

# Electronic Counting of River Herring



Bob Michelson

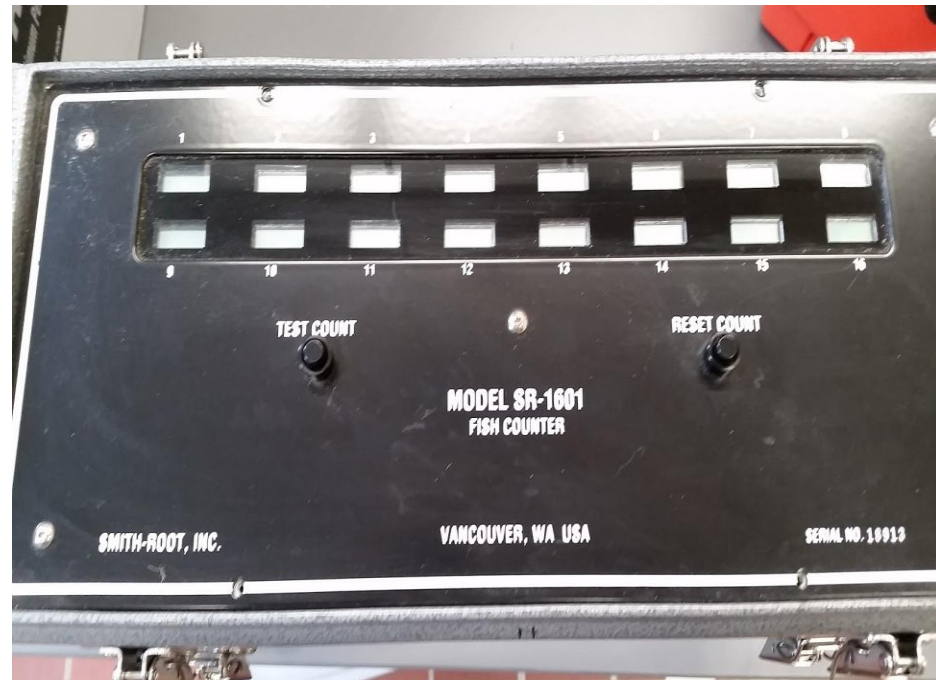
## River Herring Counting Workshop

Brad Chase, Mass. Div. of Marine Fisheries,  
*New Bedford – SMAST Laboratory*  
*March 12, 2025*



# Smith-Root Electronic Counters

- Used since the 1960s – Hatchery use and West Coast salmon counting
- New England States adopt for river herring counting
- Monument River – 1980
- DMF shifted from SR1100 to SR1601 in the last decade with custom fabrications

