## Massachusetts Department of Conservation and Recreation Division of Water Supply Protection, Office of Watershed Management Forest Management Project Summary

#### **Project Title**

DWSP Harvest Permit Number: 5305

DWSP Proposal ID: WA-22-115

DCR Forest Cutting Plan File Number: 039-36235-23

#### Site Information

Watershed: Wachusett Town(s): Boylston

Acres: 42.7

Nearest Road: Main St. (Rt. 70) Natural Heritage Atlas overlap?:No

Public Drinking Water Supply Watershed?: Yes

Forest Types: White pine/oak; Mixed oak; white pine Area of Critical Environmental Concern (ACEC)?: No

Soils: Merrimac and Hinckley sandy loams

Wetland Resources: None

Vernal Pools: None

#### **Harvest Information**

Harvest Start Date: 7/10/2024 Harvest End Date: 6/30/2026

Number of Wetland Crossings: None Number of Stream Crossings: None

#### **Best Management Practices Applied**

Stream Crossings: Not applicable

Filter Strips: Not applicable

Wetland Crossings: Not applicable Harvesting in Wetlands: Not applicable

#### **DWSP Forester supervising this harvest**

Name: Greg Buzzell

Forester License number: 025 Phone number: 774-261-1841 Email: greg.buzzell@mass.gov

#### **Narrative**

#### General Description/Forest Composition/History

All of this area is original watershed property that was taken from Levi Flagg and several smaller landowners on July 23, 1900 at the time when the Wachusett Dam was being built. Prior to the taking, an old highway ran through the southern portion of this working unit and was decommissioned in 1860. Today, the highway is still noted by the stonewall that ran along it. In 1905 the roadside of Route 70 was planted/improved. The map of the 1938 hurricane shows a scattering of damage in the area. In 1939 the MDC cleared 100% of the route 70 road frontage. The first timber harvest was in 1982 when a thinning occurred in the southern portion of the area. Then, in 1983, 24 acres were thinned in the northern section. In 1984 the Route 70 roadside was thinned. In 1995, a small thinning occurred in the working unit. The last time this lot was worked was a salvage that occurred along Route 70 in 2005 which resulted in a new young stand.

All of those harvests have resulted in thick regeneration throughout the working unit. The current forest structure is dominated by white pine, red oak, black oak, white oak, red maple, American beech and paper birch. The pine is of better health and vigor than the hardwoods currently. There is evidence of past pine cutting throughout the unit and some hardwoods. The most recent spongy moth infestation that peaked in 2019 resulted in scattered death of oaks in the overstory. Regeneration is uniformly good with some small pockets of heavy mountain laurel in the northern area. There is also some low bush blueberry and sheep laurel mixed in the understory. The area is fairly flat with some scattered small kettle bowls.

A section of this unit was also part of a Clark University professors research project with the numbered aluminum tree tags still remaining in the field. The working unit falls within the Asian Longhorned Beetle Quarantine zone. There is a very small amount of host material within the working unit. With the recent deer hunts, there is now little current deer browse evident. The age structure of the working unit is as follows: 4% 0-20 years old, 0% 21-40 years old, 0% 41-60 years old, 0% 61-80 years old, 66% 81-100 years old, 30% >100 years old.

#### Site Selection

The ideal watershed protection forest is one which best serves the function of the land as a producer of high quality drinking water in both short- and long-term. This forest must be vigorous and diverse in tree species and ages, be actively accumulating biomass and actively regenerating. Such a forest will be ideally suited to be resilient to and quickly recover from small- and large-scale disturbances such as diseases, insect infestations, ice storms and hurricanes.

#### Silvicultural Objectives

Regeneration sampling found adequate regeneration present in 85% of the plots, with marginal regeneration in another 10% of the plots. Oak was present in 83% of the plots. The advance regeneration is comprised of red oak, black oak, white oak, white pine, red maple, black birch, hickory and beech.

With such good amounts of advance regeneration present throughout the working unit, openings will be made on 14.2 acres which achieves the goal of creating a new age class on about 1/3 of the working unit. This will be done by the removal of the overstory in patches that average 1.2 acres in size and range in size from 0.25 to 2 acres. The openings are well distributed throughout the working unit taking advantage of the best advance regeneration within the unit.

As is typical in the creation of all young forest openings, at least a few overstory trees are retained in each patch, especially those larger than ½ acre in size. Such retention provides important structural diversity and wildlife habitat. Trees chosen to be retained are generally those of better vigor that are more likely to resist the wind once the supporting forest is removed from around them as well as tree species that are either generally rare within the forests of the Wachusett watershed or just unusual for the forest in the immediate vicinity of this timber sale. Also chosen are trees with special wildlife value such as those with cavities or good crown structure for the building of stick nests.

