

STRATEGIES: LOCAL INITIATIVE

Fund creation of new Barnstable Housing Authority rental units, particularly for affordable family housing.

The BHA has 672 units, 111 of which are family units. These family housing units are in high demand with about 5.6 households on the wait list for each of the family units as of September 2015. Local and federal funds can support Housing Authority development of family units. In addition, the town can provide town-owned property for the development of new Housing Authority units.

RELATED GOALS:  Focus Efforts  Year Round  Diverse Options  Intergenerational Choices  Strengthen Partnerships

Explore offering town-owned properties for creation of affordable rental units.

To help address Barnstable's most critical housing needs, the town should explore offering town-owned properties for development affordable rental units. As the property owner, offering public land for affordable housing development provides the town with a high level of control over the ultimate development.

RELATED GOALS:  Focus Efforts  Year Round  Diverse Options  Intergenerational Choices  Strengthen Partnerships  Community Outlook

Create an Infrastructure Relief Fund with Community Development Block Grant funds. Funds would defray costs of water and sewer connection costs to foster creation of affordable rental units.

Infrastructure connection costs can be a barrier to development of multi-family, mixed-use, and affordable housing. The town already uses CDBG funds for a sewer connection program that could be expanded.

RELATED GOALS:  Focus Efforts  Year Round  Intergenerational Choices  Smart Growth  Strengthen Partnerships

Target public works and streetscape improvement investment areas with affordable housing development and rehabilitation activity to promote comprehensive neighborhood revitalization.

Coordinate planning & investments for affordable housing & neighborhood improvements. Formalize communications between town departments: sewer, water, sidewalks, public/private investment.

RELATED GOALS:  Focus Efforts  Community Outlook

Support wastewater management solutions that best address both housing needs and natural resource protection to be incorporated in the town's Comprehensive Wastewater Management Plan.

In conjunction with the first regulatory strategy (page 8) to encourage use of alternative septic technologies, the Housing committee and GMD should support a wastewater management approach that best balances Barnstable's housing needs and natural resource protection.

RELATED GOALS:  Focus Efforts  Diverse Options  Intergenerational Choices  Smart Growth

TOWN OF BARNSTABLE HOUSING PRODUCTION PLAN EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUGUST 2016

A roadmap to a vibrant, intergenerational community with diverse and attractive year-round housing choices



J M Goldson
community preservation
+ planning

Funded by the Barnstable Community Preservation Fund

INTRODUCTION

About Barnstable

Barnstable, which celebrated its 375th anniversary in 2015, is Cape Cod's largest community, the County seat, and consists of seven unincorporated villages. It's known as a beautiful place to live and visit with historic sites and sandy beaches. However, with escalating housing costs and limited job opportunities, the town faces challenges and opportunities.

While statewide population grew, the Cape's population declined with the Town of Barnstable leading the decline. Barnstable's population is generally younger than other Cape communities and as the baby boomer population grows on the Cape, the younger population is expected to continue to move off the Cape propelled by high housing costs and scarcity of good jobs.



Andy Long (flickr.com/photos/reefteck)

About the Housing Production Plan

To help address the cost and availability of housing in Barnstable, the town commissioned a planning effort that brings together perspectives from residents, business owners, employees, affordable housing advocates, and developers. Through a 10-month process, they set direction for the Housing Production Plan, which includes 18 recommendations to help the town address local housing needs in ways that ensure protection of natural resources and support economic growth.

The following document is a comprehensive housing plan that will serve as the local roadmap to address the costs and availability of housing in Barnstable. The plan meets that state's requirements as a Housing Production Plan, a state-recognized planning tool that, under certain circumstances, permits the town to influence the location, type, and pace of affordable housing development.

About the Team

This HPP was created under the direction of the Barnstable Growth Management Department, Housing Committee, Planning Board, and Town Council and with the input of a variety of Barnstable residents, board and committee members, business owners, organizations and agencies, as well as town officials and employees. It was created with the assistance of planning consultant, JM Goldson community preservation + planning.

