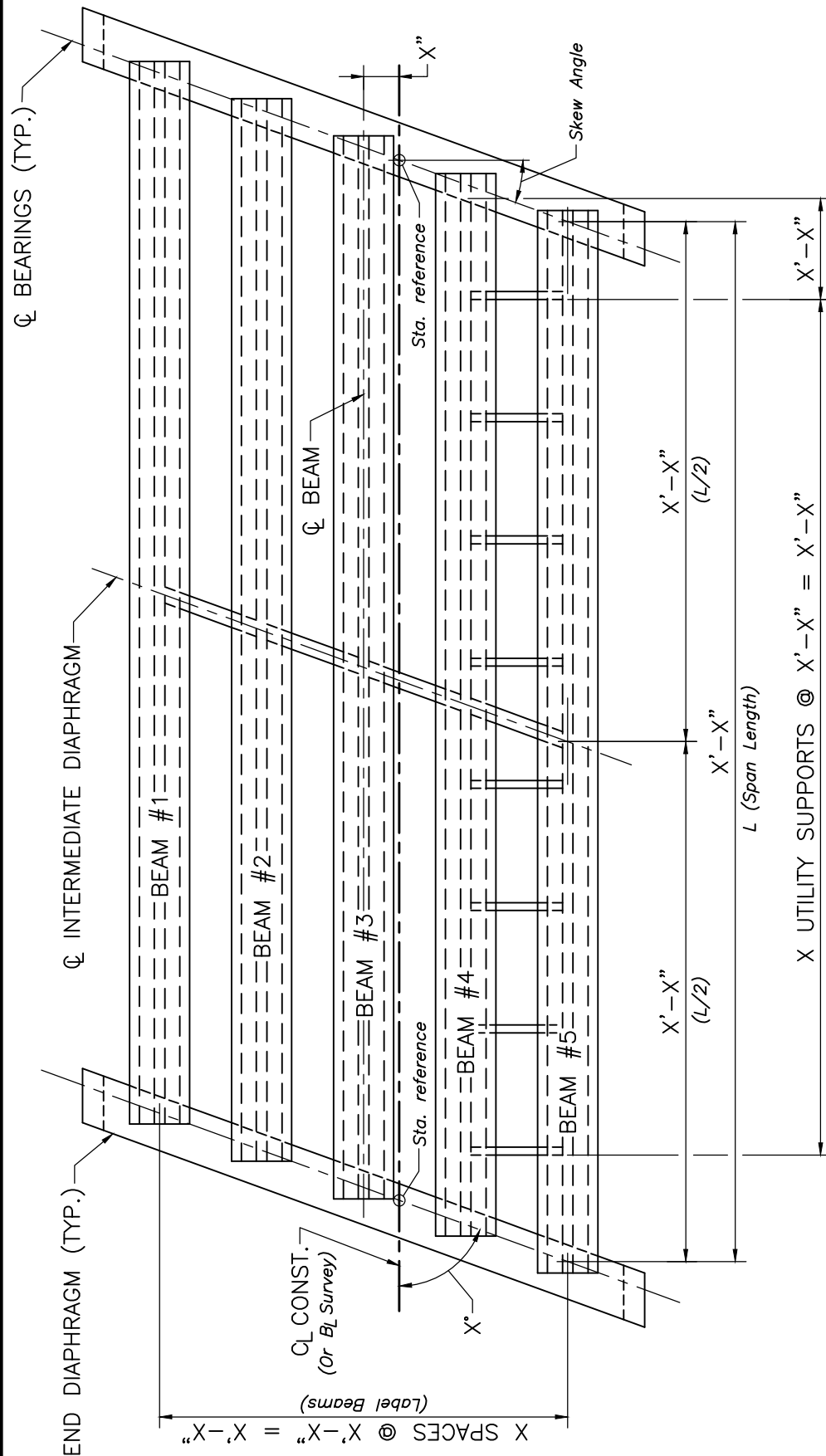


FRAMING PLAN (SKEW $\leq 30^\circ$)

PRECAST CONCRETE NEBT BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER
6.1.1

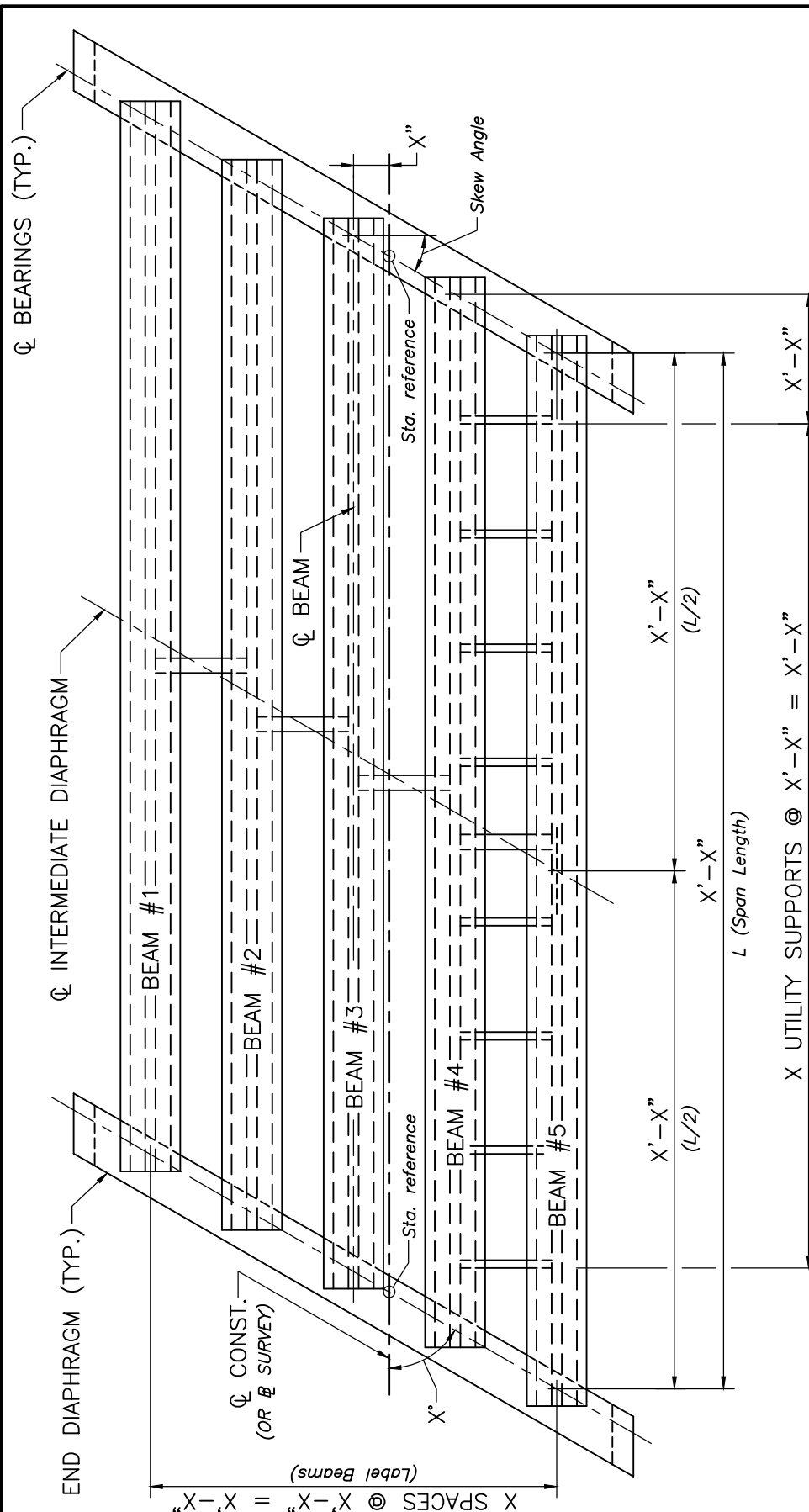


FRAMING PLAN

SCALE: (1/8" = 1'-0" Min.)

NOTES:

1. Framing plan shall be drawn full length without breaks and to scale on the Construction Drawings. Label beam types and include North Arrow.
2. No intermediate diaphragms required for spans of 80' or less.
3. Ends of NEBT's shall be square, but end diaphragms shall follow skew of bridge.
4. For utility support spacing requirements, see Dwg. No. 6.1.17.
5. For those bridges with East and West abutments, the beams shall be numbered consecutively starting from the Southern most beam to the Northern most and the spans shall be numbered consecutively starting from the West abutment to the East abutment. For those bridges with North and South abutments, the beams shall be numbered consecutively starting from the Western most beam to the Eastern most and the spans shall be numbered consecutively from the South abutment to the North abutment.



FRAMING PLAN

SCALE: (1/8" = 1'-0" Min.)

NOTES:

1. Framing plan shall be drawn full length without breaks and to scale on the Construction Drawings. Label beam types and include North Arrow.
2. No intermediate diaphragms required for spans of 80' or less.
3. Ends of NEBT's shall be square, but end diaphragms shall follow skew of bridge.
4. For utility support spacing requirements, see Dwg. No. 6.1.17.
5. For those bridges with East and West abutments, the beams shall be numbered consecutively starting from the Southern most beam to the Northern most and the spans shall be numbered consecutively starting from the Western most beam to the Eastern most and the spans shall be numbered consecutively from the South abutment to the North abutment.



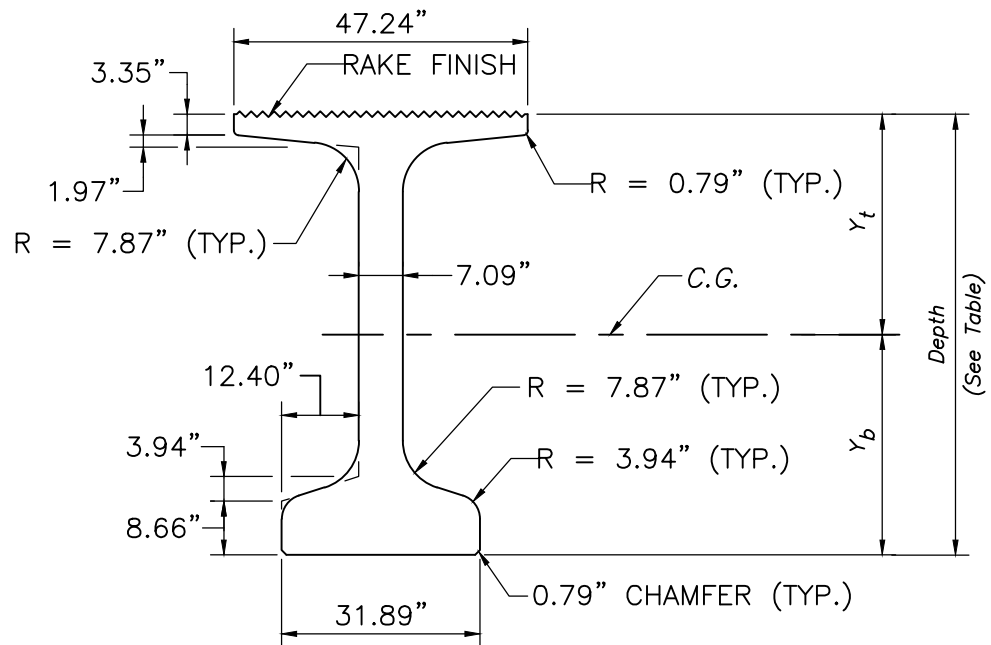
LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

FRAMING PLAN (SKEW > 30°) PRECAST CONCRETE NEBT BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.1.2



BEAM PROPERTIES

Beam Type	Depth (in)	Weight (Lbs./Ft)	A _{req} (in ²)	I _x c.g. (in ⁴)	I _y c.g. (in ⁴)	Y _t (in)	Y _b (in)	S _t (in ³)	S _b (in ³)
NEBT 1000	39.37	778	746	149196	61745	20.35	19.02	7332	7844
NEBT 1200	47.24	835	801	238089	61985	24.61	22.63	9675	10516
NEBT 1400	55.12	894	857	353169	62225	28.86	26.26	12237	13449
NEBT 1600	62.99	952	913	492515	62465	33.03	29.96	14911	16439
NEBT 1800	70.87	1010	969	660691	62706	37.2	33.66	17761	19663

MAXIMUM SPAN LENGTHS (ft.)

Beam Type	Beam Spacing								
	5 ft.	6 ft.	7 ft.	8 ft.	9 ft.	10 ft.	11 ft.	12 ft.	13 ft.
NEBT 1000	86	80	77	71	69	66	64	61	59
NEBT 1200	100	96	90	86	82	79	74	71	68
NEBT 1400	113	108	103	98	93	89	85	81	78
NEBT 1600	126	120	114	108	104	99	94	90	87
NEBT 1800	139	131	124	119	113	108	103	99	95

NOTES:

- Above drawing is not to scale.
- Maximum Span Lengths are approximate and are based on the following assumptions:
 - $f'_c = 6500$ psi (Precast)
 - $f'_{ci} = 4500$ psi (Precast)
 - $f'_c = 4000$ psi (Cast-in-Place Composite Deck)
 - Interior Girders with no skew.
 - Final Allowable Tension at bottom of beam is equal to $0.0948\sqrt{f'_c}$ ksi.
 - HL-93 Live Load.
 - Time-Dependent Losses of Article 5.9.5.3 of the AASHTO-LRFD were used.
 - The CF-PL3 Barrier was assumed on the bridge.
 - 3.5" thick HMA wearing surface.
 - 0.6" diameter low relaxation strands.

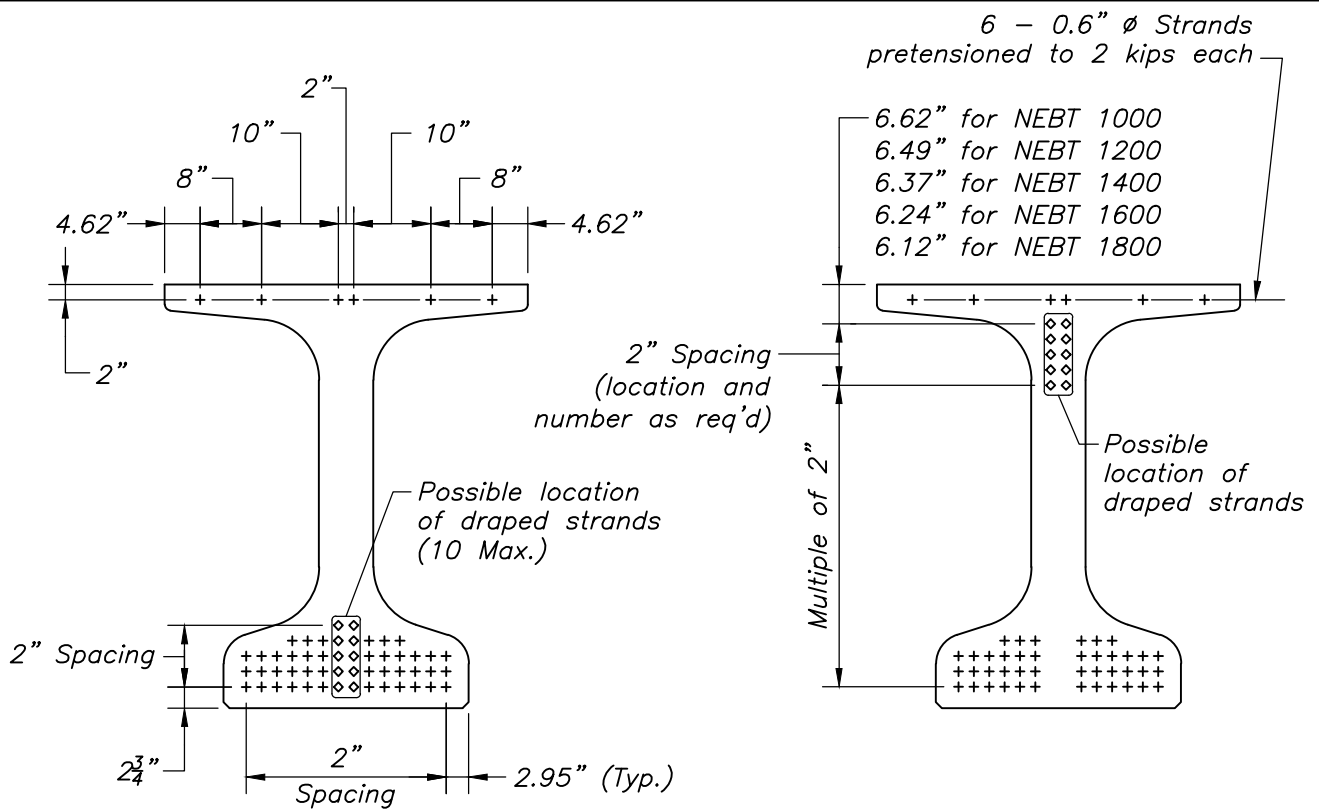


LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

STANDARD NEBT SERIES TYPICAL DIMENSIONS PRECAST CONCRETE NEBT BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER
6.1.3



STRAND LOCATION

MIDSPAN

NOT TO SCALE

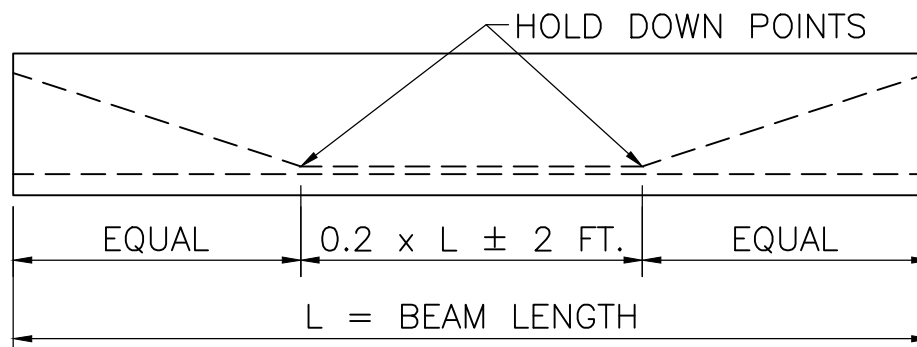
STRAND LOCATION

END OF BEAM

NOT TO SCALE

NOTES:

1. + Denotes straight strands.
2. ◊ Denotes draped strands. The total hold down force of all draped strands for each beam should not exceed 75% of the total beam weight.
3. ⊕ Denotes debonded strands (none shown above). Where debonded strands are used, no more than 25% of the total number of strands and no more than 40% of the strands in each row shall be debonded. In addition, no more than 40% of the debonded strands, or four (4) strands, whichever is greater, shall have the debonding terminated at any one section. The spacing between debonded strands in a layer shall be 4" minimum. Exterior strands in each layer shall be fully bonded. In general, the length of debonded strand from each end of the beam should be limited to approximately 15% of the span length.
4. The number and location of the strands shall be as required by design.
5. The Designer shall provide the midspan and end of beam strand pattern on the Construction Drawings.



HOLD DOWN POINTS FOR DRAPED STRANDS

NOT TO SCALE



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

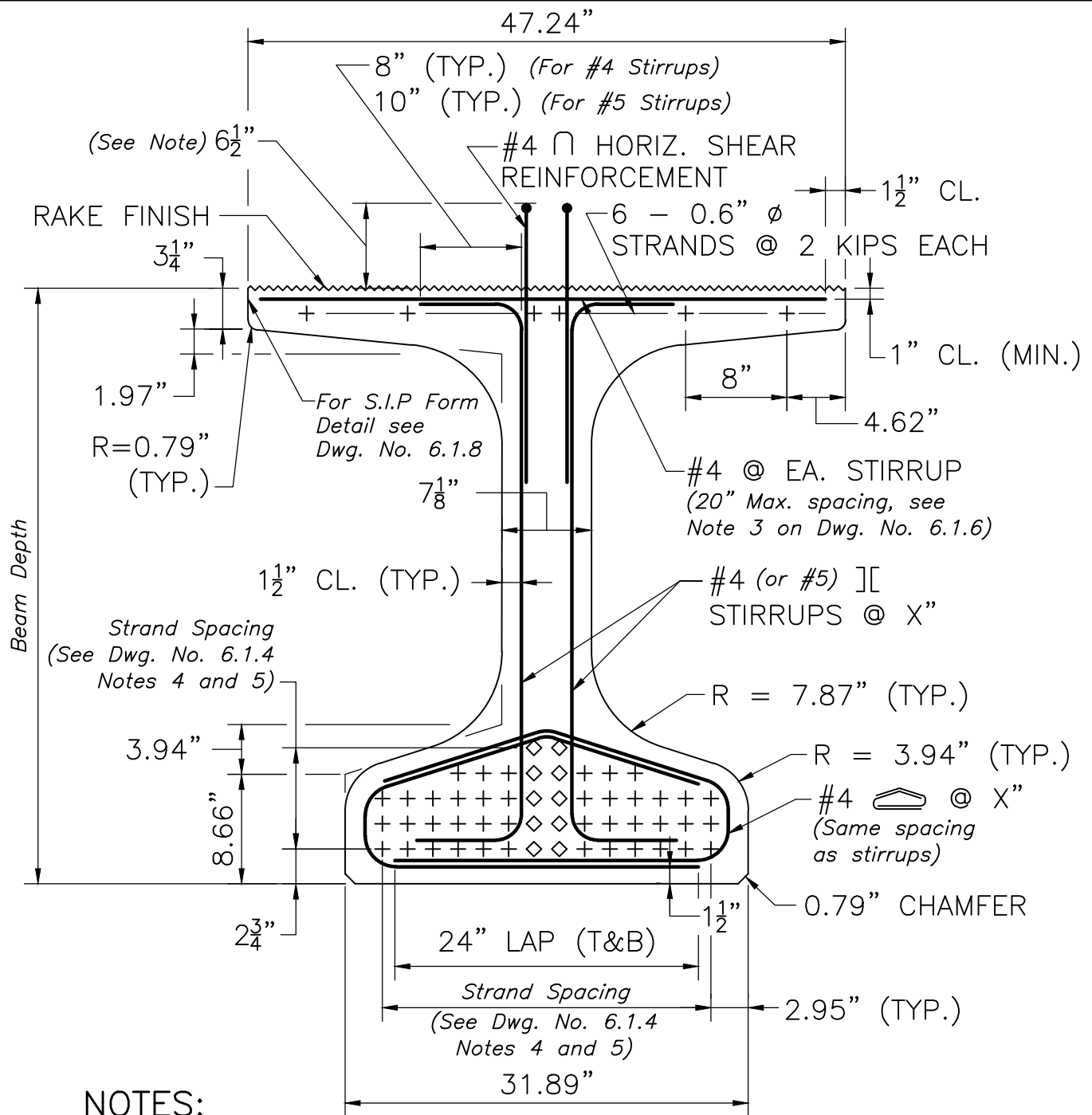
STRAND LOCATIONS AND HOLD DOWN DETAILS

PRECAST CONCRETE NEBT BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.1.4



NOTES:

1. + DENOTES STRAIGHT STRANDS.
2. ◇ DENOTES DRAPED STRANDS.
3. ⊕ DENOTES DEBONDED STRANDS. (None shown above.)

TYPICAL SECTION

SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"

NOTE:

Embedment Length of the Horizontal Shear Reinforcement into the deck may need to be increased in cases with large blocking depths. The Designer shall ensure that at least 2" clear cover is maintained to the top of the deck at all locations. The embedment length shown does not produce full development.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

TYPICAL SECTION

PRECAST CONCRETE NEBT BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.1.5



SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

1. The vertical stirrups within $h/4$ of the end of the beam shall satisfy the requirements of AASHTO-LRFD, Article 5.10.10.
2. See Part I of the Bridge Manual for guidelines for the design of stirrups near the support.
3. The 20" maximum spacing for #4 bars in the NEBT top flange is based on a 10 feet beam spacing, 10" deck thickness, and a 50 psf construction live load. If any of these conditions are exceeded, the designer shall verify the required reinforcement spacing.
4. If the bearing exceeds $16"$ in diameter, set this dimension equal to $(\text{Bearing Diameter}/2 + 1")$



PRECAST CONCRETE NEBT BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.1.6

PRESTRESS NOTES:

1. ALL PRETENSIONING ELEMENTS SHALL BE 0.6" ϕ , UNCOATED, SEVEN-WIRE, LOW RELAXATION STEEL STRANDS AND SHALL CONFORM TO AASHTO M 203.
2. THE NOMINAL TENSILE STRENGTH OF THE PRETENSIONING STRANDS SHALL BE 270 KSI.
3. THE INITIAL TENSION PER 0.6" ϕ STRAND SHALL BE 44 KIPS, EXCEPT THE SIX STRANDS IN THE TOP FLANGE WHICH SHALL BE TENSIONED TO 2 KIPS.
4. THE MINIMUM 28 DAY COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH SHALL BE 6500 PSI.
(See Note)
5. NO PRESTRESS SHALL BE TRANSFERRED TO THE CONCRETE UNTIL IT HAS ATTAINED A COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH, AS SHOWN BY A CYLINDER TEST, OF AT LEAST 4500 PSI. (See Note 1)
6. THE TOP OF ALL BEAMS SHALL BE GIVEN A RAKED FINISH ($\frac{1}{4}$ " AMPLITUDE) ACROSS THE WIDTH (PERPENDICULAR TO THE BEAM'S AXIS).
7. THE FABRICATOR IS FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF THE LIFTING DEVICES WHICH SHALL BE ADEQUATE FOR THE SAFETY FACTORS REQUIRED BY THE ERECTION PROCEDURE.

NOTE:

If required by design, HP concrete with a compressive strength of 8000 psi may be used with the permission of the Director of Bridges and Structures. A Special Provision will be required in this case. See the prestressed concrete section of Part I of this Manual.

STAY-IN-PLACE FORM ATTACHMENT DETAIL

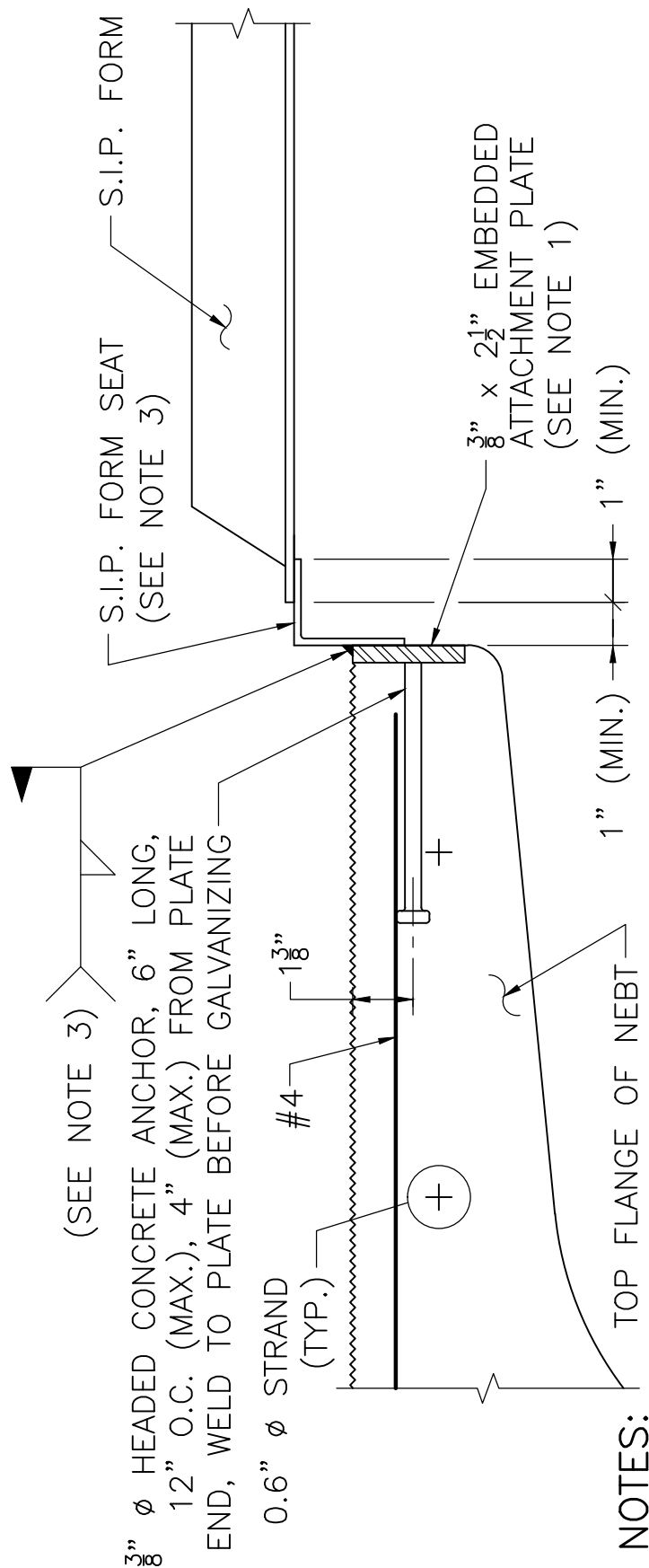
PRECAST CONCRETE NEBT BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE

JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.1.8



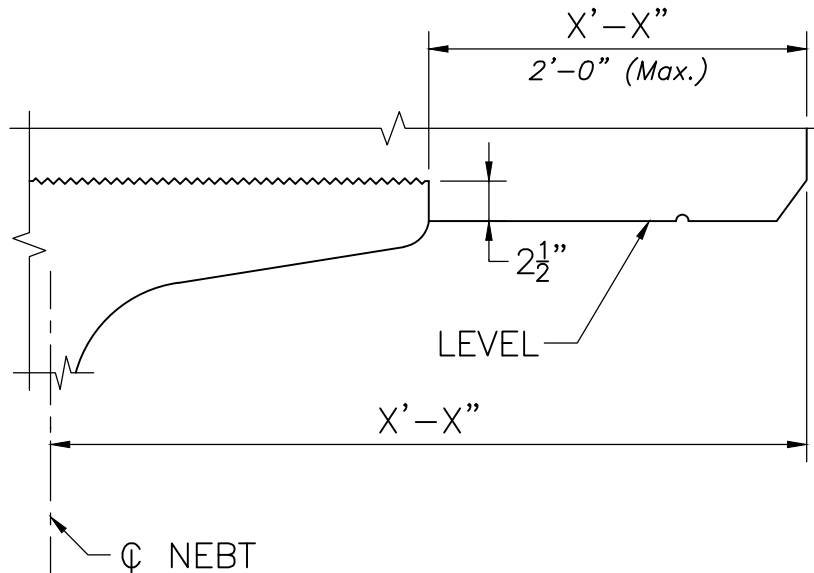
1. EMBEDDED ATTACHMENT PLATES SHALL BE HOT-DIP GALVANIZED AASHTO M 270 GRADE 36 STEEL. THE PLATES SHALL BE IN LENGTHS FROM 3' TO 13' WITH PIECES BUTTED TOGETHER WITHOUT END CONNECTIONS FOR FULL LENGTH OF BEAM. THE HEADED ANCHORS SHALL BE ATTACHED TO THE PLATES PRIOR TO GALVANIZING.
2. HEADED ANCHORS SHALL CONFORM TO M8.04.1 FOR MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS ONLY.
3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF THE S.I.P. FORM SEAT AND WELD.
4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REMOVING THE CONCRETE LAITANCE FROM THE ATTACHMENT PLATE BEFORE INSTALLING THE S.I.P. FORMS.

STAY-IN-PLACE FORM ATTACHMENT DETAIL

SCALE: 3" = 1'-0"

NOTE:

When the clear span between flanges exceeds 6'-6", the Designer shall verify anchor spacing and embedded plate thickness.



SLAB OVERHANG AT FASCIA BEAM

SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"

NOTE:

Modify the deck slab overhang details as depicted for steel stringer bridges in the relevant Chapter 9 drawings as shown above, when using NEBT beams.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

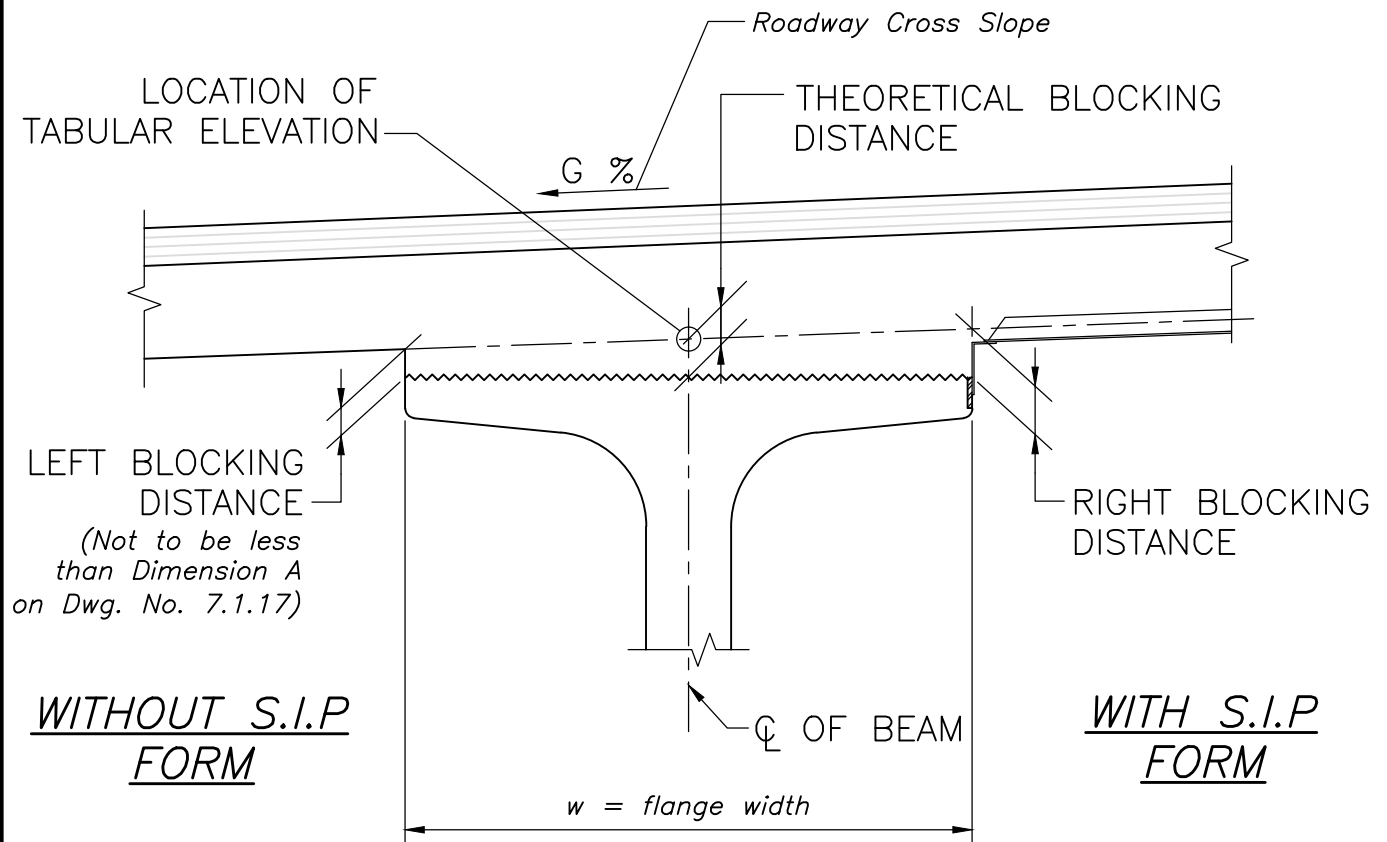
SLAB OVERHANG AT FASCIA BEAM

PRECAST CONCRETE NEBT BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.1.9



NOTES:

1. THE RIGHT AND LEFT ORIENTATION IS TAKEN LOOKING UPSTATION ALONG THE BEAM.
2. RIGHT BLOCKING DISTANCE = THEORETICAL BLOCKING DISTANCE + "R"
LEFT BLOCKING DISTANCE = THEORETICAL BLOCKING DISTANCE + "L"

HAUNCH DETAIL

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

NOTES:

1. The haunch detail above shows both methods of deck construction, i.e. with S.I.P. forms and w/o S.I.P. forms. The Designer shall modify the detail as required to suite the actual project.
2. For bridges with NEBT beams, use the above Haunch Detail in place of the one on Dwg. No. 7.1.17. Also, modify the note on Dwg. No. 7.1.17 to say "Theoretical" instead of "Actual" blocking distance.
3. For the above detail:
 $"R" = G/100 \times w/2$
 $"L" = -G/100 \times w/2$
 Since "R" and "L" vary with changes in the roadway cross slope, it is advisable to provide a table of "R" and "L" values for each beam or group of beams for each roadway cross slope situation. Always show "R" and "L" with their correct algebraic sign.



