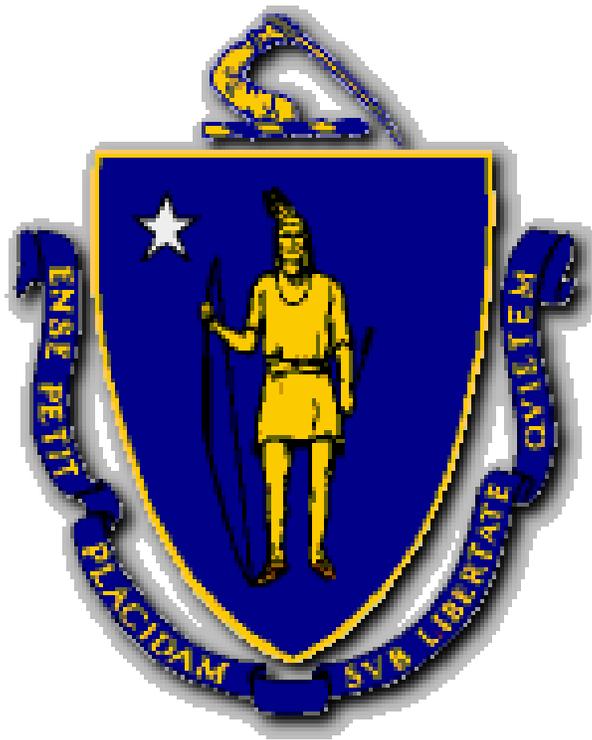


Quarterly Report on the Status of Prison Overcrowding, Third Quarter 2010

Massachusetts Department of Correction
Submitted in Compliance with Chapter 799
Section 21 of the Acts of 1985



Deval L. Patrick

Governor

Timothy P. Murray

Lieutenant Governor

Mary Elizabeth Heffernan

*Secretary of Executive Office
of Public Safety and Security*

Harold W. Clarke

Commissioner

October 2010

2010 Third Quarter Report

Section Twenty-one of Chapter 799 of the Acts of 1985 directs the Commissioner of Correction to report quarterly on the status of overcrowding in state and county facilities. This statute calls for the following information:

Such report shall include, by facility, the average daily census for the period of the report and the actual census on the first and last days of the report period. Said report shall also contain such information for the previous twelve months and a comparison to the rated capacity of such facility.

This report presents the required statistics for the third quarter of 2010.

Publication No. 11-285-DOC-01 14 pgs.
Approved by: Ellen Bickelman, State Purchasing Agent

This report, prepared by Ashley Montgomery of the Research and Planning Division, is based on counts submitted by Massachusetts Sheriffs and the DOC.

2010 Third Quarter Report

Table of Contents

	Technical Notes/Definitions	iii
	Abbreviations	vi
Table 1.	Third Quarter 2010 Population in Department of Correction Facilities, July 5, 2010 to September 27, 2010	1
Figure 1.	Department of Correction Custody Population, Third Quarter 2010 Overcrowding Statistics	2
Table 2.	Previous Twelve Months Population in Department of Correction Facilities, July 6, 2009 to June 28, 2010	3
Table 3.	Third Quarter 2010 Population in County Correctional Facilities by County, July 5, 2010 to September 27, 2010	4
Table 4.	Third Quarter 2010 Population in County Correctional Facilities by Facility, July 5, 2010 to September 27, 2010	4
Figure 2.	MA County Correctional Facilities by County, Third Quarter 2010, Population Change	5
Table 5.	Previous Twelve Months Population in County Correctional Facilities by County, July 6, 2009 to June 28, 2010	6
Table 6.	Previous Twelve Months Population in County Correctional Facilities by Facility, July 6, 2009 to June 28, 2010	6
Figure 3.	DOC Custody Population Change, Third Quarters 2009 and 2010	7
Figure 4.	County Correctional Population Change, Third Quarters 2009 and 2010	7
Table 7.	Criminally Sentenced DOC New Court Commitments by Gender, Third Quarters 2009 and 2010	8
Figure 5.	Criminally Sentenced DOC New Court Commitments by Gender, Third Quarters 2009 and 2010	8

