



Commonwealth of Massachusetts  
Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs

## Department of Environmental Protection

Address: 100 Cambridge Street, Suite 900, Boston MA 02114 | Phone: 617-292-5500

**Maura T. Healey**  
Governor

**Kim Driscoll**  
Lieutenant Governor

**Rebecca Tepper**  
Secretary

**Bonnie Heiple**  
Commissioner

**DRAFT**

**December 23, 2025**

James Callahan  
Town of Hinsdale Public Works  
156 Maple Street  
Hinsdale, MA 01235

RE: Hinsdale Water Department  
PWS Number: 1132000  
WMA Permit #9P2-1-02-132.01  
Action: Draft Renewed Permit

Dear Mr. Callahan:

Please find the attached documents:

- **DRAFT** Findings of Fact in Support of the Renewed Permit #9P2-1-02-132.01; and
- **DRAFT** Water Management Act Permit #9P2-1-02-132.01 (Housatonic Basin) for the Hinsdale Water Department.

Consistent with 310 CMR 36.27 (6)-(8) of the Water Management Act Regulations, the Department will now publish notice in the Environmental Monitor that a DRAFT Permit is available for review and comment for 30 days following **December 23, 2025** publication in the Environmental Monitor. Notice of the public comment period will also be sent to all registrants, permittees and those having non-consumptive use statements within the Housatonic Basin. The Department expects to issue the final permit within 30 days of the close of the public comment period.

The signature on this cover letter indicates formal issuance of the attached document. If you have any questions regarding this information, please contact Shi Chen at 857-360-0042 or via e-mail at [shi.chen@state.ma.us](mailto:shi.chen@state.ma.us).

Very truly yours,

Duane LeVangie,  
Chief, Water Management Program  
Bureau of Water Resources

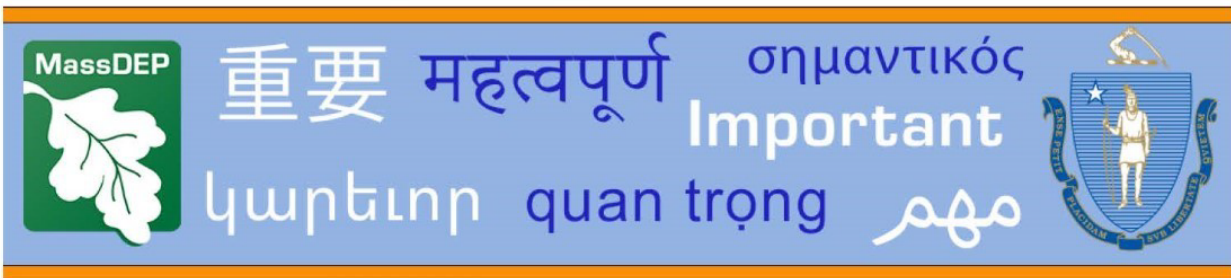
mass.gov.sharepoint.com/W:\DWPWMA\Permits Renewals\Housatonic\Hinsdale-1132000-  
Hinsdale Water Department-9P210213201-**Draft Permit -2025-12-23**

Ecc: Jen Pederson, MWWA

Lydia Olson, Massachusetts Rivers Alliance

Soloe Dennis, DRD, MassDEP, WERO

Ray Huntoon, Town of Hinsdale Select Board Chair



## Communication for Non-English-Speaking Parties

***This document is important and should be translated immediately.***

If you need this document translated, please contact MassDEP's Director of EJ at the telephone number listed below.

### **Español Spanish**

Este documento es importante y debe ser traducido de inmediato. Si necesita este documento traducido, comuníquese con la Directora de Diversidad de MassDEP al número de teléfono que aparece más abajo.

### **Português Portuguese**

Este é um documento importante e deve ser traduzido imediatamente. Se precisar de uma tradução deste documento, entre em contato com o Diretor de Diversidade da MassDEP nos números de telefone listados abaixo.

### **繁體中文 Chinese Traditional**

本文件非常重要，應立即翻譯。如果您需要翻譯這份文件，請用下面列出的電話號碼聯絡 MassDEP 多元化負責人。

### **简体中文 Chinese Simplified**

本文件非常重要，應立即翻譯。如果您需要翻譯這份文件，請用下面列出的電話號碼與 MassDEP 的多元化主任聯繫。

### **Ayisyen Kreyòl Haitian Creole**

Dokiman sa-a se yon bagay enpòtan epi yo ta dwe tradwi l imedyatman. Si ou bezwen dokimar sa a tradwi, tanpri kontakte Direktè Divèsite MassDEP la nan nimewo telefòn endike anba.

### **Việt Vietnamese**

Tài liệu này rất quan trọng và cần được dịch ngay lập tức. Nếu quý vị cần dịch tài liệu này, xin liên lạc với Giám đốc Đa dạng của MassDEP theo các số điện thoại ghi dưới đây.

### **ប្រទេសកម្ពុជា Khmer/Cambodian**

ឯកសារនេះគឺសំខាន់ហើយត្រូវបានបកប្រែភ្លាមៗ។ ប្រសិនបើអ្នកត្រូវការឱ្យគេបកប្រែឯកសារនេះ សូមទាក់ទងមកនាយកផ្នែកពិពិធកម្មរបស់ MassDEP តាមលេខទូរស័ព្ទខាងក្រោម។

### **Kriolu Kabuverdianu Cape Verdean**

*Kel dokumentu li é inportáti y debe ser traduzidu imidiatamenti. Se bu meste di kel dokumentu traduzidu, pur favor kontakta Diretor di Diversidádi di MassDEP na numeru abaxu indikadu.*



**Contact Deneen Simpson 857-406-0738**

**Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection  
100 Cambridge Street 9<sup>th</sup> Floor Boston, MA 02114**

TTY# MassRelay Service 1-800-439-2370 • <https://www.mass.gov/environmental-justice>  
(Version revised 4.21.2023) 310 CMR 1.03(5)(a)

## Русский Russian

Это важный документ, и он должен быть безотлагательно переведен. Если вам нужен перевод данного документа, пожалуйста, свяжитесь с директором по вопросам многообразия (Diversity Director) компании MassDEP по указанному ниже телефону.

## العربية Arabic

هذه الوثيقة مهمة ويجب ترجمتها على الفور. إذا كنت بحاجة إلى هذه الوثيقة مترجمة، يرجى الاتصال بمدير التنوع PMassDE على أرقام الهواتف المدرجة أدناه.

## 한국어 Korean

이 문서는 중요하고 즉시 번역해야 합니다. 이 문서의 번역이 필요하시다면, 아래의 전화 번호로 MassDEP의 다양성 담당 이사에 문의하시기 바랍니다.

