The California Parkinson's Disease Registry



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Massachusetts Parkinson's Disease Registry Advisory Committee February 16, 2022





Presentation Overview

- Legislative History
- Purpose and Procedures
- Reporting Highlights
- Next Steps and Future Aims





Legislative History

Senate Bill 97 (2017)

Established Registry through 1/1/2020



Assembly Bills 715 (2019) and 2128 (2020)

Extend Registry to 1/1/2022



Assembly Bill 133 (2021)

Remove Sunset Date; Establish Neurodegenerative Diseases Registry





<u>Purpose</u>

- Enable research to better prevent and treat Parkinson's Disease
 - Epidemiologic research to know which geographic and population groups are most impacted
 - Clinical research to develop treatments
 - Health services research to design and target services for Parkinson's patients





Procedures: How is the registry data used?

1

Analyzed epidemiologically to identify more affected groups: Geographic, socio-economic, demographics.

2

Shared with researchers who are investigating PD risk, treatment and health care patterns.

3

Researchers accessing the registry will be required to adhere to strict data security procedures and guidelines. 4

No data will be released until the researcher has gained approval from CCPHS and IRBs.





Procedures:

What kind of data is being collected?

<u>Demographic information</u> <u>about PWP:</u>

Name, DOB, address

Their health care providers:

MD, specialty

Basic clinical information:

Date of diagnosis, ICD-10 code

https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CCDPHP/DCDIC/CDSRB/CDPH%20Document% 20Library/CPDR/CPDR%20Guide%20to%20Reporting FINAL January2020.pdf





Procedures:

What about HIPAA* and patient confidentiality?

- ✓ Informed consent is not necessary.
- ✓ Maintaining strict confidentiality is a high priority of the registry.
- ✓ All data will be managed with encryption protection and stored in a secure database.
- No information shared with DMV.

*Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191





CPDR Data Flow



Data Submission

- Data are received from health care facilities
- Automated via Electronic Health Record or manually via CalREDIE

Frequently Asked Questions

1. "Do I have to send my data to CPDR?"

<u>Answer</u>: No. All reporting requirements are directed to providers so there is nothing patients must do.





CPDR Data Flow



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- Data are quality controlled for reporting criteria defined in the CPDR Guide to Reporting
- CPDR collects ICD-10 codes: G20, G90.3

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2. "If I have multiple doctors, which one reports, or are they all required to report?"

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- Data will be linked with external sources for data improvement

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3. "Will the California Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) have access to or be provided CPDR data?"

<u>Answer</u>: No. CPDR data is never sent to the DMV.





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Data Use and Disclosure

- Data will be used to estimate Parkinson's disease incidence and prevalence in California
- Data will be disclosed to qualified researchers for broader research

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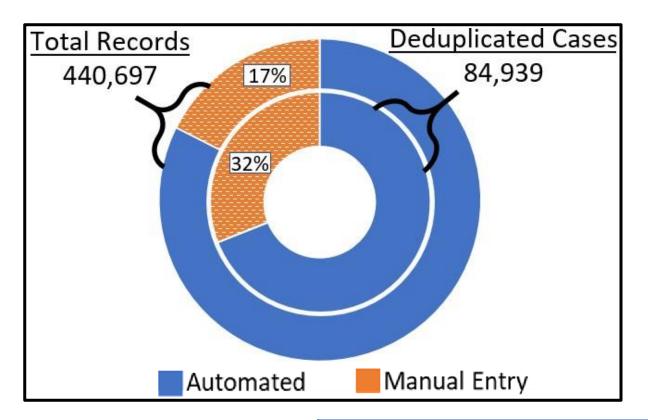
4. "How are the data used?"

Answer: The data are used to examine the incidence, prevalence, and distribution of Parkinson's disease throughout California. The data will also be disclosed to qualified researchers to conduct other studies of Parkinson's disease.





Reporting Highlights



- Data has been successfully collected through the first three years of mandated reporting.
- CPDR continues to process data, increase data capture, and develop estimates of statewide Parkinson's disease incidence and prevalence.

