# Office of Medicaid BOARD OF HEARINGS

**Appellant Name and Address:** 



Appeal Decision:	Denied	Appeal Number:	2419611
Decision Date:	1/14/2025	Hearing Date:	01/08/2025
Hearing Officer:	Thomas J. Goode		

Appearance for Appellant: Pro se Appearance for MassHealth: Liz Nickoson, Taunton MEC



The Commonwealth of Massachusetts Executive Office of Health and Human Services Office of Medicaid Board of Hearings 100 Hancock Street, Quincy, Massachusetts 02171

# APPEAL DECISION

Appeal Decision:	Denied	Issue:	Eligibility
Decision Date:	1/14/2025	Hearing Date:	01/08/2025
MassHealth's Rep.:	Liz Nickoson	Appellant's Rep.:	Pro se
Hearing Location:	Remote	Aid Pending:	Yes

#### Authority

This hearing was conducted pursuant to Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 118E, Chapter 30A, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

#### Jurisdiction

Through a notice dated September 17, 2024, MassHealth notified Appellant that MassHealth coverage was downgraded from CarePlus to Health Safety Net (130 CMR 505.001, 506.007 505.008 and Exhibit 1). Appellant filed this appeal in a timely manner on October 17, 2024 and has been receiving aid pending protection (130 CMR 610.015(B), 620.036 and Exhibit 2). Notice of a downgrade in assistance is valid grounds for appeal (130 CMR 610.032).

### Action Taken by MassHealth

MassHealth downgraded coverage from CarePlus to Health Safety Net.

#### lssue

The appeal issue is whether MassHealth was correct, pursuant to 130 CMR 505.001, 506.007 505.008, in downgrading Appellant's MassHealth coverage from CarePlus to Health Safety Net.

# **Summary of Evidence**

The MassHealth representative testified that Appellant is years old and a household of one nondisabled individual with retirement income from Social Security totaling \$1,903 per month which equates to 146.68% of the federal poverty level. Appellant is currently enrolled in MassHealth CarePlus; however, because income exceeds 133% of the federal poverty level for a household of one person, \$1,670, Appellant is no longer MassHealth eligible and coverage was downgraded to Health Safety Net pending enrollment in a Health Connector Plan. MassHealth stated that Appellant's prior Social Security income was \$1,536 which equated to 117% of the federal poverty level. The MassHealth representative also testified that Appellant submitted a disability supplement on December 13, 2024 which was determined to be incomplete, and added that child support payments are not an allowable deduction from income for MassHealth eligibility purposes.

Appellant verified that his household size and gross Social Security income is correct. Appellant testified that \$1,105 is deducted from his Social Security income for child support, leaving him \$798 per month. He added that he contacted the Health Connector and was told plans cost between \$200 and \$300 per month, which would leave him only \$400 to meet living expenses. Appellant stated that child support payments were previously deducted from his income by MassHealth. Appellant testified that he has applied for disability status through Social Security which remains in process. Appellant testified that he is currently preparing for heart surgery, and that he would contact MassHealth Disability Evaluation Services to ensure that his disability supplement is completed.

# **Findings of Fact**

Based on a preponderance of the evidence, I find the following:

- 1. Appellant is years old and a household of one non-disabled individual with retirement income from Social Security totaling \$1,903 per month which equates to 146.68% of the federal poverty level.
- 2. Appellant is currently enrolled in MassHealth CarePlus.
- 3. 133% of the federal poverty level for a household of one person is \$1,670.
- 4. MassHealth records show that Appellant's prior Social Security income was \$1,536 which equated to 117% of the federal poverty level.
- 5. Appellant submitted a disability supplement on December 13, 2024 which was determined to be incomplete.

- 6. Appellant's Social Security income is reduced by \$1,105 for child support payments.
- 7. Appellant has applied for disability status through Social Security which remains in process.

# Analysis and Conclusions of Law

MassHealth provides access to healthcare by determining eligibility for the coverage type that provides the most comprehensive benefits. (130 CMR 501.003(A)). MassHealth offers several coverage types. (130 CMR 501.003(B)). The coverage type for which an individual is eligible is based on their income and circumstances. (130 CMR 515.003(B)).

Regulation 130 CMR 505.000 explains the categorical requirements and financial standards that must be met to qualify for a MassHealth coverage type (130 CMR 505.001). As described in 130 CMR 505.001, the MassHealth coverage types are as follows:

- (1) MassHealth Standard for people who are pregnant, children, parents and caretaker relatives, young adults, disabled individuals, certain persons who are HIV positive, individuals with breast or cervical cancer, independent foster care adolescents, Department of Mental Health (DMH) members, and medically frail as such term is defined in 130 CMR 505.008(F);
- (2) MassHealth CommonHealth for disabled adults, disabled young adults, and disabled children who are not eligible for MassHealth Standard;
- (3) MassHealth CarePlus for adults 21 through 64 years of age who are not eligible for MassHealth Standard;
- (4) MassHealth Family Assistance for children, young adults, certain noncitizens, and persons who are HIV positive who are not eligible for MassHealth Standard, MassHealth CommonHealth, or MassHealth CarePlus;
- (5) MassHealth Limited for certain lawfully present immigrants as described in 130 CMR 504.003(A): Lawfully Present Immigrants, nonqualified PRUCOLs, and other noncitizens as described in 130 CMR 504.003: Immigrants; and
- (6) MassHealth Medicare Savings Programs (MSP, also called Senior Buy-in and Buy-in) for certain Medicare beneficiaries

