Office of Medicaid BOARD OF HEARINGS

Appellant Name and Address:



Appeal Decision: Denied **Appeal Number:** 2202499

Decision Date: 6/16/2022 **Hearing Date:** 05/09/2022

Hearing Officer: Christopher Jones

Appearance for Appellant: Appearance for MassHealth:

Dr. Harold Kaplan



The Commonwealth of Massachusetts
Executive Office of Health and Human Services
Office of Medicaid
Board of Hearings
100 Hancock Street, Quincy, Massachusetts 02171

APPEAL DECISION

Appeal Decision: Denied **Issue:** Prior Authorization –

Orthodontia

Decision Date: 6/16/2022 **Hearing Date:** 05/09/2022

MassHealth's Rep.: Dr. Harold Kaplan Appellant's Rep.:

Hearing Location: Remote **Aid Pending:** No

Authority

This hearing was conducted pursuant to Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 118E, Chapter 30A, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

Jurisdiction

Through a notice dated March 8, 2022, MassHealth denied the appellant's prior authorization request for orthodontia. (Exhibit 4, p. 3.) The appellant filed this appeal in a timely manner on April 1, 2022. (Exhibit 2; 130 CMR 610.015(B).) Denial of assistance is valid grounds for appeal. (130 CMR 610.032.)

Action Taken by MassHealth

MassHealth denied the appellant's prior authorization request for orthodontia.

Issue

The appeal issue is whether MassHealth was correct, pursuant to 130 CMR 420.431, in determining that that comprehensive orthodontia was not medically necessary for the appellant.

Summary of Evidence

The appellant's provider submitted a prior authorization request on the appellant's behalf seeking MassHealth coverage for comprehensive orthodontic treatment. Along with photographs and x-rays, the provider submitted a Handicapping Labio-Lingual Deviations ("HLD") Form, with a total score of 21 points.

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DentaQuest, MassHealth's dental contractor, reviewed the submitted images and determined that the appellant's HLD Score was 12. At the hearing, it was explained that MassHealth only pays for orthodontia when the member's bite is sufficiently severe to be considered handicapping. MassHealth uses the HLD Score to measure various aspects of a person's bite to determine if the member has a "handicapping malocclusion." This scale looks at nine characteristics of a bite to measure how the teeth work. Many children may be appropriate for orthodontic care but do not meet MassHealth's definition of a physically handicapping bite. Dr. Kaplan performed his own measurements on the submitted images and he found 16 points. Therefore, all orthodontists to evaluate the appellant's bite found an HLD Score below 22 points.

The appellant's mother was frustrated that braces could not be approved when her daughter's orthodontist had been very close to 22 points. She was informed that her daughter could be reevaluated until she is 21 years old.

Findings of Fact

Based on a preponderance of the evidence, I find the following:

- 1. The appellant's provider submitted a prior authorization request for comprehensive orthodontic treatment with photographs and x-rays. The submitted HLD Form found a total score of 21. (Exhibit 4, pp. 6, 8-14.)
- 2. MassHealth denied comprehensive orthodontia, finding only 12 points on the HLD scale. (Exhibit 4, pp. 3-5, 7, 15.)
- 3. Dr. Kaplan found a score of 16 points. (Testimony by Dr. Kaplan.)

Analysis and Conclusions of Law

MassHealth provides orthodontic services when it determines them to be medically necessary. (130 CMR 420.431.) Medical necessity for dental and orthodontic treatment must be shown in accordance with the regulations governing dental treatment, 130 CMR 420.000, and the MassHealth Dental Manual. (130 CMR 450.204.) Pursuant to 130 CMR 420.431(C)(3), MassHealth "pays for comprehensive orthodontic treatment ... only when the member has a severe and handicapping malocclusion. The MassHealth agency determines whether a malocclusion is severe and handicapping based on the clinical standards described in Appendix D of the Dental Manual." The regulations do not speak directly to what conditions qualify as "severe and handicapping" except to specifically cover "comprehensive orthodontic treatment for members with cleft lip, cleft palate,

¹ The Dental Manual and Appendix D are available on MassHealth's website, in the MassHealth Provider Library. (Available at https://www.mass.gov/lists/dental-manual-for-masshealth-providers, last visited June 2, 2022.) Additional guidance is at the MassHealth Dental Program Office Reference Manual ("ORM"), available at: https://www.masshealth-dental.net/MassHealth/media/Docs/MassHealth-ORM.pdf. (Last visited June 2, 2022.)

cleft lip and palate, and other craniofacial anomalies to the extent treatment cannot be completed within three years." (130 CMR 420.431(C)(3).)

The HLD Form is a quantitative and objective method for measuring malocclusions. It is used to add up a single score based on a series of measurements that represent the degree to which a bite deviates from normal alignment and occlusion. MassHealth has made a policy decision that a score of 22 or higher signifies a "severe and handicapping malocclusion," ostensibly a medical necessity for orthodontia. Certain exceptional malocclusions are deemed automatically severe and handicapping: cleft palate, deep impinging overbite, severe maxillary anterior crowding, anterior impaction, severe traumatic deviation, overjet greater than nine millimeters, or reverse overjet greater than 3.5 millimeters. The HLD Form also allows medical providers to explain how orthodontia is medically necessary, despite not satisfying the dental criteria otherwise captured on the form.

None of the orthodontists to review the appellant's bite found that it qualified under the HLD Scale. No medical necessity narrative was submitted to explain a non-dental basis for approving orthodontia at this time. Therefore, this appeal is DENIED.

Order for MassHealth

None.

Notification of Your Right to Appeal to Court

If you disagree with this decision, you have the right to appeal to Court in accordance with Chapter 30A of the Massachusetts General Laws. To appeal, you must file a complaint with the Superior Court for the county where you reside, or Suffolk County Superior Court, within 30 days of your receipt of this decision.

Christopher Jones Hearing Officer Board of Hearings

cc: MassHealth Representative: DentaQuest 2, MA

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