# Office of Medicaid BOARD OF HEARINGS

#### **Appellant Name and Address:**



Appeal Decision: Denied Appeal Number: 2414718

Decision Date: 11/22/2024 Hearing Date: 10/28/2024

Hearing Officer: Marc Tonaszuck

Appearance for Appellant:

Appearance for MassHealth:

Dr. Katherine Moynihan, DentaQuest

Interpreter:

Russian



The Commonwealth of Massachusetts
Executive Office of Health and Human Services
Office of Medicaid
Board of Hearings
100 Hancock Street, Quincy, Massachusetts 02171

#### APPEAL DECISION

Appeal Decision: Denied Issue: Dental Services -

Orthodontic Services

Decision Date: 11/22/2024 Hearing Date: 10/28/2024

MassHealth's Rep.: Dr. Katherine

Moynihan, DentaQuest Appellant's Rep.:

Hearing Location: Springfield

MassHealth

**Enrollment Center** 

Aid Pending: N

No

# **Authority**

This hearing was conducted pursuant to Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 118E, Chapter 30A, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

## Jurisdiction

Through a notice dated 09/09/2024, MassHealth denied the appellant's request for prior authorization of comprehensive orthodontic treatment (see 130 CMR 420.431 and Exhibit 4). A timely appeal was filed on the appellant's behalf<sup>1</sup> on 09/24/2024 (see 130 CMR 610.015(B) and Exhibit 2). Denial of a request for prior approval is a valid basis for appeal (see 130 CMR 610.032).

## **Action Taken by MassHealth**

MassHealth denied the appellant's request for prior authorization of comprehensive orthodontic treatment.

#### Issue

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The appellant is a minor child who was represented in these proceedings by her mother and aunt.

The appeal issue is whether MassHealth was correct, pursuant to 130 CMR 420.431(C), in determining that the appellant is ineligible for comprehensive orthodontic treatment.

## **Summary of Evidence**

The appellant, a minor MassHealth member, appeared in person at the fair hearing with her mother and aunt. They were assisted by a Russian-language interpreter. MassHealth was represented at hearing by Dr. Katherine Moynihan, an orthodontic consultant from DentaQuest, the MassHealth dental contractor. Dr. Moynihan appeared virtually.

The appellant's provider, submitted a prior authorization request for comprehensive orthodontic treatment, including photographs and X-rays on 08/30/2024. As required, the provider completed the MassHealth Handicapping Labio-Lingual Deviations ("HLD") Form, which requires a total score of 22 or higher for approval or that the appellant has one of the conditions that warrant automatic approval of comprehensive orthodontic treatment. The provider indicated that the appellant has an HLD score of 22, as follows:

<b>Conditions Observed</b>	Raw Score	Multiplier	Weighted Score
Overjet in mm	4	1	4
Overbite in mm	4	1	4
Mandibular Protrusion in	0	5	0
mm			
Open Bite in mm	0	4	0
Ectopic Eruption (# of	0	3	0
teeth, excluding third			
molars)			
Anterior Crowding	Maxilla: 5	Flat score of 5	10
	Mandible: 5	for each	
Labio-Lingual Spread, in	4	1	4
mm (anterior spacing)			
Posterior Unilateral	0	Flat score of 4	0
Crossbite			
Posterior Impactions or	0	3	0
congenitally missing			
posterior teeth (excluding			
3 <sup>rd</sup> molars)			
Total HLD Score	_		22

The appellant's orthodontist did not identify any automatic qualifying condition, nor did he include a medical necessity narrative.

When DentaQuest evaluated this prior authorization request on behalf of MassHealth, its orthodontists determined that the appellant had an HLD score of 16. The DentaQuest HLD Form reflects the following scores:

Conditions Observed	Raw Score	Multiplier	Weighted Score
Overjet in mm	4	1	4
Overbite in mm	4	1	4
Mandibular Protrusion in	0	5	0
mm			
Open Bite in mm	0	4	0
Ectopic Eruption (# of	0	3	0
teeth, excluding third			
molars)			
Anterior Crowding	Maxilla: 0	Flat score of 5	5
	Mandible: 5	for each	
Labio-Lingual Spread, in	3	1	3
mm (anterior spacing)			
Posterior Unilateral	0	Flat score of 4	0
Crossbite			
Posterior Impactions or	0	3	0
congenitally missing			
posterior teeth (excluding			
3 <sup>rd</sup> molars)			
Total HLD Score			16

DentaQuest did not find an automatic qualifying condition. Because it found an HLD score below the threshold of 22 and no autoqualifier, MassHealth denied the appellant's prior authorization request on 09/09/2024.