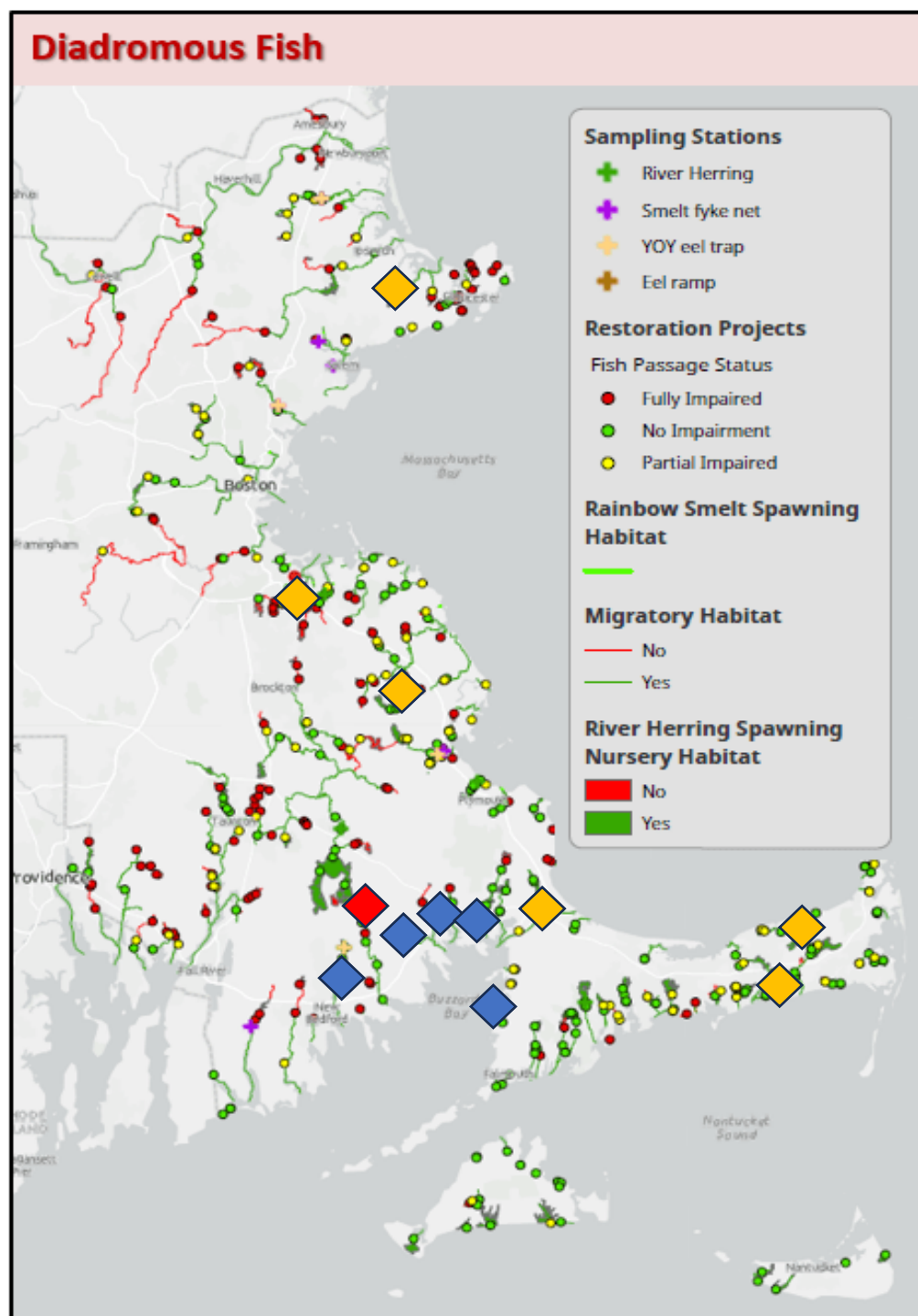


# Smith-Root Counters in Massachusetts

**DMF** – 6 multi-tube counters

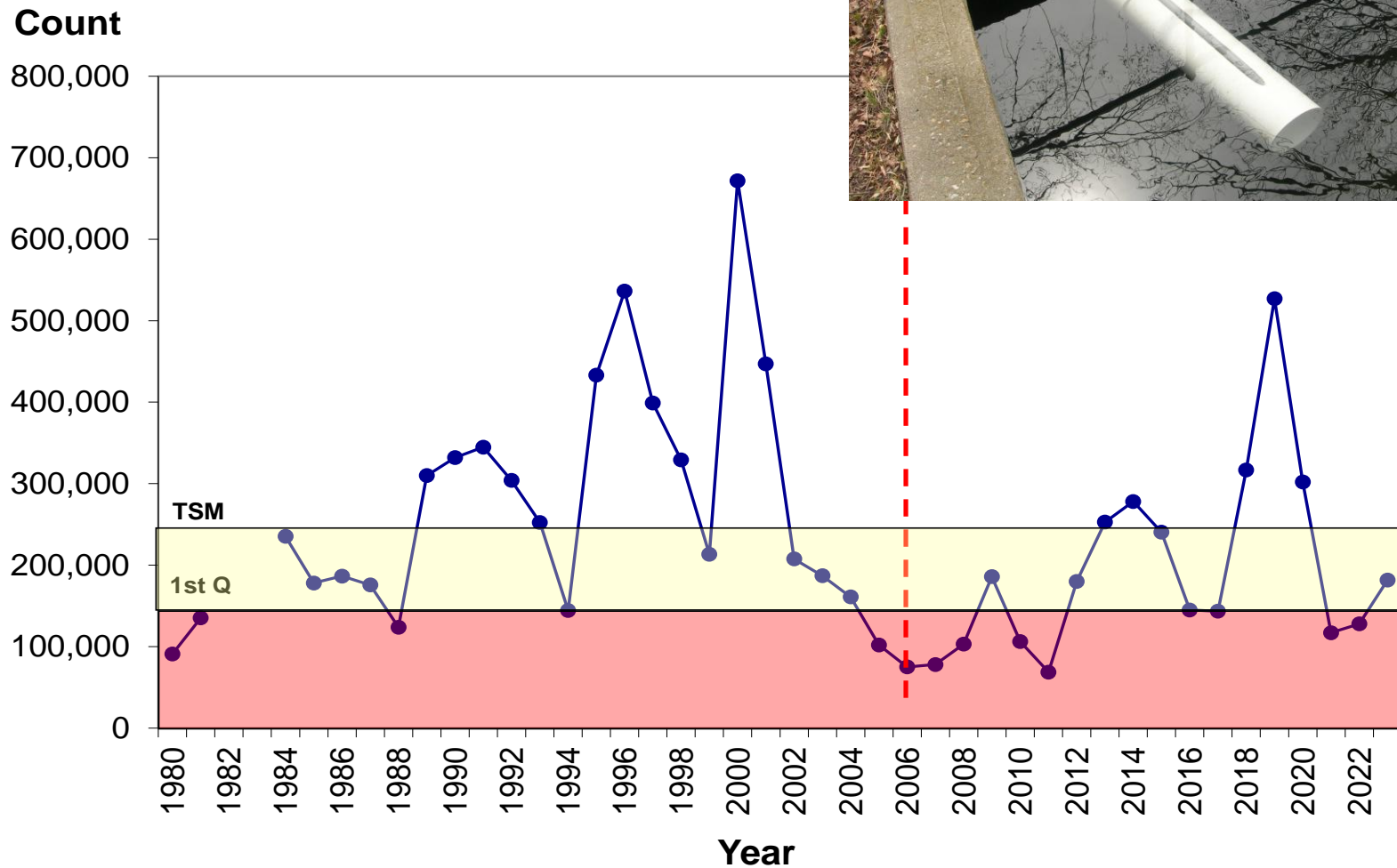
**Buzzards Bay Coalition** –  
5 single tube counters

