# Applicant Briefing

## March 13-14, 2018 Severe Winter Storm and Snowstorm





# AGENDA

FEMA Public Assistance Program

- Eligible Categories of Work
- Snow Assistance
- Eligible Work/Costs
- Project Time Limits
- Special Considerations
- Reimbursement State Standard Contracts
- PA Delivery Process / Grants Portal <a>New</a>

## FEMA-4379-DR-MA Major Disaster Declaration

#### DECLARATION DATE: July 19, 2018

- INCIDENT PERIOD: March 13-14, 2018 Severe Winter Storm and Snowstorm
- DECLARED AREAS: Essex, Middlesex, Norfolk, Suffolk, and Worcester Counties

#### AUTHORIZED DISASTER ASSISTANCE:

FEMA Public Assistance Program, and Statewide Hazard Mitigation Grant Program

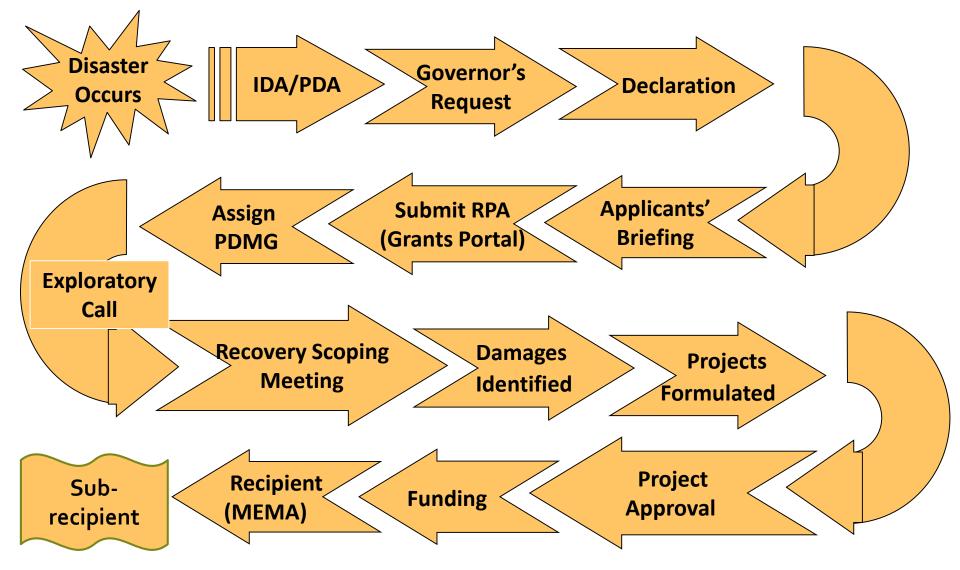
## FEMA Public Assistance (PA) Program

To provide <u>supplemental</u> financial assistance to state, local and tribal governments, and certain private non-profit organizations for emergency work and the repair or replacement of disaster-damaged facilities.

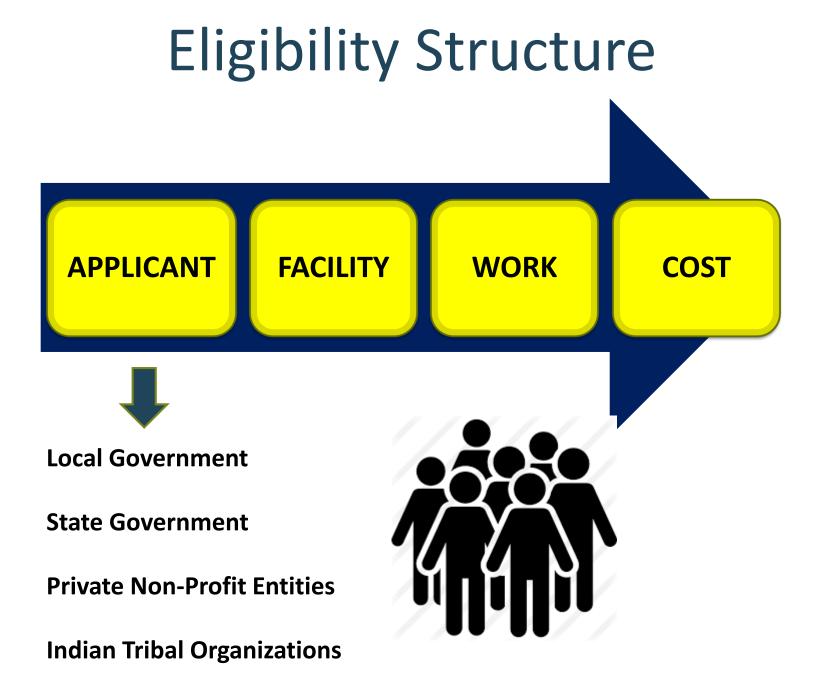
Funding is cost shared at a federal share of no less than 75% of eligible costs.



