## **CLEAN DRINKING WATER IS UP TO YOU!**

## Where does my drinking water come from?

Your drinking water comes from groundwater. Groundwater is the water that flows through the spaces between soil particles and through fractures in rock. It comes from rain and snowmelt percolating through the ground.

## Why should I be concerned?

While some pollutants (such as bacteria, viruses, and phosphorus) can be reduced by passing through soil under certain conditions, groundwater can be easily contaminated by chemicals and oils.

## How can I protect my drinking water?

		DO	DON'T
СНШМ-СА-	Use non-toxic and less-toxic alternatives to household chemicals such as cleaners, oil-based paints, insecticides.		<i>Don't</i> buy more hazardous chemicals than you need.
	Follow package directions on pesticides, fertilizers, and other household chemicals.		<i>Don't</i> over-use household chemicals. More is <i>not</i> better.
			<i>Don't</i> use pesticides or herbicides near the well. Minimize the use of fertilizers near the well.
S	Take leftover household chemicals to your community's household hazardous waste collection day.		<i>Don't</i> dispose of hazardous chemicals by pouring them down household drains, into the storm drain, or onto the ground.
UST SEPTIC SYSTEM	•	Check your heating oil tank frequently for leaks.	<i>Don't</i> have your tank removed by a contractor who is not familiar with State guidelines for
	•	Remove a deteriorating underground storage tank (UST).	UST removal. <i>Don't</i> locate new fuel storage tanks in the
	•	Replace it with above-ground storage that has a secondary containment structure and a cover over it.	recharge area of a well.
	Take care of your septic system.		Don't overload your septic system with solids
	•	Keep records of septic system maintenance.	by using a garbage grinder (unless the septic system was specifically designed for a grinder).
	•	Inspect septic tank every year.	Don't pour grease or cooking oil down the
	•	Have tank pumped out every two to three	drain; it will clog the soil and leaching system.
		years.	<i>Don't</i> pour chemicalsincluding bleachdown the sink or toilet.
	•	Avoid damage to your leach field and distribution lines by keeping vehicles, livestock, and other heavy objects off the leach field.	<i>Don't</i> use septic system cleaners or additives containing acids or chemical solvents such as trichloroethylene (TCE).