LRFD BRIDGE

MANUAL, PART II

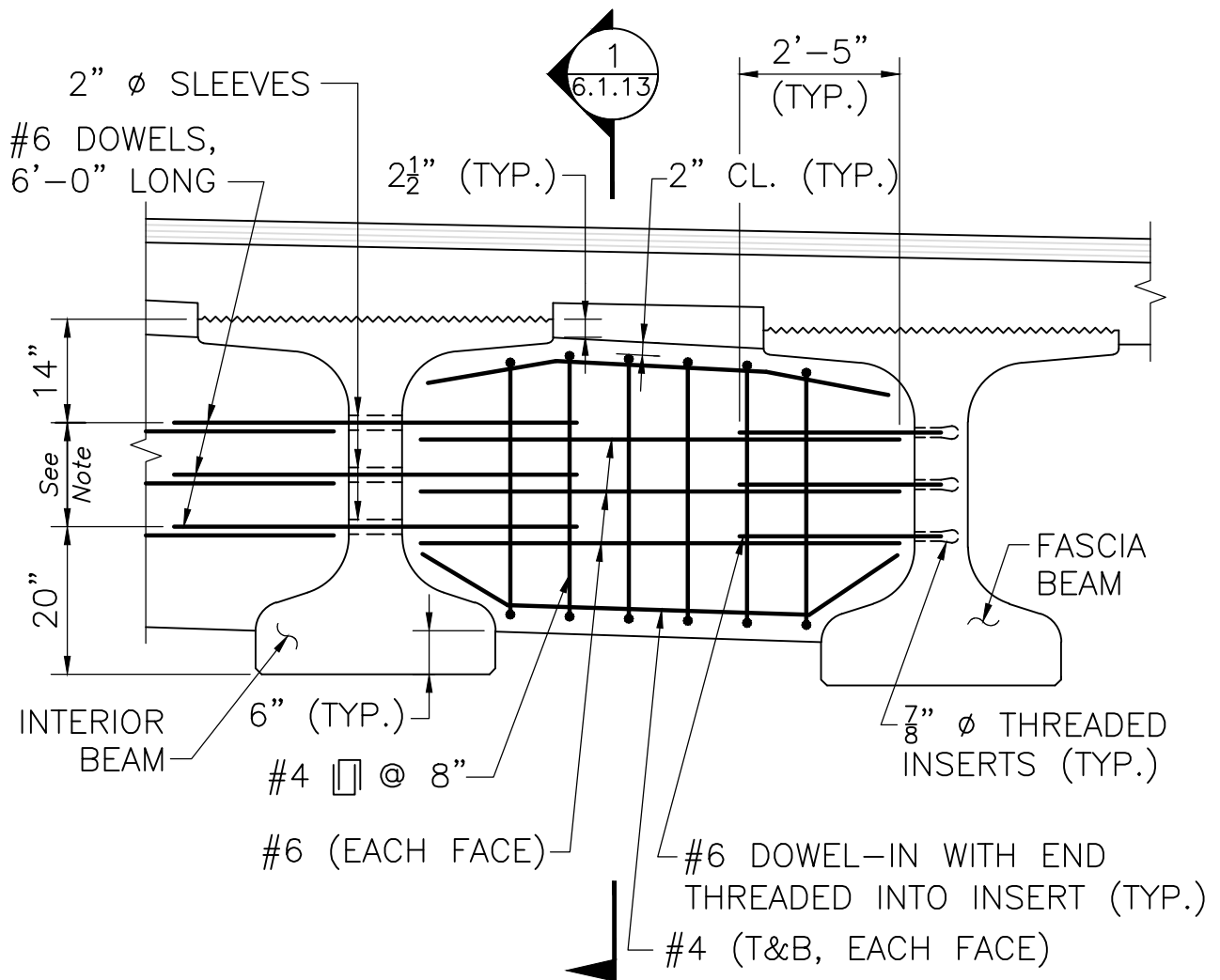
HAUNCH DETAIL

PRECAST CONCRETE NEBT BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.1.10



NOTES:

1. SLEEVES AND INSERTS SHALL BE ALIGNED WITH DIAPHRAGM SKEWS AS SHOWN ON THE FRAMING PLAN.
2. $\frac{7}{8}$ " ϕ THREADED INSERTS SHALL BE CAST INTO THE PRECAST BEAMS BY THE FABRICATOR AND SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM NOMINAL TENSILE RESISTANCE OF 21.0 KIPS AND A MINIMUM NOMINAL SHEAR RESISTANCE OF 21.0 KIPS IN 3000 PSI CONCRETE.

TYPICAL INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM

SCALE: $\frac{1}{2}$ " = 1'-0"

NOTE:

For NEBT 1000 use 1 dowel at midbeam.
 For NEBT 1200 and NEBT 1400, use 2 dowels.
 For NEBT 1600 and NEBT 1800, use 3 dowels equally spaced.



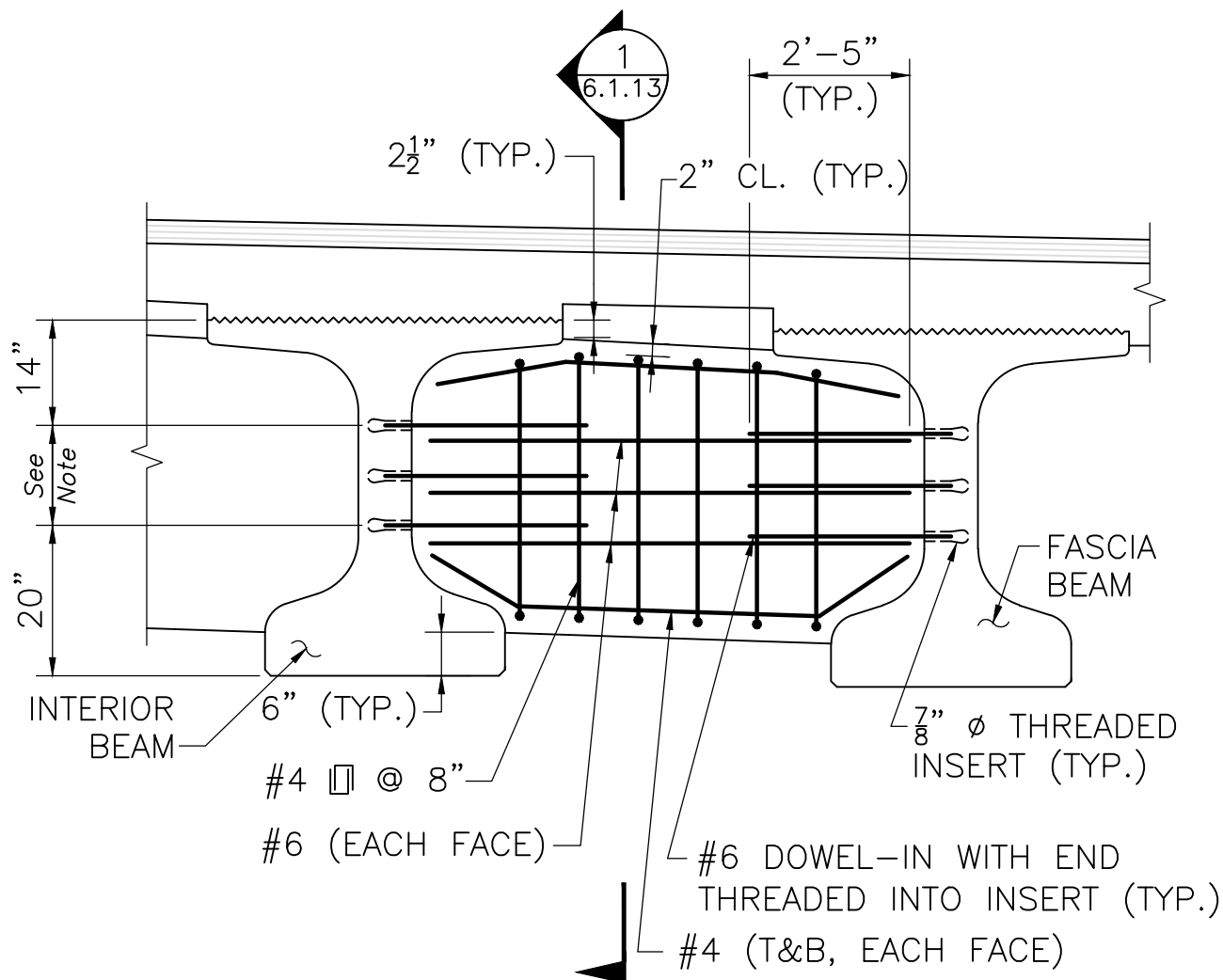
LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM
DETAIL (SKEW $\leq 30^\circ$)
PRECAST CONCRETE NEBT BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.1.11



NOTES:

1. 7/8" Ø THREADED INSERTS SHALL BE CAST INTO THE PRECAST BEAMS BY THE FABRICATOR AND SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM NOMINAL TENSILE RESISTANCE OF 21.0 KIPS AND A MINIMUM NOMINAL SHEAR RESISTANCE OF 21.0 KIPS IN 3000 PSI CONCRETE.
2. INSERTS SHALL BE SET PERPENDICULAR TO THE NEBT WEB.

TYPICAL INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM

SCALE: 1/2" = 1'-0"

NOTE:

For NEBT 1000 use 1 insert at midbeam.

For NEBT 1200 and NEBT 1400, use 2 inserts.

For NEBT 1600 and NEBT 1800, use 3 inserts equally spaced.



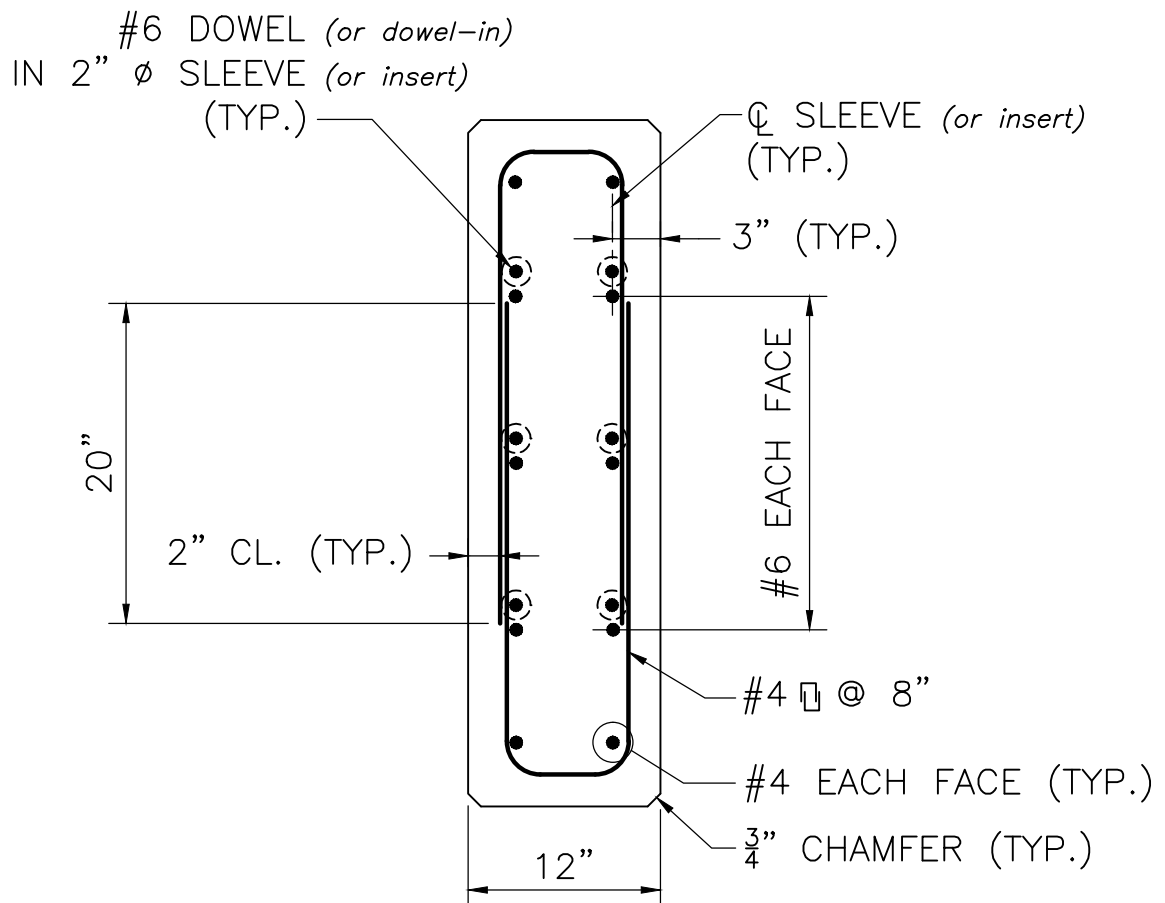
LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM
DETAIL (SKEW > 30°)
PRECAST CONCRETE NEBT BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

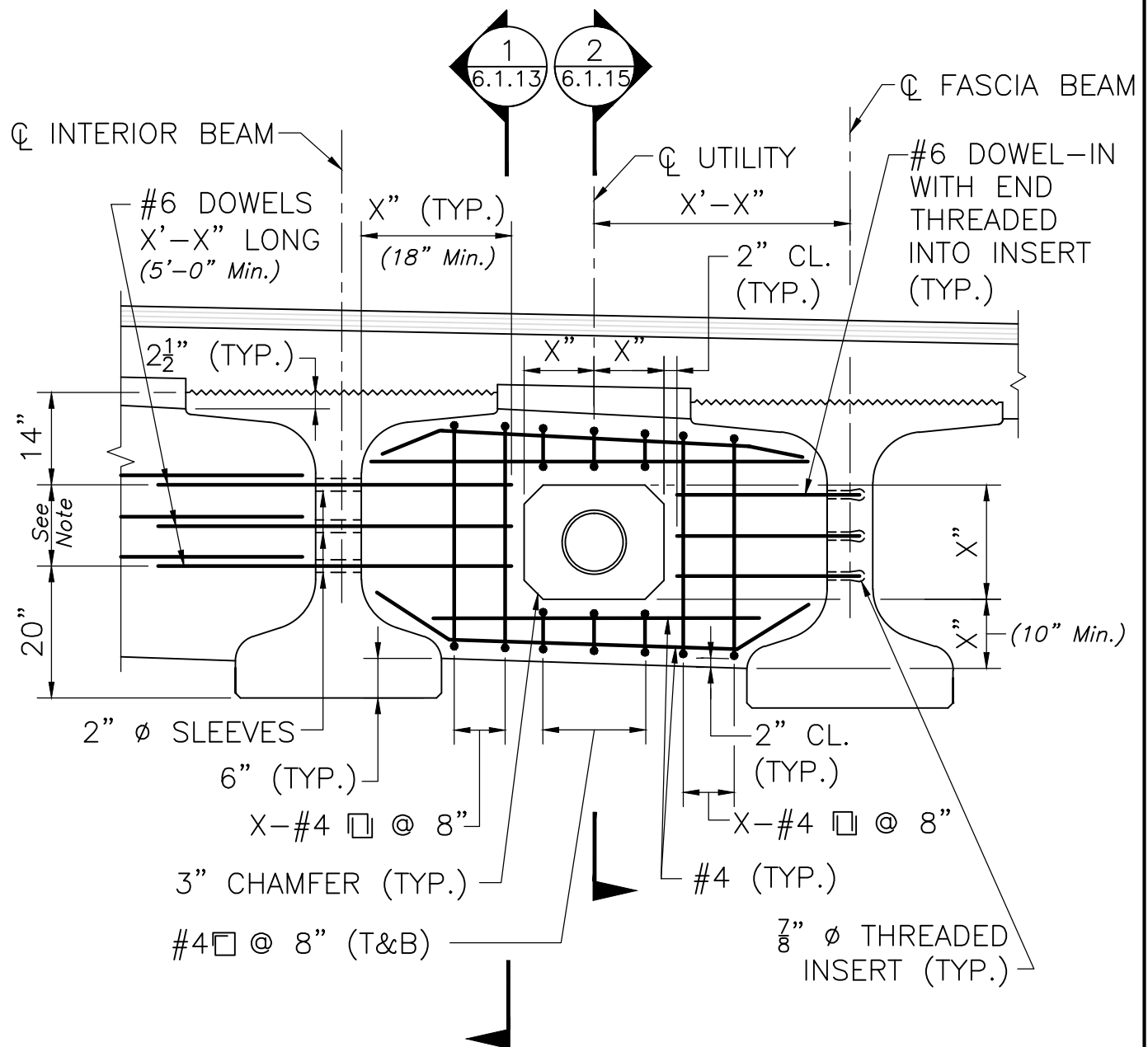
DRAWING NUMBER

6.1.12



SECTION 1

SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"



(For Construction Notes see Dwg. No. 6.1.11)

TYPICAL INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM WITH UTILITY

SCALE: $\frac{1}{2}" = 1'-0"$

NOTES:

1. For NEBT 1000, use 1 dowel at mid-beam.
For NEBT 1200 and NEBT 1400, use 2 dowels.
For NEBT 1600 and NEBT 1800, use 3 dowels equally spaced.
2. Detail shown is for skews $\leq 30^\circ$. For skews $> 30^\circ$, modify this detail for interior beam using inserts as shown on Dwg. No. 6.1.12 and use Construction Notes on that drawing.
3. The type of utility shown is conceptual and shall be modified to accommodate the actual type.



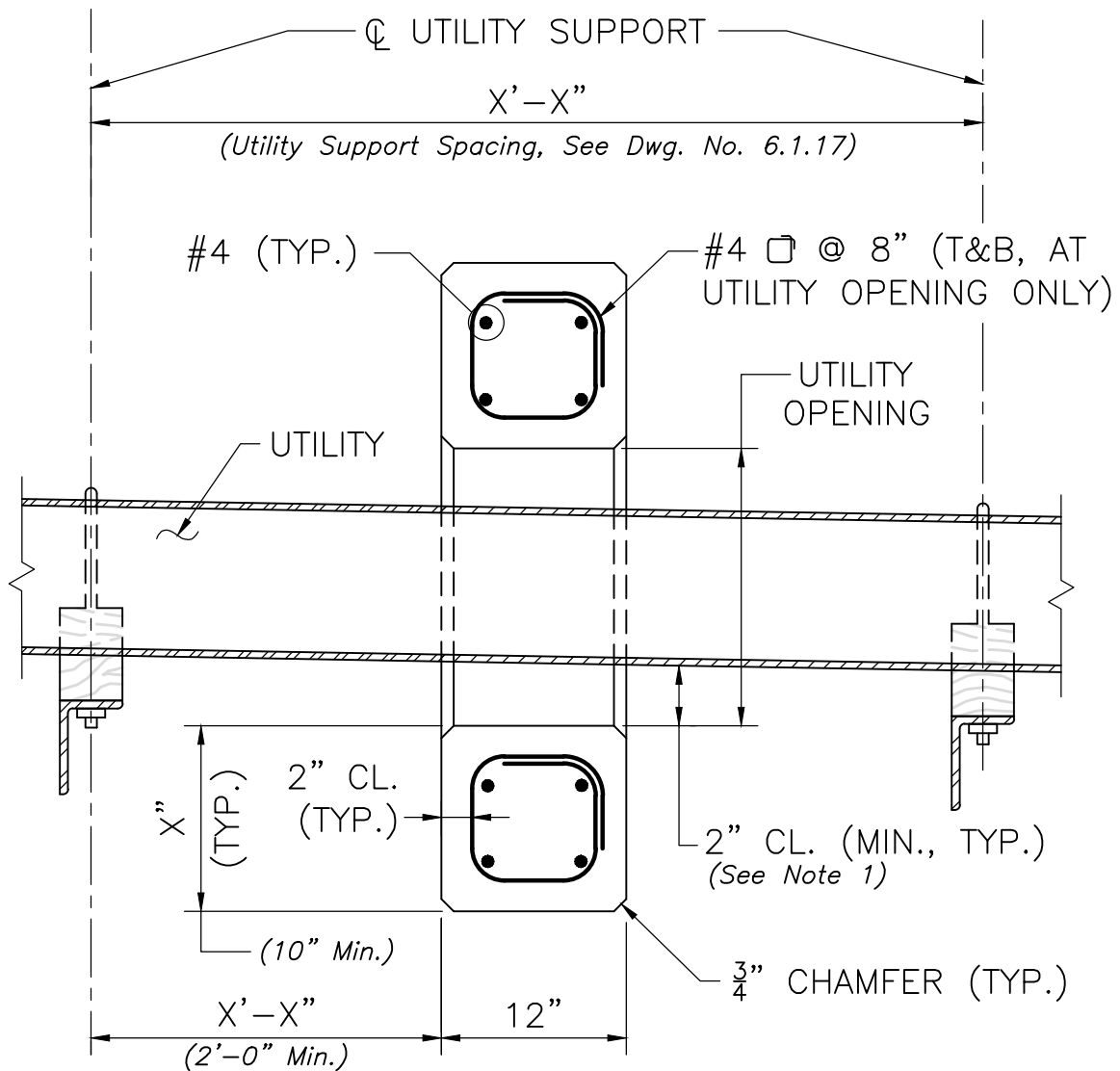
LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM
DETAIL WITH UTILITY
PRECAST CONCRETE NEBT BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.1.14



SECTION 2

SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"

NOTES:

1. The Designer shall verify that the clearances required by utilities are maintained.
2. The type of utility is conceptual, and shall be modified to accommodate the actual type.



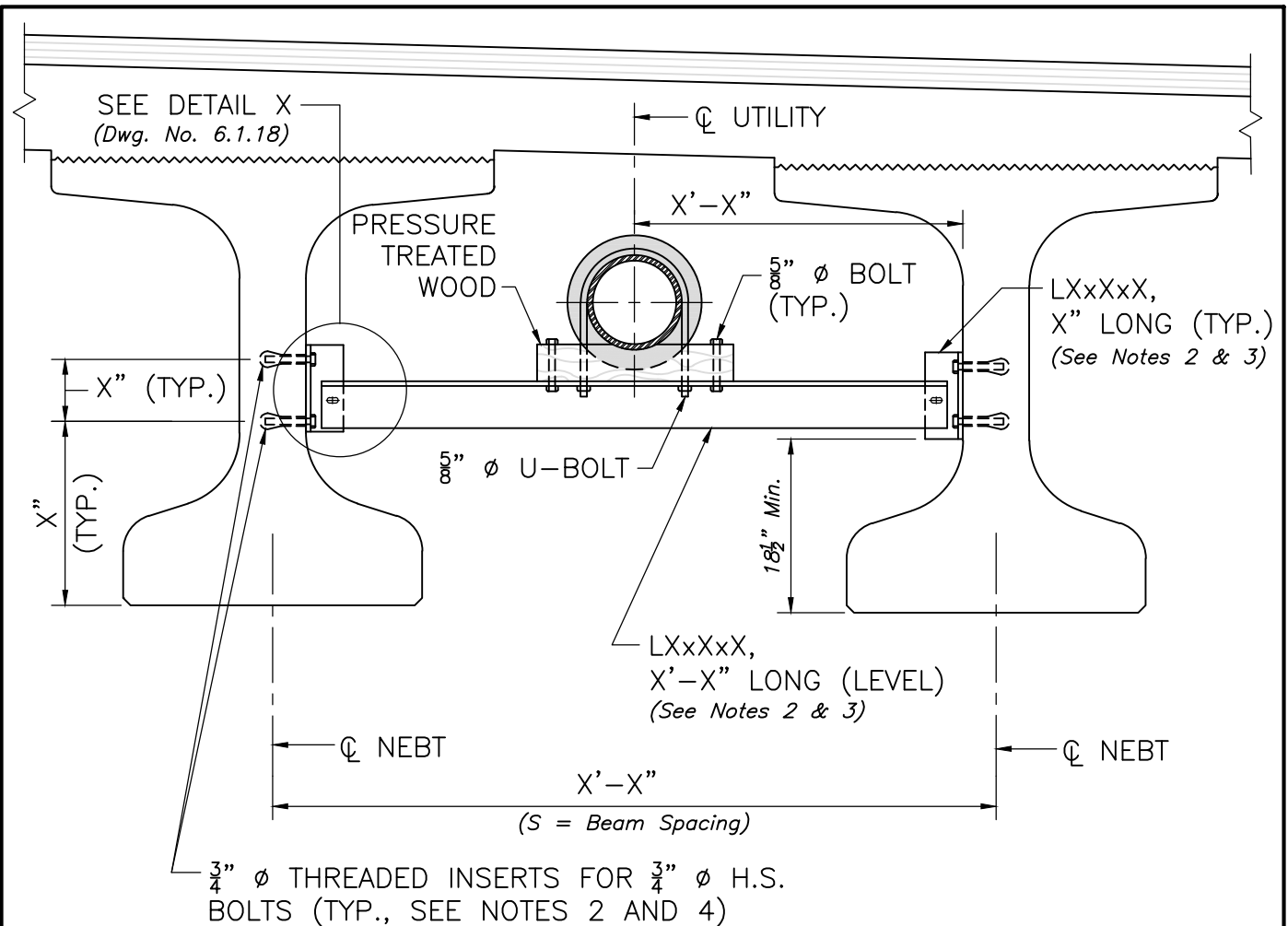
LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM
SECTION WITH UTILITY
PRECAST CONCRETE NEBT BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.1.15



NOTES:

1. ALL STRUCTURAL STEEL FOR UTILITY SUPPORTS SHALL CONFORM TO AASHTO M 270 GRADE 36. ALL STRUCTURAL STEEL AND FASTENERS SHALL BE HOT-DIP GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AASHTO M 111 AND M 232.
2. THE $\frac{3}{4}'' \text{ } \phi$ THREADED INSERTS FOR $\frac{3}{4}'' \text{ } \phi$ H.S. BOLTS SHALL BE CAST INTO THE PRECAST BEAMS BY THE FABRICATOR AND SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM NOMINAL TENSILE RESISTANCE OF 6.0 KIPS AND A MINIMUM NOMINAL SHEAR RESISTANCE OF 6.0 KIPS IN 3000 PSI CONCRETE.
(The Designer shall determine the required insert capacities if $S > 12$ feet).
3. THE UTILITY SUPPORT ANGLE SHALL BE ERECTED WITH THE LONG LEG VERTICAL.
4. INSERTS SHALL BE POSITIONED TO AVOID INTERFERENCE WITH PRESTRESSING STRANDS.

UTILITY BAY DETAILS

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}'' = 1'-0''$

NOTE:

See Dwg. No. 6.1.17 For Designer Notes.



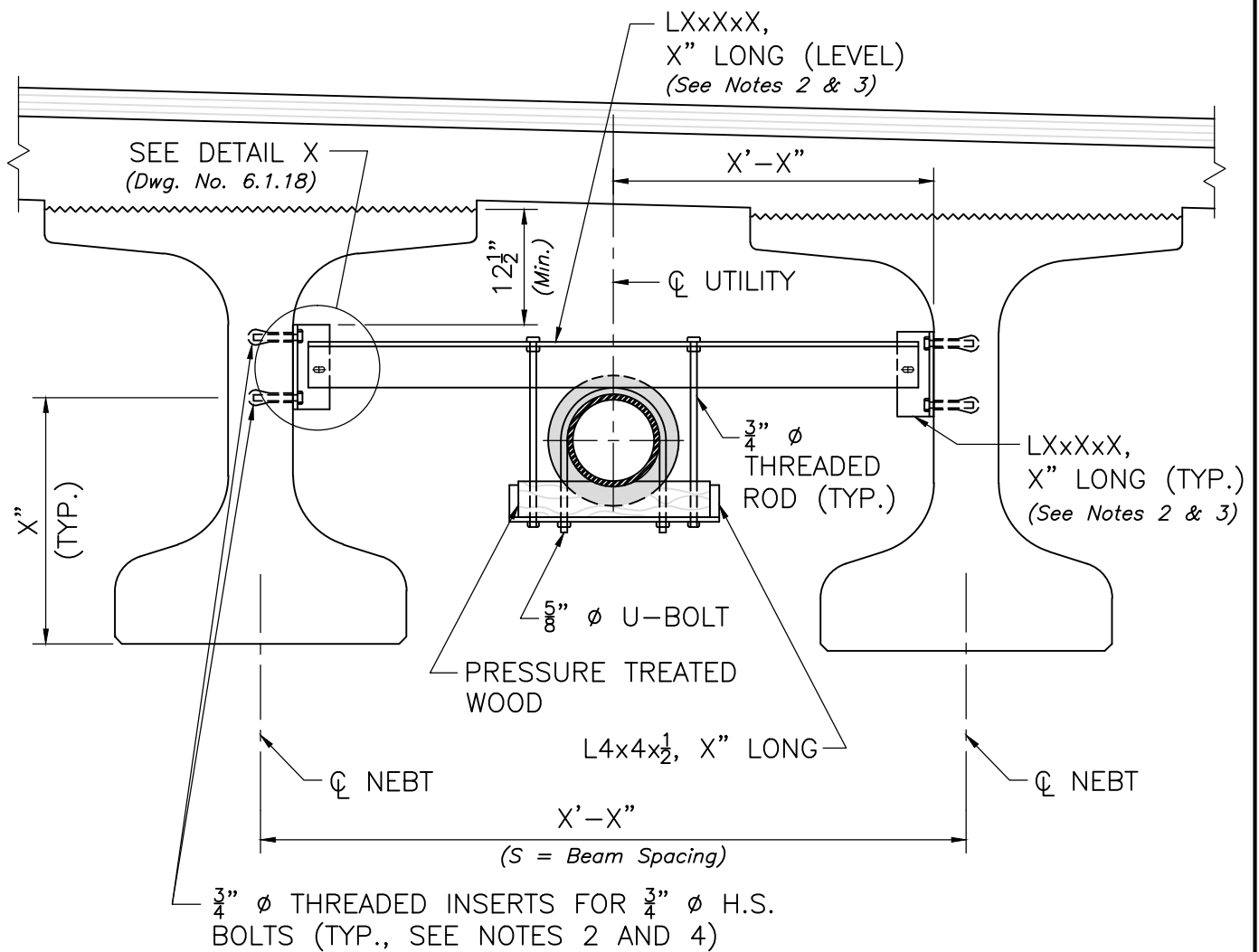
LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

UTILITY BAY DETAILS
(PREFERRED)
PRECAST CONCRETE NEBT BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.1.16



NOTES:

(See Dwg. No. 6.1.16 for Construction Notes)

UTILITY BAY DETAILS

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}'' = 1'-0''$

NOTES:

1. The type of utility shown is conceptual and shall be modified to accommodate the actual type.
2. For $S < 6'-6''$ use $L5 \times 3 \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$
For $6'-6'' \leq S \leq 12'-0''$ use $L6 \times 4 \times \frac{5}{8}$
For $S > 12'-0''$ to be designed by Designer
3. Maximum utility support spacing = $11'-6''$ and the maximum total utility weight is 250 lbs/ft. If either of these limits are exceeded, the Designer shall design the support angle.
4. The connection angles attached to the NEBT web are positioned to clear the NEBT curvature.
5. The alternate utility support detail shown above shall be used where the size of utility precludes the use of the preferred detail of Dwg. No. 6.1.16. The Designer may need to modify the interior diaphragm when using this detail as well.



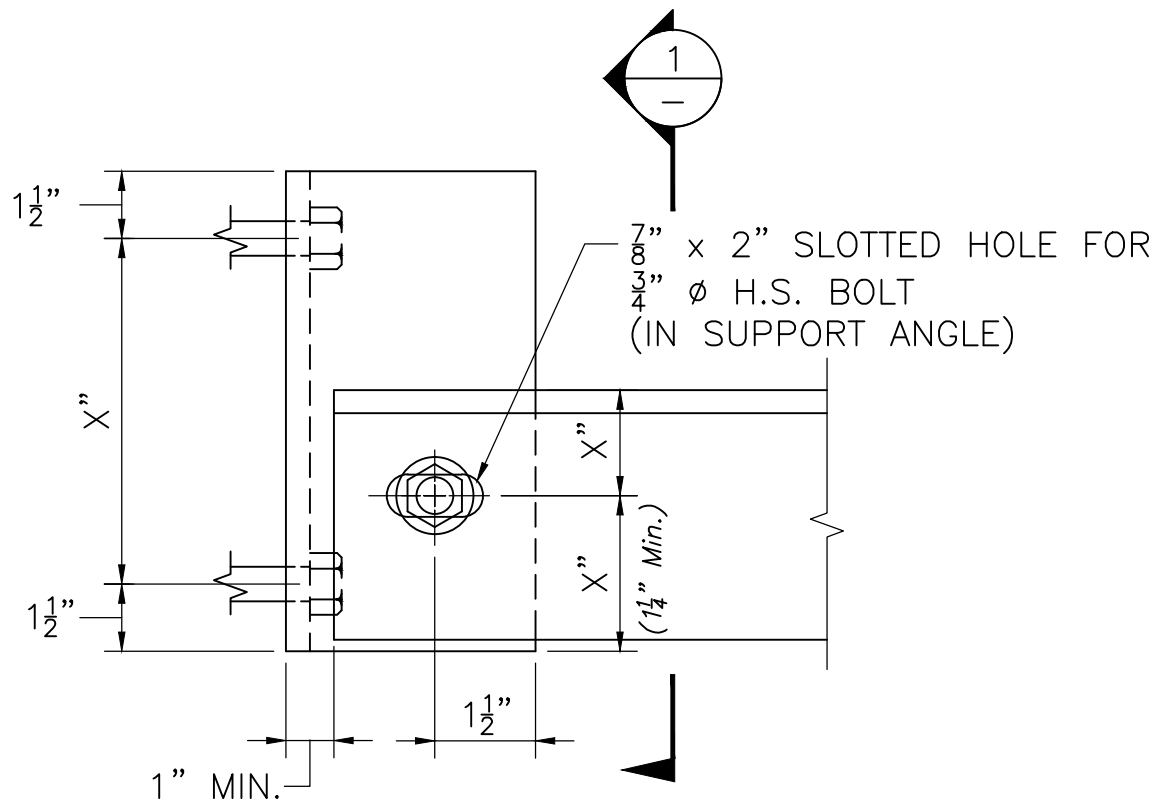
LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

UTILITY BAY DETAILS (ALTERNATE) PRECAST CONCRETE NEBT BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

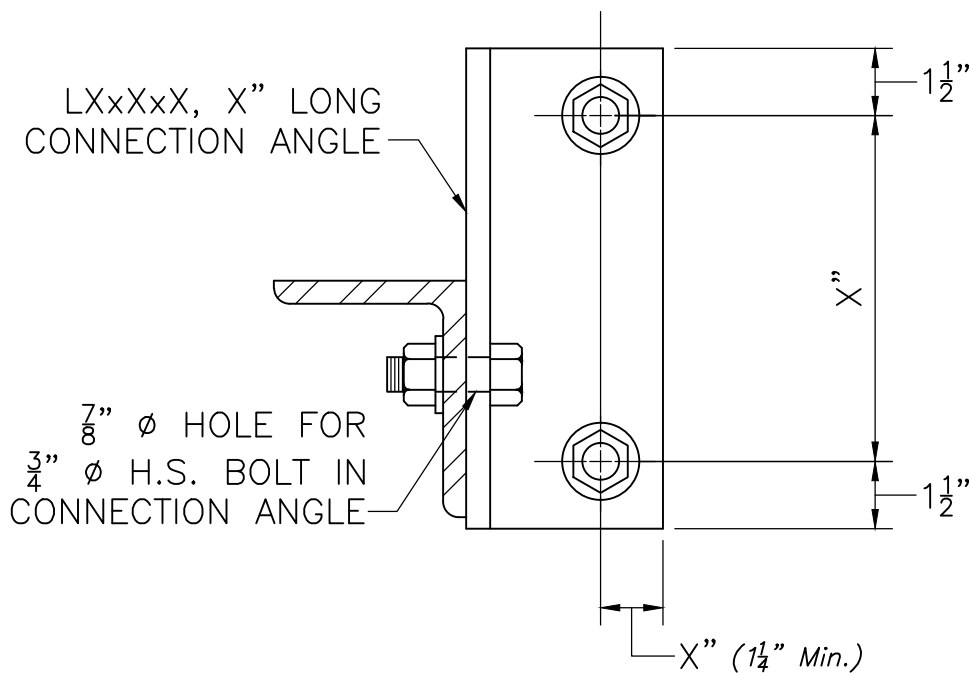
DRAWING NUMBER

6.1.17



DETAIL X

SCALE: 3" = 1'-0"



SECTION 1

SCALE: 3" = 1'-0"



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

UTILITY SUPPORT DETAILS

PRECAST CONCRETE NEBT BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.1.18



SCALE: ($\frac{1}{8}$ " = 1'-0" Min.)