Technical Notes, 2000 to 2003¹

- The official capacity or custody level designation for each facility can change for a number of reasons, e.g. expansion of facility beds, decrease of facility beds due to fire, or changes in contracts with vendors. In all tables the capacity and custody level reflects the status at the end of the reporting period. The design capacity is reported for correctional facilities in Tables 1 through 6.
- State inmates housed in the Hampshire County contract program are included in the county population tables, as are all other state inmates housed in county facilities.
- On May 18, 2000, the Braintree Alternative Center was closed for renovations by the Norfolk County Sheriff's Office. All inmates were transferred to the minimum security Pre-Release Center in Dedham.
- As of September 15, 2000, Longwood Treatment Center, male population, was moved to the Massachusetts Boot Camp and the women were transferred to facilities housing female populations.
- As of September 22, 2000, Massachusetts Boot Camp ceased to hold medium security inmates.
- Due to DOC policy modification, the security level of Boston State Pre-Release was changed from Security Level 2 to Security Level 3/2 during the fourth quarter of 2001.
- P.P.R.E.P was closed effective July 6, 2001.
- Charlotte House was closed effective November 9, 2001.
- Effective November 16, 2001, NCCI-Gardner added 30 beds to Security Level 3, per policy 101.
- May 20, 2002, NECC changed from a Security Level 3 to Level 3/2. The design capacity for Security Level 3 is 62, and for Security Level 2 the design capacity is 88.
- May 20, 2002, Pondville changed from a Security Level 3 to Level 3/2 with a design capacity of 100.
- June 10, 2002, South Middlesex Correctional Center changed to a facility for female offenders.
- June 22, 2002, Old Colony Correctional Center added a Level 3 housing unit. The design capacity for Security Level 5 is 480 and for Security Level 3 the design capacity is 100.
- On June 30, 2002, the following facilities were closed; SECC (Medium), Hodder Cottage @ Framingham, MCI-Lancaster, the Massachusetts Boot Camp, and the Addiction Center @ SECC.
- As of July 1, 2002, the Massachusetts Boot Camp was renamed the Massachusetts Alcohol and Substance Abuse Center (MASAC). Within MASAC is the Longwood Treatment Center Program, relocated on September 15, 2000. This program served individuals incarcerated for operating under the influence of alcohol. Because the inmates were predominantly county sentenced inmates, the inmate count and bed capacity were also included in Tables 3 and 4.
- The Massachusetts Treatment Center (MTC) houses both civil and criminal populations.
- As of April 5, 2002, Norfolk County no longer has any contract beds, all inmates are now held at the Norfolk County House of Correction.
- As of July 1, 2002, two housing units remain open at MCI-Shirley Minimum with a design capacity of 92.
- In August 2002, the David R. Nelson Correctional Addiction Center (DRNCAC) was closed and all inmates were integrated into Bristol Dartmouth House of Correction.
- Within MASAC, The Longwood Treatment Center Program was terminated on July 1, 2003. The last inmate to leave the facility was on September 8, 2003.
- Prior to the 3rd Quarter 2003, NCCI-Gardner (Minimum) was inadvertently shown as Security Level 3/2 instead of Security Level 3.

¹ For Technical notes prior to 2000, please refer to previous quarterly reports. Refer to abbreviations on page vi.

- **Technical Notes 2004 to Present**

-
- Effective February 5, 2004, Boston State Pre-Release Center had a change in design capacity. The new capacity is 150. One hundred beds are Pre-Release and 50 beds are Minimum.
 - Within MCI-Shirley is a 13 bed unit called the Assisted Daily Living Unit, this unit opened on February 22, 2005. The unit houses inmates who require assistance with activities of daily living (e.g., hygiene, eating, ambulating, etc.), but whose regular medical needs are treated on an outpatient basis.
 - On September 12, 2005 OCCC designated a Special Housing Unit (SHU) to hold Security Level 4 inmates.
 - Houston House program will be known as Women and Children's Program (WCP), effective July 12, 2004.
 - Barnstable County House of Correction design capacity has changed. The new design capacity is 300, effective as of March 13, 2006.
 - The Lemuel Shattuck Correctional (LEM) unit census was added to the first quarter 2006 report.
 - Effective October 19, 2006 the count sheet was changed to reflect the Institution Security Level changes per the CMR 103 DOC 101 Policy.
 - Memorandum of Agreement for 380 beds at Plymouth County Correctional Facility including, 52A's, Non-52A's, DYS, and other county.
 - September 24, 2007 - To reflect recent information that has come to light, Bristol County Dartmouth and Essex County Middleton facilities each include a pre-release women's facility which will be reported separately in future reports.
 - On October 1, 2007 the Western MA Regional Women's Correctional Center opened in Chicopee MA (Hampden County). The design capacity is 228.
 - The design capacity for Shirley Minimum has changed due to the reopening of additional housing units:
Effective October 15, 2007 - 92 to 165
Effective February 27, 2008 - 165 to 161, due to the reassessment of space
Effective June 19, 2008 - 161 to 193
Effective November 5, 2008 - 193 to 249.
Effective May 6, 2010 - a new modular unit at Shirley Minimum opened with a rated capacity of 50, changing design/rated capacity from 249 to 299.
 - On June 13, 2008 South Middlesex Correctional Center began housing awaiting trial inmates.
 - Effective February 2, 2009 the DOC added 20 "Community Beds" at Brooke House, contracted with Community Resources for Justice.
 - On January 13, 2009, the DOC began the process of double-bunking inmates in some cells at SBCC, with two inmates instead of the previous one inmate per cell.
 - The data now identifies that the DOC is reporting design/rated capacity. The MGL statute requires that the DOC report on rated capacity. While there is no numerical difference between design capacity and rated capacity, the DOC wanted to make sure the data is accurately and appropriately labeled.
 - Effective April 13, 2009, the security level for the MASAC facility has changed from a Medium to Minimum security. In addition to continuing to house 30-day substance abuse civil commitments under MGL Ch.123 s.35, the facility will house inmates serving criminal sentences.
 - On June 1, 2009 MCI-Cedar Junction @ Walpole became the reception center, designating one unit as medium security. This unit was designed to hold 72 inmates. All other units remain at maximum security.