#### **New PA Delivery Process**



PDMG -> FEMA Program Manager



#### Request for Public Assistance (RPA)

One RPA per applicant

**REGISTERED PORTAL USERS**: Apply directly in Grants Portal

**UNREGISTERED PORTAL USERS**: Sign up or complete/submit RPA at briefing or email to <u>disaster.recovery@mass.gov</u>

Submit RPA by no later than filing deadline date of August 18, 2018

<u>**PRIMARY CONTACT**</u> – Available point of contact who will oversee and manage projects and provide all project information to FEMA/MEMA

<u>ALTERNATE CONTACT</u> – Individual who is responsible for executing state standard contracts for reimbursement

#### Private Non-Profit Entities (PNPs) and the Small Business Administration

<u>**Critical PNPs</u>** - PNPs that provide "critical services" which include power, water, sewer, wastewater treatment, communications, educational institutions and emergency medical care may apply directly to FEMA for a disaster grant for emergency and permanent repair costs.</u>

Non-critical PNPs - Non-critical PNPs may apply directly to FEMA for funding for emergency repair costs. For permanent repair costs, non-critical PNPs must apply to the Small Business Administration (SBA) for a disaster loan. If a PNP is declined an SBA loan or the loan does not cover all eligible damages work, the applicant may reapply for FEMA PA Funding.

#### Private Non-profit Entities Application Procedures

✓ Request for Public Assistance



- ✓ A ruling letter from the U.S. Internal Revenue Service granting tax exemption under Sections 501(c), (d), or (e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954
- PNP Certification Sheet and PNP Facility Questionnaire, Mission statement or brochure of organization
- ✓ DUNS Number
- ✓ Employer Identification Number (EIN)

## **Categories of Work**

#### **EMERGENCY WORK**

- Category A Debris Removal
- Category B Emergency Protective Measures
- Category B Snow Assistance

#### **PERMANENT WORK**

- Category C Roads and Bridges
- Category D Water Control Facilities
- Category E Buildings and Equipment
- Category F Utilities
- Category G Parks, Recreational Facilities

## SNOW ASSISTANCE

Eligible snow assistance may include snow removal, de-icing, salting, snow dumps, and sanding of roads and other facilities when a winter storm event results in record or near-record snowfall.





# ELIGIBLE PERIOD OF SNOW ASSISTANCE 48 HOUR PERIOD

Each applicant may select its own 48-hour period during which it incurred the highest eligible snow assistance costs.



FEMA will provide reimbursement for a continuous 48-hour period for the <u>overtime</u> cost only of an applicant's regularly-employed personnel.

Contract labor including temporary hires is an eligible cost, as are the costs of equipment and materials used in the performance of eligible emergency work.

## SNOW ASSISTANCE DOCUMENTATION

✓ Snow Assistance Cover Letter

Project Cost Summary

✓ Backup documentation

## Category A – Debris Removal

Debris removal activities, such as clearance, removal, and disposal

DOCUMENT THESE ITEMS ...

