**INDOOR AIR QUALITY ASSESSMENT**

**Doherty Memorial High School**

**299 Highland Street**

**Worcester, MA**

**Photo of exterior of Doherty High School, 299 Highland Street, Worcester, MA
**

Prepared by:

Massachusetts Department of Public Health

Bureau of Environmental Health

Indoor Air Quality Program

April 2017

# Background/Introduction

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Building:** | Doherty Memorial High School (DHS) |
| **Address:** | 299 Highland Street, Worcester, MA |
| **Assessment Requested by:** | Brian Allen, Chief Financial and Operations Officer, Worcester Public Schools (WPS) |
| **Reason for Request:** | Concerns regarding polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and general indoor air quality (IAQ) |
| **Date of Assessment:** | March 10, 2017 |
| **Massachusetts Department of Public Health/Bureau of Environmental Health (MDPH/BEH) Staff Conducting Assessment:** | Mike Feeney, Director, IAQ Program,  Jason Dustin, Environmental Analyst/Inspector and Ruth Alfasso, Environmental Engineer/Inspector IAQ Program |
| **Date of Building Construction:** | 1966 |
| **Building Description:** | Multi-level building consisting of classrooms, auditorium, gymnasium, art rooms, kitchen, cafeteria, library and office space. |
| **Building Population:** | The school has approximately 1,500 students in grades 9-12 and 100 staff |
| **Windows:** | Openable |

The Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Program was asked by the WPS to provide technical assistance regarding the potential impact of window caulking at DHS. The IAQ Program assessed the building to ascertain window caulking was being managed in a manner consistent with recommendations made by the US EPA, “Practical Actions for Reducing Exposure to PCBs in Schools and Other Buildings Guidance for school administrators and other building owners and managers” ([Appendix A](https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2016-03/documents/practical_actions_for_reducing_exposure_to_pcbs_in_schools_and_other_buildings.pdf)). In this document, the US EPA makes the following recommendations regarding window caulking:

* Clean inside schools and other buildings frequently to reduce dust and residue.
* Encapsulate the caulking.
* Ensure that ventilation systems are operating. (US EPA, 2015).

BEH/IAQ staff conducted two activities at DHS: a general assessment of IAQ to determine if the ventilation system was operating adequately, as well as an examination of window caulking throughout the building. The assessment of window caulking was to ascertain if it was intact and whether any caulking debris was present on window frames or sills inside classrooms.

# Methods

Please refer to the IAQ Manual and appendices for methods, sampling procedures, and interpretation of results (MDPH, 2015).

# Results and Discussion

**Window Frame Caulking Conditions**

Window frames in the DHS were encapsulated with a sealant prior to the MDPH/IAQ visit. The sealant was intact in most locations (Table 1). Windows that had incomplete sealant cover were noted (Table 1). IAQ staff examined 92 areas with windows. Three locations were found with exposed damaged original window caulking.

* One window frame in the gymnasium hallway (Picture 1).
* All windows in the television studio (Picture 2). Caulking debris was noted on the windowsill.
* Room 306 which has a wood-framed wall of Plexiglas installed on the interior side of the classroom window system (Picture 3).

The following rooms/areas did not appear to have sealant applied or had sealant that was separating from the window frame: 103, 212, 303A, 303B, 304, 314, kitchen storeroom; faculty restroom (Picture 4), and head guidance counselor office. No windowsill debris was observed in these locations.

**IAQ Testing Results**

The following is a summary of indoor air testing results (Table 2).

* ***Carbon dioxide*** measurements were above the MDPH recommended level of 800 parts per million (ppm) in the majority of areas surveyed the day of assessment, indicating a lack of fresh air exchange. In some areas, levels exceeded 3000 ppm. This is discussed further in the “Ventilation” section below.
* ***Temperature*** was within the MDPH recommended range of 70°F to 78°F in all but one of the areas visited.
* ***Relative humidity*** was below the MDPH recommended range of 40% to 60% in all areas surveyed.
* ***Carbon monoxide*** levels were non-detectable in all areas tested.
* ***Particulate matter (PM2.5)*** concentrations measured were below the National Ambient Air Quality (NAAQS) level of 35 μg/m3 in all areas surveyed.

## Ventilation

Fresh air in most classrooms is supplied by air handling units (AHUs) located on the roof. The AHUs draw air from outdoors, filter and heat it, and distribute it to classrooms, offices and other areas through ceiling-mounted supply vents (Picture 5). It was reported by facilities staff that some of the AHUs were not operating on the day of the assessment, partially accounting for the high levels of carbon dioxide in many classrooms.