- On August 13, 2010 the design capacity for the Hampden County women's facility was reviewed for discrepancies. The design capacity has been changed for accuracy from 228 to 109. The operational capacity for this facility is 240.

Definitions

Custody Population: Custody population refers to all offenders held in DOC facilities only, and does not include DOC inmates serving time in correctional facilities outside of the DOC (e.g., Massachusetts county Houses of Correction, other states' correctional facilities, and the Federal Bureau of Prisons).

Jurisdiction Population: Jurisdiction population refers to all offenders incarcerated in DOC facilities as well as DOC inmates serving time in correctional facilities outside of the DOC (e.g., Massachusetts county Houses of Correction, other states' correctional facilities, and the Federal Bureau of Prisons).

Design/Rated Capacity: The number of inmates that planners or architects intended for the institution [as defined by the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS)]. Rated capacity is the number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to institutions within the jurisdiction, essentially formally updated from the original design capacity.

In November 2009, new security level designations were established according to **103 DOC 101 Correctional Institutions/Security Levels** policy which states:

Security Levels:

- **Pre-Release/Contracted Residential Placement** – The perimeter is marked by non-secure boundaries. Physical barriers to inmate movement and interaction are either non-secure or non-existent. Inmate movements and interactions are controlled by rules and regulations only. Inmates may leave the institution daily for work and/or education in the community. Supervision while on the grounds of the facility is intermittent. While in the community, supervision is occasional, although indirect supervision (e.g. contact with employer) may be more frequent. Inmates must be within eighteen (18) months of parole eligibility or release and not barred by sentencing restrictions for either placement in a pre release facility or participation in work, education or program related activities (PRA) release programs.

- **Minimum** - The perimeter is marked by non-secure boundaries. Physical barriers to movement and interaction are either non-secure or non-existent. Inmates may be housed in single, double or multiple occupancy areas. Inmate movements and interactions are controlled by rules and regulations only. Supervision is intermittent. Inmates may leave the perimeter under supervision. Contact visits and personal clothing are allowed.

- **Medium** - The perimeter and physical barriers to control inmate movement and interaction are present. Inmates may be housed in single, double or multiple occupancy areas. Inmate movement and interaction are generally controlled by rules and regulations, as well as with physical barriers. Inmates are subject to direct supervision by staff. Work and program opportunities are available. Contact visits and personal clothing may be allowed. Inmates assigned to medium custody designation at MCI-Cedar Junction will receive contact visits.

- **Maximum** – The perimeter is designed and staffed to prevent escapes and the introduction of contraband. Inmate movement and interaction are controlled by physical barriers. Inmates are housed in single and double cells. The design of the facility offers an ability to house some offenders separate from others without a limitation of work and/or program opportunities. Inmates are subject to direct supervision by staff. Contact visits may be allowed at Souza Baranowski. Personal clothing is generally not allowed. MCI-Cedar Junction reception beds are considered maximum security and inmates residing in reception beds will receive non-contact visits.

Abbreviations

AC	Addiction Center	NECC	Northeastern Correctional Center
ADP	Average Daily Population	NCCI	North Central Correctional Institution at Gardner
ATU	Awaiting Trial Unit	OCCC	Old Colony Correctional Center
BSH	Bridgewater State Hospital	OUI	Operating Under the Influence
CRS	Contract Residential Services Includes Women and Children's Program	PPREP	Pre-Parole Residential Environmental Phase Program
DDU	Departmental Disciplinary Unit	PRC	Pre-Release Center
DOC	Massachusetts Department of Correction	SBCC	Souza-Baranowski Correctional Center
DSU	Departmental Segregation Unit	SECC	Southeastern Correctional Center
HOC	House Of Correction	SDPTC	Sexually Dangerous Person Treatment Center
LEM	Lemuel Shattuck Correctional Unit	SMCC	South Middlesex Correctional Center
LCAC	Lawrence Correctional Alternative Center		
MASAC	Massachusetts Alcohol and Substance Abuse Center		
MTC	Massachusetts Treatment Center		

Table 1 provides the DOC figures for the third quarter of 2010. The DOC Custody population has decreased by 13 inmates in this time period. Operating with 11,242 inmates in the system, the average daily population was **11,267** with a design/rated capacity of 8,029. Thus, the DOC operated at 140% of design/rated capacity.

DOC inmates housed in non-DOC Facilities had an average daily population of 241 inmates. The majority of these inmates were in Massachusetts Houses of Correction.

Overall, the average daily total DOC Jurisdiction population for the third quarter 2010 was 11,508. There was a decrease of 10 inmates over the quarter from 11,490 to 11,480.

