CHAPTER 11 – ENERGY EFFICIENCY – AMENDMENTS

The ninth edition building code became first effective on October 20, 2017, and, with a shortened concurrency period, the new code came into full force and effect on January 1, 2018. Chapter 11 was further amended on February 7, 2020, with a concurrency period to end on August 7, 2020.

The new, ninth edition code is based on modified versions of the following 2015 International Codes, as published by the International Code Council (ICC). The one exception is the energy portions are now based on the 2018 International Energy Conservation Code as of February 7, 2020.

- The International Building Code (IBC);
- International Residential Code (IRC);
- International Existing Building Code (IEBC);
- International Mechanical Code (IMC);
- International Energy Conservation Code (IECC);
- International Swimming Pool and Spa Code (ISPSC);
- Portions of the International Fire Code.

Massachusetts amends these code fairly significantly to accommodate for unique issues in the commonwealth. This package of amendments revise the IBC, IEBC, IMC, and IECC.

Please remember that the Massachusetts amendments posted on-line are unofficial versions and are meant for convenience only. Official versions of the Massachusetts amendments may be purchased from the State House Bookstore @ Shop the Bookstore and any of the I-Codes may be purchased from the International Code Council (ICC) @ iccsafe.org.

Additionally, the ICC publishes transition documents that identify changes from the 2009 to the 2015 and the 2015 to the 2018 I-Codes for those who may have interest.

- International Building code (IBC) Transition
- International Residential Code (IRC) Transition

Note: The residential code is part of the overall building code, which is referred to as 780 CMR. It is considered to be Chapter 51 in the overall code, which is why you will see reference to 780 CMR Chapter 51 in the amendments. The residential code is applicable to detached one- and two family dwellings, multiple-family dwelling (townhouses) not more than three stories in height above the grade plane and/or their accessory structures not more than three stories in height above grade. See the Base code for other building types.
51.00: continued

R905.16 Reserved

R906.1 Revise the section as follows:

R906.1 General. The use of above-deck thermal insulation shall be permitted provided such insulation is covered with an approved roof covering and complies with FM 4450 or UL 1256. In roofing and reroofing, the energy conservation requirements of Chapter 11 of 780 CMR 51.00 shall also be satisfied.

R907.1 through R907.5 Reserved

R909.1 through R909.3 Reserved

Chapter 10: CHIMNEYS AND FIREPLACES

R1001.1 Revise the section as follows:

R1001.1 General. Masonry fireplaces shall be constructed in accordance with this section and the applicable provisions of Chapters 3 and 4 of 780 CMR 51.00. Chimneys shall be structurally sound, durable, smoke tight and capable of conveying flue gases to the exterior safely.

Chapter 11: ENERGY EFFICIENCY

N1100.1 Add the following sections as follows:

1100.1 Adoption. Buildings shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the *International Energy Conservation Code* - 2018 ("IECC"), as modified by Chapter 11 of 780 CMR 51.00.

Exception: Applications for building permits and related construction and other documents filed through August 7, 2020 may comply either with 780 CMR 51.00: Chapter 11, effective February 7, 2020, or with the versions of those provisions in effect immediately prior to February 7, 2020, but not a mix of both. After August 8, 2020, concurrency with the prior version of 780 CMR ends, and all applications for building permits and related construction and other documents shall comply with 780 CMR effective February 7, 2020 only.

Informational Note: Amendments to the IECC contained within 780 CMR 51.00 are identified by the letter "R" followed by the applicable section number.

R401.1 Revise the section as follows:

R401.1 Scope. This chapter regulates the energy efficiency for the design and construction of buildings regulated by 780 CMR. Municipalities which have adopted the Stretch Energy Code shall use the energy efficiency requirements of 780 CMR 110 Appendix AA.

Exception: Temporary structures, as regulated by Section 3103, do not need to comply with the building envelope requirements of 780 CMR 51.00.

R103.2 Add the following to this subsection:

#9. EV Ready Space locations per R404.2.
10. Solar-ready Zone in accordance with Appendix RA

R202 Add and/or revise the following defined terms:

Clean Biomass Heating Systems. Wood-pellet fired central boilers and furnaces where the equipment has a thermal efficiency rating of 80% (higher heating value) or greater; and a particulate matter emissions rating of no more than 0.15 lb/MMBtu PM heat output.

Electric Vehicle. An automotive-type vehicle for on-road use, such as passenger automobiles, buses, trucks, vans, neighborhood electric vehicles, electric motorcycles, and the like, primarily powered by an electric motor that draws current from a rechargeable storage battery, fuel cell, photovoltaic array, or other source of electric current.

Informational Note: defined as in 527 CMR 12.00: *Massachusetts Electrical Code (Amendments)* section 625.2.
Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment (EVSE). The conductors, including the ungrounded, grounded, and equipment grounding conductors, and the electric vehicle connectors, attachment plugs, and all other fittings, devices, power outlets, or apparatus installed specifically for the purpose of transferring energy between the premises wiring and the electric vehicle.