Some rooms also had unit ventilators (univents, Picture 6) which draw fresh air through a vent on the outside wall (Picture 7). Air is mixed with return air from the room, filtered, heated (if needed) and delivered back to the room ([Figure 1](http://www.mass.gov/eohhs/docs/dph/environmental/iaq/appendices/univent.doc)). In some cases, fresh air vents for the univents were deliberately blocked (Picture 8) and the univents were run to heat, filter and recirculate air only. Many of the units were not operating at the time of the assessment.

In classrooms and other rooms, exhaust vents on walls or ceilings remove stale air and exhaust it through vents on the roof (Pictures 5 and 9). As shown in Picture 9, some exhaust vents were partially blocked by furniture and items. Many exhaust vents were not functioning at the time of the assessment (Table 2).

Some offices and other areas lacked either a supply of fresh air or exhaust or both (Table 2). In some cases, doors were left open or were undercut to provide some air exchange. Adequate fresh air supply and properly functioning exhaust are both extremely important in diluting and removing normally occurring indoor air pollutants.

It is important to note that windows appear to be permanently sealed shut throughout the building. Numerous locations have window latches removed (Picture 1). Without openable windows, occupied areas must have an adequately operating mechanical ventilation system.

In order to have proper ventilation with a mechanical supply and exhaust system, these systems must be balanced to provide an adequate amount of fresh air while removing stale air from a room. The date of the last balancing of these systems was not available at the time of the assessment. It is recommended that existing ventilation systems be re-balanced every five years to ensure adequate air systems function (SMACNA, 1994).

## Microbial/Moisture Concerns

Water-damaged ceiling tiles were observed in several areas throughout the DHS (Table 2; Pictures 10 and 11). At the time of assessment, DHS Facilities staff indicated that water-damaged ceiling tiles are replaced routinely throughout the school. Some water-damaged tiles appeared to be from old/historic leaks in areas that could not be easily changed due to the presence of fire protection equipment (e.g., Picture 11). Some tiles in the school are of an interlocking type that is difficult to remove and replace.

Measures should be taken to ensure water-damaged materials are cleaned, replaced, and/or repaired in a manner consistent with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency’s guidelines (US EPA, 2008). The US EPA and the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) recommend that porous materials (e.g., ceiling tiles, gypsum wallboard) be dried with fans and heating within 24 to 48 hours of becoming wet (US EPA, 2008; ACGIH, 1989). If not dried within this time frame they should be removed/discarded.

Sinks were observed in a number of classrooms. Some of the sinks examined lacked caulking in the space between the backsplash and countertop (Table 2; Picture 12), which may allow water damage to building materials. Many sinks examined also had porous items (paper, boxes) stored inside the sink cabinet, which is a moist environment.

A gasket in a staff refrigerator was stained with mold (Picture 13). Refrigerators should be kept clean, and gaskets should be cleaned regularly with a mild antimicrobial solution.

Several classrooms contained plants (Table 2). Plants can be a source of pollen and mold, which can be respiratory irritants to some individuals. Plants should be properly maintained and equipped with drip pans to prevent water damage to porous materials. Plants should also be located away from air diffusers to prevent the aerosolization of dirt, pollen, and mold.

An old shower and other disused plumbing fixtures were noted (Table 2; Picture 14). If drains from unused fixtures are not kept moist, the drain traps will dry out and allow gases from the sewer to penetrate into occupied spaces. Unused drains should be kept moist by having water poured into them periodically. If plumbing fixtures are not going to be used again, they should be properly cut and capped/sealed.

Ductless air conditioning units were found in some offices. These appliances have condensation drains that should be inspected periodically for leaks and clogs.

Some trees were observed close to the building foundation and overhanging the roof (Picture 15). Shrubs/trees in close proximity to the building hold moisture against the building exterior and prevent drying. The growth of roots against exterior walls can bring moisture in contact with the foundation. Plant roots can eventually penetrate the wall, leading to cracks and/or fissures in the foundation. Over time, these conditions can undermine the integrity of the building envelope and provide a means of water entry into the building via capillary action through exterior walls, foundation concrete and masonry (Lstiburek & Brennan, 2001). The freezing and thawing action of water during the winter months can create cracks and fissures in the foundation that can result in additional penetration points for both water and pests. Trees and shrubs can also be a source of pollen, debris and mold into univents, windows and rooftop AHUs. Consideration should be given to removing landscaping in close proximity to the building so as to maintain a space of 5 feet between plants and the building.

## Other IAQ Concerns

Other conditions that can affect IAQ were observed during the assessment. Exposure to low levels of total volatile organic compounds (TVOCs) may produce eye, nose, throat, and/or respiratory irritation in some sensitive individuals. To determine if VOCs were present, BEH/IAQ staff examined rooms for products containing VOCs. BEH/IAQ staff noted hand sanitizers, cleaners, air deodorizers, and dry erase materials in use within the building (Table 2; Picture 16). All of these products have the potential to be irritants to the eyes, nose, throat, and respiratory system of sensitive individuals.

