



WATERSHED: Spences	SUBWATERSHEI	D:	UNIQUE SITE ID: 22
DATE: 52/5/18 ASSESSED BY: Ru HF		CAMERA ID:	PICTURES:
GPS ID:	LMK ID:	LAT:	LONG:
SITE DESCRIPTION			
Name: <u>Spencer</u> Address: <u>Smir</u>	Fairgrounds tuville Rd.		
Ownership: If Public, Government Jurisd		ivate Unknown ate DOT	n Other:
Corresponding USSR/USA F	Field Sheet? Yes	□ No If ye	res, Unique Site ID:
Below Outfall	: ove Roadway Culvert Conveyance System ar Large Parking Lot	On-Site Hotspot Opera Small Parking Individual Str Underground	g Lot Small Impervious Area reet Landscape / Hardscape
DRAINAGE AREA TO PRO	POSED RETROFIT	A reader	ice versions is as
	%	Drainage Area I Residential SFH (< 1 SFH (> 1 SFH (> 1 Townhou Multi-Fai Commercial	Institutional Iac lots) Industrial Iac lots) Transport-Related Undeveloped
EXISTING STORMWATER			Scope Statilization 0
Describe Existing Site Cond Two Inge p entrance 3-5 acres E Smithville	ditions, Including Existing Site when y area voad to fair side enfrance koad, and c	e Drainage and Con s on eit grounds. Z road. B ontains	nding fair grounds in ng UN partang wit: Stable. Inveyance: ther side of menn 2-3 acres W side, at som stope formand stopes varying from of fair grands site
3.5 aure, lov	ver lot flamk	is Seven 1	mile river, and pr
dranns to i frontage (S	miturille) app	ears to be	Apprx 200' of vor
	ng vegimen		entrance. "Free for
rage 1 of 4	0		Unique Site ID: <u>7</u> 2

Purpose of Retrofit: Water Quality Demonstration / Education	Recharge Repair	Channel Protection Other:	Flood Control
		A LE Polo	Sana Alfred Developerang Developerang Contract of End
	t Pond Created We	tland Bioretention	Terren di Scrietti Landrato Stategi Di Estatog Pono - Di Scriet Di Scietti Conditi - Din Conv
Seven mile n Stope Stabilizati SITE CONSTRAINTS W Adjacent Land Use: Residential Commercial	Locatza xitz to M meas. Poss arteing to arteing to on plantings un existing elated Park	to trame/a and access ibly anothe intercept grading s on embandet chantink for Access: Onstrained di Slope	el lineate road and er br.b. in ba noff headed ports concep of fair gronds nec gets veplaced aints ue to Bace Bree Impacts
Conflicts with Existing Utilities: None Unknown Yes Possible Gas Gas Electric Electric to Stree Overhead Wires Other:	Dam Saf Impacts Impacts Floodpla Impacts Impacts How App tlights	I Permitting Factors: ety Permits Necessary to Wetlands to a Stream in Fill to Forests to Specimen Trees v many? rox. DBH	Probable Not Probable Probable Not Probable Probable Not Probable Probable Not Probable Probable Not Probable Probable Not Probable
Soils: Soil auger test holes: Evidence of poor infiltration (clay Evidence of shallow bedrock:	s, fines):	s INO A/B	drains to it.

Page 2 of 4

RRI Retrofit Reconnaissance Investigation

Green Intractive should be styled to matern the remains of tau brands. Still vitilized to concater a engrant for public amonity thanks to tom, but needs to blend in with overall feel of site as well as spatial uses.

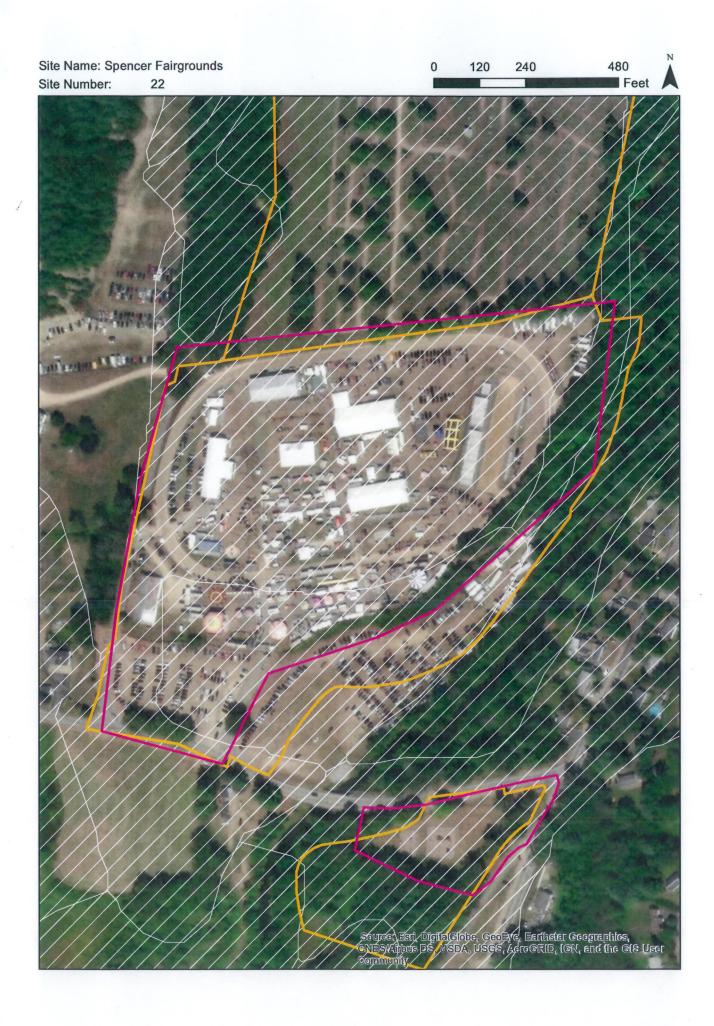
Unique Site ID: 22

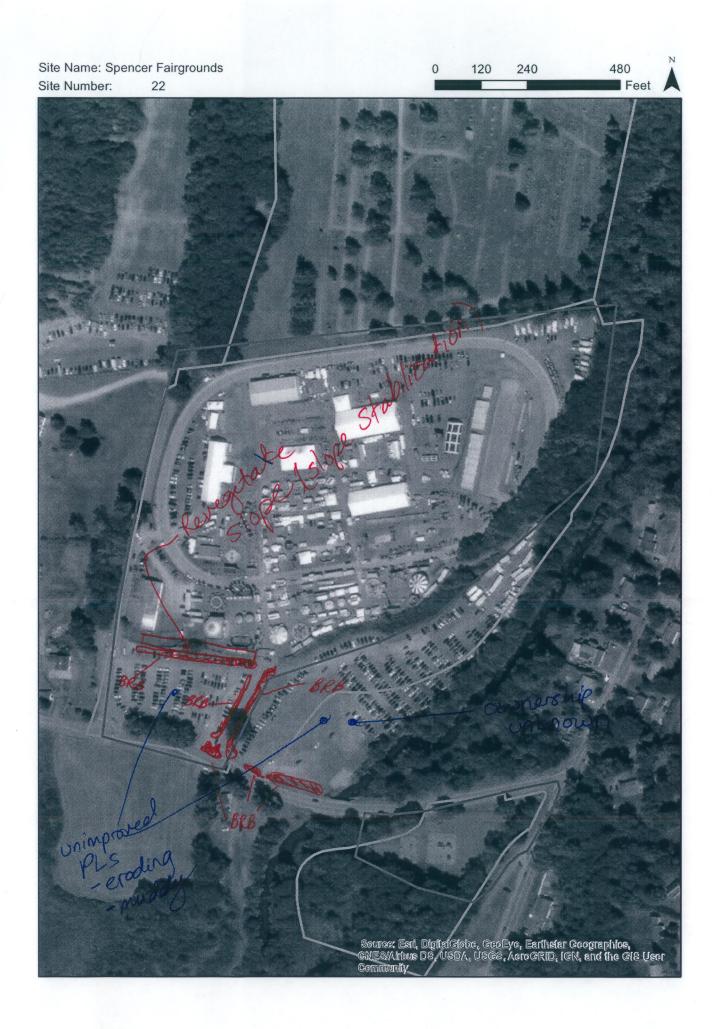
Page 3 of 4

SKETCH

RRI

DESIGN OR DELIVERY NOTES Green infractivitie should be styled to maten the vernaular of Fair Grounds. public amenity thanks to town, but needs to blend in with overall feel of site as well as spatial uses. FOLLOW-UP NEEDED TO COMPLETE FIELD CONCEPT Confirm property ownership Obtain existing stormwater practice as-builts Confirm drainage area Obtain site as-builts Confirm drainage area impervious cover Obtain detailed topography Obtain utility mapping Confirm volume computations Complete concept sketch Confirm storm drain invert elevations Confirm soil types Other:_ **INITIAL FEASIBILITY AND CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS** SITE CANDIDATE FOR FURTHER INVESTIGATION: YES NO MAYBE IS SITE CANDIDATE FOR EARLY ACTION PROJECT(S): YES **V**NO MAYBE IF NO, SITE CANDIDATE FOR OTHER RESTORATION PROJECT(S): YES No MAYBE IF YES, TYPE(S):