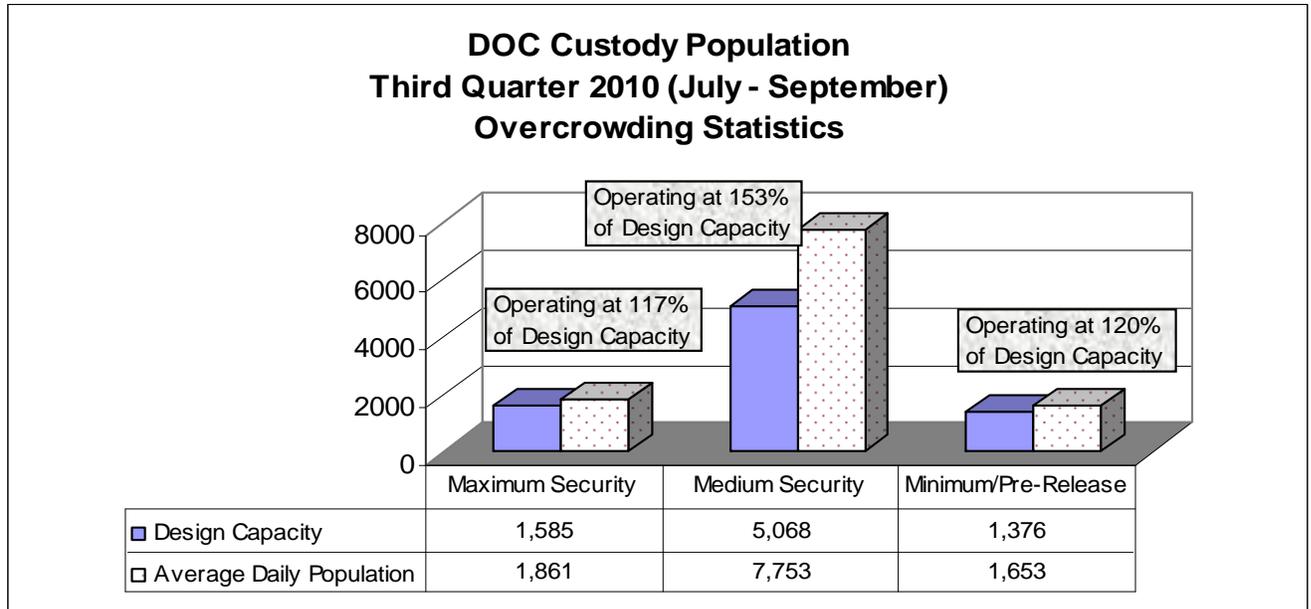
Table 1

**Third Quarter 2010
Population in DOC Facilities, July 5, 2010 to September 27, 2010**

Security Level/Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
Maximum					
MCI Cedar Junction	624	633	649	561	111%
SBCC	1,237	1,240	1,232	1,024	121%
Sub-Total, Maximum	1,861	1,873	1,881	1,585	117%
Medium					
Bay State Correctional Center	313	315	305	266	118%
Massachusetts Treatment Center	629	627	627	561	112%
MCI Cedar Junction	72	71	72	72	100%
MCI Concord	1,339	1,331	1,314	614	218%
MCI Framingham (Female)	458	477	465	388	118%
MCI Framingham: ATU (Female)	225	208	218	64	352%
MCI Norfolk	1,493	1,500	1,481	1,084	138%
MCI Shirley	1,188	1,202	1,169	720	165%
NCCI Gardner	899	906	896	568	158%
OCCC @ Bridgewater	713	692	719	480	149%
Shattuck Correctional Unit	30	28	34	24	125%
State Hospital @ Bridgewater	394	388	393	227	174%
Sub-Total, Medium	7,753	7,745	7,693	5,068	153%
Minimum					
MA Alcohol and Substance Abuse Center	160	161	167	236	68%
MCI Plymouth	194	199	199	151	128%
MCI Shirley	322	329	322	299	108%
NCCI Gardner	28	30	24	30	93%
OCCC	156	155	151	100	156%
Min/Pre					
Boston Pre-Release Center	185	175	192	150	123%
NECC	271	272	268	150	181%
Pondville Correctional Center	193	191	195	100	193%
SMCC	131	110	136	125	105%
Contract Pre-Release					
Brooke House	10	13	11	20	50%
Women and Children's Program	3	2	3	15	20%
Sub-Total: Contract, Minimum/Pre-Release	1,653	1,637	1,668	1,376	120%
Total	11,267	11,255	11,242	8,029	140%
DOC Inmates in Non-DOC Facilities					
Houses of Correction	166	161	162	n.a.	n.a.
Federal Prisons	8	8	9	n.a.	n.a.
Inter-State Contract	67	66	67	n.a.	n.a.
Sub-Total	241	235	238	n.a.	n.a.
Grand Total	11,508	11,490	11,480	8,029	143%

See Technical Notes, pp. iii-v, for information regarding design capacity, custody level designations, facility closings or name changes relevant to this time period.

Figure 1



- Medium security facilities were the most overcrowded state prison facilities during this quarter, operating overall at 153% of design/rated capacity.
- Minimum/Pre-Release security facilities operated at an average of 120% of design/rated capacity.
- Our maximum security facilities operated above capacity during the third quarter 2010 at 117%. Souza-Baranowski Correctional Center operated at 121% of design/rated capacity and MCI Cedar Junction operated 111%.
- Operating within MCI Cedar Junction is a medium security unit designed to house 72 inmates. During the quarter the average daily population was 72.
- The Awaiting Trial units at MCI-Framingham were the most overcrowded in the DOC, operating at 352% of design/rated capacity. On average, 225 awaiting trial detainees were held in two units designed to hold 32 women each.
- MCI-Concord, a medium security facility, was the second most overcrowded during the third quarter of 2010, averaging 1,339 inmates and operating over twice its design/rated capacity, at 218%.
- Pondville Correctional Center, a minimum/pre-Release facility, operated at 193%, almost twice its design/rated capacity with an average daily population of 193 inmates.
- NECC, a minimum/pre-Release facility, operated at 181% of design/rated capacity with an average daily population of 271 inmates.
- The Massachusetts Department of Correction (including treatment and support facilities) operated at an average of 140% of design/rated capacity during the third quarter of 2010.