NOTES:

1. Framing plan shall be drawn full length without breaks and to scale on the Construction Drawings. Label beam types and include North Arrow.
2. No intermediate diaphragms required for spans of 80' or less.
3. End diaphragms, ends of beams and ends of voids shall follow skew of bridge.

3. End diaphragms, ends of beams and ends of voids shall follow skew of bridge.

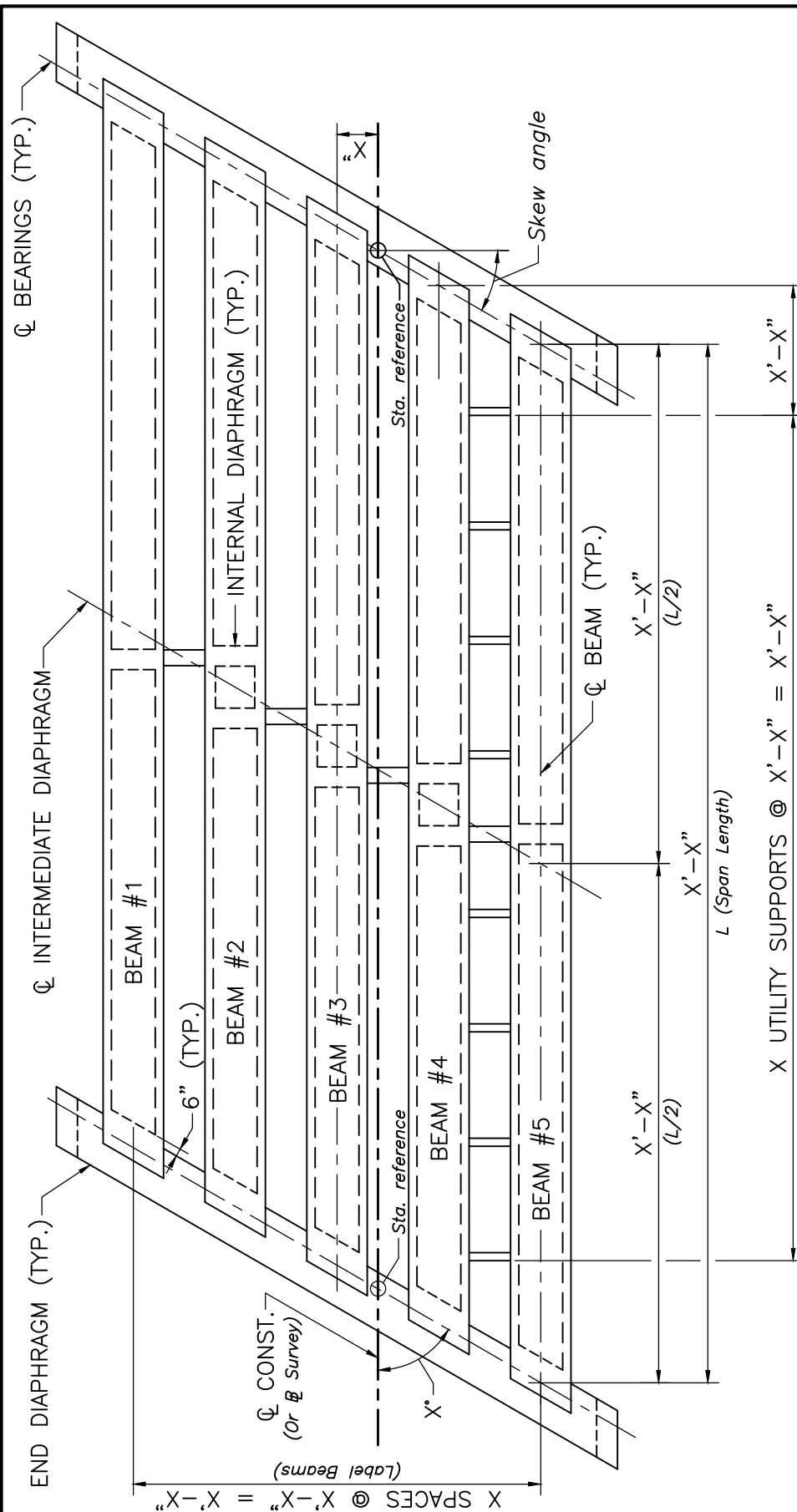
4. For utility support spacing requirements, see Dwg. No. 6.2.20.

For those bridges with East and West abutments, the beams shall be numbered consecutively starting from the Southern most beam to the Northern most and the spans shall be numbered consecutively from the West abutment to the East abutment. For those bridges with North and South abutments, the beams shall be numbered consecutively starting from the Western most beam to the Eastern most and the spans shall be numbered consecutively from the South abutment to the North abutment.

FRAMING PLAN (SKEW > 30°) PRECAST CONCRETE BOX BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER
6.2.2

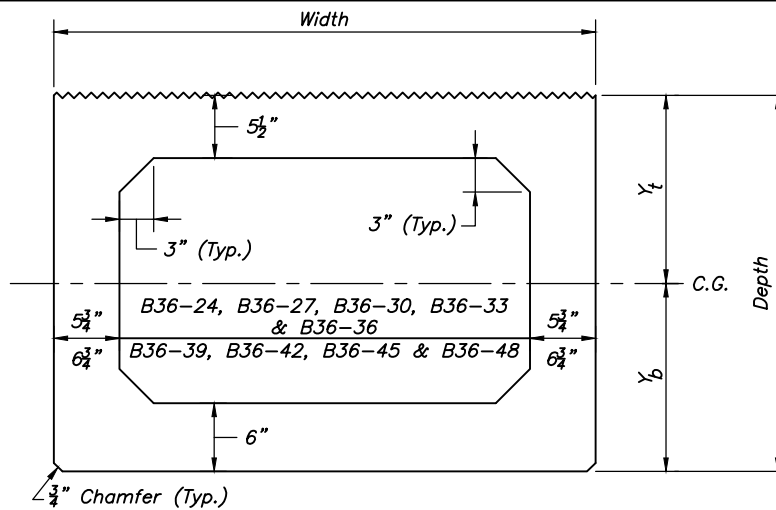


FRAMING PLAN

SCALE: (1/8" = 1'-0" Min.)

NOTES:

1. Framing plan shall be drawn full length without breaks and to scale on the Construction Drawings. Label beam types and include North Arrow.
2. No intermediate diaphragms required for spans of 80' or less.
3. End diaphragms, ends of beams and ends of voids shall follow skew of bridge.
4. For utility support spacing requirements, see Dwg. No. 6.2.20.
5. For those bridges with East and West abutments, the beams shall be numbered consecutively starting from the Southern most beam to the Northern most and the spans shall be numbered consecutively starting from the West abutment to the East abutment. For those bridges with North and South abutments, the beams shall be numbered consecutively starting from the Western most beam to the Eastern most and the spans shall be numbered consecutively from the South abutment to the North abutment.



BEAM PROPERTIES

BEAM TYPE	WIDTH (in)	DEPTH (in)	AREA (in ²)	I (in ⁴)	Y_b (in)	Y_t (in)	S_b (in ³)	S_t (in ³)	WEIGHT (lbs/ft)
B36-24	35.5	24	569	37392	11.89	12.11	3145	3088	593
B36-27	35.5	27	604	51478	13.37	13.63	3850	3777	629
B36-30	35.5	30	638	68281	14.85	15.15	4598	4507	665
B36-33	35.5	33	673	87958	16.33	16.67	5386	5276	701
B36-36	35.5	36	707	110661	17.81	18.19	6213	6084	736
B36-39	35.5	39	797	140025	19.33	19.67	7244	7119	830
B36-42	35.5	42	837	170514	20.82	21.18	8190	8051	872
B36-45	35.5	45	878	204772	22.31	22.69	9178	9025	915
B36-48	35.5	48	918	242981	23.80	24.20	10209	10041	956

MAXIMUM SPAN LENGTHS

BEAM TYPE	Beam Spacing								
	5 ft.	6 ft.	7 ft.	8 ft.	9 ft.	10 ft.	11 ft.	12 ft.	13 ft.
B36-24	59	56	53	49	47	45	44	40	38
B36-27	64	60	58	54	52	50	47	45	43
B36-30	69	65	63	59	56	54	53	48	46
B36-33	76	71	67	64	61	59	56	53	51
B36-36	81	76	72	69	65	63	61	58	55
B36-39	89	83	79	75	72	69	66	63	60
B36-42	94	89	84	80	77	73	71	67	63
B36-45	100	94	89	85	81	78	75	71	67
B36-48	105	99	94	90	86	83	79	75	71

NOTES:

- Above drawing is not to scale.
- Maximum Span Lengths are approximate and are based on the following assumptions:
 - $f'_c = 6500$ psi (Precast)
 - $f'_{ci} = 4500$ psi (Precast)
 - $f'_c = 4000$ psi (Cast-in-Place Composite Deck)
 - Interior Girders with no skew.
 - Final Allowable Tension at bottom of beam is equal to $0.0948\sqrt{f'_c}$ ksi.
 - HL-93 Live Load.
 - Time-Dependent Losses of Article 5.9.5.3 of the AASHTO-LRFD were used.
 - The CF-PL3 Barrier was assumed on the bridge.
 - 3.5" thick HMA wearing surface.
 - 0.6" diameter low relaxation strands.
- Weight of beams does not include the weight of the solid sections. Include the weight of the solid sections for design.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

STANDARD 36" WIDE BEAMS

PRECAST CONCRETE BOX BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

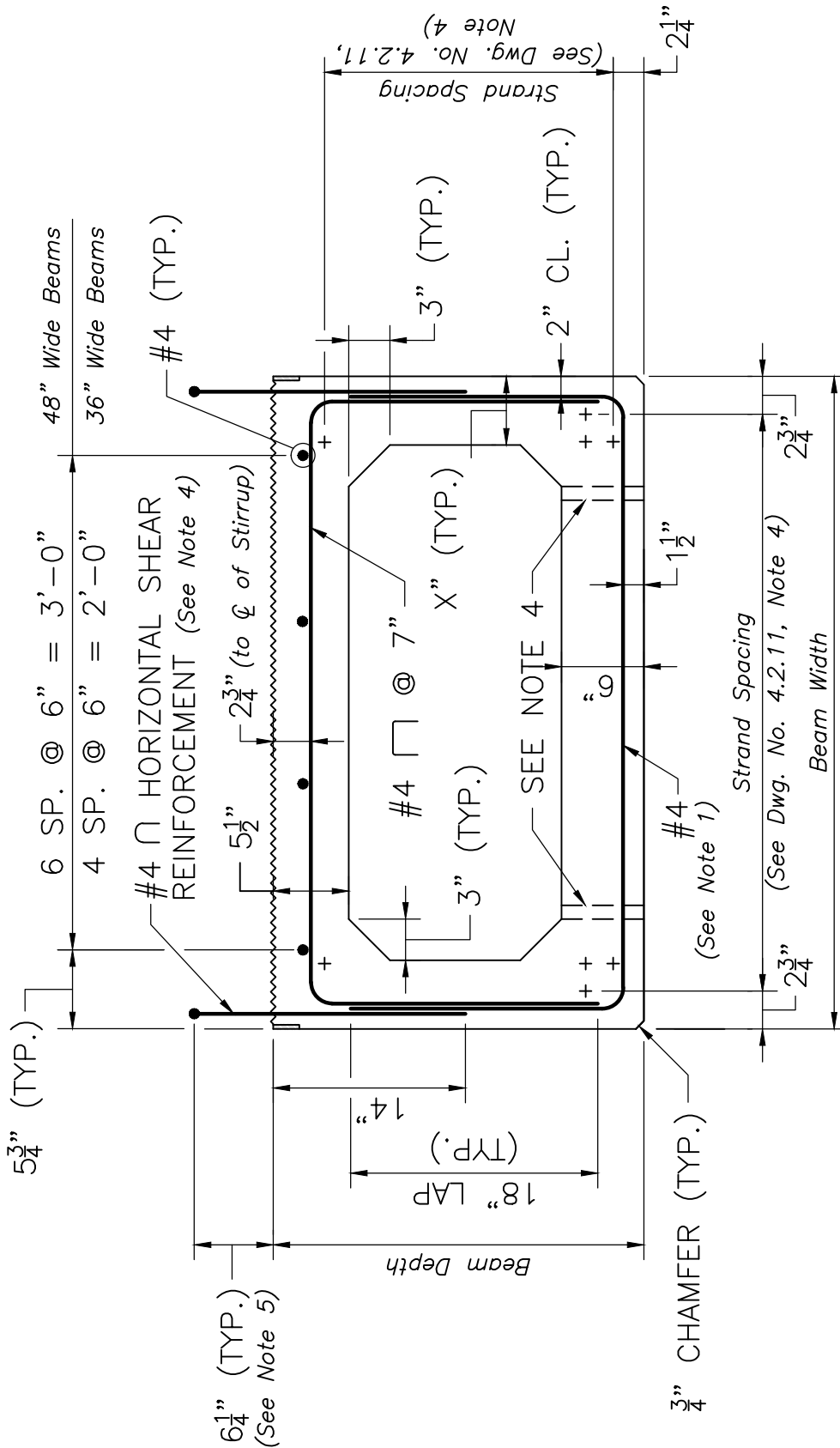
6.2.3

MIDSPAN SECTION

PRECAST CONCRETE BOX BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER
6.2.5



NOTES:

See Dwg. No. 6.2.8 for notes to be included on Construction Drawings.

TYPICAL MIDSPAN SECTION

SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"

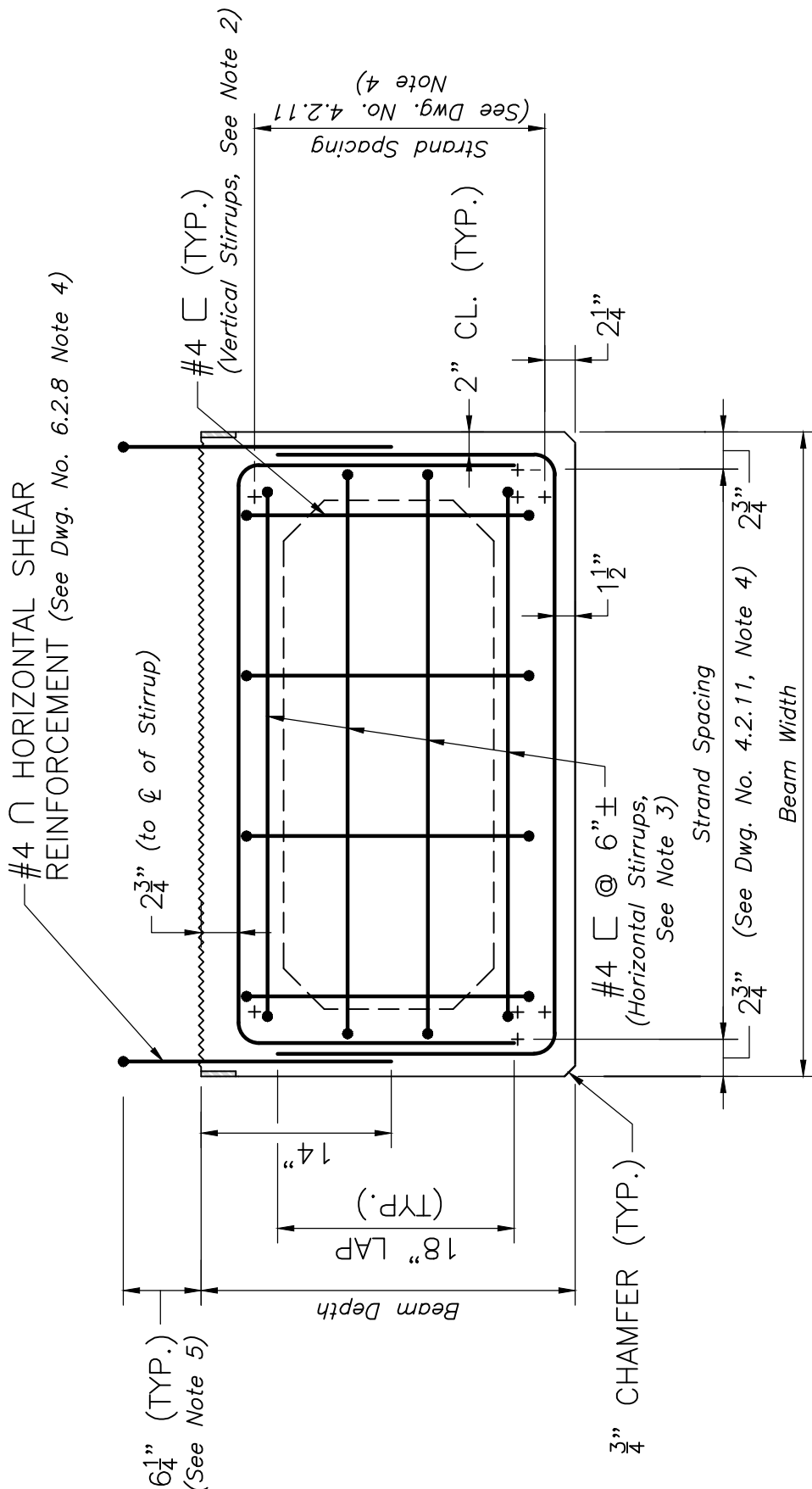
NOTE: See Dwg. No. 6.2.8 for Designer Notes.

END OF BEAM SECTION

PRECAST CONCRETE BOX BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
 JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER
6.2.6



NOTES:

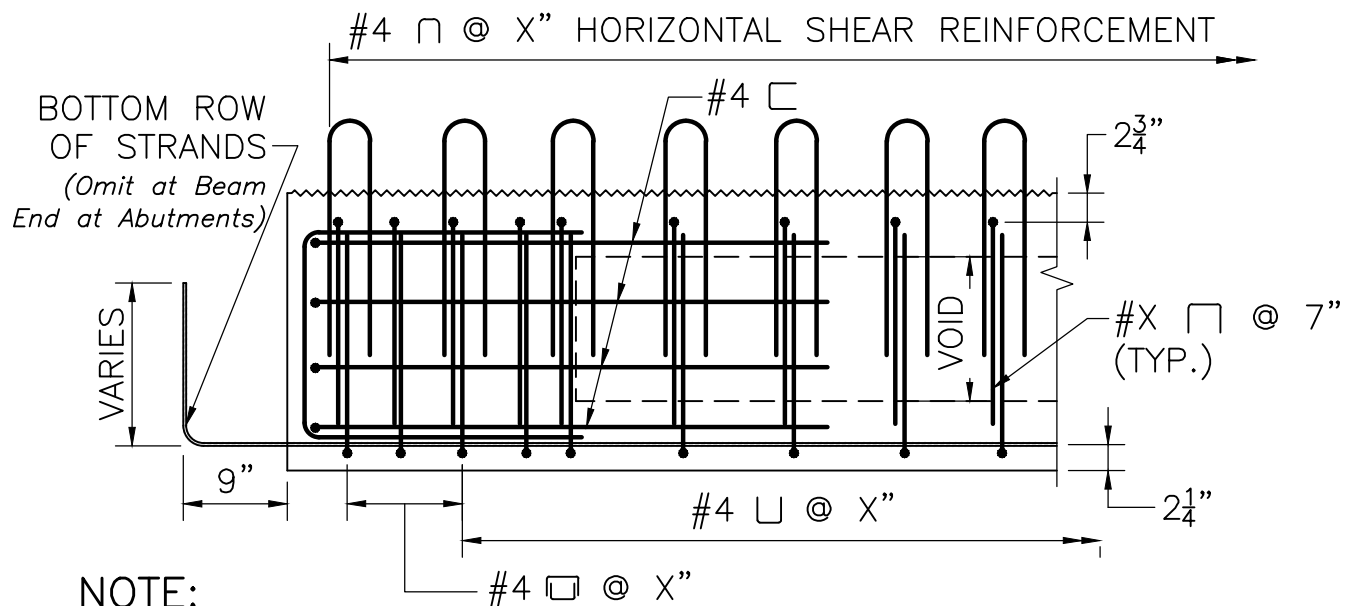
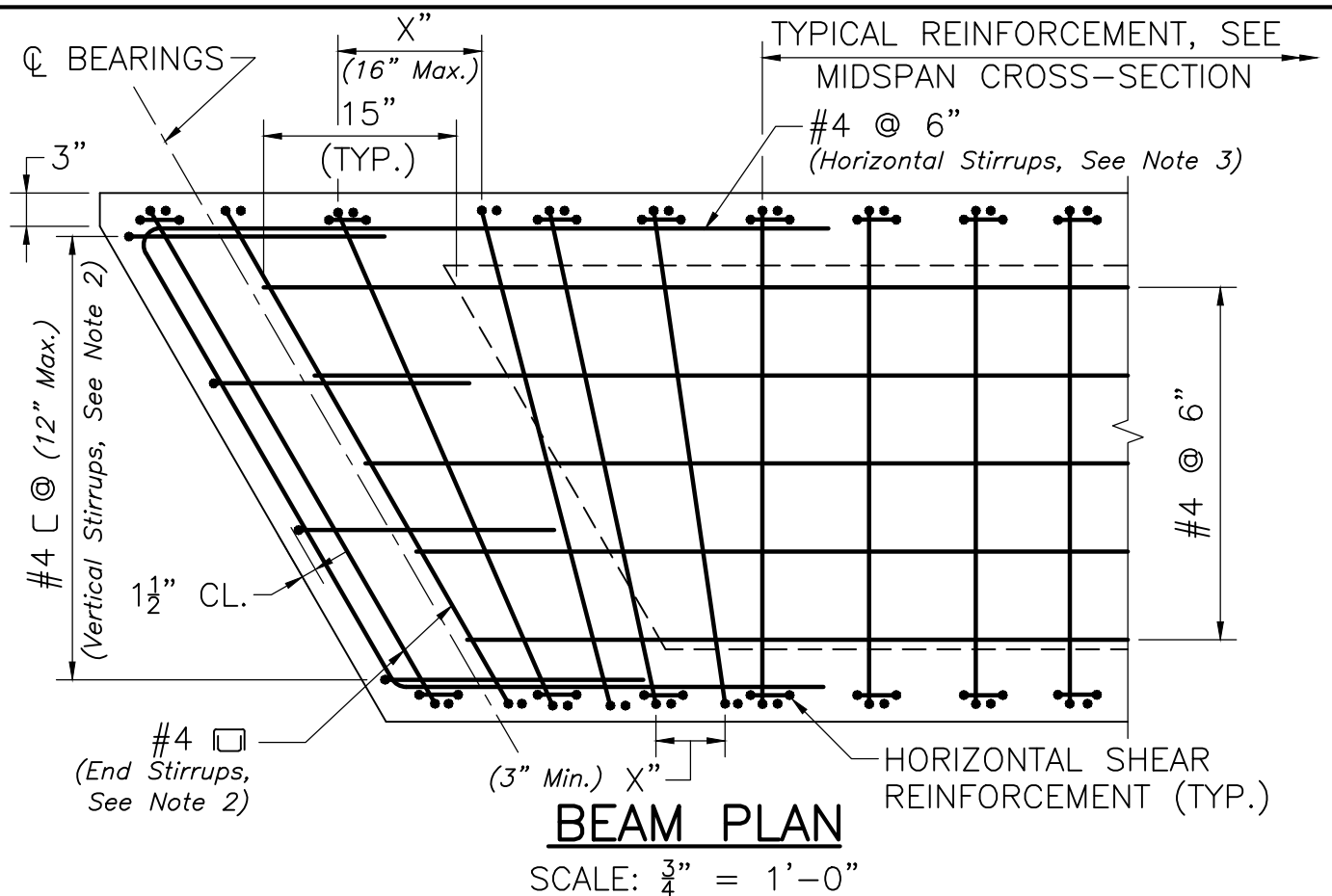
(See Dwg. No. 6.2.8 for notes to be included on Construction Drawings.)

END OF BEAM SECTION

SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"

NOTE:

See Dwg. No. 6.2.8 for Designer Notes.



NOTE:

THE REMAINDER OF THE STRANDS IS NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY.

NOTES:

1. The extent of these details should be long enough to indicate typical stirrup spacing throughout the beam.
2. See Dwg. 6.2.8 for Designer Notes.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

BEAM PLAN AND ELEVATION

PRECAST CONCRETE BOX BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.2.7

NOTES: *(Include these notes with details shown on Dwg. No's. 6.2.5 and 6.2.6)*

1. + DENOTES STRAIGHT STRANDS.
2. ◇ DENOTES DRAPED STRANDS. *(Include only if needed)*
3. ⊕ DENOTES DEBONDED STRANDS. *(Include only if needed)*
4. 1" ∅ DRAIN, PLACED AT BOTH ENDS OF VOIDS.
5. SEE BEAM ELEVATION FOR STIRRUP SPACING.

NOTES: *(These notes are for details shown on Dwg. No's. 6.2.5, 6.2.6 and 6.2.7)*

1. *Bottom transverse stirrups shall be placed at a multiple of the top transverse stirrup spacing with a maximum spacing of 14". See prestressed section of Part I of the Bridge Manual for the design of the transverse stirrups.*
2. *See the prestressed section of Part I of the Bridge Manual for the design of the end transverse stirrups and vertical stirrups. The horizontal legs of the vertical stirrups are equal to the depth of the beam and shall be dimensioned on the plan view.*
3. *Horizontal stirrups shall be embedded a minimum distance equal to the depth of the beam or 12" into the web of the voided section, whichever is longer. Length of embedment shall be noted on the plan view.*
4. *Horizontal shear reinforcement shall be designed in accordance with Article 5.8.4 of the AASHTO-LRFD and shall be spaced at the multiple of the transverse stirrups.*
5. *Embedment of horizontal shear reinforcement into the deck slab may need to be increased in cases with large blocking depths. However, the Designer shall ensure that at least 2" clear cover is maintained to the top of deck at all locations. The embedment length shown does not produce full development.*



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

CONSTRUCTION AND
DESIGNER NOTES
PRECAST CONCRETE BOX BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER
6.2.8

PRESTRESS NOTES:

1. ALL PRETENSIONING ELEMENTS SHALL BE 0.6" ϕ , UNCOATED, SEVEN-WIRE, LOW RELAXATION STEEL STRANDS AND SHALL CONFORM TO AASHTO M 203.
2. THE NOMINAL TENSILE STRENGTH OF THE PRETENSIONING STRANDS SHALL BE 270 KSI.
3. THE INITIAL TENSION PER 0.6" ϕ STRAND SHALL BE 44 KIPS.
4. THE MINIMUM 28 DAY COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH SHALL BE 6500 PSI. *(See Note)*
5. NO PRESTRESS SHALL BE TRANSFERRED TO THE CONCRETE UNTIL IT HAS ATTAINED A COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH, AS SHOWN BY A CYLINDER TEST, OF AT LEAST 4500 PSI.
(See Note)
6. THE TOP OF ALL BEAMS SHALL BE GIVEN A RAKED FINISH ($\frac{1}{4}$ " AMPLITUDE) ACROSS THE WIDTH (PERPENDICULAR TO THE BEAM'S AXIS).
7. THE FABRICATOR IS FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF THE LIFTING DEVICES WHICH SHALL BE ADEQUATE FOR THE SAFETY FACTORS REQUIRED BY THE ERECTION PROCEDURE.

NOTE:

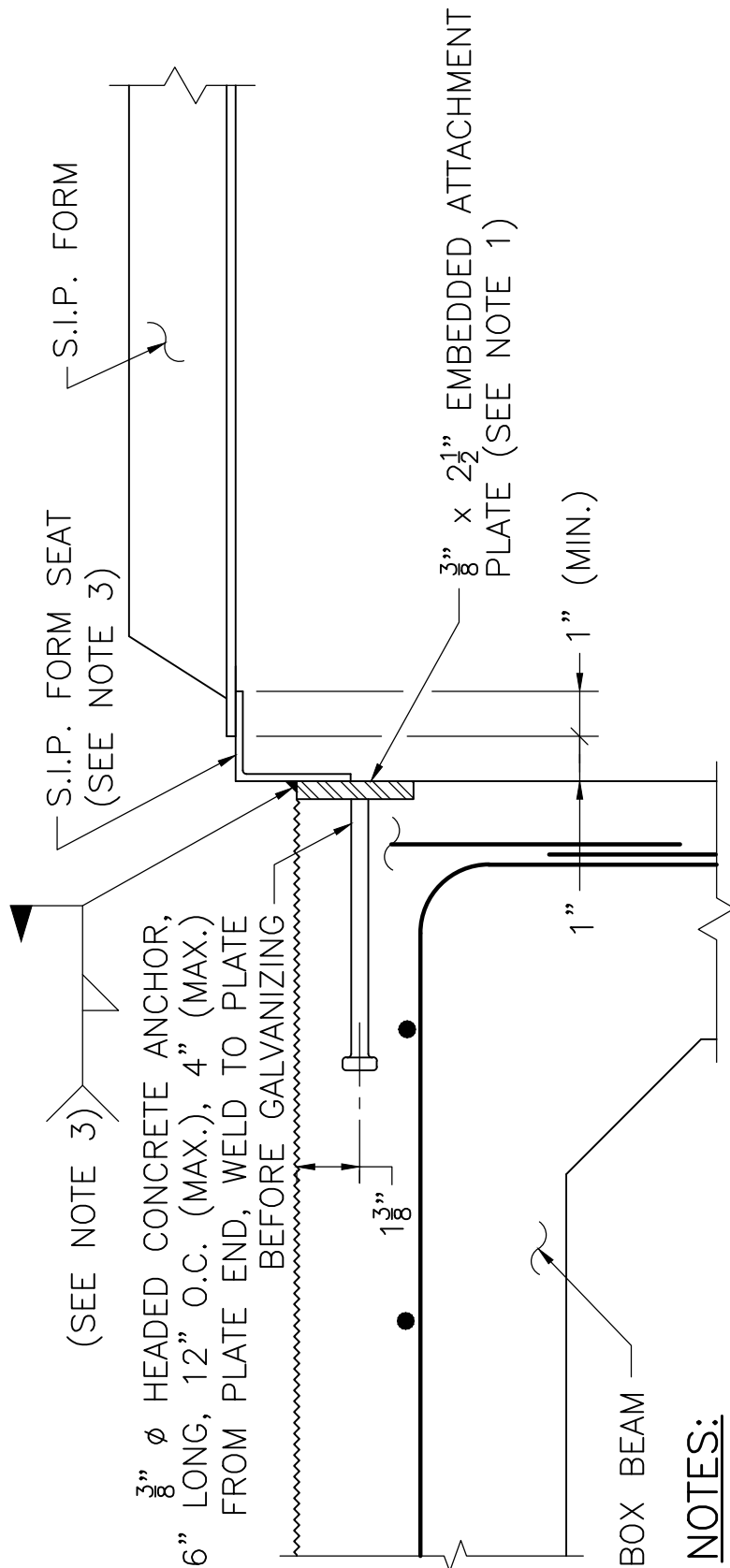
If required by design, HP concrete with a compressive strength of 8000 psi may be used with the permission of the Director of Bridges and Structures. A Special Provision will be required in this case.

STAY-IN-PLACE FORM ATTACHMENT DETAIL

PRECAST CONCRETE BOX BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
 JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER
6.2.10



NOTES:

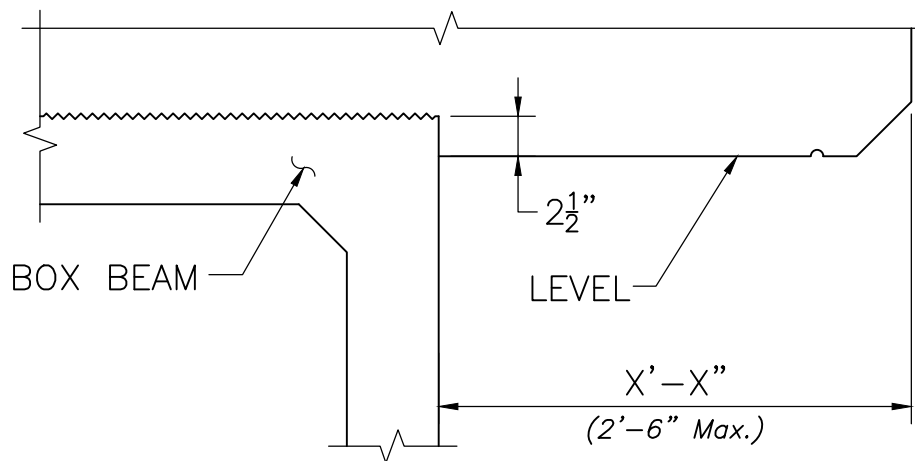
1. EMBEDDED ATTACHMENT PLATES SHALL BE HOT-DIP GALVANIZED AASHTO M 270 GRADE 36 STEEL. THE PLATES SHALL BE IN LENGTHS FROM 3' TO 12', WITH PIECES BUTTED TOGETHER WITHOUT END CONNECTIONS FOR FULL LENGTH OF BEAM. THE HEADED ANCHORS SHALL BE ATTACHED TO THE PLATES PRIOR TO GALVANIZING.
2. HEADED ANCHORS SHALL CONFORM TO M8.04.1 FOR MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS ONLY.
3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF THE S.I.P. FORM SEAT AND WELD.
4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REMOVING THE CONCRETE LAITANCE FROM THE ATTACHMENT PLATE BEFORE INSTALLING THE S.I.P. FORMS.

STAY-IN-PLACE FORM ATTACHMENT DETAIL

SCALE: 3" = 1'-0"

NOTE:

When the clear span between beams exceeds 6'-6", the Designer shall verify anchor spacing and embedded plate thickness.



SLAB OVERHANG AT FASCIA BEAM

SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"

NOTE:

Modify the deck slab overhang details as depicted for Steel Stringer Bridges in the relevant Chapter 9 drawings as shown above, when using Spread Box Beams.



