Office of Medicaid BOARD OF HEARINGS

Appellant Name and Address:



Appeal Decision: Denied Appeal Number: 2176603

Decision Date: 11/10/2021 **Hearing Date:** 10/13/2021

Hearing Officer: Marc Tonaszuck

Appearance for Appellant:

Appearance for MassHealth: Dr. Harold Kaplan, DentaQuest



The Commonwealth of Massachusetts Executive Office of Health and Human Services Office of Medicaid Board of Hearings 100 Hancock Street, Quincy, Massachusetts 02171

APPEAL DECISION

Appeal Decision: Denied Issue: Orthodontics

Decision Date: 11/10/2021 **Hearing Date:** 10/13/2021

MassHealth's Rep.: Dr. Harold Kaplan, Appellant's Rep.:

DentaQuest

Hearing Location: Springfield

MassHealth

Enrollment Center

Authority

This hearing was conducted pursuant to Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 118E, Chapter 30A, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

Jurisdiction

Through a notice dated 07/30/2021, MassHealth denied the appellant's request for prior authorization of comprehensive orthodontic treatment (see 130 CMR 420.431 and Exhibit 4). The appellant filed this appeal in a timely manner on 08/16/2021 (see 130 CMR 610.015(B) and Exhibit 2)¹. Denial of a request for prior approval is a valid basis for appeal (see 130 CMR 610.032).

¹ In MassHealth Eligibility Operations Memo (EOM) 20-09 dated April 7, 2020, MassHealth states the following:

Regarding Fair Hearings during the COVID-19 outbreak national emergency, and through the end
of month in which such national emergency period ends:

o All appeal hearings will be telephonic; and

Individuals will have up to 120 days, instead of the standard 30 days, to request a fair hearing for member eligibility-related concerns.

Action Taken by MassHealth

MassHealth denied the appellant's request for prior authorization of comprehensive orthodontic treatment.

Issue

The appeal issue is whether MassHealth was correct, pursuant to 130 CMR 420.431(E), in determining that the appellant is ineligible for comprehensive orthodontic treatment.

Summary of Evidence

The appellant is a minor MassHealth member whose father appeared at hearing via telephone. MassHealth was represented at hearing by Dr. Harold Kaplan, an orthodontic consultant from DentaQuest, the MassHealth dental contractor.

The appellant's provider submitted a prior authorization request for comprehensive orthodontic treatment, including photographs and X-rays on 07/28/2021. As required, the provider completed the MassHealth Handicapping Labio-Lingual Deviations ("HLD") Form, which requires a total score of 22 or higher for approval or that the appellant has one of the conditions that warrant automatic approval of comprehensive orthodontic treatment. The provider indicated that the appellant has a condition which is an automatic qualifying condition, specifically, he has severe maxillary anterior crowding of at least 8 mm. The treating orthodontist did not find any other of the conditions that warrant automatic approval of comprehensive orthodontic treatment. The provider's HLD Form indicates that the providing orthodontist found a total score of 14, broken down as follows:

Conditions Observed	Raw Score	Multiplier	Weighted Score
Overjet in mm	2	1	2
Overbite in mm	2	1	2
Mandibular Protrusion in	0	5	0
mm			
Open Bite in mm	0	4	0
Ectopic Eruption (# of	0	3	0
teeth, excluding third			
molars)			
Anterior Crowding ²	Maxilla: 5	Flat score of	10
	Mandible: 5	5 for each ³	

² The HLD Form instructs the user to record the more serious (i.e., higher score) of either the ectopic eruption **or** the anterior crowding, but not to count both scores.

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The HLD scoring instructions state that to give points for anterior crowding, arch length insufficiency must exceed 3.5 mm.

Labio-Lingual Spread, in mm (anterior spacing)	0	1	0
Posterior Unilateral Crossbite	0	Flat score of 4	0
Posterior Impactions or congenitally missing posterior teeth (excluding 3 rd molars)	0	3	0
Total HLD Score			22

When DentaQuest evaluated this prior authorization request on behalf of MassHealth, its orthodontists determined that the appellant had an HLD score of 17. The DentaQuest HLD Form reflects the following scores:

Conditions Observed	Raw Score	Multiplier	Weighted Score
Overjet in mm	2	1	2
Overbite in mm	2	1	2
Mandibular Protrusion in mm	0	5	0
Open Bite in mm	0	4	0
Ectopic Eruption (# of teeth, excluding third molars)	0	3	0
Anterior Crowding	Maxilla: 5 Mandible: 5	Flat score of 5 for each	10
Labio-Lingual Spread, in mm (anterior spacing)	3	1	3
Posterior Unilateral Crossbite	0	Flat score of 4	0
Posterior Impactions or congenitally missing posterior teeth (excluding 3 rd molars)	0	3	0
Total HLD Score			17

DentaQuest did not find an automatic qualifying condition. Because it found an HLD score below the threshold of 22 and no autoqualifier, MassHealth denied the appellant's prior authorization request on 07/30/2021.