**Alewives Anonymous** –  
1 single tube counter





# Monument River Electronic Counter – 2



# Smith-Root Electronic Counters

## Advantages

- can be highly accurate
- minimal cost to finalize data
- compatible with solar power
- compatible with volunteers

## Disadvantages

- high start-up cost
- downrunning fish
- daily maintenance
- Not compatible with low flow



On the way out.....

# Maintenance and Diagnostics

## *Daily visits are essential*

- Visual inspection of tube array
- Record pond water level, battery voltage and check counter display
- Comparison Counts – one 5-minute count per visit
- Tube Velocity Check – measure velocity with each visit
- Bottle checks and Sensitivity adjustments



# Buzzards Bay Coalition

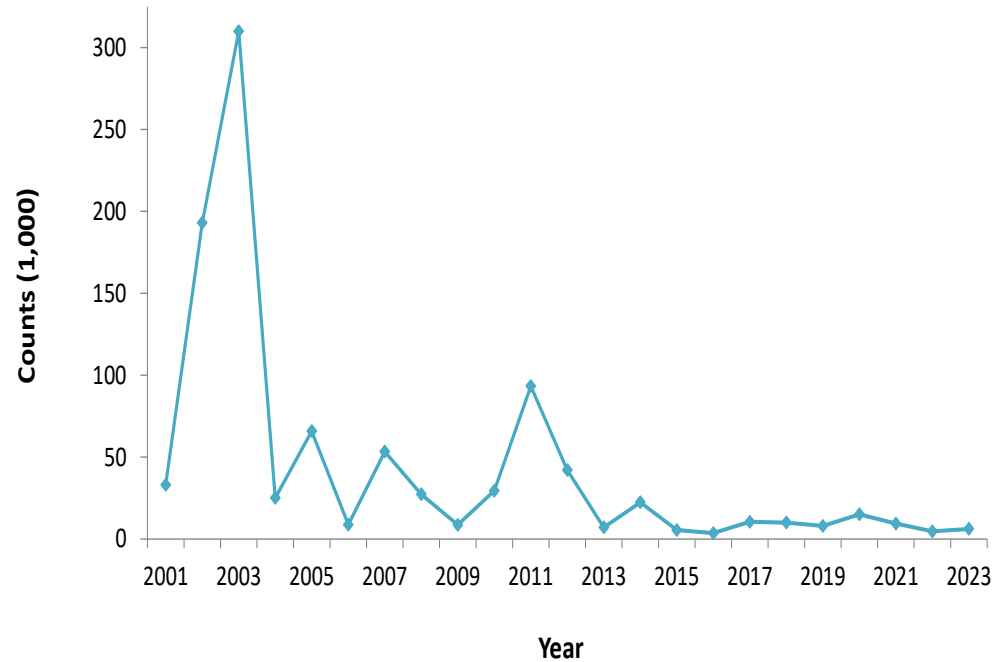
## Maintains 5 Smith-Root Counters





# High Street Dam, Bridgewater

## River Herring Count 2001-2023



**Town River Fisheries Committee**





# Boston Harbor and North Shore Counters

- Essex River, Essex
- Back River, Weymouth
- Joe Holbeche runs these stations out of DMF's Gloucester lab



# Herring Brook, Pembroke

High accuracy when carefully  
maintained daily

570,000 river herring in 2023

444,075 river herring in 2024

Check counts accuracy  
exceeded 90% in both years

Stephanie Berkman runs this  
station for DMF working with  
the Pembroke Herring Fisheries  
Commission





