

CLEANENERGYRESULTS

Advancing Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency in the Commonwealth

An Innovative Partnership:

The Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection

The Massachusetts Department of Energy Resources

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Massachusetts Water Resources Commission March 8, 2012

Massachusetts & Clean Energy

- Top Priority for Patrick Administration
- Global Warming Solutions Act
 - Comprehensive Program -> Climate Change
 - Goal 10 -25 % Below 1990 GHG levels by 2020
- Green Communities Act
 - Supports Development of Clean Energy Resources
 - Expands Efforts to Promote Energy Efficiency

MA Clean Energy Goals

- 15% MA Electricity Supply from Renewable Sources by 2020
 - Solar: 400 MW
 - Wind: 2,000 MW
- DOER Year In Review (as of 12/31/11)
 - Solar: 72 MW (10x increase since 2007)
 - Wind 44 MW (from 3.5 MW in 2007)

MA Ranked #1 in Energy Efficiency
(American Council for an Energy Efficient Economy)

Clean Energy Results Program

- MassDEP/DOER Partnership
- Launched November 16, 2011
- Eliminates Barriers to Siting Clean Energy Projects
- Ensures Highest Protective Standards: Public Health and Environment



Why is the Program Needed?

- Support Meeting Commonwealth Clean Energy Goals
- Promote Clean and Efficient Sources of Energy at MassDEP Regulated Sites
- Maximize MassDEP's Unique Expertise to Overcome Permitting & Siting Obstacles
- Address Public Health Concerns and Misconceptions Using Sound Science

What Projects are Targeted?

- * RPS/APS, including:
 - Solar Photovoltaic
 - Wind
 - AD/CHP
 - Sustainable Biomass
 - Landfill Gas
- * Energy Efficiency
- * Energy Conservation



Program Elements

1. Project-Specific Support and Coordination

- Permitting/Compliance Assistance
- Regulatory and Financial Assistance

2. Regulatory Review and Streamlining

- Remove Regulatory Barriers
- Financial Incentives

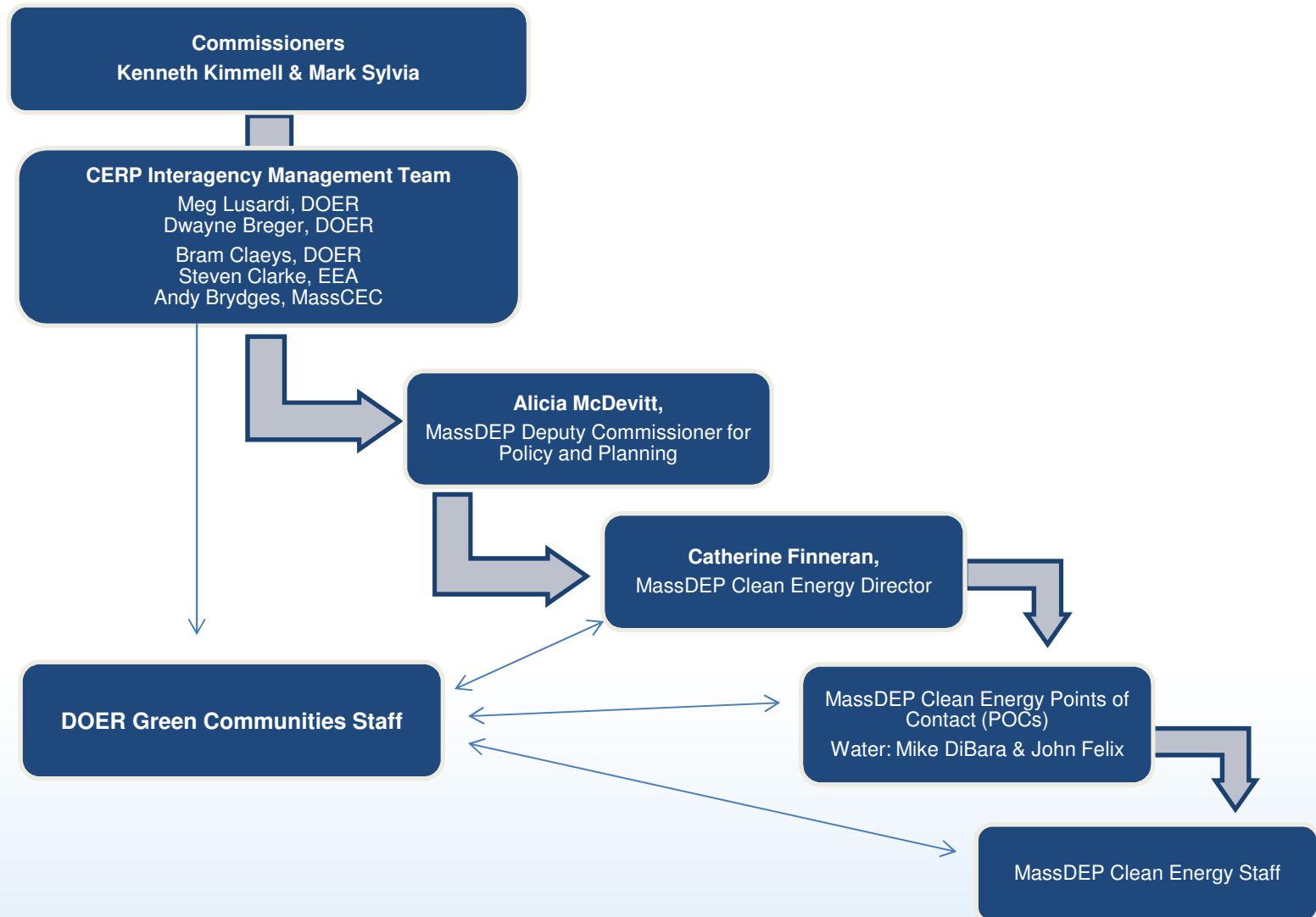
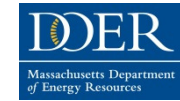
3. Broad Public Education and Engagement

