Hate Crime in Massachusetts 2018



Massachusetts Executive Office of Public Safety & Security February 2020

Massachusetts Hate Crimes, 2018

Executive Summary

Notes on Data

This report is written in accordance with Section 34 of Chapter 22C of the Massachusetts General Laws. The 2018 Hate Crime Report for Massachusetts was compiled using data voluntarily supplied by police departments across the Commonwealth. The Executive Office of Public Safety & Security (EOPSS) received a total of 351 reports of incidents of hate crime (down from 427 in 2017) from 66 municipal police departments, 9 campus police agencies, and MBTA Transit Police. In addition, 280 agencies submitted "zero reports" (indicating that they had experienced no bias-motivated incidents) and there were 64 non-reporting agencies, up from 55 in 2017. In 2018, reporting agencies and zero-reporting agencies covered approximately 95% of the population of Massachusetts. After receipt and state data quality checks, EOPSS submits all Massachusetts hate crime data to the FBI for further analysis, verification and inclusion in its annual *Hate Crime Statistics* publication. EOPSS continues to verify and update hate crime reports after submission to the FBI, and as a result, the data in this report may not match the FBI's published data.

Data was collected utilizing two methods – the National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS) and the Uniform Crime Report (UCR). Agencies that report data via NIBRS automatically upload their data to EOPSS. EOPSS then extracts the required data for analysis and forwards it to the FBI. Agencies that submit via the Uniform Crime Report (UCR) now fill out standardized FBI Hate Crime Workbooks and submit those forms to EOPSS via an on-line portal. It is important to note that several of the categories displayed in this report may only be available from the NIBRS–reporting agencies, as NIBRS captures many data elements that UCR does not capture.

UCR agencies formerly reported hate crime data using a Massachusetts-specific form. As part of an ongoing move toward statewide NIBRS reporting, this form was eliminated in 2017 and replaced with the FBI's Hate Crime Workbooks to be more consistent with FBI reporting and eliminate the need for manually coding and entering data into multiple systems. In 2018, 210 offenses were submitted via NIBRS from 71 agencies, while 180 were submitted via UCR from five agencies (Boston, Lawrence, MBTA, College of the Holy Cross, and Northeastern University). Generally, when two offenses in the same incident share the same elements, only the more serious offense is reported; one police department reported multiple offenses sharing the same elements in many of their 2018 incidents and the duplicated offenses have been removed from the data for the purposes of this report. One police department reported a bias-related Homicide as a clerical error; this offense has been removed from the data for the purposes of this report.

Bias Motivation

A "hate crime," which can be referred to interchangeably as a "bias crime" or "bias-related / motivated crime," is not reported as a stand-alone offense but rather as part of a separate criminal violation, ranging from vandalism to harassment to violent crimes. Of the 390 hate crime offenses reported in 2018, the most frequent offenses were Vandalism / Damage / Destruction of Property, which is often graffiti or the defacing of property (33.3%), and Intimidation (33.6%). Simple Assault and Aggravated Assault incidents were the only remaining incident types with double-digit counts, accounting for 16.9% & 13.1% respectively. In terms of violent crime, there were 51 bias-motivated Aggravated Assaults reported in 2018, which is up from the

37 reported in 2017. Historically, Vandalism and Intimidation are the top two offenses reported during bias incidents and in recent years have each accounted for approximately 30% of offenses. (See Table 1.)

In 2018, similar to years past, prejudice against race / ethnicity or national origin was the most widely reported bias motivation representing 54.1% of the total (up from 53.9% in 2017). Bias against religious groups was the second most frequent bias motivation with 22.8% of the total (down from 26% in 2017). Sexual Orientation bias was third with 18.7% (up from 14.4% in 2017). (See Figure 1 & Table 2.)

Victims and Offenders

As in previous years, males were the most frequent victims (56.9% of known victims). This number has been in the 50-60% range for the past several years whereas prior numbers reached 70% of victims being reported as male as recently as 2012. The known offenders of hate crimes continue to be predominantly male with 83.5% of offenders identified as males. Females were victims in 43.1% of incidents where the gender of the victim was identified. Females as a percentage of offenders where gender was determined accounted for 16.5% (down from 22.3% in 2017 and 28.8% in 2016). (For a breakdown of victims and offenders by gender, please refer to Tables 14 and 16.) When the race of the victim was determined by NIBRS agencies, whites were the most frequent racial category as victims (61.4%, down from 70.9% in 2017). The increase from the historical numbers in the 50% range may be attributed to the data only reflecting NIBRS agencies as UCR agencies no longer report victim race data. White offenders accounted for 68.4% of known offenders down from 78.7% in 2017. African American victims of both genders composed 26% of the total victim population, down from 24.6% the previous year. African American offenders comprised 27.4% of offenders, up from 19.4% the previous year. (See Table 15.)

Victims were reported to have some type of injury in 37.8% of cases where injury information was captured. This is similar to past years, when approximately 30% of victims were injured in cases where injury data was reported. Dividing the 25 total injuries by the total incidents, only 7% of the total incidents resulted in some type of injury. Of the 25 total injuries, only 5 resulted in a major injury of some type. (See Table 17.)

Location

Bias incidents reported by police agencies in Massachusetts occur in a variety of locations, both public and private. In 2018, 20.5% of incidents occurred on a highway or street, while an additional 19.7% occurred at a residence or home. Combining all school categories resulted in 17.7%, which is a decrease from the 20.1% from 2017. (See Table 11.) Other location types with 10 or more incidents were other / unknown; air / bus / train terminal; commercial / office building; bar / nightclub; parking lot / garage and government / public building. Religious locations were only reported in 1.5% of incidents.

Targets

Individuals and private property were the primary targets for hate crimes in the Commonwealth, with 78.2% of the reports, up from 77.5% in 2017. Government targets were the second most frequent target in 2018 with 9% of the reports. Business targets were reported in 8.2% of incidents (See Table 10.)

