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MEMORANDUM

- TO: Law Enforcement Agencies, Licensing Authorities, Licensed Firearms Dealers, Firearms Instructors, LTC and FID holders, and all other Interested Parties
- FROM: The Executive Office of Public Safety and Security

DATE: November 14, 2024

RE: An Act Modernizing Firearm Laws – Guidance #3

The Executive Office of Public Safety and Security (EOPSS) and its agencies continue to work on implementing Chapter 135 of the Acts of 2024, *An Act modernizing firearm laws (Act)*, that took effect on October 2, 2024. We understand that many questions remain about the new law, and therefore we will continue to provide updated guidance periodically as new systems and policies are developed and various provisions of the new law go into effect.

Below is a list of "Frequently Asked Questions" which includes the answers that were previously provided in Guidance #1 and Guidance #2.

Frequently Asked Questions

- 1. When will the new BFS course be ready?
 - a. EOPSS is diligently working with the MSP and the MPTC to operationalize the requirements of section 74 of the *Act*, including the new curriculum requirements for the BFS course, in accordance with the deadlines prescribed by the new law.

- 2. May a licensing authority accept a basic firearms safety certificate pursuant to the requirements of the current law prior to the *Act* taking effect?
 - a. Yes, and a licensing authority may continue to do so until section 74 takes effect, on April 2, 2026.
- 3. If I was issued an FID or LTC after August 1, 2024, but before the law became effective on October 2, 2024, will I have to take a new BFS course and complete the live fire requirement when I renew my license?
 - a. Yes, but only if you applied for the permit or license after August 1, 2024.
- 4. I am a BFS instructor. What are the new requirements for the issuance of satisfactory basic safety firearms certificate?
 - a. Course instructors will be required to upload copies of completed certificates to the MIRCS Portal created by DCJIS. Individuals who completed the course will have access to the certificate via the MIRCS Portal. Specific information will be forthcoming. These requirements will not take effect until early 2026.
- 5. Can I renew or apply for a new resident alien permit to possess non-large capacity rifles and shotguns?
 - a. No. This is no longer a valid license type.
- 6. What types of licenses exist under the new law?
 - a. G.L c. 140, §122: Dealer License to buy/sell/rent/lease firearms and ammunition (Section 33)
 - b. G.L. c. 140, §122: Gunsmith License (Section 33)
 - c. G.L. c. 140, §122B(a): Gun Club License to sell ammunition (Section 34)
 - d. G.L. c. 140, §122B(b): Gun Club License to possess/store/use large capacity firearms, ammunition, and feeding devices (Section 34)
 - e. G.L. c. 140, §122D: Self-Defense Spray Permit (Section 36)
 - f. G.L. c. 140, §129B: Firearms Identification Card (Section 44)
 - g. G.L. c. 140, §131: License to Carry Firearms (Section 49)
 - h. G.L. c. 140, §131F: Non-resident License to Carry Firearms
- 7. Can I apply for or renew a LTC in the town where I own a business?
 - a. No. Applicants can only apply for or renew a firearms license in the city/town where they reside, or a non-resident of the Commonwealth through the Firearms Records Bureau.
- 8. Will I need to register all my firearms?

- a. Yes. However, you will not be required to register your firearms into the new registration system until 10/2/2026. The Commonwealth is working on building the new registration system and will provide additional information about how to register firearms at a later date. In the meantime, users may register firearms on the existing Massachusetts Gun Transaction Portal at https://mircs.chs.state.ma.us/fa10/action/home?app_context=home&app_action=p resentHome. If you have already registered your firearms on the current transaction portal, you will not have to re-register them when the new system goes live.
- 9. I am moving to Massachusetts do I need to register my firearms?
 - a. Yes. A new resident of Massachusetts has 60 days to obtain a firearms license. Firearms must be registered once the license is issued.
- 10. When will the FCAB convene?
 - a. The FCAB held its first meeting on November 8, 2024, at the Department of Criminal Justice Information Services offices in Chelsea, MA.
- 11. Are firearms dealers permitted to sell handguns currently on the "Approved Firearms Roster"?
 - a. Yes. The Secretary of EOPSS, pursuant to section 131 ³/₄ of chapter 140 of the General Laws, has approved the "Approved Firearms Roster," in its current form. Licensed firearms dealers may continue to sell firearms contained on the rosters.¹ Furthermore, under the Act and 501 CMR 7.00, dealers may continue to sell shotguns and rifles so long as they are not otherwise prohibited in Massachusetts. The Secretary will consider any advice or guidance the FCAB may offer and will approve any amendments to the rosters as necessary.
- 12. Will DCJIS be updating the MIRCS system to reflect the requirements of the new law?
 - a. Yes. DCJIS has updated the MIRCS system based on data shared with its agency by the Trial Court and other agencies. Additional updates will be forthcoming.
- 13. When will the section 12 database, as required by Section 12 of the Act, be operational?
 - a. This system went live on October 3, 2024.
- 14. How will the recording of ammunition sales be implemented?

¹ The currently approved rosters may be found here: <u>https://www.mass.gov/lists/approved-firearms-rosters</u>.

- a. An electronic record of ammunition sales will not be required by DCJIS at this time. A written record that complies with the requirements as specified in Section 37 of the *Act* will suffice.
- 15. May nonresident hunters under 18 years old hunt in Massachusetts?
 - a. Yes, section 129C(g) of chapter 140 states, "a person may furnish a minor or person under 21 years of age with a firearm and ammunition for hunting, instruction, recreation and participation in shooting sports provided that the person furnishing the firearm and ammunition holds the appropriate license, permit, or card..." (Section 45). However, section 130 ½ of chapter 140 requires that these activities be performed "while under the supervision" of a valid license holder and with the consent of the minor's parent or guardian.
- 16. May nonresidents who are at least 18 years of age possess rifles and shotguns to hunt in the Commonwealth?
 - a. Yes, so long as the rifles and shotguns are not large capacity or semi-automatic and the person holds a nonresident hunting license or a hunting license or permit lawfully issued from their state of residence, which has substantially similar hunting license requirements to those in the Commonwealth as determined by the Colonel of the State Police² (Section 45).
- 17. Who should I contact with specific questions about hunting in the Commonwealth?
 - a. For additional information concerning hunting in the Commonwealth, please visit the Commonwealth's Division of Fisheries and Wildlife website found here: <u>https://www.mass.gov/info-details/hunting-with-a-firearm-in-massachusetts#firearms-licensing</u>.
- 18. Are nonresident business owners eligible for an LTC?
 - a. No, pursuant to section 131(a) of chapter 140, nonresident business owners are no longer eligible for a license to carry.

²The restriction on large capacity and semi-automatic rifles and shotguns would not apply if the nonresident hunter under the age of 21 is hunting pursuant to sections $130 \frac{1}{2}$ and 129C(g) of chapter 140 as described in the answer to question 15.