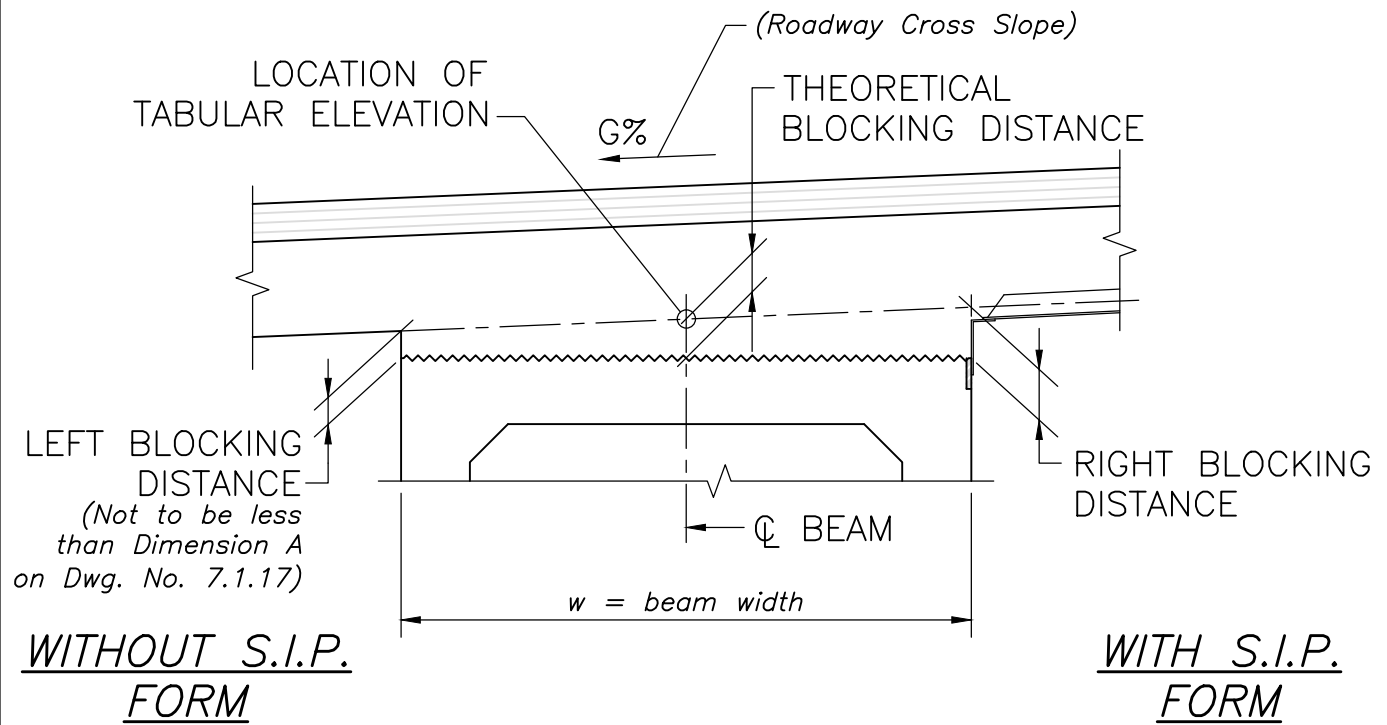
LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

SLAB OVERHANG AT
FASCIA BEAM
PRECAST CONCRETE BOX BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.2.11



NOTES:

1. THE RIGHT AND LEFT ORIENTATION IS TAKEN LOOKING UPSTATION ALONG THE BEAM.
2. RIGHT BLOCKING DISTANCE = THEORETICAL BLOCKING DISTANCE + "R"
LEFT BLOCKING DISTANCE = THEORETICAL BLOCKING DISTANCE + "L"

HAUNCH DETAIL

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

NOTES:

1. The haunch detail above shows both methods of deck construction, i.e. with S.I.P. forms and w/o S.I.P. forms. The Designer shall modify the detail as required to suite the actual project.
2. For Spread Box Beam bridges, use the above Haunch Detail in place of the one on Dwg. No. 7.1.17. Also modify the note on Dwg. No. 7.1.17 to say "Theoretical" instead of "Actual" blocking distance.
3. For the above detail:
 $"R" = G/100 \times w/2$
 $"L" = -G/100 \times w/2$
 Since "R" and "L" vary with changes in the roadway cross slope, it is advisable to provide a table of "R" and "L" values for each beam or group of beams for each roadway cross slope situation. Always show "R" and "L" with their correct algebraic sign.



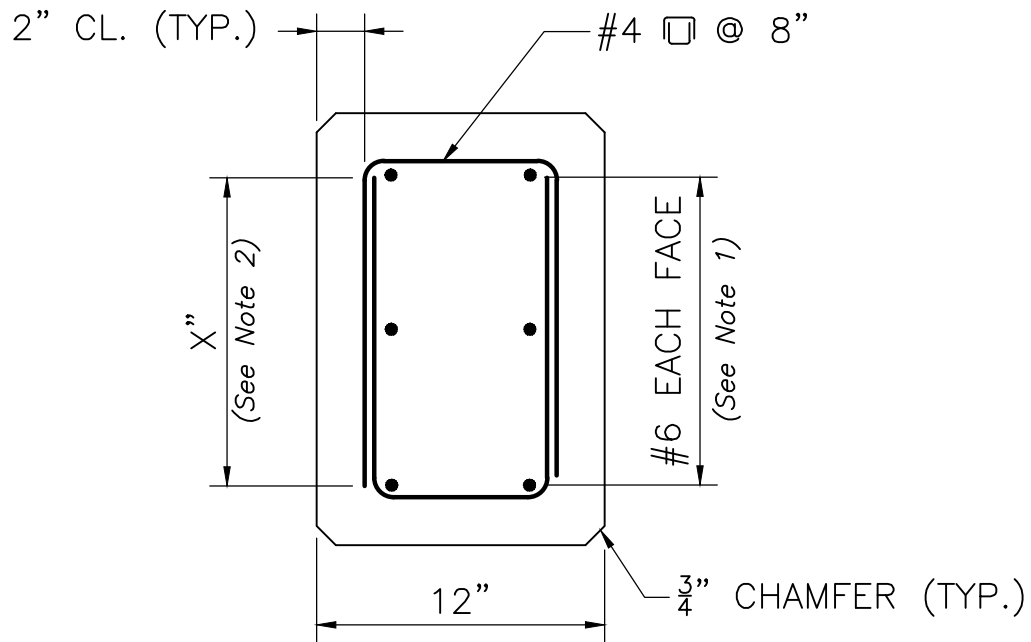
LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

HAUNCH DETAIL

PRECAST CONCRETE BOX BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER
6.2.12



SECTION 1

SCALE: $1\frac{1}{2}" = 1'-0"$

NOTES:

- Provide #6 bars by beam designation as follows:
 B-24 and B-27 beams: 3 bars each face
 B-30, B-33, B-36 and B-39 beams: 4 bars each face
 B-42, B-45 and B-48 beams: 5 bars each face
- Lap shall be either 20" or full height of diaphragm minus 4", whichever is smaller. The Designer shall specify the lap length on the plans.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

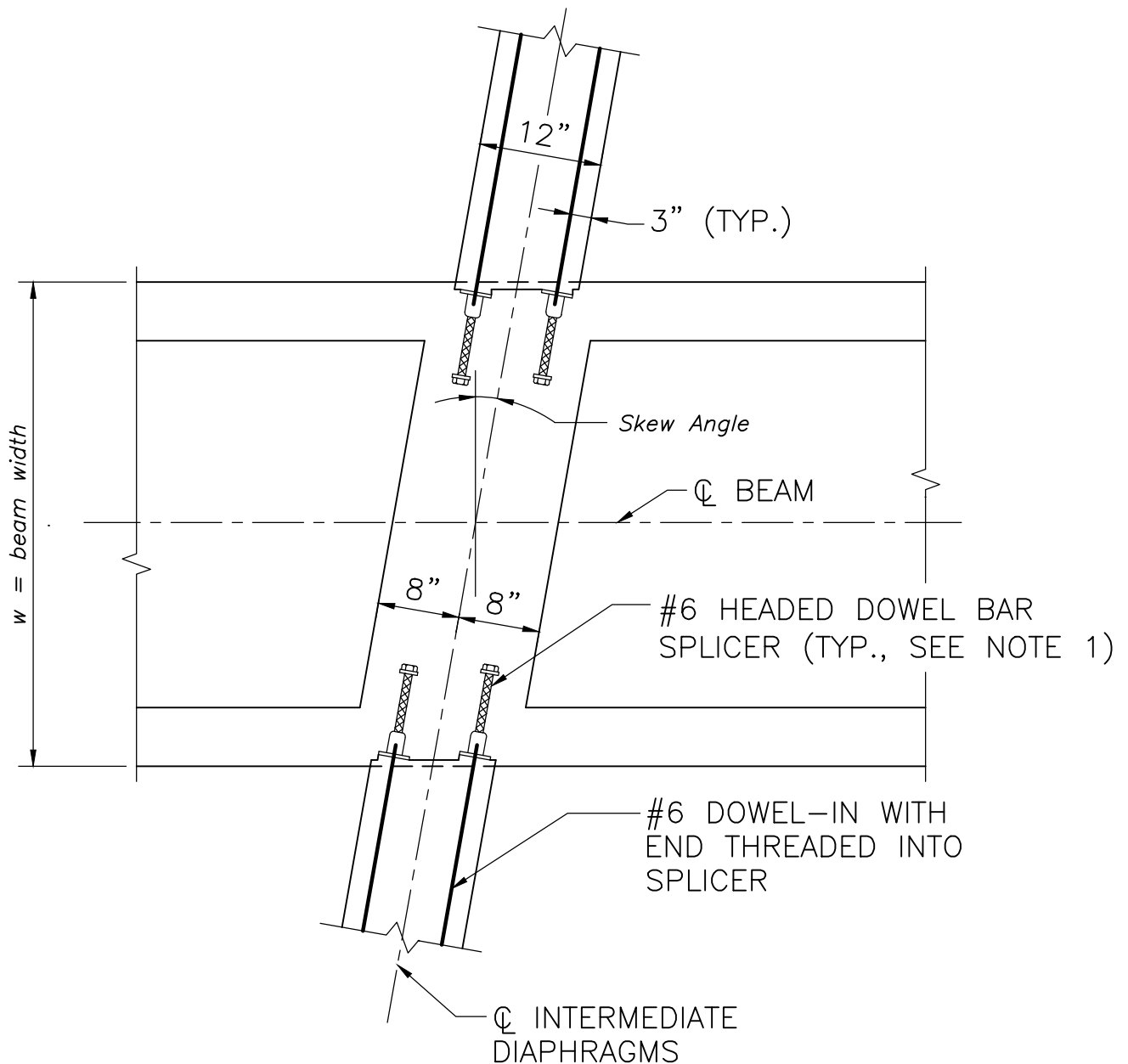
INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM SECTION

PRECAST CONCRETE BOX BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.2.14



NOTES:

1. HEADED REINFORCEMENT BAR SPLICERS SHALL BE ALIGNED WITH THE SKEW OF THE INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGMS.
2. NOT ALL DIAPHRAGM REINFORCEMENT IS SHOWN FOR CLARITY.

INTERNAL DIAPHRAGM

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$



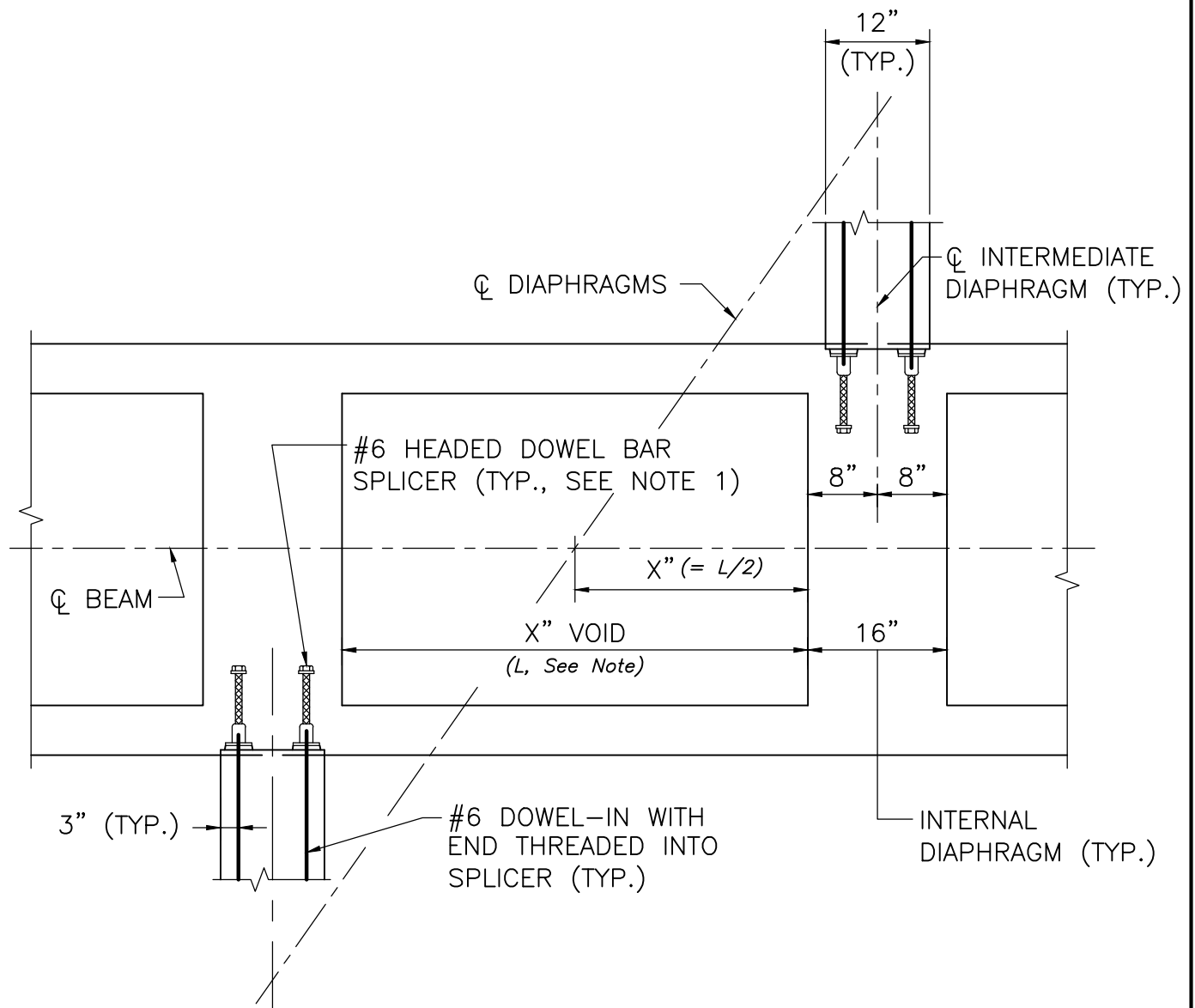
LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

INTERNAL DIAPHRAGM
(SKEW $\leq 30^\circ$)
PRECAST CONCRETE BOX BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.2.15



NOTES:

1. HEADED REINFORCEMENT BAR SPLICERS SHALL BE SET PERPENDICULAR TO THE FACE OF THE BEAM.
2. NOT ALL INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM REINFORCEMENT IS SHOWN FOR CLARITY.

INTERNAL DIAPHRAGM

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

NOTE:

Minimum length of void is equal to 2'. If this minimum dimension cannot be met, omit void and combine the internal diaphragms into one solid block. Include weight of this block in design calculations.



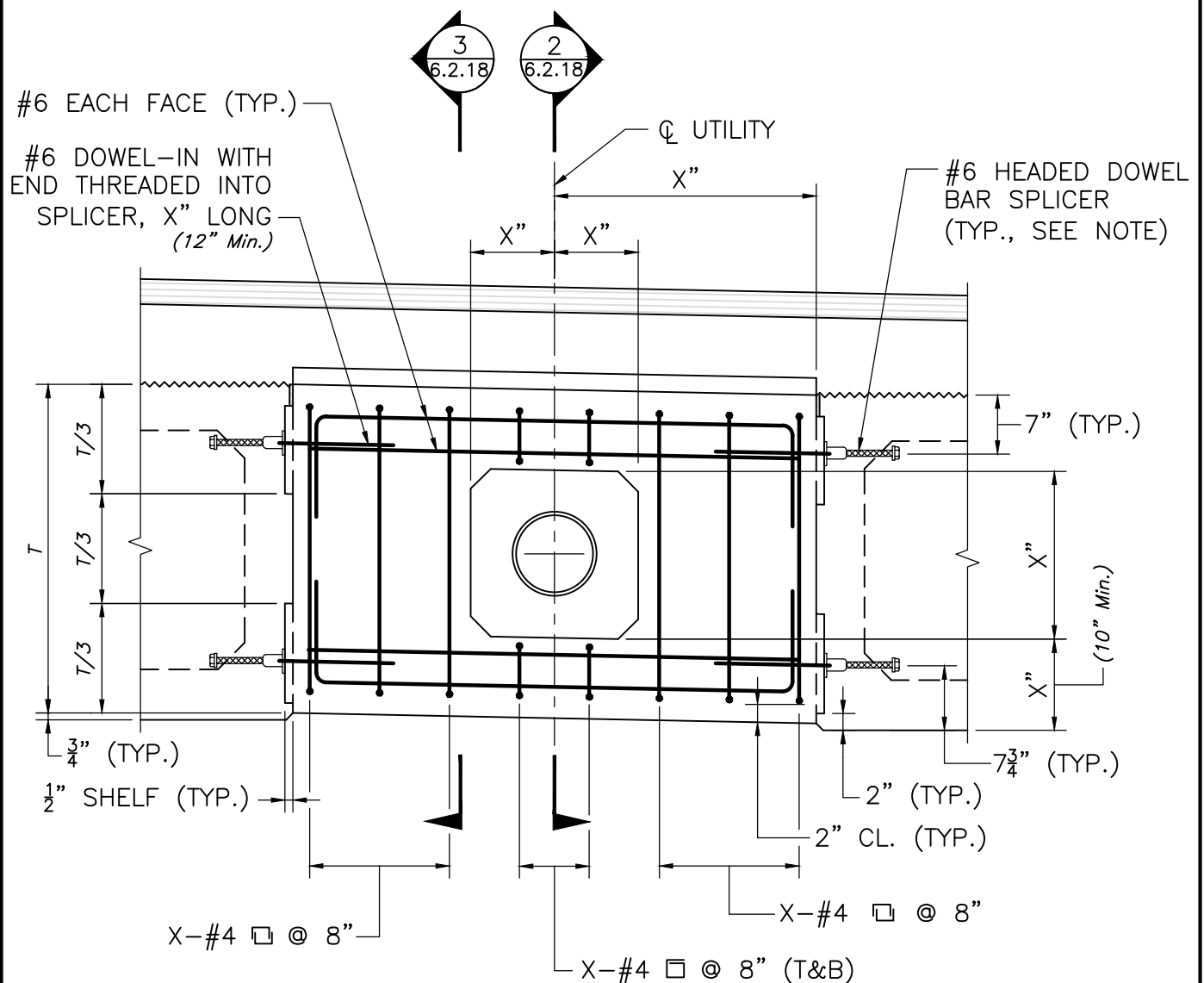
LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

INTERNAL DIAPHRAGM
(SKEW > 30°)
PRECAST CONCRETE BOX BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.2.16



NOTE:

#6 HEADED DOWEL BAR SPLICERS SHALL BE CAST INTO THE PRECAST BEAMS BY THE FABRICATOR. THEY SHALL BE EMBEDDED AS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE A MINIMUM NOMINAL TENSILE RESISTANCE OF 39.6 KIPS AS SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER.

**INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM
WITH UTILITY**

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

NOTES:

1. In case of utility, the intermediate diaphragms shall be omitted for B-24, B-27, B-30 and B-33 beams. For deeper beams, the intermediate diaphragm may still have to be modified depending on the size of utility. The Designer shall consider modifying the diaphragm to an inverted U and designing the reinforcement as a frame.
2. The type of utility shown is conceptual and shall be modified to accommodate the actual type.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

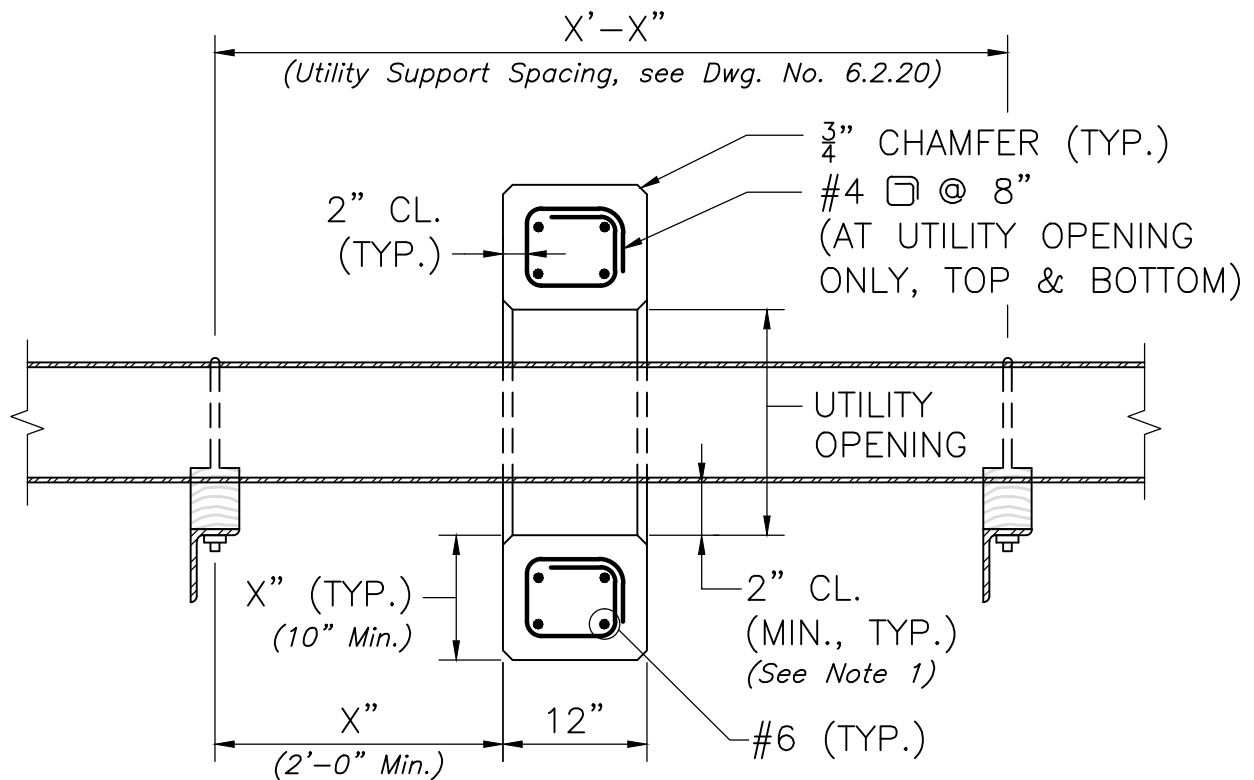
**INTERMEDIATE DIAPHRAGM
WITH UTILITY**

PRECAST CONCRETE BOX BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

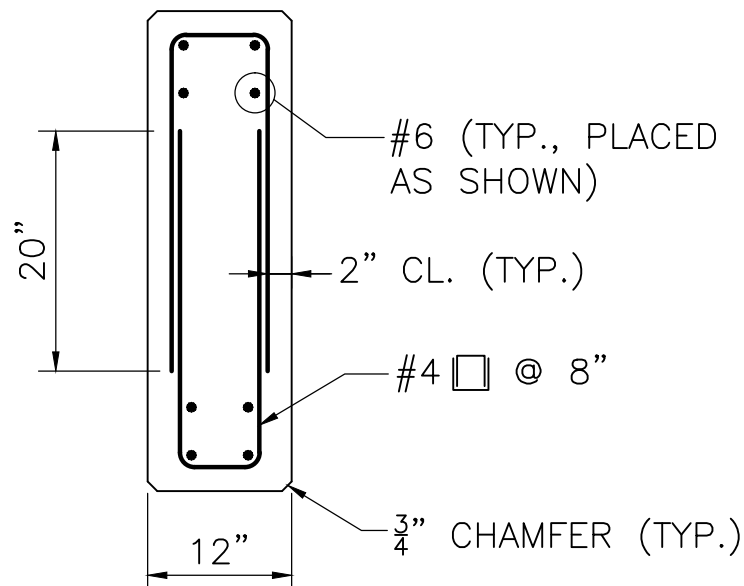
DRAWING NUMBER

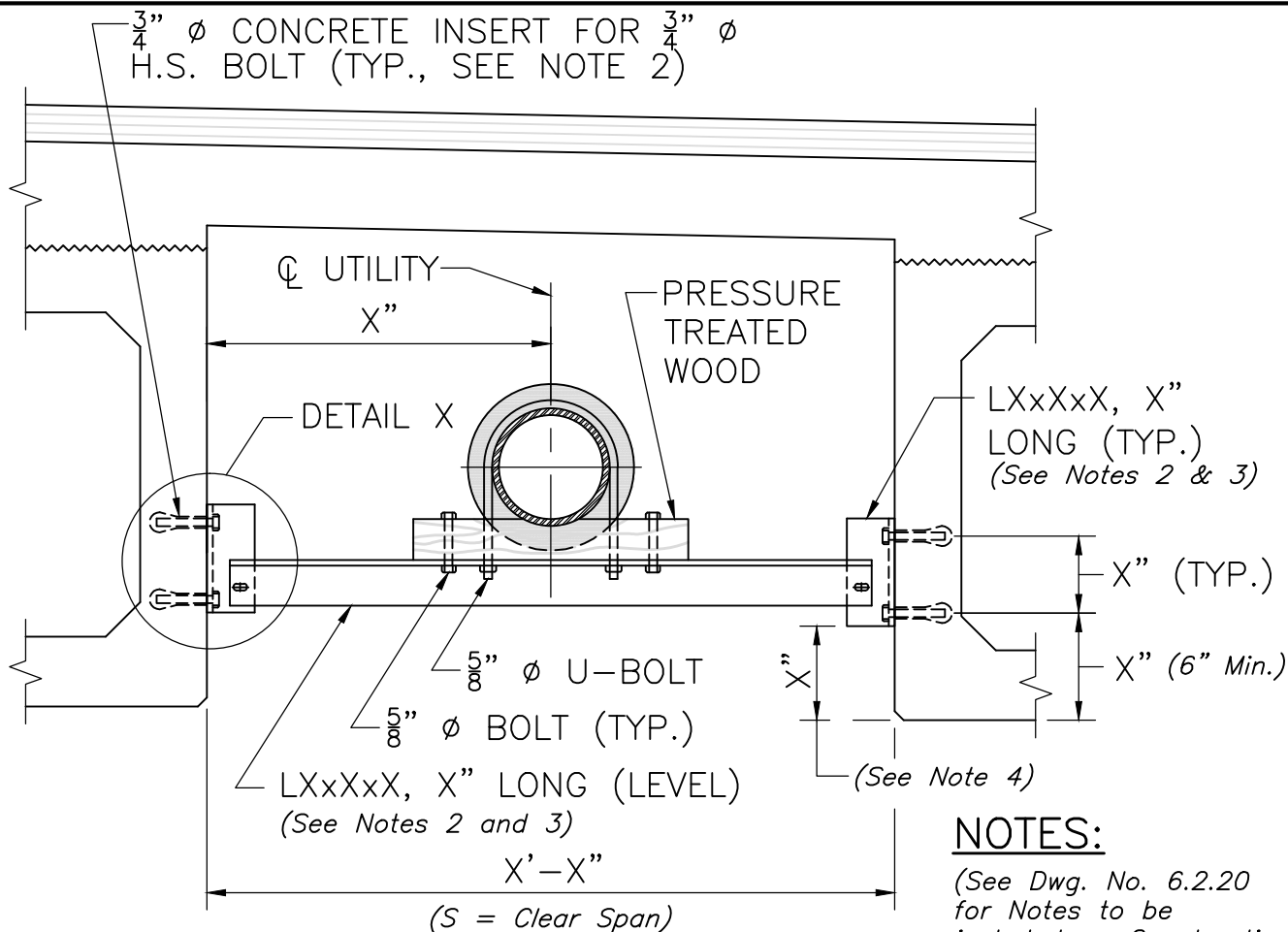
6.2.17



NOTES:

1. The Designer shall verify that the clearances required by utilities are maintained.
2. The type of utility shown is conceptual and shall be modified to accommodate the actual type.





UTILITY SUPPORT DETAIL

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}$ " = 1'-0"

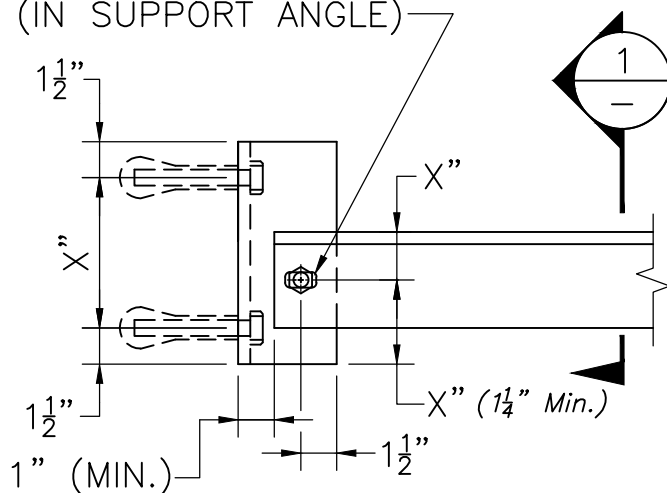
NOTES:

(See Dwg. No. 6.2.20 for Notes to be included on Construction Drawings)

NOTES:

See Dwg. No. 6.2.20 for Designer Notes.

$\frac{7}{8}$ "x2" SLOTTED HOLE FOR $\frac{3}{4}$ " ϕ H.S. BOLT (IN SUPPORT ANGLE)

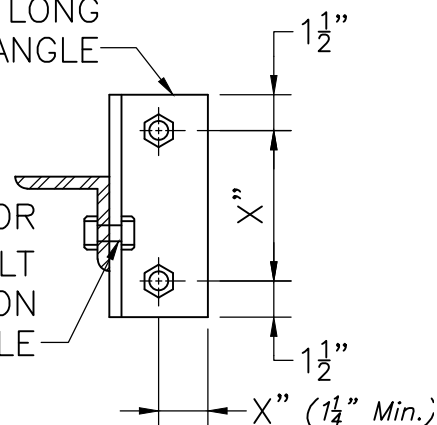


DETAIL X

SCALE: $1\frac{1}{2}$ " = 1'-0"

LXxXxX, X" LONG CONNECTION ANGLE

$\frac{7}{8}$ " ϕ HOLE FOR $\frac{3}{4}$ " ϕ H.S. BOLT IN CONNECTION ANGLE



SECTION 1

SCALE: $1\frac{1}{2}$ " = 1'-0"



LRFD BRIDGE
 MANUAL, PART II

UTILITY SUPPORT DETAILS

PRECAST CONCRETE BOX BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
 JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

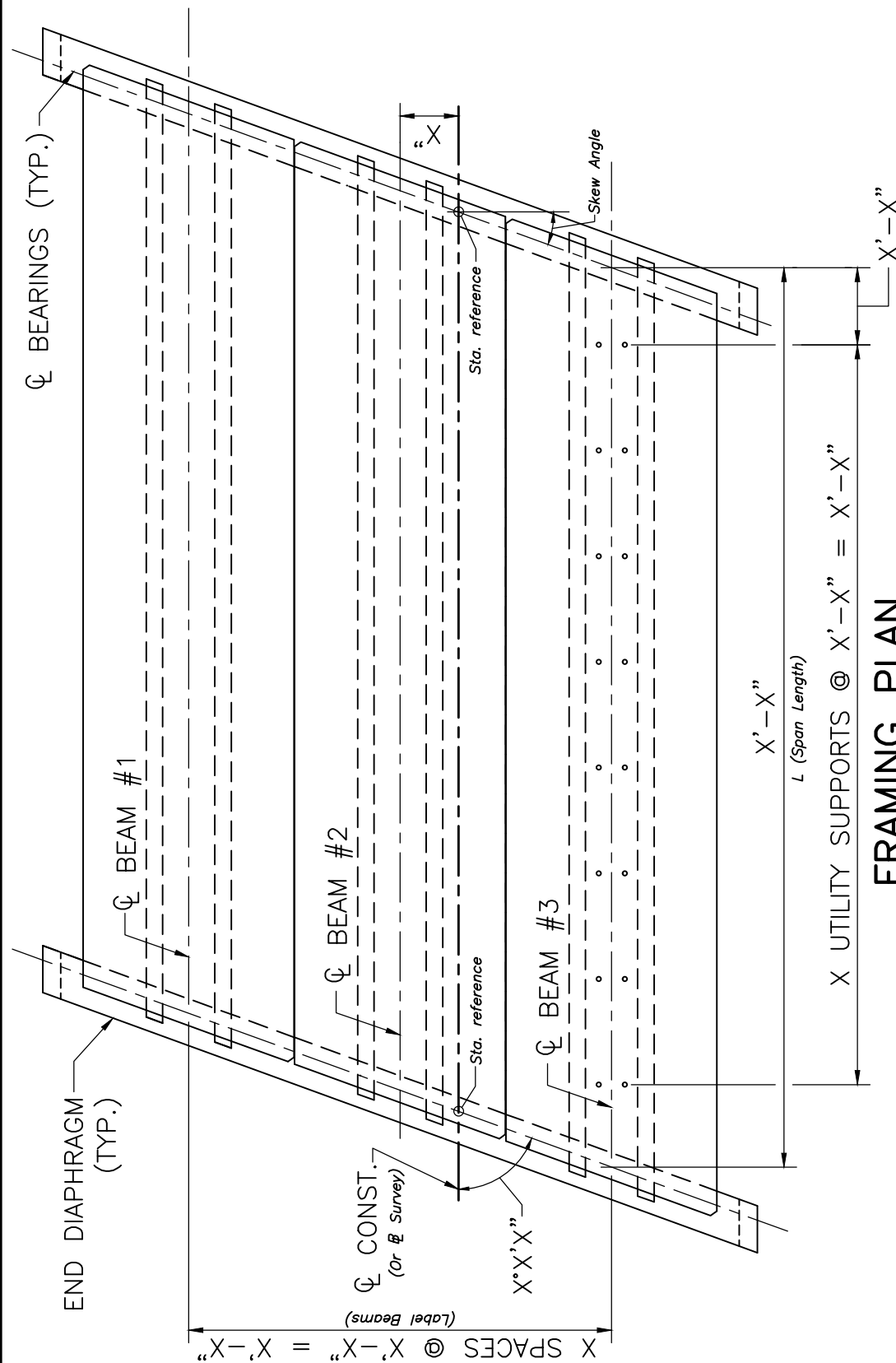
6.2.19

NOTES: *(Include these Notes with details shown on Dwg. No. 6.2.19)*

1. ALL STRUCTURAL STEEL FOR UTILITY SUPPORTS SHALL CONFORM TO AASHTO M 270 GRADE 36. ALL STRUCTURAL STEEL AND FASTENERS SHALL BE HOT-DIP GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AASHTO M 111 AND M 232.
2. $\frac{3}{4}$ " ϕ THREADED INSERTS FOR $\frac{3}{4}$ " ϕ H.S. BOLTS SHALL BE CAST INTO THE PRECAST BEAMS BY THE FABRICATOR AND SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM NOMINAL TENSILE RESISTANCE OF 6.0 KIPS AND A MINIMUM NOMINAL SHEAR RESISTANCE OF 6.0 KIPS IN 3000 PSI CONCRETE.
(The Designer shall determine the required insert capacities if $S > 12'$)
3. THE UTILITY SUPPORT ANGLE SHALL BE ERECTED WITH THE LONG LEG VERTICAL.
4. INSERTS SHALL BE POSITIONED TO AVOID INTERFERENCE WITH PRESTRESSING STRANDS.

NOTES: *(These Notes are for details shown on Dwg. No. 6.2.19)*

1. *The type of utility shown is conceptual and shall be modified to accommodate the actual type.*
2. For $S < 6'-6"$ use $L5 \times 3\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$
For $6'-6" \leq S \leq 12'-0"$ use $L6 \times 4 \times \frac{5}{8}$
For $S > 12'-0"$ to be designed by Designer
3. *Maximum utility support spacing = 11'-6" and the maximum total utility weight = 250 lbs/ft. If either of these limits is exceeded, the Designer shall design the support angle.*
4. *The preferred dimension from the bottom of the beam to the bottom of the connection angle is 4". However, if more vertical clearance is required due to the size of the utility, this dimension can be reduced to $\frac{3}{4}"$.*
5. *If more horizontal clearance is required, use a coped WT section with a bolt on both sides of the stem in place of the connection angle.*



FRAMING PLAN

SCALE: (1" = 1'-0" Min.)