## հայերեն Armenian

Այս փաստաթուղթը կարևոր է և պետք է անմիջապես թարգմանվի:  
Եթե Ձեզ անհրաժեշտ է այս փաստաթուղթը թարգմանել, դիմեք MassDEP-ի բազմազանության տնօրենին ստորև նշված հեռախոսահամարով:

## فارسی Farsi Persian

این سند مهم است و باید فوراً ترجمه شود.  
اگر به ترجمه این سند نیاز دارید، لطفاً با مدیر بخش تنوع نژادی MassDEP به شماره تلفن ذکر شده در زیر تماس بگیرید.

## Français French

Ce document est important et devrait être traduit immédiatement. Si vous avez besoin de ce document traduit, veuillez communiquer avec le directeur de la diversité MassDEP aux numéros de téléphone indiqués ci-dessous.

## Deutsch German

Dieses Dokument ist wichtig und sollte sofort übersetzt werden. Sofern Sie eine Übersetzung dieses Dokuments benötigen, wenden Sie sich bitte an den Diversity Director MassDEP unter der unten aufgeführten Telefonnummer.

## Ελληνική Greek

Το παρόν έγγραφο είναι σημαντικό και θα πρέπει να μεταφραστεί αμέσως. Αν χρειάζεστε μετάφραση του παρόντος εγγράφου, παρακαλούμε επικοινωνήστε με τον Διευθυντή Διαφορετικότητας του MassDEP στους αριθμούς τηλεφώνου που αναγράφονται παρακάτω.

## Italiano Italian

Comunicazione per parti che non parlano inglese. Questo documento è importante e dovrebbe essere tradotto immediatamente. Se avete bisogno di questo documento tradotto, potete contattare il Direttore di Diversità di MassDEP al numero di telefono elencato di seguito.

## Język Polski Polish

Dokument ten jest ważny i powinien zostać natychmiast przetłumaczony. Jeśli potrzebujesz przetłumaczonej wersji dokumentu, prosimy o kontakt z dyrektorem ds. różnorodności MassDEP pod jednym z numerów telefonu wymienionych poniżej.

## हिन्दी Hindi

यह दस्तावेज़ महत्वपूर्ण है और इसका तुरंत अनुवाद किया जाना चाहिए. यदि आपको इस दस्तावेज़ का अनुवाद करने की आवश्यकता है, तो कृपया नीचे सूचीबद्ध टेलीफोन नंबरों पर मासडेप्स डाइवर्सिटी के निदेशक से संपर्क करें.

Contact Deneen Simpson 857-406-0738

Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection  
100 Cambridge Street 9<sup>th</sup> Floor Boston, MA 02114

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**Findings of Fact in Support of**  
**DRAFT Water Management Permit # 9P2-1-02-132.01**  
**Hinsdale Water Department**

The Department of Environmental Protection (the Department) makes the following Findings of Fact in support of the attached Water Management Permit #9P2-1-02-132.01, and includes herewith its reasons for issuing the Permit and for conditions of approval imposed, as required by M.G.L. c. 21G, § 11. The issuance of this permit is in response to a water withdrawal permit renewal application submitted on November 13, 2015 by the Hinsdale Water Department (Hinsdale) for the purpose of public water supply.

### **Permit Expiration Date**

The Renewed WMA Permit will be in effect until May 31, 2032 in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Water Management Act Regulations, 310 CMR 36.17.

### **The Water Management Act (M.G.L. c. 21G)**

The Water Management Act (Act) requires MassDEP to issue permits that balance a variety of factors including without limitation:

- Impact of the withdrawal on other water sources;
- Time of year when the withdrawal will be made;
- Water available within the safe yield of the water source;
- Reasonable protection of existing water uses, land values, investments and enterprises;
- Proposed use of the water and other existing or projected uses of water from the water source;
- Municipal and Massachusetts Water Resources Commission (WRC) water resource management plans;
- Reasonable conservation consistent with efficient water use;
- Reasonable protection of public drinking water supplies, water quality, wastewater treatment capacity, waste assimilation capacity, groundwater recharge areas, navigation, hydropower resources, water-based recreation, wetland habitat, fish and wildlife, agriculture, flood plains; and
- Reasonable economic development and job creation.

## **Water Management Regulation Revisions**

In 2010 the Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs (EEA) convened the Sustainable Water Management Initiative (SWMI) for the purpose of incorporating the best available science into the management of the Commonwealth's water resources. SWMI was a multi-year process that included a wide range of stakeholders and support from the Departments of Environmental Protection, Fish and Game, and Conservation and Recreation. In November 2012 the Massachusetts Sustainable Water Management Initiative Framework Summary (<https://www.mass.gov/files/documents/2016/08/wf/swmi-framework-nov-2012.pdf>) was released.

On November 7, 2014, MassDEP adopted revised Water Management Regulations at 310 CMR 36.00 that incorporate elements of the SWMI framework and the Water Conservation Standards adopted by the Massachusetts WRC. The regulations reflect a carefully developed balance to protect the health of Massachusetts' water bodies while meeting the needs of businesses and communities for water.

Without limitation, MassDEP has incorporated the following into Water Management permitting:

- Safe yield determinations for the major river basins based on a new methodology developed through SWMI. For a water source where an estimate of natural annualized streamflow is not applicable because the water source is groundwater-driven, the Safe Yield is determined through estimates of groundwater recharge during drought conditions. For more information on the Safe Yield methodology, go to the November 28, 2012 SWMI Framework Summary and Appendices;
- Water needs forecasts for public water suppliers developed by the Department of Conservation and Recreation, Office of Water Resources (DCR), using a methodology reviewed and approved by the Massachusetts WRC;
- Water supply protection measures for public water supplies including Zone II delineations for groundwater sources, and wellhead and surface water protection measures as required by Massachusetts Drinking Water Regulations (310 CMR 22.00);
- Water conservation and performance standards reviewed and approved by the WRC in July 2018 (<https://www.mass.gov/files/documents/2018/09/11/ma-water-conservation-standards-2018.pdf>), including;
  - performance standard of 10% or less unaccounted-for-water;
  - seasonal limits on nonessential outdoor water use;
  - a water conservation program that includes leak detection and repair, full metering of the system and proper maintenance of the meters, periodic review of pricing, and education and outreach to residents and industrial and commercial water users;
- Environmental protections developed through SWMI, including;
  - protection for coldwater fish resources;

- mitigation of the impacts of increasing withdrawals.