Hate Crimes Historical Perspective

Over the past 19 years, the numbers and the categories of bias motivations have remained fairly consistent. Between 2000 and 2002, approximately 500 bias motivated were reported each year. From 2003 through 2018, the number declined to an average of about 360 incidents per year and has remained extremely consistent over this extended period. Over this time period, the most frequently reported bias motivations have remained similar: Anti-Black bias has consistently been most frequent (29.4%), followed by Anti-Gay (17.2%), Anti-Semitic (14.6%) and Anti-White (9.2%). The 427 incidents reported in 2017 were the highest since 2002. Data in 2018 was more consistent with previous years and the average counts.

Counts of Incidents and Offenses 2015 - 2018								
Crime Count 2015 2016 2017 2018								
Incidents	411	389	427	351				
Offenses	424	411	438	390				

Definitions

Hate Crime	Any criminal act to which a bias motive is evident as a contributing factor. The MA Hate Crime Reporting Act of 1991
	covers bias on account of race, religion, ethnicity, handicap, gender, or sexual orientation. Hate crimes can be reported
	only by law enforcement agencies. See M.G.L. c. 22C, § 32 for more details.

Zero Report An official report by a police department stating no hate crimes were reported to the department during the reporting period.

Non-reporting agencies Local police departments, and other law enforcement agencies, which are not in compliance with the provisions of the Reporting Act. These agencies failed to indicate how many, if any, bias crimes occurred in their jurisdiction.

Reporting agenciesLocal police departments, as well as other law enforcement agencies, who have voluntarily reported the incidence of identified bias crimes in their jurisdiction. Agencies can comply with the Reporting Act by reporting the number of bias crimes, even if zero.

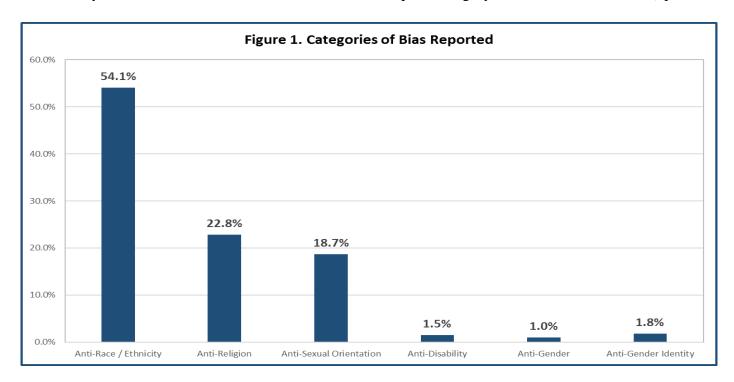
Reports by Law Enforcement Agencies

In the statistics that follow, it should be noted that a single incident report may include more than one offense, bias motivation, victim, or offender. As a result, totals in some categories may exceed the number of reports. Similarly, some reports omit information in certain categories, resulting in totals lower than the number of incident reports collected.

Hate crimes were reported by a total of 78 different law enforcement agencies. A total of 351 hate crime reports were filed by these agencies, which included 390 separate offenses. Boston reported 144 hate crimes in 2018. Other agencies that reported 10 or more hate crimes were: Cambridge (16), MBTA (12), Haverhill (10) and Springfield (10). (See Figure 7 and Table 19.)

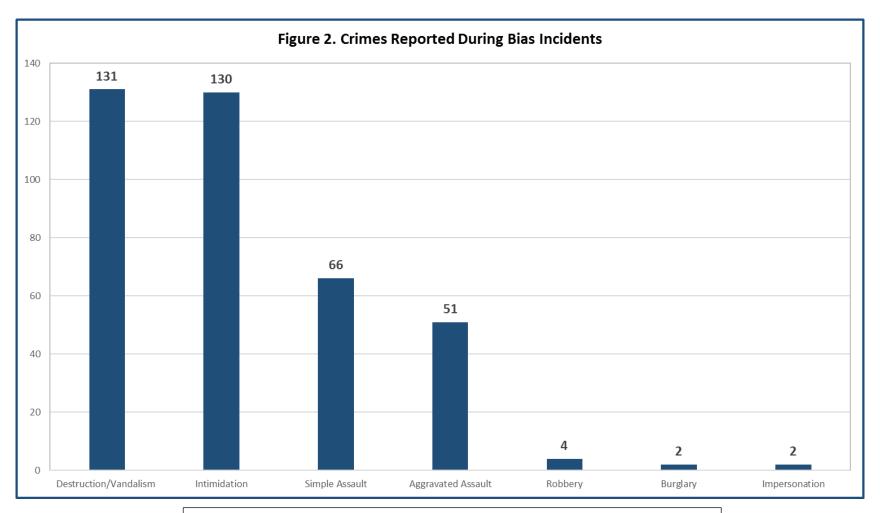
Categories of Bias Reported

Of the 390 bias motivations for particular incidents reported, race / ethnicity / national origin bias constituted the largest category of reported motives, with 54.1% of the total (up from 53.9% in 2017). Offenses related to religious affiliation were the second most prevalent, with 22.8% (down from 26% in 2017). Offenses motivated by sexual orientation bias were the third most frequent category, with 18.7% of the total (up from 14.4% in 2017)



Categories of Crimes Reported

Of the 390 total offenses reported, Vandalism / Destruction of Property was the most frequently reported with 131 offenses, representing 33.6% of the total. Intimidation was the second most frequently reported offense, with 130 incidents representing 33.3% of the total offenses. Assaults also formed a significant portion of incidents, accounting for 16.9% and 13.1% respectively. Combining Aggravated and Simple Assaults would yield 117 assaults where offenders physically confronted a victim, which is consistent with last year's total of 116.