- ✓ Quantity and type of debris
  - Hauled to a temporary staging site
  - Reduced, including reduction method (i.e., chipped, burned)
  - Hauled to a final disposal site
  - Recycled
- ✓ Pick up locations
- ✓ Debris monitor reports, load slips, etc.

\* Debris removal work must be specifically related to March 13-14 Storm Event



#### Sandy Recovery Improvement Act (SRIA) DEBRIS REMOVAL

An applicant may elect to participate in the SRIA Alternative Procedures for debris removal. This offers reimbursement for:

- Force account regular and overtime wages for Public Assistance applicants performing or administering debris removal activities
- SRIA Debris Form
- One-time two percent increase Federal cost share for a FEMA-accepted debris management plan

#### Category B – Emergency Protective Measures

Save lives and protect public health and safety may include, but not limited to:

- Police / Fire
- Pre-positioning resources
- EOC
- Generators
- Sandbagging
- Evacuations / Sheltering
- Temporary emergency repairs
- Mold remediation
- Temporary repairs
- Demolition of unsafe structures



#### Category C – Roads, Bridges

Road surfaces, bases, shoulders,



ditches, drainage structures, low water crossings

Bridge decking and pavement, piers, abutments, approaches

Permanent restoration of any facility, whether a road, bridge, or related structure, that is part of the Federal Aid route or falls under the authority of the Federal Highway Administration is not eligible for Public Assistance.

Private roads, including homeowners' association roads are not eligible

#### Category D – Water Control Facilities



Dams, reservoirs, levees, engineered drainage channels, canals, sediment basins, pumping facilities.

Maintenance records and surveys must be provided showing pre-disaster condition and capacity.

Insurance Policy

#### Category E – Buildings & Equipment



Buildings, structural components, interior systems such as mechanical work, equipment, and contents including furnishings.

The owners of insured buildings and equipment must provide a copy of the insurance policy and the statement of loss as soon as possible.

#### Category F – Public Utilities





- Water treatment plants and delivery systems;
- Power generation and distribution facilities;
- Sewage collection systems and treatment plants; and
- Communications

The owners of insured facilities must provide a copy of the insurance policy and the statement of loss as soon as possible.

#### Category G – Parks, Recreation, Beaches





Eligible publicly owned facilities in this category include, but not limited to:

- Mass transit facilities
- Playgrounds, ball fields, tennis courts
- Cemeteries
- Boat docks, piers, seawalls
- Beaches, bath houses

PNP-owned parks and recreational facilities are not eligible, nor are the supporting facilities, such as roads, buildings, and utilities.

## 2 CFR 200 - Procurement

All applicants must adhere to federal, state, and local procurement standards, whichever is most stringent.

Key areas to review for changes or increased requirements:

- Conflict of Interest Disclosures (200.112)
- Compliance Disclosures (200.113)
- Internal Control Standards (200.303)
- Local and PNP Procurement (200.318-326)
- Federal and Non-federal Sub-recipient Monitoring (220.331)

## **Special Considerations**

Special considerations could affect the scope of work and funding for a project. Applicants have a critical role in identifying special consideration issues.

- Insurance
- Hazard Mitigation
- Environmental
- Historic Preservation



## **Insurance Requirements**



- ✓ As a condition for receiving Public Assistance for permanent work, an applicant must obtain and maintain insurance to cover that facility for the hazard that caused the damage.
- Full insurance documents must be uploaded in Grants
  Portal. FEMA is unable to review projects if the insurance
  documents are not attached.
  - PA Applicant Insurance Requirements Fact Sheet

#### **Public Assistance Hazard Mitigation Section 406**

#### DID YOU KNOW?



Every \$1 spent on mitigation saved an average of \$4

Cost effective measures that reduce or eliminate the potential for damages to a facility from a future event. For a hazard mitigation proposal to be eligible for funding under Public Assistance, the measure must apply only to the damaged elements of the eligible facility.