WATERSHED: SUBWATERSHED: UNIQUE SITE ID: Z3 DATE: (Z/Z/18) ASSESSED BY: RW RE CAMERA ID: PICTURES: Affect 10.5 GPS ID: LMK ID: LAT: LONG: SITE DESCRIPTION Address: Ownership: Public Private Unknown If Public, Government Jurisdiction: Alocal State DOT Other: Corresponding USSR/USA Field Sheet? Yes No If yes, Unique Site ID: Proposed Retrofit Location: On-Site Individual Rooftop Storage On-Site Small Parking Lot 5 Small Impervious Area In Road ROW Near Large Parking Lot On-Site Small Impervious Area Other: Underground Other: Mades area DRAINAGE AREA TO PROPOSED RETROFIT Drainage Area ≈ Drainage Area and Use: Drainage Area and Use:	3
SITE DESCRIPTION Name: 100x Trail Junior High Address: Ownership: If Public, Government Jurisdiction: Local State DOT Other: Corresponding USSR/USA Field Sheet? Yes No If yes, Unique Site ID: Proposed Retrofit Location: Storage Existing Pond Above Roadway Culvert Below Outfall In Conveyance System In Road ROW Near Large Parking Lot Other: Underground Drainsact AREA TO PROPOSED RETROFIT	
Name: Mox Trail Junior High Address:	
Address:	A
If Public, Government Jurisdiction: Local State DOT Other: Corresponding USSR/USA Field Sheet? Proposed Retrofit Location: Storage Existing Pond Above Roadway Culvert Below Outfall In Road ROW Near Large Parking Lot Other: DRAINAGE AREA TO PROPOSED RETROFIT On-Site On-Site In Conveyance System Individual Street Other:	
Proposed Retrofit Location: Storage Existing Pond Above Roadway Culvert Below Outfall In Conveyance System In Road ROW Near Large Parking Lot Other: Underground DRAINAGE AREA TO PROPOSED RETROFIT	
Storage On-Site Existing Pond Above Roadway Culvert Below Outfall In Conveyance System In Road ROW Near Large Parking Lot Other: Underground DRAINAGE AREA TO PROPOSED RETROFIT	
	B [ULLB
Drainage Area Z and Use	
Imperviousness \approx % \square Residential \blacksquare InstitutionalImpervious Area \approx \square SFH (< 1 ac lots)	
Notes:	2
EXISTING STORMWATER MANAGEMENT	
Existing Stormwater Practice: If Yes, Describe:	
Describe Existing Site Conditions, Including Existing Site Drainage and Conveyance:	
	Į.
peastone along building fills w/ water	8
gutters + downsport don't work the way they're supposed +,	
North side + water pools along gymi garden on that side; o Western lawn - very green, receives a lot of water + not heavily used	utersa
-possibility to renaturalite steeper parts farther from building?	12
idence of poet infilmation (cloys, fines).	AL AL

Page 1 of 4

1

RRI

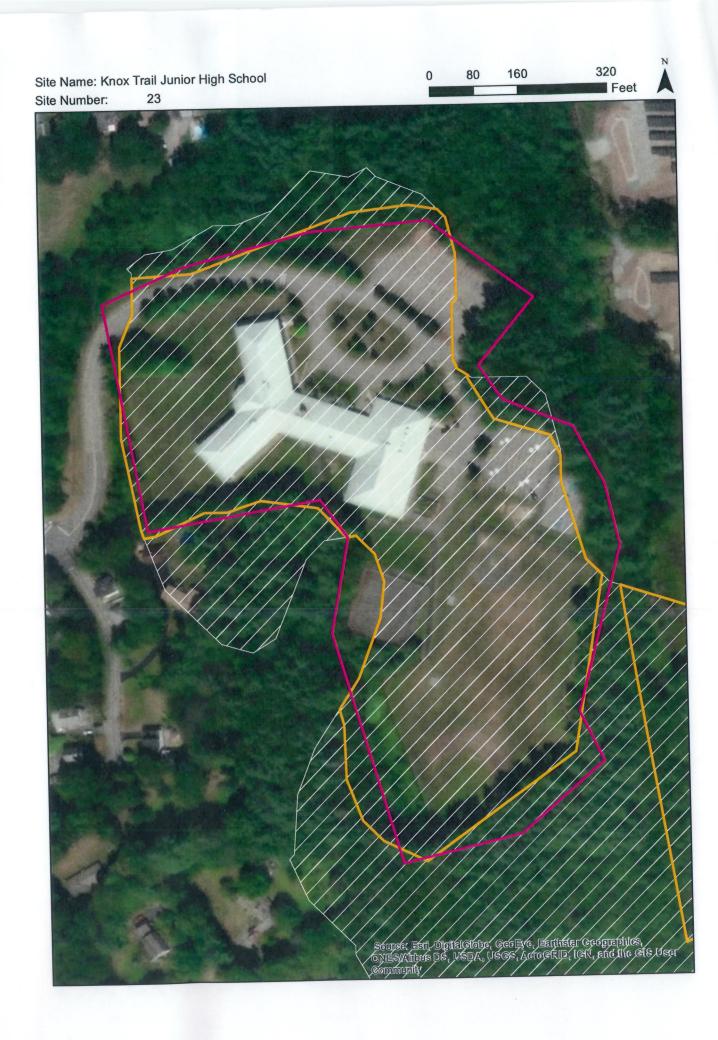
PROPOSED RETROFIT Purpose of Retrofit: Channel Protection Flood Control Water Quality Recharge Demonstration / Education Repair Other: Replace culivert + improve inlet to reduce seepage from spring through road **Proposed Treatment Option:** Bein Barrels Created Wetland **Bioretention** Extended Detention Wet Pond Other: Forest buffer extension, cistern Infiltration Swale Filtering Practice Describe Elements of Proposed Retrofit, Including Surface Area, Maximum Depth of Treatment, and Conveyance: Bioretertion practices to help infiltrate water close to building (roof drainage) Be Infiltration when parking let(s) repaired to infiltrate water from fields + lots (focus on infilt in lower lot if gw not too high - better Rain barrels - elevated - to use for watering garden -use bioretention as arefrow extend forest buffer on north side of school SITE CONSTRAINTS **Adjacent Land Use:** Access: Residential Commercial Instit Institutional No Constraints Constrained due to Space Undeveloped D Other: Slope **Utilities Possible Conflicts Due to Adjacent Land Use?** Yes No Tree Impacts Structures Property Ownership If Yes, Describe: Other: Bedrock, wetlands **Conflicts with Existing Utilities: Potential Permitting Factors:** None None Dam Safety Permits Necessary Probable Not Probable Unknown Probable 🗌 Not Probable Impacts to Wetlands Probable Not Probable Yes Possible Impacts to a Stream Sewer **Floodplain Fill** Probable Not Probable Probable Not Probable Water Impacts to Forests Probable Not Probable Gas Impacts to Specimen Trees How many?_ Cable Approx. DBH Electric Electric to Streetlights **Overhead Wires Other factors:** \square Other: Marked A/B soils but wetlands Soils: Soil auger test holes: Yes No adjacent Yes No Evidence of poor infiltration (clays, fines): Evidence of shallow bedrock: Yes No wetlands Evidence of high water table (gleying, saturation):

RRI **Retrofit Reconnaissance Investigation** SKETCH Connect to gas main + remove gas tanks that are located in front lawn area -possible loc'n for bioretention/filtering if contamination isn't an issue

Page 3 of 4

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DESIGN OR DELIVERY NOTES	
The led currently irrigated	en and the second of the second
held currently irrigated ets of exposed/dumped bedr	ock
The second second second	and the second
OLLOW-UP NEEDED TO COMPLETE FIELD	CONCEPT
Confirm property ownership	Obtain existing stormwater practice as-builts
] Confirm drainage area] Confirm drainage area impervious cover	 Obtain site as-builts Obtain detailed topography
Confirm volume computations Complete concept sketch	 Obtain utility mapping Confirm storm drain invert elevations
] Other: confirm bedrock	Confirm soil types
ITTAL FEASIBILITY AND CONSTRUCTION C	envoyency she/ter- wetland a practice several years; needs to go on capital pl
chool serve's as town's	energency sherit
IE parking lot drawns to a	wetland
-not much room for	a practice
repairing not planner for	several gluss, rulas to go on aprice pr
ITE CANDIDATE FOR FURTHER INVESTIGAT	
S SITE CANDIDATE FOR EARLY ACTION PROF F NO, SITE CANDIDATE FOR OTHER RESTOR	
IF YES, TYPE(S):	
23	
ge 4 of 4	Unique Site ID: 23



Site Number:



water seeping from beourack in Gerposed hillside

atony of road

sinkholes in road

avhere pipe crosses road

For

2



WATERSHED: Specer		SUBWATERSHED:		UNIQUI	E SITE ID: 24
DATE: 12/5/18	ASSESSI	ED BY: RW NF	CAMERA ID:	1	PICTURES:
GPS ID:			LAT:	E Re	LONG:
SITE DESCRIPTION					
Name: Lyther Hill+ L Address:	avel th	ill Parks			
Ownership: If Public, Government Jurisdi	ction:	Public Priv Local Stat		Other:_	
Corresponding USSR/USA F	eld Sheet?	🗌 Yes	No If yes	s, Unique S	Site ID:
Below Outfall			On-Site Hotspot Operat Small Parking Individual Stre Underground	Lot 됟	Individual Rooftop Small Impervious Area Landscape / Hardscape Other:
DRAINAGE AREA TO PRO	POSED RE	TROFIT	VADS VAS	14-10	and an auri
Drainage Area ≈ Imperviousness ≈ Impervious Area ≈ Notes:		%	Drainage Area La Residential SFH (< 1 a SFH (> 1 a Townhous Multi-Fam Commercial	ac lots) ac lots) es	 Institutional Industrial Transport-Related Park Undeveloped Other:
EXISTING STORMWATER	MANAGE	MENT			
Existing Stormwater Practic If Yes, Describe:	ee:	Yes No	Possible		Adjacent Land Use Adjacent Land Use Community Industrial Interpole Possible Conflicts the to Adja If Yes, Dependent
Describe Existing Site Cond	itions Incl	luding Existing Site	Drainage and Con	vovonoot	Conflicts with Extending Conflict
Medium steep upland park curves down (Late Mitz open space vinoff @ to culvent Large beach structures in	ane to pr emor seam intet oure	S-14% s a contain blic bea D. Storn pstope of road a, boad boad	sloped oer ing fire en anea inater e of road d & emb side whi alt, pick	- B und (, M- ante M unte unte unte	what & travels at Lets to Later. absles, & small in stand/changer
Page 1 of 4 14 Vaise	d a	eptic fra	n bath	oon	Unique Site ID: 24