Informational Note: defined as in 527 CMR 12.00: Massachusetts Electrical Code (Amendments) section 625.2.

Electric Vehicle Charging Space ("EV Ready Space"). A designated parking space which is provided with one dedicated 50-ampere branch circuit for EVSE servicing Electric Vehicles.

High Efficiency Lamps. Light-emitting diode (LED) lamps with an efficiency of not less than the following:
1. 60 lumens per watt for lamps over 40 watts;
2. 50 lumens per watt for lamps over 15 watts to 40 watts;
3. 45 lumens per watt for lamps 15 watts or less.

R301 Replace the section with the following:
Massachusetts is a Climate Zone 5A

Delete Table R301.1

R401.1 Replace the section as follows:

R401.1 Scope. This chapter applies to residential buildings. Municipalities which have adopted the Stretch Energy Code shall use the energy efficiency requirements of 780 CMR 115.00 Appendix A and 780 CMR 51.00 as applicable.

R401.2 Revise the section as follows:

R401.2 Compliance. Projects shall comply with one of the following:
1. Prescriptive Path. Sections R401 through R404 and R407.
2. Performance Path. An energy rating index ("ERI") approach, or approved alternative energy performance rating method in section R406 and the provisions of sections R401 through R404 indicated as "Mandatory." Qualifying approaches under R406 include the following:
   a. Certified RESNET HERS rating with Massachusetts amendments.

R401.3 Add the following to the end of the paragraph:
The Certificate shall list the final HERS index score when applicable.

R402.1.5.1 Add the subsection as follows:

R402.1.5.1 Approved Software for Prescriptive Path Total UA Alternative: The following software is approved for demonstrating Total UA compliance:
REScheck-Web or REScheck for Windows Version 4.6.5 or later, available at http://www.energycodes.gov/rescheck

R402.4.1.1 Amend Table by inserting the following sentence at the beginning of the column entitled "INSULATION INSTALLATION CRITERIA" in the row entitled "General requirements":
All insulation shall be installed at Grade I quality in accordance with ICC/RESNET 301.

R403.3.3 Replace the last paragraph with the following:
Post-construction or rough-in testing and verification shall be done by a HERS Rater, HERS Rating Field Inspector, or an applicable BPI Certified Professional. A written report of the results of the test shall be signed by the party conducting the test and provided to the code official.
R403.6 Replace the section with the following:

**R403.6 Mechanical Ventilation (Mandatory).** Outdoor air intakes and exhausts shall have automatic or gravity dampers that close when the ventilation system is not operating. Each dwelling unit of a residential building shall be provided with continuously operating exhaust, supply or balanced mechanical ventilation that has been site verified to meet a minimum airflow per:

1. R406.3 Equation 4-1:
   \[ \text{Ventilation rate, CFM} = (0.01 \times \text{total square foot area of house}) + [7.5 \times (\text{number of bedrooms} + 1)] \]
2. Energy Star Homes Version, 3.1;
3. ASHRAE 62.2-2013; or
4. the following formula for one- and two-family dwellings and townhouses of three or less stories above grade plane:

\[ Q = 0.03 \times \text{CFA} + 7.5 \times (N_b + 1) - 0.052 \times Q_a \times S \times \text{WSF} \]

Where: CFA is the conditioned floor area in ft²

\( N_b \) is the number of bedrooms

\( Q_a \) is the verified blower door air leakage rate in cfm measured at 50 Pascals

\( S \) is the building height factor determined by this table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stories above grade plane</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>1.32</td>
<td>1.55</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WSF is the shielded weather factor as determined by this table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>WSF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Barnstable</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Berkshire</td>
<td>0.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bristol</td>
<td>0.54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dukes</td>
<td>0.59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Essex</td>
<td>0.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Franklin</td>
<td>0.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hampden</td>
<td>0.49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hampshire</td>
<td>0.59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Middlesex</td>
<td>0.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nantucket</td>
<td>0.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norfolk</td>
<td>0.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plymouth</td>
<td>0.53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suffolk</td>
<td>0.66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Worcester</td>
<td>0.59</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**R403.6.2 through R403.6.6** Add the following subsections:

**R403.6.2 Verification.** Installed performance of the mechanical ventilation system shall be tested and verified by a HERS Rater, HERS Rating Field Inspector, or an applicable BPI Certified Professional, and measured using a flow hood, flow grid, or other airflow measuring device in accordance with either RESNET Standard Chapter 8 or ACCA Standard 5.