NOTES:

1. Framing plan shall be drawn full length without breaks and to scale on the Construction Drawings. Label beam types and include North Arrow.
2. Ends of beams and end diaphragms shall follow the skew of a bridge.
3. For utility support spacing requirements, see Dwg. No. 6.3.11.
4. For those bridges with East and West abutments, the beams shall be numbered consecutively starting from the West abutment to the East abutment. For those bridges with North and South abutments, the beams shall be numbered consecutively starting from the Western most beam to the Eastern most and the spans shall be numbered consecutively from the South abutment to the North abutment.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

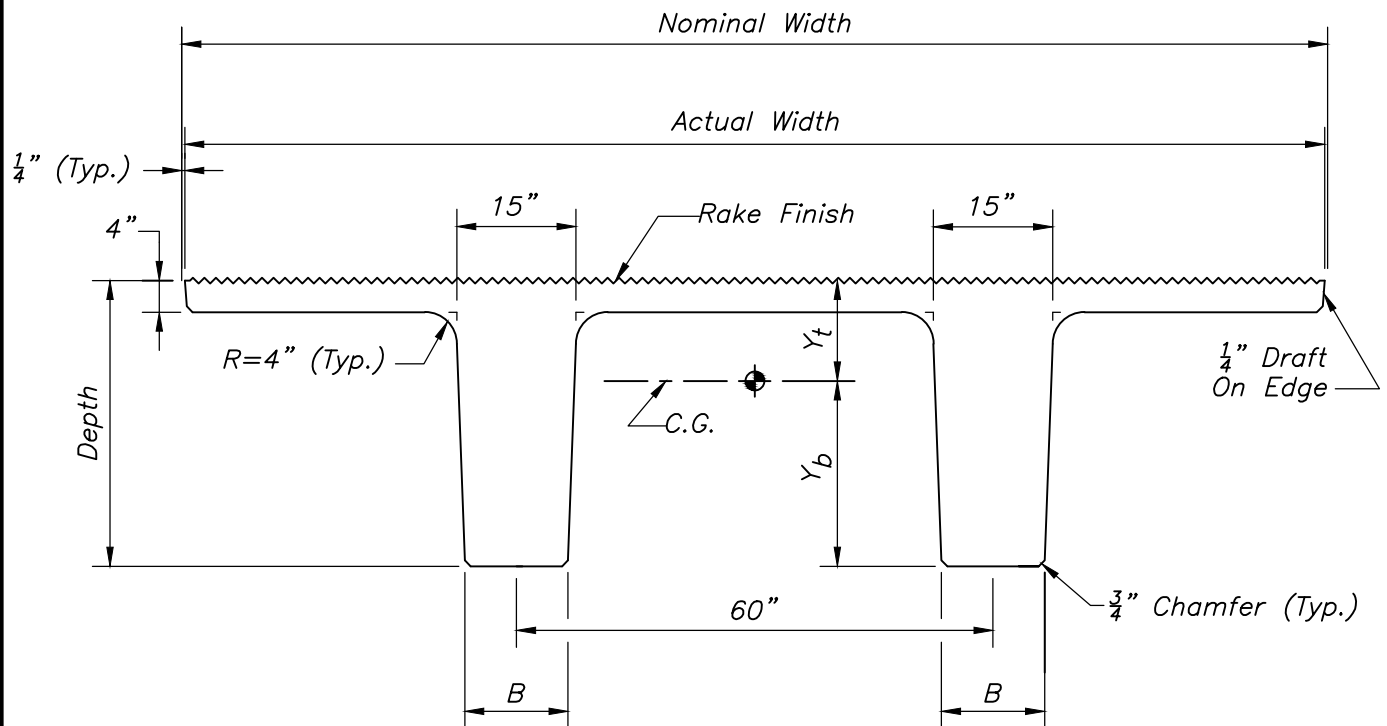
FRAMING PLAN

PRECAST CONCRETE NEXT F BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.3.1



STANDARD NEXT F BEAM

NOT TO SCALE

NOTES:

1. For beam section properties see Dwg. No. 6.3.3. The properties shown are based on 6" increment intervals. Variation between these limits is allowed in order to construct a bridge to the required width. The variation in width is accomplished by varying the overhang dimensions. The designer will need to calculate beam properties for beams that are not equal to the widths listed.
2. The actual width of the beam takes into account a nominal $\frac{1}{2}$ " wide gap between beams to account for tolerances. The spacing of beams on a typical bridge shall be at the nominal spacing.
3. Bridges with small curvature can be built using these sections by varying the overhang of the fascia beams along the length. Interior beams should always be symmetrical about the vertical axis. Non-symmetrical sections are possible, however the beam may require a special design with a non-symmetrical strand pattern.
4. The ends of the beams should be skewed for skewed bridges. The acute corners of the flange overhangs should be chamfered 6"x6" in order to minimize casting and handling damage.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

STANDARD NEXT F BEAM SERIES TYPICAL DIMENSIONS

PRECAST CONCRETE NEXT F BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.3.2

NEXT F BEAM PROPERTIES

BEAM TYPE	WIDTH (in)		DEPTH (in)	B (in)	AREA (in ²)	I (in ⁴)	Y _b (in)	Y _t (in)	S _b (in ³)	S _t (in ³)	WEIGHT (lbs/ft)	MAX. SPAN (ft)
	Nominal	Actual										
96" WIDE BEAMS												
NEXT 24F	96	95.5	24	13.75	972	51905	14.94	9.06	3475	5730	1013	62
NEXT 28F	96	95.5	28	13.50	1082	80037	17.23	10.77	4646	7432	1128	70
NEXT 32F	96	95.5	32	13.25	1190	116036	19.50	12.50	5951	9283	1240	78
NEXT 36F	96	95.5	36	13.00	1296	160602	21.75	14.25	7384	11271	1350	85
102" WIDE BEAMS												
NEXT 24F	102	101.5	24	13.75	996	53105	15.11	8.89	3515	5974	1038	61
NEXT 28F	102	101.5	28	13.50	1106	81875	17.42	10.58	4701	7739	1153	69
NEXT 32F	102	101.5	32	13.25	1214	118662	19.71	12.29	6021	9656	1265	78
NEXT 36F	102	101.5	36	13.00	1320	164167	21.97	14.03	7473	11702	1375	85
108" WIDE BEAMS												
NEXT 24F	108	107.5	24	13.75	1020	54250	15.27	8.73	3553	6215	1063	61
NEXT 28F	108	107.5	28	13.50	1130	83636	17.60	10.40	4753	8042	1178	68
NEXT 32F	108	107.5	32	13.25	1238	121188	19.91	12.09	6087	10024	1290	76
NEXT 36F	108	107.5	36	13.00	1344	167606	22.22	13.81	7544	12137	1400	85
114" WIDE BEAMS												
NEXT 24F	114	113.5	24	13.75	1043	55345	15.42	8.58	3590	6451	1087	60
NEXT 28F	114	113.5	28	13.50	1154	85326	17.78	10.22	4799	8349	1203	68
NEXT 32F	114	113.5	32	13.25	1262	123619	20.10	11.90	6151	10389	1315	75
NEXT 36F	114	113.5	36	13.00	1368	170925	22.41	13.59	7628	12578	1425	84
120" WIDE BEAMS												
NEXT 24F	120	119.5	24	13.75	1068	56391	15.57	8.43	3622	6690	1113	57
NEXT 28F	120	119.5	28	13.50	1178	86948	17.94	10.06	4847	8643	1228	65
NEXT 32F	120	119.5	32	13.25	1286	125960	20.28	11.72	6212	10748	1340	73
NEXT 36F	120	119.5	36	13.00	1392	174131	22.59	13.41	7709	12986	1450	81
126" WIDE BEAMS												
NEXT 24F	126	125.5	24	13.75	1092	57393	15.71	8.29	3654	6924	1138	57
NEXT 28F	126	125.5	28	13.50	1202	88506	18.11	9.89	4888	8950	1253	64
NEXT 32F	126	125.5	32	13.25	1310	128217	20.46	11.54	6267	11111	1365	73
NEXT 36F	126	125.5	36	13.00	1416	177230	22.78	13.22	7781	13407	1475	79
132" WIDE BEAMS												
NEXT 24F	132	131.5	24	13.75	1116	58353	15.85	8.15	3682	7160	1163	57
NEXT 28F	132	131.5	28	13.50	1226	90005	18.26	9.74	4930	9241	1278	64
NEXT 32F	132	131.5	32	13.25	1334	130393	20.63	11.37	6321	11469	1390	72
NEXT 36F	132	131.5	36	13.00	1440	180226	22.97	13.03	7847	13832	1500	79
138" WIDE BEAMS												
NEXT 24F	138	137.5	24	13.75	1140	59274	15.98	8.02	3710	7391	1188	55
NEXT 28F	138	137.5	28	13.50	1250	91447	18.41	9.59	4968	9536	1303	63
NEXT 32F	138	137.5	32	13.25	1358	132494	20.80	11.20	6370	11830	1415	71
NEXT 36F	138	137.5	36	13.00	1464	183125	23.09	12.84	7931	14263	1525	79
144" WIDE BEAMS												
NEXT 24F	144	143.5	24	13.75	1164	60159	16.10	7.90	3737	7616	1213	54
NEXT 28F	144	143.5	28	13.50	1274	92836	18.55	9.45	5005	9824	1328	63
NEXT 32F	144	143.5	32	13.25	1382	134523	20.96	11.04	6419	12186	1440	70
NEXT 36F	144	143.5	36	13.00	1488	186000	23.34	12.66	7970	14692	1550	78

NOTE:

See Dwg. No. 6.3.4 for maximum span length design assumptions.

NOTES:

Maximum span lengths are approximate and based on the following assumptions:

- $f'_c = 8000$ psi (Precast)
- $f'_{ci} = 6000$ psi (Precast)
- $f'_c = 4000$ psi (8" cast-in-place composite deck)
- Final allowable tension at bottom of beam is equal to $0.0948 f'_c$ ksi.
- HL-93 Live Load
- Time-Dependent Losses of Article 5.9.5.3 of the AASHTO-LRFD were used.
- The S3-TL4 railing was assumed on the bridge with safety curbs.
- 3" thick HMA wearing surface.
- Four beam cross section with two design lanes was assumed for design of 96"-114" wide beams.
- Three beam cross section with two design lanes was assumed for design of 120"-144" wide beams.
- Interior beam with no skew.
- No utility loads.
- Load Distribution was calculated based on Section 3.5.4 of Part I of the Bridge Manual.
- 0.6" diameter low relaxation strands.



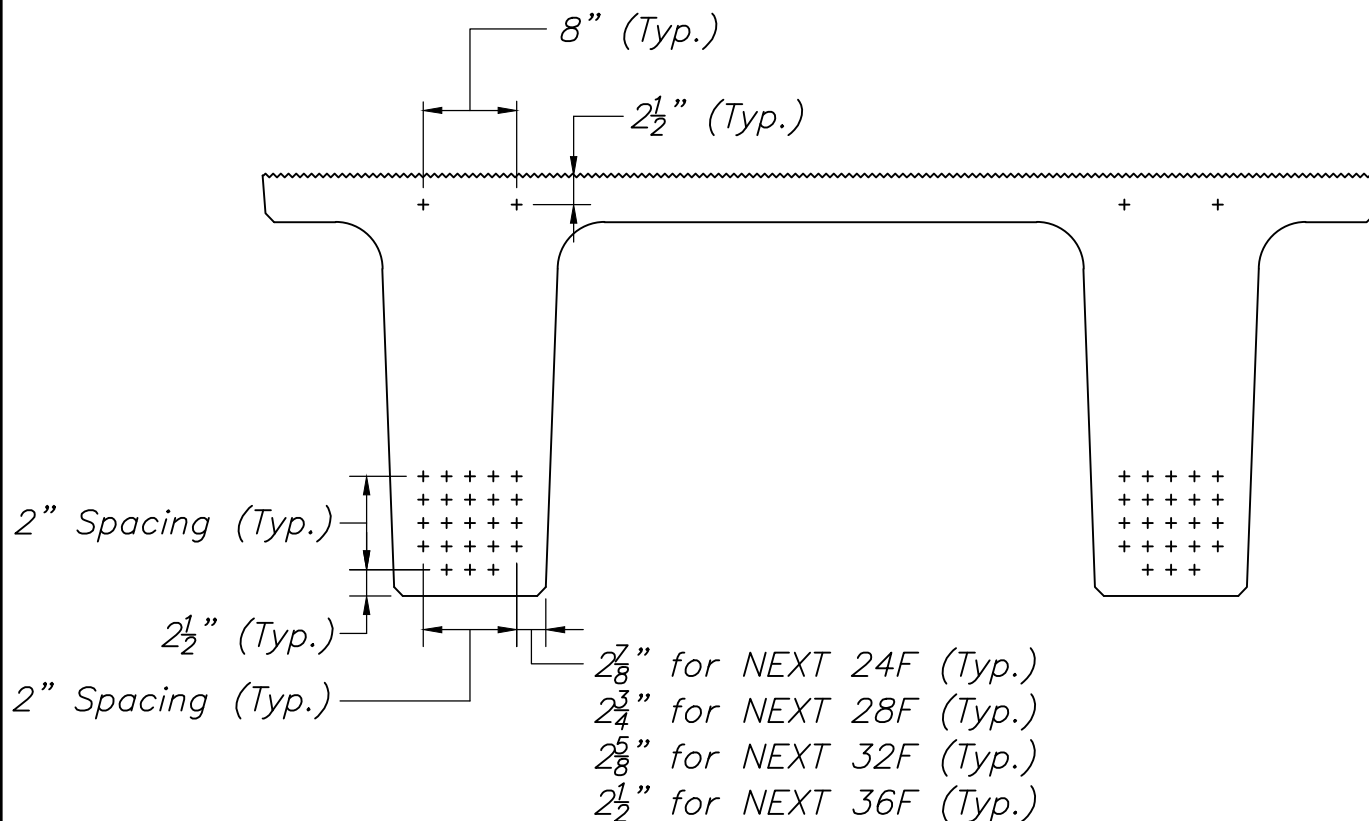
LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

NEXT F BEAM SERIES
DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS
PRECAST CONCRETE NEXT F BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.3.4



STANDARD NEXT F BEAM STRAND LOCATIONS

NOT TO SCALE

NOTES:

1. The strand pattern shown above depicts the maximum number of strands possible that can be located in a given beam while still meeting applicable fabrication clearances. The actual number of strands and their location within the above pattern shall be as required by design.
2. + Denotes straight strands.
3. ⊕ Denotes debonded strands (none shown above). No more than 25% of the total number of strands and no more than 40% of the strands in each row shall be debonded. In addition, no more than 40% of the debonded strands, or four (4) strands, whichever is greater, shall have the debonding terminated at any one section. The spacing between debonded strands shall be at least 4" apart, both vertically and horizontally. Outer-most strands in each layer shall be fully bonded. In general, the length of debonded strand from each end of the beam should be limited to approximately 15% of the span length.
4. Draped strands are not permitted.
5. The Designer shall verify that the strands will not interfere with the transverse ties.
6. See Dwg. No. 6.3.6 for notes to be included on the Construction Drawings.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF STRANDS
AND STRAND LOCATIONS
PRECAST CONCRETE NEXT F BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER
6.3.5

PRESTRESS NOTES:

1. ALL PRETENSIONING ELEMENTS SHALL BE 0.6" ϕ , UNCOATED, SEVEN-WIRE, LOW RELAXATION STEEL STRANDS AND SHALL CONFORM TO AASHTO M 203.
2. THE NOMINAL TENSILE STRENGTH OF THE PRETENSIONING STRANDS SHALL BE 270 KSI.
3. THE INITIAL TENSION PER 0.6" ϕ STRAND SHALL BE 44 KIPS.
4. THE MINIMUM 28 DAY COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH SHALL BE 8000 PSI.
5. NO PRESTRESS SHALL BE TRANSFERRED TO THE CONCRETE UNTIL IT HAS ATTAINED A COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH, AS SHOWN BY A CYLINDER TEST, OF AT LEAST 6000 PSI.
6. THE TOP OF ALL BEAMS SHALL BE GIVEN A RAKED FINISH ($\frac{1}{4}$ " AMPLITUDE) ACROSS THE WIDTH (PERPENDICULAR TO THE BEAM'S AXIS).
7. THE FABRICATOR IS FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN OF THE LIFTING DEVICES WHICH SHALL BE ADEQUATE FOR THE SAFETY FACTORS REQUIRED BY THE ERECTION PROCEDURE.
8. TO CONTROL CRACKING AT THE END OF THE BEAM, THE PRECASTER SHALL DEBOND APPROXIMATELY 50% OF THE STRANDS FOR THE FIRST 6" FROM THE END OF THE BEAM. TO MEET THIS REQUIREMENT ONLY IN THIS 6" END REGION OF THE BEAM, DEBONDED STRANDS MAY BE ADJACENT STRANDS HORIZONTALLY AND VERTICALLY.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

PRESTRESS NOTES

PRECAST CONCRETE NEXT F BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

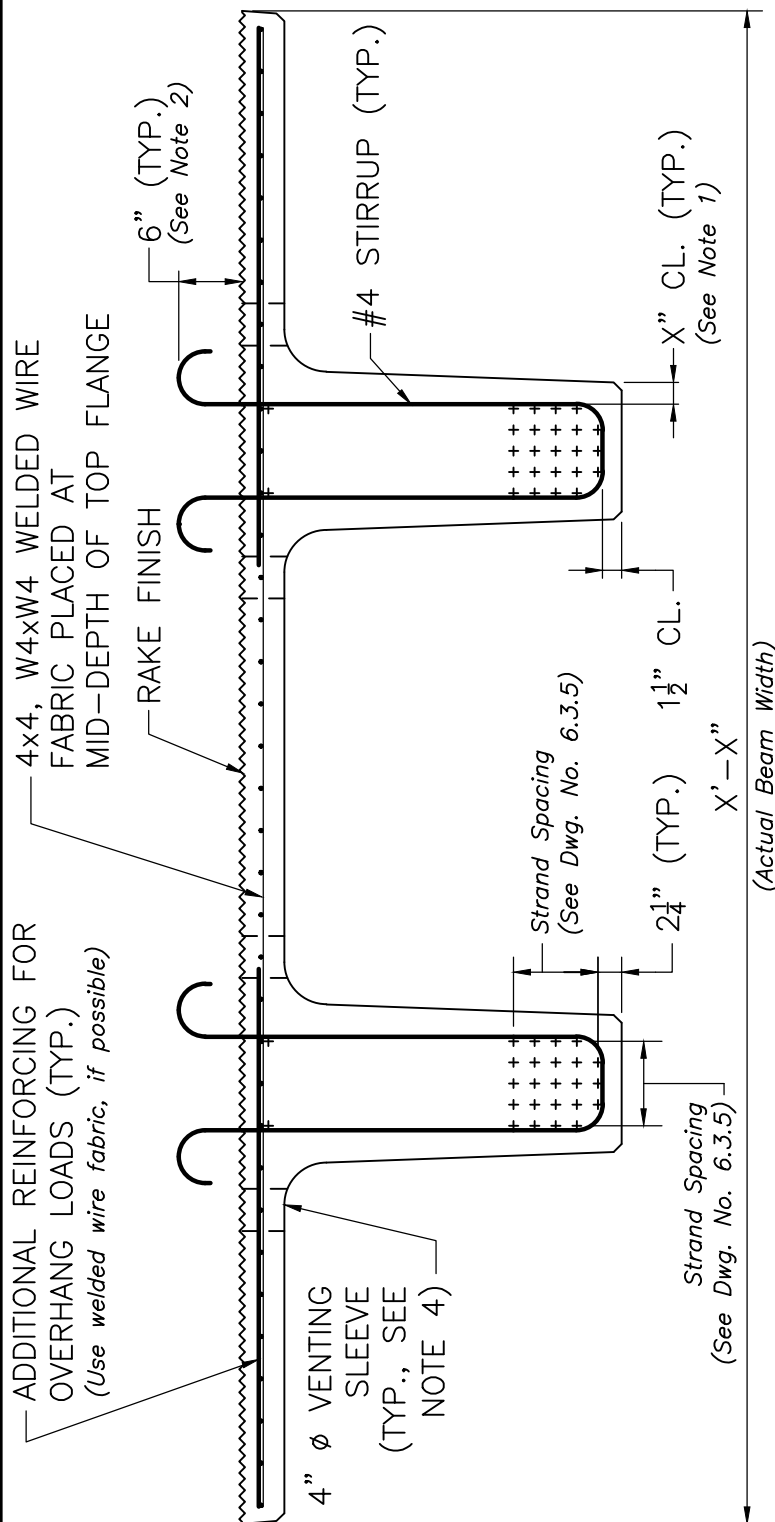
DRAWING NUMBER
6.3.6

TYPICAL BEAM SECTION

PRECAST CONCRETE NEXT F BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
 JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER
6.3.7



NOTES:

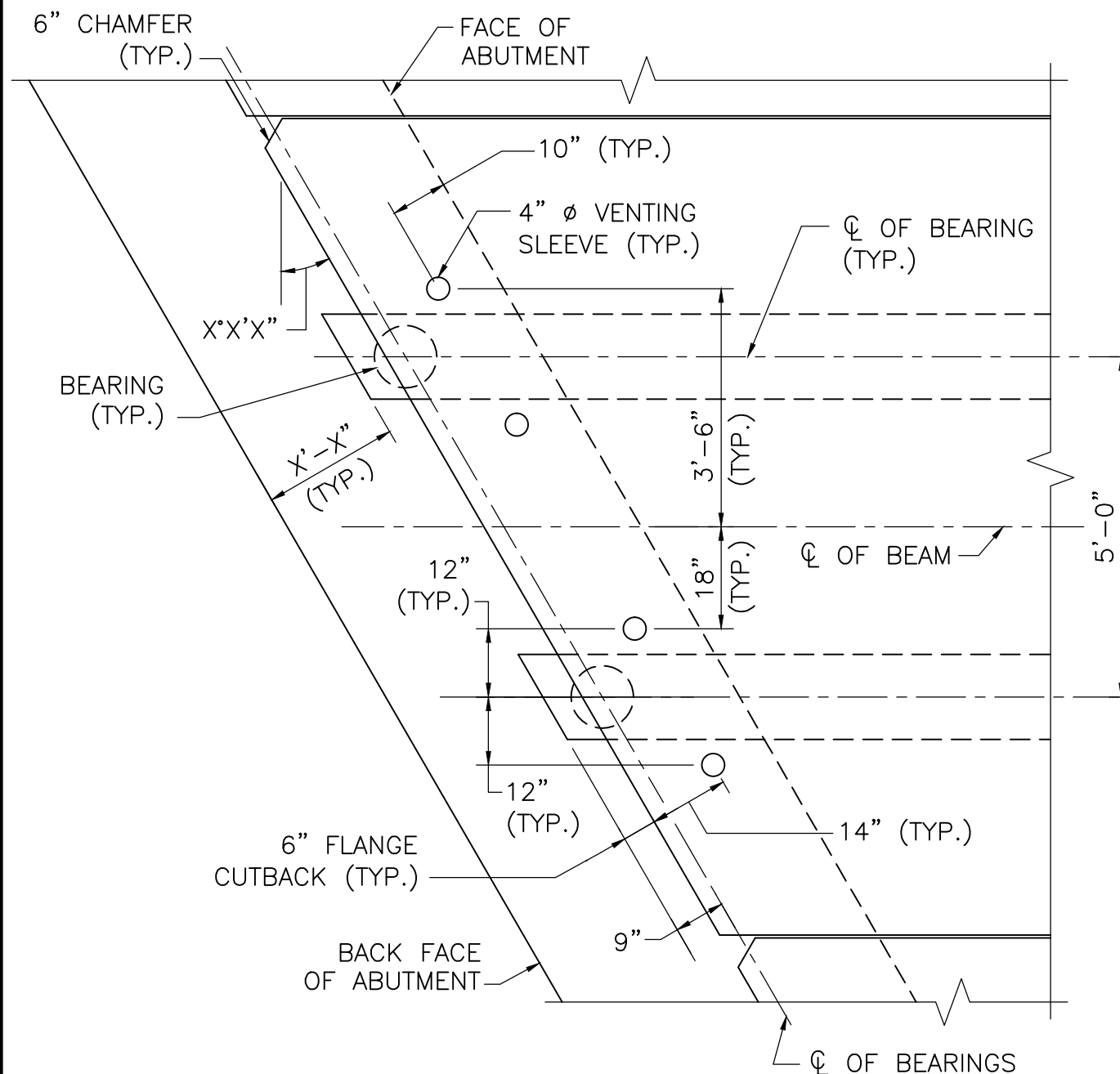
1. + DENOTES STRAIGHT STRANDS.
2. ⊕ DENOTES DEBONDED STRANDS. (NONE SHOWN ABOVE)
3. SEE BEAM PLAN AND BEAM ELEVATIONS FOR STIRRUP SPACING.
4. 4" ϕ VENTING SLEEVES SHALL BE PLACED 6" FROM THE FACE OF ABUTMENT AND ADJACENT TO THE RADII.

TYPICAL MIDDLE SECTION

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

NOTES:

1. $X = 2"$ for NEXT 24F & NEXT 28F Beams, $X = 1\frac{3}{4}"$ for NEXT 32F & NEXT 36F Beams.
2. The Designer shall ensure that at least 2" clear cover is maintained to the top of the deck at all locations. The embedment shown does not produce full development.
3. 4" venting sleeves shall be used to prevent formation of air voids during concrete placement.



END OF BEAM PLAN

SCALE: $\frac{1}{2}$ " = 1'-0"



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

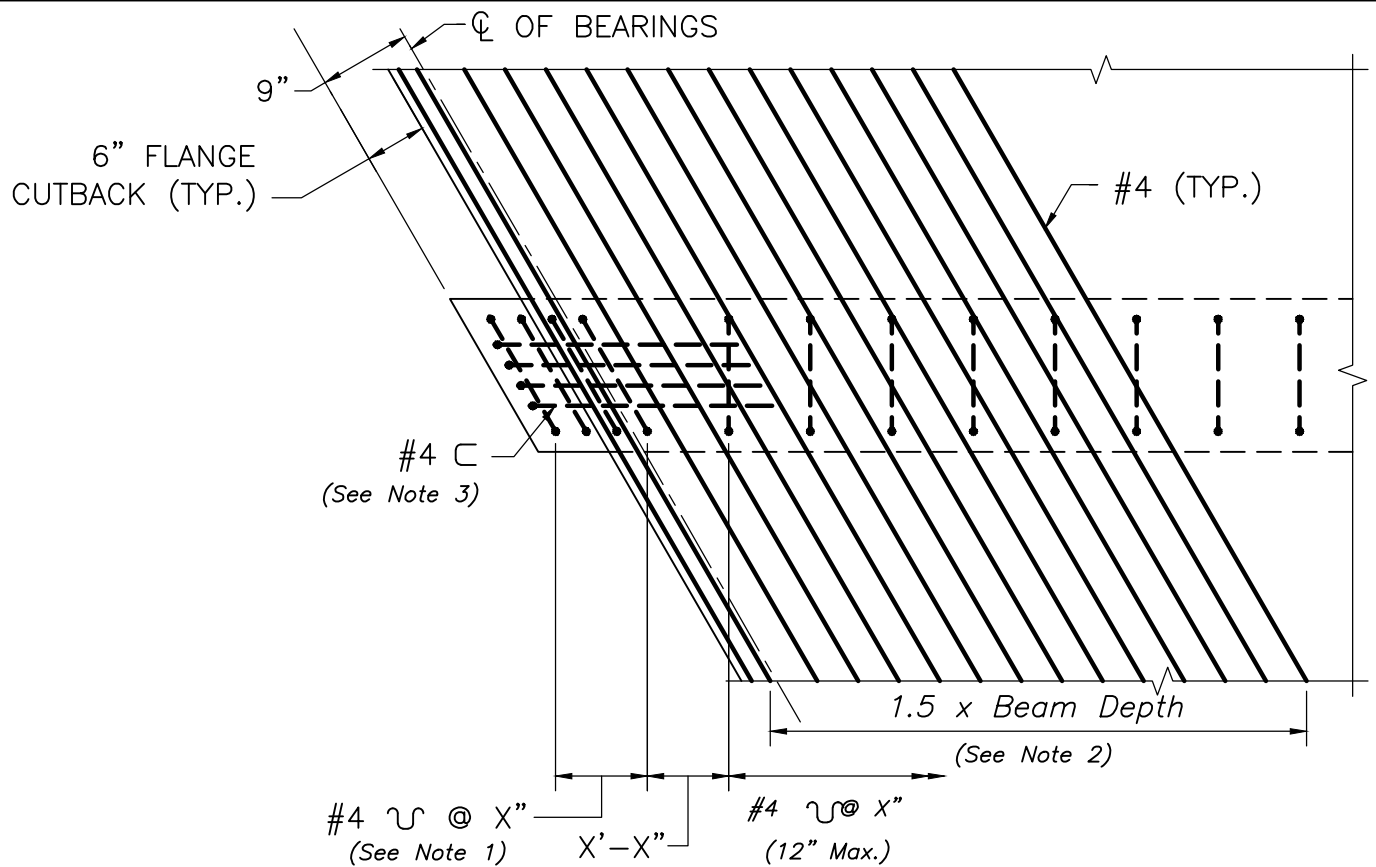
END OF BEAM PLAN

PRECAST CONCRETE NEXT F BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

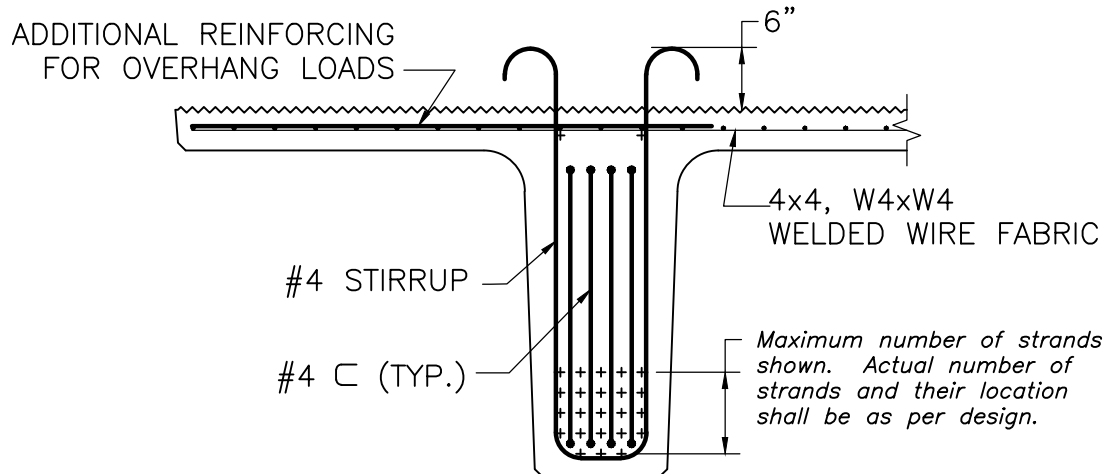
DRAWING NUMBER

6.3.8



SECTION 1

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$



SECTION 2

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

NOTE:

See Dwg. No. 6.3.9 for Designer Notes.



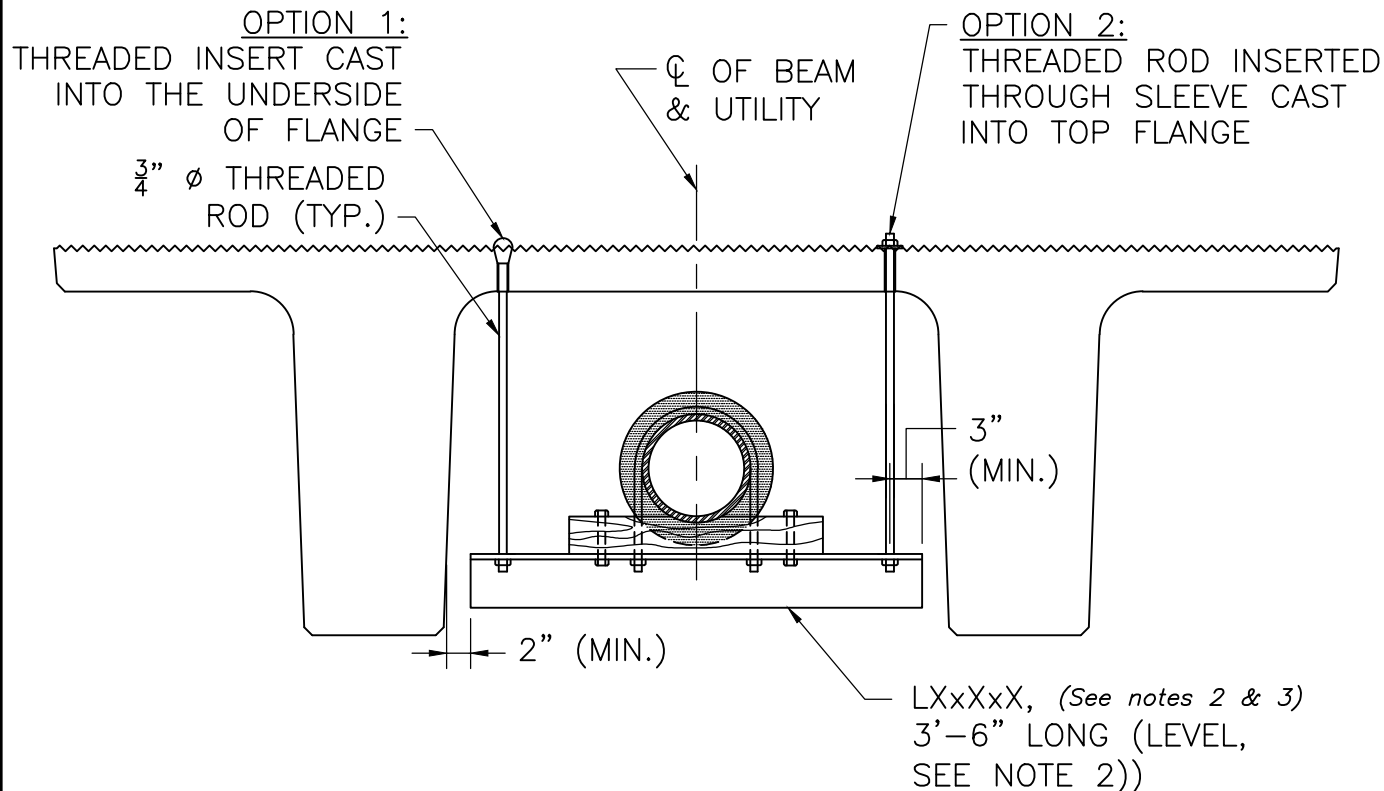
LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

END OF BEAM HORIZONTAL
AND VERTICAL SECTIONS
PRECAST CONCRETE NEXT F BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.3.10



UTILITY SUPPORT DETAILS

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

NOTES:

1. ALL STRUCTURAL STEEL FOR UTILITY SUPPORTS SHALL CONFORM TO AASHTO M 270 GRADE 36. ALL STRUCTURAL STEEL AND FASTENERS SHALL BE HOT-DIP GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AASHTO M 111 AND M 232.
2. THE UTILITY SUPPORT ANGLE SHALL BE ERECTED WITH THE LONG LEG VERTICAL.