In the shop areas, no local exhaust was observed for activities such as sawing of wood or fabrication using a 3-D printer. Local (direct) exhaust is recommended for activities that may create significant amounts of dust, VOCs or odors to prevent them from lingering in the air or being distributed to other occupied areas.

DHS facilities personnel reported that the filters for the AHUs and in univents are changed two to four times a year and that filters with a Minimum Efficiency Rating Value (MERV) of 8 are used; this is the recommended filter type for a typical school. A log should be kept to document recommended filter changes and other maintenance items.

Window-mounted air-conditioning units were observed in some areas (Table 2). This type of equipment has a filter, which should be cleaned prior to use. Any debris that accumulates in the coils of the unit should also be cleaned according to manufacturer’s instruction.

Missing ceiling tiles were observed in some rooms and hallways (Picture 17). Missing and ajar ceiling tiles can allow dust and debris from the ceiling plenum system to migrate into occupant spaces. All ceiling tile systems should be intact and flush.

In some classrooms, items were observed on windowsills, tabletops, counters, bookcases and desks. The large number of items stored in classrooms provides a source for dusts to accumulate. These items, (e.g. papers, folders, boxes) make it difficult for custodial staff to clean. Dust can be irritating to eyes, nose, and respiratory tract. Items should be relocated and/or be cleaned periodically to avoid excessive dust build up.

Several storerooms were observed to be cluttered and disorganized. In particular, a furniture, costume, and equipment storage room in the music area had a variety of items, many of them porous, stored in a difficult-to-access manner (Picture 18). There was a slight musty odor in this space. During the summer, hot, humid air may penetrate these storage areas and condense moisture on porous items which can eventually lead to microbial growth and odors. Items should be stored in an organized, accessible manner to allow for airflow around items and/or porous items should be enclosed in plastic containers. In addition, items should be sorted and examined regularly to remove any items with odors or water damage.

Some classrooms were noted to have accumulations of chalk dust or dry erase residue in the trays. Both of these may have irritant effects when aerosolized. Some supply vents, exhaust vents and personal fans were dusty (Pictures 19 and 20). Dust can become reaerosolized and cause irritation.

Missing/broken light covers were seen in a few areas (Table 2; Picture 21). Fixtures should be equipped with access covers installed with bulbs fully secured in their sockets. Breakage of glass can cause injuries and may release mercury and/or other hazardous compounds.

# Conclusions/Recommendations

The assessment of the window caulking found that the vast majority of areas had intact sealant. Limited areas had damaged/crumbling materials as described above that were observed on the interior of the building. In the majority of areas, window caulking was properly encapsulated with a sealant compound. The MDPH/IAQ Program recommends that WPS staff inspect the condition of the sealant on a quarterly basis and make repairs as needed.

It appears that the ventilation system could be improved to both dilute and remove environmental pollutants from the interior of the building. In view of the findings at the time of the assessment, the following is recommended:

1. Repair/replace the window caulking in the areas noted in a manner consistent with US EPA recommendations ([Appendix A](https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2016-03/documents/practical_actions_for_reducing_exposure_to_pcbs_in_schools_and_other_buildings.pdf)).
2. Examine sealant throughout the building and repair and replace as needed in a manner consistent with US EPA recommendations ([Appendix A](https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2016-03/documents/practical_actions_for_reducing_exposure_to_pcbs_in_schools_and_other_buildings.pdf)).
3. Inspect the condition of window sealant on a quarterly basis and make repairs as needed.
4. Repair and activate all AHUs on the roof and run continuously during occupied periods.
5. Ensure univents are in operable condition and that they are supplying adequate fresh air to classrooms especially in areas showing elevated carbon dioxide levels. Operate continuously during occupied periods.
6. Repair and reactivate exhaust vent fans to remove stale air.
7. Once all AHUs, univents, and exhaust fans are working properly, consider hiring an HVAC engineer to ensure the adequacy of the fresh air supply given the building design and population. Make adjustments accordingly.
8. Consider opening windows where possible during temperate weather to increase fresh air in classrooms.
9. Change filters on rooftop AHUs and univents regularly (2 to 4 times a year). Ensure that the filters have a minimum efficiency of MERV 8 as reported by DHS staff.
10. Keep a logbook or other records of filter changes and other maintenance items.
11. Remove all items blocking supply and exhaust vents to ensure adequate airflow.
12. Consider adopting a balancing schedule of every 5 years for all mechanical ventilation systems, as recommended by ventilation industrial standards (SMACNA, 1994).
13. Repair water leaks promptly and replace water-damaged ceiling tiles once a leak is repaired. Interlocking-type ceiling tiles may be difficult to remove and replace without significant disruption. These tiles may also contain asbestos; a determination of the asbestos content of the tiles should be made prior to them being disturbed and if they do contain asbestos they should be handled and disposed of in accordance with all applicable regulations.
14. Ensure that procedures are in place for occupants to report leaks, wet tiles, non-functioning univents and other maintenance conditions so that they can be logged and repaired promptly.
15. Examine seams between the sink countertops and backsplashes periodically to ensure sealant is intact. Seal areas around sinks to prevent water damage to cabinet interiors and adjacent wallboard. Avoid storing porous items or large amounts of items underneath sinks.
16. Clean out refrigerators regularly and clean gaskets and other surfaces with a mild antimicrobial solution to remove debris and mold.
17. Move plants away from any air streams in classrooms. Avoid over-watering or placing them on porous materials (e.g., cloth, paper) and examine drip pans periodically for mold growth.
18. Determine whether abandoned plumbing fixtures are to be used or not. Fixtures that are to be used should have water poured into drains on a regular basis to avoid dry drain traps. Fixtures no longer needed should be removed and properly sealed/capped.
19. Trim trees away from the sides of the building and overhanging the roof.
20. Reduce the use of or eliminate products containing VOC’s in classrooms (harsh cleaners, hand sanitizers, etc.).
21. For areas where dusts, odors and pollutants may be generated, such as the wood shop area, local exhaust ventilation is important to protect occupants and prevent spreading dusts and VOCs to other areas. Consider installing local exhaust in these areas.
22. Replace missing ceiling tiles to prevent the egress of dirt, dust, and particulate matter into occupied areas.
23. Relocate or consider reducing the amount of materials stored in classrooms to allow for more thorough cleaning. Clean items regularly with a wet cloth or sponge to prevent excessive dust build-up. Encourage occupants to report any areas that need improvement in general housekeeping as it will improve overall IAQ.
24. Clean chalk trays, dry erase board trays, and areas around pencil sharpeners to prevent accumulation of materials.
25. Clean supply and exhaust vents and personal fans periodically to remove dust.
26. For buildings in New England, periods of low relative humidity during the winter are unavoidable. Therefore, scrupulous cleaning practices should be adopted to minimize common indoor air contaminants whose irritant effects can be enhanced when the relative humidity is low. To control for dusts, a high efficiency particulate arrestance (HEPA) filter equipped vacuum cleaner in conjunction with wet wiping of all surfaces is recommended. Avoid the use of feather dusters. Drinking water during the day can help ease some symptoms associated with a dry environment (throat and sinus irritations).
27. Replace all missing covers for fluorescent light fixtures building-wide.
28. Consider adopting the US EPA (2000) document, “Tools for Schools”, as an instrument for maintaining a good IAQ environment in the building. This document is available at: <http://www.epa.gov/iaq/schools/index.html>.
29. Refer to resource manual and other related IAQ documents located on the MDPH’s website for further building-wide evaluations and advice on maintaining public buildings. These documents are available at: <http://mass.gov/dph/iaq>.

# References

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**Picture 1**

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**Window frame in the gymnasium hallway, note missing window latch**

**Picture 2**

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**Window caulking in the television studio, note debris on windowsill**

**Picture 3**

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**Plexiglas wall installed over windows of Room 306**

**Picture 4**



**Example of incomplete sealant/sealant separating from window frame**

**Picture 5**

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**Supply (left) and return (right) vent on a classroom ceiling**

**Picture 6**

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**Classroom unit ventilator (univent)**

**Picture 7**

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**Univent fresh air intake**

**Picture 8**

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**Sealed univent fresh air intake**

**Picture 9**

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**Classroom exhaust vent, partly blocked by table**

**Picture 10**

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**Water-damaged ceiling tile**

**Picture 11**

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**Water-damaged ceiling tile from historic leak**

**Picture 12**

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**Unsealed sink backsplash**

**Picture 13**

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**Stained refrigerator gasket**

**Picture 14**

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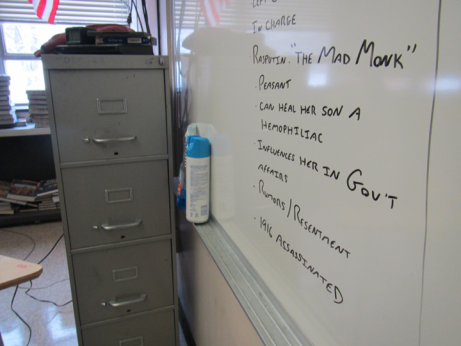
**Unused shower**

