# CHAPTER 67 COMBUSTION AIR

## SECTION 6701 GENERAL

**6701.1** Air supply. Liquid and solid fuel-burning appliances shall be provided with a supply of air for fuel combustion, draft hood dilution and ventilation of the space in which the appliance is installed, in accordance with *the requirements of 248 CMR or 527 CMR, as applicable.* The methods of providing combustion air in this chapter do not apply to fireplaces, fireplace stoves and *solid fuel-burning* direct-vent appliances.

**6701.1.1 Buildings of unusually tight construction.** (*Note: For fossil fuel-burning appliances, refer to 248 CMR or 527 CMR, as applicable*). In buildings of unusually tight construction, combustion air shall be obtained from outside the sealed thermal envelope. In buildings of ordinary tightness, insofar as infiltration is concerned, all or a portion of the combustion air for fuel-burning appliances may be obtained from infiltration when the room or space has a volume of 50 cubic feet per 1,000 Btu/h (4.83 L/W) input.

**6701.2 Exhaust and ventilation system.** Air requirements for the operation of exhaust fans, kitchen ventilation systems, clothes dryers and fireplaces shall be considered in determining the adequacy of a space to provide combustion air.

6701.3 Volume dampers prohibited. (Note: For fossil fuel-burning appliances, refer to 248 CMR or 527 CMR, as applicable). Volume dampers shall not be installed in combustion air openings.

6701.4 Prohibited sources. Combustion air ducts and openings shall not connect appliance enclosures with space in which the operation of a fan may adversely affect the flow of combustion air. Combustion air shall not be obtained from an area in which flammable vapors present a hazard. For fossil fuel-fired appliances, refer to 248 CMR or 527 CMR to determine prohibited sources of combustion air. Unless allowed by 248 CMR or 527 CMR or this code as applicable, fuel-fired appliances shall not obtain combustion air from any of the following rooms or spaces:

- 1. Sleeping rooms.
- 2. Bathrooms.
- 3. Toilet rooms.

**Exception:** The following appliances shall be permitted to obtain combustion air from sleeping rooms, bathrooms and toilet rooms:

- 1. Solid fuel-fired appliances provided that the room is not a confined space and the building is not of unusually tight construction.
- 2. Appliances, allowed by 248 CMR or 527 CMR or this code and the manufacturer's requirements, as applicable, and installed in an enclosure in which all combustion air is taken from the out-

doors and the enclosure is equipped with a solid weatherstripped door and self-closing device.

**6701.5 Opening area** (*refer to 248 CMR or 527 CMR when applicable*). The free area of each opening shall be used for determining combustion air. Unless otherwise specified by the manufacturer or determined by actual measurement, the free area shall be considered 75 percent of the gross area for metal louvers and 25 percent of the gross area for wood louvers.

**6701.6 Opening location.** In areas prone to flooding as established by Table 5301.2(1), openings shall be located at or above the design flood elevation established in Section 5323.1.3.

## SECTION 6702 ALL AIR FROM INSIDE THE BUILDING

**6702.1 Required volume.** (*Note: For fossil fuel-burning appliances, refer to 248 CMR or 527 CMR, as applicable).* Where the volume of the space in which fuel-burning appliances are installed is greater than 50 cubic feet per 1,000 Btu/h (4.83 L/W) of aggregate input rating in buildings of ordinary tightness, insofar as infiltration is concerned, normal infiltration shall be regarded as adequate to provide combustion air. Rooms communicating directly with the space in which the appliances are installed through openings not furnished with doors shall be considered part of the required volume.

**6702.2** Confined space. Where the space in which the appliance is located does not meet the criterion specified in Section 6702.1, two permanent openings to adjacent spaces shall be provided so that the combined volume of all spaces meets the criterion. One opening shall be within 12 inches (305 mm) of the top and one within 12 inches (305 mm) of the bottom of the space, as illustrated in Figure 6702.2. Each opening shall have a free area equal to a minimum of 1 square inch per 1,000 Btu/h (2.20 mm<sup>2</sup>/W) input rating of all appliances installed within the space, but not less than 100 square inches (0.064 m<sup>2</sup>).

**6702.3 Unusually tight construction.** Where the space is of adequate volume in accordance with Section 6702.1 or Section 6702.2, but is within a building sealed so tightly that infiltration air is not adequate for combustion, combustion air shall be obtained from outdoors or from spaces freely communicating with the outdoors in accordance with Section 6703.

## SECTION 6703 ALL AIR FROM OUTDOORS

**6703.1 Outdoor air.** (*Note: For fossil fuel-burning appliances, refer to 248 CMR or 527 CMR, as applicable*). Where the space in which fuel-burning appliances are located does not meet the criterion for indoor air specified in Section 6702, outside combustion air shall be supplied as specified in Section 6703.2.