**R403.6.3 Air-moving Equipment, Selection and Installation.** As referenced in ASHRAE Standard 62.2-2013, section 7.1, ventilation devices and equipment shall be tested and certified by Air Movement and Control Association ("AMCA") or Home Ventilating Institute ("HVI") and the certification label shall be found on the product. Installation of systems or equipment shall be carried out in accordance with manufacturers' design requirements and installation instructions. Where multiple duct sizes and/or exterior hoods are standard options, the minimum size shall not be used.

**R403.6.4 Sound Rating.** Sound ratings for fans used for whole building ventilation shall be rated at a maximum of one sone.

**Exception:** HVAC air handlers and remote-mounted fans need not meet sound requirements. There shall be at least four feet of ductwork between the remote-mounted fan and intake grille.
R403.6.5 Documentation. The owner and the occupant of the dwelling unit shall be provided with information on the ventilation design and systems installed, as well as instructions on the proper operation and maintenance of the ventilation systems. Ventilation controls shall be labeled with regard to their function, unless the function is obvious.

R403.6.6 Air Inlets and Exhausts. All ventilation air inlets shall be located a minimum of ten feet from vent openings for plumbing drainage systems, appliance vent outlets, exhaust hood outlets, vehicle exhaust, or other known contamination sources; and shall not be obstructed by snow, plantings, or any other material. Outdoor forced air inlets shall be covered with rodent screens having mesh openings not greater than 1/2 inch. A whole house mechanical ventilation system shall not extract air from an unconditioned basement unless approved by a registered design professional. Where wall inlet or exhaust vents are less than seven feet above finished grade in the area of the venting including, but not limited to, decks and porches, a metal or plastic identification plate shall be permanently mounted to the exterior of the building at a minimum height of eight feet above grade directly in line with the vent terminal. The sign shall read, in print no less than 1/2 inch in size, “MECH. VENT DIRECTLY BELOW. KEEP CLEAR OF ALL OBSTRUCTIONS.”

Exceptions:
1. Ventilation air inlets in the wall shall be separated from dryer exhausts and contamination sources exiting through the roof by a minimum of three feet.
2. No minimum separation distance shall be required between local exhaust outlets in kitchens/bathrooms and windows.
3. Vent terminations that meet the requirements of the National Fuel Gas Code (NFPA 54/ ANSI Z223.1) or equivalent.

R404.2 Add subsection as follows:

R404.2 Electric Vehicle Charging Spaces ("EV Ready Spaces") Reserved. EV Ready spaces are not required for detached one- and two-family dwellings and multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses) not more than three stories above grade plane in height and their accessory structures not more than three stories above grade place. All other occupancies otherwise directed to follow the provisions of 780 CMR 51.00: Massachusetts Residential Code must adhere to any EV requirements found in 780 CMR 1300.1(C405.10).

R405 Delete subsection and insert the following:

R405 Reserved

R406.1 Revise this subsection as follows:

R406.1 Scope. This section establishes criteria for compliance using an Energy Rating Index ("ERI") analysis, or approved alternative energy performance rating methods.

R406.1.1 Approved Alternative Energy Performance Methods. The following rating threshold criteria are sufficient to demonstrate energy code compliance under R406 without calculation of a standard reference design. The mandatory provisions of subsection R406.2 also apply:
1. ENERGY STAR Homes 3.1 Path. New buildings or additions to an existing building, building system or portion thereof shall be certified to conform to the ENERGY STAR Certified Homes, Version 3.1 standard.
2. Passive House Institute US ("PHIUS") or Passive House Institute ("PHI") Approved Software. Projects pre-certified through PHIUS or PHI, with a certified Passive House Consultant or certified Passive House Designer verified "as-built" report demonstrating compliance with the PHIUS or PHI standard.
3. Any other software approved by the Board of Building Regulations and Standards.

R406.3 Revise Subsection as follows:

R406.3 Energy Rating Index. The Energy Rating Index (ERI) shall be determined in accordance with RESNET/ICC 301, the ERI Reference Design Ventilation rate shall be in accordance with Equation 4-1.
51.00: continued

R406.4 Revise the section as follows:

**R406.4 ERI-based Compliance.** Compliance based on an ERI analysis requires that the rated design be shown to have an ERI less than or equal to the appropriate value listed in Table R406.4 when compared to the ERI reference design for each dwelling unit prior to credit for onsite renewable electric generation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>On-site Renewable Energy Application</th>
<th>New Construction</th>
<th>Whole House Renovations; Additions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>None</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solar Electric Generation</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clean Space Heating</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHW</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solar Electric and Clean Space Heating</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solar Electric and DHW</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solar Electric, Clean Space Heating and DHW</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Maximum HERS Index Score:\(^a\) \(^b\)

\(^a\) Maximum HERS rating prior to onsite renewable electric generation in accordance with Section R406.4

\(^b\) Where on-site renewable energy is included for compliance using the ERI analysis of Section R406.4, the building shall meet the mandatory requirements of Section R406.2, and the building thermal envelope shall be greater than or equal to the levels of efficiency and SHGC in Table R402.1.2 or Table R402.1.2.