**Picture 15**

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**Trees close to side of building and overhanging roof**

**Picture 16**

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**Dry erase materials and cleaning products**

**Picture 17**

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**Missing ceiling tile in hallway**

**Picture 18**

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**Items and furniture in the music area storage room**

**Picture 19**

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**Dusty supply vent**

**Picture 20**

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**Dusty personal fans**

**Picture 21**

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**Broken light cover**

| **Location/Room** | **Encapsulant Incomplete** | **Damaged Caulking** | **Dust on Windowsill** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Gym hallway | Y | Y | N |
| 402 | N | N | N |
| 403 | N | N | N |
| 404 | N | N | N |
| 405 | N | N | N |
| 406 | N | N | N |
| 407 | N | N | N |
| 408 | N | N | N |
| 409 | N | N | N |
| 410 | N | N | N |
| 411 | N | N | N |
| 412 | N | N | N |
| 413 | N | N | N |
| 414 | N | N | N |
| 415 | N | N | N |
| 416 | N | N | N |
| 417 | N | N | N |
| 418 | N | N | N |
| 419 | N | N | N |
| 420 | N | N | N |
| 421 | N | N | N |
| 422 | N | N | N |
| 423 | N | N | N |
| 424 | N | N | N |
| 425 | N | N | N |
| 426 | N | N | N |
| 428 | N | Y | N |
| 430 | N | N | N |
| Faculty Room | N | N | N |
| Faculty Restroom | N | Y | N |
| Wood shop | N | N | N |
| 300 | N | N | N |
| 301 | N | N | N |
| 302B | N | N | N |
| 303A | N | Y | N |
| 303B | N | Y | N |
| 304B | N | N | N |
| 304 | N | Y | N |
| 305 | N | N | N |
| 306 | N | N | N |
| 307 | N | N | N |
| 308 | N | N | N |
| 310 | N | N | N |
| 312 | N | N | N |
| 314 | N | Y | N |
| 316 | N | N | N |
| 317 | N | N | N |
| 318 | **N** | **N** | **N** |
| 319 | N | N | N |
| 319B | N | N | N |
| 320 | N | N | N |
| 321C | N | N | N |
| 321B | N | N | N |
| 322 | N | N | N |
| 324 | N | N | N |
| 326 | N | N | N |
| 328 | N | N | N |
| 330 | N | N | N |
| 332 | N | N | N |
| 334 | N | N | N |
| 336 | N | N | N |
| TV Studio | Y | Y | Y |
| Media room | N | N | N |
| 200 | N | N | N |
| 200 | N | Y | N |
| 202 | N | N | N |
| 203A | N | N | N |
| 205 | N | N | N |
| 206 | N | N | N |
| 207 | N | N | N |
| 208 | N | N | N |
| 209 | N | N | N |
| 210 | N | N | N |
| 211 | N | N | N |
| 212 | N | Y | N |
| 213 | N | N | N |
| Cafeteria | N | N | N |
| Teacher cafeteria | N | N | N |
| Kitchen storage | N | Y | N |
| Kitchen | N | N | N |
| Kitchen locker room | N | N | N |
| Head guidance | N | Y | N |
| Assistant principal | N | N | N |
| Assistant principal | N | N | N |
| ID clerks | N | N | N |
| Principal | N | N | N |
| Main office | N | N | N |
| 103 | N | Y | N |
| 104 | N | N | N |
| 106 | N | N | N |
| 107 | N | N | N |
| 112 | N | N | N |