### **Safe Yield in the Housatonic Basin**

This permit is being issued under the safe yield methodology adopted by the Department on November 7, 2014, and described in the regulations at 310 CMR 36.13. As of the date of issuance of this permit, the safe yield for the Housatonic Basin is 96.40 million gallons per day (MGD), and total allocated withdrawals are 30.61 MGD. The renewed permit decreases the total allocation by 0.13 MGD, for a total allocation in the Housatonic Basin of 30.48 MGD. The maximum withdrawals that will be authorized in this permit, and all other permits currently under review by the Department within the Housatonic Basin, will be within the safe yield and may be further conditioned as outlined in the regulations.

### **Findings of Fact for Permit Conditions in Hinsdale's Water Management Act Permit**

The following Findings of Fact for the special conditions included in the permit generally describe the rationale and background for each special condition in the DRAFT permit. This summary of permit special conditions is not intended to, and should not be construed as, modifying any of the permit special conditions. In the event of any ambiguity between this summary and the actual permit conditions, the permit language shall control.

**Special Condition 1, Maximum Authorized Annual Average Withdrawal Volume,** reflects the authorized annual average withdrawal volume for the life of this permit. The withdrawal volume for Hinsdale has been reduced to 0.12 million gallons per day (MGD).

According to the *Refinement and Evaluation of the Massachusetts Firm-yield Estimator Model Version 2.0* (Scientific Investigations Report 2011-5125) published by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) in 2011, the Belmont Reservoir has a firm yield estimate of 0.12 MGD. Hinsdale confirmed that the peak usage for the system is around 0.12 MGD in the summer. Therefore, the authorized annual average withdrawal volume has been decreased from 0.25 MGD to 0.12 MGD in the renewed permit.

**Special Condition 2, Maximum Authorized Daily Withdrawals from Each Withdrawal Point,** identifies the MassDEP approved maximum daily withdrawal rate for Hinsdale's permitted source, Belmont Reservoir is 0.25 MGD. This is based on the capacity of Hinsdale's slow sand filtration plant.

**New Special Condition 3, Firm Yield of Surface Water Supplies,** MassDEP accepts the firm yield of 0.12 MGD calculated for the Belmont Reservoir in *Refinement and Evaluation of the Massachusetts Firm-yield Estimator Model Version 2.0* (Scientific Investigations Report 2011-5125) published by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) in 2011. This condition limits annual average daily withdrawals to 0.12 MGD from the Belmont Reservoir.

**Special Condition 4, Water Supply Source Protection,** requires surface water protection controls to collectively prohibit the siting of new and expanded land uses within Zone A,

pursuant to 310 CMR 22.20 C(2). Hinsdale shall contact MassDEP to have its existing local water supply protection bylaw reviewed for compliance, or to adopt a local water supply protection bylaw.

**Special Condition 5, Performance Standard for Residential Gallons Per Capita Day (RGPCD) Water Use**, for all PWS permittees is 65 RGPCD. Hinsdale was required to be in compliance with the 65 RGPCD by December 31, 2015 or to file an RGPCD Plan or implement the MassDEP RGPCD Functional Equivalence Plan if it does not meet the 65 RGPCD performance standard by December 31, 2015. Hinsdale has consistently exceeded the 65 RGPCD performance standard and MassDEP has no record of having received a RGPCD Plan or of Hinsdale having implemented the MassDEP RGPCD Functional Equivalence Plan. Therefore, Hinsdale is required to develop and implement a functional equivalence plan as set forth in Appendix A: Functional Equivalence with the 65 RGPCD Performance Standard. The functional equivalence plan should be filed with the 2025 Annual Statistical Report (ASR).

**Special Condition 6, Performance Standard for Unaccounted for Water**, for all PWS permittees is 10% or less of overall water withdrawal for 2 of the most recent 3 years throughout the permit period. Hinsdale was required to accurately meter 100% of its distribution system by May 31, 2014 and to remain in compliance with the 10% UAW Performance Standard by December 31, 2015, or to file a UAW Plan or implement the MassDEP UAW Functional Equivalence Plan if it does not meet the 10% UAW performance standard by December 31, 2015. Hinsdale reported in the Water Conservation Questionnaire dated November 8, 2024 that 100% of the system is metered. However, MassDEP records show that Hinsdale has not been in compliance with the UAW Performance Standard of 10% since 2019 and MassDEP has no record of a UAW Plan being submitted or of Hinsdale having implemented the MassDEP UAW Functional Equivalence Plan. Hinsdale has completed an American Water Works Association (AWWA) M36 Audit funded by MassDEP in 2025. Hinsdale shall develop a water loss control program and file it with the 2026 ASR.

**Special Condition 7, Seasonal Limits on Nonessential Outdoor Water Use**, reflects the restrictions on nonessential outdoor water use from May through September. The options outlined in this Special Condition are based on:

- The August net groundwater depletion (NGD)<sup>1</sup> where the permittee's groundwater sources are located;
- The permittee's compliance with the RGPCD performance standard during the preceding year;

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<sup>1</sup> The Water Management Regulations, 310 CMR 36.03, define August net groundwater depletion to mean the unimpeded median flow for August minus 2000-2004 groundwater withdrawals plus 2000-2004 groundwater returns described by U.S. Geological Survey in *Indicators of Streamflow Alteration, Habitat Fragmentation, Impervious Cover and Water Quality for Massachusetts Stream Basins*.

- The permittee's choice to implement restrictions either continuously throughout the irrigation season, or only when streamflow falls below trigger levels at an assigned USGS local stream gage; and
- The 7-day Low Flow value that triggers more stringent restrictions on non-essential water use.

Each year Hinsdale may choose one of two options for implementing nonessential outdoor watering restrictions.

1. Calendar triggered restrictions: Restrictions shall be implemented from May 1<sup>st</sup> through September 30<sup>th</sup>. Many public water suppliers will find this option easier to implement and enforce than the streamflow triggered approach.
2. Streamflow triggered restrictions: Restrictions shall be implemented at those times when streamflow falls below designated flow triggers measured at an assigned web-based, real-time U.S. Geologic Survey (USGS) stream gage from May 1<sup>st</sup> through September 30<sup>th</sup>. At a minimum, restrictions shall commence when streamflow falls below the trigger for three consecutive days. Once implemented, the restrictions shall remain in place until streamflow at the assigned USGS local stream gage meets or exceeds the trigger streamflow for seven consecutive days. The streamflow triggers are based on flow levels that are protective of habitat for fish spawning during the spring and for fish rearing and growth during the summer.

If Hinsdale selects the streamflow approach, it shall rely on local stream gage #01197000-East Branch Housatonic River at Coltsville, MA. The local gage streamflow triggers at this site are 56 cubic feet per second (cfs) for May and June and 23 cfs for July, August, and September. Should the reliability of flow measures at the Housatonic River gage be so impaired as to question its accuracy, Hinsdale may request, subject to MassDEP's review and approval, to transfer to another gage to trigger restrictions. MassDEP reserves the right to require use of a different gage.

