Addiction Center (DRNCAC) was closed and all inmates were integrated into Bristol Dartmouth House of Correction.
- Within MASAC, The Longwood Treatment Center Program was terminated on July 1, 2003. The last inmate to leave the facility was on September 8, 2003.
- Prior to the 3rd Quarter 2003, NCCI-Gardner (Minimum) was inadvertently shown as Security Level 3/2 instead of Security Level 3.

¹ For Technical notes prior to 2000, please refer to previous quarterly reports. Refer to abbreviations on page vi.

Technical Notes 2004 to Present

- Effective February 5, 2004, Boston State Pre-Release Center had a change in design capacity. The new capacity is 150. One hundred beds are Pre-Release and 50 beds are Minimum.
- Within MCI-Shirley is a 13 bed unit called the Assisted Daily Living Unit, this unit opened on February 22, 2005. The unit houses inmates who require assistance with activities of daily living (e.g., hygiene, eating, ambulating, etc.), but whose regular medical needs are treated on an outpatient basis.
- On September 12, 2005 OCCC designated a Special Housing Unit (SHU) to hold Security Level 4 inmates.
- Houston House program will be known as Women and Children's Program (WCP), effective July 12, 2004.
- Barnstable County House of Correction design capacity has changed. The new design capacity is 300, effective as of March 13, 2006.
- The Lemuel Shattuck Correctional (LEM) unit census was added to the first quarter 2006 report.
- Effective October 19, 2006 the count sheet was changed to reflect the Institution Security Level changes per the CMR 103 DOC 101 Policy.
- Memorandum of Agreement for 380 beds at Plymouth County Correctional Facility including, 52A's, Non-52A's, DYS, and other county.
- September 24, 2007 - To reflect recent information that has come to light, Bristol County Dartmouth and Essex County Middleton facilities each include a pre-release women's facility which will be reported separately in future reports.
- On October 1, 2007 the Western MA Regional Women's Correctional Center opened in Chicopee MA (Hampden County). The design capacity is 228.
- The design capacity for Shirley Minimum has changed due to the reopening of additional housing units:
Effective October 15, 2007 - 92 to 165
Effective February 27, 2008 - 165 to 161, due to the reassessment of space
Effective June 19, 2008 - 161 to 193
Effective November 5, 2008 - 193 to 249.
Effective May 6, 2010 - a new modular unit at Shirley Minimum opened with a rated capacity of 50, changing design/rated capacity from 249 to 299.
- On June 13, 2008 South Middlesex Correctional Center began housing awaiting trial inmates.
- Effective February 2, 2009 the DOC added 20 "Community Beds" at Brooke House, contracted with Community Resources for Justice.
- On January 13, 2009, the DOC began the process of double-bunking inmates in some cells at SBCC, with two inmates instead of the previous one inmate per cell.
- The data now identifies that the DOC is reporting design/rated capacity. The MGL statute requires that the DOC report on rated capacity. While there is no numerical difference between design capacity and rated capacity, the DOC wanted to make sure the data is accurately and appropriately labeled.
- Effective April 13, 2009, the security level for the MASAC facility has changed from a Medium to Minimum security. In addition to continuing to house 30-day substance abuse civil commitments under MGL Ch.123 s.35, the facility will house inmates serving criminal sentences.
- On June 1, 2009 MCI-Cedar Junction @ Walpole became the reception center, designating one unit as medium security. This unit was designed to hold 72 inmates. All other units remain at maximum security.

Definitions

Custody Population: Custody population refers to all offenders held in DOC facilities only, and does not include DOC inmates serving time in correctional facilities outside of the DOC (e.g., Massachusetts county Houses of Correction, other states' correctional facilities, and the Federal Bureau of Prisons).

Jurisdiction Population: Jurisdiction population refers to all offenders incarcerated in DOC facilities as well as DOC inmates serving time in correctional facilities outside of the DOC (e.g., Massachusetts county Houses of Correction, other states' correctional facilities, and the Federal Bureau of Prisons).

Design/Rated Capacity: The number of inmates that planners or architects intended for the institution [as defined by the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS)]. Rated capacity is the number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to institutions within the jurisdiction, essentially formally updated from the original design capacity.