The project team engaged the community at each phase of the planning process, beginning in October with a series of interviews of town officials and department heads to understand local development constraints – environmental and infrastructure constraints as well as regulatory constraints. In November 2015, town officials, housing organizations, realtors and developers participated in focus groups and in December 2015, the GMD held two community listening sessions. In May 2016, community members participated in an interactive workshop to prioritize strategies and set direction for the recommendations of the plan. In addition, the team engaged community members through social media outlets including Facebook, Twitter, and Instagram.



JM Goldson

For more information...

visit townofbarnstable.us/GrowthManagement
or call 508-862-4678

STRATEGIES

LOCAL INITIATIVE

Local initiative strategies refer to recommendations that the town can undertake to foster the creation of more housing options, especially affordable housing. These initiatives are not regulatory in nature - they deal with allocation of town resources including staff time, local funding, and town property.

Expansion and improvement for the Accessory Affordable Apartment program.

The AAAP program, which implements part of Barnstable's Affordable Housing Plan and uses existing housing stock to provide affordable housing, requires diligent administration for promotion, implementation, and monitoring. It is beyond the capacity for full administration at current staffing levels. See above in regulatory strategies for related discussion of improvements to the AAAP.

RELATED GOALS:  Focus Efforts  Year Round  Diverse Options  Intergenerational Choices  Smart Growth

Utilize CPA funds to create local rental assistance program for eligible households.

The town can allocate Community Preservation Act funds to create a local rental assistance program in Barnstable. This strategy has been successful in nearby towns.

RELATED GOALS:  Stabilization Assistance

A variety of CPA communities have established a local rental assistance program, including Chatham, another town on Cape Cod. Chatham allocates CPA funds to the Chatham Housing Authority for the rental assistance program where landlords of eligible tenants receive monthly subsidies for up to three years. Since the Chatham program began in 2004, it has assisted between 18 and 24 households annually.

Explore ways to expand capacity and activity of the existing Affordable Housing Growth Development Trust Fund.

Through expanded membership and refocusing, Barnstable's housing trust could expand its capacity and activity over the coming years. The recommendations are to expand trust membership and encourage CPA allocations to the trust.

RELATED GOALS:  Focus Efforts  Year Round  Diverse Options  Intergenerational Choices  Stabilization Assistance  Smart Growth  Strengthen Partnerships  Community Outlook

Create an initial intake form for local housing funds.

A town can create an initial intake form to help streamline and coordinate requests for local/federal funds for housing development. The town offers development funds to support the creation and preservation of affordable housing from multiple sources. Developers are currently required to make separate requests for each source of funding – these requests are reviewed in isolation and have no overall coordination. Note that this process would not replace any required fund appropriation approvals – CPA funds, for example, will still need to be recommended by the CPC and approved by the Town Council.

RELATED GOALS:  Focus Efforts  Strengthen Partnerships

Create a rehabilitation (rehab) program with Community Development Block Grant funds to help low-income homeowners with rehab to preserve their existing housing.

Establishing a housing rehab program to provide low-income homeowners with assistance to rehabilitate their homes could help both young and old alike with needed health and safety improvements.

RELATED GOALS:  Stabilization Assistance

STRATEGIES

villages, consider zoning amendments to permit the construction of appropriately-scaled multi-use buildings (commercial and residential) in all village centers and multi-family buildings within a 10-minute (1/2 mile) walk of village centers. Multi-use buildings, with commercial space on the ground floor and residential units above, are a traditional main street form of development that is currently prohibited in parts of Cotuit, Osterville, and West Barnstable. Allowing multi-use buildings would enhance the the villages economic vibrancy and could increase the town's stock of smaller, more affordable, rental units in walkable, mixed-use neighborhoods.

RELATED GOALS: Focus Efforts Year Round Diverse Options Intergenerational Choices Smart Growth



Source: JM Goldson

Consider providing regulatory incentives for extremely-low, very-low and middle-income housing in all village districts.