#### **Cultural Resources**

This operation was reviewed by the DCR Archeologist. No known or significant historic or archeological resources are currently documented in the project parcel. Any cultural resource features located before or during the forestry project will be protected according to guidelines set forth in the current DWSP's Land Management Program and indicated on harvest maps accordingly.

#### Rare or Endangered Species

None known. However, Northern goshawks have been observed in this area over the years including as recently as 2019. While the specific tree that the goshawks were nesting in in 2019 was not identified, during the marking of this lot, several trees with stick nests were noted. The locations of these trees have been mapped and were specifically protected during marking and will continue to be observed and protected during the harvest operation.

#### **Figures**

Figure 1. Forest Cutting Plan

Figure 2. Maps of harvest area showing approximate boundary, proposed openings and other features

Figure 3. General locus map showing the location of the proposed timber harvest

Figure 4. Pre-Harvest Photographs, A-C

Figure 5. Post-Harvest Photographs, A-B

#### For DCR Use Only: Forest Cutting Plan File Number 039-36-35-33 Case No. 1 · 13 · 33 Nat. Hert. 1 · 30 · 33 Nat. Hert. Imp. NASHVA Pub. Dr. Wat. WACHUSETT and Notice of Intent under M.G.L. Date Rec'd Earliest Start Chapter 132 - The Forest Cutting River Basin Practices Act, 304 CMR 11.00 Gen. Obj. (Effective Date: 1/1/04) Landowner Location Lot 5305 Name DCR/DWSP/OWM Wachusett/Sudbury Boylston Town Road Main St. (Rt 70) Mailing Address 180 Beaman St. 41 Proposed Start Date 3/23 Vol. MBF 179 Vol. Cds. 67 Vol. Tons 148 Town, State, Zip West Boylston, MA 01583 608-792-7806 Phone Ch61 Ch61A Stew \*Case# Plan Preparer Est. Stumpage Value \_\_\_\_ Gregory S. Buzzell Licensed Timber Harvester\*\* Address\_ 180 Beaman Rd. To be supplied when known. Address Town, State, Zip West Boyslton, MA, 01583 Town, State, Zip \_\_\_ 774-261-1841 Phone Type of Preparer Mass. Licensed Forester Mass. Lic. Harvester # \*Mass. Forester License # .25 \*\*This information may be supplied after the plan is approved, but before \*Required for land under Ch61, Ch61A or Forest Stewardship Harvesting in Wetlands Stream Crossings HW-1 HW-2 HW-3 HW-4 SC-4 Indicate location on map SC-1 SC-2 SC-3 Indicate location on map Forest Type (see pg 2) Type of Crossing Acres to be Harvested Existing Structure Resid. Basal Area Type of Bottom (>50%?) Bank Height (ft) Stabilization **Service Forester Comments** Wetland Crossings WC-2 WC-4 Indicate location on map · PLEASE NOTIFY TYCH SERVICE FORESTER Length of Crossing AT START OF HARVEST OPERATION Mitigation · NHESP DETERMINATION LETTER ATTACHED Stabilization Filter Strips FS-4 Indicate location on map FS-2 FS-3 Width (50', 100', or VA)

Type of Preparer

LF Mass. Lic. For.

TH Lic. Tim. Har

LO Landowner

Timber Buyer

Type of Crossing CU Culvert

Poled

BR Bridge

PO

Stabilization

MU

CO Corduroy

ST Stone HB Hay Bales

Seed Mulch Type of Bottom

Gravel

LE Ledge ST Stony

MU Mud

OT Other

Mitigation

FR Frozen DR Dry

OT Other

Applicant must provide DCR with all relevant information before plan may be approved and cutting may begin.

Some forestry activities, such as prescribed burning and pesticide or fertilizer application may require additional permits. Consult MA Forestry BMP Manual for further information.

# Forest Products

#### Products to be Harvested\*

Species	Mbf/Cds		Mbf/Cds	
White Pine	173.4	Red Maple		
Red Pine		Sugar Maple		
Pitch Pine		Red Oak	0.9	
Hemlock		Black Oak	3.6	
Spruce		White Oak	1.0	
Other Sftwd.		Other Hdwd.		
White Ash		Total Mbf	179.0	
Beech		Cordwood (Cds)	67	
White Birch		SW Pulp (Tons)	148	
B & Y Birch		HW Pulp (Tons)		
Black Cherry		Chips (Tons)		

\*Note: Volumes and values indicated in the Plan are as reported by the plan preparer and have not been independently verified by the service forester upon approval. Mbf = thousand board feet.