- Coordinated Outreach (DOER, MassCEC)
- Communicate Project Benefits/Address Misconceptions



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Program Management Structure



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CERP Activities and Goals

- Organics to Renewable Energy
- Environmentally Challenged Land
- Wind
- Clean Energy Support Teams
- Wastewater and Drinking Water Utilities

Organics to Renewable Energy

CERP 2020 Goals:

- Divert an additional 350,000 tons per year of organic material from landfills and incinerators
- Increase energy production from aerobic and anaerobic digestion to 50 megawatts (375gh/year)

Steps to Reach Goals

- Regulatory Amendments
 - Solid Waste Assignment and Wastewater Treatment
- Infrastructure for Organics Diversion
 - Address Collection Barriers
 - Establish Waste Ban (Commercial/Institutional Food Waste)
- Project Siting
 - Identify Appropriate Locations



Environmentally Challenged Property

- Achieve 50+ MW of Clean Energy on Closed Landfills, Brownfields, and Superfund Sites (by 2020)
- Promote the Use of Green Remediation



WMECO Pittsfield

Clean Energy on Closed Landfills

- Total 46+ MW permitted since 7/10
- Progress: 30+ MW Permitted Under CERP since 7/11
 - 9 Projects permitted in December alone!



Easthampton Landfill 2.3MW- Photo Courtesy of Borrego Solar Systems, Inc.

Brownfields



Brockton Brightfields Site

Progress:

- 14+ MW Sited on Brownfields
- 5+ Superfund Sites Evaluated for Green Remediation
- Liability Guidance Developed

CERP Goals: Wind

- Wind Turbine Health Impact Study: Report of the Independent Panel
- Review MassDEP Noise Policy Guidance Relating to Wind Turbines

Goals of Report

- Goals of Report:
 - Proactively address health concerns raised by the public about wind turbine exposures
 - Convene independent panel of experts to review existing information of documented/potential health effects associated with proximity to wind turbines
- Process:
 - Panel of physicians and scientists: acoustical noise, public health, sleep disturbance, mechanical engineering, epidemiology, neuroscience
 - Panelists worked independently

Key Health Findings

- No evidence for set of health effects from exposure to wind turbines that could be characterized as “Wind Turbine Syndrome”
- Weight of evidence suggests no association between noise from wind turbines and measures of mental health problems
- There is a possibility that noise from some wind turbines can cause sleep disruptions
- Falling ice is physically harmful and measures should be taken to ensure that the public will not encounter such ice.