Some of Hyannis districts offer incentives to create middle-income (referred to as "Workforce" housing in the Zoning Ordinance) – units that are affordable to households with up to 120% AMI. Outside of Hyannis, no other village districts offer incentives for such middle-income housing. In addition, there are no incentives through Barnstable's zoning ordinance to encourage creation of units affordable to extremely-low and very-low income households. Such incentives could help to create mixed-income housing that includes units affordable to extremely-low, very-low, and low/moderate income households as well as workforce and market rate units to help encourage units affordable at multiple price-points. The incentives could

include increase in units/acre, more flexible dimensional requirements, reduced parking requirements, and the like.

RELATED GOALS: Focus Efforts Year Round Diverse Options Intergenerational Choices Smart Growth

Amend Downtown Hyannis Growth Incentive Zone to allow increased density for mixed-use and multi-unit development.

The 2014 housing needs assessment indicated that the greatest housing need in Hyannis is for more market-rate rental units and affordable homeownership units for low/moderate-income households. To encourage such development, the town should amend the Growth Incentive Zone to allow greater density for mixed-use and multi-unit development.

RELATED GOALS: Focus Efforts Year Round Intergenerational Choices Smart Growth

Secure funding for a comprehensive review and recodification of zoning ordinance and related regulations to ensure clarity and consistency, especially with federal and state Fair Housing laws.

Codification is a process of organizing and arranging all legislation of a general and permanent nature into a Code. The major benefit of a codification is convenient access to information. Having an accurate, up-to-date representation of municipal law enables town officials to answer questions from citizens quickly and accurately.

RELATED GOALS: Focus Efforts Smart Growth

HOUSING NEEDS

It will be no surprise to hear that Barnstable has a housing problem. What may be surprising is how this hurts the community more than many people might realize. More and more seniors struggle to afford and maintain their homes or find a place to downsize within the community. Renters earn lower wages and pay higher rent than renters statewide, leading to almost half of all renters spending too much on rent. Many renters are impacted by the seasonal shuffle where locals often must move out of their apartments to make way for vacationers. Where do they go? Some sleep in their cars, while others couch surf, move into sheds, seek help at the emergency shelter, or move out of the community. Local businesses are among the most hurt by Barnstable's housing problem – workers are unable to find year-round homes they can afford and often commute long distances for low-paying jobs, which impairs worker retention and employer's ability to find skilled workers.

Many Barnstable residents struggle to make ends meet.

RESIDENTS HAVE TO SPEND TOO MUCH FOR HOUSING



43% OF HOUSEHOLDS ARE SPENDING TOO MUCH

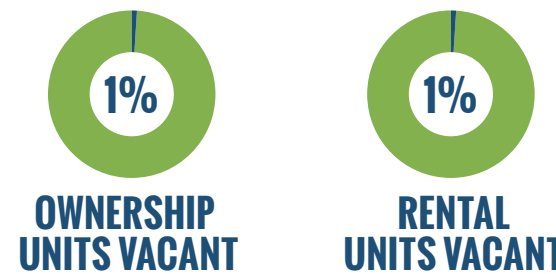
If housing expenses are 30% or less of a household's income, that household is better able to pay for other necessities.

RENTERS ARE ESPECIALLY BURDENED



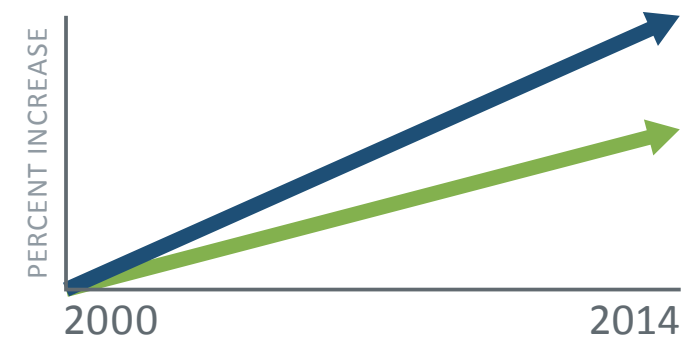
Almost **ONE IN EVERY TWO RENTERS** spends too much income on rent.

