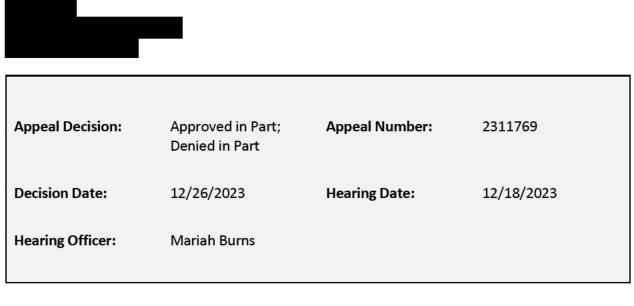
## Office of Medicaid BOARD OF HEARINGS

#### **Appellant Name and Address:**



Appearance for Appellant: Pro se Appearance for MassHealth: Kimberly Daughtry, Springfield MassHealth Enrollment Center



The Commonwealth of Massachusetts Executive Office of Health and Human Services Office of Medicaid Board of Hearings 100 Hancock Street, Quincy, Massachusetts 02171

#### **APPEAL DECISION**

Appeal Decision:	Approved in Part; Denied in Part	lssue:	Under 65; Eligibility; Income; Extended Eligibility
Decision Date:	12/26/2023	Hearing Date:	12/18/2023
MassHealth's Rep.:	Kimberly Daughtry	Appellant's Rep.:	Pro se
Hearing Location:	Video Conference	Aid Pending:	No

## Authority

This hearing was conducted pursuant to Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 118E, Chapter 30A, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

#### Jurisdiction

Through a notice dated September 20, 2023, MassHealth downgraded the appellant's benefits because MassHealth determined that the appellant no longer meets the income requirements for Standard coverage. *See* 130 CMR 505.002 and Exhibit 1. The appellant filed this appeal in a timely manner on November 20, 2023. *See* 130 CMR 610.015(B) and Exhibit 2. Challenging MassHealth's suspension, reduction, termination, or restriction of assistance is valid grounds for appeal. *See* 130 CMR 610.032.

#### **Action Taken by MassHealth**

MassHealth downgraded the appellant's benefits from MassHealth Standard to the Health Safety Net.

#### lssue

The appeal issue is whether MassHealth correctly downgraded the appellant's benefits.

#### **Summary of Evidence**

The appellant is an adult under the age of 65 who resides in a household of three with her child who is under the age of 19. MassHealth was represented by a worker from the Springfield MassHealth Enrollment Center. All parties appeared by video conference. The following is a summary of the testimony and documentary evidence presented at hearing:

MassHealth verified the appellant's total household income as being \$3031.00 per month, which is 141.41% of the federal poverty level for a household of three. The MassHealth representative testified that the appellant filed a disability supplement, which was denied by the Disability Evaluation Service back in July, and there is no indication that the appellant has been deemed disabled by Social Security.

The appellant agreed with the calculation of her income and reported that she has been making \$700 per week since returning from medical leave on April 14, 2023. While she was on leave, her income was 60% of that amount.

The MassHealth representative agreed that, because the appellant was active on MassHealth Standard and has a child under the age of 19 in the home, she should qualify for extended eligibility pursuant to 130 CMR 505.002(L)(3) until April 14, 2024. The representative reported that she would update the appellant's eligibility accordingly.

#### **Findings of Fact**

Based on a preponderance of the evidence, I find the following:

1. The appellant is an adult under the age of 65 who resides in a household of three with her child who is under the age of 19. Exhibit 4, Testimony.

2. Prior to the issuance of the notice on appeal, the appellant was receiving MassHealth Standard benefits. Exhibit 4, Testimony.

3. The appellant's total household monthly income is \$3031.00. Exhibit 1, Testimony.

4. On September 20, 2023, MassHealth issued a notice reporting that the appellant's MassHealth Standard benefits on October 31, 2023, because she no longer meets the income requirements. Exhibit 1.

5. The appellant filed a timely appeal on November 20, 2023. Exhibit 2.

6. The appellant's monthly income exceeded 133% of the federal poverty level beginning on

April 14, 2023. Testimony.