Purpose of Retrofit: Water Quality Demonstration / Education Repair	Channel Protection Flood Control
Filtering Practice Infiltration Strengthered Strengthered Reports of Proposed Retrofit Include	ing Surface Area Maximum Denth of Treatment and Conveyance
Lincar diversion, biosvales btun	conveyance : i filtration aevess road à green space
The of super	
SITE CONSTRAINTS	
Adjacent Land Use: Residential Commercial Institu Industrial Transport-Related Park Undeveloped Other: Possible Conflicts Due to Adjacent Land Use? If Yes, Describe: If Yes, Describe:	tional Access: No Constraints Constrained due to Slope Space Ves No Utilities Tree Impacts Structures Property Ownership Other:
Conflicts with Existing Utilities: None Unknown Yes Possible Yes Sewer Yes Gas Gas Cable Electric Electric to Streetlights Overhead Wires Other:	Potential Permitting Factors: Dam Safety Permits Necessary Impacts to Wetlands Impacts to a Stream Floodplain Fill Impacts to Forests Impacts to Specimen Trees How many? Approx. DBH
Soils: Soil auger test holes: Evidence of poor infiltration (clays, fines): Evidence of shallow bedrock:	Yes No Yes No Yes No

Retrofit Reconnaissance Investigation

RRI

-may read to focus on firing THAT problem BMP may be too close to late, bit since same draitage connecting discharges directly to late, could be argued as improveding See aerial

Unique Site ID: 24

Page 3 of 4

SKETCH

DESIGN OR DELIVERY NOTES - if septic produces seepage, may not be a good place for BMP -may need to focus on fixing THAT problem -BMP may be too close to lake, but since same drainage currently discharges directly to lake, could be argued as improvement FOLLOW-UP NEEDED TO COMPLETE FIELD CONCEPT Confirm property ownership Obtain existing stormwater practice as-builts Confirm drainage area Obtain site as-builts Confirm drainage area impervious cover Obtain detailed topography Confirm volume computations 🗹 Obtain utility mapping 🛛 Septic Complete concept sketch Confirm storm drain invert elevations Confirm soil types May con boundary of soils types Other: **INITIAL FEASIBILITY AND CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS** YES SITE CANDIDATE FOR FURTHER INVESTIGATION: NO MAYBE IS SITE CANDIDATE FOR EARLY ACTION PROJECT(S): YES NO **MAYBE** IF NO, SITE CANDIDATE FOR OTHER RESTORATION PROJECT(S): YES NO MAYBE IF YES, TYPE(S):







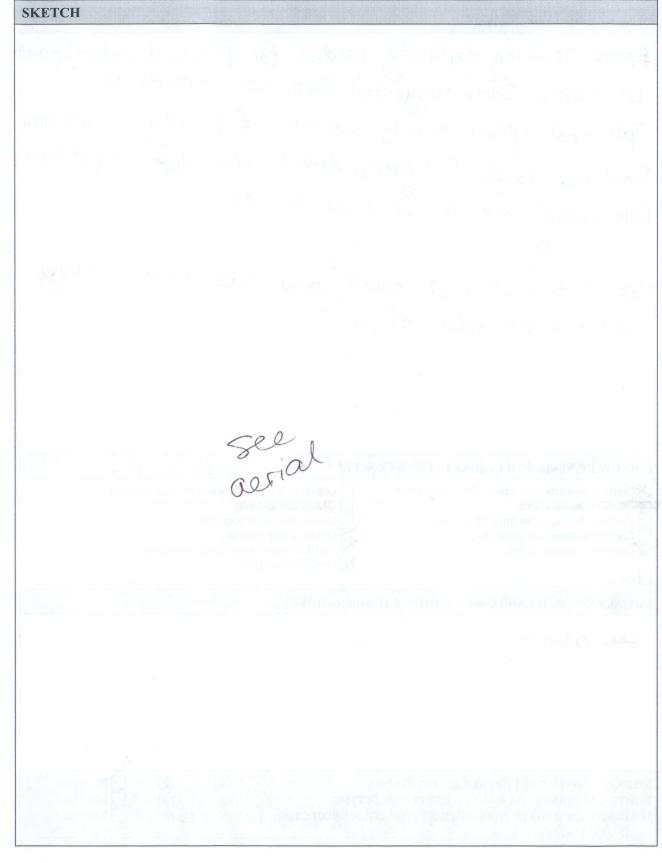
WATERSHED: Spencer		SUBWATERSHED:		UNIQUE	SITE ID: 25
DATE: 12/4/18	ASSESSED BY: YEW HE		CAMERA ID: 2		PICTURES:
GPS ID: LMK ID:			LAT: LONG:		
SITE DESCRIPTION					
Name: Lake St Scho Address: Lake St	с				and a portantia
Ownership: If Public, Government Jurisdi	ction:	Public Priv		Other:_	- American Constant
Corresponding USSR/USA Fi	ield Sheet	Yes	□ No If ye	s, Unique S	Site ID:
Below Outfall In C	ove Roadw Conveyanc	vay Culvert e System arking Lot	On-Site Hotspot Opera Small Parking Individual Stre Underground	Lot5	Individual Rooftop Small Impervious Area Landscape / Hardscape Other:
DRAINAGE AREA TO PROP	POSED RI	ETROFIT			
Drainage Area ≈% Imperviousness ≈% Impervious Area ≈			Drainage Area Land Use: Residential SFH (< 1 ac lots)		
Notes:	treat	BRB3 10	Townhous Multi-Fan Commercial	ses	Park Undeveloped Other:
EXISTING STORMWATER	MANAGE	MENT			
Existing Stormwater Practic If Yes, Describe:	ce:	Yes No	Possible		Start Cosse Repairs a
Space Space Cropetty Ownership (2)	Constraints med due k Slope Unlities Structure Othern		Linstitut end Park 1 Use?	iai -Rolated Roont Lana	2 Hestidential of [] Comment [] Induction [] Longon [] Induction [] Other [] Institute Comflicts Dow to Adj [] Yes. Describe:
Describe Existing Site Cond Large Site drainin				iveyance: Storm &	Jewers on site
(one in northern	100p 7	one in eas	stern lot/ent	rance).	15.262
havere paved + r	oof a	ea.			La Guiden (Winter La Guiden Cable - La Di Cable -
		:810	Other fact	test lister in the second s	Overhead W
i of erenigt				lays, fines)	Other: Soile: Soil argentest heles: Evidence of proribilization to Evidence of shillow bedrock: Evidence of holl water table (

Page 1 of 4

PROPOSED RETROFIT	
Purpose of Retrofit: Water Quality Demonstration / Education	Channel Protection Flood Control
Community gardus - raised -in central courtyard. -Amerity for residents -Reduce paved surface	beds
- add green space	The second devices in the second s
	Created Wetland Bioretention Swale Other: Pavenet renaral, Communit
	ling Surface Area, Maximum Depth of Treatment, and Conveyance:
t struct as used as inst	f Front parking lot & replacing w/ alling brear bioretention along other ons to take Stormwater offline from
	les fos BRBs to treat + infiltrate
SITE CONSTRAINTS	
Adjacent Land Use: Residential Commercial Institution Industrial Transport-Related Park Undeveloped Other: Possible Conflicts Due to Adjacent Land Use? If Yes, Describe: Park	Access: No Constraints + elwation ^C No Constrained due to Slope Space Utilities Tree Impacts Structures Property Ownership agree
Conflicts with Existing Utilities: None Unknown Yes Possible X Sewer X Water X Gas Cable Electric Electric to Streetlights Overhead Wires Other: Other:	Potential Permitting Factors: Dam Safety Permits Necessary Impacts to Wetlands Impacts to Wetlands Impacts to a Stream Probable Not Probable Impacts to a Stream Probable Not Probable Impacts to a Stream Probable Not Probable Impacts to Forests Impacts to Specimen Trees How many? Approx. DBH Other factors:
Soils: Soil auger test holes: Evidence of poor infiltration (clays, fines): Evidence of shallow bedrock: Evidence of high water table (gleying, saturation):	□Yes □No A/C □Yes □No ¥Yes □No upper portions of property ∶ ¥es □No







Unique Site ID: 25

Page 3 of 4

DESIGN OR DELIVERY NOTES Hered Parking capacity needed for planed reduvelopment Unknown. Some suggested BRB sites outside of "planned "public amenity" portion of property in front area. Front area tough for BMPs dere to elev, slope, long distance from paved areas to low areas of site Possible to treat road runoff using BRB swales along east & south edges of site? FOLLOW-UP NEEDED TO COMPLETE FIELD CONCEPT Confirm property ownership arrangement Obtain existing stormwater practice as-builts Confirm drainage area Obtain site as-builts Confirm drainage area impervious cover Obtain detailed topography Confirm volume computations Obtain utility mapping Complete concept sketch Confirm storm drain invert elevations Confirm soil types Other: **INITIAL FEASIBILITY AND CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS** See above NO YES SITE CANDIDATE FOR FURTHER INVESTIGATION: MAYBE IS SITE CANDIDATE FOR EARLY ACTION PROJECT(S): YES NO MAYBE IF NO, SITE CANDIDATE FOR OTHER RESTORATION PROJECT(S): YES NO MAYBE IF YES, TYPE(S):

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RRI

27

WATERSHED: Spercer	SUBWATERSHED	:	UNIQUE SITE II	D: 27
DATE: 12/12/18	ASSESSED BY: RW HF	CAMERA ID: 2	Рісти	URES: after 11
GPS ID:	LMK ID:	LAT:	LONG	: Water Challer
SITE DESCRIPTION				
Name: Wire Village Sc Address:	thas			
Ownership: If Public, Government Jurisdi		vate Unknown te DOT [Other:	
Corresponding USSR/USA F	ield Sheet? Yes	□ No If yes	s, Unique Site ID:_	
Below Outfall In C	: Dve Roadway Culvert Conveyance System ar Large Parking Lot	On-Site Hotspot Operat Small Parking I Individual Stree Underground	Lot 🗌 Small I	ual Rooftop mpervious Area ape / Hardscape
DRAINAGE AREA TO PRO	POSED RETROFIT			
Drainage Area ≈ Imperviousness ≈ Impervious Area ≈ Notes:		Drainage Area La Residential SFH (< 1 a SFH (> 1 a)	ic lots) Ins ic lots) Inc ic lots) Tra	stitutional dustrial ansport-Related
110113.		Townhouse Multi-Fam	ily 🗌 Un	rk ndeveloped her:
EXISTING STORMWATER	MANAGEMENT			and a state of the second
Existing Stormwater Practic If Yes, Describe:	ce: Yes No	Possible	c Gelds	of F.C. of Second Se
Detertion ponc - 02m plan	es - Z a school+ pending (see back)		hotel	
	antiful Si ou			
Limited storm do	litions, Including Existing Site ains' all downspour large detertion basic	ts into grown	70	DNW end
Large particing lot o	but front - islands R	Innacts to 1	Julia de	
Site surrounded h	ay wetlands; Brid	ge crosses we	enandis	
	:320	Other Jack	hend Wires	
to of the field set go				
All				

