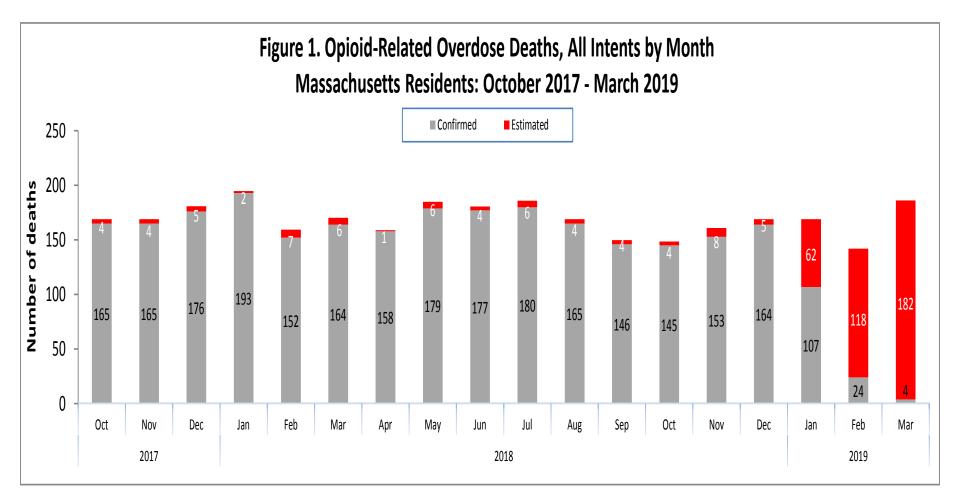
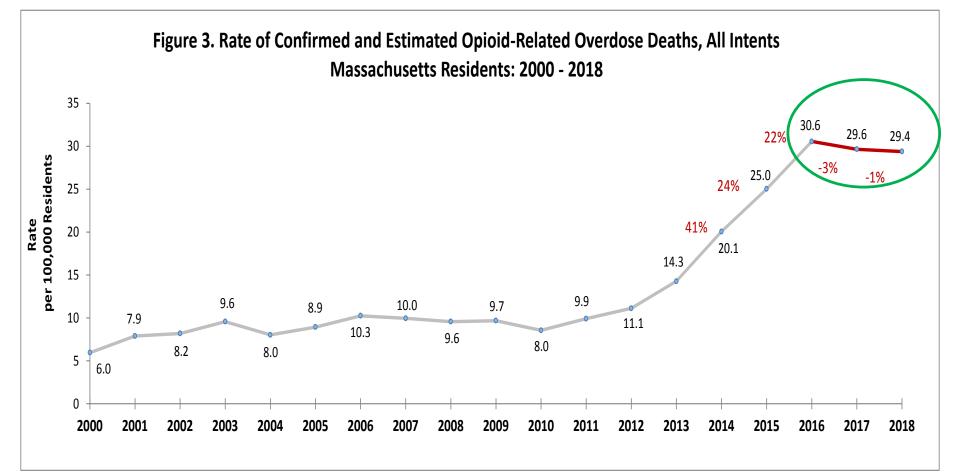


Preliminary data show 497 confirmed and estimated opioidrelated overdose deaths in the first quarter of 2019.



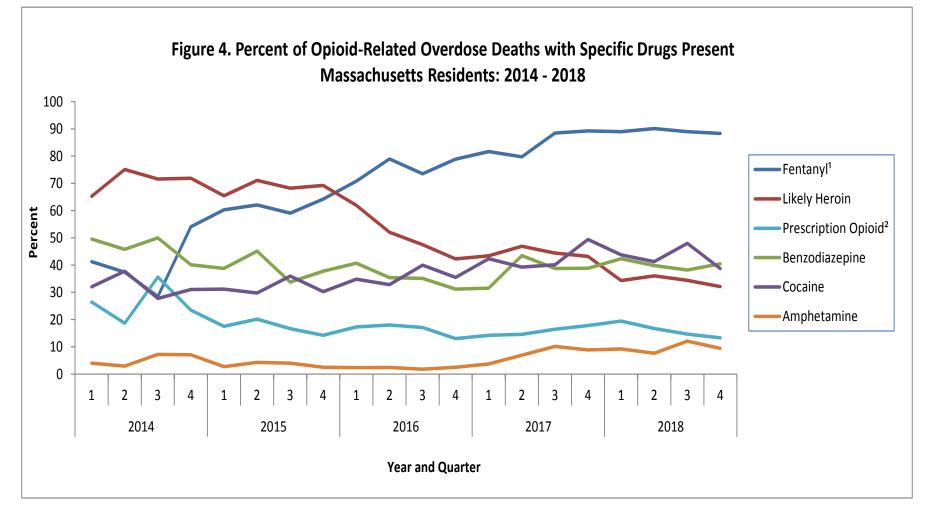


The <u>rate</u> of opioid-related overdose deaths decreased for a second straight year – for a total of an estimated 4% decrease from 2016 to 2018.