In November 2009, new security level designations were established according to **103 DOC 101 Correctional Institutions/Security Levels** policy which states:

Security Levels:

- **Pre-Release/Contracted Residential Placement** – The perimeter is marked by non-secure boundaries. Physical barriers to inmate movement and interaction are either non-secure or non-existent. Inmate movements and interactions are controlled by rules and regulations only. Inmates may leave the institution daily for work and/or education in the community. Supervision while on the grounds of the facility is intermittent. While in the community, supervision is occasional, although indirect supervision (e.g. contact with employer) may be more frequent. Inmates must be within eighteen (18) months of parole eligibility or release and not barred by sentencing restrictions for either placement in a pre release facility or participation in work, education or program related activities (PRA) release programs.

- **Minimum** - The perimeter is marked by non-secure boundaries. Physical barriers to movement and interaction are either non-secure or non-existent. Inmates may be housed in single, double or multiple occupancy areas. Inmate movements and interactions are controlled by rules and regulations only. Supervision is intermittent. Inmates may leave the perimeter under supervision. Contact visits and personal clothing are allowed.

- **Medium** - The perimeter and physical barriers to control inmate movement and interaction are present. Inmates may be housed in single, double or multiple occupancy areas. Inmate movement and interaction are generally controlled by rules and regulations, as well as with physical barriers. Inmates are subject to direct supervision by staff. Work and program opportunities are available. Contact visits and personal clothing may be allowed. Inmates assigned to medium custody designation at MCI-Cedar Junction will receive contact visits.

- **Maximum** – The perimeter is designed and staffed to prevent escapes and the introduction of contraband. Inmate movement and interaction are controlled by physical barriers. Inmates are housed in single and double cells. The design of the facility offers an ability to house some offenders separate from others without a limitation of work and/or program opportunities. Inmates are subject to direct supervision by staff. Contact visits may be allowed at Souza Baranowski. Personal clothing is generally not allowed. MCI-Cedar Junction reception beds are considered maximum security and inmates residing in reception beds will receive non-contact visits.

Abbreviations

AC	Addiction Center	NECC	Northeastern Correctional Center
ADP	Average Daily Population	NCCI	North Central Correctional Institution at Gardner
ATU	Awaiting Trial Unit	OCCC	Old Colony Correctional Center
BSH	Bridgewater State Hospital	OUI	Operating Under the Influence
CRS	Contract Residential Services Includes Women and Children's Program	PPREP	Pre-Parole Residential Environmental Phase Program
DDU	Departmental Disciplinary Unit	PRC	Pre-Release Center
DOC	Massachusetts Department of Correction	SBCC	Souza-Baranowski Correctional Center
DSU	Departmental Segregation Unit	SECC	Southeastern Correctional Center
HOC	House Of Correction	SDPTC	Sexually Dangerous Person Treatment Center
LEM	Lemuel Shattuck Correctional Unit	SMCC	South Middlesex Correctional Center
LCAC	Lawrence Correctional Alternative Center		
MASAC	Massachusetts Alcohol and Substance Abuse Center		
MTC	Massachusetts Treatment Center		

Table 1 provides the DOC figures for the second quarter of 2010. The DOC Custody population has decreased by 27 inmates in this time period. Operating with 11,233 inmates in the system, the average daily population was 11,256 with a design/rated capacity of 8,029. Thus, the DOC operated at 140 percent of design/rated capacity.

DOC inmates housed in non-DOC Facilities had an average daily population of 228 inmates. The majority of these inmates were in Massachusetts Houses of Correction.