R406.4.1 Add the subsection as follows:

**R406.4.1 Trade-off for Onsite Renewable Energy Systems.** New construction following R406.3 or existing buildings and additions following IECC chapter 5 [RE] may use renewable energy trade-offs to increase the maximum allowable HERS rating for each unit separately served by any combination of the following:

1. **Solar Generation.** Solar photovoltaic array rated at 2.5 kW or higher shall offset five HERS points.
2. **Clean Space Heating.** Clean biomass heating system, solar thermal array, cold climate air source heat pump having rated coefficient of performance (COP) of at least 1.75 at 5°F, or geothermal heat pump, or a combination of these systems, operating as the primary heating system shall offset five HERS points.
3. **Renewable Domestic Hot Water Heating (DHW).** Solar thermal array or heat pump for primary domestic hot water heating shall offset two HERS points.

R406.5 Revise the section as follows:

**R406.5 Verification by Approved Agency.** Verification of compliance with section R406 shall be completed by an approved third party. For compliance using a HERS rating or Energy Star Homes 3.1 certification, verification of compliance shall be completed by the certified HERS rater. For compliance using PHIUS or PHI, verification of compliance shall be completed by a certified Passive House consultant.

R406.6 Revise this section as follows:

**R406.6 Documentation.** Documentation of the software used and the parameters for the residential building shall be in accordance with Sections R406.6.1 through R406.6.34.

**R406.6.1 Compliance Software Tools.** If using the ERI or Energy Star Homes compliance path, software tools used for determining ERI shall be Approved Software Rating Tools in accordance with RESNET/ICC 301. Where calculations require input values not specified by Sections R402, R403, R404 and R405, those input values shall be taken from RESNET/ICC 301. If using the Passive House compliance path, software tools for determining Passive House certification shall be approved software tools by PHIUS or PHI.
R406.6.2 ERI Documentation. Prior to the issuance of a building permit, the following items must be provided to the Building Official:
1. A HERS compliance report which includes a proposed HERS index score of 55 or lower, or otherwise complies via renewable trade-offs;
2. A description of the unit's energy features; and
3. A statement that the rating index score is "based on plans"
   Prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy, the following items must be provided to the Building Official:
4. A copy of the final certificate indicating that the HERS rating index score for each unit is verified to be 55 or less or otherwise complies via renewable trade-offs, together with a completed HERS rater verified ENERGY STAR Thermal Enclosure System Rater Checklist.
5. A copy of the certificate, as required by Section R401.3 for each unit listing the final HERS index score of the dwelling unit.

R406.6.3 ENERGY STAR Homes, Version 3.1 Documentation. Prior to the issuance of a building permit, the following items(s) must be provided to the Building Official:
   a. A copy of the preliminary HERS rating, based on plans
   b. A description of the unit's energy features; and
   c. A statement that the rating index score is "based on plans"
   Prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy, the following items must be provided to the Building Official:
   d. A copy of the final ENERGY STAR Homes certificate;
   e. A copy of the certified final HERS rating; and
   f. A copy of the signed ENERGY STAR Thermal Enclosure System Rater Checklist.
   g. A copy of the certificate, as required by Section R401.3 for each unit listing the final HERS index score of the dwelling unit.

R406.6.4 Passive House Documentation.
1. If using PHIUS or PHI Passive House software, prior to the issuance of a building permit, the following items must be provided to the Building Official:
   a. A WUFI or PHPP compliance report which demonstrates project compliance with PHIUS+2018 (or newer) or PHI performance requirements;
   b. A statement that the WUFI or PHPP results are "based on plans";
   c. Evidence of precertification approval from PHIUS or PHI.
2. Prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy, the following item(s) must be provided to the building official:
   a. An updated WUFI or PHPP compliance report which demonstrates project compliance with PHIUS+2018 (or newer) or PHI performance requirements;
   b. A copy of the Passive House Rater's test results;
   c. A statement that the WUFI or PHPP results are "based on 'as-built' conditions, incorporating the relevant test results and documented changes to equipment, materials, and assemblies that impact performance".

