# Office of Medicaid BOARD OF HEARINGS

#### **Appellant Name and Address:**



Appeal Decision:	Denied	Appeal Number:	2415435
Decision Date:	11/4/2024	Hearing Date:	10/30/2024
Hearing Officer:	Thomas J. Goode		

Appearance for Appellant: Pro se with Mother Appearance for MassHealth: Dr. Harold Kaplan



The Commonwealth of Massachusetts Executive Office of Health and Human Services Office of Medicaid Board of Hearings 100 Hancock Street, Quincy, Massachusetts 02171

# **APPEAL DECISION**

Appeal Decision:	Denied	lssue:	Orthodontics
Decision Date:	11/4/2024	Hearing Date:	10/30/2024
MassHealth's Rep.:	Dr. Harold Kaplan	Appellant's Rep.:	Pro se with Mother
Hearing Location:	Tewksbury MassHealth Enrollment Center	Aid Pending:	Νο

# Authority

This hearing was conducted pursuant to Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 118E, Chapter 30A, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

### Jurisdiction

Through a notice dated September 30, 2024, MassHealth denied Appellant's request for prior authorization of comprehensive orthodontic treatment (130 CMR 420.431 and Exhibit 1). Appellant filed this appeal in a timely manner on October 8, 2024 (130 CMR 610.015 and Exhibit 2). Denial of a request for prior authorization is valid grounds for appeal (130 CMR 610.032).

### **Action Taken by MassHealth**

MassHealth denied Appellant's prior authorization request for comprehensive orthodontic treatment.

### lssue

The appeal issue is whether MassHealth was correct, pursuant to 130 CMR 420.431, in denying Appellant's prior authorization request for comprehensive orthodontic services.

## **Summary of Evidence**

MassHealth was represented by Dr. Kaplan, an orthodontic consultant from the MassHealth contractor DentaQuest. Dr. Kaplan is a licensed orthodontist in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Dr. Kaplan testified that Appellant's orthodontist submitted the Handicapping Labio-Lingual Deviations (HLD) Form which requires a total score of 22 or higher for approval. Appellant's orthodontist recorded a score of 25 points based on HLD measurements (Exhibit 1, p. 16). No autoqualifying conditions were identified. A letter of medical necessity was not included with the prior authorization request. Dr. Kaplan testified that a DentaQuest orthodontist reviewed photographs and X-rays submitted with the request and scored 9 HLD points with no autoqualifying conditions identified (Exhibit 1, p. 7). Dr. Kaplan examined Appellant's dentition at hearing and testified that he scored 17 HLD points and found no autoqualifying conditions. Dr. Kaplan testified that he carefully measured Appellant's orthodontist, and determined that crowding in the anterior lower jaw does not exceed 3.5 mm, which reduced HLD scoring by 5 additional points. Dr. Kaplan upheld the denial of payment for orthodontics because Appellant's HLD score is below 22 points, and no autoqualifying conditions are present.

Appellant's representative testified that Appellant's upper teeth had changed over the past 6 months, and she would consider reapplying in 6 months.

## **Findings of Fact**

Based on a preponderance of the evidence, I find the following:

- 1. Appellant's orthodontist submitted the Handicapping Labio-Lingual Deviations (HLD) Form which requires a total score of 22 or higher for approval.
- 2. Appellant's orthodontist recorded a score of 25 points based on HLD measurements and did not identify any autoqualifying conditions.
- 3. Appellant's orthodontist scored 9 points for overjet, and indicated crowding in excess of 3.5mm in Appellant's lower anterior teeth.
- 4. A letter of medical necessity was not included with the prior authorization request.
- 5. A DentaQuest orthodontist reviewed photographs and X-rays submitted with the request and scored 9 HLD points with no autoqualifying conditions identified.
- 6. Dr. Kaplan examined Appellant's dentition at hearing and scored 17 HLD points and found no autoqualifying conditions.

7. Dr. Kaplan carefully measured Appellant's dentition at hearing and scored 5 points for overjet, and found less than 3.5mm of crowding in Appellant's lower anterior teeth.

## Analysis and Conclusions of Law

Regulation 130 CMR 420.431(C)(3) states in relevant part that the MassHealth agency pays for comprehensive orthodontic treatment only once per member under age per lifetime and only when the member has a handicapping malocclusion. The MassHealth agency determines whether a malocclusion is handicapping based on the clinical standards described in Appendix D of the *Dental Manual*. Appendix D of the *Dental Manual* is the "Handicapping Labio-Lingual Deviations Form" (HLD), which is described as a quantitative, objective method for measuring malocclusion. The HLD index provides a single score based on a series of measurements that represent the degree to which a case deviates from normal alignment and occlusion. MassHealth has determined that a score of 22 or higher signifies a handicapping malocclusion. The HLD index also includes conditions that are listed as autoqualifiers that result in approval without HLD scores.<sup>1</sup>

Here, Appellant's orthodontic provider submitted the Handicapping Labio-Lingual Deviations (HLD) Form which requires a total score of 22 or higher for approval and recorded a score of 25 points and did not identify any autoqualifying conditions. Appellant's orthodontist scored 9 points for overjet and indicated crowding in excess of 3.5mm in Appellant's lower anterior teeth. A DentaQuest orthodontist reviewed photographs and X-rays submitted with the request and scored 9 HLD points with no autoqualifying conditions identified. Dr. Kaplan examined Appellant's dentition at hearing and scored 17 HLD points and found no autoqualifying conditions. Dr. Kaplan carefully measured Appellant's dentition at hearing and scored 5 points for overjet and found less than 3.5mm of crowding in Appellant's lower anterior teeth. Dr. Kaplan is an experienced licensed orthodontist, and I find his testimony credible. Because Appellant's HLD score is below the required 22 points, and no autoqualifying conditions were identified, MassHealth correctly denied the prior authorization request.

The MassHealth agency pays for a pre-orthodontic treatment examination for members younger than years of age, once per six (6) months per member, and only for the purpose of determining whether orthodontic treatment is medically necessary and can be initiated before the member's twenty-first birthday (130 CMR 420.431(C)(1)). Appellant can be reevaluated for comprehensive orthodontics and submit a new prior authorization request 6 months after the last evaluation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>See</u> Dental Manual Appendix D. Authorization Form for Comprehensive Orthodontic Treatment, Transmittal Letter DEN111, p. D1, October 15, 2021 available at: https://www.mass.gov/doc/appendix-d-authorization-form-for-comprehensive-orthodontic-treatment-0/download

The appeal is DENIED.

# **Order for MassHealth**

None.

### Notification of Your Right to Appeal to Court

If you disagree with this decision, you have the right to appeal to Court in accordance with Chapter 30A of the Massachusetts General Laws. To appeal, you must file a complaint with the Superior Court for the county where you reside, or Suffolk County Superior Court, within 30 days of your receipt of this decision.

Thomas J. Goode Hearing Officer Board of Hearings

MassHealth Representative: DentaQuest 1, MA

Page 4 of Appeal No.: 2415435