LOW VACANCY PUSHES HOUSING PRICES UP



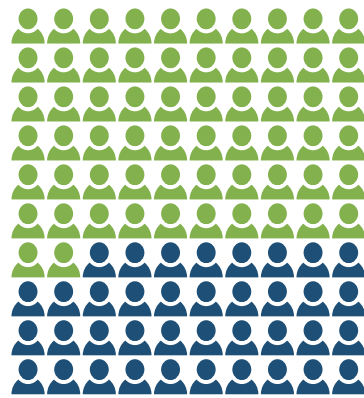
A balanced market should have at least a 1.5% vacancy rate for ownership and 7% for rental vacancy rate.

SALE PRICES ARE HIGH



HOUSING PRICES: 62% HIGHER
INCOME: 28% HIGHER

HOUSING NEEDS



38% OF RESIDENTS EARN WHAT IS CONSIDERED A LOW INCOME.

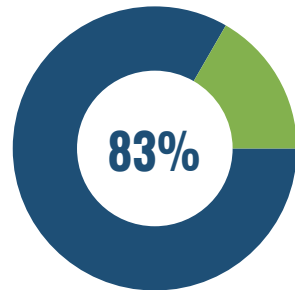


TWO IN THREE LOW-INCOME RESIDENTS (66%) HAVE TO SPEND TOO MUCH FOR HOUSING COSTS.

(Spending more than 30% of their income on housing.)

The needs of seniors and young residents aren't being met.

CHOICES ARE LIMITED



Most of the housing stock (83%) is single family.

HOME OWNERSHIP IS OUT OF REACH FOR FAMILIES

AFFORDABLE PRICE FOR A HOUSEHOLD OF 4 AT BARNSTABLE'S MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME

\$209,000

2014 MEDIAN SALE PRICE

\$432,500

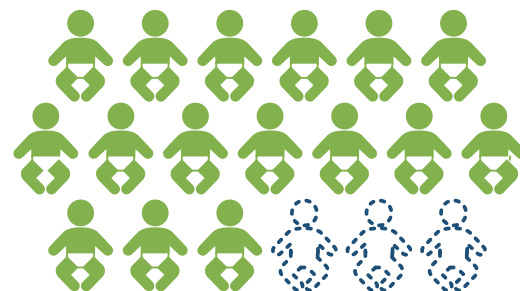
THE COMMUNITY IS AGING

% RESIDENTS 65 YEARS OR OLDER



THERE ARE FEWER FAMILIES AND YOUNG PEOPLE

Households with children under age 18 decreased 15% between 2000 and 2010.



STRATEGIES

Barnstable's housing goals are ambitious and clearly can't be achieved overnight or by a sole, isolated action. To promote the greatest effectiveness, the town has an opportunity to work together at all levels of the community to implement a plan of action that will direct local initiatives and regulatory changes in the years to come. The strategies presented here are pieces of a puzzle that, when assembled and embraced as a whole, can help Barnstable accomplish its housing goals.

REGULATORY

Regulatory strategies refer to recommendations that entail amendments to the local zoning ordinance or other local development regulations to help encourage development of more housing options including affordable housing.

Support use of advanced treatment alternative septic technologies to offset increased density for affordable housing.

Work with Board of Health and the Water Resources Advisory Committee to determine appropriate incentives to help encourage use of non-traditional technologies for nutrient management for development of multi-family and affordable housing. These technologies can include reduction – treatment before disposal to the ground - and remediation – treatment in groundwater. Examples of reduction treatments are urine diverting and composting toilets. Examples of remediation treatments are constructed wetlands, permeable reactive barrier-trench, and fertigation.