NOTES:

1. The type of utility shown is conceptual and shall be modified to accommodate the actual type.
2. For $S < 6'-6"$ use $L5 \times 3\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$
For $6'-6" \leq S \leq 12'-0"$ use $L6 \times 4 \times \frac{5}{8}$
For $S > 12'-0"$ to be designed by Designer
3. Maximum utility support spacing = 11'-6" and the maximum total utility weight is 250 lbs/ft. If either limits are exceeded, the Designer shall design the threaded rod.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

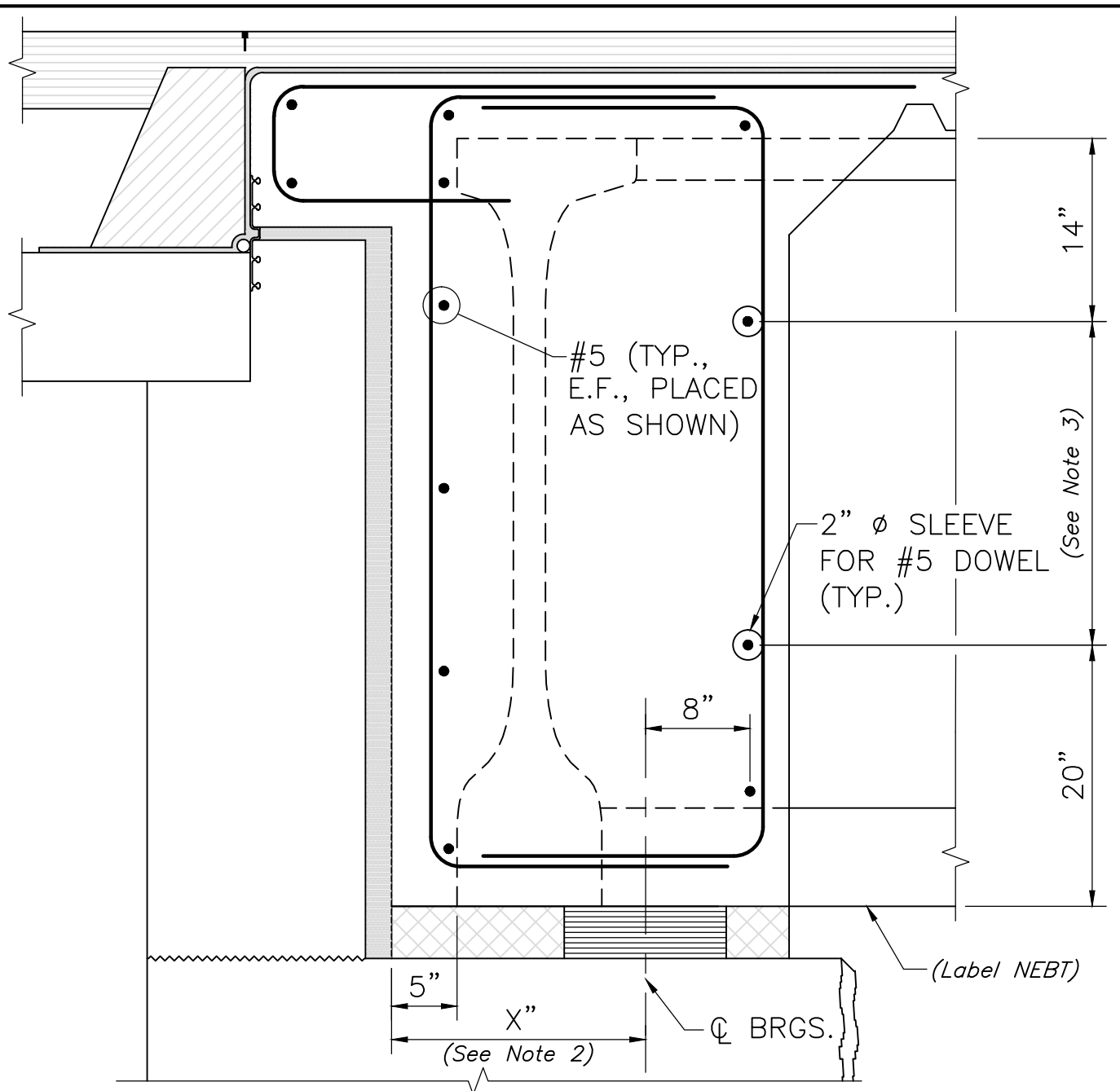
UTILITY SUPPORT DETAILS

PRECAST CONCRETE NEXT F BEAMS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.3.11



DETAILS AT ABUTMENT – ROADWAY SECTION

SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"

NOTES:

1. Modify the generic Roadway/Sidewalk Section details of Dwg. No.'s 3.7.9 and 3.7.10 as shown above for NEBT beams.
2. Set this dimension as follows based on the skew:
 17" for $0^\circ \leq \text{skew} \leq 10^\circ$
 20" for $10^\circ < \text{skew} \leq 25^\circ$
 22½" for $25^\circ < \text{skew} \leq 45^\circ$
 Designer will have to determine this dimension for skews over 45°.
3. For NEBT 1000, use 1 sleeve at mid-height. For NEBT 1200 and NEBT 1400, use 2 sleeves. For NEBT 1600 and NEBT 1800, use 3 sleeves equally spaced.



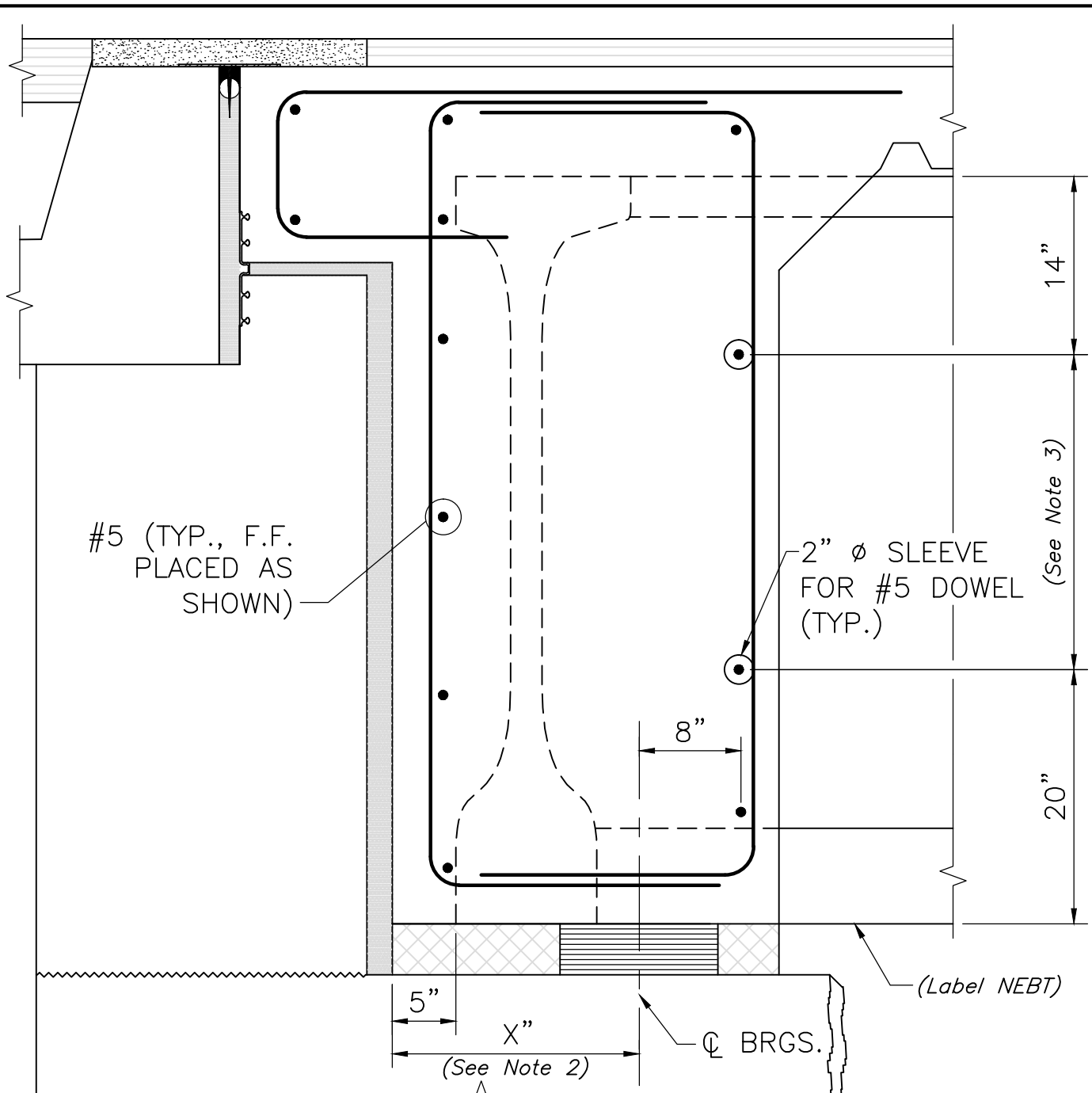
LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

NEBT'S – RDWY. SECTION
W/ PAVEMENT SAWCUT
ABUTMENT DETAILS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.4.1



DETAILS AT ABUTMENT – ROADWAY SECTION

NOTES:

SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"

1. Modify the generic Roadway/Sidewalk Section details of Dwg. No.'s 3.7.14 and 3.7.15 as shown above for NEBT beams.
2. Set this dimension as follows based on the skew:
 17" for $0^\circ \leq \text{skew} \leq 10^\circ$
 20" for $10^\circ < \text{skew} \leq 25^\circ$
 22½" for $25^\circ < \text{skew} \leq 45^\circ$
 Designer will have to determine this dimension for skews over 45°.
3. For NEBT 1000, use 1 sleeve at mid-height. For NEBT 1200 and NEBT 1400, use 2 sleeves. For NEBT 1600 and NEBT 1800, use 3 sleeves equally spaced.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

NEBT'S – RDWY. SECTION
W/ ASPHALTIC BRIDGE JT.
ABUTMENT DETAILS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

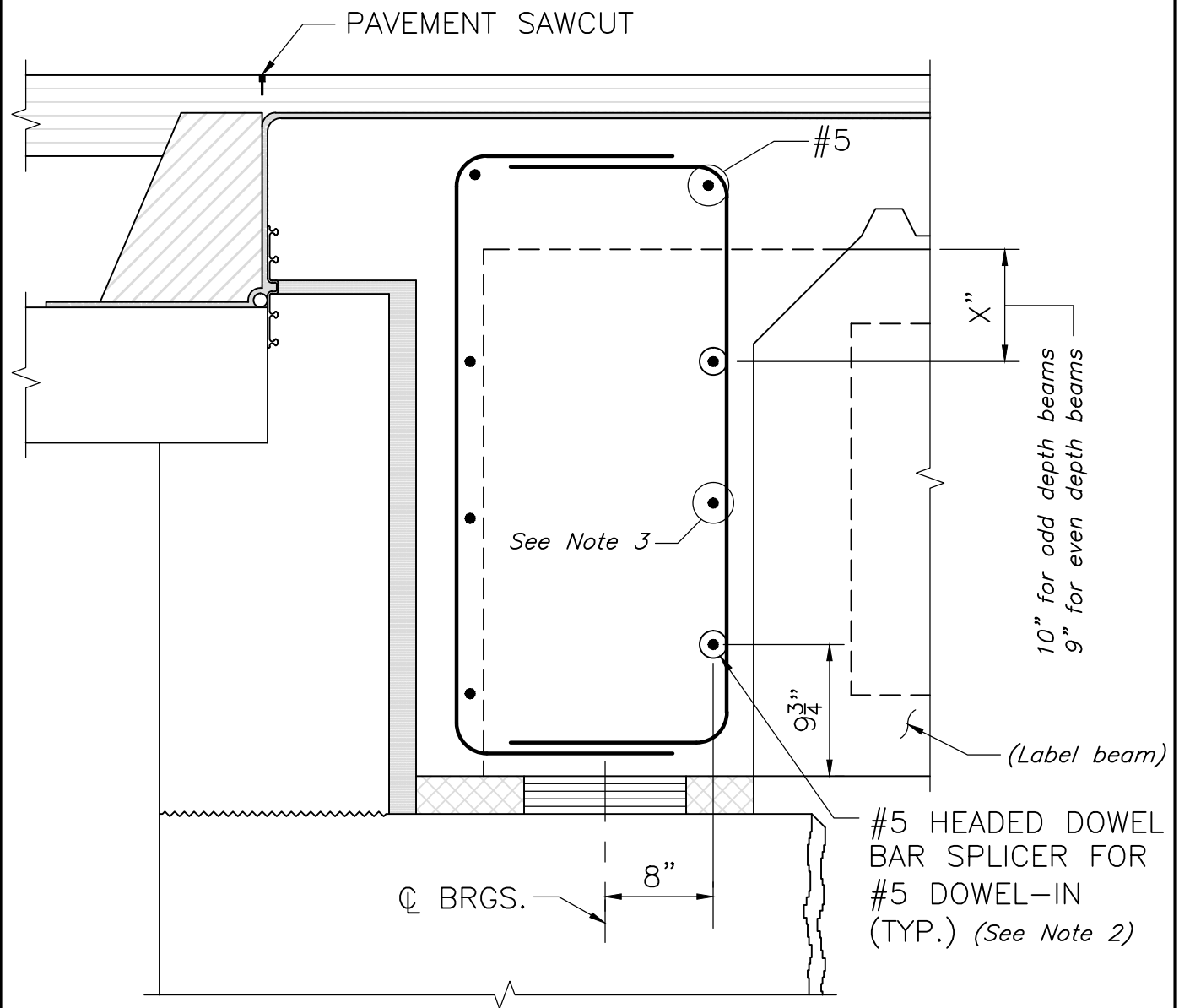
6.4.2



SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}$ " = 1'-0"

1. Detail shown is for NEBT 1000. Modify drawing as needed for the NEBT being used.
2. Dimension to be provided is equal to Total Thickness of Bearing.

6.4.4



DETAILS AT ABUTMENT – ROADWAY SECTION

SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"

NOTES:

1. Modify the generic Roadway/Sidewalk Section details of Dwg. No.'s 3.7.9 and 3.7.10 as shown above for spread box beam bridges.
2. Provide Headed Dowel Bar Splicers by beam designation as follows:

B-24, B-27 and B-30	1 Splicer in midbeam
B-33, B-36, B-39, B-42, B-45 and B-48	2 Splicers as shown
3. Provide intermediate reinforcing bars by beam designation as follows:

B-24, B-27, B-30 and B-33	No intermediate bars
B-36, B-39, B-42, B-45 and B-48	1 bar midway between splicers



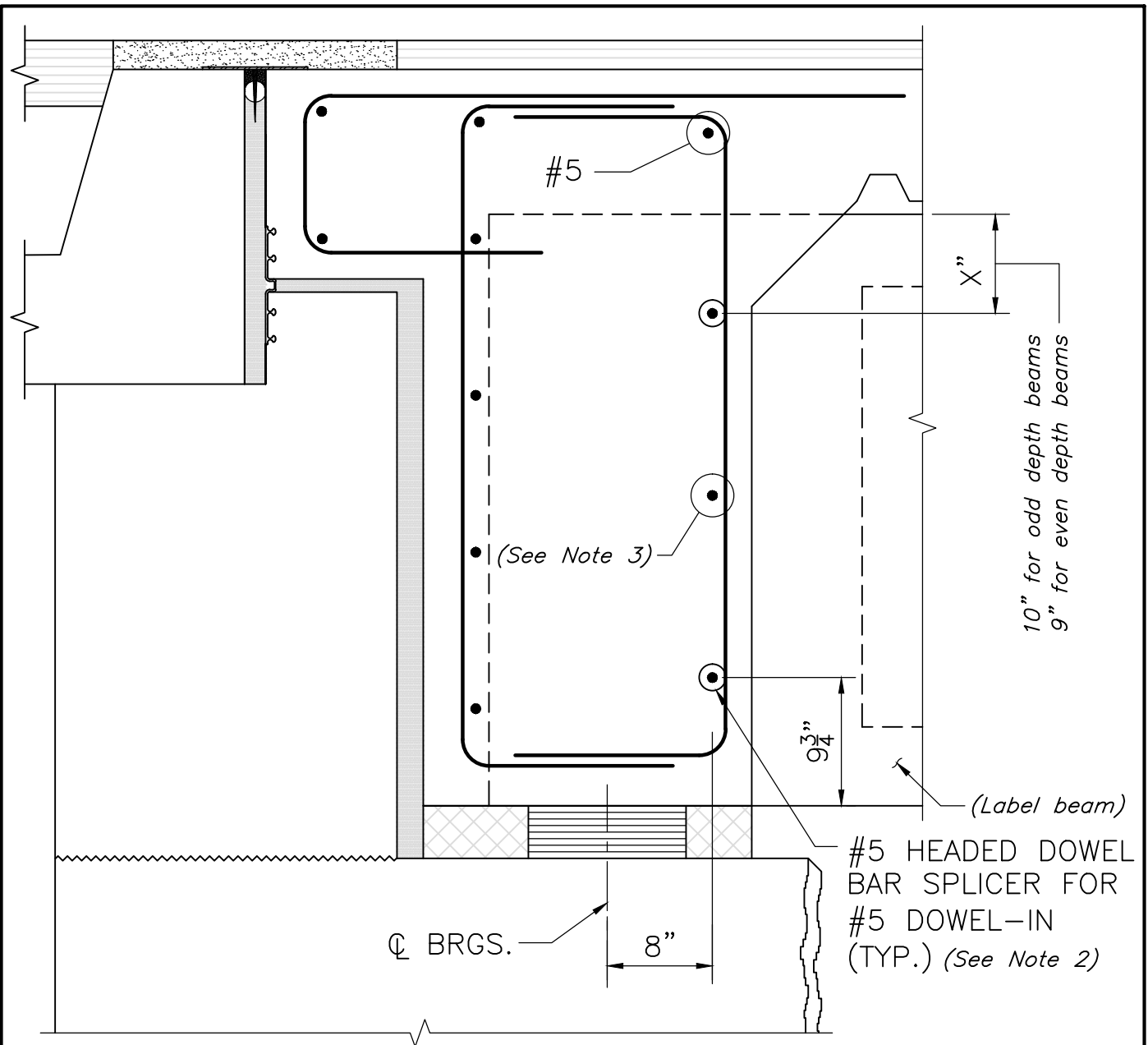
LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

BOXES – RDWY. SECTION
W/ PAVEMENT SAWCUT
ABUTMENT DETAILS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.4.5



DETAILS AT ABUTMENT — ROADWAY SECTION

SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"

NOTES:

1. Modify the generic Roadway/Sidewalk Section details of Dwg. No.'s 3.7.14 and 3.7.15 as shown above for spread box beam bridges.
2. Provide Headed Dowel Bar Splicers by beam designation as follows:

B-24, B-27 and B-30	1 Splicer at mid-beam
B-33, B-36, B-39, B-42, B-45 and B-48	2 Splicers, as shown
3. Provide intermediate reinforcing bars by beam designation as follows:

B-24, B-27, B-30 and B-33	No intermediate bars
B-36, B-39, B-42, B-45, and B-48	1 bar midway between splicers



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

BOXES — RDWY. SECTION
W/ ASPHALTIC BRIDGE JT.
ABUTMENT DETAILS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

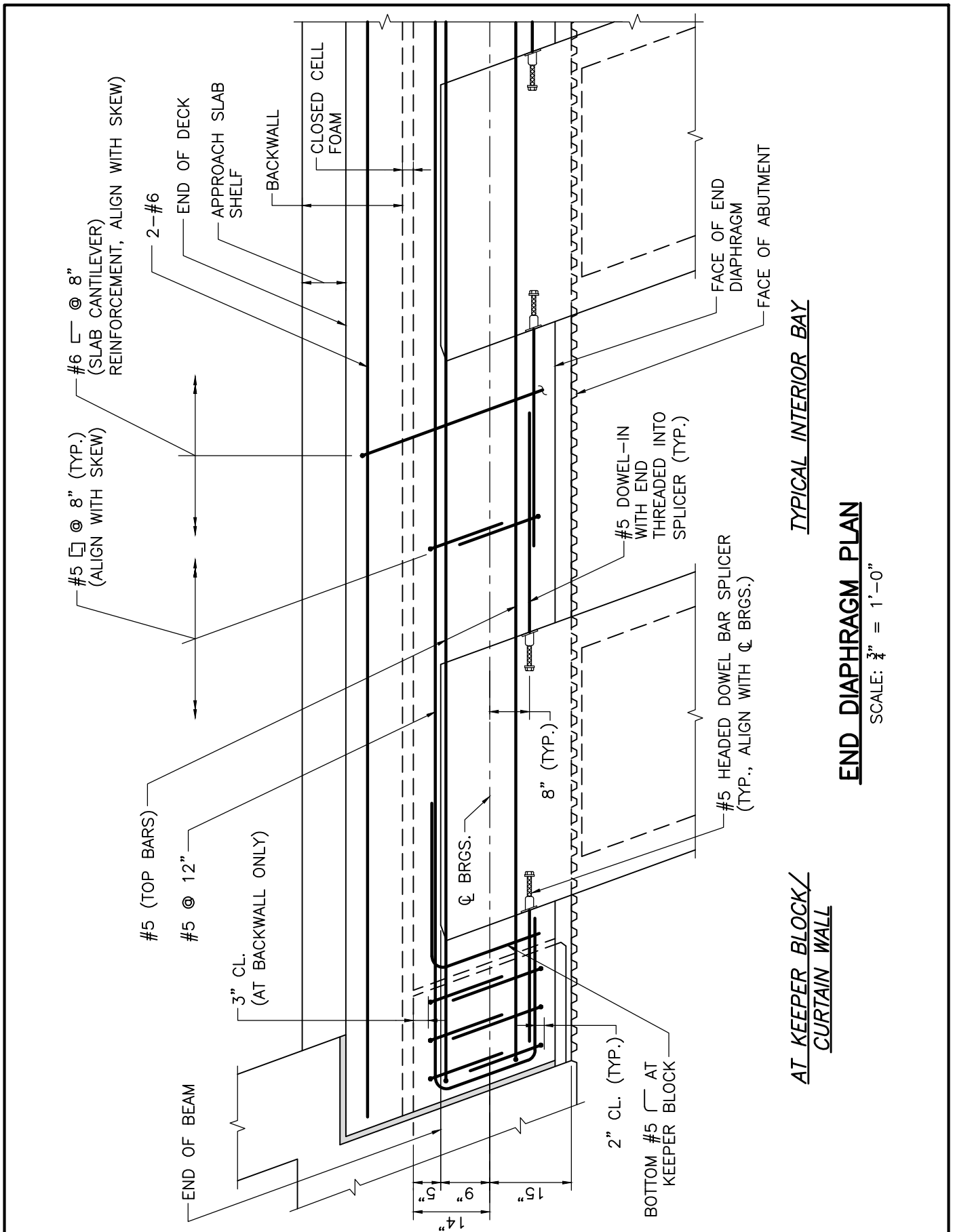
6.4.6

BOXES — END DIAPHRAGM PLAN

ABUTMENT DETAILS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER
6.4.7



TYPICAL INTERIOR BAY

END DIAPHRAGM PLAN

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}$ " = 1'-0"

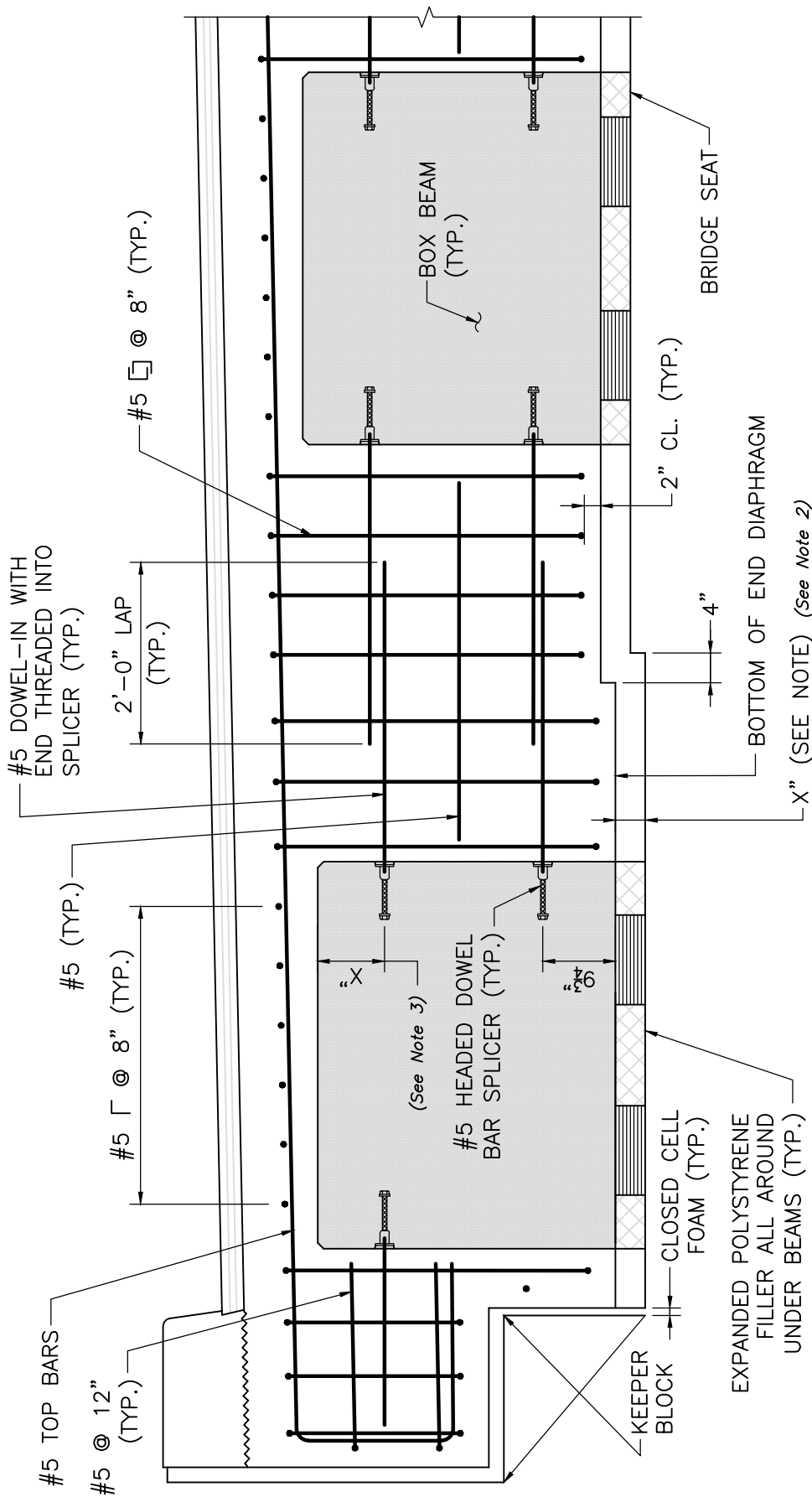
BOXES — END DIAPHRAGM ELEVATION

ABUTMENT DETAILS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.4.8



TYPICAL INTERIOR BAY

AT KEEPER BLOCK/CURTAIN WALL

NOTE:

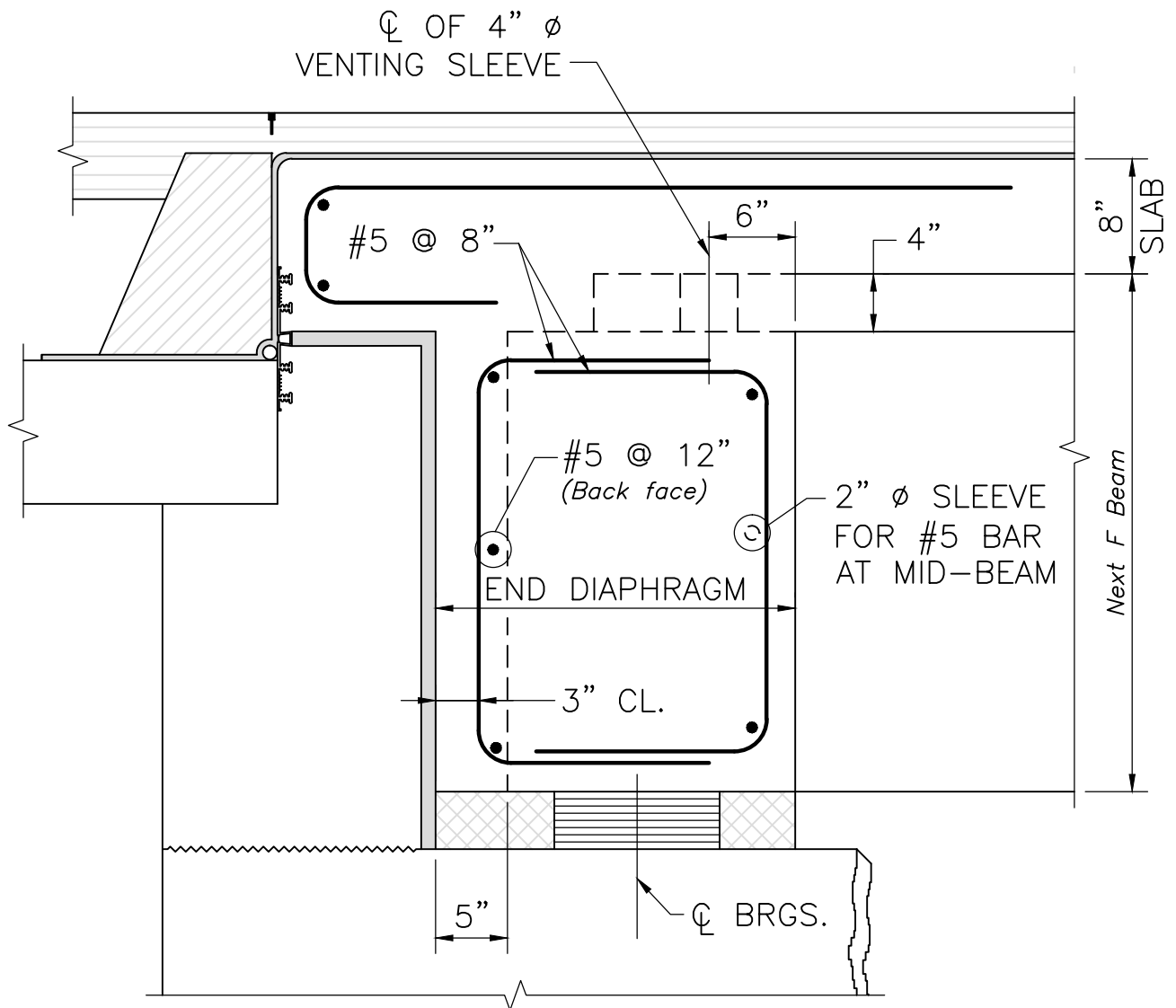
CONTRACTOR MAY USE EXPANDED POLYSTYRENE FILLER OR A REMOVABLE FORM TO FORM THE BOTTOM OF THE END DIAPHRAGM.

END DIAPHRAGM ELEVATION

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

NOTES:

1. Detail shown is for beam depths 36" and up. Modify drawing as needed for the actual beams being used.
2. Dimension to be provided is equal to Total Thickness of Bearing.
3. 10" for odd depth beams, 9" for even depth beams.



DETAILS AT ABUTMENT – ROADWAY SECTION

SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"

NOTE:

Modify the generic Roadway/Sidewalk Section details of Dwg. No.'s 3.7.9 and 3.7.10 as shown above for NEXT F beam bridges.



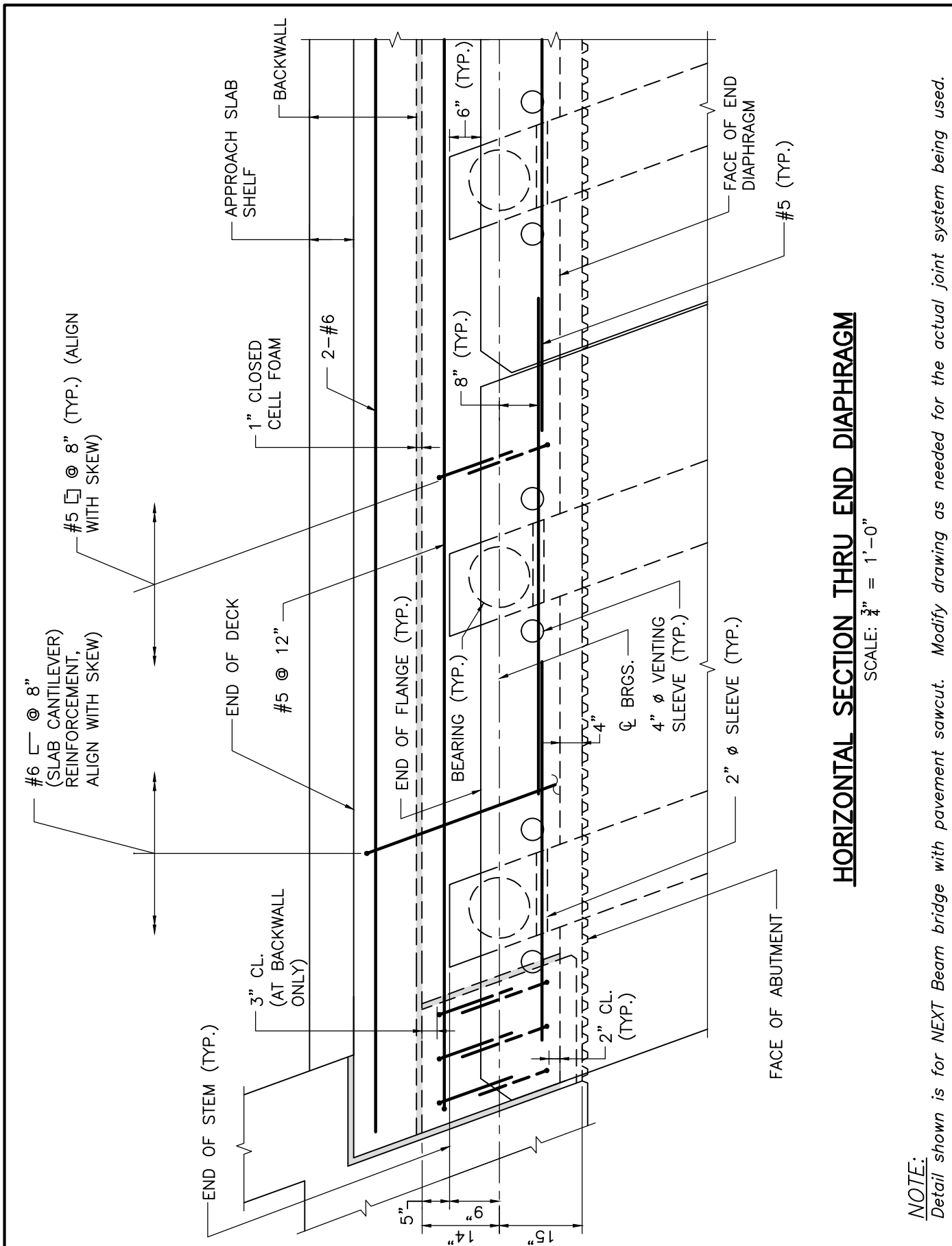
LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

NEXT F BEAMS – RDWY.
SECTION W/ PAVEMENT SAWCUT
ABUTMENT DETAILS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.4.9

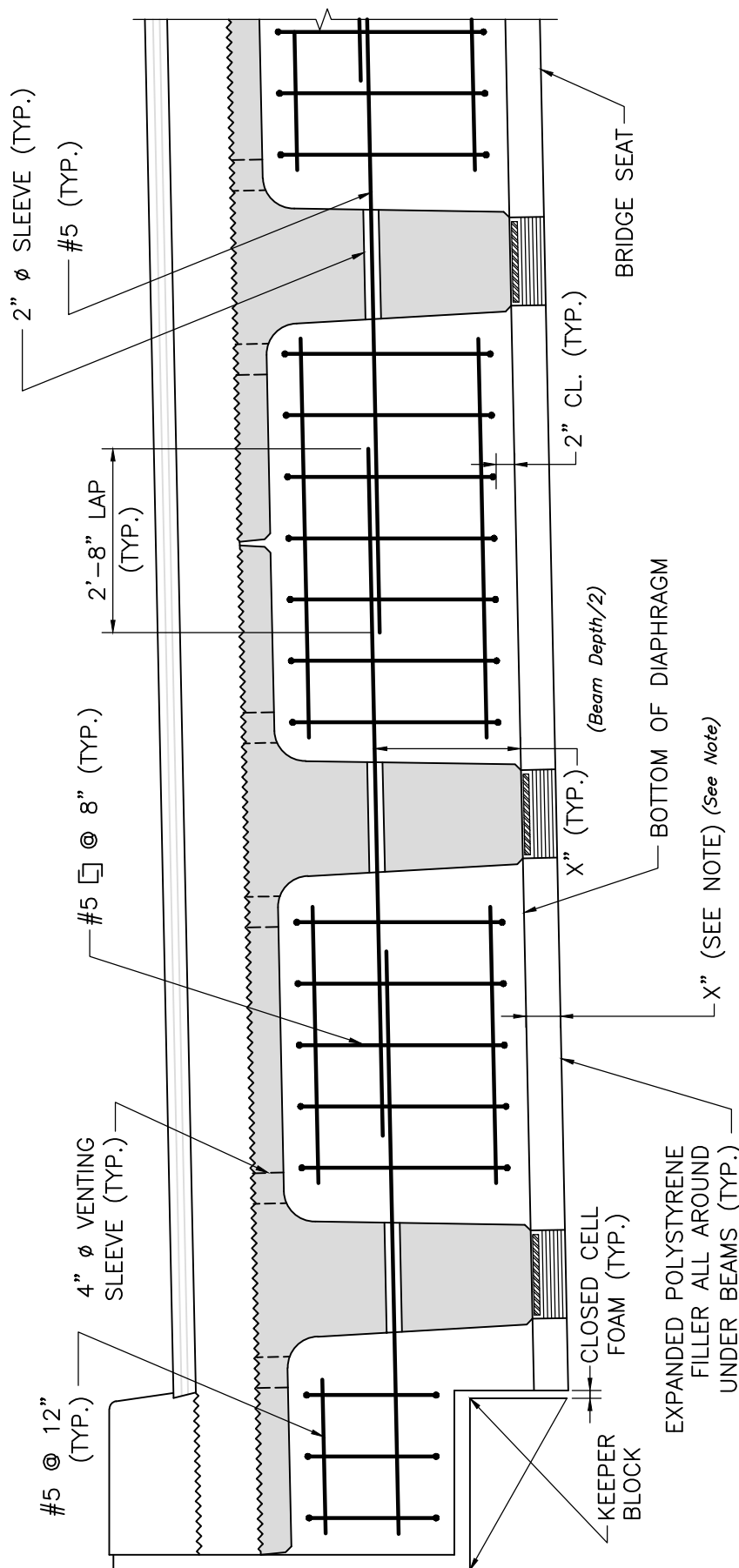


HORIZONTAL SECTION THRU END DIAPHRAGM

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

NOTE:

Detail shown is for NEXT Beam bridge with pavement sawcut. Modify drawing as needed for the actual joint system being used.