Page 1 of 4

PROPOSED RETROFIT	
Purpose of Retrofit: Water Quality Demonstration / Education	
	Name (Mr. 1997) Mark (See 25) Address Do by Corressonation (Sec 25) Corressonation (Sec 25) Corressona
Proposed Treatment Option: Extended Detention Filtering Practice	Created Wetland Bioretention? Swale Other: Cistern for inrigation Storage
Sites not selected yet -many possibilities but Ito	l sites
SITE CONSTRAINTS	
Adjacent Land Use: Residential Commercial I Industrial Transport-Related F Undeveloped Other: Possible Conflicts Due to Adjacent Land U If Yes, Describe: wetlands surroudd	Jse? Yes No Slope Space Tree Impacts
Conflicts with Existing Utilities: None Unknown Yes Possible Sewer Water Gas Electric Electric to Streetlights Overhead Wires Other:	Potential Permitting Factors: Dam Safety Permits Necessary Impacts to Wetlands Impacts to a Stream Floodplain Fill Impacts to Forests Impacts to Specimen Trees How many? Approx. DBH Other factors:
Soils: Soil auger test holes: Evidence of poor infiltration (clays, fines): Evidence of shallow bedrock: Evidence of high water table (gleying, satura	Yes No AB soils may be limited to athl Yes No field parking lot, if even prese Yes No wetland's surroundings
Page 2 of 4	Unique Site ID: 27

RRI

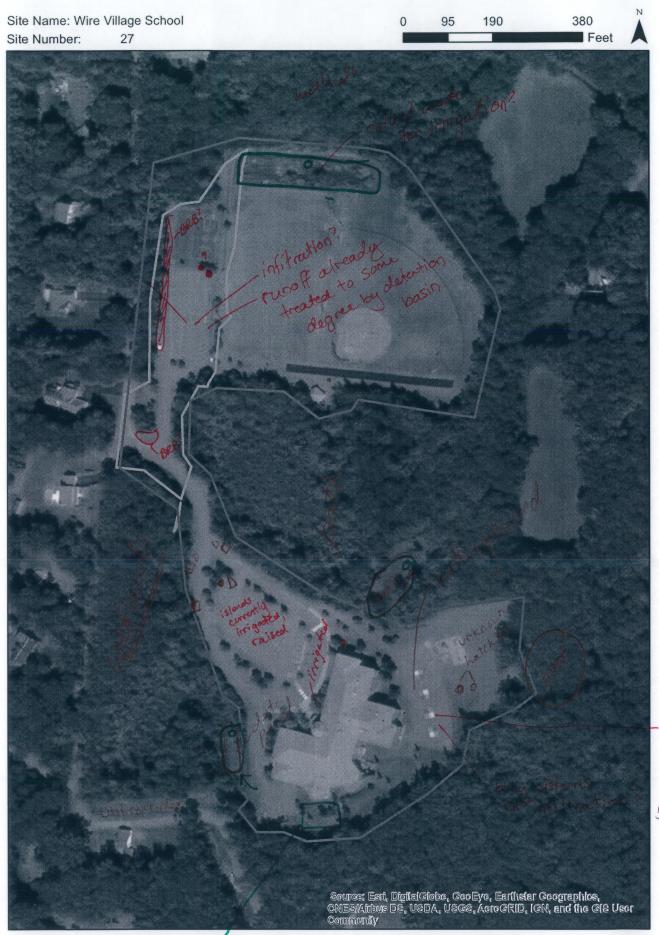
SKETCH School district maintenance crew -2 Full time -looking to hire one part-time this year - hiring one More full-time next year - Some maint. shared w/ town (eg Eric working on maint plan for detention basins - will utilize correctional inmates (community service) for maint. tasks Parking lot runoff to detention& basins -addit. treatment considered too redundant? - find way to repurpose water instead of infiltrating? - may require additional treatment/ filtering -test basin water for out oil, salt, nutrients, carcinogers, Focus on using roof runoff for irrigation? (lower pollutant load) - would only be a supplement

Page 3 of 4

RRI

DESIGN OR DELIVERY NOTES wetlands around calge of stepol property? Rec feetals -football, soccer + softball -HS+ town -irrigated from 41" mail Paththere wetland connects school to fields Wetlands in rel-good shape - lots of natives, few invasives observed FOLLOW-UP NEEDED TO COMPLETE FIELD CONCEPT Obtain existing stormwater practice as-builts Confirm property ownership Confirm drainage area Obtain site as-builts Confirm drainage area impervious cover Obtain detailed topography Obtain utility mapping Confirm volume computations Complete concept sketch Confirm storm drain invert elevations Confirm soil types Other: **INITIAL FEASIBILITY AND CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS** School built 2004? parking lot - heavily sarded + salted Heavy irrigation use YES SITE CANDIDATE FOR FURTHER INVESTIGATION: NO MAYBE IS SITE CANDIDATE FOR EARLY ACTION PROJECT(S): YES NO MAYBE IF NO, SITE CANDIDATE FOR OTHER RESTORATION PROJECT(S): YES NO MAYBE IF YES, TYPE(S):





Sire dept weark

- bury Eister or other water storage device For irrigation



WATERSHED: Sperce	SUBWATERSHED	:	UNIQUE SITE ID: 28		
DATE: 1218/18	ASSESSED BY: RW HF	CAMERA ID:	PICTURES:		
GPS ID:	LMK ID:	LAT:	LONG:		
SITE DESCRIPTION Name: <u>founder</u> M Address:	ill Park				
Ownership: If Public, Government Jurisdi		vate Unknown te DOT	Other:		
Corresponding USSR/USA F	ield Sheet? Yes	No If ye	s, Unique Site ID:		
Below Outfall In C	ove Roadway Culvert Conveyance System ar Large Parking Lot	On-Site Hotspot Opera Small Parking Individual Stree Underground	Lot Small Impervious Area		
DRAINAGE AREA TO PRO	POSED RETROFIT	a the max	- and is here a		
Drainage Area ≈ Imperviousness ≈ Impervious Area ≈ Notes:	10 10 Lave of an	Drainage Area L Residential SFH (< 1 SFH (> 1 SFH (> 1 Townhous Multi-Fan Commercial	ac lots) Institutional ac lots) Industrial ac lots) Transport-Related ses Park		
EXISTING STORMWATER	MANAGEMENT				
Existing Stormwater Practi If Yes, Describe:	ce: 🗌 Yes 🕅 No	Possible	Adjacent Land Use		
			Physician Indensitial Underschoped D Others, Sergitat Possible Conflicts Due to Adjacent Land If Yes, Describet		
Storm drains col - discharge Bridge. Parking area 27 Large Row Weken	Park unimproved by to have few U	large length river immed	iveyance: of roads + residutial U/s of Smithville Rel Aicts outside of park it side by woods; wotland		

Page 1 of 4

RRI

PROPOSED RETROFIT Purpose of Retrofit: Water Quality Flood Control Recharge Channel Protection Demonstration / Education Repair Other: > Also include native plantings + assoc. sign for complete "suite" of topics **Proposed Treatment Option:** salecessive, some linea Bioretention Extended Detention Wet Pond Created Wetland Filtering Practice Infiltration Swale Other: Smahulle Describe Elements of Proposed Retrofit, Including Surface Area, Maximum Depth of Treatment, and Conveyance: Install 3 large BRBs in ROW to take stormwater from roads + Maadon parking area offline " treat/recharge before entoing Emile river. Install BRBS outside park ferce to leave Space for play Include educational signage inside park fice facing road wetland areas too) of sutes around ferceline - include signage for woods **SITE CONSTRAINTS** Adjacent Land Use; Access: Residential Commercial Institutional No Constraints Industrial Transport-Related Park Constrained due to Undeveloped Other: Forgrounds Slope Space **Possible Conflicts Due to Adjacent Land Use?** Yes No Utilities Tree Impacts If Yes, Describe: Structures Property Ownership Other: **Conflicts with Existing Utilities: Potential Permitting Factors:** Probable 🕅 Not Probable None Dam Safety Permits Necessary Probable Not Probable Probable Not Probable Probable Not Probable Probable Not Probable Unknown bases Impacts to Wetlands Possible Impacts to a Stream Yes Floodplain Fill Sewer Water Impacts to Forests Impacts to Specimen Trees Gas Probable Not Probable Cable How many?_ Electric Approx. DBH Electric to Streetlights **Overhead Wires Other factors:** Other: ()7117 Soils: A/B Soils Soil auger test holes: Yes No Yes No Evidence of poor infiltration (clays, fines): Evidence of shallow bedrock: Yes No Evidence of high water table (gleying, saturation):

RRI

SKETCH - get some group to adopt + volunteer to Notive plantings - part of eagle scout or other local see aerial

Unique Site ID: 28

Page 3 of 4

DESIGN OR DELIVERY NOTES	
bestor if part of a larger park design process - more maintenance "likely to be put in - get some group to adopt + volunteer to maintain - Native plantings - part of eagle scout or other local Project? (w/consultant) - local nursing as sponsor?	
Follow-up Needed to Complete Field Co	NCEPT
Confirm property ownership Confirm drainage area Confirm drainage area impervious cover Confirm volume computations Complete concept sketch	 Obtain existing stormwater practice as-builts Obtain site as-builts Obtain detailed topography Obtain utility mapping Confirm storm drain invert elevations Confirm soil types
INITIAL FEASIBILITY AND CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS	
SITE CANDIDATE FOR FURTHER INVESTIGATIO IS SITE CANDIDATE FOR EARLY ACTION PROJE	
IF YES, TYPE(S):	





