APR Parcel Scoresheet for Applications Received	Date:	Prepared By:
Landowner's Name:		Total Acres:
Property Address:		Proposed APR Acres:

Eligibility Thresholds - State (1)					Yes	
Products raised on APR Area are sold in the normal course of business (i.e. commercial operation)						
APR Area in active agricultural productio	n for at least prev	ious two years				
APR Area contains at least 5 contiguous	acres of active agr	icultural land				
APR Area includes site access (both legal	& practical)					
Eligibility Thresholds - Federal (2)					Yes	
ACEP-ALE Area is contiguous (although r	oad and utility eas	ement can bisect)]
ACEP-ALE Area contains ≥ 33% open farr	nland]
ACEP-ALE Area contains ≥ 50% of a comb	pination of prime/	state/farmland of lo	ocal importance or;]
ACEP-ALE Area meets any alternate eligibility crite	eria (historic/archaeolo	ogical resource, grazing	uses, furthers state or local	policy)]
ACEP-ALE Area is privately owned or trib	al agricultural land	k]
ACEP-ALE Area owner(s) meets adjusted	gross income (AG	I) limitations as set	forth in 7 CFR Part 14	00		
f sod/nursery operation, ACEP-ALE Area	meets NRCS toler	ance for soil loss (3)				
Proposed APR Area Attributes Soils	Acres	Percent %				
Prime Farmland:			85-100%	68-84%	51-67%	≤ 50%
armland of Statewide Importance:						
armland of Local Importance (4):						
Soil Description/Comments:					Score (0-75)	
NRCS Qualifier: In some local areas there is concer	n for certain addition					
national or statewide importance. Where approp and that have been designated for agriculture by	riate, these lands are t	o be identified by the lo			-	
and that have been designated for agriculture by	iate, these lands are t local ordinance. 7 CF	o be identified by the lo			-	
and that have been designated for agriculture by Size	iate, these lands are t local ordinance. 7 CF	o be identified by the loo R s. 657.5			-	
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	iate, these lands are t local ordinance. 7 CF	o be identified by the loo R s. 657.5	cal agency or agencies cond	erned. In places, additiona 26-50	l farmlands for local importe	ance may include tracts 5-10

					50012 (0-50)	
Open Agriculture	Acres	Percent %				
Land in Open Ag Use			50+ %	26-50%	11-25%	5-10%

Open Agriculture Comments:					Score (0-75)	
Leastice		# -{ ADD-				
Location	Acres	# of APRs				
Active Commercial APR Land Within			500+	251-500	1-250	None
2.5 Mile Radius:						
Location Comments:				- (o o)		
					Score (0-50)	
Land Use	Current Land	d Use (Majority)				
			Row Crops, Small	Hay/Forage	Pasture	Tree, Sugarbush,
			Fruits	Orchard, Vineyard	Fasture	Forestry
Land Use Comments:					Score (0-75)	
					Score (0-75)	
Highest Potential Land Use	Acres	Percent %				
Open ag land that is comprised of			Row Crops, Small	Hay/Forage Orchard,	Pasture	Tree, Sugarbush,
Prime/State Soil			Fruits	Vineyard	rasture	Forestry
Potential Land Use Comments:					Score (0-50)	
Ownership/Succession		Yes		No		
Land owner is also farm operator						
Farm owner/operator owns other APR L	and with no curre	ent Stewardship				
violations		·				
Farm owner/operator has participated in	n Ag. business tra	ining				
Farm owner/operator has completed a f	ormal business pl	an (professionally				
prepared)						
Existing ag. infrastructure is well maintained						
Farm owner has completed a formal succession plan (professionally						
prepared)						
Farm owner/operator has successfully completed Farm Viability						
Enhancement Program (FVEP) or other N	VIDAR Grant Prog	ram				1
Ownership/Succession Comments:					Score (0-75)	
					5000 (0-75)	

Development Pressure	Prior 5 Year Average				
# of permits issued for new residential		25+	15-25	6-15	0-5
construction		25+		0-10	0-5
Development Pressure Comments:				(a. a. (a. a.t.)	
				Score (0-25)	
Community Priorities		Y	es	No	
Right to Farm Bylaw (5)		Γ]	Γ]
Community Preservation Act Fund (CPA)	5)	Γ		C	
Open Space Plan incorporates agricultural	priorities	Γ]	Γ]
Existing Agricultural Incentive Area or Zon	ing District (7)	Γ]	Γ]
Related Municipal Vulnerability Preparedr	ness (MVP) Grant Project (8)				
Statewide Conservation Prioritie	S	Yes		No	
Property is within or directly abuts a desig	nated Environmental Justice (EJ)				
Neighborhood (9)					
Property includes Whole Farm elements (infrastructure, woodlands, etc.) (10)					
Property is identified as an urban agriculture priority (11)		C			
Property abuts or would connect existing protected open space					
Property is within NHESP Biomap2 Core Habita					
Farm operator utilizes Climate Smart and/	, , ,				
crops, no till, rotational grazing, riparian b					
efficiency, drought preparedness, invasive					
Property attributes align with any other a	oplicable executive orders (14)	Γ]	Γ]
Community and State Priorities Comments:				((0 . T 0)	
				Score (0-50)	
Potential Financial Support		Lik	ely	Unlikely	
Municipal Funding (5-10%)]
Land Trust or other Non-profit					
Other Grants or Funding Sources					
Land Owner Bargain Sale or Gift]	
Financial Support Comments:					

Tell the Story of the Property Below (how long has the farm operated; where/how products sold; succession plan; agricultural practices; etc.)