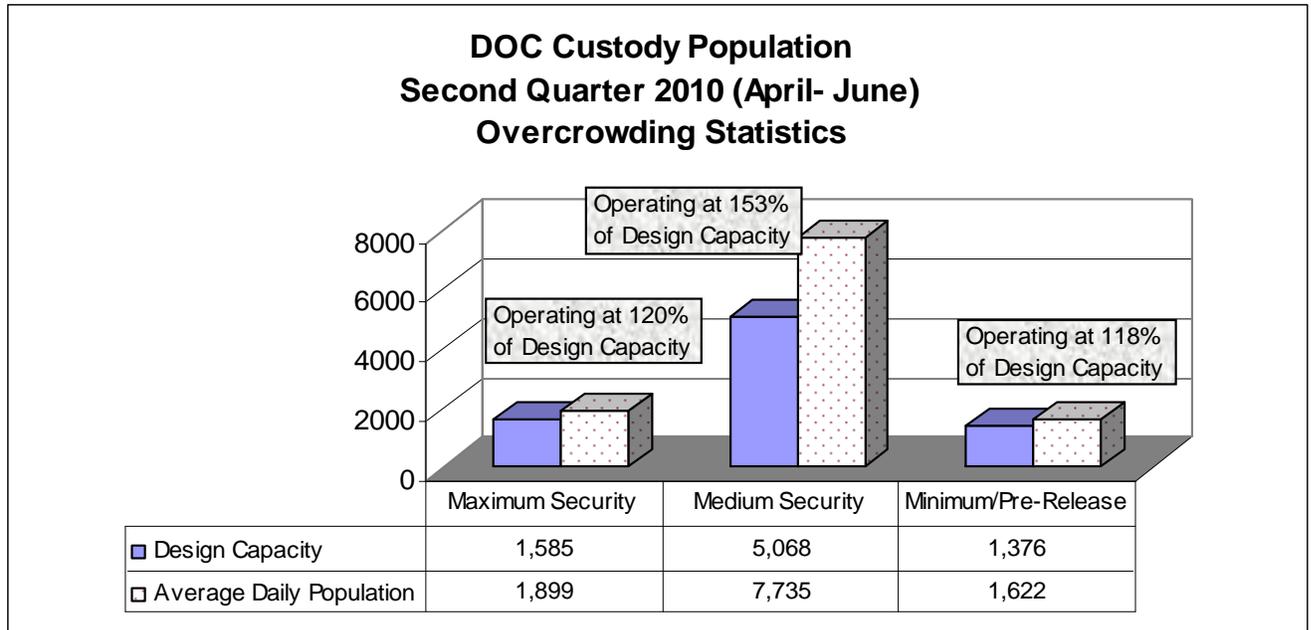
Overall, the average daily total DOC Jurisdiction population for the second quarter 2010 was 11,484. There was a decrease of 8 inmates over the quarter from 11,479 to 11,471.

Table 1

Second Quarter 2010					
Population in DOC Facilities, April 5, 2010 to June 28, 2010					
Security Level/Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
Maximum					
MCI Cedar Junction	634	666	657	561	113%
SBCC	1,265	1,261	1,248	1,024	124%
Sub-Total, Maximum	1,899	1,927	1,905	1,585	120%
Medium					
Bay State Correctional Center	318	320	315	266	120%
Massachusetts Treatment Center	621	608	630	561	111%
MCI Cedar Junction	71	72	69	72	99%
MCI Concord	1,330	1,275	1,332	614	217%
MCI Framingham (Female)	469	479	475	388	121%
MCI Framingham: ATU (Female)	191	186	197	64	298%
MCI Norfolk	1,495	1,493	1,496	1,084	138%
MCI Shirley	1,189	1,181	1,204	720	165%
NCCI Gardner	960	990	905	568	169%
OCCC @ Bridgewater	679	719	661	480	141%
Shattuck Correctional Unit	26	23	33	24	108%
State Hospital @ Bridgewater	386	395	388	227	170%
Sub-Total, Medium	7,735	7,741	7,705	5,068	153%
Minimum					
MA Alcohol and Substance Abuse Center	158	161	148	236	67%
MCI Plymouth	194	193	196	151	128%
MCI Shirley	298	276	324	299	100%
NCCI Gardner	30	28	30	30	100%
OCCC	155	155	155	100	155%
Min/Pre					
Boston Pre-Release Center	193	191	181	150	129%
NECC	271	272	271	150	181%
Pondville Correctional Center	191	188	193	100	191%
SMCC	115	108	112	125	92%
Contract Pre-Release					
Brooke House	15	18	11	20	75%
Women and Children's Program	2	2	2	15	13%
Sub-Total: Contract, Minimum/Pre-Release	1,622	1,592	1,623	1,376	118%
Total	11,256	11,260	11,233	8,029	140%
DOC Inmates in Non-DOC Facilities					
Houses of Correction	155	148	164	n.a.	n.a.
Federal Prisons	8	8	8	n.a.	n.a.
Inter-State Contract	65	63	66	n.a.	n.a.
Sub-Total	228	219	238	n.a.	n.a.
Grand Total	11,484	11,479	11,471	8,029	143%

See Technical Notes, pp. iii-v, for information regarding design capacity, custody level designations, facility closings or name changes relevant to this time period.