The 7-Day Low-flow Trigger, at which restrictions increase is incorporated into both Calendar and Streamflow Triggered restrictions in order to provide additional protection to streamflows when flows are very low. The 7-day low-flow trigger is based on the median value of the annual 7-day low flows for the period of record. The 7-day low-flow trigger for the East Branch Housatonic River at Coltsville, MA gage is 19 cfs.

Hinsdale may choose to implement limits on nonessential outdoor water use that are stricter than those required by the permit.

**Special Condition 8, Requirement to Report Raw and Finished Water Volumes**, requires Hinsdale to report annually in its ASR the raw water volumes and finished water volumes for the entire water system and the raw water volumes for individual water withdrawal point. MassDEP had concerns about the reported volumes provided by

Hinsdale as there were significant differences between the reported finished water volumes from the Belmont Reservoir and the total raw water pumped for the years of 2018 and 2020. Hinsdale explained that water had been continuously running over the filter beds even when the filters are offline and that contributes to the differences between the raw and the treated volumes. MassDEP also had concerns about the reported annual average withdrawal volume being higher than the maximum daily withdrawal volume reported for 2019. Hinsdale identified that reporting error.

**Special Condition 9, Water Conservation Requirements**, incorporates the Water Conservation Standards for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts reviewed and approved by the Water Resources Commission in July 2018 (<https://www.mass.gov/doc/massachusetts-water-conservation-standards-2>). The Water Conservation Questionnaire submitted by Hinsdale dated November 8, 2024 indicates that Hinsdale is not currently meeting the water conservation requirements in the areas of Residential and Public Sector Conservation, and the Public Education and Outreach. Hinsdale shall meter water from hydrants used by contractors for pipe flushing and/or construction. Hinsdale shall also develop and implement a public education plan.

**Minimization of Groundwater Withdrawal Impacts in Stressed Subbasins**, requires permittees with permitted groundwater sources in subbasins<sup>2</sup> with net groundwater depletion of 25% or more during August to minimize their withdrawal impacts on those subbasins to the greatest extent feasible.

Since Hinsdale only has a surface water source, they are not currently required to implement measures to minimize their withdrawal impacts.

**Mitigation of Withdrawals over Baseline** is not required because the calculated baseline withdrawal volume for Hinsdale is 0.15 MGD, the average volume withdrawn during calendar years 2003 to 2005 plus 5%. The authorized volume in this renewed permit is 0.12 MGD, which is less than the baseline volume. Therefore, Hinsdale is not required to develop a mitigation plan at this point.

**Coldwater Fish Resource (CFR) Protection** was incorporated into the Water Management Regulations in November 2014. A CFR has been identified in subbasin 27050, upstream and downstream of the Belmont Reservoir. MassDEP has consulted with the Division of Fisheries and Wildlife on the protection of the CFR. Hinsdale has only one water supply source and it is not feasible for them to shift the withdrawals to other sources. In addition, as noted in the Special Condition 1, the maximum authorized annual average withdrawal volume in this renewed permit is reduced from 0.25 MGD to 0.12 MGD. Therefore, there is no further CFR optimization requirements in this renewed permit.

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<sup>2</sup> Subbasins used for WMA permitting are the 1,395 subbasins delineated by the U.S. Geological Survey in *Indicators of Streamflow Alteration, Habitat Fragmentation, Impervious Cover, and Water Quality for Massachusetts Stream Basins* (Weiskel *et al.*, 2010, USGS SIR 2009-5272).



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Commissioner

### **DRAFT** WATER WITHDRAWAL PERMIT MGL c 21G

This permit is issued pursuant to the Massachusetts Water Management Act for the sole purpose of authorizing the withdrawal of a volume of water as stated below and subject to the following special and general conditions. This permit conveys no right in or to any property beyond the right to withdraw the volume of water for which it is issued.

**PERMIT NUMBER:** 9P2-1-02-132.01

**RIVER BASIN:** Housatonic

**PERMITTEE:** Town of Hinsdale

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** XXXX

**EXPIRATION DATE:** May 31, 2032

**NUMBER OF WITHDRAWAL POINTS:**

Groundwater: 0

Surface Water: 1

**USE:** Public Water Supply

**DAYS OF OPERATION:** 365

**WITHDRAWAL POINT IDENTIFICATION**

| Source Name       | PWS Source ID Code | Latitude  | Longitude |
|-------------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Belmont Reservoir | 1132000-01S        | 42°25'54" | 73°08'52" |

## SPECIAL CONDITIONS

### Special Condition 1: Maximum Authorized Annual Average Withdrawal Volume

This permit authorizes the Town of Hinsdale (Hinsdale) to withdraw water from the Housatonic River Basin at the rates described below (Table 1). The permitted volume is expressed both as an annual average daily withdrawal rate (million gallons per day or MGD), and as a total annual withdrawal volume (million gallons per year or MGY).

The Department of Environmental Protection (MassDEP or the Department) bases these withdrawal volumes on the raw water withdrawn from the authorized withdrawal point and will use the raw water amount to assess compliance with the registered and permitted withdrawal volumes.

**Table 1: Maximum Authorized Daily Withdrawal Volumes**

| Permit Periods         | Total Raw Water Withdrawal Volumes |                    |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
|                        | Permit                             |                    |
|                        | Daily Average (MGD)                | Total Annual (MGY) |
| XXXX/2025 to 5/31/2032 | 0.12                               | 43.8               |

### Special Condition 2: Maximum Authorized Daily Withdrawals from Each Withdrawal Point

Withdrawals from the Belmont Reservoir are not to exceed the approved maximum daily volumes listed below in Table 2 without specific advance written approval from MassDEP. The authorized maximum daily volume is the approved rate of each source.

**Table 2: Maximum Authorized Daily Withdrawal Volumes**

| Source Name       | PWS Source Code ID | Maximum Daily Rate (MGD) |
|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| Belmont Reservoir | 1132000-01S        | 0.25*                    |

\*Capacity of Hinsdale's slow sand filtration plant

### Special Condition 3: Firm Yield of Surface Water Supplies

MassDEP accepts the firm yield of 0.12 MGD calculated for the Belmont Reservoir in *Refinement and Evaluation of the Massachusetts Firm-yield Estimator Model Version 2.0* (Scientific Investigations Report 2011-5125) published by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) in 2011.

This condition of the permit requires that Hinsdale's annual average daily withdrawal from the Belmont Reservoir not to exceed 0.12 million gallons per day (MGD).