# Herring River, Harwich

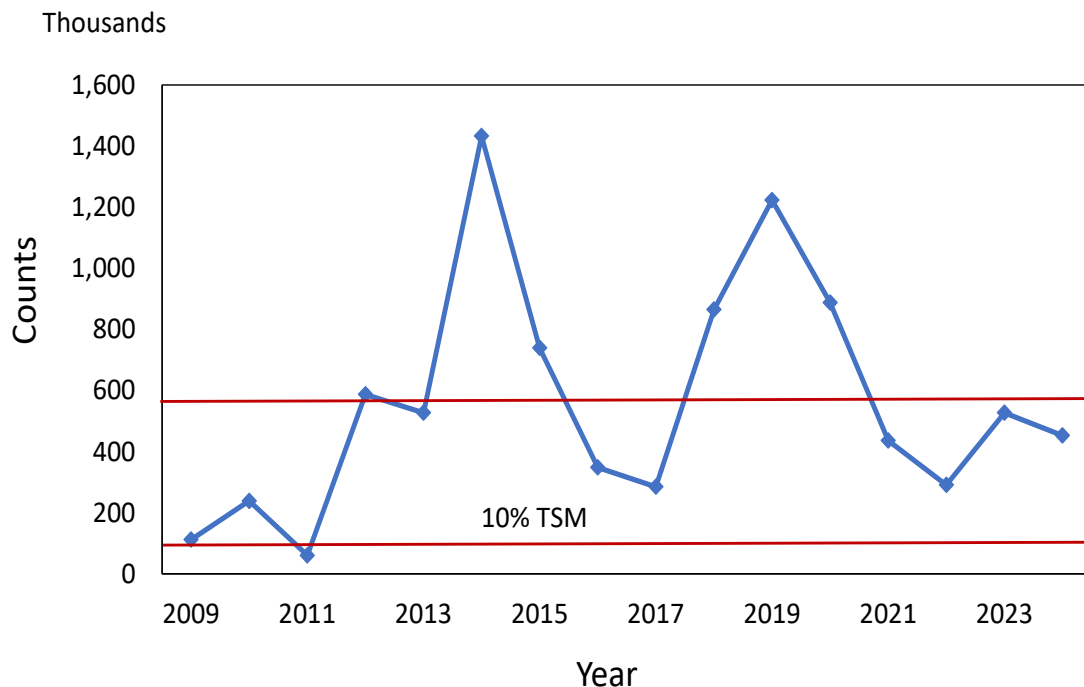
- Large weir-pool fishway at tidal interface
- Smith-Root 1601 Electronic Counter – 8 tubes, Solar powered
- Auxiliary spillway with board slots
- Unique downrunner chutes