For SI: 1 square inch =  $645.16 \text{ mm}^2$ , 1 British thermal unit per hour = 0.2931 W. NOTE: Each opening shall have a free area of not less than 1 square inch per 1,000 Btu/h of the total input rating of all appliances in the enclosure, but not less than 100 square inches.

#### FIGURE 6702.2 APPLIANCES LOCATED IN CONFINED SPACES—ALL AIR TAKEN FROM ADJACENT SPACES WITHIN THE BUILDING

**6703.2 Two openings or ducts.** Outside combustion air shall be supplied through openings or ducts, as illustrated in Figures 6703.2(1), 6703.2(2), 6703.2(3) and 6703.2(4). One opening shall be within 12 inches (305 mm) of the top of the enclosure, and one within 12 inches (305 mm) of the bottom of the enclosure. Openings are permitted to connect to spaces directly communicating with the outdoors, such as ventilated crawl spaces or ventilated attic spaces. The same duct or opening shall not serve both combustion air openings. The duct serving the upper opening shall be level or extend upward from the appliance space.

**6703.2.1 Size of openings.** Where communicating with the outdoors by means of vertical ducts, each opening shall have a free area of at least 1 square inch per 4,000 Btu/h (0.550 mm<sup>2</sup>/W) of total input rating of all appliances in the space. Where horizontal ducts are used, each opening shall have a free area of at least 1 square inch per 2,000 Btu/h (0.275 mm<sup>2</sup>/W) of total input of all appliances in the space. Ducts shall be of the same minimum cross-sectional area as the required free area of the openings to which they connect. The minimum cross-sectional dimension of rectangular air ducts shall be 3 inches (76 mm).

**6703.3** Attic combustion air. Combustion air obtained from an attic area, as illustrated in Figure 6703.2(3), shall be in accordance with the following:

- 1. The attic ventilation shall be sufficient to provide the required volume of combustion air.
- 2. The combustion air opening shall be provided with a metal sleeve extending from the appliance enclosure to at least 6 inches (152 mm) above the top of the ceiling joists and ceiling insulation.
- 3. An inlet air duct within an outlet air duct shall be an acceptable means of supplying attic combustion air to an appliance room provided that the inlet duct extends at least 12 inches (305 mm) above the top of the outlet duct in the attic space, as illustrated in Figure 6703.3.
- 4. The end of ducts that terminate in an attic shall not be screened.

**6703.4 Under-floor combustion air.** Combustion air obtained from under-floor areas, as illustrated in Figure 6703.2(4), shall have free opening areas to the outside equivalent to not less than twice the required combustion air opening.

**6703.5 Opening requirements.** Outside combustion air openings shall be covered with corrosion-resistant screen or equivalent protection having not less than 0.25-inch (6.4 mm) openings, and not greater than 0.5-inch (12.7 mm) openings.



For SI: 1 square inch =  $645.16 \text{ mm}^2$ , 1 British thermal unit per hour = 0.2931 W. NOTE: Each opening shall have a free area of not less than 1 square inch per 4,000 Btu/h of the total input rating of all appliances in the enclosure.





For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 square inch =  $645.16 \text{ mm}^2$ , 1 British thermal unit per hour = 0.2931 W. NOTE: Each opening shall have a free area of at least 1 square inch per 2,000 Btu/h of the total input of all appliances in the space.

#### FIGURE 6703.2(2) APPLIANCES LOCATED IN CONFINED SPACES—ALL AIR TAKEN FROM OUTDOORS THROUGH HORIZONTAL DUCTS



For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 British thermal unit per hour = 0.2931 W, 1 square inch =  $645.16 \text{ mm}^2$ . NOTE: Each opening shall have a free area of at least 1 square inch per 4,000 Btu/h of the total input of all appliances in the space. The attic must be sufficiently vented for combustion air to be taken from the attic.

FIGURE 6703.2(3) APPLIANCES LOCATED IN CONFINED SPACES—ALL AIR TAKEN FROM OUTDOORS THROUGH VENTILATED ATTIC



For SI: 1 square inch =  $645.16 \text{ mm}^2$ , 1 British thermal unit per hour = 0.2931 W. NOTE: The inlet and outlet air openings shall have a free area of not less than 1 square inch per 4,000 Btu/h of the total input rating of all appliances in the enclosure.

FIGURE 6703.2(4) APPLIANCES LOCATED IN CONFINED SPACES—INLET AIR TAKEN FROM VENTILATED CRAWL SPACE AND OUTLET AIR TO VENTILATED ATTIC



For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 British thermal unit per hour = 0.2931 W, 1 square inch =  $645.16 \text{ mm}^2$ .

NOTE: Each duct shall have a free area of at least 1 square inch per 4,000 Btu/h of the total input of all appliances in the space. The attic must be sufficiently ventilated to provide the required combustion air.

#### FIGURE 6703.3 APPLIANCES LOCATED IN CONFINED SPACES—ALL AIR TAKEN FROM OUTDOORS THROUGH VENTILATED ATTIC, INLET DUCT WITHIN OUTLET DUCT