		Score (0-50)	
Total Evaluation Score	0		
Recommendation for Vote of Interest (VOI)	Yes	No	
Comments:			
	Commonwealth (MDAR) Funded	Federal (NRCS)	Funded (2)
Citation References			

1. State eligibility requirements in accordance with M.G.L c. 61A, §§ 1 through 5 and 330 CMR 22.00: Agricultural Preservation Restriction Program. APR Program policy that applicants who have rejected a prior APR offer may not re-apply within a three-year period.

2. Federal Eligibility Requirements in accordance with USDA Conservation Programs Manual, Part 528 - Agricultural Conservation Easement Program (ACEP), Subpart D - ACEP-ALE General Information and Eligibility Requirements. Full ACEP-ALE eligibility criteria includes land that i) Has prime, unique or other productive soil; ii) Contains historical or archaeological resources; iii) Enrollment would protect grazing uses and related conservation values by restoring or conserving eligible land; iv) Protecting the land will further a State or local policy consistent with the purposes of ACEP. Proposed projects that are supported by the ALCP but do not satisfy applicable ACEP-ALE eligibility requirements may still proceed with APR acquisition, provided that 50% match is achieved through alternate funding source(s). ACEP-ALE funded projects that include contiguous woodlands in excess of 40 acres, or 20% of the ACEP-ALE area (whichever is greater), will be required to complete a forest management plan that meets NRCS standards.

3. NRCS Soil Loss Tolerance or T value is used for qualifying farm practices of the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) cost-share program. Soil loss tolerance is the determination of average annual soil loss erosion rate that can occur with little or no long term degradation of the soil resource on the field thus permitting crop productivity to be sustained economically for an indefinite period of time. T value ranges based on crop rooting depth, soil depth, topography, and soil type/geology. Farm practices used should bring estimated soil loss below the established tolerance "T" value - NRCS MA Field Office Technical Guide (FTOG).

4. Farmland of Local Importance must be identified by the appropriate local agency for the production of food, feed, fiber, forage, and oilseed crops. This farmland may include tracts of land that have been designated for agriculture by local ordinances. (USDA National Soil Survey Handbook, Part 622)

5. Right to Farm Ordinance or Bylaw adopted by local municipality generally in support and protection of standard agricultural activities that may otherwise be subject to nuisance related complaints or legal action. Often additional framework included to resolve nuisance related issues. (M.G.L c. 40A, §3; M.G.L c. 90, § 9; M.G.L c. 111, § 125A; M.G.L c. 128, § 1A)

6. Community Preservation Act (CPA) MGL. c. 44B enacted to allow municipality to adopt property tax surcharge of up to 3%, revenues from which to be appropriated for the advancement of four target areas: affordable housing, historic preservation, open space, and recreation projects.

7. M.G.L. c. 40L enables the establishment of local agricultural incentive areas that shall be composed principally of agricultural land, land in agricultural or horticultural use, and certain lands contiguous thereto.

8. Municipal Vulnerability Preparedness grant program (MVP) provides support for cities and towns in MA to begin the process of planning for climate change resiliency and implementing priority projects. The state awards communities with funding to complete vulnerability assessments and develop action-oriented resiliency plans. Communities who complete the MVP program become certified as an MVP community and are eligible for MVP Action Grant funding and other opportunities (MA E.O. No.569)

9. Environmental Justice (EJ) population is a neighborhood where one or more of the following criteria are true based on census block data: 1. Annual median household income is 65% or less of the statewide annual median household income; 2. Minorities make up 40% or more of the population; 3. 25% or more of households identify as speaking English less than "very well"; 4. Minorities make up 25% or more of the population and the annual median household income of the municipality in which the neighborhood is located does not exceed 150% of the statewide annual median household income (EEA Environmental Justice Policy 2021; MA E.O. No.552).

10. ME EEA Resilient Lands Initiative and Farmland Action Plan identify support for expanded capacity and funding to protect more Whole Farms through the APR program. Whole Farms generally may include open farmland, forest land, wetlands, and agriculture related infrastructure.

11. MA EEA Urban Agriculture goal to support commercial projects designed to increase the production, processing, and marketing of produce grown and sold in urban centers across the Commonwealth.

12. NHESP (MassWildlife Natural Heritage & Endangered Species Program) BioMap2 Core Habitat was developed to identify lands important to the protection of habitats for rare, vulnerable, or uncommon vertebrate, invertebrate, and plants species; priority natural communities; high-quality wetland, vernal pools, aquatic, and coastal habitats; and intact forest ecosystems. Core habitat is critical to the long-term persistence of rare species and other species of conservation concern, as well as a wide diversity of natural communities and intact ecosystems across the Commonwealth. CNL (Critical Natural Landscape) complements Core Habitat and includes large natural landscape blocks that provide habitat for wide-ranging native species, support intact ecological processes, maintain connectivity among habitats, and enhance ecological resilience; and includes buffering uplands around coastal, wetland, and aquatic Core habitats to ensure their long-term integrity.

 MA State Hazard Mitigation & Climate Adaptation Plan (SHMCAP) identifies natural hazards and preparedness/adaptation recommendations for both the built environment and natural resources. Specific impacts on commercial agriculture include drought, inland flooding, sea level rise, erosion, spread of invasive species, and other sever weather events
Sample Executive Orders that may be applicable: No. 525 South Coast Rail Corridor Plan (land preservation priority areas); No. 618 Biodiversity Conservation priorities