Recorded 1<sup>st</sup> million fish count  
in MA in over 20 years





# Herring River, Harwich River Herring Counts 2009 - 2024



**Count Ratio**      Average = 13 %  
Range = 4 to 31 %

**Sustainable Fishery Mgt Plan** - Allows  
10% of time series mean (570,000 fish)



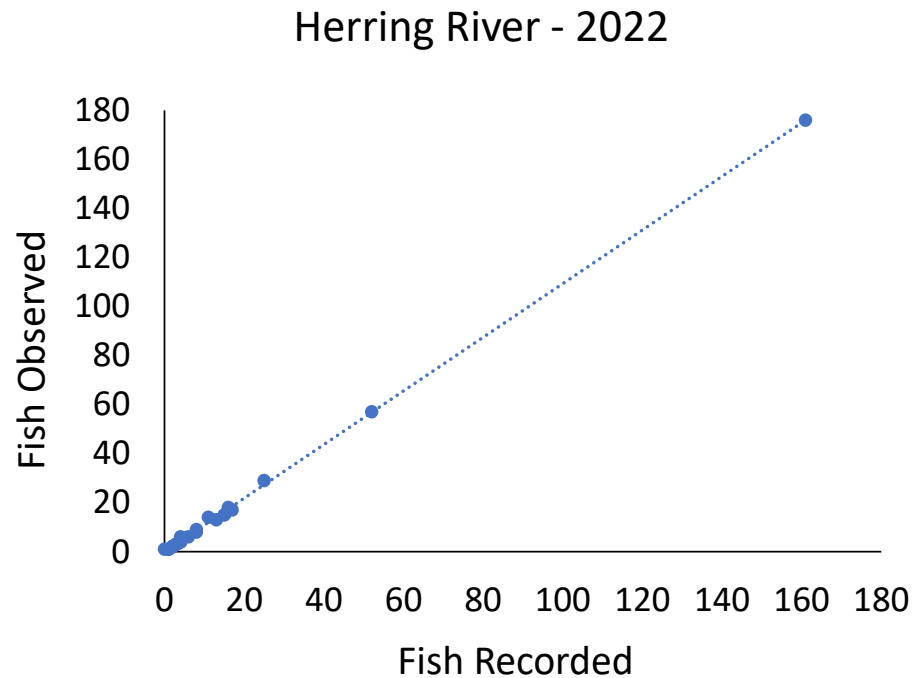


# Smith-Root Check Counts - 2022

57 check counts conducted

29 zero counts

28 with fish counts



Ave. Count Accuracy – 91%

Cumulative Count Accuracy – 92%

**Data Adjustment** – Three 1-day  
battery failures (solar controller)  
adjusted with fish/hour extrapolation

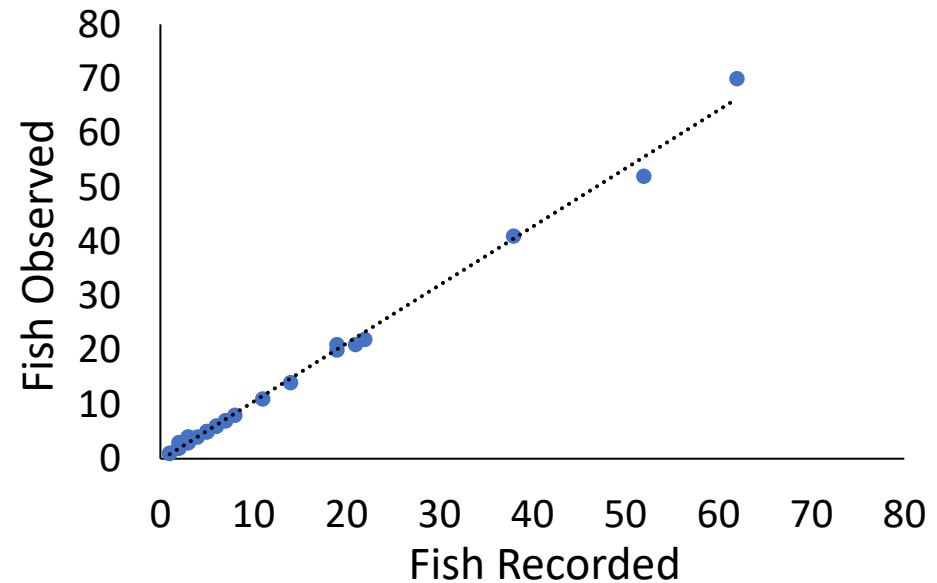
# Smith-Root Check Counts - 2023

61 check counts conducted

25 zero counts

36 with fish counts

Herring River - 2023



Ave. Count Accuracy – 97%

Cumulative Count Accuracy – 96%

**Data Adjustment** – Excellent data quality all season. Only 1 day required minor adjustment for debris in tubes



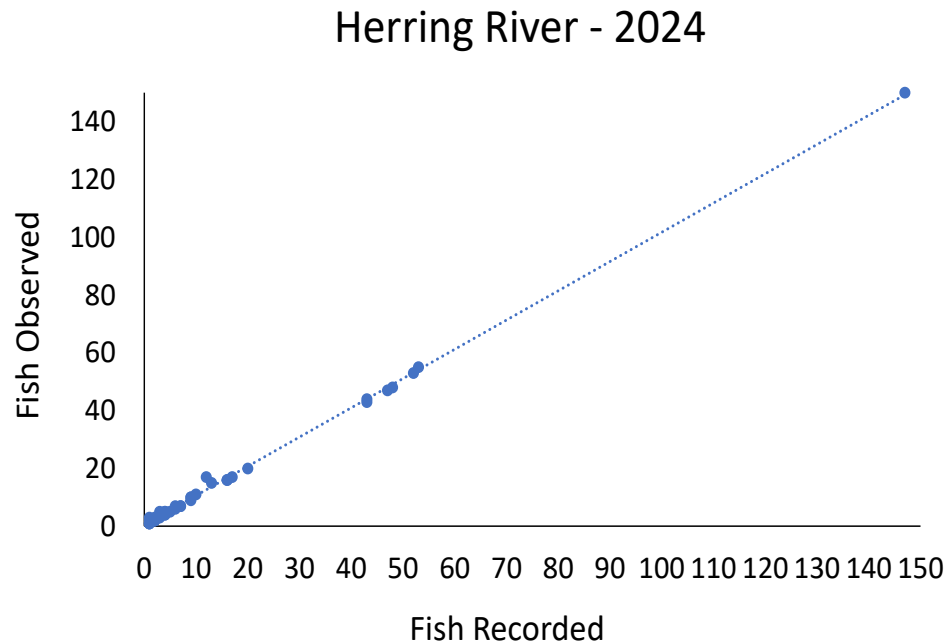
# Smith-Root Check Counts - 2024

59 check counts conducted  
19 zero counts  
40 with fish counts

Ave. Count Accuracy – 90%

Cumulative Count Accuracy – 96%

**Data Adjustment** – 3 days required  
adjustments for different reasons:  
weeds in tubes, accidental shut-off,  
and solar charge controller failure



# Herring River – Harwich

## Tube Water Velocity

**Target Range** – 3.0 to 4.5 ft/s

**2022 Range** - 1.5 to 4.0 ft/s      Mean = 2.9 ft/s

**2023 Range** - 1.9 to 3.8 ft/s      Mean = 2.7 ft/s

**2024 Range** - 2.1 to 4.7 ft/s      Mean = 3.6 ft/s

- Check tube velocity twice weekly with Global Water FP111
- No identified accuracy or passage issues with low tube velocity
- Daily attention and maintenance still required