Retrofit Reconnaissance Investigation **RRI**



WATERSHED: SUBWATERSHED:				UNIQUE SITE ID: 29		
DATE: 12/4/18	ASSESS	ED BY: Row HF	CAMERA ID: 2		PICTURES:	
GPS ID:	LMK I	D: Masters Lonned	LAT:	S Re	LONG:	
SITE DESCRIPTION						
Name: O'Gwa Address:	Park		1900 - 1900 	6 60.		
Ownership: If Public, Government Jurisdi	ction:	Public Priv		Other:	That a Russ	
Corresponding USSR/USA F	ield Sheet	? 🗌 Yes	□ No If yes	s, Unique S	Site ID:	
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Page 1 of 4

Retrofit Reconnaissance Investigation RRI

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	edge + northwest Corner ball field?	- of
		umsgröding U.S.N. School Sheel? [] Yes. [] -
		Created Wetland Bioretention 2 Swale Other: Renove pavement/
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	SITE CONSTRAINTS	
	Adjacent Land Use: Residential Commercial Institution Industrial Transport-Related Park Undeveloped Other: Possible Conflicts Due to Adjacent Land Use? If Yes, Describe: If Yes, Describe:	Constrained due to
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	Soils: Soil auger test holes: Evidence of poor infiltration (clays, fines): Evidence of shallow bedrock: Evidence of high water table (gleying, saturation):	□Yes □No □Yes □No □Yes □No): □Yes □No
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Page 2 of 4



Retrofit Reconnaissance	Investigation

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Retrofit Reconnaissance Investigation



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Complete concept		Confirm storm drain invert elevations
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	ATE FOR OTHER RESTORATION	
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Page 4 of 4		Unique Site ID:

Page 4 of 4





Retrofit Reconnaissance Investigation



WATERSHED: Charlton SUBWATERSHED:		: UNIQUE SITE ID: 30		SITE ID: 30		
DATE: 12/3/18	ASSESS	ED BY: RW HE	CAMERA ID:	2	PICTURES:	
GPS ID:	LMK I	D:	LAT:	- Diso	LONG:	
SITE DESCRIPTION						
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Ownership: If Public, Government Jurisdi	ction:	Public Priv		Other:		
Corresponding USSR/USA Fi	eld Sheet	? 🗌 Yes	□ No If ye	s, Unique S	Site ID:	
Below Outfall In C	ove Roadw Conveyanc r Large Pa	arking Lot	On-Site Hotspot Opera Small Parking Individual Stre Underground	Lot	Individual Rooftop Small Impervious Area Landscape / Hardscape Other:	
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Drainage Area ≈% Imperviousness ≈% Impervious Area ≈			Drainage Area Land Use: Residential SFH (< 1 ac lots) SFH (< 1 ac lots)			
Notes:			SFH (> 1 ac lots) Transport-Related Townhouses Park Multi-Family Undeveloped Commercial Other:			
EXISTING STORMWATER	MANAGE	MENT				
Existing Stormwater Practic If Yes, Describe:	e:	Yes No	Possible			
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		(07%)	Other fact	200 gillion 201	Overhead Wi	
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Page 1 of 4

Retrofit Reconnaissance Investigation **RRI**

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PROPOSED RETROFIT		Carton
Purpose of Retrofit: Water Quality П Recharge Demonstration / Education П Repair	Channe	el Protection
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	reated Wetland wale	Bioretention
Describe Elements of Proposed Retrofit, Includ	ing Surface Area,	Maximum Depth of Treatment, and Conveyance:
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SITE CONSTRAINTS		
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Conflicts with Existing Utilities: None Unknown Yes Possible Sewer Criss-Cross Water Gas Cable Electric Electric to Streetlights, etc. Overhead Wires Other:	Potential Permit Dam Safety Perm Impacts to Wetlan Impacts to a Strea Floodplain Fill Impacts to Forest Impacts to Specin How many?_ Approx. DBI Other factors:_	nits Necessary Probable Not Probable nds Probable Not Probable am Probable Not Probable Probable Not Probable Not Probable is Probable Not Probable men Trees Probable Not Probable
Soils: Soil auger test holes: Evidence of poor infiltration (clays, fines): Evidence of shallow bedrock: Evidence of high water table (gleying, saturation):	Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No	

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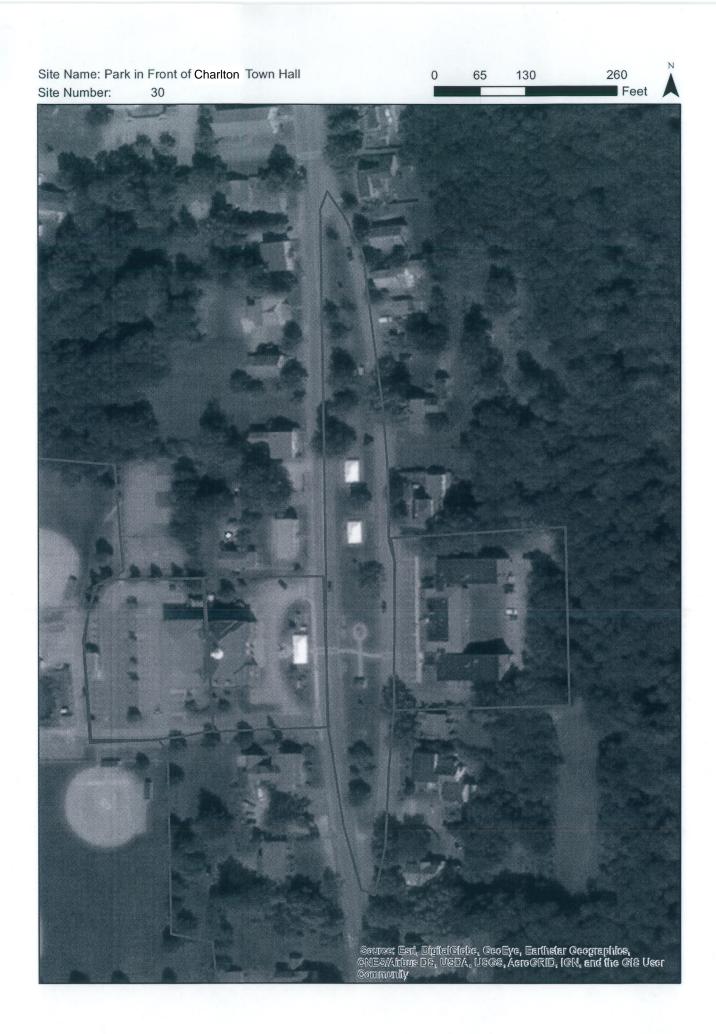
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Confirm drainage area Confirm drainage area impervious cover	Obtain detailed topography
Confirm volume computations	 Obtain utility mapping Confirm storm drain invert elevations
	Confirm soil types
Other:	
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height compared to paveme	xt
raight - /	
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IF NO, SITE CANDIDATE FOR OTHER RESTORA	rion Project(s): Yes No Maybe
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Page 4 of 4	Unique Site ID: 00
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Retrofit Reconnaissance Investigation

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WATERSHED: Spencer	- SUBWATERSHED):	UNIQU	e Site ID: 33
DATE: 12/12/18	ASSESSED BY: RW HE	CAMERA ID:	Z	PICTURES:
GPS ID:	LMK ID:	LAT:	62	LONG:
SITE DESCRIPTION				
Name: Intersection of Address:	f wall & Lloyd Dy	ger Streets		
Ownership: If Public, Government Jurisdi		vate Unknown te DOT	Other:	
Corresponding USSR/USA F	ield Sheet? Yes	□ No If ye	es, Unique	Site ID:
Below Outfall In C	ove Roadway Culvert Conveyance System ar Large Parking Lot	On-Site A Construction of the second	Lot	Individual Rooftop Small Impervious Area Landscape / Hardscape Other:
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Existing Stormwater Practic If Yes, Describe:	ce: Yes No	Possible	batalas batalas	Adjacent Land Use: Adjacent Land Use: Residential Understrial Possible Conflicts Brie to Adjac If Yes, Brycribe:
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Page 1 of 4

Retrofit Reconnaissance Investigation RRI

PROPOSED RETROFIT			
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	Private Calu State DOT		Ownership: If Public, Government Juried
if yes, Unique Site ID:	es No	tejd Sheet?	Contesponding USSKUSA F
Proposed Treatment Option: Extended Detention Extended Detention Wet Pond Filtering Practice Infiltration	Created Wetland	Bioretention Other: green st	reet
BRB-D existing municipal lo - tie in w/ proposed storm to reviewd' treatment Green street - entire street (short but Fairly wi - traffic calming biore	nwater on main Into neighborhooo could be a deru de)	street (visual 1 + make if fee onstration gr	4 linked w/ Main Stre een street
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Conflicts with Existing Utilities: None Unknown Unknown Ves Possible Water Gas Cable Electric Electric to Streetlights Overhead Wires Other:	Potential Permitting Dam Safety Permits I Impacts to Wetlands Impacts to a Stream Floodplain Fill Impacts to Forests Impacts to Specimen How many? Approx. DBH Other factors: <u>Pos</u>	Necessary Pro	bable Not Probable bable Not Probable bable Not Probable bable Not Probable bable Not Probable bable Not Probable bable Not Probable
Soils: Soil auger test holes: Evidence of poor infiltration (clays, fines): Evidence of shallow bedrock: Evidence of high water table (gleying, saturation)	Yes No	cd or urbans	

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Retrofit Reconnaissance Investigation RRI