R407 Add new section as follows:

R407 Additional Efficiency Packages.
R407.1 Requirements (Prescriptive). Projects shall comply with at least one of the following:
1. More efficient HVAC performance in accordance with Section R407.2
2. Heat recovery ventilation (HRV) system or Energy recovery ventilation (ERV) system in accordance with Section R403.6.1. The Exception in R403.6.1 shall not be applied if used for compliance with this Section.
3. High efficiency water heater or solar thermal hot water heater in accordance with Section R407.3
51.00: continued

R407.2 More Efficient HVAC Performance. Primary heating equipment shall meet one of the following efficiency requirements:
1. Gas, propane or oil-fired furnaces with a minimum AFUE of 95%
2. Gas, propane or oil-fired boilers with a minimum AFUE of 95%
3. Closed-loop ground source heat pumps with a minimum COP of 3.5
4. Air-source heat pumps with a minimum HSPF of 10

R407.3 High Efficiency Water Heating or Solar Thermal Hot Water Heater. Hot water heating systems shall meet one of the following:
1. Natural gas or propane water heating with a minimum Uniform Energy Factor (UEF) of 0.87 or electric heat pump hot water heater with a minimum UEF of 2.2. On-demand natural gas or propane water heaters shall not include any buffer tank or hot water storage capacity outside the water heater itself.
2. A solar thermal hot water heating system with a minimum of 40 square feet of gross collection area. The solar hot water heating panels shall have a total solar resource fraction that is not less than 75%.

R502.1.2 Replace the subsection with the following:

R502.1.2 Existing plus Addition Compliance (Simulated Performance Alternative). The addition and any alterations that are part of the project shall comply with Section R406 and shall achieve a maximum HERS index using Table R406.4.

R503.2 Amend the subsection by deleting the Exception.

Add a new Referenced Standard to Chapter 6 of the IECC as follows:

DOE U.S. Department of Energy
1000 Independence Ave SW
Washington DC 20585


Chapter 12: MECHANICAL ADMINISTRATION

M1201.1 Revise the section as follows:

M1201.1 Scope. The provisions of Chapters 12 through 23 of 780 CMR 51.00 shall regulate the design, installation, maintenance, alteration and inspection of mechanical systems that are permanently installed and used to control environmental conditions within buildings. These chapters shall also regulate those mechanical systems, system components, equipment and appliances specifically addressed in this code.

For the provisions of Chapters 12 through 23 of 780 CMR 51.00 governed by the specialized codes (see 780 CMR 1.00: Scope and Administration (Unique to Massachusetts)), see the applicable specialized codes. Provisions related to work otherwise governed by 780 CMR 51.00 shall be retained if not in conflict with other sections of 780 CMR 51.00. Enforcement of work governed by the specialized codes shall be by those persons so authorized.

Additional requirements for boilers and other pressure vessels may be found in M.G.L. c. 146 and 522 CMR: Board of Boiler Rules, as applicable.

Chapter 13: GENERAL MECHANICAL SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

M1303.2 Add the section as follows:

M1303.2 Solid Fuel-burning Central Heating Appliance Labeling. Solid fuel-burning boilers or warm air furnaces shall bear a permanent and legible factory-applied label supplied to the manufacturer and controlled by an approved testing agency; such label shall contain applicable items in section M1303.1 and the following information:

a. Type of appliance (boiler or warm air furnace); and
b. Boilers, pressure vessels, and pressure relief devices shall be stamped in accordance with M.G.L. c. 146, §§ 24 and 34.
51.00: continued

Chapter 14: HEATING AND COOLING EQUIPMENT

M1401.6 Add section and associated subsections as follows:

M1401.6 Used Solid Fuel-burning Appliances. Used solid fuel-burning appliances that predate the listing requirements set forth in 780 CMR 51.00 may be utilized but the installation of such appliances shall otherwise conform to the requirements of 780 CMR 51.00, as applicable, and such installations shall be inspected by the building official (or fire official in such towns that utilize the fire official for such inspection purposes).

M1401.6.1 Clearances to Combustibles. In the absence of listed clearances and floor protection requirements, used solid fuel-burning appliances shall be installed in accordance with the clearances of 780 CMR 51.00.

M1401.6.2 Floor Protection General. Floor protection listing requirements for a used appliance shall be met. In the absence of listing requirements, solid fuel-burning appliances shall have floor protection that is noncombustible material applied to the combustible or noncombustible floor area underneath and extending in front, to the sides and to the rear of a heat producing appliance, and have the necessary thermal conductivity to satisfy the floor protection requirements of the appliance. Various “hearth rugs,” “mats,” “tile board,” “hearth board” and similar products sold as floor protectors may be noncombustible but may not satisfy thermal conductivity requirements of this section.

M1401.6.2.1 Floor Protection Requirements. Floor protection requirements shall be:
1. four inches (102 mm) of millboard having a thermal conductivity k = 0.84 (Btu) (inch)/(ft²)(hour) (°F);
2. a noncombustible floor protector of the same overall thermal conductivity in (1.);
3. approved by a registered design professional.

Exception: If existing floor protection can be demonstrated to have been adequate for a previous installation of a used solid fuel-burning appliance, then such floor protection shall be allowed. If calculations demonstrate that the existing floor protection has a thermal conductivity lower than that set by this section, then the existing floor protection may be maintained.