Figure 1



- Medium security facilities were the most overcrowded state prison facilities during this quarter, operating overall at 153% of design/rated capacity.
- Minimum/Pre-Release security facilities operated at an average of 118% of design/rated capacity.
- Our maximum security facilities operated above capacity during the second quarter 2010 at 120%. Souza-Baranowski Correctional Center operated at 124% of design/rated capacity and MCI Cedar Junction operated 113%.
- Operating within MCI Cedar Junction is a medium security unit designed to house 72 inmates. During the quarter the average daily population was 71.
- The Awaiting Trial units at MCI-Framingham were the most overcrowded in the DOC, operating at 298% of design/rated capacity. On average, 191 awaiting trial detainees were held in two units designed to hold 32 women each.
- MCI-Concord, a medium security facility, was the second most overcrowded during the second quarter of 2010, averaging 1,330 inmates and operating over twice its design/rated capacity, at 217%.
- Pondville Correctional Center, a minimum/pre-Release facility, operated at 191%, almost twice its design/rated capacity with an average daily population of 191 inmates.
- NECC, a minimum/pre-Release facility, operated at 181% of design/rated capacity with an average daily population of 271 inmates.
- The Massachusetts Department of Correction (including treatment and support facilities) operated at an average of 140% of design/rated capacity during the second quarter of 2010.

Table 2 provides the DOC figures for the previous twelve months (April 6, 2009 to March 29, 2010.) These figures indicate that the DOC custody population decreased by 56 inmates, over the twelve-month period from 11,314 in April 2009 to 11,258 in March 2010.

DOC inmates housed in non-DOC Facilities had an average daily population of 224 inmates: 154 inmates in Houses of Correction, 62 inmates in Interstate Contract and eight inmates in a Federal Prison.

The total average daily DOC jurisdiction population for the previous twelve months was 11,512. There was a decrease of 92 inmates, or one percent over the twelve-month period.

Table 2

**Previous Twelve Months
Population in DOC Facilities, April 6, 2009 to March 29, 2010**

Security Level/Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
<u>Maximum</u>					
Cedar Junction	637	585	647	561	114%
SBCC	1,281	1,203	1,255	1,024	125%
Sub-Total, Maximum	1,918	1,788	1,902	1,585	121%
<u>Medium</u>					
Bay State	313	313	318	266	118%
Massachusetts Treatment Center	624	624	608	561	111%
Cedar Junction	48	-	72	72	67%
MCI Concord	1,276	1,446	1,294	614	208%
MCI Framingham (Female)	440	447	473	388	113%
MCI Framingham: ATU (Female)	180	177	194	64	281%
MCI Norfolk	1,499	1,524	1,489	1,084	138%
MCI Shirley	1,184	1,206	1,171	720	164%
NCCI Gardner	996	1,009	988	568	175%
OCCC @ Bridgewater	794	821	721	480	165%
Shattuck Correctional Unit	25	29	30	24	104%
State Hospital @ Bridgewater	359	333	406	227	158%
Sub-Total, Medium	7,738	7,929	7,764	5,068	153%
<u>Minimum</u>					
MA Alcohol and Substance Abuse Center	151	111	169	236	64%
MCI Plymouth	199	225	193	151	132%
MCI Shirley	276	273	272	249	111%
NCCI Gardner	30	29	25	30	100%
OCCC	155	159	155	100	155%
<u>Min/Pre</u>					
Boston Pre-Release Center	195	175	197	150	130%
NECC	269	263	270	150	179%
Pondville Correctional Center	191	194	187	100	191%
SMCC	142	144	106	125	114%
<u>Contract Pre-Release</u>					
Brooke House	19	20	17	20	95%
Women and Children's Program	5	4	1	15	33%
Sub-Total: Contract, Minimum/Pre-Release	1,632	1,597	1,592	1,326	123%
Total	11,288	11,314	11,258	7,979	141%
<u>DOC Inmates in Non-DOC Facilities</u>					
Houses of Correction	154	187	149	n.a.	n.a.
Federal Prisons	8	9	8	n.a.	n.a.
Inter-State Contract	62	60	63	n.a.	n.a.
Sub-Total	224	256	220	n.a.	n.a.
Grand Total	11,512	11,570	11,478	7,979	144%

See Technical Notes, pp iii-vi, for information regarding design capacity, custody level designations, facility closings or name changes relevant to this time period.