RELATED GOALS: Diverse Options Intergenerational Choices Smart Growth Community Outlook

Consider strengthening the Accessory Affordable Apartment Program and allowing market-rate accessory apartments to increase housing options.

The Accessory Affordable Apartment Program (AAP), which has already created close to 200 affordable units, has been one of the most successful local tools in Barnstable to produce affordable housing units. However, the program could be strengthened with a streamlined approval process and greater funding. In addition, the town should consider amending zoning regulations to permit market-rate accessory apartments in existing single-family homes and outbuildings as a way to increase housing options in established residential neighborhoods throughout Barnstable and to help support seniors wishing to age in place.

Some participants raised concerns about allowing market-rate accessory apartments including what effect

allowing market-rate accessory apartments would have on the success of the AAP. A few ways to help ensure that the AAP program remain an attractive option, while at the same time allowing market-rate accessory apartments, would be to 1) require a special permit for market-rate accessory apartments and allow AAP units by right, 2) increase the local and federal subsidies available to assist with rehabilitation of AAP units, and 3) hire a part-time AAP program manager.

RELATED GOALS: Focus Efforts Year Round Diverse Options Intergenerational Choices

Amend zoning to incentivize development of affordable assisted or independent living units for low-income seniors.

Population projections by age suggest that Barnstable will continue aging, predicting that the share of residents age 65 or older may grow from about 21% in 2010 to approximately 34% of total residents in 2030. Older householder are more likely to have low incomes: the median household income for households in the Town of Barnstable overall was estimated to be \$58,933, whereas households with older adult householders age 65 and over had a median income of \$42,605. Zoning amendments could incentivize development of affordable senior housing units – both independent living and affordable assisted living units.

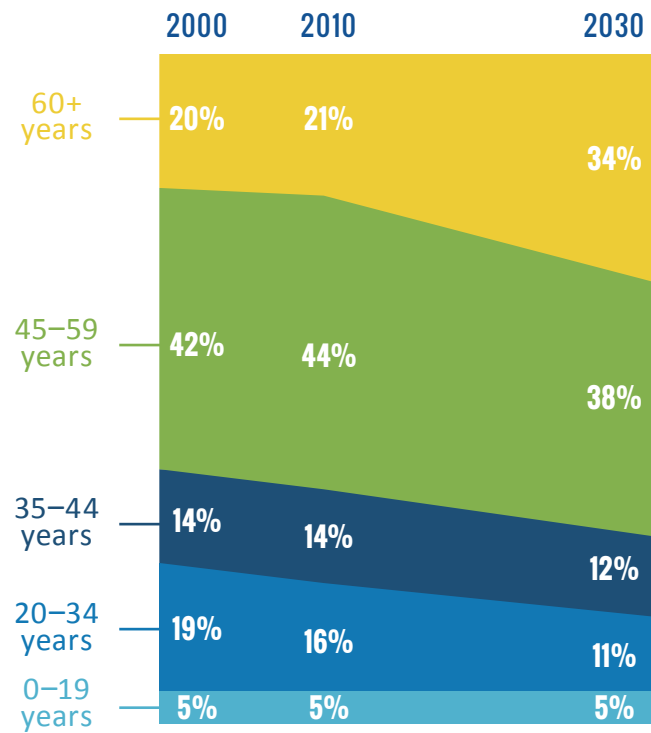
RELATED GOALS: Focus Efforts Intergenerational Choices

Consider zoning amendments to encourage small, low-density, village-scale mixed-use and multi-unit development and re-development in village centers.

To help foster more housing choice in all of Barnstable's

GOALS

BARNSTABLE'S POPULATION IS AGING



Source: US Census Bureau, Decennial Census, 2000 And 2010 And Massachusetts Population Projections, UMass Donahue Institute, accessed 10/6/14, Pep.Donahue-Institute.org



Provide assistance to stabilize housing for Barnstable's most vulnerable residents.