| Location | Carbon  Dioxide  (ppm) | Carbon Monoxide  (ppm) | Temp  (°F) | Relative  Humidity  (%) | PM2.5  (µg/m3) | Occupants  in Room | Windows  Openable | Ventilation | | Remarks |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Supply | Exhaust |
| Background | 331 | ND | <32 | 20 |  |  |  |  |  | Snowing |
| 4th floor | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gym, ping pong | 1019 | ND | 74 | 19 | 11 | 12 | N | Y | Y |  |
| Gym, weights | 905 | ND | 75 | 20 | 7 | 2 | N | Y | N | Mats, weights |
| Gym | 843 | ND | 73 | 20 | 6 | ~30 | N | Y | Y off |  |
| 4th floor hallway | 2549 | ND | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - |  |
| 402 | 1202 | ND | 75 | 23 | 13 | 21 | N | Y | Y | DEM, Interlocking CTs |
| 403 | 855 | ND | 74 | 33 | 6 | 0 | Y | Y | Y | NC, DEM, UV, plants |
| 404 | 2162 | ND | 74 | 25 | 10 | 0 | Y | Y | Y | Exhaust off, MT, DEM |
| 405 | 3045 | ND | 74 | 33 | 7 | 24 | Y | Y | Y | DEM, MT, CP, UV |
| 406 | 3205 | ND | 73 | 33 | 14 | 23 | Y | Y | Y | AI, DEM |
| 407 | 2889 | ND | 74 | - | 7 | 25 | Y | Y | Y | PF - dusty and stand fan, DEM, UV |
| 408 | 3335 | ND | 75 | 38 | 11 | 21 | Y | Y | Y | UV |
| 409 | 3141 | ND | 75 | 36 | 8 | 20 | Y | Y | Y | CP, UV, HS, PF |
| 410 | 2700 | ND | 77 | 32 | 9 | 20 | Y | Y | Y off | UV, DEM, PFs |
| 411 | 2538 | ND | 76 | 30 | 8 | 20 | Y | Y | Y off | UV, plant, DO, DEM |
| 412 | 2814 | ND | 76 | 29 | 12 | 19 | Y | Y | Y | DEM |
| 413 | 2408 | ND | 76 | 31 | 8 | 18 | Y | Y | Y | DEM, large plush bear, UV off |
| 414 | 2707 | ND | 75 | 29 | 11 | 14 | Y | Y | Y | DEM, WD CT |
| 415 | 1452 | ND | 76 | 24 | 9 | 20 | Y one open | Y | Y | DEM |
| 416 | 2340 | ND | 75 | 28 | 11 | 9 | Y | Y | Y | DEM |
| 417 | 1549 | ND | 76 | 27 | 10 | 22 | Y | Y | Y | DEM |
| 418 | 1714 | ND | 74 | 27 | 21 | 18 | Y | Y | Y | Previous gas odor complaints |
| 419 | 1516 | ND | 75 | 25 | 11 | 21 | Y | Y | Y | DEM |
| 420 | 1545 | ND | 75 | 26 | 13 | 17 | Y | Y | Y | DEM |
| 421 | 3055 | ND | 74 | 31 | 10 | 12 | Y | Y | Y | Plants, DEM |
| 422 | 1334 | ND | 75 | 24 | 10 | 15 | Y | Y | Y |  |
| 423 | 2924 | ND | 73 | 31 | 10 | 16 | Y | Y | Y | DEM, plant |
| 424 | 2006 | ND | 74 | 26 | 10 | 0 | Y | Y | Y | DEM, looks unused |
| 425 | 2743 | ND | 73 | 29 | 11 | 19 | Y | Y | Y | Dirty supply vent, DO |
| 426 | 2488 | ND | 74 | 29 | 8 | 18 | Y | Y | Y | DEM |
| 428 | 3022 | ND | 75 | 28 | 8 | 20 | Y | Y | Y | DEM, CP, DO |
| 430 | 2448 | ND | 73 | 29 | 7 | 24 | Y | Y | Y | DEM |
| 3rd floor | | | | | | | | | | |
| 300 | 1995 | ND | 74 | 29 | 12 | 0 | Y | Y | N | Wood fabrication, 3-D printer, no local exhaust found |
| 301 | 2081 | ND | 76 | 29 | 10 | 26 | Y | Y | Y | Computer lab |
| 302A woodshop | 882 | ND | 74 | 20 | 10 | 0 | Y | Y | N | No local exhaust for saws |
| 303A | 2115 | ND | 75 | 31 | 7 | 4 | Y | Y |  |  |
| 303B | 2954 | ND | 74 | 22 | 8 | 26 | Y | Y | Y | DEM, Broken light cover |
| 304 | 2980 | ND | 75 | 37 | 11 | 12 | Y | Y | Y | DEM, WD CT |
| 304B | 2040 | ND | 75 | 32 | 11 | 10 | N | Y | Y | Computers, DEM, printers |
| 305 | 1307 | ND | 75 | 26 | 7 | 19 | Y | Y | Y off | UV on, DEM |
| 306 | 1316 | ND | 74 | 27 | 7 | 24 | Y | Y | Y on | DEM, sink |
| 307 | 2542 | ND | 75 | 31 | 8 | 25 | Y | Y | Y off | DEM, UV on |