Pursuant to 130 CMR 506.003, countable household income includes earned income described in 130 CMR 506.003(A) and unearned income described in 130 CMR 506.003(B) less deductions described in 130 CMR 506.003. MassHealth allows the following deductions from countable income when determining MAGI:

- (1) educator expenses;
- (2) reservist/performance artist/fee-based government official expenses;
- (3) health savings account;

- (4) moving expenses;
- (5) self-employment tax;
- (6) self-employment retirement account;
- (7) penalty on early withdrawal of savings;
- (8) alimony paid to a former spouse;
- (9) individual retirement account (IRA);
- (10) student loan interest; and
- (11) higher education tuition and fees.

#### (130 CMR 506.003(D))

Appellant did not submit evidence of expenses corresponding to the allowable deductions enumerated at (130 CMR 506.003(D)). Countable income includes the total amount of taxable earned income described in 130 CMR 506.003(A) in addition to unearned income described in 130 CMR 506.003(B) less deductions described in 130 CMR 506.003(D)). Child support payments deducted from gross income are not allowable expenses for MassHealth eligibility purposes.<sup>1</sup> Income of all household members forms the basis for establishing an individual's eligibility (130 CMR 506.007). Here, Appellant's gross Social Security income forms the basis for establishing eligibility for MassHealth. In determining monthly income for MassHealth purposes, five percentage points of the current federal poverty level (FPL) is subtracted from the applicable household total countable income to determine eligibility of the individual under the coverage type with the highest income standard (130 CMR 506.007(A)). Appellant's gross Social Security income of \$1,903 per month places Appellant at 146% of the federal poverty level [\$1,903 - \$62.50<sup>2</sup> = \$1,840.50] [\$1,840.50÷ \$1,255=146%]. MassHealth correctly determined that Appellant's countable income exceeds 133% of the federal poverty level for a household size of 1 [\$1,670] making Appellant ineligible for MassHealth CarePlus (130 CMR 505.008(A)).<sup>3</sup> While Appellant has submitted a disability supplement to MassHealth and Social Security, he is not

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Regulation 130 CMR 506.004(G) excludes as income child support payments received.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 5% of \$1,255.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 130 CMR 505.008(A) <u>Overview</u>.

<sup>(1) 130</sup> CMR 505.008 contains the categorical requirements and financial standards for MassHealth CarePlus. This coverage type provides coverage to adults 21 through 64 years old.

<sup>(2)</sup> Persons eligible for MassHealth CarePlus Direct Coverage are eligible for medical benefits, as described in 130 CMR 450.105(B): *MassHealth CarePlus* and 130 CMR 508.000: *MassHealth: Managed Care Requirements* and must meet the following conditions.

<sup>(</sup>a) The individual is an adult 21 through 64 years old.

<sup>(</sup>b) The individual is a citizen, as described in 130 CMR 504.002: U.S. Citizens, or a qualified noncitizen, as described in 130 CMR 504.003(A)(1): Qualified Noncitizens.

<sup>(</sup>c) The individual's modified adjusted gross income of the MassHealth MAGI household is less than or equal to 133% of the federal poverty level.

<sup>(</sup>d) The individual is ineligible for MassHealth Standard.

<sup>(</sup>e) The adult complies with 130 CMR 505.008(C).

<sup>(</sup>f) The individual is not enrolled in or eligible for Medicare Parts A or B.

currently categorically eligible for any other MassHealth coverage types (130 CMR 505.001). MassHealth correctly issued notice of a downgrade in coverage, and the appeal is DENIED subject to the order below.

# **Order for MassHealth**

Continue aid pending protection until a disability determination is made by Disability Evaluation Services.

# Notification of Your Right to Appeal to Court

If you disagree with this decision, you have the right to appeal to Court in accordance with Chapter 30A of the Massachusetts General Laws. To appeal, you must file a complaint with the Superior Court for the county where you reside, or Suffolk County Superior Court, within 30 days of your receipt of this decision.

### Implementation of this Decision

If this decision is not implemented within 30 days after the date of this decision, you should contact your MassHealth Enrollment Center. If you experience problems with the implementation of this decision, you should report this in writing to the Director of the Board of Hearings, at the address on the first page of this decision.

Thomas J. Goode Hearing Officer Board of Hearings

MassHealth Representative: Justine Ferreira, Taunton MassHealth Enrollment Center, 21 Spring St., Ste. 4, Taunton, MA 02780