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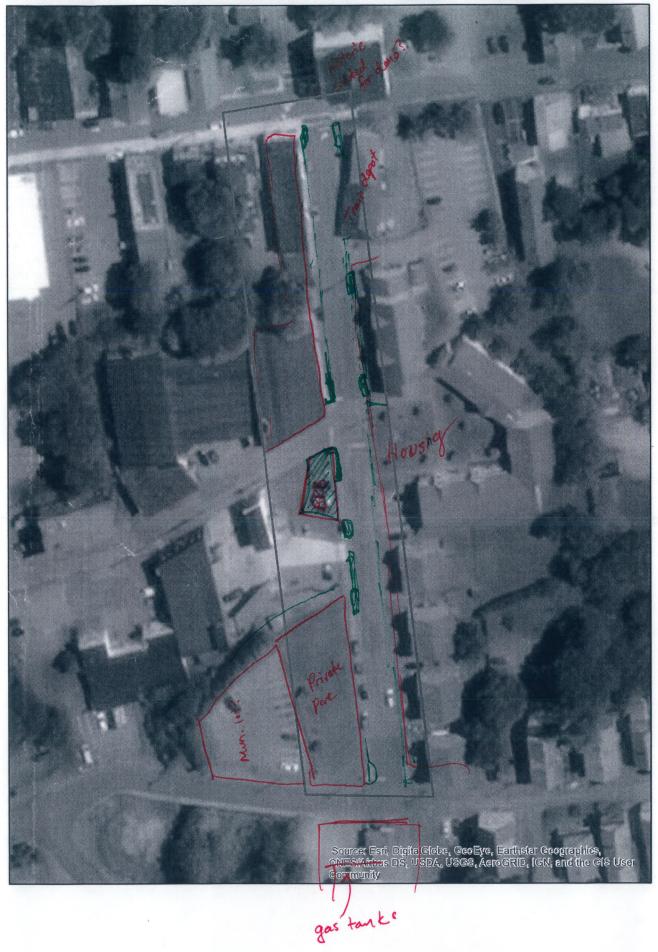
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DESIGN OR DELIVERY NOTES		
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Other:	Confirm storm drain invert elevations Confirm soil types	
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je 4 of 4 Stream daylight		
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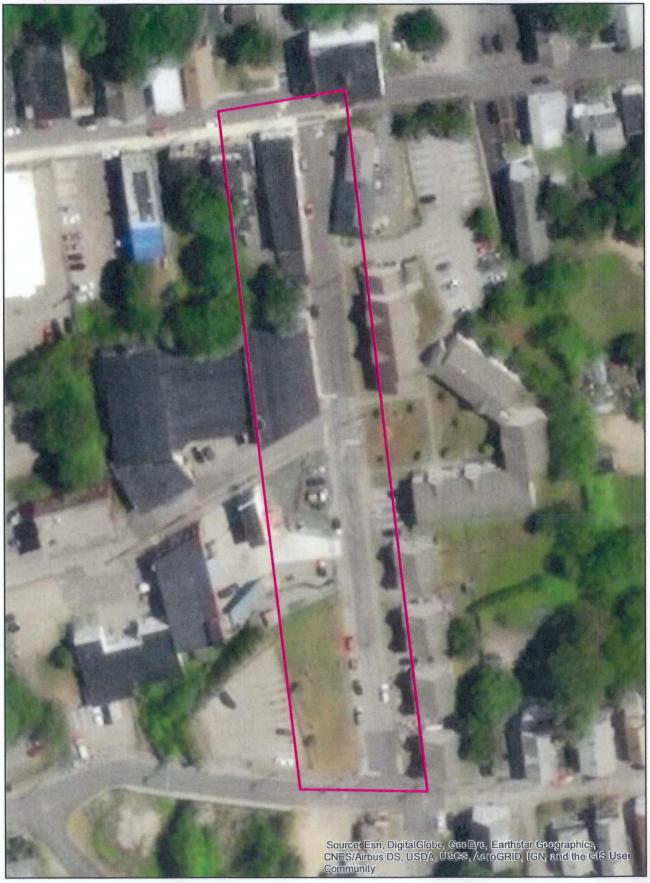
Site Name: Intersection of Wall & Lloyd Dyer StreetsSite Number:33





Site Name: Intersection of Wall & Lloyd Dyer Streets Site Number: 33





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Retrofit Reconnaissance Investigation **RRI**



WATERSHED: Spencer		SUBWATERSHED: UNIQUE SITE ID:		E SITE ID: 34		
DATE: 12/12/18		BY: RW HF	CAMERA ID:	Z	PICTURES:	
GPS ID:	LMK ID:	Thannel Protection	LAT:	Д Ко	LONG:	
SITE DESCRIPTION			01			
Name: <u>Clark</u> S7 Out Address:	fall to M	WEEY Meado	w Kond			
Ownership: If Public, Government Juris		Public Priv Local Sta	vate Unknown te DOT		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Corresponding USSR/USA	Field Sheet?	Yes	□ No If ye	s, Unique	Site ID:	
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Page 1 of 4

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Retrofit Reconnaissance Investigation **RRI**



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PROPOSED RETROFIT	Starten Cardo
Purpose of Retrofit: Water Quality Rech Demonstration / Education Repair	harge Channel Protection Flood Control air Other: traffic Calming
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	Including Surface Area, Maximum Depth of Treatment, and Conveyance:
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Soils: Soil auger test holes: Evidence of poor infiltration (clays, fines): Evidence of shallow bedrock: Evidence of high water table (gleying, satura	□ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No □ Yes □ No ation): □ Yes □ No

Page 2 of 4

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Unique Site ID: 34

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DESIGN OR DELIVERY NOTES		
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 Confirm property ownership Confirm drainage area Confirm drainage area impervious cover Confirm volume computations Complete concept sketch 	 Obtain existing stormwater practice as-builts Obtain site as-builts Obtain detailed topography Obtain utility mapping Confirm storm drain invert elevations Confirm soil types 	×
Other:		
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SITE CANDIDATE FOR FURTHER INVESTIGATION:	YES	No	MAYBE
IS SITE CANDIDATE FOR EARLY ACTION PROJECT(S):	YES	No	MAYBE
IF NO, SITE CANDIDATE FOR OTHER RESTORATION PROJECT(S):	YES	🗌 NO	MAYBE
IF YES, TYPE(S):			

Unique Site ID: 34

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Attachment C

Spreadsheet of Potential Green Infrastructure Retrofit Sites

Summary of Green Infrastructure Site Recommendations

Site Number	Site Name	Address	Owner	Potential Retrofit Options		
	Town of Charlton					
1	Charlton Police Department	37 Main Street	Town of Charlton	Sand Filter, Vortex Separator		
2	Charlton Municipal Offices (Charlton Town Hall)	Route 31 Right-of-Way	Town of Charlton	Bioretention, Roof Runoff Capture and Reuse for Community Garden		
3	Open Space in Front of Charlton Town Hall	No parcel data available; Town appears to use for displays	Dudley-Charlton Regional School District			
4	Heritage School	34 Oxford Road	Dudley-Charlton Regional School District	Bioretention, Roof Runoff Capture and Reuse, Regrade and Consider Elevating Access Road		
5	Charlton Middle School	2 Oxford Road	Charlton Little League, Charlton Youth Soccer Inc.	Green Roof, Bioretention, Roof Runoff Capture and Reuse		
6	Charlton Little League	50 Bond Road and 106 Bond Road	Town of Charlton	Bioretention		
	Prindle Lake Park	0 Prindle Hill Road	Southern Worcester County	Bioretention		
8	Bay Path Vocational School	15 Old Muggett Hill Road	Town of Charlton			
9	Charlton Public Library	40 Main Street	Town of Charlton			
10	Fields Behind Charlton Public Library	0 Main Street	Dudley-Charlton Regional School District	Bioretention		
11	Charlton Elementary School	9 Burlingame Road	Commonwealth of Massachusetts	Bioretention, Underground Infiltration		
12	Glen Echo Lake Access	0 City Depot Road	David Peters			
13	United States Post Office	56 North Main Street	R&D Alliance LLC (leased to USPS)			
14	United States Post Office	9 Power Station Road	Town of Charlton	Bioretention		
15	Charlton Garage	54 North Main Street	Town of Charlton			
16	Charlton Fire Department Headquarters	10 Power Station Road	Town of Charlton			
17	Maynard Farms Recreation Area	12 Dresser Hill Road and 0 Burlingame Road	Town of Charlton	Bioretention		
			Town of Spencer			
18	Howe State Park	51 Howe Road	Commonwealth of Massachusetts	Bioretention, Pavement Removal		
19	David Prouty High School and Spencer-East Brookfield Regional HS Athletic Fields	302 Main Street	Town of Spencer	Bioretention, Roadside Swales		
20	Spencer Town Hall	157 Main Street	Town of Spencer	Biorention, Pavement Removal, Improved Pedestrian Access		
21	Powder Mill Park	Meadow Road	Town of Spencer	Bioretention		
	Spencer Police Department	9 West Main Street	Town of Spencer			
22	Spencer Fire Department Headquarters	11 West Main Street	Town of Spencer			
	Spencer Rescue & Emergency Squad	6 Bixby Road	Spencer Rescue & Emergency Squad			
23	Richard Sugden Library	117 Main Street	Town of Spencer	Bioretention, Permeable Pavers		
24	Spencer Water & Sewer Department	3 Meadow Hill Road	Town of Spencer			
25	Spencer Fairgrounds	46 Smithville Road	Town of Spencer	Riparian Buffer, Bioretention		
26	O'Gara Park	Valley Street	Town of Spencer	Riparian Buffer		
27	Knox Trail Junior High School	73 Ash Street	Town of Spencer	Bioretention, Roof Runoff Capture and Reuse for Irrigation		
28	Luther Hill Park	19 Park Street	David P. Durgan			
	Laurel Hill Park	269 Main Street	Town of Spencer			
29	Lake Street School (public amenity portion)	17 Lake Street and 42 Highland Avenue	Town of Spencer	Pavement Removal, Bioretention		
30	Wire Village School	60 Paxton Road	Town of Spencer	Bioretention, Roof Runoff Capture and Reuse for Irrigation		
31	Intersection of Lloyd Dyer and Wall Streets	Wall Street and Lloyd Dyer Street	Town of Spencer	Green Street		
32	Clark Street Outfall to Muzzy Meadow Pond	Clark Street	Town of Spencer			
33	Mechanic Street Parking Lot	14, 18, and 20 Mechanic Street	Town of Spencer	Bioretention, Underground Infiltration, Permeable Pavers		



Attachment D

Retrofit Design Concepts

Site 1 – Heritage School Bioretention, Water Reuse for Irrigation, and Elevation of Access Road Oxford Road, Charlton, Massachusetts

Site Description

The proposed retrofits are located at the Heritage School on Oxford Road. Runoff from the parking lots is currently drained via catch basins into low areas surrounding the school, which may include wetland areas. The area surrounding the school eventually drains into the South Charlton Reservoir. The western access road (Heritage Drive) drops in elevation as it passes through the surrounding low areas and is a known location for repeat flooding.