Table 2 provides the DOC figures for the previous twelve months (July 6, 2009 to June 28, 2010.) These figures indicate that the DOC custody population decreased by 153 inmates, or one percent, over the twelve-month period from **11,386** in July 2009 to **11,233** in June 2010.

DOC inmates housed in non-DOC Facilities had an average daily population of 219 inmates: 148 inmates in Houses of Correction, 63 inmates in Interstate Contract and eight inmates in a Federal Prison.

The total average daily DOC jurisdiction population for the previous twelve months was 11,486. There was a decrease of 161 inmates, or one percent over the twelve-month period.

Table 2

**Previous Twelve Months
Population in DOC Facilities, July 6, 2009 to June 28, 2010**

Security Level/Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
Maximum					
Cedar Junction	667	677	657	561	119%
SBCC	1,270	1,308	1,248	1,024	124%
Sub-Total, Maximum	1,937	1,985	1,905	1,585	122%
Medium					
Bay State	313	315	315	266	118%
Massachusetts Treatment Center	624	628	630	561	111%
Cedar Junction	59	-	69	72	82%
MCI Concord	1,271	1,262	1,332	614	207%
MCI Framingham (Female)	446	437	475	388	115%
MCI Framingham: ATU (Female)	184	178	197	64	288%
MCI Norfolk	1,496	1,495	1,496	1,084	138%
MCI Shirley	1,179	1,215	1,204	720	164%
NCCI Gardner	983	1,011	905	568	173%
OCCC @ Bridgewater	758	806	661	480	158%
Shattuck Correctional Unit	26	21	33	24	108%
State Hospital @ Bridgewater	372	352	388	227	164%
Sub-Total, Medium	7,711	7,720	7,705	5,068	152%
Minimum					
MA Alcohol and Substance Abuse Center	149	173	148	236	63%
MCI Plymouth	193	204	196	151	128%
MCI Shirley	283	278	324	299	95%
NCCI Gardner	30	30	30	30	100%
OCCC	154	156	155	100	154%
Min/Pre					
Boston Pre-Release Center	193	198	181	150	129%
NECC	270	266	271	150	180%
Pondville Correctional Center	191	192	193	100	191%
SMCC	134	160	112	125	107%
Contract Pre-Release					
Brooke House	18	17	11	20	90%
Women and Children's Program	4	7	2	15	27%
Sub-Total: Contract, Minimum/Pre-Release	1,619	1,681	1,623	1,376	118%
Total	11,267	11,386	11,233	8,029	140%
DOC Inmates in Non-DOC Facilities					
Houses of Correction	148	176	164	n.a.	n.a.
Federal Prisons	8	8	8	n.a.	n.a.
Inter-State Contract	63	62	66	n.a.	n.a.
Sub-Total	219	246	238	n.a.	n.a.
Grand Total	11,486	11,632	11,471	8,029	143%

See Technical Notes, pp iii-vi, for information regarding design capacity, custody level designations, facility closings or name changes relevant to this time period.

Table 3 presents the county figures for the third quarter of 2010. The county population increased by 461 inmates. At the end of the quarter, the county system operated with 12,873 inmates. The average daily population was 12,668 with a design/rated capacity of 8,663. On average, the county facilities operated at 147% of design/rated capacity.

Table 3

Third Quarter 2010					
Population in County Correctional Facilities by County, July 5, 2010 to September 27, 2010					
Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
Barnstable	426	432	425	300	142%
Berkshire	341	357	333	288	118%
Bristol	1,413	1,377	1,410	566	250%
Dukes	35	31	38	19	184%
Essex	1,562	1,501	1,646	658	237%
Franklin	192	168	240	144	133%
Hampden	1,642	1,568	1,684	1,492	110%
Hampshire	298	294	285	248	120%
Middlesex	1,226	1,235	1,219	1,035	118%
Norfolk	657	651	635	354	186%
Plymouth	1,463	1,456	1,517	1,140	128%
Suffolk	2,228	2,164	2,243	1,599	139%
Worcester	1,185	1,178	1,198	790	150%
Total	12,668	12,412	12,873	8,633	147%