M1414.1 Revise the section as follows:

M1414.1 General. Fireplace stoves shall be listed, labeled and installed in accordance with the terms of the listing. Fireplace stoves shall be tested in accordance with UL 737. Also see Chapter 10 of 780 CMR 51.00 for detailed guidance on solid fuel-burning appliances.

Chapter 15: EXHAUST SYSTEMS (no amendments)

Chapter 16: DUCT SYSTEMS

M1601.3 Replace the section as follows:

M1601.3 Duct Insulation Materials. Duct insulation shall conform to the following requirements and the requirements of Chapter 11 of 780 CMR 51.00.

M1601.4 Replace the section as follows:

M1601.4 Installation. Duct installation shall comply with Subsections M1601.4.1 through M1601.4.7 and the requirements of Chapter 11 of 780 CMR 51.00.
51.00:  continued

Appendix F: PASSIVE RADON GAS CONTROLS  (Adopted as revised)

AF101.1 Revise the section as follows:

   **AF101.1 General.** This appendix contains minimum requirements for new construction in the high radon potential counties as listed in Table AF101(1) regardless of the radon levels at the site. These requirements are intended to provide a passive means of resisting radon gas entry and prepare the dwelling for post-construction radon mitigation, if necessary. See Figure AF102. Active construction techniques, rather than passive techniques, shall be permitted to be used where approved.

Alternatively, the passive system requirements of ANSI/AARST Standard Designation #CCAH: Reducing Radon in New Construction of One & Two Family Dwellings and Townhouses, 2013 may be used for new construction in Zone 1, or approved equal system.

Irrespective of which approach is used, no testing is required as follows:

1. for the radon levels at the site prior to construction;
2. for the radon control system when completed; or
3. in the building after completion of the project.

Therefore, such testing shall not be a condition of issuing a certificate of occupancy.

AF102.1 Revise the definition of “GAS-PERMEABLE LAYER” as follows:

   **GAS-PERMEABLE LAYER.** A gas-permeable layer shall consist of one of the following:

1. A uniform layer of clean aggregate that is not less than four inches (102 mm) thick. The aggregate shall consist of material that will pass through a two inch (51 mm) sieve and be retained by a ¼-inch (6.4-mm) sieve.
2. A uniform layer of sand (native or fill) that is not less than four inches (102 mm) thick and that is overlain by a soil gas collection mat or soil gas matting installed in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions. The soil gas mat or matting shall be designed for this purpose and condition, and have the capacity to freely transport soil gases to the collection point from the most remote area.

AF103.2.2 Revise the subsection as follows:

   **AF103.2.2 Sumps.** Sumps open to soil or serving as the termination point for subslab drain tile loops shall be covered with a gasketed or sealed lid. Sumps used as the suction point in a sub slab depressurization system shall have a lid designed to accommodate the vent pipe. Sumps used as a floor drain shall have a lid equipped with a trapped inlet. Drainage systems that lead outside the foundation walls shall be isolated or trapped so as not to short-circuit the depressurization system.

AF103.3.1 Revise the subsection as follows:

   **AF103.3.1 Soil-gas-retarder.** The soil in basements and enclosed crawl spaces shall be covered with a soil-gas-retarder. The soil-gas-retarder shall be lapped not less than 12 inches (305 mm) at joints and shall extend to foundation walls enclosing the basement or crawl space. The soil gas-retarder shall fit closely around any pipe, wire or other penetrations of the material. Punctures or tears in the material shall be sealed or covered with additional sheeting. The membrane shall extend upward six inches and shall be sealed to the perimeter footing or wall with an ASTM C290 class 25 or higher sealant or equal.

AF103.3.2 Revise the subsection as follows:

   **AF103.3.2 “T” Fitting and Vent Pipe.** A “T” fitting shall be inserted beneath the soil-gas-retarder and be connected to a three-inch minimum vertical vent pipe. The vent pipe shall extend through the conditioned space of the dwelling and terminate not less than 12 inches (305 mm) above the roof in a location not less than ten feet (3,048 mm) away from any window or other opening into the conditioned spaces of the building that is less than two feet (610 mm) below the exhaust point. The horizontal legs of the “T” fitting shall connect to two five-foot long pieces of four-inch diameter perforated pipe laid horizontally in a 50 in² bed of gravel, filled with the same gravel as used in the gas-permeable layer.
51.00: continued

AF103.4.2 Revise the subsection as follows:

AF103.4.2 Soil-gas-retarder. A soil-gas-retarder shall be placed on top of the gas-permeable layer prior to casting the slab or placing the floor assembly. The soil-gas retarder shall cover the entire floor area with separate sections lapped not less than 12 inches (305 mm) and shall extend upward six inches and be sealed to the wall with an ASTM C290 class 25 or higher sealant or equal. The soil-gas-retarder shall fit closely around any pipe, wire, or other penetrations of the material. Punctures or tears in the material shall be sealed or covered. Under-slab insulation, if used, shall be placed on top of the sheeting.