At the time of the site visit in December 2018, the school anticipated switching its water supply from an on-site well to municipal water within 6 months. Irrigation is not currently used but is desired to maintain a field at the rear of the school. A greenhouse and raised garden beds are located at the rear of the school for use by students.



Image 1: Example of an established bioretention basin with a concrete curb cut and concrete pretreatment structure to remove sediment before runoff enters the planted portion of the basin.

Bioretention Concept Summary Total Impervious Area: 2.2 acres Treated Water Quality Volume: 8,100 ft³

Estimated Cost Bioretention Area: \$208,000 Elevation of Access Road: \$305,000

 Cost savings may be achieved in road is regraded when the new water main is installed along Heritage Drive
 Water Reuse for Irrigation: cost not calculated



Image 2: Typical parking lot with bioretention and diagram of a bioretention basin. Image source: MA Clean Water Toolkit.

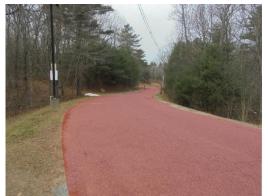


Image 3: Portion of access road to be regraded and potentially elevated.

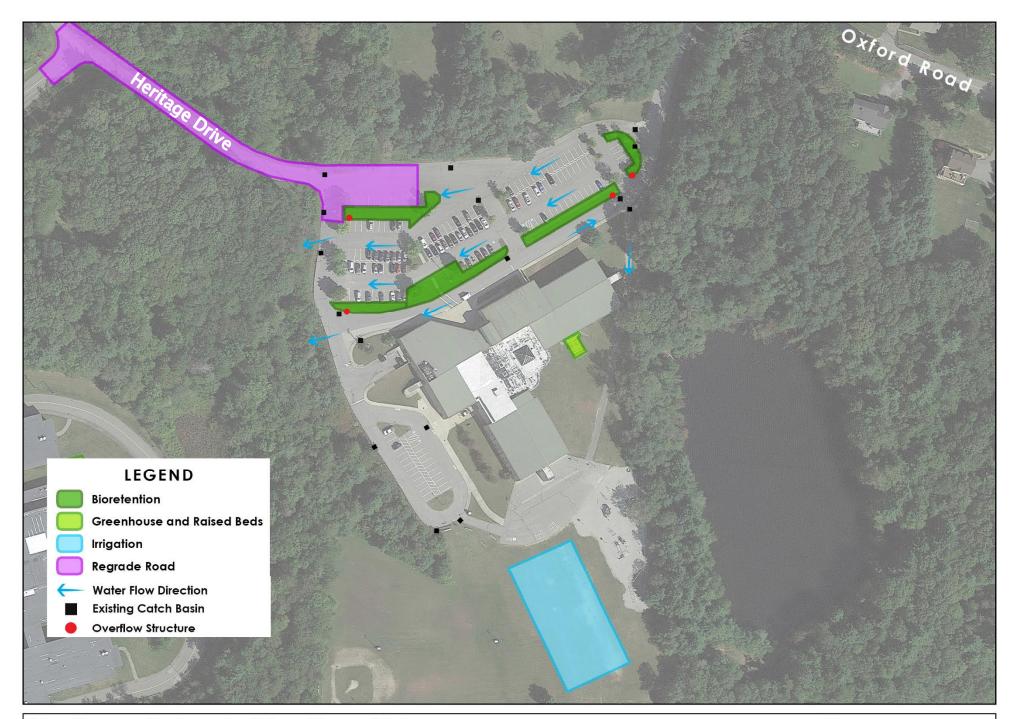


Image 4: Greenhouse and raised garden beds at the rear of the school that could be irrigated using captured roof runoff.

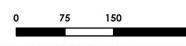


Proposed ConceptInstall bioretention basins in the existing landscape islands in the

- main parking lot to filter water before it enters the wetland complex.
 Regrade and consider elevating Heritage Drive between the Heritage School and the turn off to Charlton Middle School to reduce the risk of flooding.
- Capture runoff from the roof for irrigation of fields and the greenhouse and raised beds, to reduce use of treated town water for irrigation.
- Install educational signage to inform students and visitors about the function and benefits of green stormwater infrastructure and low impact development.
- Incorporate stormwater concepts into the school's curriculum, using the proposed retrofits as real-world examples and sites for hands-on learning.



Heritage School, Charlton, MA Site Number: 1 May 2019



300

Feet



Disclaimer: This map is not the product of a Professional Land Survey. It was created by Fuss & O'Neill Inc. for General Reference and is not a legally authoritative source. Fuss & O'Neill Inc. makes no warrantee, express or implied, related to the spatial accuracy, reliability, completeness, or currentness of this map. Data Source: Bureau of Geographic Information (MasSGIS), Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Executive Office of Technology and Security Services. Imagery & Google.

Site 2 – Charlton Middle School Green Roof, Bioretention, and Water Reuse for Irrigation Oxford Road, Charlton, Massachusetts

Site Description

The proposed retrofits are located at the Charlton Middle School on Oxford Road. Much of the site's runoff is treated by existing stormwater treatment basins, which are fenced off for safety. However, runoff from one parking lot south of the school, which provides parking for the athletic fields, drains via catch basins directly into a wetland complex that feeds into the South Charlton Reservoir. In addition, the school roof is in poor condition, resulting in frequent leaks into the building and requiring frequent patching.

At the time of the site visit in December 2018, the school anticipated switching its water supply from an on-site well to municipal water within 6 months. Irrigation is currently supplied to plantings in the front of the building. A greenhouse and raised garden beds are located at the rear of the school for use by students.

Proposed Concept

- Install a bioretention basin along the western edge of the south parking lot to capture runoff before it enters the wetland complex.
 Construct the western embankment of the bioretention basin as a level spreader to evenly distribute rather than concentrate overflows.
- Replace the school roof and install an "extensive" type green roof on the front portion of the school building, above the main entrance.
- Capture runoff from the remaining portion of the roof for use in irrigation of landscape plantings and the greenhouse and raised beds, to reduce use of treated town water for irrigation
- Install educational signage to inform students and visitors about the function and benefits of green stormwater infrastructure and low impact development.
- Incorporate stormwater concepts into the school's curriculum, using the proposed retrofits as real-world examples and sites for hands-on learning.



Image 1: Typical installation of green roof system. Image © Green Roof Service LLC

Bioretention Concept Summary Total Impervious Area: 1.6 acres Treated Water Quality Volume: 5,700 ft³

Estimated Cost Green Roof: \$328,000 Bioretention Area: \$98,000 Water Reuse for Irrigation: cost not calculated



Image 2: Green roof rendering of Charlton Middle School

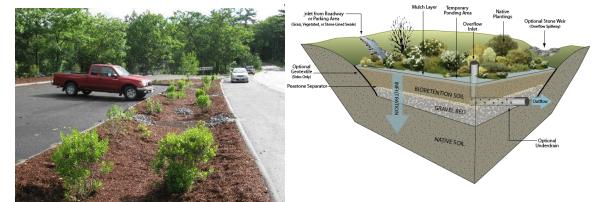
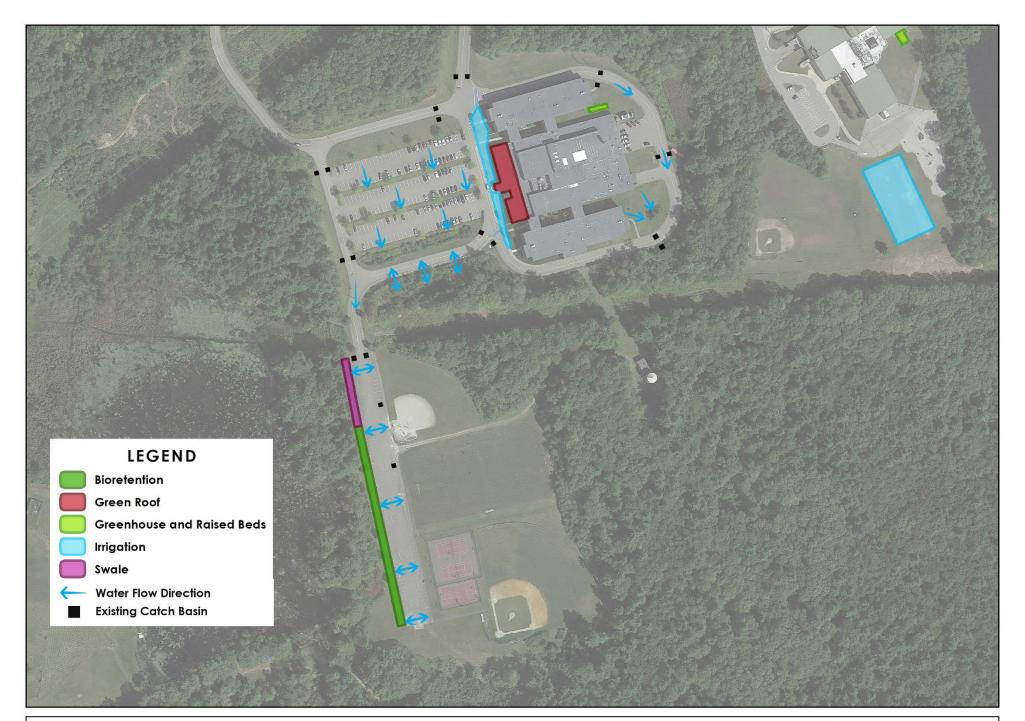


Image 3: Example of a parking lot with bioretention and diagram of a bioretention basin. Image source: MA Clean Water Toolkit.





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Charlton Middle School, Charlton, MA Site Number: 2 May 2019

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Site 3 – Charlton Elementary School Bioretention, Infiltration, and Native Plantings Burlingame Road, Charlton, Massachusetts

Site Description

The proposed retrofit concept is located at the Charlton Elementary School on Burlingame Road. Much of the site's runoff is currently collected by catch basins and drained down the hill to the southwest. Runoff currently causes wet conditions in the playground at the rear of the school building and erosion along the stairs from the access road to an adjacent field. This field was once used as a septic system and is therefore expected to have high infiltration rates. Runoff at the front of the building currently drains into municipal storm sewers along Burlingame Road via catch basins.