### Special Condition 4: Water Supply Source Protection

The Belmont Reservoir and associated Zone A protection areas are located in the Town of Hinsdale. Hinsdale must implement zoning or non-zoning controls to meet the requirements of 310 CMR 22.20 C(2) to adopt a local water supply protection bylaw. Please contact [program.director-dwp@mass.gov](mailto:program.director-dwp@mass.gov) for assistance or to have an existing bylaw reviewed for compliance.

#### **Special Condition 5: Performance Standard for Residential Gallons Per Capita Day (RGPCD) Water Use**

Permittee's performance standard for residential gallons per capita day (RGPCD) is 65 gallons. Because Hinsdale has exceeded this value in recent years, Hinsdale shall develop and implement a functional equivalence program as set forth in Appendix A: Functional Equivalence with the 65 RGPCD Performance Standard. The functional equivalence program should be filed with the 2025 Annual Statistical Report (ASR).

Should Hinsdale not comply with the RGPCD Performance Standard moving forward they are required to continue to develop and implement a functional equivalence program as set forth in Appendix A: Functional Equivalence with the RGPCD Performance Standard. Hinsdale shall report its RGPCD annually in its Annual Statistical Report (ASR).

#### **Special Condition 6: Performance Standard for Unaccounted for Water**

Hinsdale's Performance Standard for Unaccounted for Water (UAW) is 10% or less of overall water withdrawal for two of the most recent three years throughout the permit period. Permittees that cannot comply with the UAW Performance Standard are required to develop and implement the functional equivalence requirements based on the *AWWA/IWA Water Audits and Loss Control Programs, Manual of Water Supply Practices M36*, as outlined in Appendix B. Warren shall report its UAW annually in its Annual Statistical Report (ASR). Because Hinsdale has exceeded this value in recent years, Hinsdale shall develop and file a water loss control program with the 2026 Annual Statistical Report (ASR).

Nothing in the permit shall prevent a permittee who meets the 10% performance standard from demonstrating compliance with the UAW performance standard by developing and implementing a water loss control program following the *AWWA M36 Water Audits and Loss Control Programs*.

Permittees meeting the Performance Standard for Unaccounted for Water through implementation of a water loss control program based on AWWA M36 annual water audits and guidance shall continue to report UAW annually as required in the Annual Statistical Report for public water suppliers.

#### **Special Condition 7: Seasonal Limits on Nonessential Outdoor Water Use**

Hinsdale shall limit nonessential outdoor water use through mandatory restrictions from May 1<sup>st</sup> through September 30<sup>th</sup> as outlined in Table 3 below. Hinsdale shall be responsible for tracking streamflow gages and recording and reporting when restrictions are implemented if triggered restrictions are implemented.

Hinsdale shall document compliance with the seasonal limits on nonessential outdoor water use annually in its ASR and indicate whether it anticipates implementing calendar triggered restrictions or USGS streamflow triggered restrictions during the next year.

### **Nonessential Outdoor Water Use and Water Use Restrictions**

Nonessential Outdoor Water Use means a use that is not required:

- (a) for health or safety reasons, including public facilities used for cooling such as splash pads and swimming pools, and for washing of boats, engines, or marine equipment to prevent negative saltwater impacts or the transfer of invasive aquatic species;
- (b) by permit, license, statute or regulation;
- (c) for the production of food, including vegetable gardens, and fiber;
- (d) for the maintenance of livestock;
- (e) to meet the core functions (those functions essential to the commercial operations) of a business, including but not limited to:
  - 1. plant nurseries as necessary to maintain stock;
  - 2. golf courses as necessary to maintain greens and tees, and limited fairway watering per 310 CMR 36.07(2)(c)2.a. through c.;
  - 3. venues used for weddings or similar special events that limit watering to hand-held hose or drip irrigation as necessary to maintain gardens, flowers and ornamental plants;
  - 4. professional washing of exterior building surfaces, parking lots, driveways and/or sidewalks as necessary to apply surface treatments such as paint, preservatives, stucco, pavement, or cement in the course of construction, reconstruction or renovation work;
- (f) for irrigation of public parks before 9:00 A.M. and after 5:00 P.M.,
- (g) for irrigation of public and private recreation fields, including those operated by schools, colleges, universities and athletic associations, before 9:00 A.M. and after 5:00 P.M.,
- (h) for irrigation of publicly-funded shade trees and trees in the public right-of way; or
- (i) to establish a new lawn as necessary to stabilize soil in response to new construction or following the repair or replacement of a Title 5 system.

**Table 3: Seasonal Limits on Nonessential Outdoor Water Use**

| <b>For Permittees meeting the 65 RGPCD Standard for the preceding year</b> |   |
|--|---|
| <b>RGPCD ≤ 65 as reported in the ASR and accepted by MassDEP</b>           |   |
| <b>Calendar Triggered Restrictions</b>                                     | <p>Nonessential outdoor water use is allowed:</p> <p><b>a) Two (2) days per week</b> before 9 AM. and after 5 P.M.; <b>and</b></p> <p><b>b) one (1) day per week</b> before 9 A.M. and after 5 P.M.</p> <p>when USGS stream gage 01197000 –East Branch Housatonic River at Coltsville, MA falls below 7-Day Low Flow statistic of <b>19 cfs</b> for three (3) consecutive days.</p> |

|   |   |
|---|---|
|   | Once streamflow triggered restrictions are implemented, they shall remain in place until streamflow at the gage meets or exceeds 19 cfs for seven (7) consecutive days.   |
| <b>Streamflow Triggered Restrictions</b>  | <p>Nonessential outdoor water use is allowed:</p> <p><b>a) Two (2) days per week</b> before 9 A.M. and after 5 P.M. when USGS stream gage 01197000-East Branch Housatonic River at Coltsville, MA falls below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>May 1 – June 30: <b>56 cfs</b> for three (3) consecutive days</li> <li>July 1 – September 30: <b>23 cfs</b> for three (3) consecutive days</li> </ul> <p><b>b) one (1) day per week</b> before 9 A.M. and after 5 P.M. when USGS stream gage 01197000-East Branch Housatonic River at Coltsville, MA falls below 19 <b>cfs</b> for three (3) consecutive days.</p> <p>Once implemented, the restrictions shall remain in place until streamflow at the gage meets or exceeds the trigger streamflow for seven (7) consecutive days.</p> |
| <b>For Permittees NOT meeting the 65 RGPCD standard for the preceding year</b><br>RGPCD > 65 as reported in the ASR and accepted by MassDEP |   |
| <b>Calendar Triggered Restrictions</b>  | Nonessential outdoor water use is allowed <b>one (1) day per week</b> before 9 A.M. and after 5 P.M.  |
| <b>Streamflow Triggered Restrictions</b>  | <p>Nonessential outdoor water use is allowed <b>one (1) day per week</b> before 9 A.M. and after 5 P.M. when USGS stream gage 01197000-East Branch Housatonic River at Coltsville, MA falls below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>May 1 – June 30: <b>56 cfs</b> for three (3) consecutive days</li> <li>July 1 – September 30: <b>23 cfs</b> for three (3) consecutive days</li> </ul> <p>Once implemented, the restrictions shall remain in place until streamflow at the gage meets or exceeds the trigger streamflow for seven (7) consecutive days.</p>  |

**Streamflow Information** is available at the USGS National Water Information (NWIS) Web Interface. The USGS NWIS default shows Massachusetts streamflows in real time i.e. the most recent usually quarterly hourly, reading made at each USGS stream gage.