| 308 | 1180 | ND | 73 | 30 | 7 | 24 | Y | Y | Y | DEM |
| 309 | 1314 | ND | 75 | 25 | 9 | 3 | N | Y | Y | nurse's office |
| 309A | 1472 | ND | 75 | 37 | 9 | 0 | N | Y | N |  |
| 309B “tardy” | 1526 | ND | 75 | 26 | 7 | 1 | N | Y | Y | own AHU, sink backsplash open and items under sink |
| 310 | 2535 | ND | 73 | 32 | 10 | 23 | Y | Y | Y | DEM |
| 311 |  | ND |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | locked, bio storage |
| 312 | 2308 | ND | 72 | 31 | 9 | 12 | Y | Y | Y | DEM |
| 314 | 2397 | ND | 73 | 30 | 9 | 21 | Y | Y | Y |  |
| 316 | 934 | ND | 73 | 23 | 9 | 19 | Y | Y | Y | Reports that window seals leak in driving rain, DEM, former WD GW (repaired), dusty supply vent, HS |
| 317 | 3036 | ND | 73 | 37 | 8 | 26 | Y | Y | Y off | DEM |
| 317A | 2082 | ND | 72 | 29 |  | 0 | Y | Y | Y | PCs, fridge |
| 318 | 2532 | ND | 73 | 29 | 8 | 20 | Y | Y | Y | DEM, terrarium |
| 319 | 2443 | ND | 71 | 36 | 7 | 22 | Y | Y | Y | DEM |
| 320 | 2145 | ND | 73 | 30 | 9 | 18 | Y | Y | Y | DO, DEM, AI |
| 321A | 1724 | ND | 70 | 29 | 8 | 7 | N | Y | Y |  |
| 321B | 1704 | ND | 70 | 26 | 7 | 1 | Y | Y | N | AP, coffee, HS, fridge |
| 322 | 2236 | ND | 73 | 30 | 10 | 21 | Y | Y | Y | Plants, WD CT |
| 324 | 1064 | ND | 73 | 25 | 8 | 23 | Y | Y | Y | DEM |
| 326 | 950 | ND | 73 | 25 | 9 | 15 | Y | Y | Y | HS, DEM, MT x 2 |
| 328 | 879 | ND | 72 | 24 | 9 | 9 | Y | Y | Y | DEM, PF |
| 330 | 2461 | ND | 72 | 34 | 12 | 20 | Y | Y | Y | DEM, CP |
| 332 | 3212 | ND | 71 | 37 | 10 | 26 | Y | Y | Y | DEM, AI |
| 334 | 2673 | ND | 70 | 36 | 12 | 16 | Y | Y | Y | DEM |
| 336 | 2461 | ND | 69 | 34 | 10 | 11 | Y | Y | Y | DEM |
| 3rd floor teachers office | 609 | ND | 74 | 22 | 8 | 0 | Y | Y | Y | 2 microwaves |
| Conference | 911 | ND | 73 | 18 | 6 | 0 | Y | Y | Y | WD CT x2, carpet |
| Faculty fitness | 1153 | ND | 75 | 26 | 8 | 0 | Y | Y | Y off | storage and janitorial, restroom, old shower |
| Faculty room | 941 | ND | 74 | 24 | 9 | 0 | Y | Y | Y | CF, carpet, restroom, fridge |
| Mr. Hack | 1855 | ND | 75 | 29 | 6 | some just left | N |  | Y off |  |
| Science storage | 1365 | ND | 74 | 25 | 8 | 1 | N | N | Y | Fridges and items |
| Staff lounge | 473 | ND | 74 | 21 | 8 | 0 | Y | Y | Y | exhaust in wall (see picture), microwave and fridge |
| 2nd floor | | | | | | | | | | |
| Television studio classroom |  | ND | 75 | 30 | 7 | 10 | Y | Y | Y off | DEM, UV off |
| Audio visual |  | ND |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Media Center | 1673 | ND | 73 | 23 | 5 | 22 | Y | Y | Y | HS, PC, computers |
| 2nd floor men’s room | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Y | Abandoned sink/urinal with plastic bags over (uncapped) |
| 203A | 1207 | ND | 75 | 21 | 6 | 0 | Y | Y | Y | Window air conditioner, DEM |
| 204 | 1704 | ND | 78 | 35 | 7 | 22 | Y | Y | Y off, partially blocked | Painted CT |
| 205 | 1449 | ND | 74 | 26 | 9 | 13 | Y | Y | Y off | Sink, WD CT, DEM, HS, chalk dust |
| 206 | 2514 | ND | 76 | 33 | 8 | 1 | Y | Y | Y off | DEM, computers |
| 207 | 2245 | ND | 77 | 31 | 11 | 12 | Y | Y | Y off, partially blocked | Computers, DEM, CP |
| 208 | 2503 | ND | 76 | 30 | 11 | 25 | Y | Y | Y |  |
| 209 | 1865 | ND | 75 | 26 | 12 | 8 | Y | N | N | DEM, PF |
