

APPENDICES TO 760 CMR 6.00: OCCUPANCY STANDARDS AND TENANT PARTICIPATION FOR STATE-AIDED HOUSING

APPENDIX A- Grievance Procedure Provisions for a Three Member Hearing Panel.

(1) Choice of a Panel and Jurisdiction. This grievance procedure adopted by _____ Housing Authority (LHA) requires a hearing and determination of a matter subject to the procedure by a three member hearing panel. Under this procedure one member (and an alternate member to serve in the event of the member's unavailability for a hearing) shall be chosen by the LHA and one member (and such an alternate member) shall be chosen by the affected local tenant organization(s) (LTO(s)). The third member (and such an alternate member) shall be chosen by agreement of the other two members. Whenever a member (including an alternate member) is chosen, notice of the choice shall be given to the member and shall specify the term, not to exceed seven years, for which the member so chosen shall serve. A copy of the notice shall be given to the LHA (if the LTO made the choice) or to the LTO(s) (if the LHA made the choice). Each member so chosen shall mail or deliver his or her written acceptance to the LHA promptly after being chosen.

A hearing panel so chosen shall serve all residents of state-aided public housing represented by the LTO(s) in the city or town and all participants in the Massachusetts Rental Voucher Program (MRVP) and the Alternative Housing Voucher Program (AHVP) who hold vouchers administered by the LHA, except for residents or participants who are subject to a different procedure.

Each member (including each alternate member) shall annually certify to the LHA that he or she is ready, willing and able to serve; failure so to certify within 10 days of receipt of a written request by the LHA shall render the member's position vacant. Upon a vacancy, however created, a new member shall be appointed in the same manner as the member, who created the vacancy, was appointed.

(2) Impartiality of Members. No member of a hearing panel to determine a particular matter shall have or shall appear to have any direct personal or financial interest in the outcome. No member of a hearing panel to determine a particular matter shall be related by blood or marriage to any party or to any person who is the source of evidence as to facts which are disputed by the parties. The member (including the alternate member) who is appointed by agreement of the other two members shall not be a board member of the LHA or an officer of an LTO. No member may determine matters which directly concern his or her own housing or the housing of a family member or his or her own status or the status of a family member in that housing.

Each member of the hearing panel shall determine any matter at issue impartially and objectively. Any panel member, who shall be or shall appear to be unable to determine any particular matter impartially or objectively on the basis of the evidence and applicable law, shall remove himself or herself as a member of the panel hearing the particular matter, or, if he or she fails to do so, shall be removed from the panel by the Presiding Member upon written objection by the LHA, any affected LTO, or the person who requested the hearing. Any member of a hearing panel who shall willfully obstruct prompt and reliable determination of any matter before the panel shall be removed from the panel for that hearing by the Presiding Member upon such an objection.

(3) Removal of a Member. A member (including an alternate member) may be permanently removed as a member at any time for inefficiency, neglect of duty, willful and material delay of proceedings, bias, or partiality. The LHA may remove the member which the LHA appointed and the LTO(s) may remove the member which the LTO(s) appointed, after notice to the member and the opportunity for him or her to be heard. The LHA and the LTO(s) may jointly remove the member (or alternate) appointed by agreement of their appointees, after such notice and opportunity to be heard. If the LHA and LTO(s) fail to agree on

removal of a member chosen by agreement of their appointees, the Department may remove that member for cause upon written request by either the LHA or an LTO. The written request shall contain a detailed specification of charges. The Department's decision whether to remove a member shall be in writing mailed to the member, the LHA and the affected LTO(s). Prior to removing a member for cause, the Department shall give the member, the LHA and all affected LTO(s) the opportunity to be heard.

(4) Designation of a Presiding Member. Following their appointment a majority of the members (including alternate members) shall designate in writing one member to be the Presiding Member, who shall preside at grievance hearings or shall designate some other member to do so if he or she shall be absent. A majority of the members may designate in writing a different Presiding Member at any time. Notice of the designation of a Presiding Member shall be given to the LHA and the LTO(s).

(5) Scheduling. The LHA shall be responsible for scheduling and other administrative matters, including all necessary notices. The LHA shall consult each panel member and insofar as reasonably possible shall schedule hearings at times convenient for him or her or for his or her alternate.

(6) Quorum. Reasonable efforts shall be made to have a three member panel hear and decide each grievance. If a panel member without adequate notice to the LHA fails to appear on a scheduled hearing date, or, if a panel member and his or her alternate are both not available at any time reasonably convenient for the other panel members, two members shall constitute a quorum and may render a decision. If a panel member removes himself or herself or is removed after a grievance hearing has been held on a grievance, the remaining two members may render a decision on the grievance.

(7) Procedural Provisions. The provisions of 760 CMR 6.08(4) are incorporated by reference into this grievance procedure. These provisions include: (a) the provisions regarding the time and method for initiating a grievance; (b) the provision for a pre-hearing informal settlement conference between grievant and the LHA about a grievance; (c) the provisions regarding the LHA's setting a hearing date and giving notice to grievant; (d) the grievant's right to inspect relevant documents and to secure copies before the grievance hearing; (e) the provisions regarding who may be present at the grievance hearing; (f) the procedural requirements for the conduct of grievance hearings; and (g) the requirements regarding a written decision following the grievance hearing.