AF103.4.3 Revise the subsection as follows:

AF103.4.3 “T” Fitting and Vent Pipe. Before a slab is cast or other floor system is installed, a “T” fitting shall be inserted below the slab or other floor system and the soil-gas-retarder. The “T” fitting shall be connected to a three-inch minimum vertical vent pipe. The vent pipe shall extend through the conditioned space of the dwelling and terminate not less than 12 inches (305 mm) above the roof in a location not less than ten feet (3,048 mm) away from any window or other opening into the conditioned spaces of the building that is less than two feet (610 mm) below the exhaust point. The horizontal legs of the “T” fitting shall connect to two five-foot long pieces of four-inch diameter perforated pipe laid horizontally in a 50 m bed of gravel, filled with the same gravel as used in the gas-permeable layer.

Appendix G: PIPING STANDARDS FOR VARIOUS APPLICATIONS (Reserved)

Appendix H: PATIO COVERS (Adopted in full)

Appendix I: PRIVATE SEWAGE DISPOSAL (Adopted as modified herein)

AI101.1 Revise the section as follows:

AI101.1 Scope. Private sewage disposal systems shall conform to the requirements of 310 CMR 15.00: The State Environmental Code, Title 5: Standard Requirements for the Siting, Construction, Inspection, Upgrade and Expansion of On-site Sewage Treatment and Disposal Systems and for the Transport and Disposal of Septage, and any additional legal restrictions imposed by the municipal health department.

Appendix J: EXISTING BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES (Adopted as modified herein)

AJ101.1 Revise the section as follows:

AJ101.1 General. The purpose of Appendix J is to encourage the continued use or reuse of legally existing buildings and structures. The provisions of Appendix J are intended to permit work in existing buildings that is consistent with the purpose of 780 CMR 51.00. Compliance with these provisions shall be deemed to meet the requirements of 780 CMR 51.00.

Features of existing construction which do not meet the requirements of 780 CMR 51.00 for new construction shall be presumed to have met the regulations, codes or laws in effect at the time of construction or alteration and, if so, shall be deemed to be existing nonconforming. Unless stated otherwise, nothing in Appendix J shall require the upgrading or replacement of any existing nonconforming feature or component of an existing building, provided the feature, component or system is in serviceable condition. Components or features of an existing building which, in the opinion of the building official, are dangerous, unsafe, damaged, significantly deteriorated or which otherwise present a threat to occupants or to public safety shall be remediated in accordance with 780 CMR 51.00.

Any new building system or portion thereof shall conform to 780 CMR 51.00 for new construction to the fullest extent practicable. However, individual components of an existing building system may be repaired or replaced without requiring that system to comply fully with 780 CMR 51.00 unless specifically required by Appendix J.

For compliance of work governed by other codes, including the specialized codes, see section R101.4.
51.00: continued

AJ501.4 Revise the subsection as follows:

   **AJ501.4 Structural.** The minimum design loads for the structure shall be the loads applicable at the time the building was constructed, provided that a dangerous condition is not created. Structural elements that are uncovered during the course of the alteration and that are found to be unsound or dangerous shall be made to comply with the applicable requirements of 780 CMR 51.00. Where alterations may decrease the structural performance of the existing building, such proposed activities shall be evaluated by a registered design professional for adequacy, prior to such actual structural alterations.

AJ501.5 Revise the subsection as follows:

   **AJ501.5 Electrical Equipment and Wiring.** See 527 CMR 12.00: *Massachusetts Electrical Code (Amendments).*

AJ601.5 Add a subsection as follows:

   **AJ601.5 Structural.** Where reconstruction may decrease the structural performance of the existing building, such proposed activities shall be evaluated by a registered design professional for adequacy, prior to such actual structural reconstruction.

AJ701 Add a section as follows:

**AJ701 HISTORIC BUILDINGS**

   **AJ701.1 General.** For historic building requirements, see 780 CMR 34.00: *Existing Building Code.*

Appendix K: **SOUND TRANSMISSION** (Adopted in full)

Appendix L: **PERMIT FEES** (see 801 CMR 4.00: *Rates, as applicable*) (Reserved)

Appendix M: **HOME DAY CARE – R-3 OCCUPANCY** (Reserved)

Appendix N: **VENTING METHODS** (Reserved)

Appendix O: **AUTOMATIC VEHICULAR GATES** (Adopted in full)

Appendix P: **SIZING OF WATER PIPING SYSTEM** (Reserved)

Appendix Q (Reserved)

Appendix R: **LIGHT STRAW-CLAY CONSTRUCTION** (Reserved)

Appendix S: **STRAWABLE CONSTRUCTION** (Reserved)

