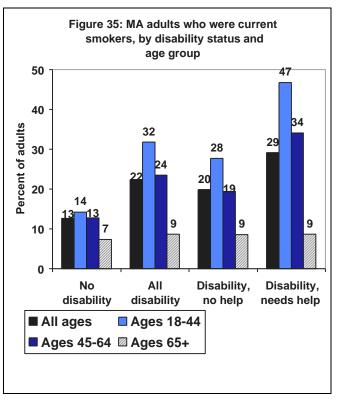


Facts on Smoking among People with Disabilities in Massachusetts

In Massachusetts, almost <u>twice</u> as many people with disabilities report having smoked in the past four weeks as people without disabilities.



Data Source: BRFSS 2008-10

Adults ages 18-44 years old with a disability are <u>twice</u> as likely to have smoked as people of the same age range without a disability.

Similarly, adults ages 18-44 who report needing help with routine or personal care are more than **three times** as likely to have smoked in the past four weeks as are people without disabilities in the same age group.

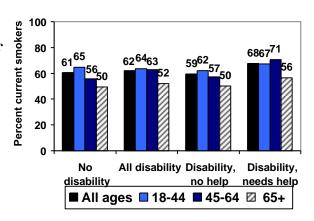
Adults ages 45-64 with disabilities are about <u>10%</u> more likely to smoke than people without disabilities.

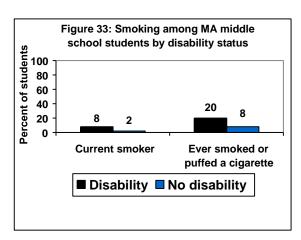
Adults Attempting to Quit Smoking:

 $\underline{68\%}$ of smokers with disabilities who report needing help with routine and personal care and $\underline{59\%}$ of smokers with disabilities who do not need help have made at least one quit attempt in the past year.

Figure 36: MA adults who made quit attempts in

Tobacco use is the leading the past year, by disability status and age group preventable cause of death in the US. Smoking cigarettes is a habit often acquired during the teenage years.





Middle School Students

<u>8%</u> of middle school students with disabilities were current smokers compared to 2% of their non-disabled counterparts in 2011.

Data Source: MA YHS 2011

High School Students

Among high school students, <u>20%</u> of those with disabilities are current smokers compared to <u>10%</u> of those without disabilities, and <u>43%</u> of those with disabilities have smoked at least once in their lifetime compared to <u>32%</u> of those without disabilities.

High school students are more

For more information contact:
Massachusetts Department of Public Health
Office of Health Equity
Health and Disability Program
250 Washington Street, Boston, MA 02108
Phone: (617)624-5540 Fax: (617)624-6062
TTY: (617)624-5002

www.mass.gov/dph/healthequity www.mass.gov/dph/healthanddisability High school students are more likely to report current and lifetime smoking than middle school students, irrespective of disability status.