7. The appellant does not challenge MassHealth's calculation of her monthly income. Testimony.

#### Analysis and Conclusions of Law

MassHealth regulations at 130 CMR 505.000 *et seq.* explain the categorical requirements and financial standards that must be met to qualify for a particular MassHealth coverage type. The rules of financial responsibility and calculation of financial eligibility are detailed in 130 CMR 506.000: *Health Care Reform: MassHealth: Financial Requirements.* The MassHealth coverage types are:

(1) *Standard* - for pregnant women, children, parents and caretaker relatives, young adults, disabled individuals, certain persons who are HIV positive, individuals with breast or cervical cancer, independent foster care adolescents, Department of Mental Health members, and medically frail as such term is defined in 130 CMR 505.008(F);

(2) *CommonHealth* - for disabled adults, disabled young adults, and disabled children who are not eligible for MassHealth Standard;

(3) *CarePlus* - for adults 21 through 64 years of age who are not eligible for MassHealth Standard;

(4) *Family Assistance* - for children, young adults, certain noncitizens, and persons who are HIV positive who are not eligible for MassHealth Standard, CommonHealth, or CarePlus;

(5) Small Business Employee Premium Assistance - for adults or young adults who

(a) work for small employers;

(b) are not eligible for MassHealth Standard, CommonHealth, Family Assistance, or CarePlus;

(c) do not have anyone in their premium billing family group who is otherwise receiving a premium assistance benefit; and

(d) have been determined ineligible for a Qualified Health Plan with a Premium Tax Credit due to access to affordable employer-sponsored insurance coverage;

(6) *Limited* - for certain lawfully present immigrants as described in 130 CMR 504.003(A), nonqualified PRUCOLs, and other noncitizens as described in 130 CMR 504.003: *Immigrants*; and

(7) Senior Buy-In and Buy-In - for certain Medicare beneficiaries.

130 CMR 505.001(A).

To establish eligibility for MassHealth benefits, applicants must meet both the categorical <u>and</u> financial requirements. In this case, as a caretaker for her minor children, the appellant meets the

categorical requirements for MassHealth Standard. The question then remains as to whether she meets the income requirements to qualify.

A parent or caretaker is financially eligible for MassHealth Standard if "the modified adjusted gross income of the MassHealth MAGI household is less than or equal to 133% of the federal poverty level." 130 CMR 505.002(C)(1)(a). To determine financial eligibility pursuant to 130 CMR 506.007, MassHealth must construct a household as described, in relevant part, in 130 CMR 506.002(B) for each individual person applying for or renewing coverage:

(1) Taxpayers Not Claimed as a Tax Dependent on His or Her Federal Income Taxes. For an individual who expects to file a tax return for the taxable year in which the initial determination or renewal of eligibility is being made and who is not claimed as a tax dependent by another taxpayer, the household consists of

(a) the taxpayer; including his or her spouse, if the taxpayers are married and filing jointly regardless of whether they are living together;

(b) the taxpayer's spouse, if living with him or her regardless of filing status;

(c) all persons the taxpayer expects to claim as tax dependents; and

(d) if any woman described in 130 CMR 506.002(B)(1)(a) through (c) is pregnant, the number of expected children.

Here, the appellant does not dispute that she resides in a household of three. Based on current MassHealth Income Standards and Federal Poverty Guidelines, 133% of the federal poverty level equates to a monthly income of \$2,756.00 for a household of that size. *See chart* at <a href="https://www.mass.gov/doc/2023-masshealth-income-standards-and-federal-poverty-guidelines-0/download">https://www.mass.gov/doc/2023-masshealth-income-standards-and-federal-poverty-guidelines-0/download</a>.

MassHealth determines an applicant's modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) by taking the countable income, which includes earned income as described in 130 CMR 506.003(A) and unearned income described in 130 CMR 506.003(B), less deductions described in 130 CMR 506.003(D). Specifically, 130 CMR 506.007 provides how the MAGI is calculated:

...Countable income includes earned income described in 130 CMR 506.003(A) and unearned income described in 130 CMR 506.003(B) less deductions described in 130 CMR 506.003(C). Income of all the household members forms the basis for establishing an individual's eligibility. A household's countable income is the sum of the MAGI-based income of every individual included in the individual's household with the exception of children and tax dependents who are not expected to be required to file a return as described in 42 CFR 435.603 and 130 CMR 506.004(K).

(A) Financial eligibility for coverage types that are determined using the MassHealth MAGI household rules and the MassHealth Disabled Adult

household rules is determined by comparing the sum of all countable income less deductions for the individual's household as described at 130 CMR 506.002 with the applicable income standard for the specific coverage type. In determining monthly income, the MassHealth agency multiplies average weekly income by 4.333. Five percentage points of the current federal poverty level (FPL) is subtracted from the applicable household total countable income to determine eligibility of the individual under the coverage type with the highest income standard.