# Tube Velocity Maintenance

**Staff Gauge** – learning how water elevation relates to counter performance

**Side Sluice** – add board to increase velocity

**Bar Racks** – add/ remove debris to change velocity

**Downrunner Chute** – installation reduces velocity

**Rain Events** – will increase velocity and mobilize debris on bar racks





# Herring River Data Adjustments

**Very good data quality 2022-2024**

**Solar Charge Controller** – failed in both 2022 and 2024. Minor data adjustments

**Debris in Tubes** – minor adjustments in two years with weeds in tubes

**Water Velocity** – no issues in 3 years



# Stony Brook, Brewster Electronic Count 2016 - 2024

Smith-Root 1601 Electronic  
Counter – 10 tubes

110 V powered

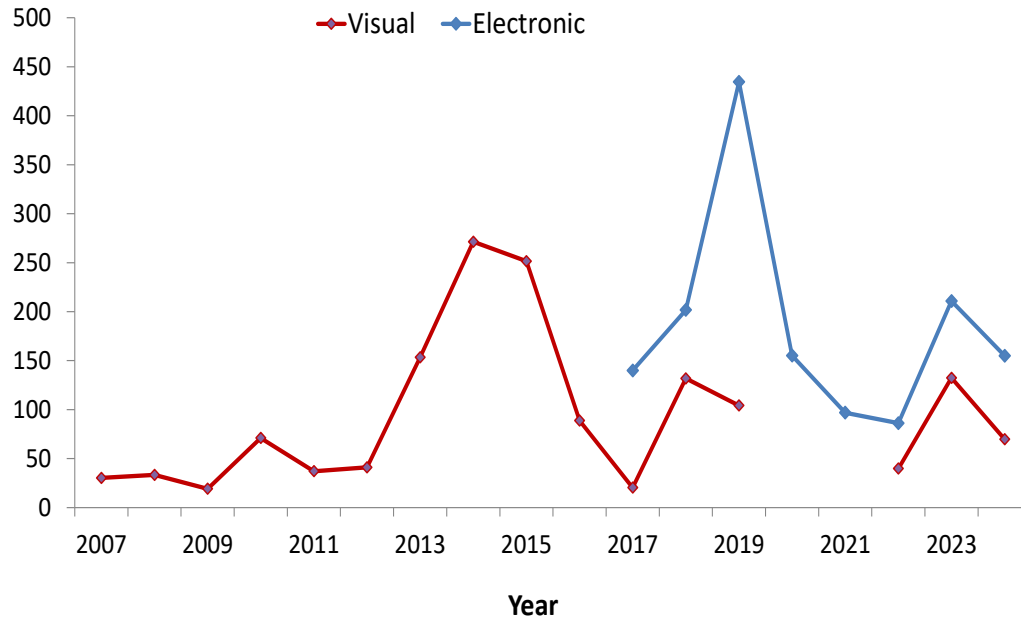
Historic mill park setting –  
with mill water wheel side  
channel





# Stony Brook, Brewster River Herring Counts 2007 - 2024

Counts (1,000)