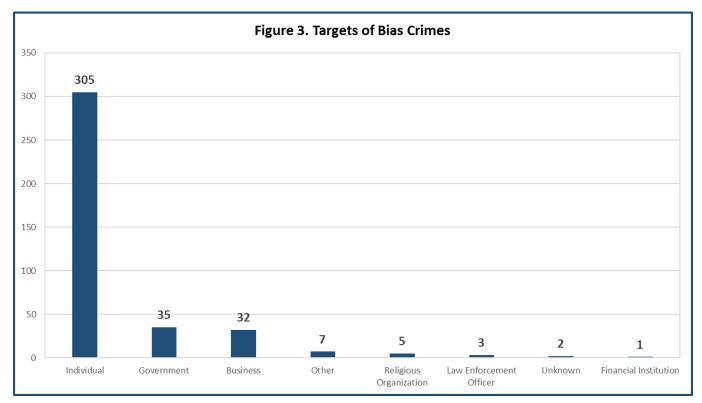
^{*} Please note: Categories with only 1 incident are not displayed in Figure 2 but can be found in Table 1.

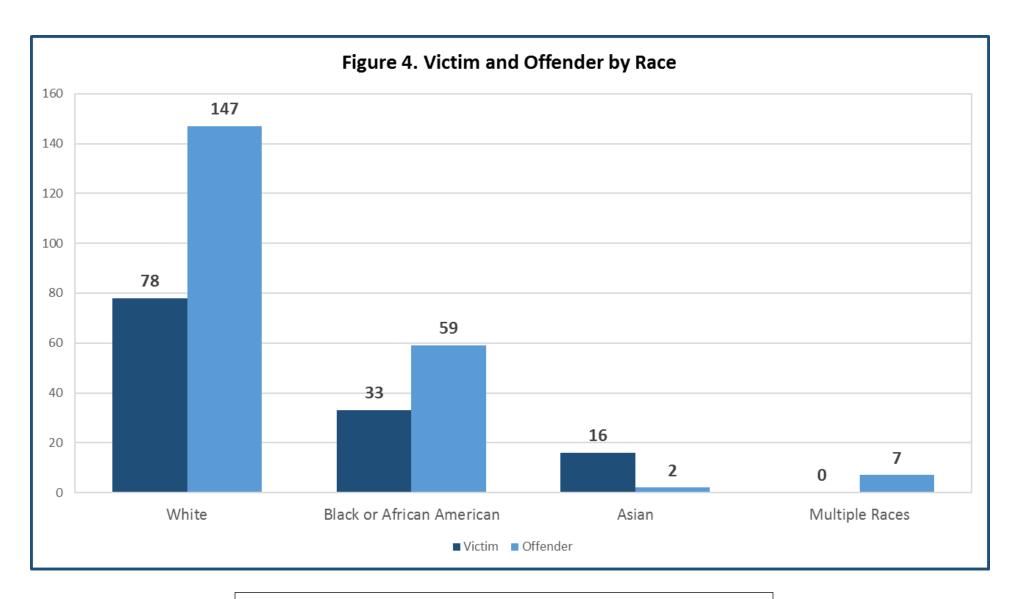
Victim and Offender Profile

An Individual / Person (including private property) was the target in 78.2% of cases (up from 77.5% in 2017). Government targets were second, with 9% (up from 7.8%). Business targets were the third most frequently targeted group with 8.2% of the incidents (down from 9.6% in 2017). Religious targets were chosen in 1.1% of incidents (down from 1.6% the previous year).

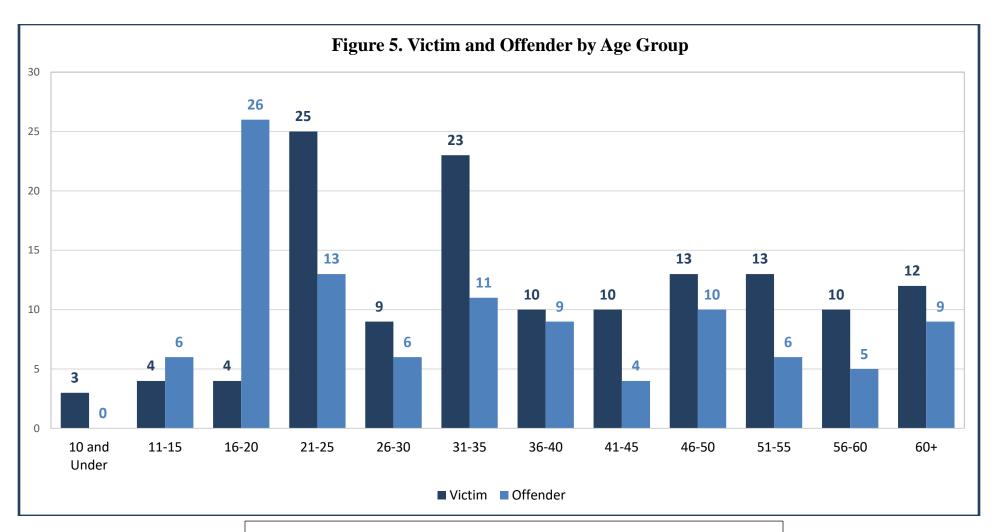
In the 127 NIBRS incidents where the victim's race was reported, whites were victims 61.4% of the time (down from 70.9% in 2017), while African Americans were victims in 26% of cases (down from 24.6% in 2017). This data again fails to include UCR agencies. Due to this exclusion, the data does not include victim data for many Anti-Black incidents. The victims were male in 56.9% of cases. This year, the most common age group reporting hate crimes was 21-25 year olds and 31-35 year olds. The past few years the most common age group was 26-30, however this year this group only accounted for 9 victims. (See Table 8 & 13.)

The perpetrators of hate crimes were white in 68.4% of cases (down from 78.7% in 2017) and African American in 27.4% of cases (up from 19.4% in 2017), in the 215 cases where this information was identified. The perpetrator was male in 83.5% of known cases (up from 77.7% in 2017), and of the cases where the offender(s)'s age group was identified, the most frequently reported age group was 16-20 with nearly 25%.