(B) The financial eligibility standards for each coverage type may be found in 130 CMR 505.000: *Health Care Reform: MassHealth: Coverage Types*.

(C) The monthly federal-poverty-level income standards are determined according to annual standards published in the *Federal Register* using the following formula. The MassHealth agency adjusts these standards annually.

(1) Divide the annual federal poverty-level income standard as it appears in the *Federal Register* by 12.

(2) Multiply the unrounded monthly income standard by the applicable federal-poverty-level standard.

(3) Round up to the next whole dollar to arrive at the monthly income standards.

(D) Safe Harbor Rule. The MassHealth agency will provide a safe harbor for individuals whose household income determined through MassHealth MAGI income rules results in financial ineligibility for MassHealth but whose household income determined through Health Connector income rules as described at 26 CFR 1.36B-1(e) is below 100 percent FPL. In such case, the individual's financial eligibility will be determined in accordance with Health Connector income rules.

(1) MassHealth uses current monthly income and the Health Connector uses projected annual income amounts.

(2) MassHealth MAGI household uses exceptions to tax household rules and the Health Connector uses the pure tax filing household.

(E) MAGI Protection for Individuals Receiving MassHealth Coverage on December 31, 2013. Notwithstanding the above, in the case of determining ongoing eligibility for individuals determined eligible for MassHealth coverage to begin on or before December 31, 2013, application of the MassHealth MAGI Household Income Calculation methodologies as set forth in 130 CMR 506.007 will not be applied until March 31, 2014, or the next regularly scheduled annual renewal of eligibility for such individual under 130 CMR 502.007, whichever is later, if the application of such methodologies would result in a downgrade of benefits.

Per 130 CMR 506.003(A), countable income includes, in relevant part, "the total amount of taxable compensation received for work or services performed less pretax deductions. Earned income may include wages, salaries, tips, commissions, and bonuses."

In this case, MassHealth calculated the appellant's monthly income to equal \$3031.00, which the appellant did not dispute. As that amount exceeds 133% of the poverty level based on 2023 standards, the appellant is not financially eligible for MassHealth Standard benefits.

However, certain members may receive extended eligibility under 130 CMR 505.002(L). To qualify, members must meet the following requirements:

Members of a MassHealth MAGI household who receive MassHealth Standard (whether or not they receive TAFDC) and have earnings that raise the MassHealth MAGI household's modified adjusted gross income above 133% of the federal poverty level (FPL) continue to receive MassHealth Standard for a full 12-calendarmonth period that begins with the date on which the members MAGI exceeds 133% of the federal poverty level (FPL) if

- (a) the MassHealth household continues to include a child younger than 19 years old living with the parent or caretaker;
- (b) a parent or caretaker relative continues to be employed;
- (c) the parent or caretaker relative complies with 130 CMR 505.002(M); and
- (d) the member is a citizen or a qualified noncitizen.

*Id.* at 505.002(L)(3). Here, the appellant's household includes her child younger than 19 years old, she is employed, she is a citizen, and she is compliant with 130 CMR 505.002(M). Therefore, she qualifies for extended eligibility. Because she began to exceed 133% of the FPL on April 14, 2023, I find that her MassHealth Standard benefits should be protected until April 14, 2024.

For the foregoing reasons, because the appellant is not financially eligible for MassHealth Standard benefits, the appeal is denied in part. However, because she qualifies for extended eligibility, the appeal is approved in part, and her MassHealth Standard benefits should be temporarily reinstated.

# Order for MassHealth

If it has not already done so, reinstate the appellant's MassHealth Standard benefits, retroactive to the termination date, until her extended eligibility expires on April 14, 2024. Send notice of implementation only; do not include appeal rights.

### Notification of Your Right to Appeal to Court

If you disagree with this decision, you have the right to appeal to Court in accordance with Chapter 30A of the Massachusetts General Laws. To appeal, you must file a complaint with the Superior Court for the county where you reside, or Suffolk County Superior Court, within 30 days of your receipt of this decision.

#### **Implementation of this Decision**

If this decision is not implemented within 30 days after the date of this decision, you should contact your MassHealth Enrollment Center. If you experience problems with the implementation of this decision, you should report this in writing to the Director of the Board of Hearings, at the address on the first page of this decision.

Mariah Burns Hearing Officer Board of Hearings

cc:

MassHealth Representative: Dori Mathieu, Springfield MassHealth Enrollment Center, 88 Industry Avenue, Springfield, MA 01104, 413-785-4186