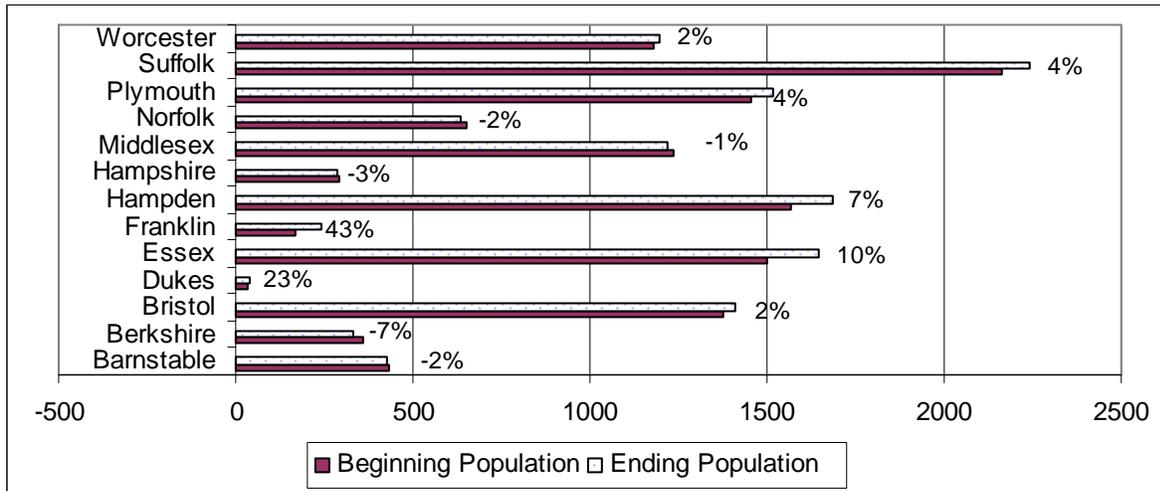
Table 4 presents the breakdown of county figures for the third quarter of 2010 for the counties which operate more than one facility.

Table 4

Third Quarter 2010					
Population in County Correctional Facilities by Facility, July 5, 2010 to September 27, 2010					
Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
Bristol County					
Bristol Ash Street	192	190	189	206	93%
Bristol Dartmouth	1,122	1,074	1,139	304	369%
Bristol Women's Center	99	113	82	56	177%
Essex County					
Essex Middleton	1,233	1,163	1,285	500	247%
Essex W.I.T	42	44	42	23	183%
Essex LCAC	287	294	319	135	213%
Hampden County					
Hampden	1,353	1,280	1,395	1,178	115%
Hampden OUI	144	144	150	125	115%
Hampden Women's Center	145	144	139	189	77%
Middlesex County					
Middlesex Cambridge	383	399	368	161	238%
Middlesex Billerica	843	836	851	874	96%
Norfolk County					
Norfolk Dedham	657	651	635	302	218%
Norfolk Braintree	-	-	-	52	0%
Suffolk County					
Suffolk Nashua Street	744	709	742	453	164%
Suffolk South Bay	1,484	1,455	1,501	1,146	129%

See Technical Notes, pp .iii-vi, for information regarding design capacity, custody level designations, facility closings or name changes relevant to this time period.

Figure 2
MA County Correctional Facilities by County, Third Quarter 2010 Population Change



- Most county correctional institutions have jail beds (to hold prisoners awaiting trial) and house of correction beds (designated for sentenced inmates), with the exception of Suffolk County, which houses these populations in separate facilities. The design/rated capacities are determined within each facility and separate capacities are not designated as “jail” (detainees) or “house of correction” (county sentenced) beds.
- In the third quarter of 2010, the county correctional system operated at 147% of its design/rated capacity, with an average daily population of 12,668 and a capacity designed to hold 8,633 inmates.
- Berkshire County reported the largest percentage decrease, seven percent for the third quarter. Their population decreased by 24 inmates from 357 inmates at the beginning of the quarter to 333 inmates at the end of the quarter.
- Suffolk County’s population increased by 79, or four percent over the quarter.
- Essex County’s population increased by 145, or 10% over the quarter.
- Franklin County had the largest percentage increase, 43% over the quarter.
- The county correctional facilities’ (jails and houses of correction) population increased by 461 inmates, or four percent for the third quarter of 2010, from 12,412 at the beginning of the quarter to 12,873 at the end of the quarter.

Table 5 presents the county figures for the previous twelve months (July 6, 2009 to June 28, 2010.) The figures indicate that the county population decreased by 336 inmates, or three percent, over this twelve-month period, from 12,798 in July 2009 to 12,462 in June 2010.

Table 5

Previous Twelve Months					
Population in County Correctional Facilities by County, July 6, 2009 to June 28, 2010					
Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
Barnstable	419	387	421	300	140%
Berkshire	339	357	350	288	118%
Bristol	1,343	1,333	1,384	566	237%
Dukes	31	34	32	19	163%
Essex	1,534	1,676	1,487	658	233%
Franklin	216	244	174	144	150%
Hampden	1,623	1,707	1,578	1,531	106%
Hampshire	282	293	293	248	114%
Middlesex	1,204	1,238	1,257	1,035	116%
Norfolk	630	659	647	354	178%
Plymouth	1,342	1,161	1,453	1,140	118%
Suffolk	2,289	2,492	2,190	1,599	143%
Worcester	1,188	1,217	1,196	790	150%
Total	12,440	12,798	12,462	8,672	143%