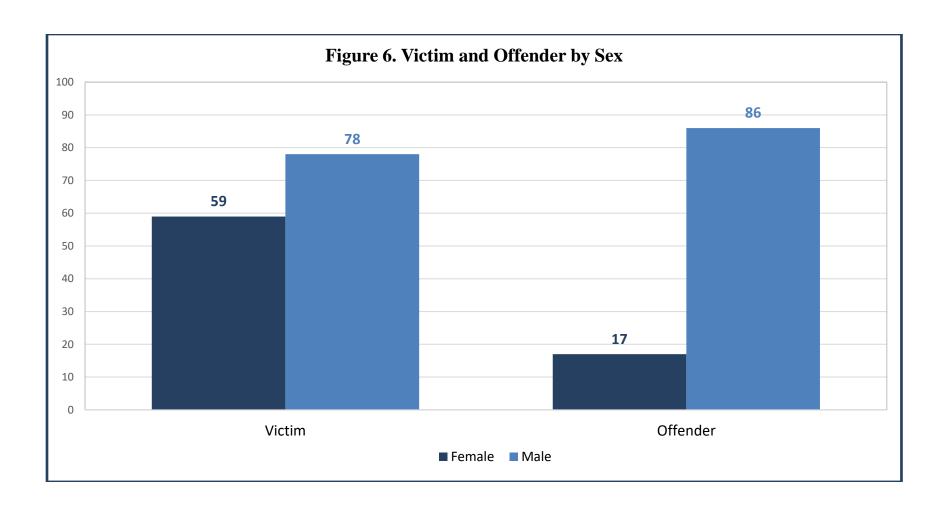




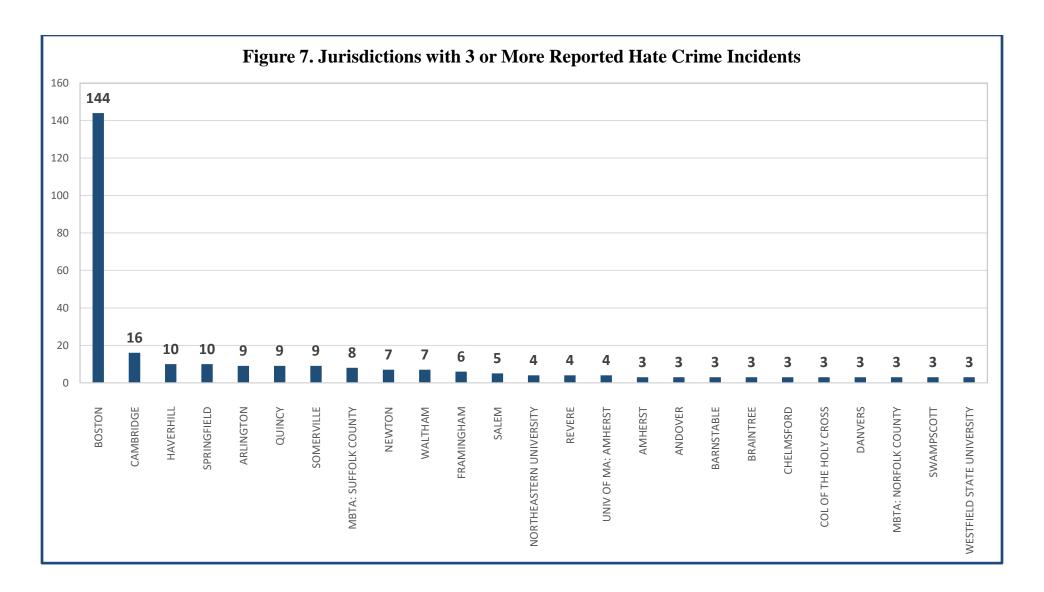
^{*} Data source: For this chart, offender data is based upon combined UCR & NIBRS data, while victim data is based upon NIBRS data only.



^{*} Data source: Only NIBRS data was used for this chart due to UCR reporting limitations.



^{*} Data source: Only NIBRS data was used for this chart due to UCR reporting limitations.



^{*} Please note: For a full listing of Hate Crimes by Jurisdiction, please see Table 19.

Characteristics of the Incidents

The most common location for hate crime incidents to occur in 2018 was a highway / road / street / sidewalk (20.5%, down from 15.1% in 2017); followed by residence / home (19.7%, down from 23.7% in 2017). (See Table 11.)

Weapons of some type were reported in 43 incidents, which is down from 58 in 2017 and significantly down from the 110 in 2015. In cases where the type of weapon was identified, hands / fist / feet were used the most frequently (55.8%, down from 55.2% in 2017). Other weapons were the second most frequently, listed in 16.7% of cases. Blunt objects were utilized in approximately 14% of cases. A firearm was only used in 1 incident in 2018, down from 2 in 2017. (See Table 12.)

Of the 66 incidents in which injury information was submitted, no visible injuries were reported in 41 of the incidents. Minor injuries were reported in 20 incidents and broken bones were reported in 2 incidents. (See Table 16.)

Appendix

Table 1. Crimes Committed During Bias Incidents							
Hate Crimes	Total	% of Total					
Destruction/Vandalism	131	33.6%					
Intimidation	130	33.3%					
Simple Assault	66	16.9%					
Aggravated Assault	51	13.1%					
Robbery	4	1.0%					
Burglary	2	0.5%					
Impersonation	2	0.5%					
False Pretenses	1	0.3%					
Kidnapping/Abduction	1	0.3%					
Larceny	1	0.3%					
Shoplifting	1	0.3%					
Grand Total	390	100.0%					