NOTES:

1. CONTRACTOR MAY USE EXPANDED POLYSTYRENE FILLER OR A REMOVABLE FORM TO FORM THE BOTTOM OF THE END DIAPHRAGM.
2. DECK SLAB REINFORCEMENT IS NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY.

VERTICAL SECTION THRU END DIAPHRAGM

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}$ " = 1'-0"

NOTE:
Dimension to be provided is equal to Total Thickness of Bearing.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

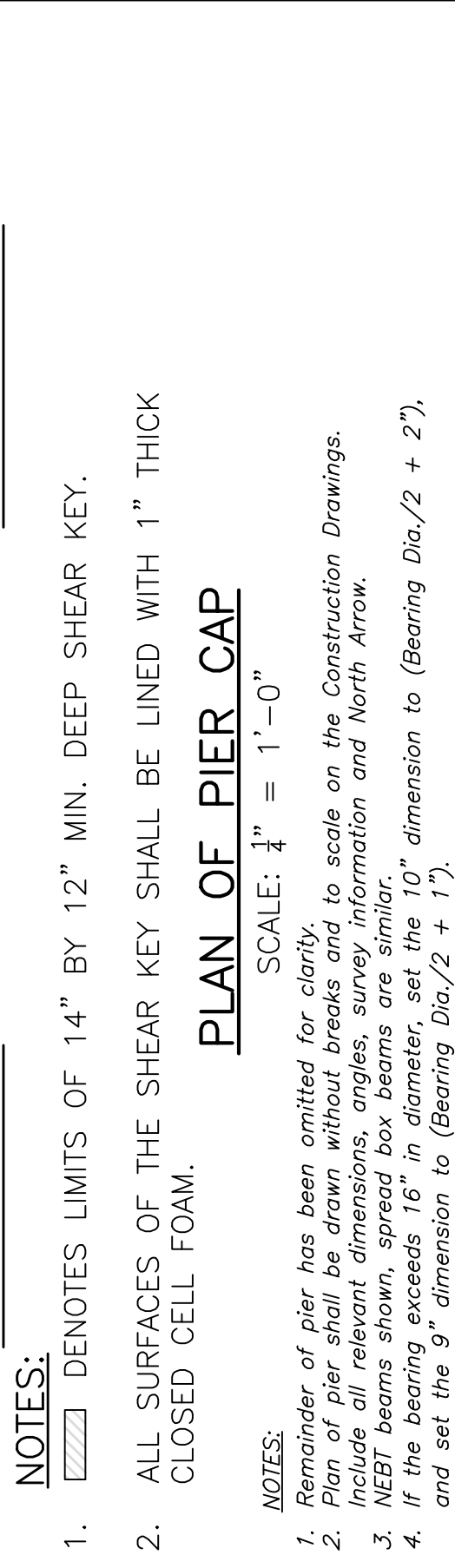
NEXT F BEAMS – VERTICAL SECTION THRU END DIAPHRAGM

ABUTMENT DETAILS

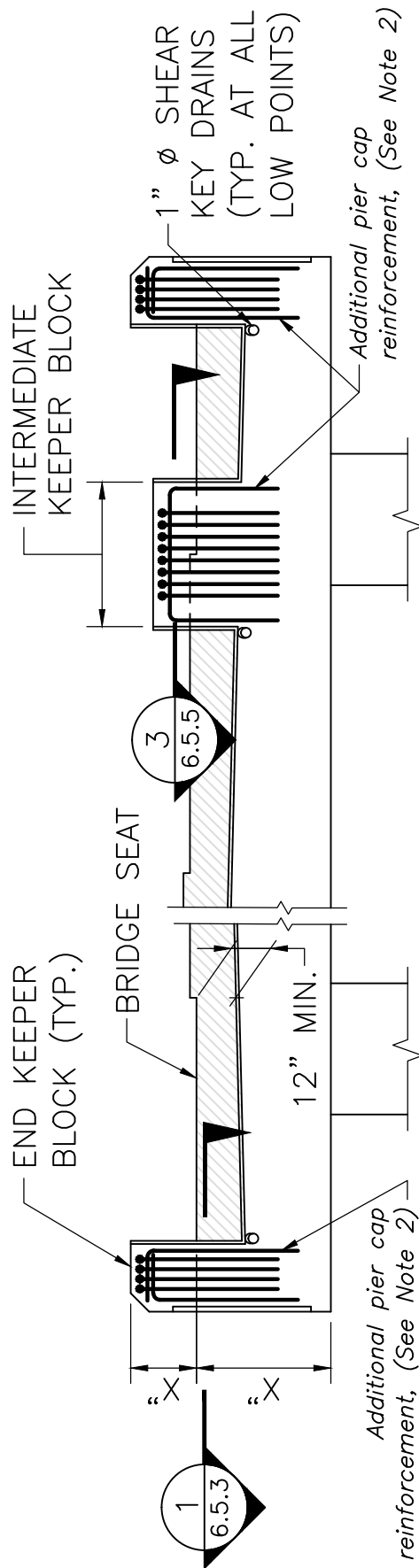
DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.4.11



1. Remainder of pier has been omitted for clarity.
2. Plan of pier shall be drawn without breaks and to scale on the Construction Drawings.
3. Include all relevant dimensions, angles, survey information and North Arrow.
3. NEBT beams shown, spread box beams are similar.
4. If the bearing exceeds 16" in diameter, set the 10" dimension to (Bearing Dia./2 + 2"), and set the 9" dimension to (Bearing Dia./2 + 1").



BRIDGE WITHOUT INTERMEDIATE KEEPER BLOCK

BRIDGE WITH INTERMEDIATE KEEPER BLOCK

NOTES:

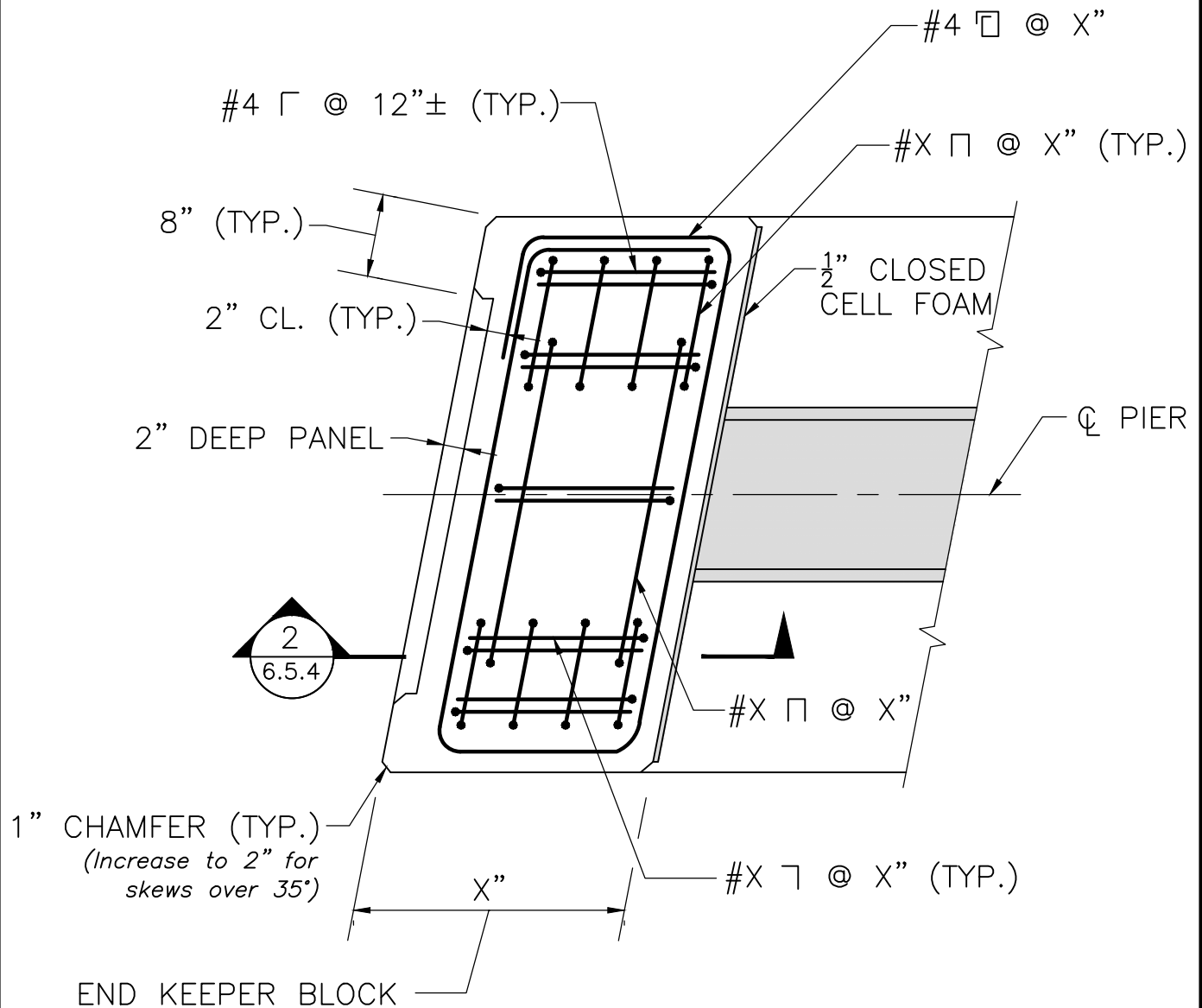
1.  DENOTES LIMITS OF 14" BY 12" MIN. DEEP SHEAR KEY.
2. ALL SURFACES OF THE SHEAR KEY SHALL BE LINED WITH 1" THICK CLOSED CELL FOAM.

SECTION THRU PIER CAP

SCALE: $\frac{1}{4}" = 1' - 0"$

NOTES:

1. Remainder of pier and pier reinforcement omitted for clarity.
2. Additional pier cap reinforcement shall be designed as a restraint for transverse seismic loads.
3. Transverse section shall be drawn without breaks and to scale on the Construction Drawings and all reinforcement shall be included.
4. Intermediate keeper blocks should be considered if end keeper blocks are insufficient to resist transverse seismic loads. Do not locate intermediate keeper blocks in utility bays of NEBT beam bridges.



SECTION 1

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}$ " = 1'-0"

NOTE:

Reinforcement configuration shown is conceptual. The Designer will modify the arrangement or add additional hoops as required by the actual design. The Designer shall also verify that the reinforcement provided does not duplicate or interfere with the typical pier reinforcement.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

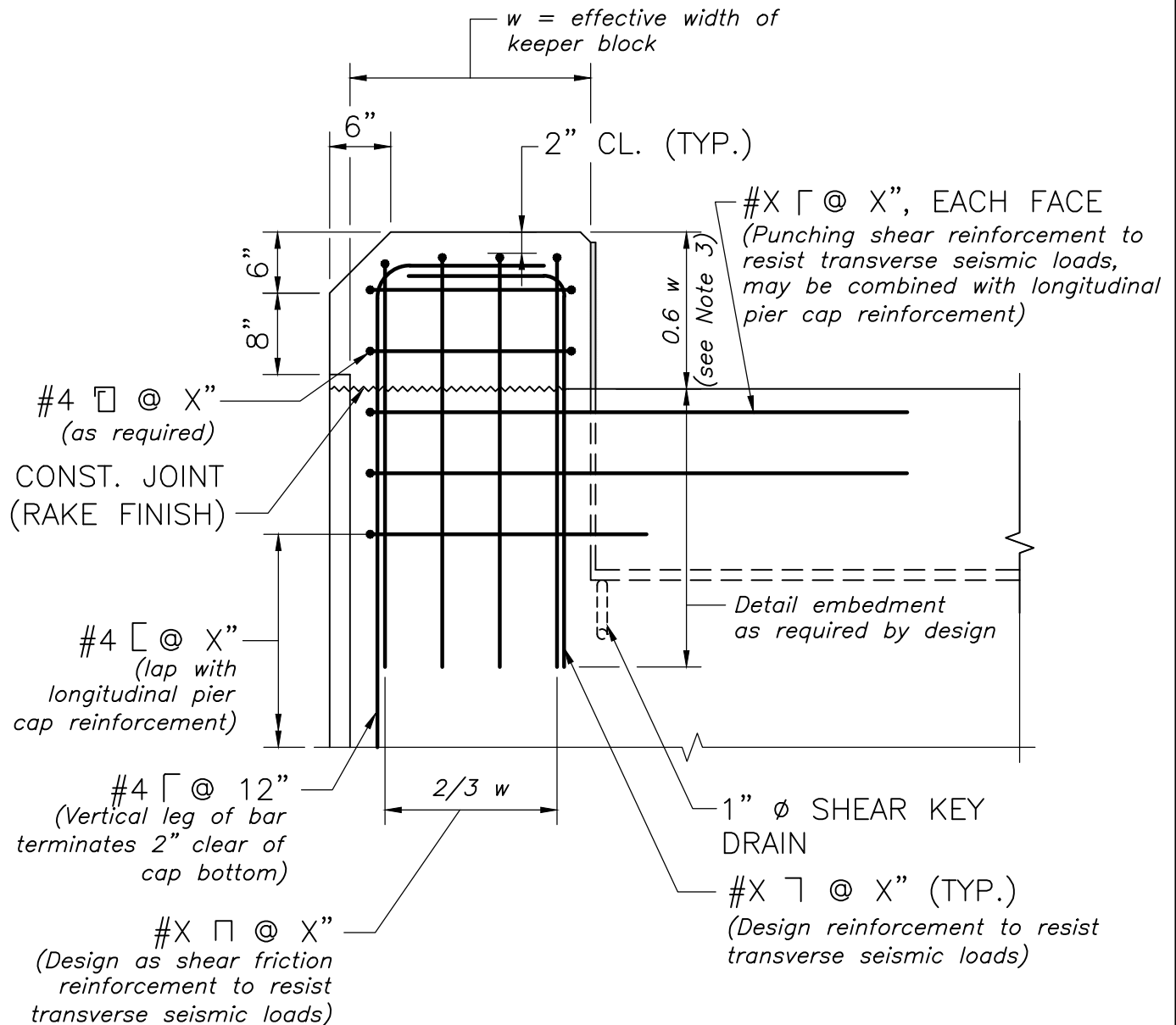
PLAN SECTION OF END KEEPER BLOCK

PIER DETAILS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.5.3



SECTION 2

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

NOTES:

1. Remainder of pier cap reinforcement has been omitted for clarity.
2. Reinforcement configuration shown is conceptual. The Designer shall modify the arrangement or add additional hoops as required by the actual design. The Designer shall also verify that the reinforcement provided does not duplicate or interfere with the typical pier reinforcement.
3. The minimum height of the keeper block shall extend to the top of the bottom bulb of NEBT.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

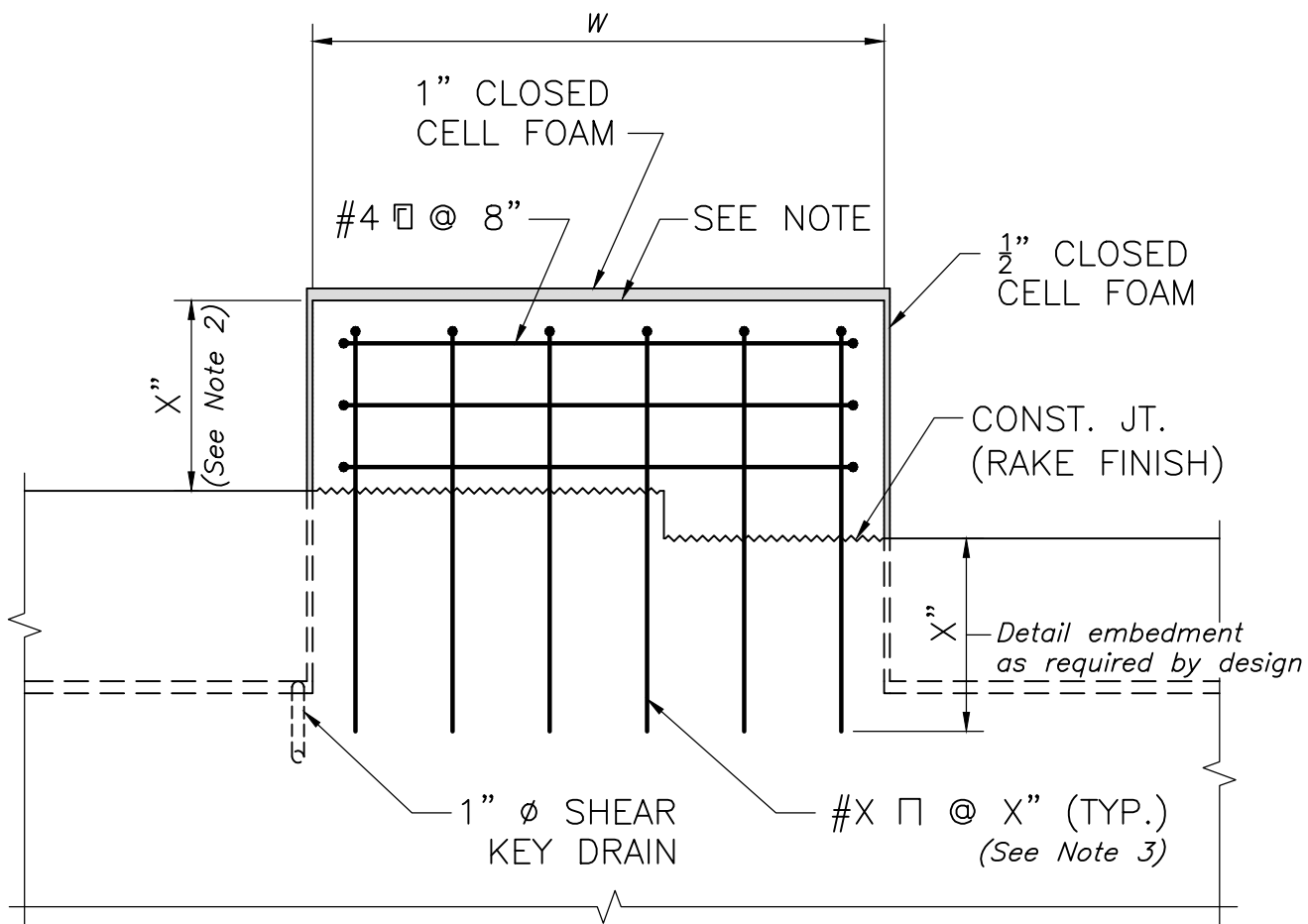
VERTICAL SECTION OF END KEEPER BLOCK

PIER DETAILS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.5.4



NOTE:

TOP OF INTERMEDIATE KEEPER BLOCK SHALL BE TROWELED SMOOTH PARALLEL TO PROFILE GRADE.

SECTION 4

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

NOTES:

1. Remainder of pier cap reinforcement has been omitted for clarity.
2. Height of keeper block: $10" < h < w/3$.
3. Design as shear friction reinforcement to resist transverse seismic loads. Reinforcement configuration shown is conceptual. The Designer shall modify the arrangement or add additional hoops as required by the actual design. The Designer shall also verify that the reinforcement provided does not duplicate or interfere with the typical pier reinforcement.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

INTERMEDIATE KEEPER BLOCK – VERTICAL SECTION

PIER DETAILS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

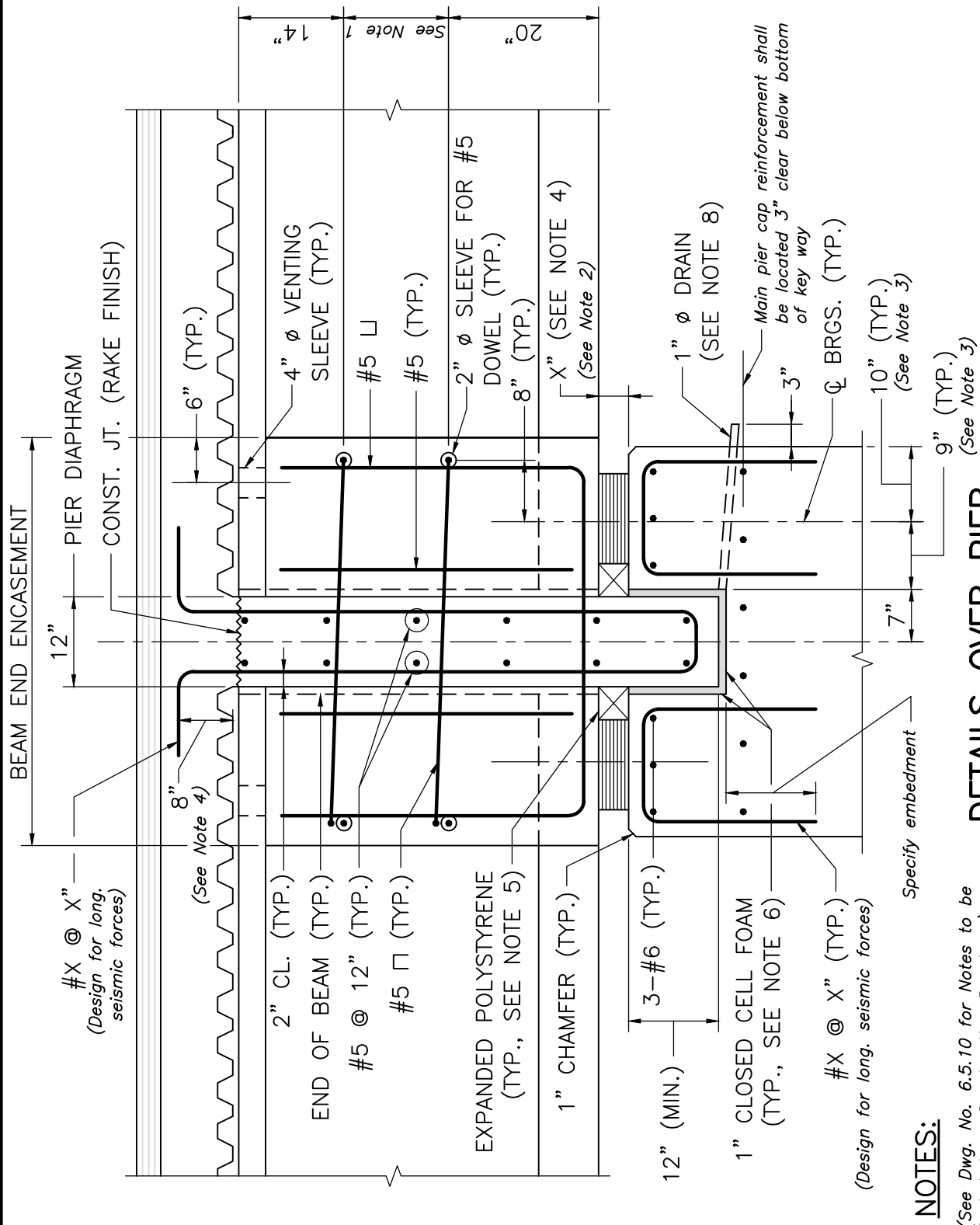
DRAWING NUMBER

6.5.6

DETAILS OVER PIER FOR NEBT BEAMS PIER DETAILS

DATE OF ISSUE
 JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER
6.5.7



NOTES:

(See Dwg. No. 6.5.10 for Notes to be included on Construction Drawings.)

NOTES:

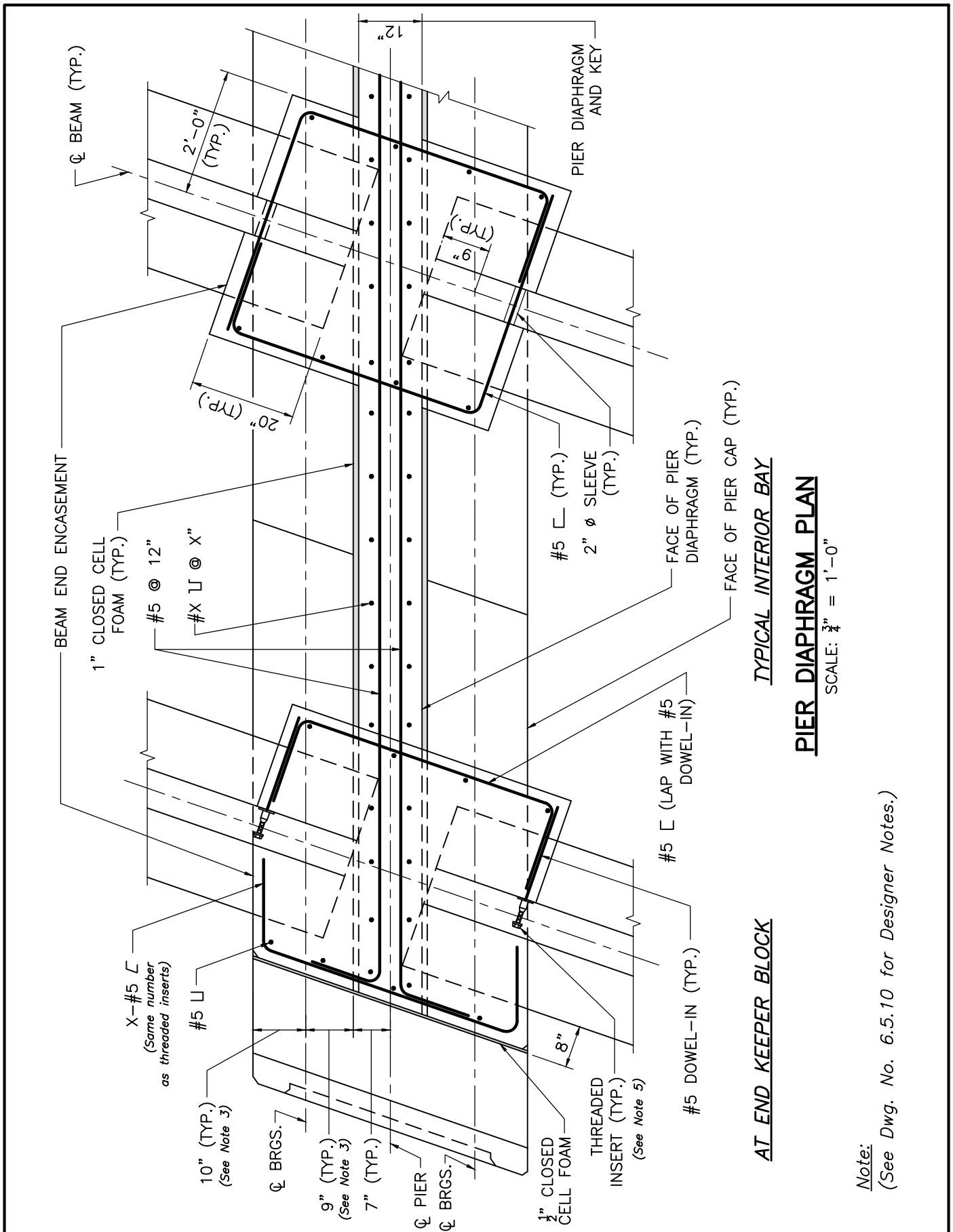
(See Dwg. No. 6.5.10 for Designer Notes.)

DETAILS OVER PIER

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}$ " = 1'-0"

PIER DIAPHRAGM PLAN FOR NEBT BEAMS PIER DETAILS

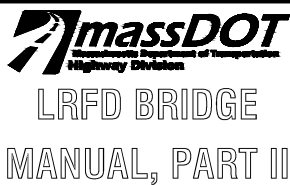
DATE OF ISSUE
 JUNE 2013
 DRAWING NUMBER
6.5.8



PIER DIAPHRAGM PLAN

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

Note:
 (See Dwg. No. 6.5.10 for Designer Notes.)



(See Dwg. No. 6.5.10 for Designer Notes)

DETAILS OVER PIER NOTES:

(Include these Notes with details shown on Dwg. No.'s 6.5.7, 6.5.8, and 6.5.9)

1. ALL REINFORCEMENT SHOWN IN THESE DETAILS SHALL BE COATED.
2. ALL PIER DIAPHRAGM AND BEAM END ENCASEMENT CONCRETE SHALL BE 4000 PSI, $\frac{3}{4}$ IN, 585 HP CEMENT CONCRETE.
3. END KEEPER BLOCKS *(and intermediate keeper blocks, if any)* SHALL BE CAST BEFORE BEAMS ARE SET AND PIER DIAPHRAGM AND BEAM END ENCASEMENT ARE CAST.
4. CONTRACTOR MAY USE EXPANDED POLYSTYRENE FILLER OR A REMOVABLE FORM TO FORM THE BOTTOM OF THE BEAM END ENCASEMENT.
5. PLACE EXPANDED POLYSTYRENE FILLER UNDER THE BOTTOM FLANGE AT THE EDGE OF THE SHEAR KEY.
6. PRIOR TO PLACING PIER DIAPHRAGM CONCRETE, LINE ALL SURFACES OF THE SHEAR KEY WITH CLOSED CELL FOAM AS SHOWN. PIER DIAPHRAGM CONCRETE MAY NOT COME IN DIRECT CONTACT WITH THE PIER CAP CONCRETE MASONRY.
7. PROVIDE VENTING SLEEVES IN THE TOP FLANGE OF THE NEBT BEAMS AS SHOWN.
8. SLOPE SHEAR KEY DRAIN 5% MIN. TOWARDS FACE OF PIER CAP.
9. $\frac{3}{4}$ " $\emptyset$ THREADED INSERTS FOR #5 REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE CAST-IN-PLACE IN THE PRECAST BEAMS BY THE FABRICATOR AND SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM NOMINAL TENSILE RESISTANCE OF 17 KIPS AND A MINIMUM NOMINAL SHEAR RESISTANCE OF 17 KIPS IN 3000 PSI CONCRETE.

NOTES:

1. For NEBT 1000 use 1 dowel at midbeam,
For NEBT 1200 and NEBT 1400, use 2 dowels,
For NEBT 1600 and NEBT 1800, use 3 dowels equally spaced.
2. Dimension to be provided is equal to total thickness of bearing.
3. If the bearing exceeds 16" in diameter, set the 9" dimension to $(\text{Bearing Dia.})/2 + 1"$, and set the 10" dimension to $(\text{Bearing Dia.})/2 + 2"$.
4. The Designer shall ensure that at least 2" clear cover is maintained to the top of the deck at all locations.
5. Threaded inserts shall be used only on skewed bridges with a skew angle exceeding 10°. For all other bridges use 2" $\emptyset$ sleeves and #5 $\square$ bars as shown for typical interior bay.



