

**Office of Medicaid  
BOARD OF HEARINGS**

**Appellant Name and Address:**



<b>Appeal Decision:</b>	Denied	<b>Appeal Number:</b>	2514267
<b>Decision Date:</b>	10/30/2025	<b>Hearing Date:</b>	10/27/2025
<b>Hearing Officer:</b>	Mariah Burns		

**Appearance for Appellant:**

Pro se

**Appearance for MassHealth:**

Tenzin Sungrab, Charlestown MassHealth  
Enrollment Center



*The Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
Executive Office of Health and Human Services  
Office of Medicaid  
Board of Hearings  
100 Hancock Street, Quincy, Massachusetts 02171*

## APPEAL DECISION

<b>Appeal Decision:</b>	Denied	<b>Issue:</b>	Community Eligibility; Under 65; Income
<b>Decision Date:</b>	10/30/2025	<b>Hearing Date:</b>	10/27/2025
<b>MassHealth's Rep.:</b>	Tenzin Sungrab	<b>Appellant's Rep.:</b>	Pro se
<b>Hearing Location:</b>	Telephone (Charlestown)	<b>Aid Pending:</b>	No

### Authority

This hearing was conducted pursuant to Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 118E, Chapter 30A, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

### Jurisdiction

Through a notice dated September 19, 2025, MassHealth denied the appellant's application for MassHealth benefits because her income is too high to qualify. *See* 130 CMR 505.008 and Exhibit 1. The appellant filed this appeal in a timely manner on September 30, 2025. *See* 130 CMR 610.015(B) and Exhibit 2. Denial of assistance is valid grounds for appeal. *See* 130 CMR 610.032.

### Action Taken by MassHealth

MassHealth denied the appellant's application for MassHealth benefits.

### Issue

The appeal issue is whether MassHealth correctly calculated the appellant's income in determining that she is not eligible for MassHealth benefits.

### Summary of Evidence

The appellant is an adult under the age of 65 who resides in a household of one. MassHealth was represented by a worker from the Charlestown MassHealth Enrollment Center. All parties

appeared at the hearing by telephone. The following is a summary of the evidence and testimony provided:

Prior to the issuance of the appealed notice, the appellant applied for MassHealth benefits. On September 17, 2025, the appellant provided a paystub that reflected a countable gross weekly income of \$835.29. That amounts to approximately \$3,619.31 per month, which MassHealth determined is about 272.52% of the federal poverty level. The appellant was thus deemed to be over the income limit, and MassHealth sent a notice to that effect on September 19, 2025.

The appellant reported that her income has decreased because her employer has downgraded her status to per diem. She testified that she is consistently working 16 to 20 hours per week and earns \$26.06 per hour. The parties agreed that 16 hours per week making \$26.06 per hour equals a total gross weekly income of at least \$416.96, or \$1,806.83 per month. The appellant stated that her hours fluctuate and she does not have enough money to pay any premiums through the Health Connector.

## Findings of Fact

Based on a preponderance of the evidence, I find the following:

1. The appellant is an adult under the age of 65 who resides in a household of one. Testimony, Exhibit 4.
2. On September 19, 2025, after the appellant applied for benefits, MassHealth verified that the appellant is over the income limit to qualify for MassHealth CarePlus. Exhibit 1, Testimony. MassHealth issued a notice to that effect on that date. *Id.*
3. The appellant filed a timely request for fair hearing on September 30, 2025. Exhibit 2.
4. The appellant currently earns an average monthly income of at least \$1,806.83. Testimony, Exhibit 5.
5. 133% of the 2025 federal poverty level for a household of one is \$1735.00 in gross monthly income. See chart at <https://www.mass.gov/doc/2025-masshealth-income-standards-and-federal-poverty-guidelines-0/download>.
6. There is no evidence that appellant has HIV or breast or cervical cancer, is pregnant, or been deemed disabled by the Social Security Administration or by MassHealth. Testimony.

## Analysis and Conclusions of Law

MassHealth regulations at 130 CMR 505.000 *et seq.* explain the categorical requirements and financial standards that must be met to qualify for a particular MassHealth coverage type. The rules of financial responsibility and calculation of financial eligibility for individuals who are under age 65 are detailed in 130 CMR 506.000: *Health Care Reform: MassHealth: Financial Requirements*. The MassHealth coverage types are:

- (1) *MassHealth Standard* - for pregnant women, children, parents and caretaker relatives, young adults, disabled individuals, certain persons who are HIV positive, individuals with breast or cervical cancer, independent foster care adolescents, Department of Mental Health (DMH) members, and medically frail as such term is defined in 130 CMR 505.008(F);
- (2) *MassHealth CommonHealth* - for disabled adults, disabled young adults, and disabled children who are not eligible for MassHealth Standard;
- (3) *MassHealth CarePlus* - for adults 21 through 64 years of age who are not eligible for MassHealth Standard;
- (4) *Family Assistance* - for children, young adults, certain noncitizens, and persons who are HIV positive who are not eligible for MassHealth Standard, CommonHealth, or CarePlus;
- (5) *Limited* - for certain lawfully present immigrants as described in 130 CMR 504.003(A), nonqualified PRUCOLs, and other noncitizens as described in 130 CMR 504.003: *Immigrants*; and
- (6) *MassHealth Medicare Savings Programs (MSP, also called Senior Buy-In and Buy-In)* - for certain Medicare beneficiaries.