Table 2. Bias Types Reported to Police							
Bias Types	Total	% of Total					
Anti-White	29	7.4%					
Anti-Black or African American	113	29.0%					
Anti-Asian	15	3.8%					
Anti-Multiple Races, Group	2	0.5%					
Subtotal Anti-Race	159	40.8%					
Anti-Arab	8	2.1%					
Anti-Hispanic or Latino	20	5.1%					
Anti-Other Race / Ethnicity / Ancestry	24	6.2%					
Subtotal Anti-Ethnicity	52	13.3%					
Anti-Jewish	64	16.4%					
Anti-Catholic	1	0.3%					
Anti-Islamic (Muslim)	15	3.8%					
Anti-Buddhist	4	1.0%					
Anti-Eastern Orthodox (Greek, Russian, etc.)	1	0.3%					
Anti-Other Christian	3	0.8%					
Anti-Other Religion	1	0.3%					
Subtotal Anti-Religion	89	22.8%					
Anti-Gay	54	13.8%					
Anti-Lesbian	16	4.1%					
Anti-Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, or Transgender (Mixed Group)	3	0.8%					
Subtotal Anti-Sexual Orientation	73	18.7%					
Anti-Physical Disability	3	0.8%					
Anti-Mental Disability	3	0.8%					
Subtotal Anti-Disability	6	1.5%					
Anti-Male	1	0.3%					
Anti-Female	3	0.8%					
Subtotal Anti-Gender	4	1.0%					
Anti-Transgender	6	1.5%					
Anti-Gender Non-Conforming	1	0.3%					
Subtotal Anti-Gender Identity	7	1.8%					
Total	390	100.0%					

				Table 3. Bias	Type for Re	ported Offens	es					
Bias Type	Damage / Vandalism of Property	Intimidation	Aggravated Assault	Simple Assault	Robbery	Burglary / Breaking and Entering	Impersonation	All Other Larceny	Kidnapping / Abduction	False Pretenses	Shoplifting	Grand Total
Anti-Black or African American	38	41	16	17	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	113
Anti-Jewish	54	8	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	64
Anti-Gay (Male)	7	25	10	10	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	54
Anti-White	5	12	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29
Anti-Other Race/Ethnicity/Ancestry	12	4	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24
Anti-Hispanic or Latino	4	6	3	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20
Anti-Lesbian (Female)	3	6	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	16
Anti-Islamic (Muslim)	0	8	1	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
Anti-Asian	1	9	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
Anti-Arab	1	2	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	8
Anti-Transgender	2	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Anti-Buddhist	0	1	1	0	1	0	0		0	0	1	4
Anti-Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, or Transgender (Mixed	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Anti-Other Christian	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
Anti-Female	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	3
Anti-Physical Disability	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Anti-Mental Disability	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3
Anti-Multiple Races, Group	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Anti-Catholic	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Anti-Eastern Orthodox (Greek, Russian, etc.)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Anti-Gender Non-Conforming	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Anti-Male	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Anti-Other Religion	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total	131	130	51	66	4	2	2	1	1	1	1	390

Table 4. Crimes by Primary Victim's Race							
Criminal Offense	White	Black or African American	Asian	Unknown / Missing	Grand Total		
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property	18	9	2	76	105		
Intimidation	22	7	6	3	38		
Simple Assault	17	9	6	5	37		
Aggravated Assault	12	7	2	1	22		
Robbery	2	1	0	0	3		
Burglary/Breaking & Entering	1	0	0	1	2		
False Pretenses/Swindle/Confidence Game	1	0	0	1	2		
All Other Larceny	1	0	0	0	1		
Extortion/Blackmail	1	0	0	0	1		
Impersonation	1	0	0	0	1		
Kidnapping/Abduction	1	0	0	0	1		
Grand Total	77	33	16	87	213		

^{*} Data source: Only NIBRS data was used for this table due to UCR reporting limitations.

	Table 5. Crimes by County of Reporting Agency													
Criminal Offense	Barnstable	Berkshire	Bristol	Dukes	Essex	Hampden	Hampshire	Middlesex	Nantucket	Norfolk	Plymouth	Suffolk	Worcester	Total
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property	4	5	1	3	22	10	8	44	1	7	3	17	6	131
Intimidation	2	0	0	2	4	4	2	17	0	6	0	91	2	130
Simple Assault	1	0	0	1	4	1	3	10	0	7	0	36	3	66
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	2	4	1	9	0	2	1	31	1	51
Robbery	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	4
Burglary/Breaking and Entering	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
Impersonation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
False Pretenses	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Kidnapping/Abduction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Shoplifting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
All Other Larceny	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Grand Total	7	5	1	8	34	19	15	83	1	23	4	177	13	390

	Tak	ole 6. Bi	as Type	by Cou	unty of l	Reporti	ng Agen	су						
Bias Type	Barnstable	Berkshire	Bristol	Dukes	Essex	Hampden	Hampshire	Middlesex	Nantucket	Norfolk	Plymouth	Suffolk	Worcester	Total
Anti-Black or African American	2	2	1	3	6	8	4	22	1	5	0	57	2	113
Anti-Jewish	3	2	0	1	11	2	2	25	0	1	2	11	4	64
Anti-Gay (Male)	1	0	0	0	4	3	0	9	0	0	0	35	2	54
Anti-White	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	2	0	2	1	16	1	29
Anti-Other Race/Ethnicity/Ancestry	0	1	0	0	3	3	0	5	0	3	1	7	1	24
Anti-Hispanic or Latino	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	5	0	0	0	12	1	20
Anti-Lesbian (Female)	1	0	0	1	2	0	1	1	0	2	0	7	1	16
Anti-Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	4	0	8	0	15
Anti-Islamic (Muslim)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	9	0	15
Anti-Arab	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	4	1	8
Anti-Transgender	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	3	0	6
Anti-Buddhist	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	4
Anti-Female	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
Anti-Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, or Transgender (Mixed Group)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3
Anti-Other Christian	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	3
Anti-Mental Disability	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
Anti-Physical Disability	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	3
Anti-Multiple Races, Group	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Anti-Male	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Anti-Other Religion	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Anti-Catholic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Anti-Eastern Orthodox (Greek, Russian, etc.)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Anti-Gender Non-Conforming	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Grand Total	7	5	1	8	34	19	15	83	1	23	4	177	13	390