At hearing, Dr. Moynihan testified that she reviewed the materials submitted with the PA from Dr. Dr. Moynihan testified that the appellant has an HLD score of 16, as follows:

<b>Conditions Observed</b>	Raw Score	Multiplier	Weighted Score
Overjet in mm	4	1	4
Overbite in mm	4	1	4
Mandibular Protrusion in	0	5	0
mm			
Open Bite in mm	0	4	0
Ectopic Eruption (# of	0	3	0
teeth, excluding third			
molars)			
Anterior Crowding	Maxilla: 0	Flat score of 5	5
	Mandible: 5	for each	
Labio-Lingual Spread, in	3	1	3
mm (anterior spacing)			
Posterior Unilateral	0	Flat score of 4	0
Crossbite			
Posterior Impactions or	0	3	0
congenitally missing			
posterior teeth (excluding			

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3 <sup>rd</sup> molars)		
Total HLD Score		16

Dr. Moynihan testified that her measurements did not result in an HLD score that reached the minimum HLD score of 22, which is necessary for MassHealth payment for comprehensive orthodontic treatment (full braces).

Dr. Moynihan testified that she agreed with Dr. that the appellant has an overjet, and overbite, crowding, and a labio-lingual spread; however, she disagreed to the extent of those conditions. Dr. Moynihan testified that she made her measurements using the materials provided by Dr. and once the appellant's HLD Index score is properly calculated, the total is 16 points. She testified that in order to score 5 points for crowding on either arch, the appellant must have at least 3.5 mm of crowding among the front six teeth on that arch. In this case, the appellant has 3.5 mm of crowding on the lower arch, but not on the upper arch. She scored 5 points for crowing on the lower arch, but zero points for crowding on the top arch.

Dr. Moynihan concluded that the appellant's malocclusion is not severe and handicapping, as would be evidenced by an HLD score of 22, an automatic qualifying condition, or through a letter of medical necessity. She concluded that although the appellant might benefit from orthodonture, the appellant does not meet the requirements for MassHealth payment.

The appellant, a minor child, appeared at the fair hearing with her mother and aunt. They testified they don't understand the HLD scoring system, but that the appellant "has problems with her teeth." Also, she has recurring headaches, which may be a result of her teeth. The mother testified that the appellant suffers from malnutrition and has emotional problems, although she does not see a mental health counselor or therapist.

# **Findings of Fact**

Based on a preponderance of the evidence, I find the following:

- 1. On 08/30/2024, the appellant's orthodontic provider, Dr. \_\_\_\_\_, submitted a prior authorization request for comprehensive orthodontic treatment to MassHealth on behalf of the appellant, a MassHealth member who is under 21 years of age (Exhibit 4).
- 2. The provider completed a Handicapping Labio-Lingual Deviations Form for the appellant and calculated an HLD score of 22 points. The provider did not indicate that any automatic qualifying conditions exist (Exhibit 4).

- 4. The provider did not include a medical necessity narrative with the prior authorization request (Exhibit 4).
- 5. When DentaQuest evaluated the prior authorization request on behalf of MassHealth, its orthodontists determined that the appellant had an HLD score of 16, with no automatic qualifying condition (Exhibit 4).
- 6. MassHealth approves requests for comprehensive orthodontic treatment when the member has an HLD score of 22 or more (Testimony; Exhibits 1 and 4).
- 7. On 09/09/2024, MassHealth notified the appellant that the prior authorization request was denied (Exhibits 1 and 4).
- 8. On 09/24/2024, the appellant filed a timely appeal of the denial (Exhibit 2).
- 9. On 10/28/2024, a fair hearing took place before the Board of Hearings (Exhibit 3). The appellant and her mother and aunt appeared in person. The MassHealth orthodontist appeared virtually.
- 10. At the fair hearing, a MassHealth orthodontic consultant testified that she reviewed the materials submitted with the PA, including dental records, X-rays and photographs. Based on her review of the provider's paperwork, photographs, and X-rays, MassHealth found an HLD score of 16 points (Testimony).
- 11. The appellant has an overjet that measures 4 mm (Testimony).
- 12. The appellant has an overbite that measures 4 mm (Testimony).
- 13. The appellant has at least 3.5 mm of crowding among the front six teeth on the lower arch (Testimony).
- 14. The appellant does not have at least 3.5 mm of crowding among the front six teeth on the upper arch (Testimony).
- 15. The appellant has a labio-lingual spread of 3 mm (Testimony).
- 16. The appellant's HLD score is below 22 (Testimony).
- 17. The appellant does not have any of the conditions that warrant automatic approval of comprehensive orthodontic treatment (e.g., cleft palate, severe maxillary anterior crowding greater than 8 mm, deep impinging overbite, anterior impaction, severe traumatic deviation, overjet greater than 9 mm, or reverse overjet greater than 3.5 mm)

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(Testimony).