#### **Cutting Standards**

Indicate location on map	ST-1	ST-2	ST-3	ST-4
Forest Type	WO	MO	WP	MH
Acres	28.1	9.5	3.4	1.8
Landowner Objective	LT	LT	LT	LT
Designation of Trees	CT	CT	CT	OT
Type of Cut	SH	SH	SH	n/a
Source of Regeneration	AD	AD	AD	n/a

#### Landowner Signature The most important information on a cutting plan is the Landowner's objective, as this will determine which trees will be harvested and which will remain; this decision will also determine the future condition of the forest for decades to come. After having read the Massachusetts Forest Cutting Plan Information Sheet on page one, indicate your objective by checking the appropriate box below. ST - Short-term Harvest Harvest of trees with the main intention of producing Planned management of the forest to achieve one or more of the short-term income with minimal consideration given to following objectives: produce immediate and maximize long-term improving the future forest condition, which often results income, enhance wildlife habitat, improve recreational opportunities, in a forest dominated by poor quality and low value species. protect soil and water quality, or produce forest specialty products. I (we) have read the Massachusetts Cutting Plan Information Sheet, and am aware of my (our) management options. I (we) hereby certify that I (we) have the legal authority to carry out the operation described above. I (we) certify that I (we) have notified the Conservation Commission in the town in which the operation is to take place and the abutters of record within two hundred feet of the area to be harvested. I (we) understand that the volumes and values (Ch61 only) in this plan have not been independently verified by the service forester upon approval and will report final values and volumes to the Director or his/her agent if the final figures differ from those reported. 1/10/2023 Date Signature of landowner(s) **Final Report and Comments** Determination and Status 039*-36235-23* I hereby certify that the afore described Forest Cutting Plan Disapproved Expires Approved and all relevant statutes have been substantially complied with. 1/13/25 Cutting Plan Date Signature of Service Forester/Director's Agent Signature of Se vice Forester/Director's Agent Ser. For. Ints. Expires 1 2 Extension Dis 1 App 2 Dis 2 Amendment Type of Cut Source of Regeneration Designation of Trees Forest Types OM Mixed Oak Cut Tree Shelterwood Intermediate Harvests: AD Advanced Hemlock White Pine SE Natural Seed Seed Tree Commercial Thin WP/Hem Hem/Hdwd RM Red Maple LT Leave Tree ST CT Stand Boundary Clear Cut NT Non Com Thin PL. Plant BE WH WP/Hdwd BC Blck Cherry Beech Non-Standard Systems: CO Coppice Spruce/Fir wo BB Bee/Bir/Map SF OT Other SE Selection WP/Oak Salvage Landowner Objective Highgrade\* DS Direct Seed SM Sugar Maple RP Red Pine OH Oak/Hdwd Diameter Limit N Red Oak ${\bf PP}$ Pitch Pine Long-term Mgt. Short-term Har. SN Sanitation DL Red Spruce Other\*



### FISHERIES & WILDLIFE

1 Rabbit Hill Road, Westborough, MA 01581 p: (508) 389-6300 | f: (508) 389-7890 M A S S . G O V / M A S S W I L D L I F E

Chris Capone, Service Forester Department of Conservation and Recreation 355 West Boylston Street Clinton, MA 01510

Forest Cutting Plan No.:

036-36235-23

NHESP Tracking No.:

23-41592

Town:

Boylston

Road:

Main Street (Rt 70), Lot 5305
DCR/DWSP/OWM Wachusett/Sudbury

Landowner: Preparer:

Gregory Buzzell, DCR

Date:

January 16, 2023

Dear Chris,

The Natural Heritage and Endangered Species Program (NHESP) of the Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife ("the Division") has reviewed the above-referenced Forest Cutting Plan ("the Plan") pursuant to the special approval procedures of the Forest Cutting Practices Regulations (304 CMR 11.04(6)).

Eastern Whip-poor-wills (*Antrostomus vociferous*) listed as "Special Concern", inhabit the forests and open spaces surrounding the Wachusett Reservoir. While timber harvesting has the potential to enhance habitat for the species, there is a threat via direct mortality, to the species during the nesting season. Therefore, the Division recommends harvesting activities be conducted outside the nesting season as much as is practicable. The nesting season begins mid-April and ends in early July.