	Table 7. Crimes by Offender's Race (when known)							
Criminal Offense	White	Black or African American	Group of Multiple Races	Asian	Grand Total			
Aggravated Assault	26	15	1	0	42			
Burglary/Breaking and Entering	0	1	0	0	1			
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property	17	5	0	0	22			
Impersonation	0	0	2	0	2			
Intimidation	57	23	3	2	85			
Kidnapping/Abduction	0	1	0	0	1			
Robbery	2	0	0	0	2			
Shoplifting	1	14	0	0	15			
Simple Assault	44	0	1	0	45			
Grand Total	147	59	7	2	215			

Table 8. Age of Known Victims							
Age Group	% of Known						
10 and Under	3	2.2%					
11-15	4	2.9%					
16-20	4	2.9%					
21-25	25	18.4%					
26-30	9	6.6%					
31-35	23	16.9%					
36-40	10	7.4%					
41-45	10	7.4%					
46-50	13	9.6%					
51-55	13	9.6%					
56-60	10	7.4%					
60+	12	8.8%					
Total Known	136	100.0%					

Table 9. Age of Known Offenders							
Age Group	Total	% of Known					
10 and Under	0	0.0%					
11-15	6	5.7%					
16-20	26	24.8%					
21-25	13	12.4%					
26-30	6	5.7%					
31-35	11	10.5%					
36-40	9	8.6%					
41-45	4	3.8%					
46-50	10	9.5%					
51-55	6	5.7%					
56-60	5	4.8%					
60+	9	8.6%					
Total Known	105	100.0%					

^{*} Data source: Only NIBRS data was used for these tables due to UCR reporting limitations.

Table 10. Target of Bias Crimes						
Target	Total	% of Total				
Individual	305	78.2%				
Government	35	9.0%				
Business	32	8.2%				
Other	7	1.8%				
Religious Organization	5	1.3%				
Law Enforcement Officer	3	0.8%				
Unknown	2	0.5%				
Financial Institution	1	0.3%				
Total	390	100.0%				

Table 11. Location	of Bias Crime Of	fenses
Location Type	Total	% of Total
Highway/Road/Alley/Street/Sidewalk	80	20.5%
Residence/Home	77	19.7%
School - Elementary	45	11.5%
Other/Unknown	30	7.7%
Air/Bus/Train Terminal	17	4.4%
School - College/University	16	4.1%
Commercial/Office Building	15	3.8%
Parking/Drop Lot/Garage	11	2.8%
Government/Public Building	11	2.8%
Bar/Nightclub	10	2.6%
Restaurant	9	2.3%
Specialty Store	9	2.3%
School	8	2.1%
Church/Synagogue/Temple/Mosque	6	1.5%
Drug Store/Doctor's Office/Hospital	6	1.5%
Park/Playground	5	1.3%
Convenience Store	5	1.3%
Department/Discount Store	5	1.3%
Field/Woods	5	1.3%
Bank/Savings and Loan	3	0.8%
Grocery/Supermarket	3	0.8%
Service/Gas Station	3	0.8%
Hotel/Motel/Etc.	2	0.5%
Liquor Store	2	0.5%
Cyberspace	2	0.5%
Arena/Stadium/Fairgrounds/Coliseum	1	0.3%
Shelter	1	0.3%
Community Center	1	0.3%
Lake/Waterway/Beach	1	0.3%
Rest Area	1	0.3%
Grand Total	390	100.0%

Table 12. Weapons	Used During Incide	ents
Weapon Used During Incidents	Total	% of Total Reporting
Personal Weapons (Hands, Feet, Teeth, Etc.)	24	55.8%
Other	7	16.3%
Blunt Object (Club, Hammer, Etc.)	6	14.0%
Knife/Cutting Instrument (Icepick, Ax, Etc.)	2	4.7%
Motor Vehicle/Vessel	2	4.7%
Fire/Incendiary Device	1	2.3%
Handgun	1	2.3%
Total Weapons	43	100.0%

^{*} Data source: Only NIBRS data was used for this table due to UCR reporting limitations.

Tabl	e 13. Race of Victims	
Race	Total	% of Total
White	78	61.4%
Black or African American	33	26.0%
Asian	16	12.6%
Total Known	127	100.0%

Tal	ble 14. Sex of Vict	ims
Sex	Total	% of Total
Male	78	56.9%
Female	59	43.1%
Total Known	137	100.0%

^{*} Data source: Only NIBRS data was used for these tables due to UCR reporting limitations.

Table 15. Race of	Offenders	
Race	Total	% of Total
White	147	68.4%
Black or African American	59	27.4%
Group of Multiple Races	7	3.3%
Asian	2	0.9%
Total Known	215	100.0%

* Data source: Both NIBRS & UCR data were used for this table.

	Table 16. Sex of Offenders	
Sex	Total	% of Total
Male	86	83.5%
Female	17	16.5%
Total Known	103	100.0%

^{*} Data source: Only NIBRS data was used for these tables due to UCR reporting limitations.

Table 17: Reported In	juries During Hate Cr	ime Incidents
Injury Type	Total	% of Total
Apparent Minor Injury	20	80.0%
Apparent Broken Bones	2	8.0%
Unconsciousness	1	4.0%
Other Major Injury	1	4.0%
Possible Internal Injury	1	4.0%
Total Reported	25	100.0%

^{*} Data source: Only NIBRS data was used for these tables due to UCR reporting limitations.