At hearing, Dr. Kaplan completed an HLD form based on a careful review of the X-rays and photographs. He agreed with both orthodontists, including the appellant's orthodontist, that the appellant did not have an HLD score of at least 22. Further he testified that the appellant has crowding in the maxillary anterior region; however, his measurements were 6-7 mm. Because the appellant does not have at least 8 mm or maxillary anterior crowding, he does not meet the criteria for that or any other automatic qualifying condition. Dr. Kaplan concluded that without a score of at least 22, an auto-qualifier or other evidence of medical necessity, MassHealth cannot approve comprehensive orthodontic

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treatment in this case.

The appellant's father testified that the appellant's orthodontist feels very strongly that the appellant meets the criteria for MassHealth payment of braces. The appellant has overcrowding of his front teeth and they protrude over his nose. He has difficulty talking and is bullied at school. The appellant does not see a speech therapist.

Findings of Fact

Based on a preponderance of the evidence. I find the following:

- 1. On 07/28/2021, the appellant's orthodontic provider submitted a prior authorization request for comprehensive orthodontic treatment to MassHealth (Exhibit 4).
- 2. The provider completed a Handicapping Labio-Lingual Deviations Form for the appellant and calculated an overall score of 14, plus scoring for severe maxillary anterior crowding of at least 8 mm., which is an automatic qualifying condition (Exhibit 4).
- 4. The provider did not include a medical necessity narrative with the prior authorization request (Exhibit 4).
- 5. When DentaQuest evaluated the prior authorization request on behalf of MassHealth, its orthodontists determined that the appellant had an HLD score of 17, with no automatic qualifying condition (Exhibit 4).
- 6. MassHealth approves requests for comprehensive orthodontic treatment when the member has an HLD score of 22 or more (Testimony).
- 7. On 07/30/2021, MassHealth notified the appellant that the prior authorization request had been denied (Exhibits 1 and 4).
- 8. On 08/16/2021, the appellant filed a timely appeal of the denial (Exhibit 2).
- 9. At hearing on 10/13/2021, a MassHealth orthodontic consultant reviewed the provider's paperwork, photographs, and X-rays and found an HLD score of 20 (Testimony).
- 10. The appellant's HLD score is below 22.
- 11. The appellant has maxillary anterior crowding of 6-7 mm.
- 12. The appellant does not have any of the conditions that warrant automatic approval of comprehensive orthodontic treatment (cleft palate, severe maxillary anterior

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crowding greater than 8 mm, deep impinging overbite, anterior impaction, severe traumatic deviation, overjet greater than 9 mm, or reverse overjet greater than 3.5 mm).

Analysis and Conclusions of Law

130 CMR 420.431(C) states, in relevant part, as follows:

The MassHealth agency pays for comprehensive orthodontic treatment, subject to prior authorization, once per member per lifetime under the age of 21 and only when the member has a handicapping malocclusion. The MassHealth agency determines whether a malocclusion is handicapping based on the clinical standards for medical necessity as described in Appendix D of the Dental Manual.

Appendix D of the Dental Manual is the "Handicapping Labio-Lingual Deviations Form" (HLD), which is described as a quantitative, objective method for measuring malocclusion. The HLD index provides a single score, based on a series of measurements that represent the degree to which a case deviates from normal alignment and occlusion. MassHealth has determined that a score of 22 or higher signifies a severe and handicapping malocclusion. MassHealth will also approve a prior authorization request, without regard for the HLD numerical score, if there is evidence of a cleft palate, deep impinging overbite, anterior impaction, severe traumatic deviation, overjet greater than 9 mm, reverse overjet greater than 3.5 mm, or severe maxillary anterior crowding, greater than 8 mm.

The appellant's provider found an overall HLD score of 14 and severe maxillary anterior crowding of at least 8 mm., which is an automatic qualifying condition. After reviewing the provider's submission, MassHealth found an HLD score of 17 and no automatic qualifying condition. Upon review of the prior authorization documents, at hearing a different orthodontic consultant found an HLD score of 20 and no automatic qualifying condition.

The main difference between the appellant's provider's score and that of Dr. Kaplan's are the scoring for the automatic qualifying condition of severe maxillary anterior crowding. The appellant's orthodontist checked off that the crowding is at least 8 mm. At the fair hearing, Dr. Kaplan measured 6-7 mm. of maxillary anterior crowding. His score is supported by the photographs. Dr. Kaplan, a licensed orthodontist, demonstrated a familiarity with the HLD Index. His measurements are credible and his determination of the overall HLD score is consistent with the evidence. Moreover, he was available to be questioned by the hearing officer and cross-examined by the appellant's representative.

The appellant's father testified credibly that the appellant would benefit from orthodonture; however, he was unable to show that the appellant met the requirements set out by MassHealth for approval for payment of the orthodonture. Accordingly,

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MassHealth's testimony is given greater weight. As the appellant does not qualify for comprehensive orthodontic treatment under the HLD guidelines, MassHealth was correct in determining that he does not have a severe and handicapping malocclusion. Accordingly, this appeal is denied.

Order for MassHealth

None.

Notification of Your Right to Appeal to Court

If you disagree with this decision, you have the right to appeal to Court in accordance with Chapter 30A of the Massachusetts General Laws. To appeal, you must file a complaint with the Superior Court for the county where you reside, or Suffolk County Superior Court, within 30 days of your receipt of this decision.

Marc Tonaszuck Hearing Officer Board of Hearings

cc:

MassHealth Representative: DentaQuest 1, MA

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