Prior to start of work, the mitigation proposal must be reviewed and approved by FEMA staff to ensure eligibility, technical feasibility, environmental and historic preservation compliance, and cost effectiveness.

#### Hazard Mitigation Grant Program Section 404

- Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) provides funds for hazard mitigation projects following a PA declared disaster (not an annual allocation)
- HMGP funds are available '<u>statewide</u>' (not just in declared counties)
- 'All-hazard' mitigation grant program (flood, wind, seismic, etc.)
- HMGP provides a State with up to 15 percent of the total disaster grants awarded by FEMA. (*Individual Assistance* + *Public Assistance* \* 15% = HMGP Funds)

## **Environmental/ Historic Preservation**







The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) requires all federal agencies ensure that due consideration is given to the environment during project development.

Some projects that require environmental review:

- Debris disposal and staging areas
- Historic properties (buildings, structures, sites, objects)
- Where the footprint is different than pre-disaster conditions
- Threatened or endangered species, wetlands or floodplains

Make sure to adhere to State and local laws (permits, conditions, etc)

## FORCE ACCOUNT LABOR

Labor performed by an applicant's full-time permanent, part time/temporary, and/or reassigned employees. FEMA reimburses force account labor based on actual hourly rates plus fringe benefits.

**For emergency work,** only OVERTIME costs are eligible for force account labor. IF SRIA DEBRIS REMOVAL IS ELECTED, THAN REGULAR AND OVERTIME ARE ELIGIBLE.

**For permanent work,** both REGULAR and OVERTIME labor and fringe benefit costs are eligible for force account labor

- ✓ Project Cost Summary
- ✓ Timecards, payroll reports, collective bargaining contracts



#### FEMA PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM PROJECT COST SUMMARY



APPLICANT NAME:		C	DATE SUBMITTED:	
PROJECT LOCATION:				
DESCRIPTION OF DAMAGE:				
% WORK COMPLETE:		Date Work Complete:		
TYPE OF WORK	EXPENDED AMOUNT	FUTURE EXPENDED AMOUNT	TOTAL EXPENDED AMOUNT	
Force Account Labor	\$10,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$15,000.00	
Force Account Equipment	\$18,000.00	\$6,000.00	\$24,000.00	
Material	\$5,000.00	\$0.00	\$5,000.00	
Contract Work	\$98,500.00	\$12,000.00	\$110,500.00	
Rented Equipment	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	
Direct Administrative Cost	\$500.00	\$100.00	\$600.00	
TOTAL AMOUNT REQUESTED:	\$132,000.00	\$23,100.00	\$155,100.00	
NOTES:				

To locate form: Go to <u>www.mass.gov/mema</u>, scroll down to "MEMA Resources for Public Officials" and click "Disaster Recovery Programs." Then, click "FEMA Public Assistance: Local, State, Tribal, and Non-Profit." Click "MEMA Forms for Public Assistance Projects." Select "Project Cost Summary."



FEMA may provide PA funding for costs associated with stand-by time incurred in preparation for and directly related to actions necessary to save lives, or protect health and safety. Examples of when FEMA will reimburse stand-by costs include, but not limited to:

- First responders who are prudently deployed for the purpose of evacuating or providing emergency medical care in order to save lives or protect health and safety;
- When a union contract requires payment for stand-by time
- The stand-by occurred when it was necessary to have resources available to save lives or protect health and safety.

## EQUIPMENT

FORCE ACCOUNT EQUIPMENT

Regular and overtime costs are eligible

- ✓ Project Cost Summary
- Equipment Inventory List
- ✓ "2017 FEMA Schedule of Equipment Rates" (includes operation, depreciation, fuel, maintenance and most repairs)

#### **RENTED EQUIPMENT**

- ✓ Project Cost Summary
- ✓ Rental agreement, invoices and proofs of payment

## MATERIALS

The costs associated with material and supplies that were purchased or taken from an applicant's stock as a direct result of the declared storm event may be claimed.