# **Analysis and Conclusions of Law**

130 CMR 420.431(C) states, in relevant part, as follows:

The MassHealth agency pays for comprehensive orthodontic treatment, subject to prior authorization, once per member per lifetime under the age of 21 and only when the member has a handicapping malocclusion. The MassHealth agency determines whether a malocclusion is handicapping based on the clinical standards for medical necessity as described in Appendix D of the Dental Manual.

Appendix D of the Dental Manual is the "Handicapping Labio-Lingual Deviations Form" (HLD), which is described as a quantitative, objective method for measuring malocclusion. The HLD index provides a single score, based on a series of measurements that represent the degree to which a case deviates from normal alignment and occlusion. MassHealth has determined that a score of 22 or higher signifies a severe and handicapping malocclusion. MassHealth will also approve a prior authorization request, without regard for the HLD numerical score, if there is evidence of a cleft palate, deep impinging overbite, anterior impactions, severe traumatic deviation, overjet greater than 9 mm, reverse overjet greater than 3.5 mm, crowding or spacing greater than 10 mm, anterior or posterior crossbite of three or more teeth on either arch, two or more congenitally missing teeth, or lateral open bite greater than 2 mm of four or more teeth ("automatic qualifying condition" or "autoqualifier").

The appellant's provider documented that the appellant has an HLD score of 22 points. The provider identified no automatic qualifying condition, nor did he include a medical necessity letter. Upon receipt of the PA request and after reviewing the provider's submission, MassHealth found an HLD score of 16 and no automatic qualifying condition. As a result, MassHealth denied the request for comprehensive orthodontics. The appellant appealed to the Board of Hearings and a fair hearing took place, at which MassHealth was represented by an orthodontist, who appeared virtually. The appellant and her mother and aunt appeared in person.

In preparation for the fair hearing, the MassHealth orthodontist reviewed the prior authorization documents. At hearing, the MassHealth orthodontist testified that she found an HLD score of 16 points and no automatic qualifying condition. MassHealth's orthodontist agreed that the appellant has at least 3.5 mm of crowding among the 6 front teeth on the lower arch; however not among the front 6 teeth of the upper arch. Accordingly, she could only score 5 points for crowding, and not the 10 points calculated by the treating provider. Dr. Moynihan also agreed that the appellant has an overjet, an overbite, and a labio-lingual spread; however, Dr. Moynihan did not agree that the appellant has the same measurements as reported by the provider.

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The appellant's treating provider reported that the appellant has an overjet of 4 mm (4 points), an overbite of 4 mm (4 points) and labio-lingual spread of 4 mm (4 points), resulting in a total HLD Index score of 22 points, including the 10 points for crowding. Dr. Moynihan testified that the appellant has an overjet of 4 mm (4 points), an overbite of 4 mm (4 points), and a labio-lingual spread of 3 mm (3 points), and crowding on the lower arch (5 points), resulting in a total HLD Index score of 16 points. Dr. Moynihan explained her scores to the appellant's mother and aunt and to the hearing officer, referencing the photographs of the appellant's teeth that were included with the PA request.

Dr. Moynihan's score is supported by the photographs and other documents submitted with the PA request. Dr. Moynihan, a licensed orthodontist, demonstrated a familiarity with the HLD Index. Her measurements are credible and his determination of the overall HLD score is consistent with the evidence. Moreover, she was available to be questioned by the hearing officer and cross-examined by the appellant's representative.

The appellant's mother testified credibly that the appellant might benefit from orthodonture; however, she was unable to show that the appellant met the requirements set out by MassHealth for approval for payment of the orthodonture. Additionally, neither the appellant, nor her treating orthodontist provided a letter of medical necessity, drawing a connection between the appellant's medical issues and her malocclusion. Accordingly, the appellant has not shown that MassHealth erred in denying the request for comprehensive orthodonture. As the appellant does not qualify for comprehensive orthodontic treatment under the HLD guidelines, MassHealth was correct in determining that he does not have a severe and handicapping malocclusion. Accordingly, MassHealth correctly denied this request for comprehensive orthodontic services and this appeal is denied.

#### **Order for MassHealth**

None.

# **Notification of Your Right to Appeal to Court**

If you disagree with this decision, you have the right to appeal to Court in accordance with Chapter 30A of the Massachusetts General Laws. To appeal, you must file a complaint with the Superior Court for the county where you reside, or Suffolk County Superior Court, within 30 days of your receipt of this decision.

Marc Tonaszuck

## Hearing Officer Board of Hearings

cc: Appellant Representative:

MassHealth Representative: DentaQuest 2, MA