Table 18. Hate Crimes by	Agency
Agency	Total
ACTON	1
AMHERST	3
ANDOVER	3
ARLINGTON	9
ASHBURNHAM	1
ASHLAND	1
ASSUMPTION COLLEGE	1
AYER	2
BARNSTABLE	3
BELMONT	2
BOSTON	144
BOSTON UNIVERSITY	2
BOXFORD	1
BRAINTREE	3
BROCKTON	2
BROOKLINE	2
CAMBRIDGE	16
CHELMSFORD	3
CHICOPEE	1
CHILMARK	1
COHASSET	1
COL OF THE HOLY CROSS	3
CONCORD	1
DANVERS	3
DEAN COLLEGE	1
DRACUT	1
EASTHAMPTON	2
EASTON	1
EDGARTOWN	2
EVERETT	1
FALMOUTH	1
FRAMINGHAM	6

Table 18. Hate Crimes by	y Agency
Agency	Total
GREAT BARRINGTON	1
GROTON	1
HAVERHILL	10
HOLBROOK	2
LAWRENCE	1
LYNN	2
MALDEN	1
MASSASOIT COMMUNITY	1
MBTA: ESSEX COUNTY	1
MBTA: NORFOLK COUNTY	3
MBTA: SUFFOLK COUNTY	8
MEDFORD	1
MELROSE	2
MILFORD	1
MILLBURY	1
MONSON	1
NANTUCKET	1
NATICK	1
NEWTON	7
NORTH ANDOVER	1
NORTHAMPTON	1
NORTHEASTERN UNIVERSITY	4
OAK BLUFFS	1
PALMER	1
PITTSFIELD	2
PROVINCETOWN	2
QUINCY	9
REVERE	4
SALEM	5
SOMERVILLE	9
SOUTH HADLEY	2
SPENCER	1

Table 18. Hate Crimes by	Agency
Agency	Total
SPRINGFIELD	10
SPRINGFIELD TECH COMM	1
STURBRIDGE	2
SWAMPSCOTT	3
TISBURY	2
UNIV OF MA: AMHERST	4
WALTHAM	7
WATERTOWN	1
WEST TISBURY	1
WESTFIELD	1
WESTFIELD STATE UNIVERSI	3
WINCHESTER	1
WINTHROP	1
WORCESTER	2
Total	351

^{*} Data reflects counts of incidents

Table 19. Zero Reporting Agencies
Agency
ABINGTON
ACUSHNET
ADAMS
AGAWAM
AMESBURY
AMHERST COLLEGE
AQUINNAH
ATHOL
ATTLEBORO
AUBURN
AVON
BABSON COLLEGE
BECKER COLLEGE
BECKET
BEDFORD
BELCHERTOWN
BELLINGHAM
BENTLEY UNIVERSITY
BERKLEY
BERLIN
BERNARDSTON
BEVERLY
BILLERICA
BLACKSTONE
BOLTON
BOSTON COLLEGE
BOURNE
BOXBOROUGH
BOYLSTON
BRANDEIS UNIVERSITY
BREW STER
BRIDGEW ATER

Agency BRIDGEWATER STATE UNIV BRISTOL COMM COLLEGE BUNKER HILL COMMUNITY CO BURLINGTON CANTON CARLISLE CARVER CHARLTON CHATHAM CHELSEA CHESTERFIELD CLARK UNIVERSITY CLINTON CURRY COLLEGE DALTON
BRISTOL COMM COLLEGE BUNKER HILL COMMUNITY CO BURLINGTON CANTON CARLISLE CARVER CHARLTON CHATHAM CHELSEA CHESTERFIELD CLARK UNIVERSITY CLINTON CURRY COLLEGE DALTON
BUNKER HILL COMMUNITY CO BURLINGTON CANTON CARLISLE CARVER CHARLTON CHATHAM CHELSEA CHESTERFIELD CLARK UNIVERSITY CLINTON CURRY COLLEGE DALTON
BURLINGTON CANTON CARLISLE CARVER CHARLTON CHATHAM CHELSEA CHESTERFIELD CLARK UNIVERSITY CLINTON CURRY COLLEGE DALTON
CANTON CARLISLE CARVER CHARLTON CHATHAM CHELSEA CHESTERFIELD CLARK UNIVERSITY CLINTON CURRY COLLEGE DALTON
CARLISLE CARVER CHARLTON CHATHAM CHELSEA CHESTERFIELD CLARK UNIVERSITY CLINTON CURRY COLLEGE DALTON
CARVER CHARLTON CHATHAM CHELSEA CHESTERFIELD CLARK UNIVERSITY CLINTON CURRY COLLEGE DALTON
CHARLTON CHATHAM CHELSEA CHESTERFIELD CLARK UNIVERSITY CLINTON CURRY COLLEGE DALTON
CHATHAM CHELSEA CHESTERFIELD CLARK UNIVERSITY CLINTON CURRY COLLEGE DALTON
CHELSEA CHESTERFIELD CLARK UNIVERSITY CLINTON CURRY COLLEGE DALTON
CHESTERFIELD CLARK UNIVERSITY CLINTON CURRY COLLEGE DALTON
CLARK UNIVERSITY CLINTON CURRY COLLEGE DALTON
CLINTON CURRY COLLEGE DALTON
CURRY COLLEGE DALTON
DALTON
D + DID (OLIDI)
DARTMOUTH
DEDHAM
DEERFIELD
DENNIS
DIV OF LE ENVIRONMTL POL
DOUGLAS
DOVER
DUDLEY
DUNSTABLE
DUXBURY
EAST BRIDGEWATER
EAST BROOKFIELD
EAST LONGMEADOW
EASTHAM
EGREMONT
EMERSON COLLEGE
ENDICOTT COLLEGE

Table 19. Zero Reporting Agencies
Agency
ERVING
FAIRHAVEN
FALL RIVER
FITCHBURG
FITCHBURG STATE UNIVERSI
FOXBOROUGH
FRAMINGHAM STATE UNIVERS
FRANKLIN
FREETOWN
GARDNER
GEORGETOWN
GILL
GLOUCESTER
GORDON COLLEGE
GOSHEN
GRAFTON
GRANBY
GREENFIELD
GREENFIELD COMMUNITY COL
GROVELAND
HADLEY
HALIFAX
HAMILTON
HAMPDEN
HAMPSHIRE COLLEGE
HANOVER
HANSON
HARDWICK
HARVARD
HARVARD UNIVERSITY
HARWICH
HATFIELD