130 CMR 505.001(A) (emphasis added).

To establish eligibility for MassHealth benefits, applicants must meet both the categorical and financial requirements. In this case, the appellant is over the age of 21 but under 65, is not the caretaker of a minor child, and did not report any of the listed health conditions. Thus, as she does not belong to a category to qualify for MassHealth Standard, she meets the categorical requirements for MassHealth CarePlus. The question then remains as to whether she meets the income requirements to qualify.

An individual between the ages of 21 and 64 who does not qualify for MassHealth Standard is eligible for MassHealth CarePlus if “the modified adjusted gross income of the MassHealth MAGI household is less than or equal to 133% of the federal poverty level.” 130 CMR 505.008(A)(2). To determine financial eligibility pursuant to 130 CMR 506.007, MassHealth must construct a household as described, in relevant part, in 130 CMR 506.002(B) for each individual person applying for or renewing coverage:

- (1) Taxpayers Not Claimed as a Tax Dependent on Their Federal Income Taxes. For an individual who expects to file a tax return for the taxable year in which the initial determination or renewal of eligibility is being made and who is not claimed as a tax dependent by another taxpayer, the household consists of
- (a) the taxpayer; including their spouse, if the taxpayers are married and filing jointly regardless of whether they are living together;
  - (b) the taxpayer's spouse, if living with them regardless of filing status;
  - (c) all persons the taxpayer expects to claim as tax dependents; and
  - (d) if any individual described in 130 CMR 506.002(B)(1)(a) through (c) is pregnant, the number of expected children.

Here, the appellant does not dispute that she resides in a household of one. Based on 2025 MassHealth Income Standards and Federal Poverty Guidelines, 133% of the federal poverty level equates to a monthly income of \$1,735.00 or \$20,820.00 for the year. *See chart at <https://www.mass.gov/doc/2025-masshealth-income-standards-and-federal-poverty-guidelines-0/download>.*

MassHealth determines an applicant's modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) by taking the countable income, which includes earned income as described in 130 CMR 506.003(A) and unearned income described in 130 CMR 506.003(B), less deductions described in 130 CMR 506.003(D). Specifically, 130 CMR 506.007 provides how the MAGI is calculated:

(A)(2) ....Once the individual's household is established, financial eligibility is determined by using the total of all countable monthly income for each person in that individual's MassHealth MAGI or Disabled Adult household. Income of all the household members forms the basis for establishing an individual's eligibility.

(a) A household's countable income is the sum of the MAGI-based income of every individual included in the individual's household with the exception of children and tax dependents who are not expected to be required to file a return as described in 42 CFR 435.603 and 130 CMR 506.004(M).

(b) Countable income includes earned income described in 130 CMR 506.003(A) and unearned income described in 130 CMR 506.003(B) less deductions described in 130 CMR 506.003(D).

(c) In determining monthly income, the MassHealth agency multiplies average weekly income by 4.333.

(3) Five percentage points of the current federal poverty level (FPL) is subtracted from the applicable household total countable income to determine eligibility of the individual under the coverage type with the highest income standard.

....

(C) The monthly federal-poverty-level income standards are determined according to annual standards published in the Federal Register using the following formula. The MassHealth agency adjusts these standards annually.

- (1) Multiply the annual 100% figure posted in the Federal Register by the applicable federal poverty level income standard.
- (2) Round these annual figures up to the nearest hundredth.
- (3) Divide by 12 to arrive at the monthly income standards.

Per 130 CMR 506.003(A)(2), “[e]arned taxable income for the self-employed is the total amount of taxable annual income from self-employment after deducting annual business expenses listed or allowable on a U.S. Individual Tax Return. Self-employment income may be a profit or loss.”

In this case, the appellant agrees she earns at least \$1,806.83 in gross monthly income. That is only accounting for 16 hours per week of work where she testified she works between 16 and 20 hours. Furthermore, the paystub she provided shows a significantly higher income than what she reported. The reported amount exceeds 133% of the 2025 federal poverty level, or \$1735.00 per month, even less the 5% federal poverty level deduction. The appellant has not been found to have a health condition that would change her applicable income standard. The appellant is, therefore, not financially eligible for MassHealth CarePlus. I find that MassHealth did not err in issuing the September 19, 2025, notice denying the appellant’s application for MassHealth benefits.<sup>1</sup>

For the foregoing reasons, the appeal is denied.

The appellant can direct any questions about Health Connector plans to 1-877-MA-ENROLL (1-877-623-6765), or inquiries concerning Health Safety Net to 877-910-2100.

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<sup>1</sup> This decision has no impact on the appellant’s eligibility for or enrollment in any plan through the Health Connector.

## **Order for MassHealth**

None.

## **Notification of Your Right to Appeal to Court**

If you disagree with this decision, you have the right to appeal to court in accordance with Chapter 30A of the Massachusetts General Laws. To appeal, you must file a complaint with the Superior Court for the county where you reside, or Suffolk County Superior Court, within 30 days of your receipt of this decision.

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Mariah Burns  
Hearing Officer  
Board of Hearings

MassHealth Representative: Thelma Lizano, Charlestown MassHealth Enrollment Center