Clean Energy / Energy Efficiency at Water Utilities

Water / Wastewater Treatment in MA

- 370 Water Utilities
 - Including MWRA
- Approx. \$150 Million / Year in Energy Costs

Impacts

- 1 Billion kWhs Used
- 1 million of CO₂



Massachusetts Energy Management Pilot for Wastewater and Drinking Water Facilities

A Targeted Approach to Advance Municipal Energy Savings and Greenhouse Gas Reductions

Pilot Facilities



A New Public / Private Partnership



Public

- (7) Water & (7) Wastewater Facilities
- MA Dept. of Environmental Protection
- MA Executive Office of Energy / Environmental Affairs
- MA Dept of Energy Resources
- EPA New England
- MA Renewable Energy Trust
- University of MA – Northeast CHP Center

Private

- Every Major Investor-Owned Electric & Gas Utility

Non Profit

- Consortium for Energy Efficiency

2007 Energy Pilots

14 Pilot Facilities: Recommendations



Efficiency: **Save \$2M / Year**



Green Power: **Save \$1.7M / Year**

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ARRA – Green Infrastructure

Recovery & Reinvestment:

Clean Energy & the Environment



Jump-start “Green” projects: 20% of SRF ARRA

Fully Implement Energy Pilot & Other “Green” projects

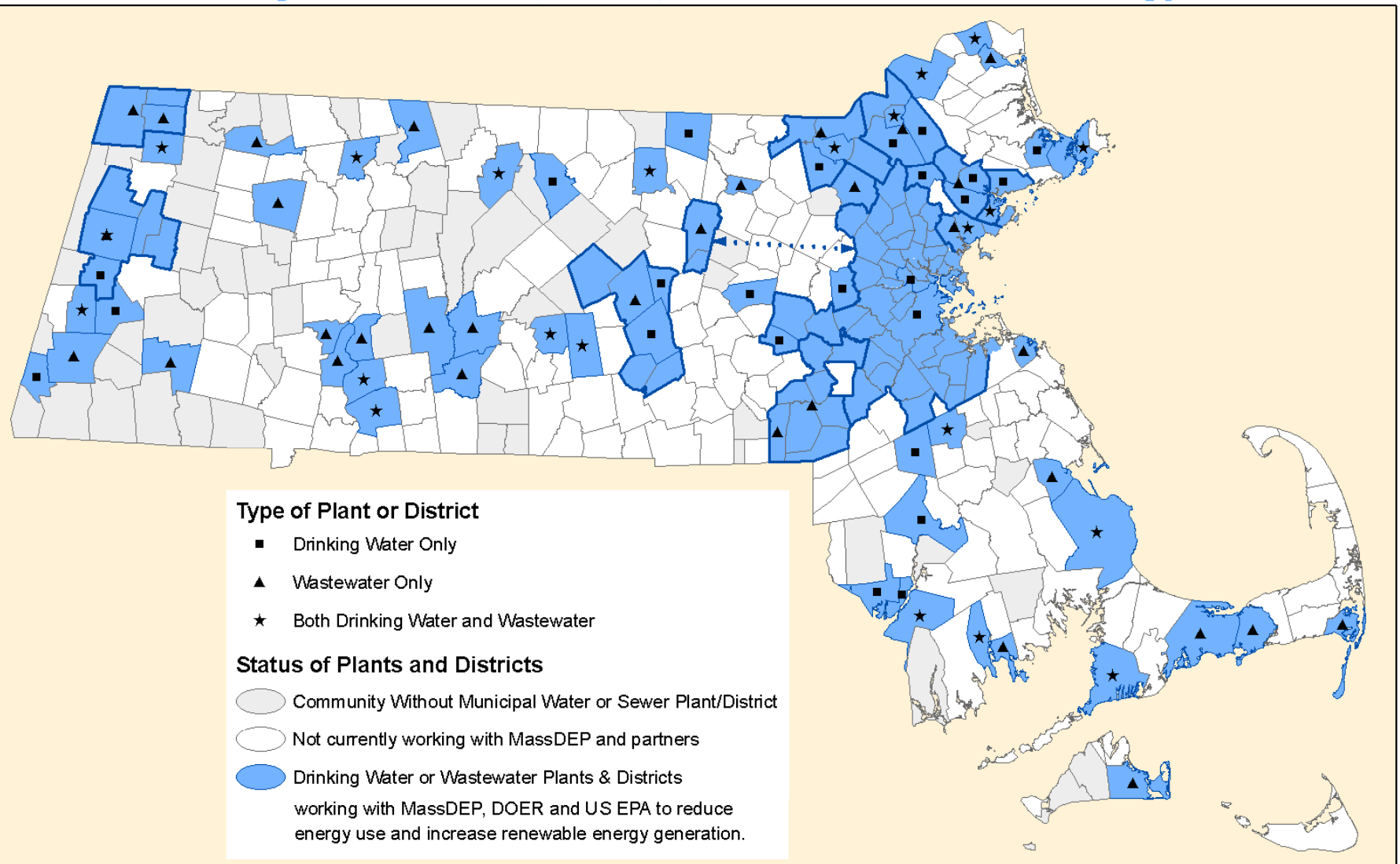
(7) Wastewater Plants:	\$ 34.8 M
(7) Water Plants:	<u>\$ 8.2M</u>
	\$ 43.0M
(7) Others	<u>\$ 23.1M</u>
Total	\$ 66.1M