Table 19. Zero Reporting Agencies
Agency
HINGHAM
HOLLAND
HOLLISTON
HOLYOKE
HOPEDALE
HOPKINTON
HUDSON
IPSWICH
KINGSTON
LAKEVILLE
LANCASTER
LEE
LEICESTER
LENOX
LEOMINSTER
LEVERETT
LEXINGTON
LINCOLN
LITTLETON
LONGMEADOW
LOWELL
LUDLOW
LUNENBURG
LYNNFIELD
MA BAY COMMUNITY COLLEGE
MA COLLG OF LIBERAL ARTS
MANCHESTER-BY-THE-SEA
MANSFIELD
MARBLEHEAD
MARION
MARLBOROUGH
MARSHFIELD

Table 19. Zero Reporting Agencie	es
Agency	
MASHPEE	
MASS GENERAL HOSPITAL	
MASS INST OF TECHNOLOGY	
MATTAPOISETT	
MAYNARD	
MBTA: BRISTOL COUNTY	
MBTA: MIDDLESEX COUNTY	
MBTA: PLYMOUTH COUNTY	
MBTA: WORCESTER COUNTY	
MCPHS UNIVERSITY	
MEDWAY	
MENDON	
MERRIMAC	
MERRIMACK COLLEGE	
METHUEN	
MIDDLEBORO	
MIDDLETON	
MILLVILLE	
MILTON	
MONTAGUE	
MOUNT HOLYOKE COLLEGE	
MOUNT WACHUSETT COMM CO	
NAHANT	
NEEDHAM	
NEW BEDFORD	
NEW BRAINTREE	
NEWBURY	
NEWBURYPORT	
NORFOLK	
NORTH ADAMS	
NORTH ATTLEBORO	
NORTH READING	

Table 19. Zero Reporting Agencies
Agency
NORTH SHORE COMMUNITY CO
NORTHBOROUGH
NORTHBRIDGE
NORTHFIELD
NORTON
NORWELL
NORWOOD
OAKHAM
ORLEANS
OXFORD
PAXTON
PEABODY
PELHAM
PEMBROKE
PEPPERELL
PLAINVILLE
PLYMOUTH
PLYMPTON
PRINCETON
QUINSIGAMOND COMM COLLEG
RANDOLPH
RAYNHAM
READING
REGIS COLLEGE
REHOBOTH
ROCHESTER
ROCKPORT
ROWLEY
ROYALSTON
RUTLAND
SALEM STATE UNIVERSITY
SALISBURY

Table 19. Zero Reporting Agencies
Agency
SANDWICH
SAUGUS
SCITUATE
SEEKONK
SHARON
SHELBURNE
SHERBORN
SHIRLEY
SHREWSBURY
SMITH COLLEGE
SOMERSET
SOUTHAMPTON
SOUTHBOROUGH
SOUTHBRIDGE
SOUTHWICK
SP: BARNSTABLE COUNTY
SP: BERKSHIRE COUNTY
SP: BRISTOL COUNTY
SP: DUKES COUNTY
SP: ESSEX COUNTY
SP: FRANKLIN COUNTY
SP: HAMPDEN COUNTY
SP: HAMPSHIRE COUNTY
SP: MIDDLESEX COUNTY
SP: NANTUCKET COUNTY
SP: NORFOLK COUNTY
SP: PLYMOUTH COUNTY
SP: SUFFOLK COUNTY
SP: WORCESTER COUNTY
SPRINGFIELD COLLEGE
STERLING
STOCKBRIDGE

	19. Zero Reporting Agencies Agency
STONE	<u> </u>
STONE	HILL COLLEGE
STOUG	HTON
STOW	
SUDBUI	RY
SUNDEF	RLAND
SUTTON	N
SWANS	EA
TAUNT	ON
TEMPLE	ETON
TEW KS	BURY
TOPSFII	ELD
TOWNS	END
TRURO	
TUFTS U	JNIVERSITY:MEDFORD
TUFTS U	JNIVERSITY:SUFFOLK
TUFTS I	JNIVERSITY:WORCEST
TYNGSE	BORO
UN OF N	MA: HARBOR CMP BOS
UN OF N	MA: MED CTR, WORC
UPTON	
WAKEF	TELD
WALES	
WALPO	LE
WAMP	ANOAG TRIBE GAY HEAD
WARE	
WAREH	AM
WAYLA	ND
WEBST	ER
WELLES	SLEY
WELLES	SLEY COLLEGE
WELLFI	

Table 19. Zero Reporting Agencies
Agency
WENHAM
WENTWORTH INST OF TECH
WEST BOYLSTON
WEST BRIDGEWATER
WEST NEWBURY
WEST SPRINGFIELD
WESTBOROUGH
WESTERN NEW ENGLAND UNIV
WESTFORD
WESTMINSTER
WESTON
WESTPORT
WESTWOOD
WEYMOUTH
WHATELY
WHITMAN
WILBRAHAM
WILLIAMSBURG
WILLIAMSTOWN
WILMINGTON
WINCHENDON
WOBURN
W ORCESTER POLYTECHNIC IN
WRENTHAM
YARMOUTH

T	able 20. Non-Reporting Agencies
	Agency
Ashb	•
Ashf	
Barre	
	Israel Deaconess Medical Center
Bland	dford
Brim	
Broo	kfield
Buck	
	Cod Community College
Capit	tol Police
Char	lemont
Ches	hire
Ches	ter
Cum	mington
Digh	ton
Esse	X
Fishe	r College
Gran	ville
Hins	dale
Hold	en
Holy	oke Community College
Hubb	pardston
Hull	
Lane	sboro
Lase	ll College
Leyd	en
Mass	sachusetts College of Art
Med	field
Millis	
Mont	terey
Mou	nt Ida College
New	Salem

Table 20. Non-Reporting Agencies
Agency
North Brookfield
Orange
Petersham
Phillipston
Richmond
Rockland
Rowe
Russell
Savoy
Sheffield
Simmons College
Tolland
University of Massachusetts: Dartmouth
Uxbridge
Warren
Warwick
West Brookfield
Westhampton
Wheaton College
Worcester State University
Worthington