Seasonal Limits on Nonessential Outdoor Water Use are implemented when the mean daily streamflow falls below the designated trigger. The mean daily flow is not calculated until after midnight each day when the USGS computes the hourly data into a mean daily streamflow. As a result, permittees must use the mean daily streamflow from the proceeding day when tracking streamflows.

Mean daily streamflow gage readings are available at the USGS NWIS Web Interface at <https://waterdata.usgs.gov/state/massachusetts/>.

- Scroll down to 01197000-East Branch Housatonic River at Coltsville, MA Click on the gage number.
- Click on the gage number.
- Click on “Data Inventory” at the top of the page.
- Click on “Daily Data” in the dropdown menu.
- Scroll down to the “Available Parameters” box. Within the box, be sure “00060 discharge (Mean) is checked, then under “Output Format” click “Table” and hit GO.
- Scroll down to “Daily Mean Discharge, cubic feet per second” table and find the current date on the table.
- Compare the cubic feet per second (cfs) measurement shown on the table to the cfs shown under Streamflow Triggered Restrictions above

Hinsdale shall document compliance with the Seasonal Nonessential Outdoor Water Use Restrictions annually in its Annual Statistical Report (ASR) and indicate whether it anticipates implementing calendar triggered restrictions or streamflow restrictions during the next year.

### **Public Notice of Water Use Restrictions**

Hinsdale shall notify its customers of the restrictions and the consequences of failing to adhere to the restrictions.

- For calendar-triggered restrictions, customers shall be notified by April 15<sup>th</sup> each year.
- For streamflow-triggered restrictions, when streamflow at the assigned USGS local stream gage falls below a streamflow trigger for three consecutive days, customers shall be notified as soon as possible but within three days of implementing the restrictions.

Notice that restrictions have been put in place shall be filed each year with MassDEP within 14 days of the restriction’s effective date. Filing shall be in writing on the Water Use Restrictions Form on the MassDEP website. Notice to MassDEP need not be provided if Hinsdale has already implemented water use restrictions that conform to the applicable restrictions and those restrictions are still in force.

**Nothing in this Permit shall prevent Hinsdale from implementing water use restrictions that are more restrictive than those set forth in this permit.**

### **Special Condition 8: Requirement to Report Raw and Finished Water Volumes**

Hinsdale shall report annually on its ASR the raw water volumes and finished water volumes for the entire water system and the raw water volumes for individual withdrawal points.

### **Special Condition 9: Water Conservation Requirements**

At a minimum, Hinsdale shall implement the conservation measures listed in Table 4. Compliance with the water conservation requirements shall be reported to MassDEP upon request, during all interim permit reviews, and at the time of permit renewal, unless otherwise noted below.

**Table 4: Minimum Water Conservation Requirements**

| <b>System Water Audits and Leak Detection</b>  |
|--|
| 1. At a minimum, conduct a full leak detection survey every three years.   |
| 2. Conduct leak detection of the entire distribution system within one year whenever the percentage of UAW increases by 5% or more (for example an increase from 3% to 8%) over the percentage reported on the ASR for the prior calendar year. Within 60 days of completing the leak detection survey, submit to the Department a report detailing the survey, any leaks uncovered as a result of the survey or otherwise, dates of repair and the estimated water savings as a result of the repairs.  |
| 3. Conduct field surveys for leaks and repair programs in accordance with the AWWA Manual 36.  |
| 4. Hinsdale shall have repair reports available for inspection by MassDEP. Hinsdale shall establish a schedule for repairing leaks that is at least as stringent as the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Leaks of 3 gallons per minute or more shall be repaired within 3 months of detection.</li> <li>• Leaks of less than 3 gallons per minute at hydrants and appurtenances shall be repaired as soon as possible.</li> <li>• Leaks of less than 3 gallons per minute shall be repaired in a timely manner, but in no event more than 6 months from detection, except that leaks in freeway, arterial or collector roadways shall be repaired when other roadwork is being performed on the roadway.</li> </ul> <p>Leaks shall be repaired in accordance with Hinsdale’s priority schedule including leaks up to the property line, curb stop or service meter, as applicable. Hinsdale shall have water use regulations in place that require property owners to expeditiously repair leaks on their property.</p> |
| Metering   |

|   |
|---|
| 1. Calibrate all source and finished water meters at least annually and report date of calibration on the ASR.  |
| 2. Hinsdale reports its system is 100% metered. All water distribution system users shall have properly sized service lines and meters that meet AWWA calibration and accuracy performance standards as set forth in AWWA Manual M6 – Water Meters.   |
| 3. Hinsdale shall have an ongoing program to inspect individual service meters to ensure that all service meters accurately measure the volume of water used by its customers. The metering program shall include regular meter maintenance, including testing, calibration, repair, replacement and checks for tampering to identify and correct illegal connections. The plan shall include placement of sufficient funds in Hinsdale’s annual water budget to calibrate, repair, or replace meters as necessary. |
| <b>Pricing</b>  |
| 1. Hinsdale shall maintain a water pricing structure that includes the full cost of operating the water supply system. Hinsdale shall evaluate rates at a minimum of every three years and adjust costs as needed. Full cost pricing factors all costs - operations, maintenance, capital, and indirect costs (environmental impacts, watershed protection) into prices.  |
| 2. Hinsdale reports using a flat rate structure. MassDEP encourages Hinsdale to explore the possibility of developing a rate structure that promotes water conservation and/or control demand,  |
| <b>Residential and Public Sector Conservation</b>   |
| 1. Hinsdale shall meet the standards set forth in the Federal Energy Policy Act, 1992 and the Massachusetts Plumbing Code.  |
| 2. Hinsdale shall meter water from hydrants used by contractors for pipe flushing and/or construction.  |
| 3. Hinsdale shall ensure that water savings devices are installed in all municipal buildings as they are renovated, and shall ensure water conserving fixtures and landscaping practices are incorporating into the design of new municipal capital projects.   |
| <b>Industrial and Commercial Water Conservation</b>   |
| 1. Hinsdale shall ensure that the best available technologies for water conservation practices are being used in all development proposals, particularly low flow devices and water-wise landscaping practices.   |
| <b>Lawn and Landscape</b>   |
| 1. Hinsdale shall update as necessary its water use restriction bylaw in accordance with the restricted nonessential outdoor water uses condition.  |
| <b>Public Education and Outreach</b>  |
| 1. Hinsdale shall develop and implement a Water Conservation Education Plan. Hinsdale’s Water Conservation Education Plan shall be designed to educate Hinsdale’s water customers of ways to conserve water. Without limitation, Hinsdale’s plan may include the following actions:   |

