# Office of Medicaid BOARD OF HEARINGS

#### **Appellant Name and Address:**



Appeal Decision:	Denied	Appeal Number:	2308184	
Decision Date:	10/11/2023	Hearing Date:	09/26/2023	
Hearing Officer:	Thomas Doyle	Record Open to:		
Appearance for Appellant:		Appearance for Mas	Appearance for MassHealth:	

Appearance for Appellant: Pro se Appearance for MassHealth: Darcy Chapdelaine, Springfield MEC

Interpreter:



The Commonwealth of Massachusetts Executive Office of Health and Human Services Office of Medicaid Board of Hearings 100 Hancock Street, Quincy, Massachusetts 02171

### **APPEAL DECISION**

Appeal Decision:	Denied	lssue:	Eligibility; Over Income; Under 65
Decision Date:	10/11/2023	Hearing Date:	09/26/2023
MassHealth's Rep.:	Darcy Chapdelaine	Appellant's Rep.:	Pro se
Hearing Location:	Remote (phone)	Aid Pending:	No

### Authority

This hearing was conducted pursuant to Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 118E, Chapter 30A, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

### Jurisdiction

Through a notice dated September 1, 2023, MassHealth notified appellant he did not qualify for benefits because MassHealth determined that his income was too high. (Ex. 1).<sup>1</sup> The appellant filed this appeal in a timely manner on September 8, 2023. (130 CMR 610.015(B); Ex. 2). Denial of assistance is valid grounds for appeal (130 CMR 610.032).

### **Action Taken by MassHealth**

MassHealth determined appellant is not eligible for MassHealth because he had more countable income.

### lssue

The appeal issue is whether MassHealth was correct in determining that appellant was over income to qualify for MassHealth.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MassHealth sent appellant another notice on September 8, 2023 that seems to be the exact same notice. This notice was marked as Exhibit 1A.

### **Summary of Evidence**

Appellant and the MassHealth worker appeared by telephone and were sworn. The MassHealth representative stated that the appellant is under age 65, has a two-person household because he claims a partner's child as a tax dependent. Appellant receives income from employment, totaling \$6,600.00 a month, getting paid twice a month. (Testimony). The MassHealth representative stated that based on income and the federal poverty level appellant was eligible for the Health Connector. (Testimony). The MassHealth representative also informed appellant that if there is a disability involved, he could possibly qualify for MassHealth CommonHealth. He would need to fill out an adult disability form and return it for review. As of the date of the hearing, there was no disability claim by appellant and appellant did not claim any deductions.

Appellant said he suffers from numerous health conditions but wants to work. He was informed he could fill out a disability supplement form that may determine if he qualifies for a disability. He testified his tax dependent has health coverage through his mother. He testified he understood how the system works and that he has applied for coverage through the Health Connector.

### **Findings of Fact**

Based on a preponderance of the evidence, I find the following:

- 1. Appellant is under age 65, not disabled and claims a two-person household. (Testimony).
- 2. Appellant has a gross monthly income of \$7,149.45.00. (Testimony; 130 CMR 506.007).
- 3. 133% of the federal poverty level is \$2,186.00 a month for a household of two. (2023 MassHealth Income Standards and Federal Poverty Guidelines).

### Analysis and Conclusions of Law

The appellant has the burden "to demonstrate the invalidity of the administrative determination." <u>Andrews</u> v. <u>Division of Medical Assistance</u>, 68 Mass. App. Ct. 228 (2007).

505.008: MassHealth CarePlus:

(A) Overview

(1) 130 CMR 505.008 contains the categorical requirements and financial standards for MassHealth CarePlus. This coverage type provides coverage to adults 21 through 64 years of age.

(2) Persons eligible for MassHealth CarePlus direct coverage are eligible for medical benefits, as described in 130 CMR 450.105(B): *MassHealth CarePlus* and 130 CMR 508.000: *Managed Care Requirements* and must meet the following conditions.

(a) The individual is an adult 21 through 64 years of age.

(b) The individual is a citizen, as described in 130 CMR 504.002: *U.S. Citizens*, or a qualified noncitizen, as described in 130 CMR 504.003(A)(1): *Qualified Noncitizens*.

(c) The individual's modified adjusted gross income of the MassHealth MAGI household is less than or equal to 133 percent of the federal poverty level.

(d) The individual is ineligible for MassHealth Standard.

(e) The adult complies with 130 CMR 505.008(C).

(f) The individual is not enrolled in or eligible for Medicare Parts A or B.

130 CMR 505.008(A).

Deductions. The following are allowable deductions from countable income when determining MAGI:

(1) educator expenses;

(2) reservist/performance artist/fee-based government official expenses;

(3) health savings account;

(4) moving expenses;

(5) self-employment tax;

(6) self-employment retirement account;

(7) penalty on early withdrawal of savings;

(8) alimony paid to a former spouse;

(9) individual retirement account (IRA);

(10) student loan interest; and

(11) higher education tuition and fees.

130 CMR 506.003(D).

Financial eligibility for coverage types that are determined using the MassHealth MAGI household rules and the MassHealth Disabled Adult household rules is determined by comparing the sum of all countable income less deductions for the individual's household as described at 130 CMR 506.002 with the applicable income standard for the specific coverage type. In determining monthly income, the MassHealth agency multiplies average weekly income by 4.333. Five percentage points of the current federal poverty level (FPL) are subtracted from the applicable household total countable income to determine eligibility of the individual under the coverage type with the highest income standard.

The appellant claims a two-person household and has total gross monthly income of \$7,149.45.00. This was attained by multiplying appellant's weekly income of \$1,650.00 (\$6,600 divided by 4) by 4.333, equaling \$7,149.45 gross monthly income. Pursuant to 130 CMR

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506.007(A), 5 percentage points of the current FPL is deducted to determine countable income. For a household of two, 5 percentage points of the current FPL equals \$109.00. Accordingly, the appellant's countable income is \$7,040.45.00. The income limit for MassHealth Care Plus is 133% of the federal poverty level, or \$2,186.00 a month for a household of two. The appellant's countable income exceeds this amount and thus she is not financially eligible for MassHealth Care Plus. MassHealth's action is upheld and the appeal is denied.

# **Order for MassHealth**

None.

# Notification of Your Right to Appeal to Court

If you disagree with this decision, you have the right to appeal to Court in accordance with Chapter 30A of the Massachusetts General Laws. To appeal, you must file a complaint with the Superior Court for the county where you reside, or Suffolk County Superior Court, within 30 days of your receipt of this decision.

Thomas Doyle Hearing Officer Board of Hearings

cc:

MassHealth Representative: Dori Mathieu, Springfield MassHealth Enrollment Center, 88 Industry Avenue, Springfield, MA 01104, 413-785-4186