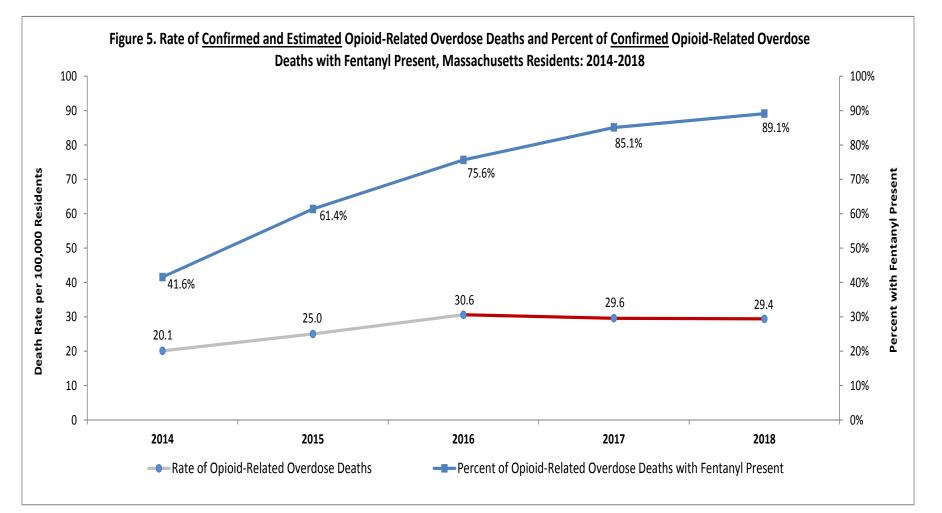


Fentanyl remains a key factor in opioid-related overdose deaths (89% present in toxicology screen) but we're also seeing a rise in some stimulants such as cocaine and amphetamines.





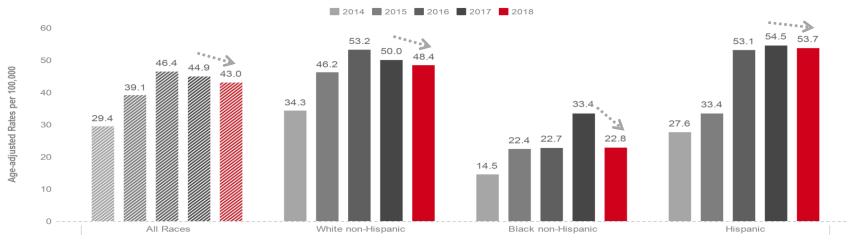
Although the presence of fentanyl in opioid-related overdose deaths continues to rise, the opioid-related overdose death rate has remained relatively stable since 2016.





Death rates for males of all races and ethnicities decreased between 2017 and 2018. However, males comprised 72% of all opioid-related overdose deaths in 2018.

Confirmed Opioid-Related Overdose Death Rates, All Intents, by Race and Hispanic Ethnicity Male



All Intents Opioids Deaths by Gender



Male (72%) 📕 Female (28%)

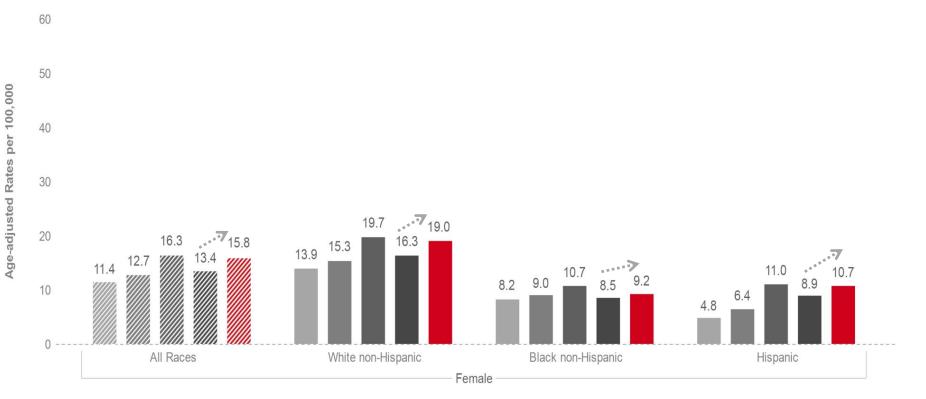


The confirmed opioid-related overdose death rates for females of all races and ethnicities increased in 2018 compared with 2017.

Confirmed Opioid-Related Overdose Death Rates, All Intents, by Race and Hispanic Ethnicity

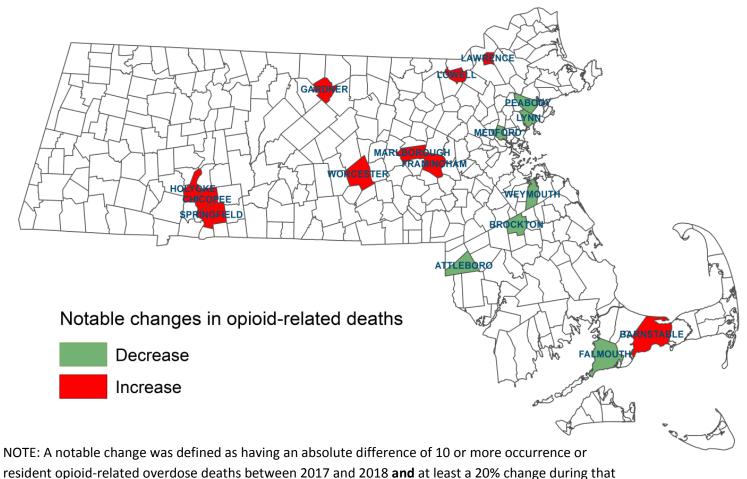
Female

2014 2015 2016 2017 2018





There was some clustering of cities and towns that experienced notable increases or decreases in opioid-related overdose deaths between 2017 and 2018.



period.