- Include in bill stuffers and/or bills, a work sheet to enable customers to track water use and conservation efforts and estimate the dollar savings;
- Public space advertising/media stories on successes (and failures);
- Conservation information centers perhaps run jointly with electric or gas company;
- Speakers for community organizations;
- Public service announcements; radio/T.V./audio-visual presentations;
- Joint advertising with hardware stores to promote conservation devices;
- Use of civic and professional organization resources;
- Special events such as Conservation Fairs;
- Develop materials that are targeted to schools with media that appeals to children, including materials on water resource projects and field trips; and
- Make multilingual materials available as needed.

2. Upon request of MassDEP, Hinsdale shall report on its public education and outreach effort, including a summary of activities developed for specific target audiences, any events or activities sponsored to promote water conservation and copies of written materials.

### **General Permit Conditions (applicable to all Permittees)**

1. **Duty to Comply** The Permittee shall comply at all times with the terms and conditions of this permit, the Act and all applicable State and Federal statutes and regulations.
2. **Operation and Maintenance** The Permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and equipment installed or used to withdraw up to the authorized volume so as not to impair the purposes and interests of the Act.
3. **Entry and Inspections** The Permittee or the Permittee's agent shall allow personnel or authorized agents or employees of MassDEP to enter and examine any property, inspect and monitor the withdrawal, and inspect and copy any relevant records, for the purpose of determining compliance with this permit, the Act or the regulations published pursuant thereto, upon presentation of proper identification and an oral statement of purpose.
4. **Water Emergency** Withdrawal volumes authorized by this permit are subject to restriction in any water emergency declared by MassDEP pursuant to M.G.L. c. 21G, §§ 15-17, M.G.L.c. 111, § 160, or any other enabling authority.
5. **Transfer of Permits** This permit shall not be transferred in whole or in part unless and until MassDEP approves such transfer in writing, pursuant to a transfer application on forms provided by MassDEP requesting such approval and received by MassDEP at least thirty (30) days before the effective date of the proposed transfer. No transfer application shall be deemed filed unless it is accompanied by the applicable transfer fee established by 310 CMR 36.37.
6. **Duty to Report** The Permittee shall submit annually, on a form provided by MassDEP, a certified statement of the withdrawal. Such report is to be received by MassDEP by the date specified by MassDEP. Such report must be mailed or hand delivered to the address specified on the report form.

7. **Duty to Maintain Records** The Permittee shall be responsible for maintaining withdrawal records as specified by this permit.
8. **Metering** Withdrawal points shall be metered. Meters shall be calibrated annually. Meter shall be maintained and replaced as necessary to ensure the accuracy of the withdrawal records.
9. **Amendment, Suspension or Termination** The Department may amend, suspend or terminate this permit in accordance with M.G.L. c. 21G or 310 CMR 36.29.

## **APPEALS**

Any person aggrieved by this decision may request an adjudicatory hearing on this Permit by timely filing a Notice of Claim for an Adjudicatory Appeal ("Notice of Claim") in accordance with 310 CMR 36.37 and 310 CMR 1.01 within twenty-one (21) days of its receipt of this Permit. The Notice of Claim shall state specifically, clearly and concisely the facts that are grounds for the appeal, the relief sought, and any additional information required by applicable law or regulation. A copy of this Permit shall be included with a Notice of Claim. No request for an appeal of this Permit shall be validly filed unless a copy of the request is sent at the same time by certified mail, or delivered by hand, to the local water resources management official in the community in which the withdrawal point is located; and for any person appealing this decision, who is not the Permittee, unless such person notifies the Permittee of the appeal in writing by certified mail or by hand within five (5) days of mailing the appeal to the Department.

The Notice of Claim and supporting documentation must be sent by certified mail or hand delivered to:

Case Administrator  
Office of Appeals and Dispute Resolution  
Department of Environmental Protection  
100 Cambridge Street, Suite 900  
Boston, MA 02114

In addition, the Department's fee transmittal form, together with a valid check made payable to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in the amount of \$100 for the appeal filing fee, if required, must be mailed to:

Commonwealth of Massachusetts Lock Box  
Department of Environmental Protection  
P.O. Box 4062  
Boston, MA 02211

The Notice of Claim may be dismissed if the filing fee is not paid, unless the appellant is exempt or granted a waiver. The filing fee is not required if the appellant is a city, town (or municipal agency), county, district of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, or a municipal housing authority. The Department may waive the adjudicatory filing fee for a person who shows that paying the fee will create an undue financial hardship. A person seeking a waiver must file, along with the hearing request, an affidavit setting forth the facts believed to support the claim of undue financial hardship.

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Duane LeVangie, Program Chief  
Water Management Act Program  
Bureau of Water Resources

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Date

## **Appendix A – Functional Equivalence with the 65 Residential Gallons Per Capita Day Performance Standard**

MassDEP will consider public water supply permittees who cannot meet the 65 RGPCD performance standard to be functionally equivalent, and in compliance with their permit, if they have an on-going program in place that ensures “best practices” for controlling residential water use as described below.