Table 3 presents the county figures for the second quarter of 2010. The county population increased by 309 inmates. At the end of the quarter, the county system operated with 12,462 inmates. The average daily population was 12,247 with a design/rated capacity of 8,672. On average, the county facilities operated at 141 percent of design/rated capacity.

Table 3

Second Quarter 2010					
Population in County Correctional Facilities by County, April 5, 2010 to June 28, 2010					
Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
Barnstable	429	436	421	300	143%
Berkshire	343	350	350	288	119%
Bristol	1,365	1,333	1,384	566	241%
Dukes	32	30	32	19	168%
Essex	1,507	1,513	1,487	658	229%
Franklin	178	183	174	144	124%
Hampden	1,559	1,544	1,578	1,531	102%
Hampshire	286	279	293	248	115%
Middlesex	1,228	1,194	1,257	1,035	119%
Norfolk	629	604	647	354	178%
Plymouth	1,342	1,309	1,453	1,140	118%
Suffolk	2,183	2,227	2,190	1,599	137%
Worcester	1,166	1,151	1,196	790	148%
Total	12,247	12,153	12,462	8,672	141%

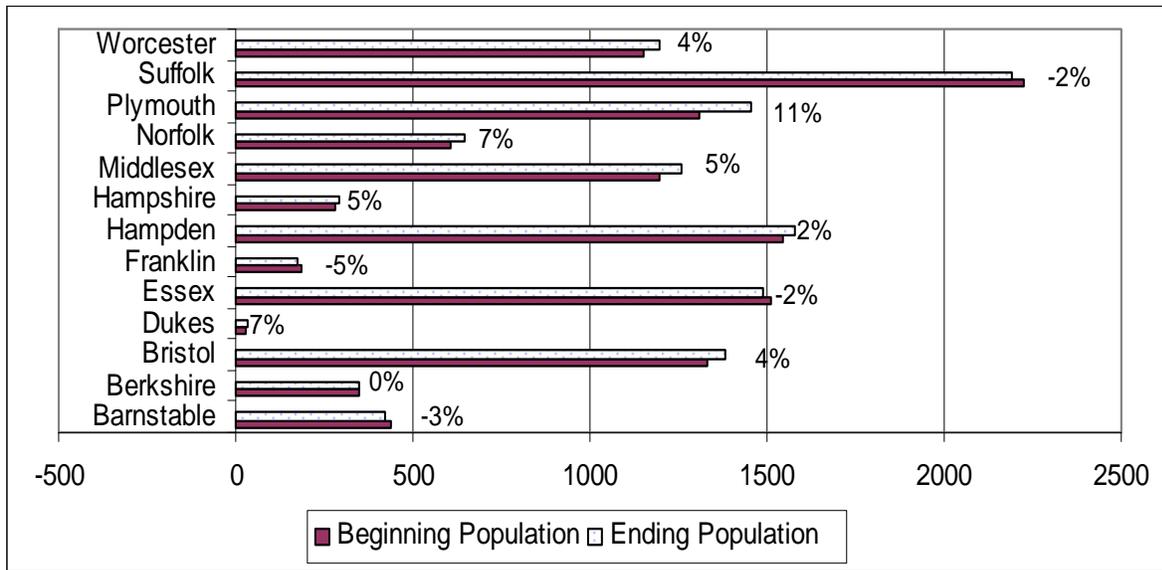
Table 4 presents the breakdown of county figures for the second quarter of 2010 for the counties which operate more than one facility.

Table 4

Second Quarter 2010					
Population in County Correctional Facilities by Facility, April 5, 2010 to June 28, 2010					
Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
Bristol County					
Bristol Ash Street	191	192	189	206	93%
Bristol Dartmouth	1,069	1,040	1,084	304	352%
Bristol Women's Center	105	101	111	56	188%
Essex County					
Essex Middleton	1,195	1,212	1,155	500	239%
Essex W.I.T	41	40	41	23	178%
Essex LCAC	271	261	291	135	201%
Hampden County					
Hampden	1,273	1,261	1,286	1,178	108%
Hampden OUI	161	167	151	125	129%
Hampden Women's Center	125	116	141	228	55%
Middlesex County					
Middlesex Cambridge	377	351	412	161	234%
Middlesex Billerica	851	843	845	874	97%
Norfolk County					
Norfolk Dedham	629	604	647	302	208%
Norfolk Braintree	-	-	-	52	0%
Suffolk County					
Suffolk Nashua Street	704	714	732	453	155%
Suffolk South Bay	1,479	1,513	1,458	1,146	129%

See Technical Notes, pp .iii-vi, for information regarding design capacity, custody level designations, facility closings or name changes relevant to this time period.