Based on details of the Plan, and information in the NHESP database, the Division does not expect activities proposed in the Plan to negatively impact Priority Habitat or result in a **Take** (as defined in 321 CMR 10.02) of plant or animal species protected under the Massachusetts Endangered Species Act (MESA) (M.G.L. c. 131A) and its implementing regulations (321 CMR 10.00). Therefore, the Division does not require that the Plan be modified at this time.

Please copy the Division on any proposed amendment, extension, and on the approved Plan for the site. If you have any questions about this letter, please contact Alexandra Echandi, Endangered Species Review Biologist at (508) 389-6354.

Sincerely,

Everose Schlüter, Ph.D. Assistant Director

MASSWILDLIFE

Figure 2. Maps of harvest area showing approximate boundary, proposed openings and other features

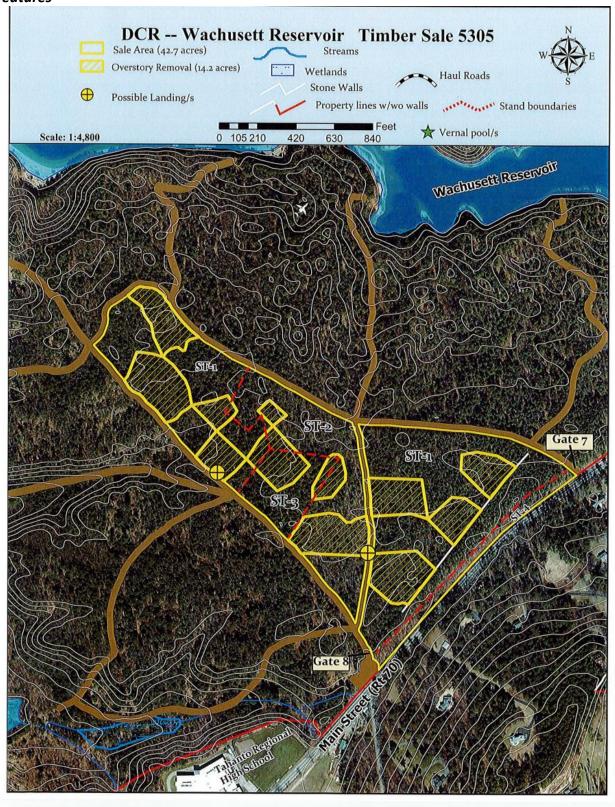


Figure 3. General locus map showing the location of the proposed timber harvest

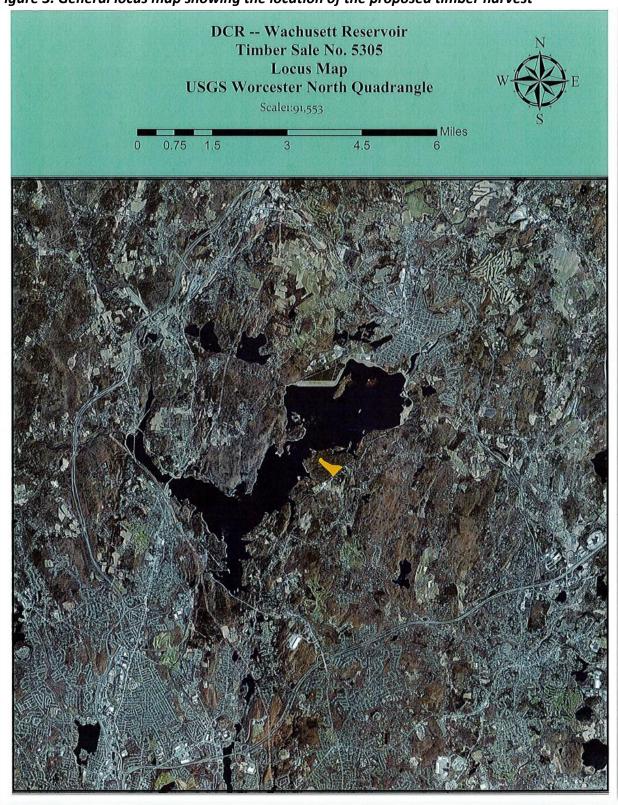


Figure 4. Pre-Harvest Photographs, A-C



A. The lot area is accessed through Gate 8.



B. An area with good advance regeneration. The white oak to the right of the center of the photo is an example of overstory retention within an area of overstory removal.



C. The overstory is being removed in this area with good advance regeneration and oaks of especially poor quality and vigor.

Figure 5. Post-Harvest Photographs, A-B



A. An area of overstory removal with good protection of the advance regeneration.



B. Another area of overstory removal with good protection of the advance regeneration. The white pine in the right-foreground was retained along with the dead oak in the middle-background. Both provide valuable wildlife habitat and add structural diversity.