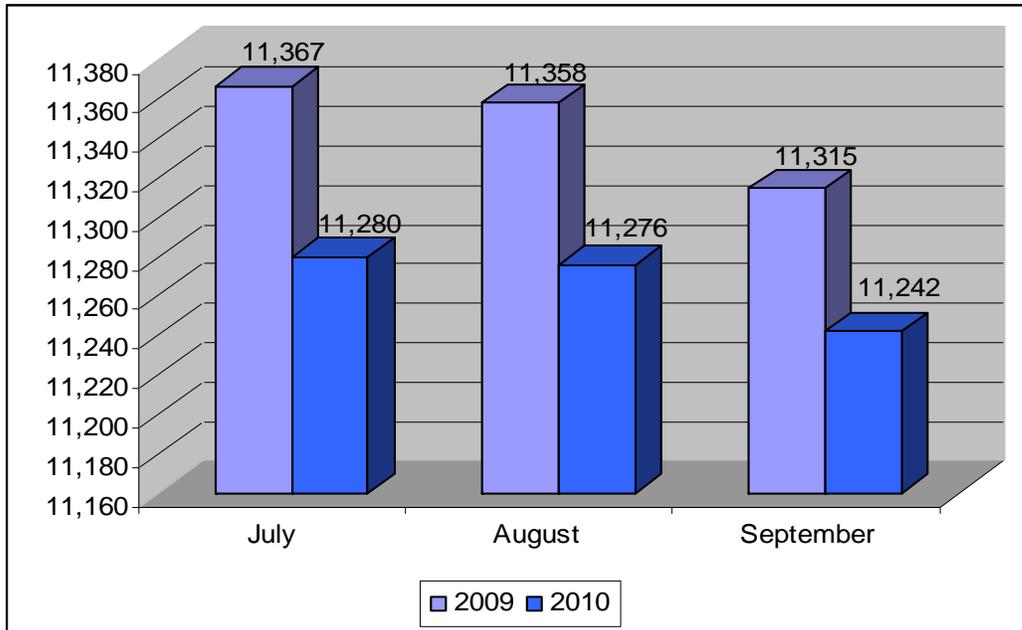
Table 6 presents the county figures for the previous twelve months. The following table presents a breakdown of facility population and capacity for counties that operate more than one facility.

Table 6

Previous Twelve Months					
Population in County Correctional Facilities by Facility, July 6, 2009 to June 28, 2010					
Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
Bristol County					
Bristol Ash Street	186	179	189	206	90%
Bristol Dartmouth	1,061	1,076	1,084	304	349%
Women's Center	96	78	111	56	171%
Essex County					
Essex Middleton	1,185	1,256	1,155	500	237%
Essex W.I.T.	43	51	41	23	187%
Essex LCAC	306	369	291	135	227%
Hampden County					
Hampden	1,318	1,378	1,286	1,178	112%
Hampden OUI	165	179	151	125	132%
Hampden Women's Center	140	150	141	228	61%
Middlesex County					
Middlesex Cambridge	362	207	412	161	225%
Middlesex Billerica	842	1,031	845	874	96%
Norfolk County					
Norfolk Dedham	630	659	647	302	209%
Norfolk Braintree	-	-	-	52	0%
Suffolk County					
Suffolk Nashua Street	716	680	732	453	158%
Suffolk South Bay	1,573	1,812	1,458	1,146	137%

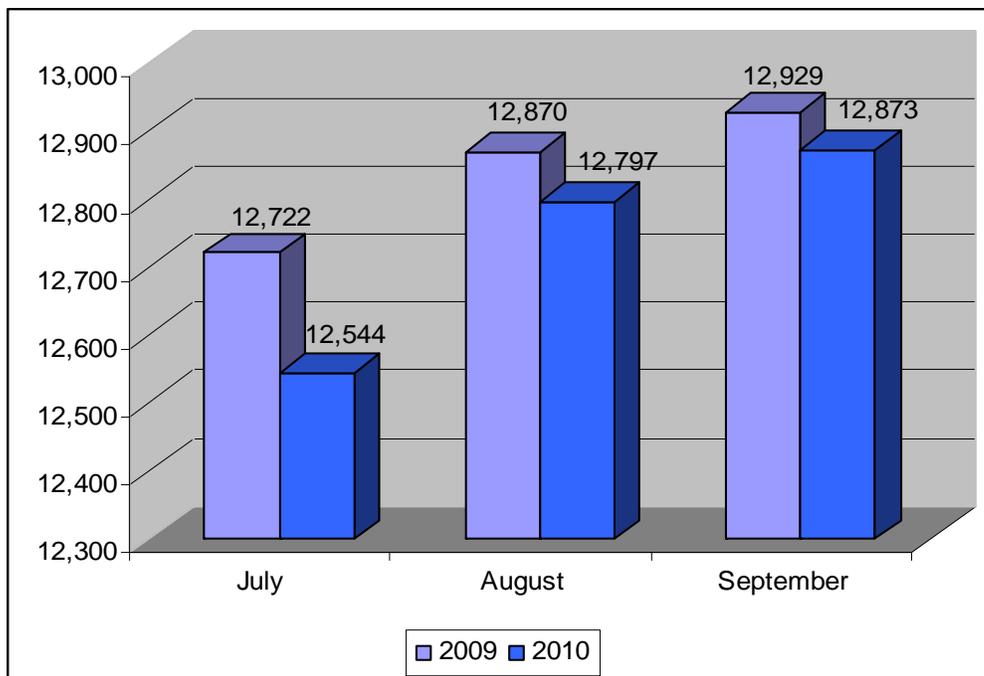
See Technical Notes, pp. iii-vi, for information regarding design capacity, custody level designations, facility closings or name changes relevant to this time period.