Figure 2
MA County Correctional Facilities by County, Second Quarter 2010 Population Change



- Most county correctional institutions have jail beds (to hold prisoners awaiting trial) and house of correction beds (designated for sentenced inmates), with the exception of Suffolk County, which houses these populations in separate facilities. The design/rated capacities are determined within each facility and separate capacities are not designated as “jail” (detainees) or “house of correction” (county sentenced) beds.
- In the second quarter of 2010, the county correctional system operated at 141% of its design/rated capacity, with an average daily population of 12,247 and a capacity designed to hold 8,672 inmates.
- Franklin County reported the largest percentage decrease, 5% for the second quarter. Their population decreased by 9 inmates from 183 inmates at the beginning of the quarter to 174 inmates at the end of the quarter.
- Suffolk County’s population decreased by 37, or two percent over the quarter.
- Plymouth County had the largest percentage increase, 11% over the quarter.
- Berkshire County population remained stable throughout the quarter.
- The county correctional facilities’ (jails and houses of correction) population increased by 309 inmates, or three percent for the second quarter of 2010, from 12,153 at the beginning of the quarter to 12,462 at the end of the quarter.

Table 5 presents the county figures for the previous twelve months (April 6, 2009 to March 29, 2010.) The figures indicate that the county population decreased by 752 inmates, or six percent, over this twelve-month period, from 12,936 in April 2009 to 12,184 in March 2010.

Table 5

Previous Twelve Months Population in County Correctional Facilities by County, April 6, 2009 to March 29, 2010					
Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
Barnstable	409	414	440	300	136%
Berkshire	346	379	349	288	120%
Bristol	1,342	1,328	1,316	566	237%
Dukes	31	28	28	19	163%
Essex	1,562	1,646	1,504	658	237%
Franklin	242	299	173	144	168%
Hampden	1,660	1,741	1,552	1,531	108%
Hampshire	282	289	282	248	114%
Middlesex	1,202	1,243	1,181	1,035	116%
Norfolk	636	678	608	354	180%
Plymouth	1,281	1,198	1,351	1,140	112%
Suffolk	2,363	2,482	2,241	1,599	148%
Worcester	1,202	1,211	1,159	790	152%
Total	12,557	12,936	12,184	8,672	145%

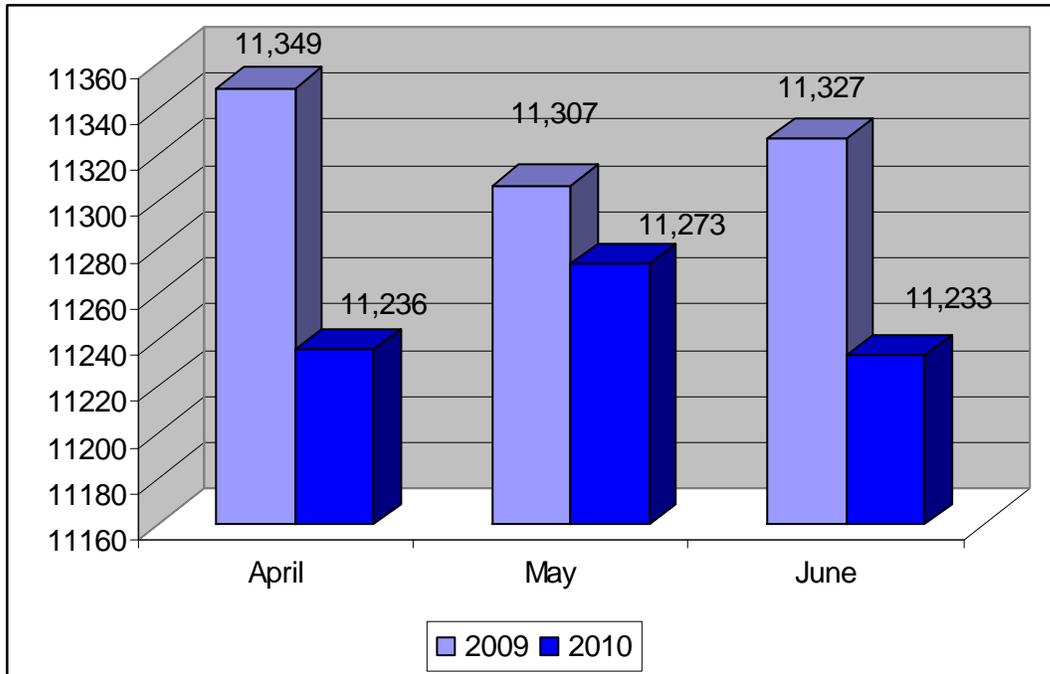
Table 6 presents the county figures for the previous twelve months. The following table presents a breakdown of facility population and capacity for counties that operate more than one facility.