If the permittee fails to document compliance with the RGPCD performance standard in its Annual Statistical Report (ASR), or in any ASR thereafter, then the permittee must file with that ASR a Residential Gallons Per Capita Day Compliance Plan (RGPCD Plan) which shall include, at a minimum:

1. A description of the actions taken during the prior calendar year to meet the performance standard;
2. An analysis of the cause of the failure to meet the performance standard;
3. A description of the actions that will be taken to meet the performance standard which must include, at a minimum, at least one of the following:
  - a) a program that provides water saving devices such as faucet aerators and low flow shower heads at cost;
  - b) a program that provides rebates or other incentives for the purchase of low water use appliances (washing machines, dishwashers, and toilets), or
  - c) the adoption and enforcement of an ordinance, by-law, or regulation to require the installation of moisture sensors or similar climate related control technology on all automatic irrigation systems;and may include, without limitation, the following:
  - d) the use of an increasing block water rate or a seasonal water rate structure as a tool to encourage water conservation;
  - e) a program that provides rebates or other incentives for the installation of moisture sensors or similar climate related control technology on automatic irrigation systems;
  - f) the adoption and enforcement of an ordinance, by-law, or regulation to require that all new construction include water saving devices and low water use appliances;
  - g) the adoption and enforcement of an ordinance, by-law, or regulation to require that all new construction minimize lawn area and/or irrigated lawn area, maximize the use of drought resistant landscaping, and maximize the use of topsoil with a high water-retention rate;
  - h) the implementation of a program to encourage the use of cisterns or rain barrels for outside watering;
  - i) the implementation of monthly or quarterly billing.
4. A schedule for implementation; and
5. An analysis of how the planned actions will address the specific circumstances that resulted in the failure to meet the performance standard.

If the permittee is already implementing one or more of these programs, it must include in its RGPCD plan the continued implementation of such program(s), as well as implementation of at

least one additional program. All programs must include a public information component designed to inform customers of the program and to encourage participation in the program.

RGPCD plans may be amended to revise the actions that will be taken to meet the performance standard. Amended RGPCD plans must include the information set forth above.

If a RGPCD plan is required, the permittee must:

1. submit information and supporting documentation sufficient to demonstrate compliance with its RGPCD plan annually at the time it files its ASR, and
2. continue to implement the RGPCD plan until it complies with the performance standard and such compliance is documented in the permittee's ASR for the calendar year in which the standard is met.

## **Appendix B – Functional Equivalence: 10% Unaccounted for Water Performance Standard**

MassDEP will consider PWS permittees who cannot meet the 10% UAW performance standard to be functionally equivalent, and in compliance with their permit, if they have an on-going program in place that ensures “best practices” for controlling water loss. The water loss control program will be based on annual water audits and guidance as described in the *AWWA/IWA Manual of Water Supply Practices – M36, Water Audits and Loss Control Programs* (AWWA M36).

If the permittee fails to document compliance with the Unaccounted for Water performance standard (UAW of 10% or less for 2 of the 3 most recent years throughout the permit period), then the permittee shall develop and implement a water loss control program following the *AWWA M36 Water Audits and Loss Control Programs* within 5 full calendar years of failing to meet the standard as follows:

1. Conduct an annual “top down” water audit, calculate the data validity level/score using AWWA Water Loss Control Committee’s Free Water Audit Software, and submit the AWWA WLCC Free Water Audit Software: Reporting Worksheet and data validity score annually with its Annual Statistical Report (ASR).
  - If a PWS’s data validity level/score is less than Level III (51-70), steps recommended through the audit(s) shall be taken to improve the reliability of the data prior to developing a long-term program to reduce real and apparent water losses.
  - Data with a validity score of 50 or less are considered too weak to be used to develop a component analysis or for infrastructure planning and maintenance.
  - Developing data with an acceptably strong validity score can be a multi-year process.
2. When the data validity score meets the Level III (51-70) requirement, conduct a component analysis to identify causes of real and apparent water loss and develop a program to control losses based on the results of the component analysis.
3. Within 5 full calendar years of failing to meet the standard, submit the component analysis and water loss control program with a proposed implementation schedule to the Department.
4. Continued implementation will be a condition of the permit in place of meeting the 10% UAW performance standard.
5. Upon request of the Department, the permittee shall report on its implementation of the water loss control program.

A PWS permittee may choose to discontinue the water loss program implementation if UAW, as reported on the ASR and approved by the Department, is below 10% for four consecutive years, and the water audit data validity scores are at least Level III (51-70) for the same four years.

**NOTE FOR SMALL SYSTEMS:** For small systems with less than 3,000 service connections or a service connection density of less than 16 connections per mile of pipeline, the Unavoidable Annual Real Loss (UARL) calculation and the Infrastructure Leak Index (ILI) developed as the

final steps of the top down water audit may not result in valid performance indicators, and may not be comparable to the UARL and ILI calculations for larger systems.

However, these small systems can benefit from developing reliable data and conducting an annual top down water audit. Small systems can rely on the real losses (gallons per mile of main per day) performance indicator developed in the water audit as a measure of real water loss when developing a water loss control program. The M36 Manual discusses the audit process for small systems, and includes a chapter to guide small systems in understanding the results of their audits and in developing a water loss control program (*Manual of Water Supply Practices – M36, Fourth Edition, Chapter 9: Considerations for Small Systems*, pp. 293-305).

**MassDEP UAW Water Loss Control Measures:** If the permittee is required to develop a Functional Equivalence Plan for the 10% Unaccounted for Water Performance Standard, and the permittee does not have a MassDEP-approved Water Loss Control Program in place within 5 full calendar years of failing to meet the standard, the permittee will be required to implement the MassDEP UAW Water Loss Control Measures outlined below:

- An annual water audit and leak detection survey, as described in the AWWA M36 Manual, of the entire system.
  - Within one year, repair 75% (by water volume) of all leaks detected in the survey that are under the control of the public water system;
  - Thereafter, repair leaks as necessary to reduce permittee's UAW to 10% or the minimum level possible.
- Meter inspection and, as appropriate, repair, replace and calibrate water meters:
  - Large Meters (2" or greater) – within one year
  - Medium Meters (1" or greater and less than 2") – within 2 years
  - Small Meters (less than 1") - within three years
  - Thereafter, calibrate and or replace all meters according to type and specification.
- Bill at least quarterly within three years.
- Water pricing structure sufficient to pay the full cost of operating the system.

**Hardship** - A permittee may present an analysis of the cost-effectiveness of implementing certain conservation measures included in the MassDEP UAW Water Loss Control Measures and offer alternative measures. Any analysis must explicitly consider environmental impacts and must produce equal or greater environmental benefits.

A permittee's hardship analysis shall:

- Document economic hardship and present an analysis demonstrating that implementation of specific measures will cause or exacerbate significant economic hardship;
- Present reasons why specific measures are not cost-effective because the cost would exceed the costs of alternative methods of achieving the appropriate standard; and

- Propose specific conservation measures that would result in equal or greater system-wide water savings or equal or greater environmental benefits than the conservation measures included in the MassDEP UAW Water Loss Control Measures.

MassDEP will review a permittee's detailed, written analysis to determine whether unique circumstances make specific Best Management Practices (BMPs) less cost-effective than alternatives, or infeasible for the permittee.