Office of Medicaid BOARD OF HEARINGS

Appellant Name and Address:



| Appeal Decision: | Denied | Appeal Number: | 2304524 |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------|
| Decision Date: | 9/11/2023 | Hearing Date: | 08/22/2023 |
| Hearing Officer: | Alexandra Shube | | |
| | | | |

Appearance for Appellant:

Pro se

Appearance for MassHealth: Dr. Harold Kaplan

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts Executive Office of Health and Human Services Office of Medicaid Board of Hearings 100 Hancock Street, Quincy, Massachusetts 02171

APPEAL DECISION

| Appeal Decision: | Denied | Issue: | Prior Authorization – Orthodontics |
|--------------------|--|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Decision Date: | 9/11/2023 | Hearing Date: | 08/22/2023 |
| MassHealth's Rep.: | Dr. Harold Kaplan | Appellant's Rep.: | Mother Pro se |
| Hearing Location: | Tewksbury MassHealth Enrollment Center | Aid Pending: | Νο |

Authority

This hearing was conducted pursuant to Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 118E, Chapter 30A, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

Jurisdiction

Through a notice dated May 22, 2023, MassHealth denied the appellant's request for prior authorization of comprehensive orthodontic treatment (see 130 CMR 420.431 and Exhibits 1 and 4). The appellant filed this appeal in a timely manner on June 2, 2023 (see 130 CMR 610.015(B) and Exhibit 2). Denial of a request for prior approval is a valid basis for appeal (see 130 CMR 610.032).

Action Taken by MassHealth

MassHealth denied the appellant's request for prior authorization of comprehensive orthodontic treatment.

lssue

The appeal issue is whether MassHealth was correct, pursuant to 130 CMR 420.431, in determining that the appellant is ineligible for comprehensive orthodontic treatment.

Summary of Evidence

The appellant is a minor MassHealth member who appeared at hearing with her mother. MassHealth was represented at hearing by Dr. Harold Kaplan, an orthodontic consultant from DentaQuest, the MassHealth dental contractor.

The appellant's provider submitted a prior authorization request for comprehensive orthodontic treatment, including photographs and x-rays, on May 11, 2023. As required, the provider completed the MassHealth Handicapping Labio-Lingual Deviations ("HLD") Form, which requires a total score of 22 or higher for approval or that the appellant has one of the conditions that warrant automatic approval of comprehensive orthodontic treatment. The provider indicated she found an impaction where eruption is impeded but extraction is not indicated (excluding third molars), one of the conditions that warrant automatic treatment. The provider indicates that she found a total score of 11, broken down as follows:

| Conditions Observed | Raw Score | Multiplier | Weighted Score |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| Overjet in mm | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| Overbite in mm | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| Mandibular Protrusion in | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| mm | | | |
| Anterior Open Bite in mm | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Ectopic Eruption (# of | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| teeth, excluding third | | | |
| molars) | | | |
| Anterior Crowding ¹ | Maxilla: x | Flat score of 5 | 5 |
| | Mandible: n/a | for each ² | |
| Labio-Lingual Spread, in | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| mm (anterior spacing) | | | |
| Posterior Unilateral | 0 | Flat score of 4 | 0 |
| Crossbite | | | |
| Posterior Impactions or | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| congenitally missing | | | |
| posterior teeth (excluding | | | |
| 3 rd molars) | | | |
| Total HLD Score | | | 11 |

When DentaQuest evaluated this prior authorization request on behalf of MassHealth, its orthodontists determined there was no impaction or other autoqualifying condition. DentaQuest

¹ The HLD Form instructs the user to record the more serious (i.e., higher score) of either the ectopic eruption **or** the anterior crowding, but not to count both scores.

² The HLD scoring instructions state that to give points for anterior crowding, arch length insufficiency must exceed 3.5 mm.

found that the appellant had an HLD score of 9. The DentaQuest HLD Form reflects the following scores:

| Conditions Observed | Raw Score | Multiplier | Weighted Score |
|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Overjet in mm | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| Overbite in mm | 4 | 1 | 4 |
| Mandibular Protrusion in | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| mm | | | |
| Open Bite in mm | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Ectopic Eruption (# of | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| teeth, excluding third | | | |
| molars) | | | |
| Anterior Crowding | Maxilla: n/a | Flat score of 5 | 0 |
| | Mandible: n/a | for each | |
| Labio-Lingual Spread, in | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| mm (anterior spacing) | | | |
| Posterior Unilateral | 0 | Flat score of 4 | 0 |
| Crossbite | | | |
| Posterior Impactions or | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| congenitally missing | | | |
| posterior teeth (excluding | | | |
| 3 rd molars) | | | |
| Total HLD Score | | | 9 |

Because it found an HLD score below the threshold of 22 and no autoqualifying condition, MassHealth denied the appellant's prior authorization request on May 22, 2023.

At hearing, Dr. Kaplan completed an HLD form based on an in-person examination of the appellant and a review of the x-rays and photographs. He determined that the appellant's overall HLD score was 10. He also did not see any evidence of the autoqualifying condition of an impaction where eruption is impeded but extraction is not indicated (excluding third molars). He explained that an impaction means the teeth cannot get into the mouth and he can see the appellant's eye-teeth coming in through the gum, which means they are not impacted.

The appellant's mother responded that she understood the HLD scoring system and Dr. Kaplan's testimony and explanation of why there is not impaction.

Dr. Kaplan advised the appellant that she may be re-examined every six months and has until the age of 21 to be treated. Because the appellant's HLD score is below 22 and there were no autoqualifiers present, the appellant does not have a handicapping malocclusion and MassHealth will not pay for comprehensive orthodontic treatment at this time. Dr. Kaplan explained that while the appellant's bite would be improved with braces, it is not severe enough for MassHealth to pay for it.