Count Ratio

Average = 43 %

Range = 15 to 65 %



Spawning Habitat  
441 acres



# Smith-Root Check Counts - 2022

54 check counts conducted

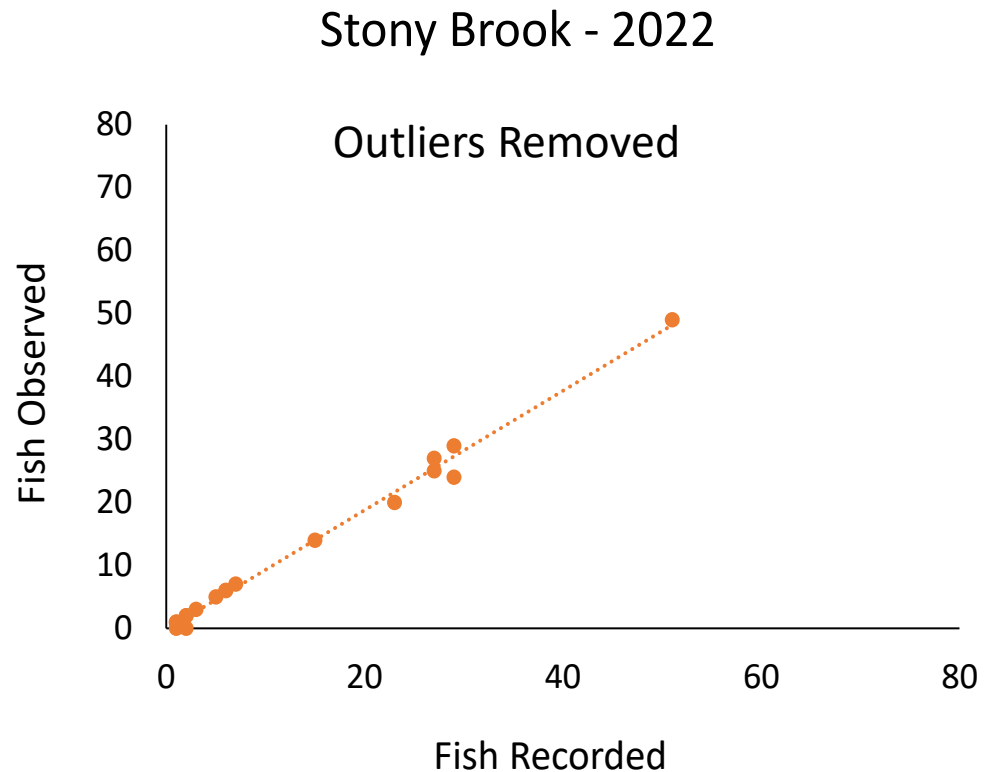
34 zero counts

18 with fish counts

Ave. Count Accuracy – 86%

Cumulative Count Accuracy – 93%

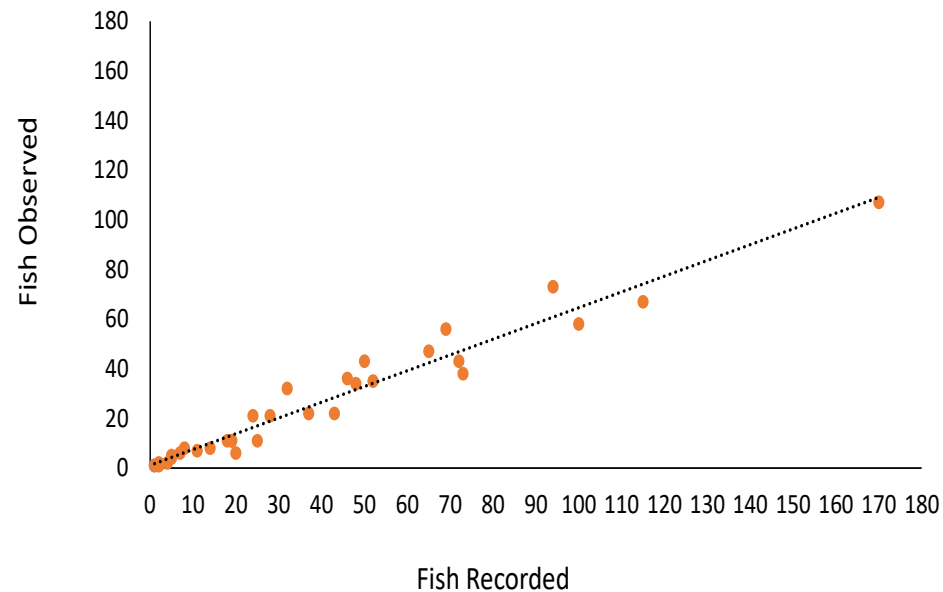
**Data Adjustment** – reduce counts on 2  
dates due to tube debris (use check  
count %)



# Smith-Root Check Counts - 2023

Stony Brook - 2023

61 check counts conducted  
28 zero counts  
33 with fish counts



Ave. Count Accuracy – 69%

Cumulative Count Accuracy – 66%

**Data Adjustment** – Significant issues:  
electrical problems with tubes #7-9  
and periods of high velocity. Adjust  
entire season count

# Stony Brook Maintenance - 2023

## Three Separate Problems

- 1) **Tube 8** – external wire damage. Picked up early and blocked
- 2) **Tube 7/9** – junction box board error caused extra counts
- 3) **High tube velocity** – caused some double counts

## Data Adjustments

Lower tube rack had more high velocity extra counts than top rack. Also had problem tubes 7 and 9. Difficult to isolate and quantify error.

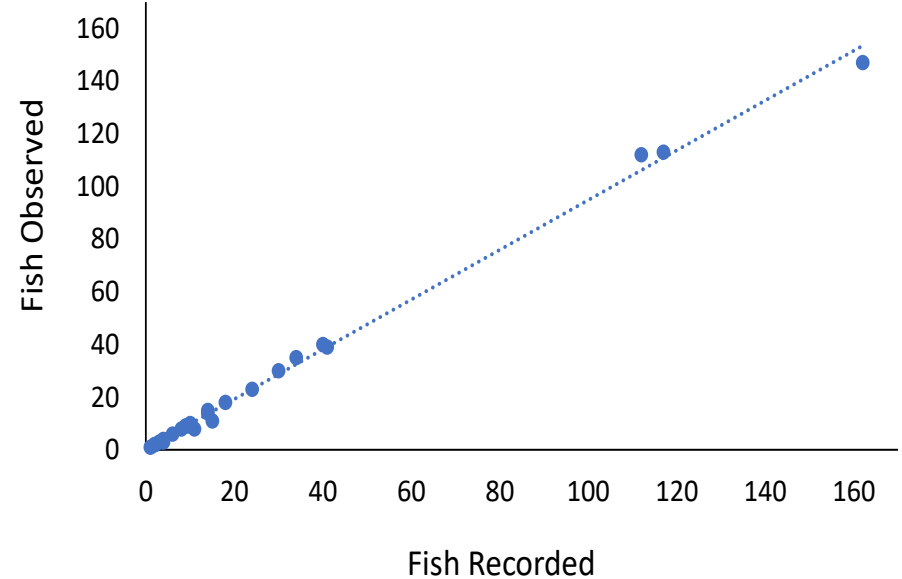
Applied 66% correction factor to entire season from cumulative accuracy of check counts



# Smith-Root Check Counts - 2024

Stony Brook - 2024

59 check counts conducted  
32 zero counts  
27 with fish counts



Ave. Count Accuracy – 96%

Cumulative Count Accuracy – 96%

**Data Adjustment** – Good data quality;  
yet tube 8 had to be blocked again,  
and data were adjusted for 9 days due  
to high velocity