Material costs must be reasonable

- Project Cost Summary
- Invoices and proofs of payment

## CONTRACT WORK

Awarded contracts must comply with all federal, state and local requirements



- ✓ Construction / Engineering
- Contract must show a clear and definitive scope of work
- ✓ Changes in Scope of Work
- Time and material
  - Project Cost Summary
  - Advertisement, bid list/prices, award letter, engineering designs/plans (if applicable), and copy of contract.
  - Invoices, and proofs of payment

## Direct Administrative Costs (DAC)

Direct administrative costs include REASONABLE costs that can be tracked, charged, and accounted for directly to a specific project (PW), such as staff time to complete field inspections, preparation of a PW, and make interim and final inspections of the project.

- ✓ Project Cost Summary
- ✓ Narrative/Description of work performed
- ✓ Timesheets/Payroll Registers

## Small Project Certification

Small Projects = Project under \$125,500

#### SMALL PROJECTS 100% COMPLETE

#### **OPTION 1: SELF-CERTIFICATION (Categories B-G)**

- ✓ Self-certification Form
- ✓ FEMA Summary Forms
- $\checkmark$  No detailed backup needed
- \*\*Sub-recipients must still maintain all supporting documentation for 7 years\*\*

#### **OPTION 2: NON-SELF CERTIFICATION (Categories A-G)**

- ✓ Project Cost Summary
- ✓ Submit all detailed backup

#### SMALL & LARGE PROJECTS LESS THAN 100% COMPLETE

- ✓ Categories A-G
- ✓ Project Cost Summary
- ✓ Need all detailed backup

## **Project Completion Time Limits**



Time frames for completing eligible work are measured from the date of the declaration.

Type of Work	Months after Declaration		
Snow Assistance (48-hour period only)			
Debris Removal	6 months – 1/19/2019		
<b>Emergency Protective Measures</b>	6 months – 1/19/2019		
Permanent Work	18 months – 1/19/2020		

If extenuating circumstances or unusual project conditions exist, a time extension may be requested through MEMA <u>before the</u> <u>established time frame expires</u>.

## State Standard Contract / Payment Process

- Project Worksheet (PW) is obligated by FEMA
- MEMA Contract Specialist will prepare contract package



- Contract package is e-mailed to sub-recipient
- Return contract package within 30 days of receipt. Must be "wet signature": e-mail, fax, or photocopies are not acceptable

## State Standard Contract / Payment Process

- Contract package is received back at MEMA and reviewed for completeness
  - ✓ If any form is missing or not signed, the Contract Specialist will contact Sub-recipient for corrections. Please make sure all corrections are taken care of in a timely manner.
  - ✓ If all forms are filled out correctly and signed, contract package is executed through our fiscal department.
  - ✓ Once contract is executed, if warranted, reimbursement will be made. Sub-recipient will receive notification when reimbursement will be released and a copy of the executed contract will be sent by e-mail.
  - ✓ If reimbursement cannot be made at that time, such as a large project that is not complete or other circumstances, the sub-recipient will be notified of this.

#### State Standard Contract / Payment Process

It is very important that close attention be paid to contract end dates. All work must be completed in the period of performance time frame, not the contract date. Contract will be written based on period of performance end date or project completion date.

If you need a time extension to complete the work, please ask for the time extension at least 60 days before the period of performance/contract ends. This should give us enough time to do a contract amendment in order to avoid a lapsed contract.

## **Quarterly Progress Reporting**

Sub-recipients must adhere to regulatory requirements for receiving federal funding under the FEMA Public Assistance Program, including quarterly reporting on open projects, time limits for completing work and proper project and program closeout.

Progress reports are critical to ensuring that FEMA and MEMA have up-to-date information on all open projects. Progress reports must describe in detail current and future activities, including a detailed work schedule. In addition, provide all documentation with Federal, State and local agencies pertaining to the project (i.e., environmental permits, historic and/or insurance).

✓ Progress Report Form

# New PA Delivery Process and Grants Portal Training