Findings of Fact

Based on a preponderance of the evidence, I find the following:

- 1. On May 11, 2023, the appellant's orthodontic provider submitted a prior authorization request for comprehensive orthodontic treatment to MassHealth (Exhibit 4).
- 2. The provider completed a Handicapping Labio-Lingual Deviations Form for the appellant and calculated an overall score of 11 and indicated she found an impaction where eruption is impeded but extraction is not indicated (excluding third molars), one of the conditions that warrant automatic approval of comprehensive orthodontic treatment (Exhibit 4).
- 3. When DentaQuest evaluated the prior authorization request on behalf of MassHealth, its orthodontists determined that the appellant did not have an impaction or other autoqualifying condition and calculated an HLD score of 9 (Exhibit 4).
- 4. MassHealth approves requests for comprehensive orthodontic treatment when the member has an HLD score of 22 or more or has one of the conditions that warrant automatic approval of comprehensive orthodontic treatment (Testimony).
- 5. On May 22, 2023, MassHealth notified the appellant that the prior authorization request had been denied (Exhibits 1 and 4).
- 6. On June 2, 2023, the appellant filed a timely appeal of the denial (Exhibit 2).
- 7. At hearing, a MassHealth orthodontic consultant examined the appellant in person and reviewed the provider's paperwork, photographs, and x-rays and found an HLD score of 10. He also did not see any evidence of an impaction because the eye teeth were visibly coming in. (Testimony).
- 8. The appellant's HLD score is below 22.
- 9. The appellant does not have any of the conditions that warrant automatic approval of comprehensive orthodontic treatment (cleft palate; impinging overbite with evidence of occlusal contact into the opposing soft tissue; impaction where eruption is impeded but extraction is not indicated (excluding third molars); severe traumatic deviation; overjet greater than 9 mm; reverse overjet greater than 3.5 mm; crowding of 10mm or more in either the maxillary or mandibular arch (excluding 3rd molars); spacing of 10mm or more in either the maxillary or mandibular arch (excluding 3rd molars); anterior crossbite of 3 or more maxillary teeth per arch; posterior crossbite of 3 or more maxillary teeth per arch; posterior the dots of a tleast one tooth per two or more congenitally missing teeth (excluding third molars) of at least one tooth per arch;

quadrant; lateral open bite 2mm or more of 4 or more teeth per arch; anterior open bite 2mm or more of 4 or more teeth per arch).

Analysis and Conclusions of Law

130 CMR 420.431(C)(3) states, in relevant part, as follows:

The MassHealth agency pays for comprehensive orthodontic treatment, subject to prior authorization, once per member per lifetime for a member younger than 21 years old and only when the member has a handicapping malocclusion. The MassHealth agency determines whether a malocclusion is handicapping **based on clinical standards for medical necessity as described in Appendix D of the Dental Manual**.

(Emphasis added).

Appendix D of the Dental Manual is the "Handicapping Labio-Lingual Deviations Form" (HLD), which is described as a quantitative, objective method for measuring malocclusion. The HLD index provides a single score, based on a series of measurements that represent the degree to which a case deviates from normal alignment and occlusion. MassHealth has determined that a score of 22 or higher signifies a handicapping malocclusion. MassHealth will also approve a prior authorization request, without regard for the HLD numerical score, if there is evidence of one of the following automatic qualifying conditions: cleft palate; impinging overbite with evidence of occlusal contact into the opposing soft tissue; impaction where eruption is impeded but extraction is not indicated (excluding third molars); severe traumatic deviation; overjet greater than 9 mm; reverse overjet greater than 3.5 mm; crowding of 10mm or more in either the maxillary or mandibular arch (excluding 3rd molars); spacing of 10mm or more in either the maxillary or mandibular arch (excluding 3rd molars); anterior crossbite of 3 or more maxillary teeth per arch; posterior crossbite of 3 or more maxillary teeth per arch; two or more congenitally missing teeth (excluding third molars) of at least one tooth per quadrant; lateral open bite 2mm or more of 4 or more teeth per arch; or anterior open bite 2mm or more of 4 or more teeth per arch.

The appellant's provider indicated she found an autoqualifier of an impaction where eruption is impeded but extraction is not indicated (excluding third molars) and an overall HLD score of 11. After reviewing the provider's submission, MassHealth found an HLD score of 9 and no autoqualifiers. Upon review of the prior authorization documents and an examination of the appellant at hearing, Dr. Kaplan found an HLD score of 10 and no autoqualifiers. Dr. Kaplan's measurements and testimony are credible and his determination of the overall HLD score and the lack of autoqualifiers is consistent with the evidence. As he explained, the eye-teeth are not impacted because they were visibly coming into the mouth.

All three of the appellant's HLD scores fall below the necessary 22 points. The appellant also does not have any of the conditions that warrant automatic approval of comprehensive orthodontic treatment.

As the appellant does not qualify for comprehensive orthodontic treatment under the HLD guidelines, MassHealth was correct in determining that she does not have a handicapping malocclusion. Accordingly, this appeal is denied.

Order for MassHealth

None.

Notification of Your Right to Appeal to Court

If you disagree with this decision, you have the right to appeal to Court in accordance with Chapter 30A of the Massachusetts General Laws. To appeal, you must file a complaint with the Superior Court for the county where you reside, or Suffolk County Superior Court, within 30 days of your receipt of this decision.

Alexandra Shube Hearing Officer Board of Hearings

cc: MassHealth Representative: DentaQuest 1, MA

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