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Anticipated Results

- **Save \$5+M / year for ratepayers**
- **34% annual reduction in energy costs and CO₂ emissions**
- **10+ megawatts of “green” power**
 - 5.2 MW (solar), 4.8 MW (wind)
 - .34 MW (CHP), .20 MW (hydro)
- **Zero-net energy pathway**

Drinking Water and Wastewater Plants and Districts Working with MassDEP, DOER, and U.S. EPA to Address Energy Use



0 4 8 16 Miles

Map provided by DOER
7-22-11, jpfister

CERP Water Utility Goals

By 2020, Achieve Zero-Net Energy Use at 20% of Water Treatment Facilities



Barnstable Wastewater Treatment 819 kW

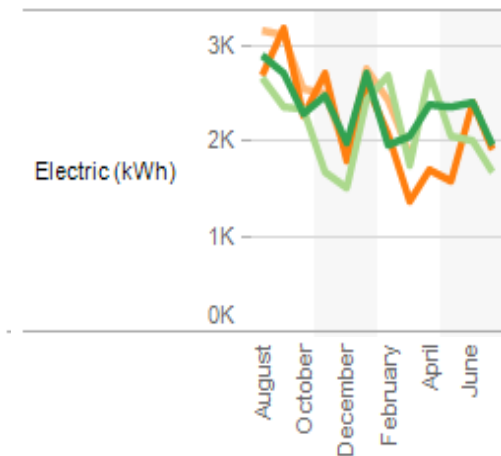
- Benchmark Energy Use
- Assess Zero-Net Energy Potential
- Increase Use of Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency

MassEnergyInsight

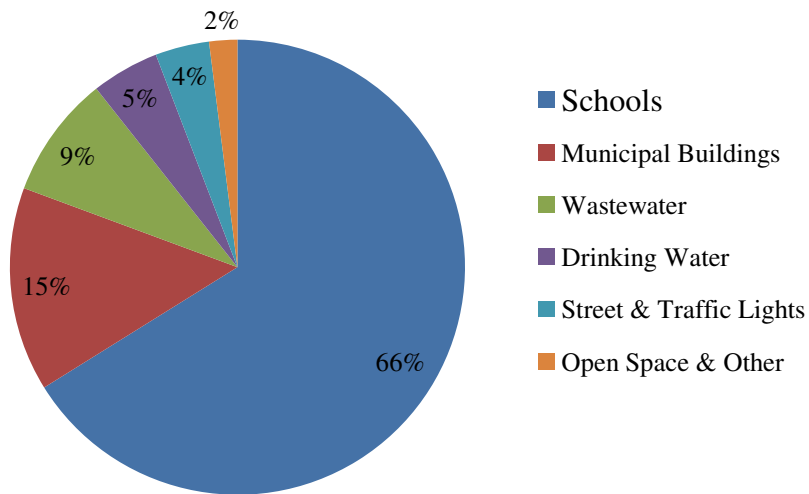
● ● ● ● ● POWERING EFFICIENCY

- **FREE** online tool for MA cities, towns
- Sponsored by Mass Dept of Energy Resources
- MassEnergyInsight provides:
 - Automated electronic download of utility data
 - All energy costs and accounts in one place
 - Standard and custom reporting
- MassDEP and DOER are collaborating to gather sector-wide drinking water and wastewater energy use data in MassEnergyInsight
- Currently, approximately 50% of the water flow associated with drinking water treatment and pumping is represented in MassEnergyInsight

Annual Usage Patterns



Municipal Energy Use in (MEI)



- 72 Drinking Water Plants
- Drinking Water treatment and pumping accounted for 5% of total municipal energy use in FY11
- An estimated \$22,262,614 was spent on energy to treat and pump drinking water in FY11
- 67,353 tons of greenhouse gas emissions (CO₂e), equivalent to 11,981 vehicles

Town of Lee - Drinking Water Plant

Efficiency & Renewables	Estimated Project Cost	Estimated Annual Savings (\$)	Estimated Annual Savings (kWhs)
VSDs, Motor & Lighting upgrades	\$21,000	\$7,900 (25%)	27,940
34 kW Solar (PV) system	\$380,000	\$4,100 (12%)	30,000
Hydro turbine optimization	\$320,466	\$20,000 (57%)	200,000
Totals	\$721,466	\$32,000 (94%)	257,940



Town of Chelmsford

Crooked Spring Water Treatment Plant



485 kW solar PV

- Feasibility Study: UMass – Lowell
- Producing 500,000 kWh / year (41%)
- Saving \$ 73,000 / yr (Electricity/ REC)
- Real Time power monitoring
(plant / public)

<http://www.powerdash.com/systems/1000277/>

Greater Lawrence Sanitary District Wastewater Treatment Plant

Efficiency First!

- Install VFDs / Premium Efficiency Motors
- Operational, Aeration, Water System, Lighting Improvements

Save ~\$637,000 / yr in Electric Costs

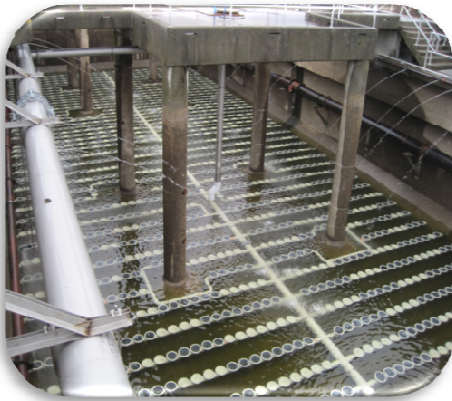
- Sludge digester & HVAC improvements

Save ~\$350,000 / yr in Natural Gas Costs

**Est. Annual CO₂ Emission Reductions:
2,035 tons**



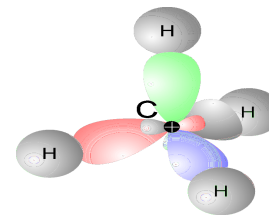
City of Pittsfield Wastewater Treatment Plant



Aeration Upgrade - Diffused Air w / Turbo Blowers



1,584 kW solar PV



CHP Upgrade



Overall 90% reduction in electrical costs, saving \$660,000 / yr

Clean Energy Results:

Public Water / Wastewater Facilities

	CHP (kW)	Solar (kW)	Wind (kW)	Hydro (kW)	Anaerobic Digestion / CHP (kW)	Total (kW)
Installed (before 2007)	-	15	-	9,960	6,000	15,975
Installed (between 2007 – 2011)	-	5,475	6,200	262	195	12,132
In-Process (to be built)	1,500	592	5,325	59	110	7,586
Totals (kW)	1,500	6,082	11,525	10,281	6,305	35,693



Thank You!

Questions?