Figure 3
DOC Custody Population Change, Third Quarters of 2009 and 2010



The graph above compares the DOC custody population including treatment and support facilities for the third quarter 2010 to the third quarter 2009 by month. For July 2010, the DOC population decreased by 87 inmates, compared to July 2009; for August 2010 the population decreased by 82 inmates; for September 2010 the population decreased by 73 inmates.

Figure 4
County Correctional Population Change, Third Quarters of 2009 and 2010



The graph above compares the County Correctional population for the third quarter in 2010 to the third quarter in 2009, by month. For July 2010, the population decreased by 178 inmates, or one percent, compared to 2009; for August 2010 the population decreased by 73 inmates; for September 2010 the population decreased by 56 inmates.

Note: Data for Figure 4 was taken from the end of the month daily count sheet compiled by the DOC Classification Division.

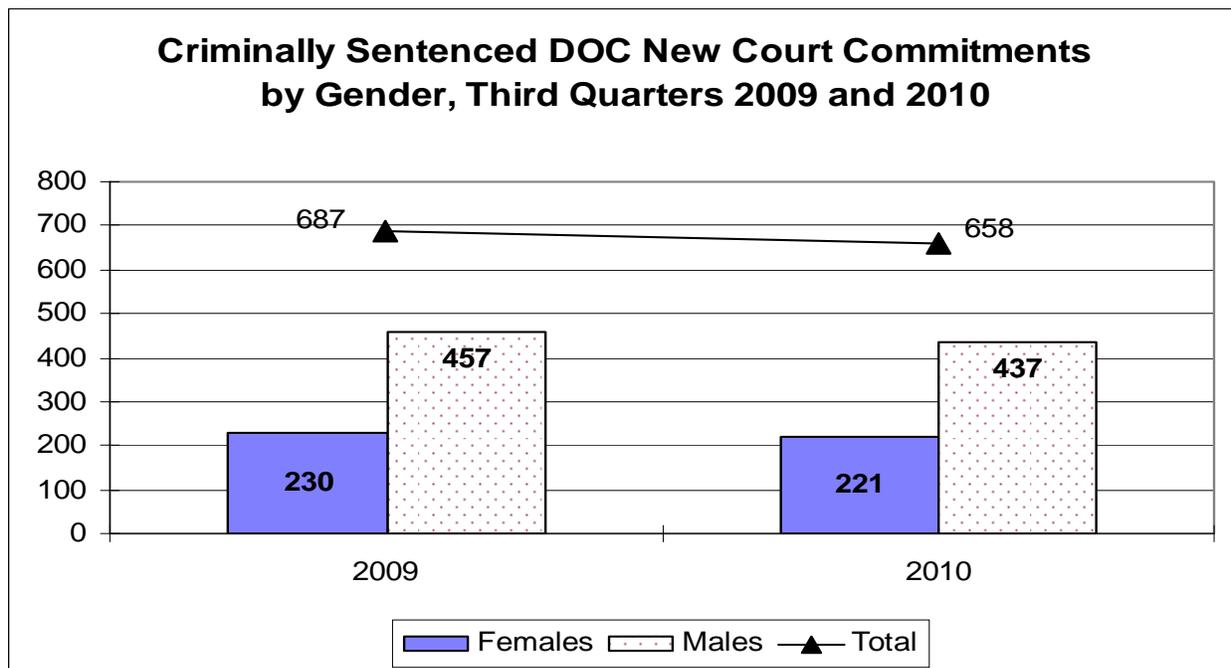
Table 7 provides quarterly statistics on criminally sentenced, new court commitments to the DOC for the third quarters of 2009 and 2010, by gender. Overall, there was a decrease of 29 new court commitments, or four percent for the third quarter 2010, in comparison to new court commitments in the third quarter 2009, from 687 to 658. During this time period, male commitments decreased by 20, or four percent, from 457 to 437; female commitments decreased by nine, or four percent, from 230 to 221.

Table 7

Criminally Sentenced DOC New Court Commitments by Gender, Third Quarters 2009 and 2010			
	2009	2010	Difference
Males			
First Quarter	585	573	-2%
Second Quarter	563	510	-9%
Third Quarter	457	437	-4%
Sub- Total	1,605	1,520	-5%
Females			
First Quarter	214	251	17%
Second Quarter	253	256	1%
Third Quarter	230	221	-4%
Sub-Total	697	728	4%
Total	2,302	2,248	-2%

Figure 5 provides a graphical representation of the number of criminally sentenced new court commitments to the DOC during the third quarters of 2009 and 2010, by gender.

Figure 5



Note: Data for Table 7 and Figure 5 were obtained from the DOC's Inmate Tracking Database and the IMS Database.