Many low-income households in Barnstable struggle with housing costs including rent, health and safety rehabilitation needs, sewer connection and septic compliance, and energy efficiency improvements. Many low-income residents, including many seniors, struggle with housing costs and with houses that are not suited to their abilities or needs as they age. Residents need help with rehabilitation needs to improve health and safety, energy efficiency improvements, and rental cost assistance. This type of direct assistance with the costs of owning or renting in Barnstable can help provide stable, safe, and decent homes for Barnstable's most vulnerable residents.



Ensure that new development promotes smart growth and protection of natural resources.

Protection of the region's fragile ecosystem is of critical importance to protect natural resources, scenic beauty, and the Cape's economy.

To protect Barnstable's natural resources and enhance community vibrancy, the town has long embraced smart growth goals and principals in its zoning and grown management policies and it will be important to continue to do this as the town works to promote production of more affordable housing to addresses local housing needs. The town aims to encourage sustainable development including utilization of sustainable materials, energy efficient design, renewable energy (e.g., solar), and use of innovative/alternative (I/A) septic systems.



Strengthen partnerships with organizations addressing affordable housing needs.

Barnstable is fortunate to have many mission-driven organizations helping to address housing needs in Barnstable and the region. These organizations provide affordable housing, housing assistance, or other related support including community education and advocacy. The town should continue to support and help expand the initiatives of these organizations to further address local housing needs.



Promote an inclusive community outlook about the need for affordable housing and nurture strong local leadership to promote local housing initiatives.

Barnstable should continue to build support for affordable housing development and assistance. The town should continue to clearly articulate the unmet housing needs and demand for new housing outlined in this plan and the 2014 Housing Needs Assessment to public and private partners and to the general public.



Continue to actively monitor and preserve the long-term affordability of existing affordable units.

Affordable units sometimes need funding assistance to protect their long-term affordability. At the time of this writing, about 21% of Barnstable's exiting affordable units have expiring affordability restrictions. This is an ongoing town role that will be important to continue to ensure long-term affordability and maintenance of units on the Subsidized Housing Inventory.

HOUSING NEEDS

Barnstable workers are priced out of our community.

WAGES FALL SHORT

HOURLY WAGE NEEDED TO AFFORD A TWO-BEDROOM RENTAL

\$22.61

RETAIL SALES hourly wage

\$10.04

HOME HEALTH AID hourly wage

\$11.97

WAITER/WAITRESS hourly wage

\$12.04

CARPENTER hourly wage

\$17.36

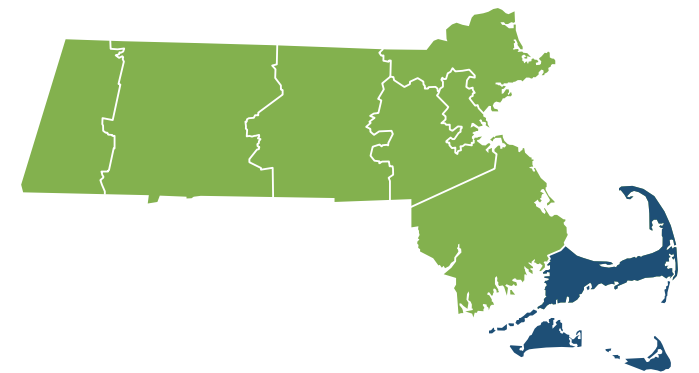
LANDSCAPER hourly wage

\$13.52

TEACHING ASSISTANT hourly wage

\$13.04

THE LABOR MARKET IS DECLINING



THE CAPE & ISLANDS WAS ONE OF ONLY TWO LABOR MARKETS IN MASSACHUSETTS TO DECLINE IN POPULATION.

The Cape & Islands is home to the oldest average population in the state. Businesses face a shortage of younger workers to replace baby boomers as they retire.

Commonwealth Corporation & New England Public Policy Center, Labor Market Trends in the Cape & Islands, December 2012