Table 6

Previous Twelve Months Population in County Correctional Facilities by Facility, April 6, 2009 to March 29, 2010					
Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
Bristol County					
Bristol Ash Street	186	185	190	206	90%
Bristol Dartmouth	1,067	1,070	1,037	304	351%
Women's Center	89	73	89	56	159%
Essex County					
Essex Middleton	1,189	1,217	1,207	500	238%
Essex W.I.T.	43	42	39	23	187%
Essex LCAC	330	387	258	135	244%
Hampden County					
Hampden	1,348	1,423	1,272	1,178	114%
Hampden OUI	169	177	163	125	135%
Hampden Women's Center	143	141	117	228	63%
Middlesex County					
Middlesex Cambridge	366	395	359	161	227%
Middlesex Billerica	836	848	822	874	96%
Norfolk County					
Norfolk Dedham	636	678	608	302	211%
Norfolk Braintree	-	-	-	52	0%
Suffolk County					
Suffolk Nashua Street	710	704	717	453	157%
Suffolk South Bay	1,653	1,778	1,524	1,146	144%

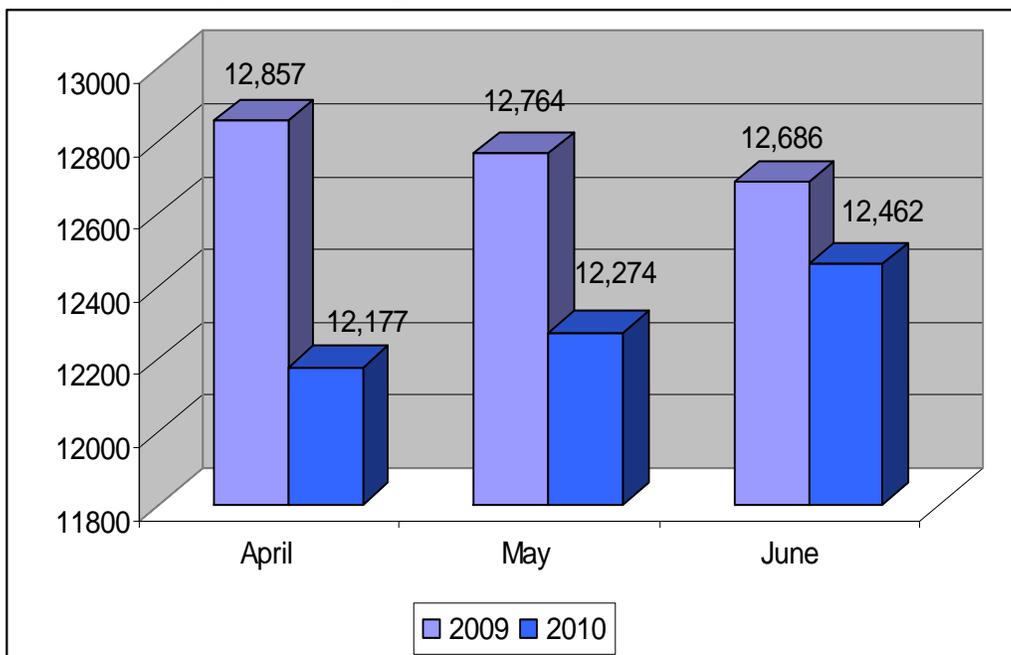
See Technical Notes, pp. iii-vi, for information regarding design capacity, custody level designations, facility closings or name changes relevant to this time period.

Figure 3
DOC Custody Population Change, Second Quarters of 2009 and 2010



The graph above compares the DOC custody population including treatment and support facilities for the second quarter 2010 to the second quarter 2009 by month. For April 2010, the DOC population decreased by 113 inmates, compared to April 2009; for May 2010 the population decreased by 34 inmates; for June 2010 the population decreased by 94 inmates.