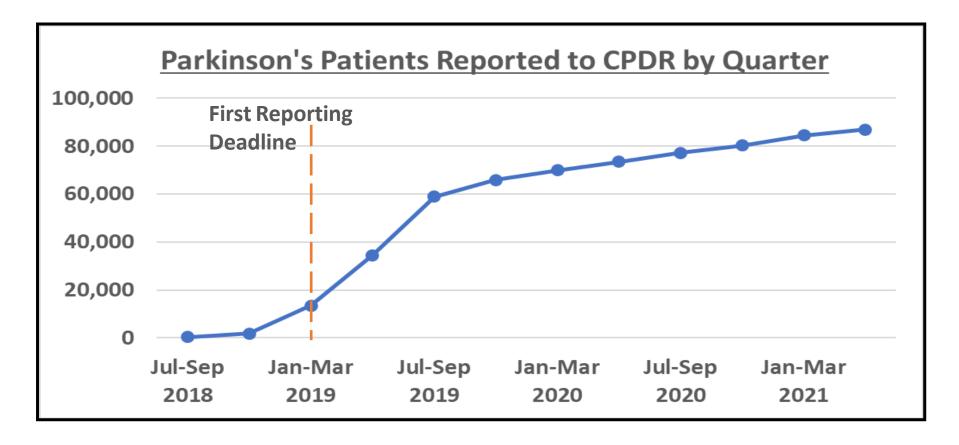
Data as of May 31, 2021

Entry Method	<u>Records</u>	<u>Facilities</u>	<u>Patients</u>
Automated	363,219	214	57,861
Manual Entry	77,478	330	27,078
Total:	440,697	544	84,939





Reporting Highlights



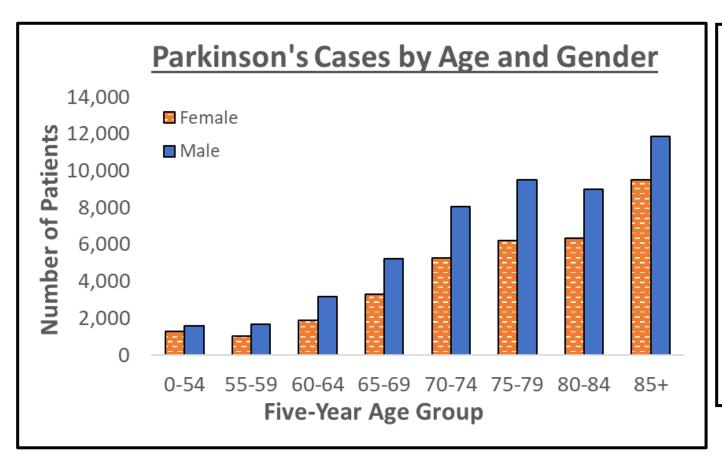
Total Patients Reported: 84,939

Data as of May 31, 2021





Reporting Highlights Demographics



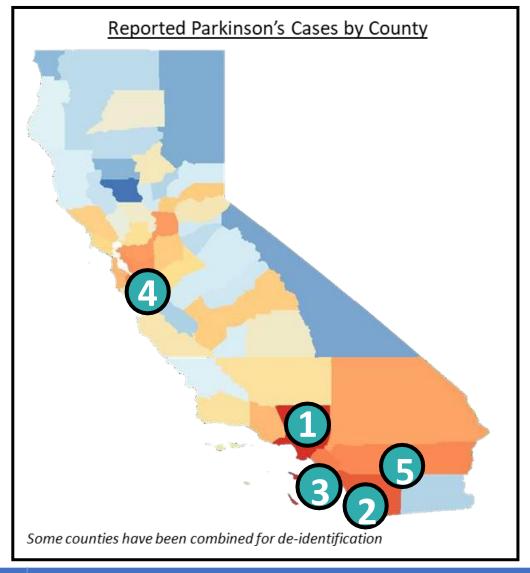
The number of patients over 85 years
old is about 7x more than the
number of patients under 55 years.

 CPDR estimates a male-to-female ratio of approximately 1.5-to-1 or almost a 50% greater likelihood of Parkinson's disease occurring in men.





Demographics of Parkinson's Disease in California



Top 5 Counties with Most Patients

- 1. Los Angeles 18,462
- 2. San Diego 9,842
- 3. Orange 5,564
- 4. Santa Clara 5,164
- 5. Riverside 4,957

- Data are current as of May 31, 2021 but are still incomplete as not all facilities to reporting to CPDR.
- CPDR data will be compared to environmental, hospitalization, and other sources of data to improve surveillance.





Challenges

- Retaining funding
 - Program required supplemental funding from Michael J. Fox Foundation during 6-month period when funding authority had sunset
- Case Validation
 - Lack of signs, symptoms, and treatment data results in possible misclassification
- Engagement of Researcher Community

Next Steps and Future Aims

- CPDR will continue to onboard health facilities and improve data validation to increase the completeness and quality of registry data.
- CPDR has published a data disclosure protocol which allows qualified researchers with a valid scientific interest to apply for CPDR data.
- Neurodegenerative Diseases Registry (starting 1/1/2023; mandatory data collection starting 7/1/2023) will utilize approach similar to the Parkinson's Disease Registry, resulting in further interest in and support of the CPDR.