Appendix T: **RECOMMENDED PROCEDURE FOR WORST-CASE TESTING OF ATMOSPHERIC VENTING SYSTEMS UNDER N1102.4 OR N1105 CONDITIONS ≤ 5 ACHₚ₅** (Reserved)

Appendix U: **SOLAR-READY PROVISIONS – DETACHED ONE- AND TWO-FAMILY DWELLINGS, MULTIPLE SINGLE-FAMILY DWELLINGS (TOWNHOUSES)** (Adopted as modified herein)

Delete Appendix U

Delete IECC Appendix RA and replace with Appendix RA as follows:

**SECTION RA101 SCOPE**

   **AU101.1 General.** These provisions shall be applicable for new construction, except additions.
SECTION RA102 GENERAL DEFINITIONS

Solar-ready Zone. A section or sections of the roof or building overhang designated and reserved for the future installation of a solar photovoltaic or solar thermal system.

SECTION RA103 SOLAR-READY ZONE

RA103.1 General. New detached one- and two-family dwellings, and multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses) with not less than 600 ft² (55.74 m²) of roof area oriented between 110° and 270° of true north shall comply with sections RA103.2 through RA103.8.

Exceptions:
1. New residential buildings with a permanently installed on-site renewable energy system.
2. A building with a solar-ready zone that is shaded for more than 70% of daylight hours annually.
3. Buildings and structures as designed and shown in construction documents that do not meet the conditions for a solar-ready zone area.

RA103.2 Construction Document Requirements for Solar-ready Zone. Construction documents shall indicate the solar-ready zone where applicable.

RA103.3 Solar-ready Zone Area. The total solar-ready zone area shall consist of an area not less than 300 ft² (27.87 m²) exclusive of mandatory access or set back areas as required by 527 CMR: Board of Fire Prevention Regulations. New multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses) three stories or less in height above grade plane and with a total floor area less than or equal to 2,000 ft² (185.8 m²) per dwelling shall have a solar-ready zone area of not less than 150 ft² (13.94 m²). The solar-ready zone shall be composed of areas not less than five feet (1,524 mm) in width and not less than 80 ft² (7.44 m²) exclusive of access or set back areas as required by 527 CMR.

RA103.4 Obstructions. Solar-ready zones shall consist of an area free from obstructions including, but not limited to, vents, chimneys, and roof-mounted equipment.

Note: Nothing in RA103.4 shall require any construction documents to be redesigned or reconfigured so as to create a solar-ready zone area.

RA103.5 Roof Load Documentation. The structural design loads for roof dead load and roof live load shall be clearly indicated on the construction documents.

RA103.6 Interconnection Pathway. Construction documents shall indicate pathways for routing of conduit or plumbing from the solar-ready zone to the electrical service panel or service hot water system.

RA103.7 Reserved.

RA103.8 Construction Documentation Certificate. A permanent certificate, indicating the solar-ready zone and other requirements of this section, shall be posted near the electrical distribution panel, water heater or other conspicuous location by the builder or registered design professional.

Appendix AA STRETCH ENERGY CODE

AA101 Purpose and Adoption. The purpose of the stretch energy code is to provide a more energy efficient code alternative for new buildings. The stretch energy code may be adopted or rescinded by any municipality in the commonwealth in the manner prescribed by law.

AA102 Applicability. Municipalities that have adopted the stretch energy code shall use the energy efficiency requirements of this appendix as provided in AA103 and AA104. These requirements replace all previous stretch energy code requirements.
51.00: continued

AA103 New Buildings.
AA103.1 R-use Buildings. In all R-use buildings, of four stories or less above grade plane with one or more dwelling units, each dwelling unit shall comply with IECC 2018 section R406 of 780 CMR 51.00 and all mandatory requirements of 780 CMR 13.00: Energy Efficiency and 51.00, as applicable.

AA103.2 Large Area and High Energy Use Buildings. All buildings over 100,000 ft², and new supermarkets, laboratories and conditioned warehouses over 40,000 ft² shall comply with 780 CMR 13.00: Energy Efficiency and shall demonstrate energy use per ft² at least 10% below the energy requirements of ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1 Appendix G Performance Rating Method on either a site or source energy basis. The additional efficiency package options selected in accordance with C406.1 shall be included in calculating the baseline building performance value.

Exception: Exclusively R-use buildings complying with AA103.1 dwelling unit requirements.

AA103.3 Other New Buildings. New buildings not covered in AA103.1 and AA103.2 shall comply with 780 CMR 13.00: Energy Efficiency or Chapter 11 of 780 CMR 51.00 as applicable based on the use and occupancy of the building.

AA104 Existing Buildings. For alterations, renovations, additions or repairs of existing buildings in these municipalities, the energy efficiency requirements of 780 CMR 13.00: Energy Efficiency or Chapter 11 of 780 CMR 51.00 shall be used as applicable based on the use and occupancy of the building.