Figure 4
County Correctional Population Change, Second Quarters of 2009 and 2010



The graph above compares the County Correctional population for the second quarter in 2010 to the second quarter in 2009, by month. For April 2010, the population decreased by 680 inmates, or five percent, compared to 2009; for May 2010 the population decreased by 490 inmates, or four percent; for June 2010 the population decreased by 224 inmates, or two percent.

Note: Data for Figure 4 was taken from the end of the month daily count sheet compiled by the DOC Classification Division.

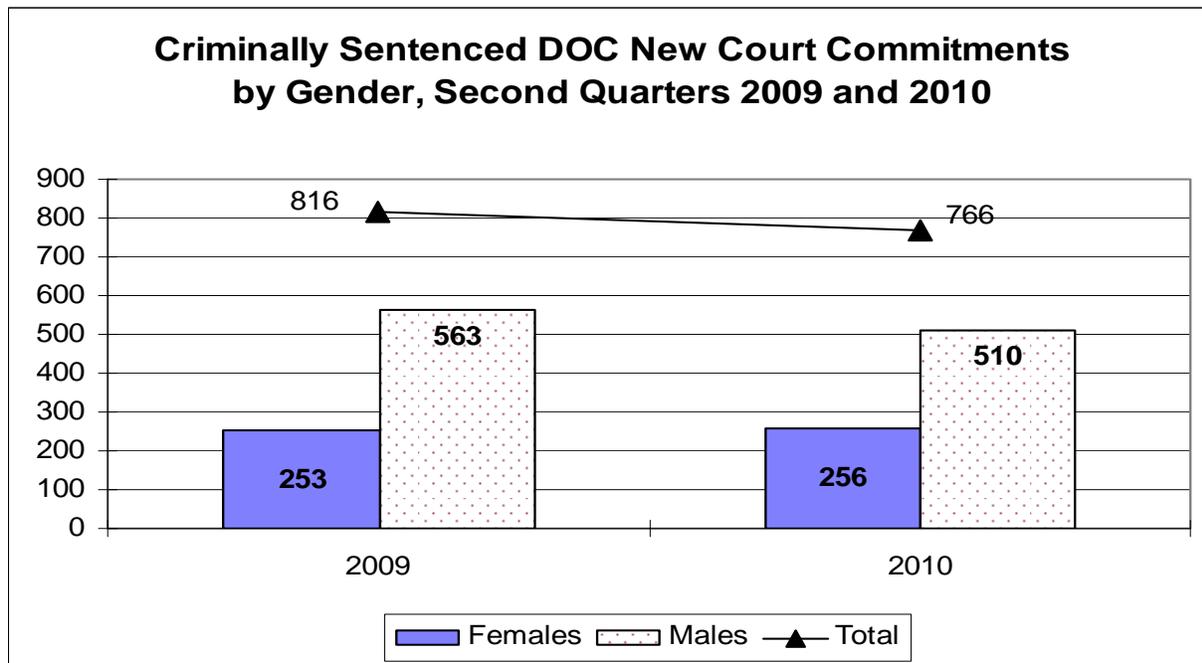
Table 7 provides quarterly statistics on criminally sentenced, new court commitments to the DOC for the second quarters of 2009 and 2010, by gender. Overall, there was a decrease of 50 new court commitments, or six percent for the second quarter 2010 in comparison to the number of new court commitments in the second quarter 2009, from 816 to 766. During this time period, male commitments decreased by 53, or nine percent, from 563 to 510; female commitments increased by three, or one percent, from 253 to 256.

Table 7

Criminally Sentenced DOC New Court Commitments by Gender, Second Quarters 2009 and 2010			
	2009	2010	Difference
Males			
First Quarter	585	573	-2%
Second Quarter	563	510	-9%
Sub-Total	1,148	1,083	-6%
Females			
First Quarter	214	251	17%
Second Quarter	253	256	1%
Sub-Total	467	507	9%
Total	1,615	1,590	-2%

Figure 5 provides a graphical representation of the number of criminally sentenced new court commitments to the DOC during the second quarters of 2009 and 2010, by gender.

Figure 5



Note: Data for Table 7 and Figure 5 were obtained from the DOC's Inmate Tracking Database and the IMS Database.