# **Stony Brook – Brewster**

## **Tube Water Velocity**

**Target Range – 3.0 to 4.5 ft/s**

**2022 Range - 2.7 to 5.2 ft/s, Mean = 4.5 ft/s**

**2023 Range - 3.7 to 6.1 ft/s, Mean = 4.9 ft/s**

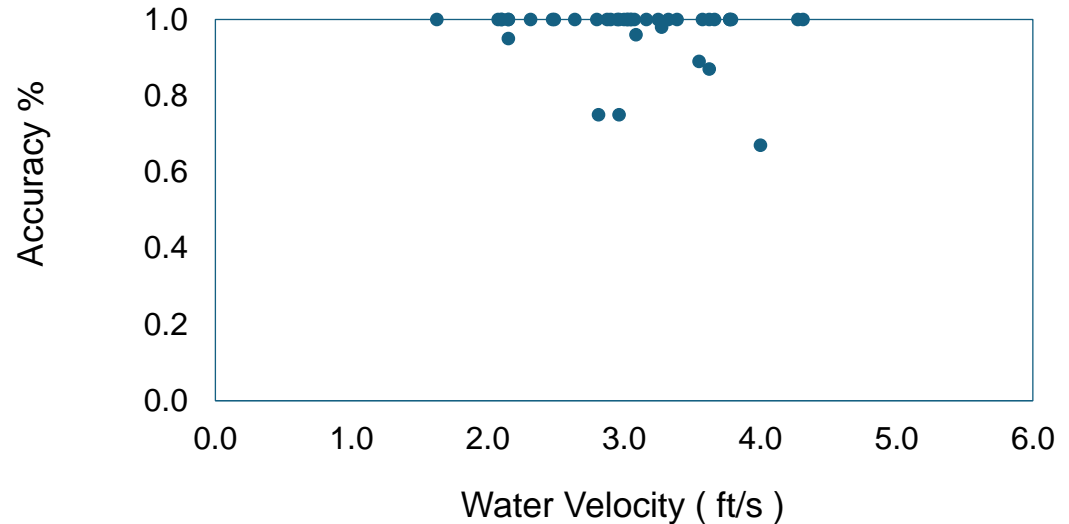
**2024 Range - 2.8 to 6.3 ft/s, Mean = 4.4 ft/s**

- Check tube velocity at least weekly with Global Water FP111
- No identified accuracy or passage issues related to tube velocity in 2022. Periods of higher velocity in 2023 and 2024 caused accuracy problems.
- Accuracy is good until around 5.5 ft/s. Top tube row is better

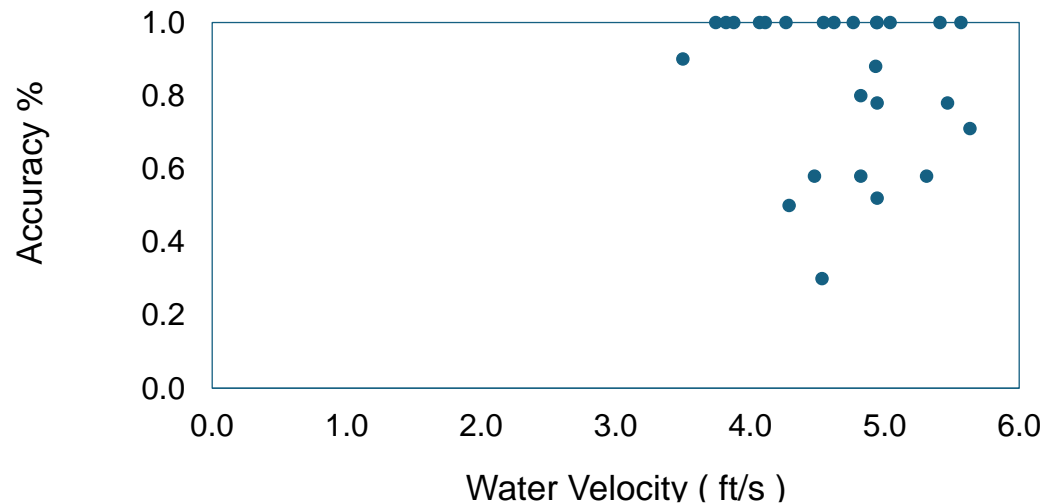
# Comparison Counts vs Velocity

- Few comparison counts <85% at Herring River
- No velocity problems
- Stony Brooks shows both electrical errors and high velocity errors
- Nearly all from 2023

Herring River, Harwich



Stony Brook, Brewster





# Stony Brook Solutions

## 2024

- Fix tube wiring and add protective plate
- Isolated and fix failed junction box connections
- Add side bar racks to reduce flow through tubes
- Learning to balance water wheel channel flow





# Summary



High data quality is achieved with standard operation and maintenance protocols

Positive Bias....need to stay on top of O&M to prevent this

## **Overcounts**

Debris in tubes

Low and high velocity

Junction Box or tube wiring failure

Downrunners

## **Undercounts**

Not common in multi-tubes (2 fish at once)

Adjusting Sensitivity can help with single tubes