APPENDIX B- Grievance Procedure Provisions for a Single Hearing Officer

(1) Appointment of Hearing Officers and Jurisdiction. This grievance procedure adopted by _____ Housing Authority (LHA) requires a hearing and determination of a matter subject to the procedure by a single hearing officer. The hearing officer shall be appointed to serve for a term not to exceed seven years and shall serve all residents of state-aided public housing in the city or town and participants in the Massachusetts Rental Voucher Program (MRVP) and the Alternative Housing Voucher Program (AHVP) who hold vouchers administered by the LHA, except for those persons who are subject to an different grievance procedure.

Under this procedure the LHA shall from time to time nominate one or more persons to serve as hearing officer(s) to preside at and conduct hearings and to render prompt and reliable written determinations of matters at issue. The LHA shall submit its written nomination(s) for hearing officer(s) to each affected Local Tenant Organization (LTO). Each nomination shall include a resume of the nominee and the length of the term for which he or she is nominated. Within five days of receipt of a nomination any affected LTO may make a written request to the LHA to interview the nominee. Following such a request for an interview by an affected LTO, the LHA shall make prompt arrangements for an interview between the

nominee and the LTO(s) which made the request. Within thirty days after the receipt of a nomination or within five days after its interview of a nominee, whichever is later, any affected LTO may approve or disapprove the nominee by giving written notice to the LHA. A notice of disapproval shall include the specific reason(s) why the LTO disapproved the nominee. If all affected LTO(s) shall approve a nominee or if no affected LTO shall disapprove a nominee within the requisite time, the nominee shall thereupon become a hearing officer upon written acceptance mailed or delivered to the LHA which shall notify the LTO(s).

Each hearing officer shall annually certify to the LHA that he or she is ready, willing and able to serve; failure to so certify within ten (10) days of receipt of a written request by the LHA shall render the hearing officer's position vacant.

(2) Impartiality of the Hearing Officer. A hearing officer or a member of his or her family shall not have and shall not appear to have any direct personal or financial interest in the outcome of any matter before him or her. No hearing officer shall be related by blood or marriage to any party or to any person who gives evidence as to facts which are disputed by the parties. No hearing officer may determine matters which directly concern his or her own housing or the housing of a family member or his or her own status or the status of a family member in that housing. Each hearing officer shall determine any matter at issue impartially and objectively on the basis of the evidence and applicable law. Any hearing officer, who shall be or shall appear to be unable to determine any matter impartially and objectively shall remove himself or herself as hearing officer, whether or not he has been requested to do so.

(3) Removal of the Hearing Officer. A hearing officer may be permanently removed from office at any time for inefficiency, neglect of duty, willful and material delay of proceedings, bias or partiality. The LHA and the affected LTO(s) may agree on removal after notice to the hearing officer and the opportunity for him or her to be heard. In the absence of agreement, the Department may remove a hearing officer for cause upon a request by the LHA or the LTO. Prior to removing a hearing officer, the Department shall require a detailed written specification of the reason(s) for removal and, if it finds the specification to set out good and sufficient cause, shall give the hearing officer, the LHA and the LTO(s) the opportunity to be heard. The Department's decision whether to remove a hearing officer shall be in writing mailed to the hearing officer, the LHA, and the LTO(s). If a written specification fails to detail good and sufficient cause for removal, the Department shall deny a request for removal without a hearing.

(4) Appointments of Interim Hearing Officers. If there shall not be a hearing officer able and willing to serve for one or more pending matters and if use of the appointment process in section (1) of this grievance procedure would likely cause significant delay with potential adverse consequences to either the LHA or the grievant, the LHA with notice to the affected LTO(s) may request that an interim hearing officer be named by the Department. Such a request shall be in writing and shall specify the reason for the request. The affected LTO(s) shall be given a reasonable opportunity to comment on the request. If the Department finds there to be a reasonable need for an interim hearing officer, the Department shall name an interim hearing officer. The Department may name a previously disapproved nominee to serve as interim hearing officer if it finds that the LTO's stated reasons for disapproval did not constitute good and sufficient cause for disapproving the nominee.

An interim hearing officer shall have all the powers and duties of a hearing officer and shall serve in the pending matters for which he or she was appointed. An interim hearing officer may be nominated by an LHA to be hearing officer in the manner set out herein.

(5) Scheduling. The LHA shall be responsible for scheduling and other administrative matters, including all necessary notices.

(6) Procedural Provisions. The provisions of 760 CMR 6.08(4) are incorporated by reference into this grievance procedure. These provisions include: (a) the provisions regarding the time and method for initiating a grievance; (b) the requirement of a pre-hearing informal settlement conference between

grievant and the LHA about the grievance; (c) the provisions regarding the LHA's setting a hearing date and giving notice to grievant; (d) the grievant's right to inspect relevant documents and to secure copies before the grievance hearing; (e) the provisions regarding who may be present at the grievance hearing; (f) the procedural requirements for the conduct of grievance hearings; and (g) the requirements regarding a written decision following the grievance hearing.