| 209A | 1866 | ND | 75 | 26 | 7 | 0 | Y | N | Y off | PF dusty |
| 210 | 1382 | ND | 71 | 23 | 8 | 0 | Y | Y | Y | DEM, PF |
| 211 | 1226 | ND | 72 | 23 | 8 | 3 | Y | Y | Y | Sink needs caulking, stored cardboard |
| 212 | 1540 | ND | 75 | 23 | 10 | 5 | Y | Y | Y | DEM, plants |
| 212C | 1564 | ND | 75 | 25 | 10 | 9 | Y | Y | Y | Kitchen/sinks |
| 213 | 1404 | ND | 76 | 23 | 7 | 1 | Y | N | N | No supply or exhaust vents, history of sewer odors, former bathroom with capped sewer lines (w/concrete) |
| 214 | 1083 | ND | 70 | 22 | 7 | 9 | Y | Y |  | DEM, sink backsplash open and items under sink |
| 1st Floor | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cafeteria – rear | 1107 | ND | 72 | 29 | 8 | 22 | Y | Y | Y |  |
| Cafeteria - mid | 1038 | ND | 73 | 28 | 8 | 22 | Y | Y | Y | WD CTs |
| Lobby outside Cafeteria | 1419 | ND | 74 | 31 | 10 | 4 | N/door | Y | Y |  |
| Teacher's lunch | 749 | ND | 72 | 20 | 9 | 0 | Y | Y | Y |  |
| MCAS specialist | 1287 | ND | 76 | 25 | 8 | 1 | N |  |  | Items, meant as a storeroom |
| Health | 1161 | ND | 76 | 22 | 8 | 3 | N |  | Y on | Dumbwaiter, sealed |
| Health office | 1023 | ND | 75 | 21 | 6 | 0 | N | Y | Y |  |
| Dental office | 1023 | ND | 74 | 21 | 5 | 0 | N | Y | Y off | Sink |
| Root office | 963 | ND | 74 | 21 | 7 | 1 | N | Y | Y off | PC |
| Women's ADA staff restroom |  |  |  |  |  |  | N | N | Y off |  |
| Auditorium | 774 | ND | 73 | 21 | 6 | 12 | N | Y | Y off | Exhausts off on one side |
| Storage |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | MT |
| Custodian's office | 493 | ND | 70 | 24 | 12 | 1 | N |  |  |  |
| Office files | 699 | ND | 75 | 24 | 6 | 0 | N | N | N | NC |
| IO Clerks | 645 | ND | 74 | 22 | 6 | 1 | Y | N |  | Air conditioner, microwave, plant |
| Staff women’s restroom |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Y off |  |
| Avid/Plato | 697 | ND | 74 | 21 | 6 | 0 | N | N | N |  |
| Main Guidance Suite | 768 | ND | 75 | 22 | 6 | 3 | N | N |  | Fan between rooms |
| Miranda, Officer | 930 | ND | 75 | 23 | 6 | 1 | N | N |  | Fan between rooms, microwave, fridge, can |
| Dr. O'Malley | 782 | ND | 75 | 22 | 6 | 0 | Y | N |  | Air conditioner, missing tile, DO |
| Capstick | 748 | ND | 74 | 21 | 6 | 0 | Y | N |  | Air conditioner, draft |
| Main office | 848 | ND | 74 | 24 | 16 | 7 | Y | Y | Y | Interlocking CTs |
| 13 | 1394 | ND | 75 | 27 | 9 | 1 | N | N | N |  |
| 101 | 1011 | ND | 73 | 21 | 6 | 19 | Y | N | Y | No supply air vent |
| 103 | 1299 | ND | 74 | 26 | 5 | 24 | Y |  |  | DEM, broken light |
| 104 | 714 | ND | 73 | 19 | 4 | 2 | Y | N | Y | No supply air vent |
| 105 Guidance Suite: | 1010 | ND | 76 | 20 | 8 | 7 | Y | N | Y |  |
| -112 | 1044 | ND | 76 | 20 | 7 | 0 | Y | N | N |  |
| -3 | 844 | ND | 76 | 18 | 6 | 0 | Y | N | N | MT, CPs |
| -4 | 868 | ND | 77 | 18 | 5 | 0 | Y | N | N |  |
| -5 | 803 | ND | 77 | 18 | 5 | 0 | Y | N | N | MT |
| -6 | 783 | ND | 76 | 19 | 6 | 2 | Y | N | N | CP, No supply air vent |
| -Head counselor | 991 | ND | 77 | 20 | 5 | 1 | Y | N | N | HS, no caulking on windows |
| -Testing | 1068 | ND | 76 | 21 | 6 | 0 | Y | N | N |  |
| 106 | 1821 | ND | 76 | 29 | 7 | 25 | Y | N | Y | DEM, No supply vent |
| 107 | 1532 | ND | 74 | 27 | 9 | 14 | Y | N | Y | MT, DEM, HS, WD CTs, No supply vent |