LRFD BRIDGE

MANUAL, PART II

DETAILS OVER PIER NOTES FOR NEBT BEAMS

PIER DETAILS

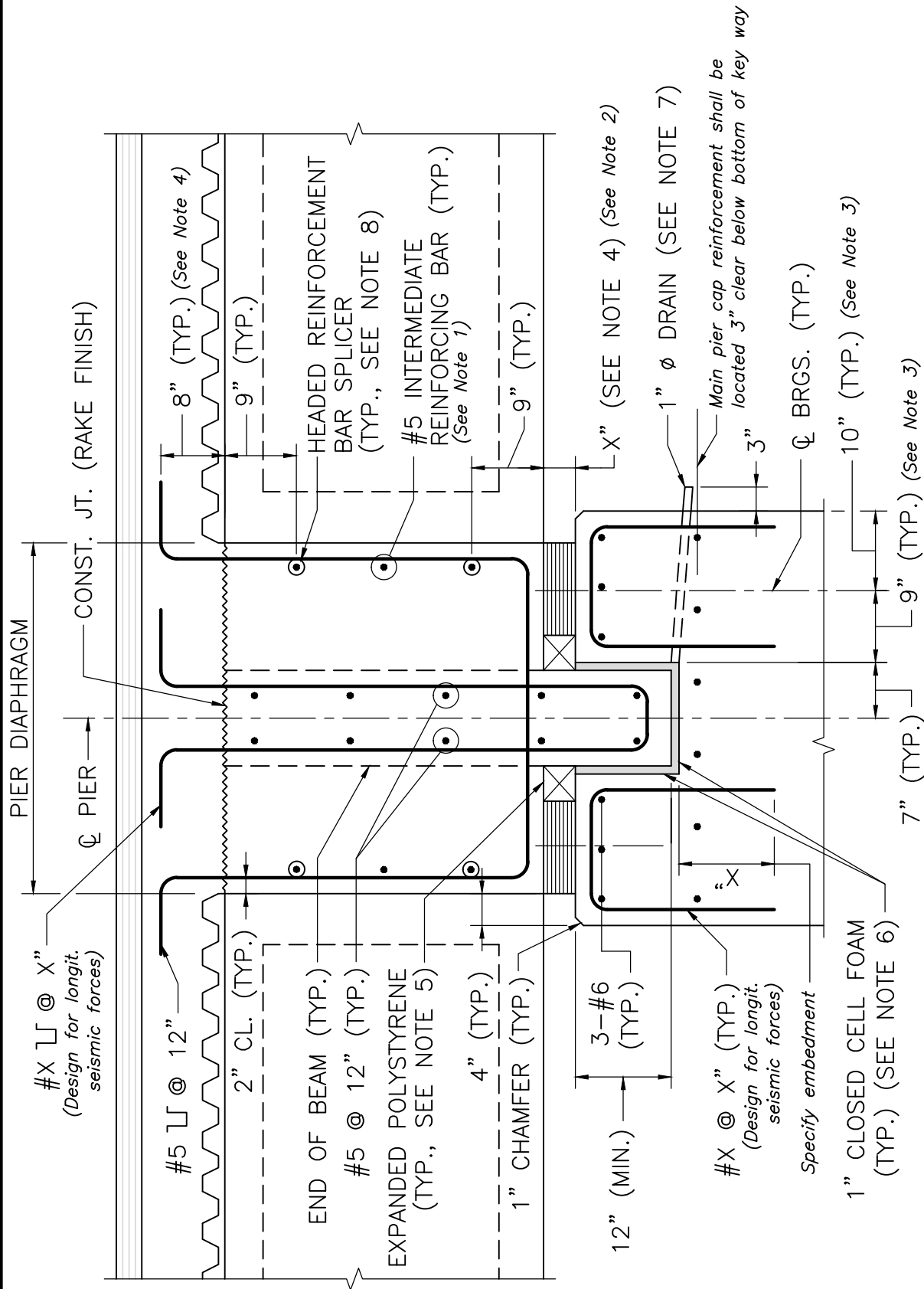
DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.5.10

DETAILS OVER PIER FOR BOX BEAMS PIER DETAILS

DATE OF ISSUE
 JUNE 2013
 DRAWING NUMBER
6.5.11



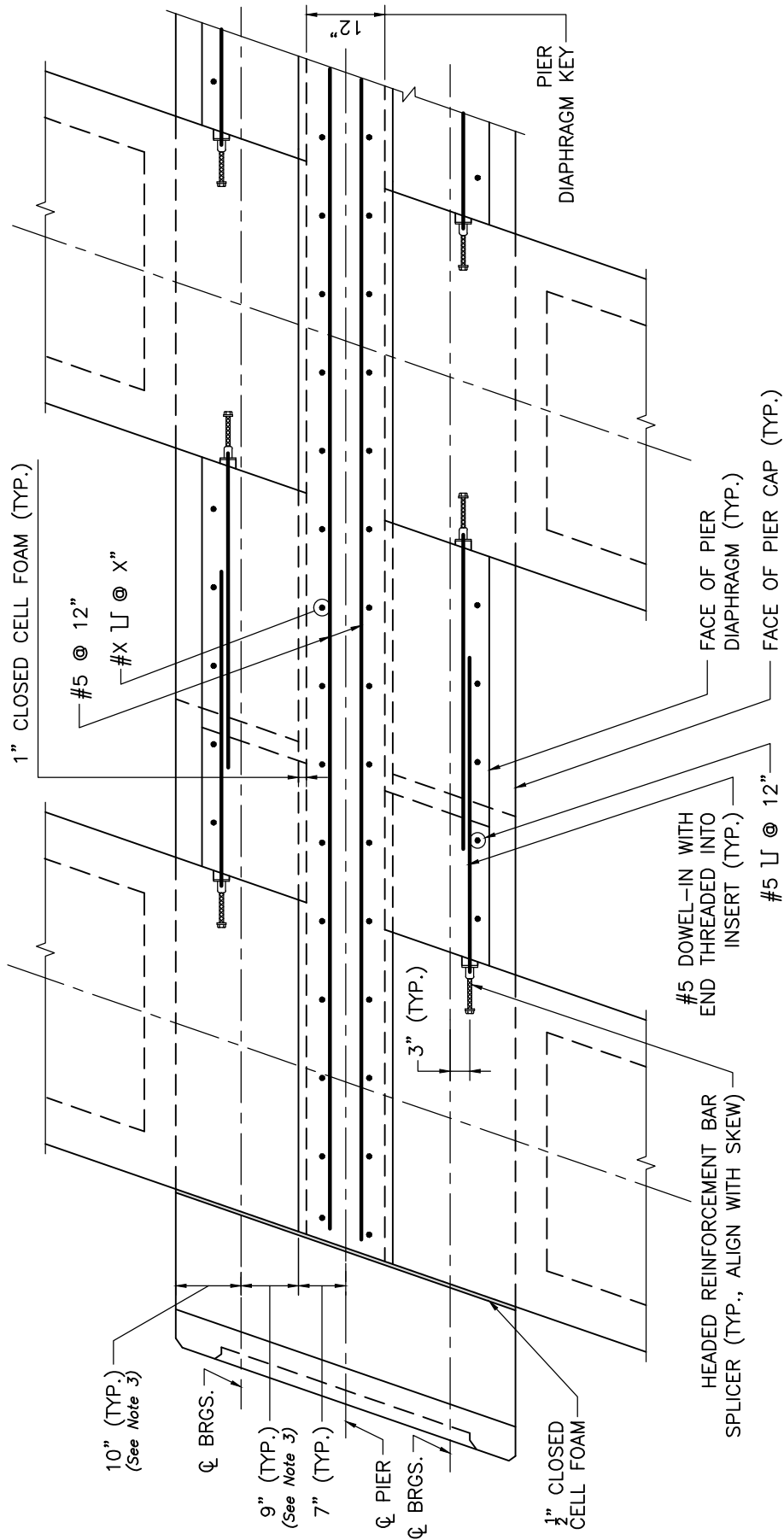
NOTES:

(See Dwg. No. 6.5.14 for Notes to be included on Construction Drawings)

DETAILS OVER PIER

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

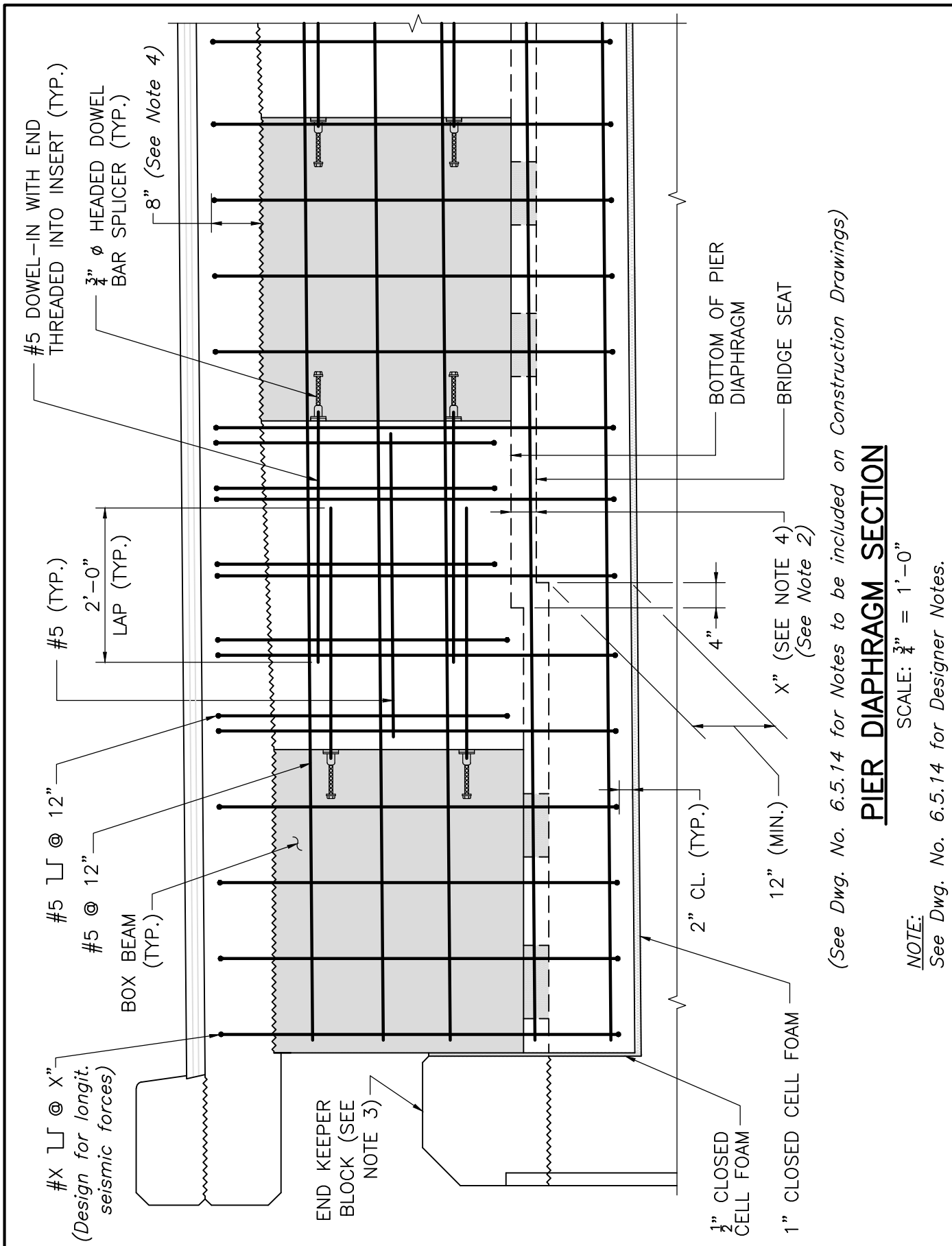
NOTES:
 (See Dwg. No. 6.5.14 for Designer Notes)



PIER DIAPHRAGM PLAN

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1' - 0"$

NOTES:
See Dwg. No. 6.5.14 for Designer Notes.



(See Dwg. No. 6.5.14 for Notes to be included on Construction Drawings)

PIER DIAPHRAGM SECTION

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}$ " = 1'-0"

NOTE:

See Dwg. No. 6.5.14 for Designer Notes.

DETAILS OVER PIER NOTES: *(Include these Notes with the details shown on Dwg. No.'s 6.5.11, 6.5.12, and 6.5.13)*

1. ALL REINFORCEMENT SHOWN IN THESE DETAILS SHALL BE COATED.
2. ALL PIER DIAPHRAGM CONCRETE SHALL BE 4000 PSI, $\frac{3}{4}$ IN, 585 HP CEMENT CONCRETE.
3. END KEEPER BLOCKS SHALL BE CAST AFTER THE BEAMS ARE ERECTED AND THE PIER DIAPHRAGM HAS BEEN CAST. ATTACH CLOSED CELL FOAM TO THE BEAMS AND DIAPHRAGM PRIOR TO PLACING END KEEPER BLOCK CONCRETE.
4. CONTRACTOR MAY USE EXPANDED POLYSTYRENE FILLER OR A REMOVABLE FORM TO FORM THE BOTTOM OF THE PIER DIAPHRAGM.
5. PLACE EXPANDED POLYSTYRENE FILLER UNDER THE BOTTOM FLANGE AT THE EDGE OF THE SHEAR KEY.
6. PRIOR TO PLACING PIER DIAPHRAGM CONCRETE, LINE ALL SURFACES OF THE SHEAR KEY WITH CLOSED CELL FOAM AS SHOWN. PIER DIAPHRAGM CONCRETE MAY NOT COME IN DIRECT CONTACT WITH THE PIER CAP CONCRETE MASONRY.
7. SLOPE SHEAR KEY DRAIN 5% MIN. TOWARDS FACE OF PIER CAP.
8. $\frac{3}{4}$ " ϕ THREADED DOWEL BAR SPLICERS SHALL BE CAST-IN-PLACE BY THE FABRICATOR AND SHALL BE EMBEDDED AS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE A MINIMUM NOMINAL TENSILE RESISTANCE OF 17 KIPS AS SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER.

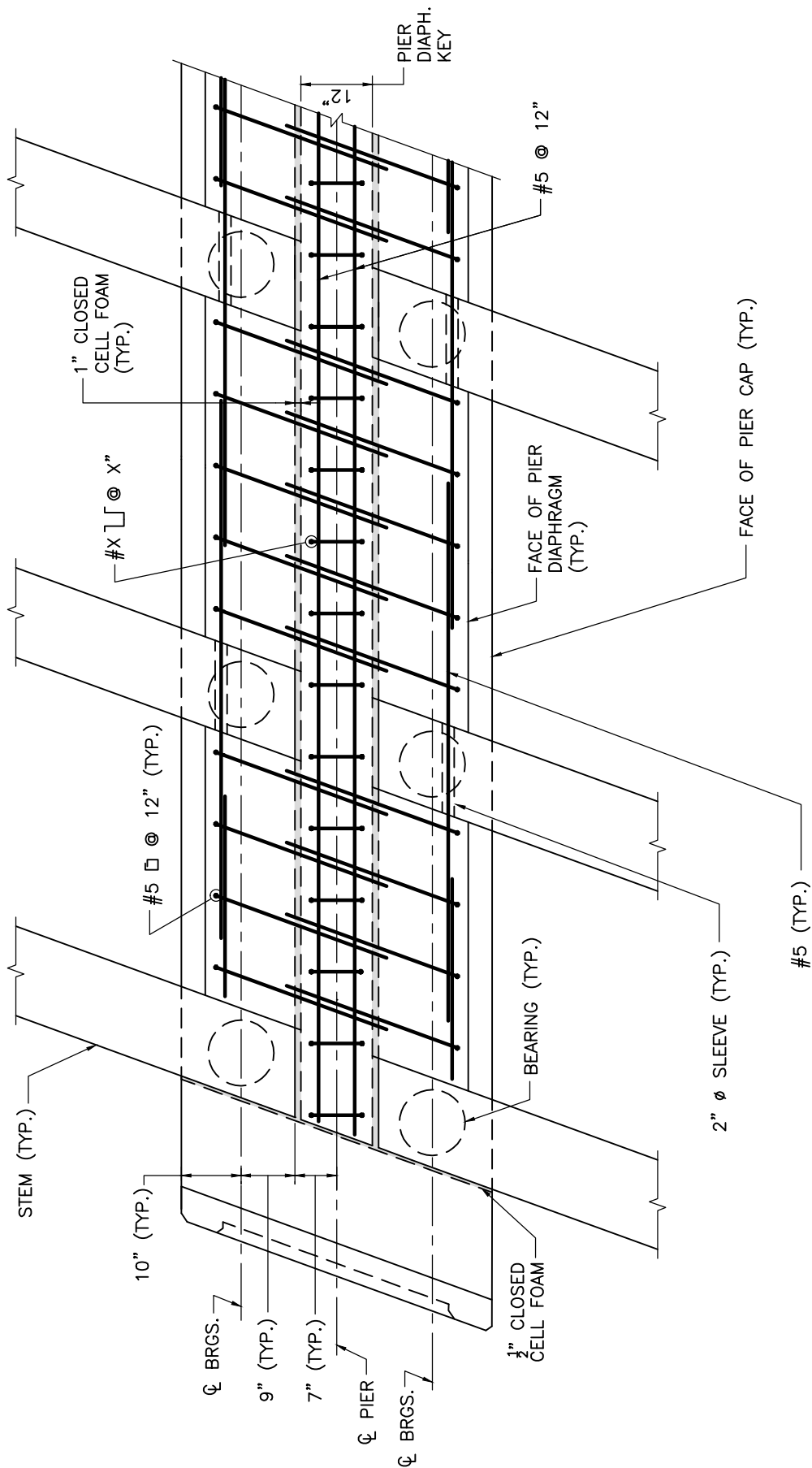
NOTES: *(These Notes are for details shown on Dwg. No.'s 6.5.11, 6.5.12, and 6.5.13)*

1. *Provide headed dowel bar splicers by beam designation as follows:*

<i>B-24 thru B-30 beams</i>	<i>1 headed reinforcement bar splicer mid beam;</i>
<i>B-33 thru B-48 beams</i>	<i>2 headed reinforcement bar splicers as shown.</i>

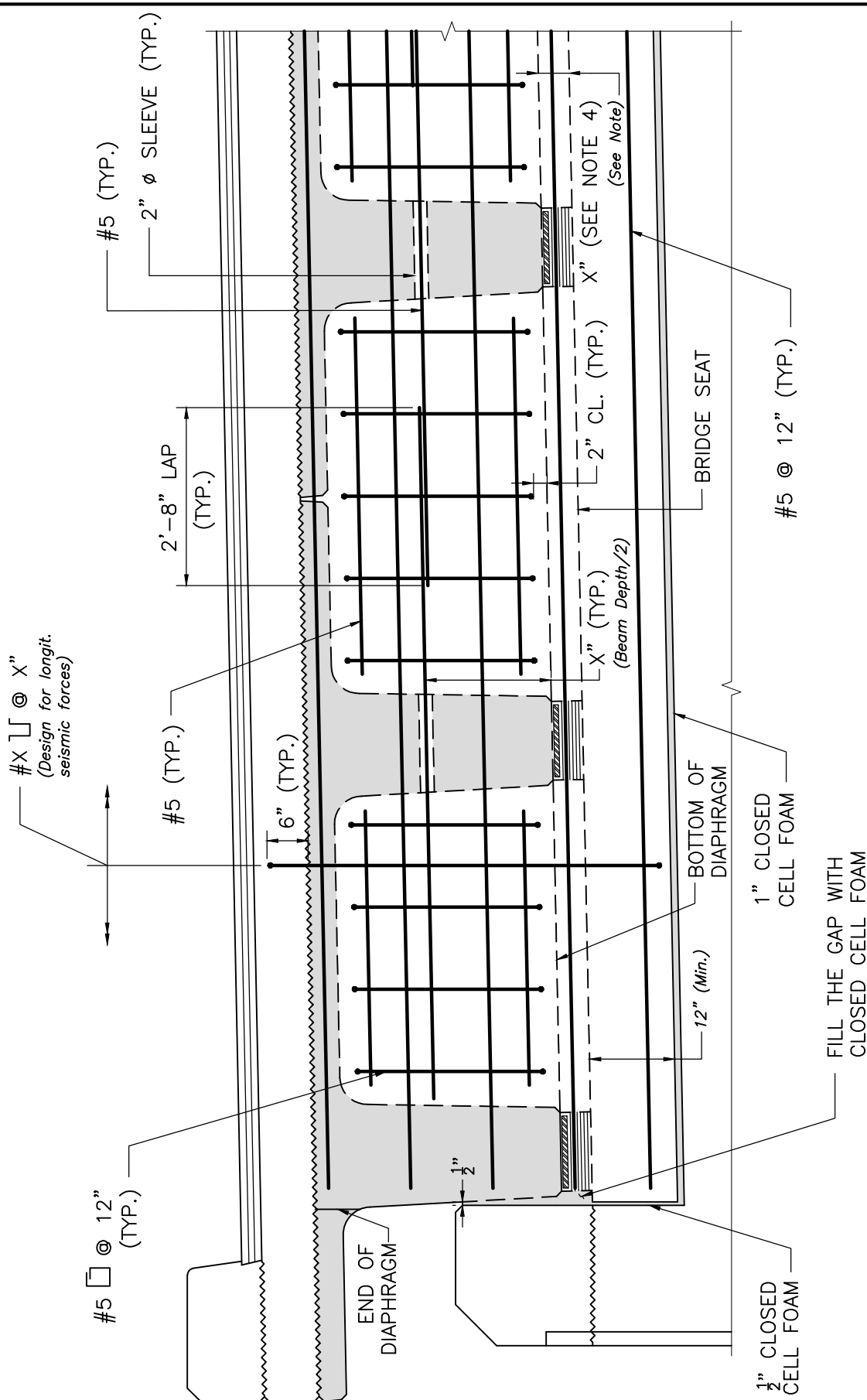
Provide #5 intermediate reinforcing bars by beam designation as follows:

<i>B-24 thru B-30 beams</i>	<i>No intermediate bars;</i>
<i>B-33 thru B-48 beams</i>	<i>1 intermediate bar midway between splicers.</i>
2. *Dimension to be provided is equal to total thickness of bearing.*
3. *If the bearing exceeds 16" in diameter, set the 9" dimension to (Bearing Dia.)/2 + 1", and set the 10" dimension to (Bearing Dia.)/2 + 2".*
4. *The Designer shall ensure that at least 2" clear cover is maintained to the top of the deck at all locations.*



HORIZONTAL SECTION THRU PIER DIAPHRAGM

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$



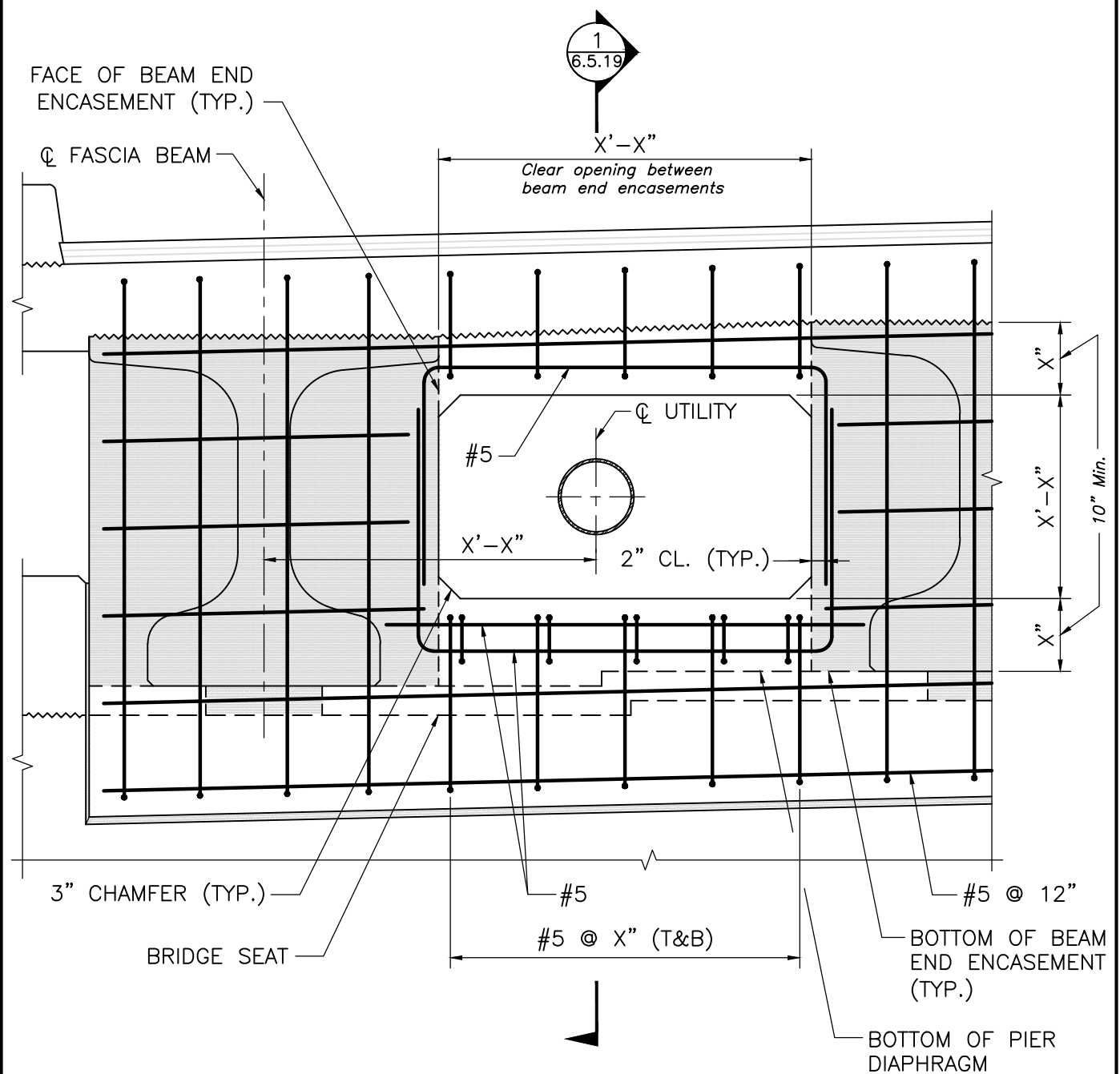
NOTE:

(See Dwg. No. 6.5.15 for Notes to be included on Construction Drawings.)

PIER DIAPHRAGM SECTION

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

NOTE:
Dimension to be provided is equal to Total Thickness of Bearing.



NOTE:

BEAM END ENCASEMENT REINFORCEMENT NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY.

UTILITY BAY DETAILS AT PIER

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

NOTE:

The type of utility is conceptual and shall be modified to accommodate the actual type.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

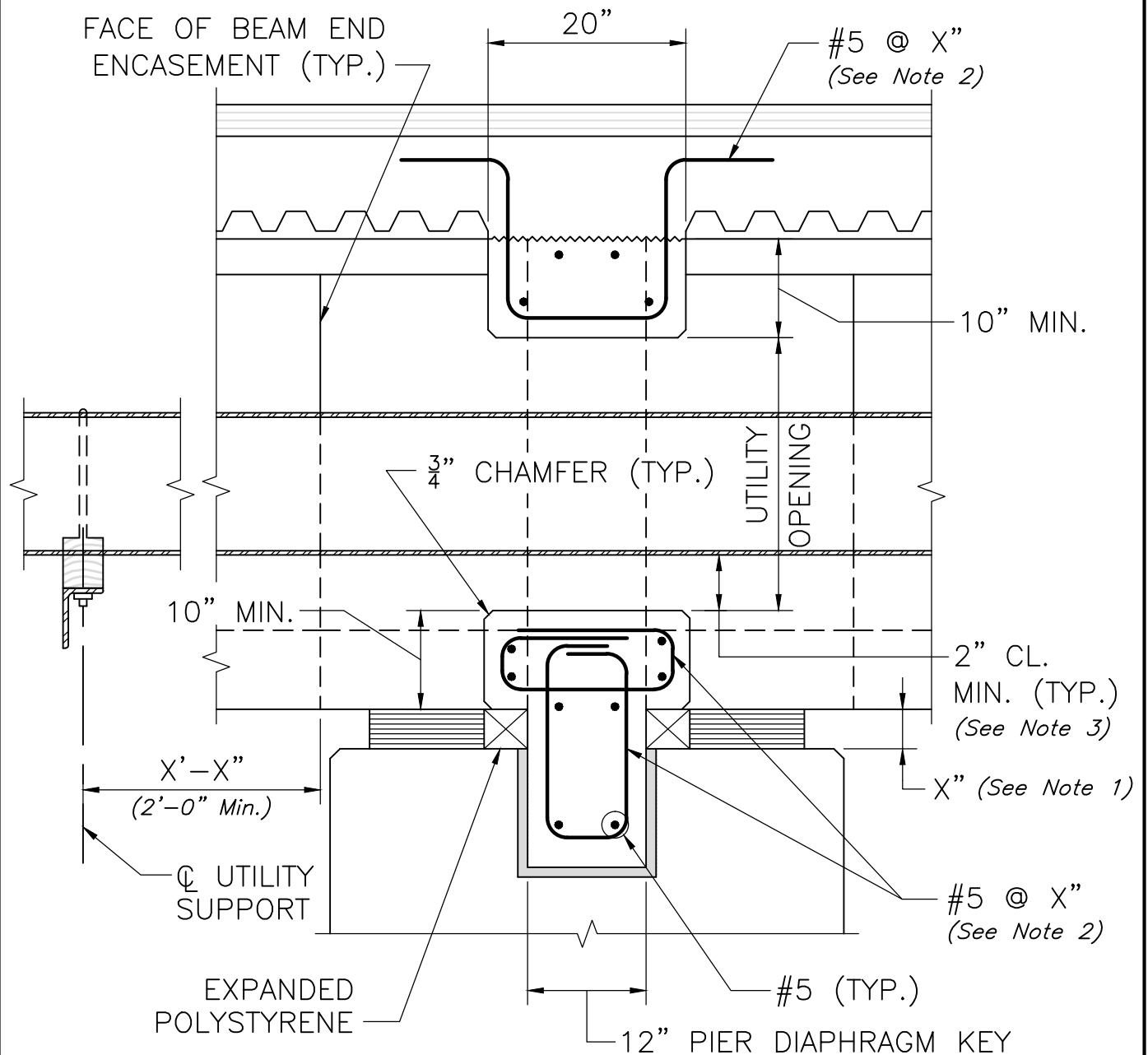
UTILITY BAY DETAILS
FOR NEBT BEAMS

PIER DETAILS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.5.18



NOTE:

BEAM END ENCASEMENT REINFORCEMENT AND PIER CAP REINFORCEMENT NOT SHOWN FOR CLARITY.

SECTION 1

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

NOTES:

1. Dimension to be provided is equal to Total Thickness of Bearing.
2. Use same spacing as for the typical pier diaphragm reinforcement.
3. The Designer shall verify that the clearances required by utilities are maintained.
4. The type of utility is conceptual and shall be modified to accommodate the actual type.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

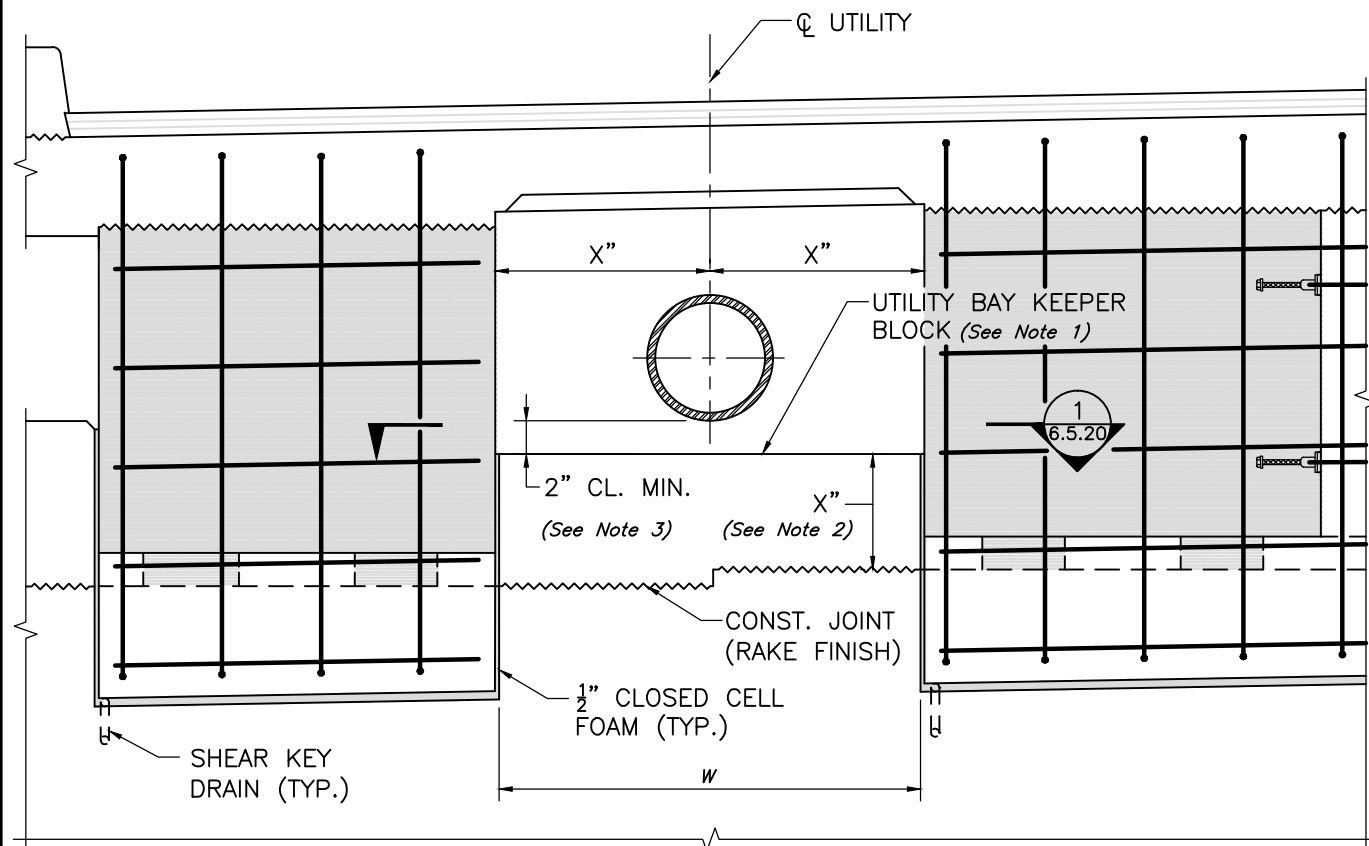
SECTION THRU UTILITY BAY FOR NEBT BEAMS

PIER DETAILS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.5.19



UTILITY DETAIL AT PIER

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

NOTES:

1. Reinforcement for utility bay keeper block shall be the same as for the intermediate keeper blocks. Refer to Dwg. No. 6.5.5 and show all relevant details on the Construction Drawings.
2. Height of keeper block: h shall be less or equal to $W/3$, 10" Min.
3. The Designer shall verify that the clearances required by utilities are maintained.
4. The type of utility is conceptual and shall be modified to accommodate the actual type.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

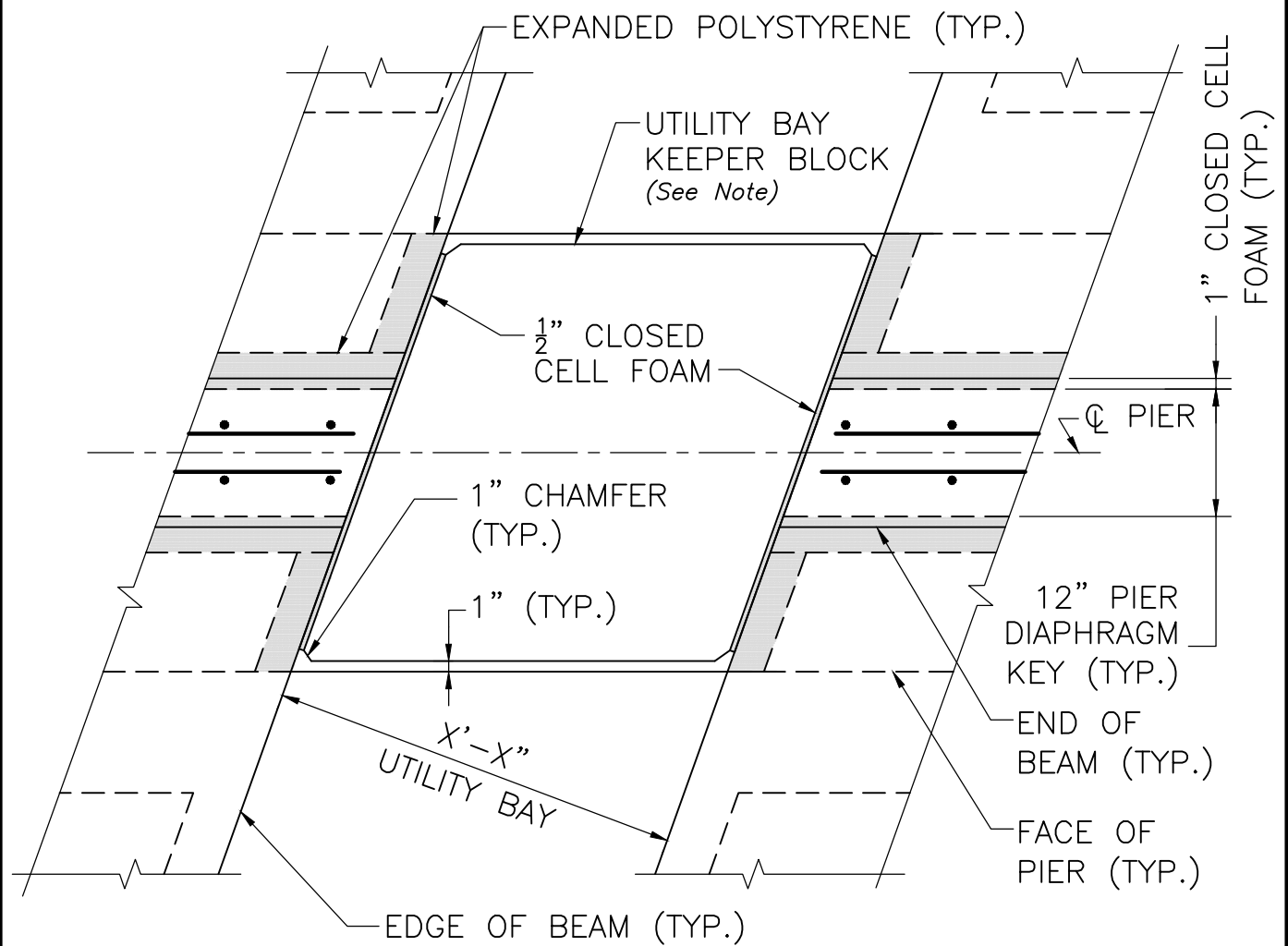
UTILITY BAY DETAILS FOR BOX BEAMS

PIER DETAILS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.5.20



NOTE:

KEEPER BLOCK SHALL BE CAST AFTER BEAMS ARE ERECTED AND THE PIER DIAPHRAGM HAS BEEN CAST. ATTACH CLOSED CELL FOAM TO THE BEAMS AND DIAPHRAGM PRIOR TO PLACING KEEPER BLOCK CONCRETE.

SECTION 1

SCALE: $\frac{3}{4}" = 1'-0"$

NOTE:

Reinforcement for utility bay keeper block shall be the same as for the intermediate keeper blocks. For additional dimensions, details and Designer Notes, refer to Dwg. No. 6.5.5 and show all on the Construction Drawings.



LRFD BRIDGE
MANUAL, PART II

SECTION THRU UTILITY BAY FOR BOX BEAMS

PIER DETAILS

DATE OF ISSUE
JUNE 2013

DRAWING NUMBER

6.5.21