Proposed Concept

- Install a bioretention basin in the island between the front parking lot and Burlingame Road to capture runoff before it enters the municipal storm sewer system.
- Install educational signage to inform students and visitors about the function and benefits of green stormwater infrastructure and low impact development.
- Install a drain along the south edge rear access road between the road and the playground fence to divert runoff away from the playground and stairs, where it is causing wet playground conditions. Install an underground infiltration system beneath the field to infiltrate the diverted water. Perform infiltration testing before committing funds to this practice, to confirm adequate infiltration rates.
- Plant native plantings, including wildflowers, ground cover, and/or shrubs at strategic locations to stabilize soils and limit erosion while providing an aesthetic benefit.
- Incorporate stormwater concepts into the school's curriculum, using the proposed retrofits as real-world examples and sites for hands-on learning.



Image 1: Location of proposed native plantings.

Bioretention Concept Summary Total Impervious Area: 0.2 acres Treated Water Quality Volume: 560 ft³

Estimated Cost Bioretention Area: \$20,000 Drain and Infiltration Practice: \$26,000 Native Plantings: \$3,000

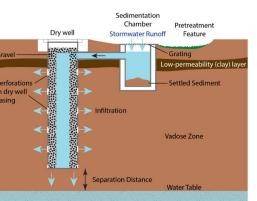
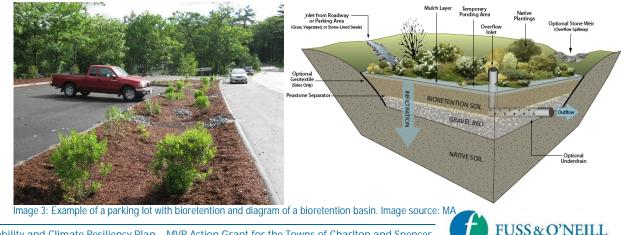
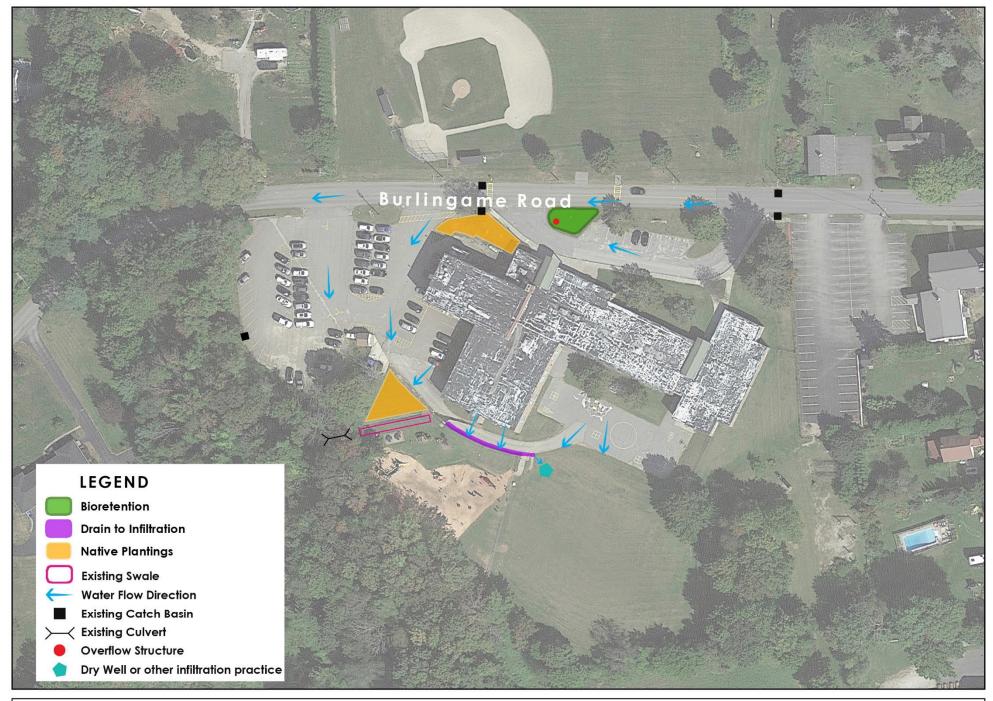


Image 2: Conceptual diagram of a dry well. Image source: <u>https://www.americangeosciences.org/criticalissues/factsheet/dry-wells-stormwater-management</u>





Charlton Elementary School, Charlton, MA Site Number: 3 May 2019



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Site 4 – Prindle Lake Park **Bioretention** Prindle Hill Road, Charlton, Massachusetts

Site Description

The proposed retrofit is located at the existing parking lot at Prindle Lake Park, along the north shore of Prindle Lake in Charlton. The site consists of a paved asphalt parking lot with no drainage system. Runoff from the site flows down a steep slope into Prindle Lake. A guardrail separates the lot from the slope below. Prindle Hill Road contributes runoff to the site.

Proposed Concept

- Install a bioretention basin along the southwestern edge of the parking lot to capture stormwater before it flows down the steep slope toward Prindle Lake. Construct the southwestern embankment of the bioretention basin as a level spreader to evenly distribute rather than concentrate overflows.
- Include a sediment forebay or similar pretreatment structures like ٠ the one shown in Image 3 to improve treatment and extend the lifespan of the bioretention basin.
- Install educational signage to inform visitors about the function and benefits of green stormwater infrastructure and low impact development.



Bioretention Concept Summary Total Impervious Area: 0.4 acres Treated Water Quality Volume: 1,600 ft³

Estimated Cost Bioretention: \$28,000



Image 3: View of current parking lot and proposed bioretention area.

Image 2: Example of an established bioretention basin.

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Image 1: Example of a parking lot with bioretention and diagram of a bioretention basin. Image source: MA Clean Water Toolkit.





Image 4: Example of an established bioretention basin with a concrete curb cut and concrete pretreatment structure to remove sediment before runoff enters the planted portion of the basin.



Green Infrastructure Assessment – Integrated Water Infrastructure Vulnerability and Climate Resiliency Plan – MVP Action Grant for the Towns of Charlton and Spencer



Prindle Lake Park, Charlton, MA Site Number: 4 May 2019



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Site 5 – Maynard Farm Recreation Area Bioretention Route 31/Dresser Hill Road, Charlton, Massachusetts

Site Description

The proposed retrofit is located at the largest and most heavily used parking lot at the Maynard Farm Recreation Area. Three parking lots serve the facility. The largest parking lot (the first lot when entering the site from Dresser Hill Road) is paved but the asphalt is in poor condition and the parking lot requires repaving. Runoff from the lot drains to an existing armored swale along the southern edge of the lot. The runoff concentrates at several locations before entering the swale, which has led to rilling and erosion at the edge of the lot. The swale discharges to a wetland/pond south of and downslope from the swale via an eroded ravine that has been armored with stone. Existing storm sewers along Route 31 do not capture runoff from the parking lots.

Proposed Concept

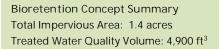
- Retrofit the existing swale to create a series of bioretention basins connected by the swale. Move the southern edge of the lot approximately 5-10 feet as needed to provide room for the bioretention basins. Install a curb along the southern edge of the lot with curb cuts to allow water to enter the bioretention basin at discrete sites (especially if the basin is constructed before the lot is repaved). Include sediment forebays or similar pretreatment structures at each curb cut, as shown in Image 4, to improve treatment and extend the lifespan of the bioretention basin.
- Install overflow drains to convey high flows to the municipal storm sewer beneath Route 31, or construct the southern edge of the basin as a level spreader to disperse rather than concentrate overflows into the forest along the southern edge of the lot.
- If possible, repave the lot concurrently with bioretention basin installation, but prevent runoff from the lot from entering the bioretention basin until the lot is completely stabilized. Runoff should be handled using an alternate method until the site is stabilized to prevent sediment from clogging the basin.
- Adjust snowplowing practices to prevent plowing of snow into the bioretention basin during winter months. Plowing snow into the bioretention basin would cause it to fail. Snow should be plowed toward the north, west, or east sides of the lot.
- Install educational signage to inform visitors about the function and benefits of green stormwater infrastructure and low impact development.



Image 1: Existing swale and runoff forming concentrated flow over the embankment into the swale.



Image 2: Severe erosion at the outlet of the existing swale.



Estimated Cost Bioretention: \$44,000



Image 3: Example of an established bioretention basin with a concrete curb cut and pretreatment structure to remove sediment before runoff enters the planted portion of the basin.





Image 4: Example of a parking lot with bioretention and diagram of a bioretention basin. Image source: MA Clean Water Toolkit.





Maynard Farm Recreation Area, Charlton, MA Site Number: 5 May 2019



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Site 6 – Howe State Park Bioretention and Pavement Removal Howe Road, Spencer, Massachusetts

Site Description

The proposed retrofit site is the parking lot to the east of Howe Mill Pond in Howe State Park, which is owned by the Massachusetts Department of Conservation and Recreation (DCR). The parking lot consists of four paved asphalt parking bays connected by access driveways on the eastern and western sides of the bays. Runoff from the parking bays is collected by catch basins (1 per bay) and is discharged to the Cranberry River via an outlet located north of Howe Road. The parking lot is surrounded on three sides by tall pines, which drop needles into the parking lot. These needles and other debris have covered and clogged the catch basin inlets to the point of obscuring their location.

Proposed Concept

- Assess parking utilization during periods of peak usage and consider reducing impervious cover at the site by removing parking. Consider converting a portion of the existing excess parking spaces to an alternate use (wooded, picnic, playground) or to permeable parking (grass parking, permeable pavers, or similar permeable material suitable for low-traffic applications). In parking bays that have been completely removed, also remove catch basins and other stormwater infrastructure that is no longer needed.
- After removing unneeded parking areas, install bioretention areas to treat runoff from the remaining paved areas. Working from below the first parking bay (between the parking lot and the Howe Road) and proceeding uphill, convert one or more of the existing grass islands into bioretention basin. Direct overflow into the existing storm drainage system via overflow outlet structures or the existing catch basins.
- Plant the bioretention basins with trees, shrubs, and herbaceous vegetation that is acid tolerant, due to the heavy concentration of fallen pine needles. In addition to contributing to stormwater quality, trees will help shade and cool the lot during hot weather.
- Install educational signage to inform park visitors about the function and benefits of green stormwater infrastructure and low impact development and the benefit to the natural environment of the park.
- The proposed retrofits offer an opportunity for collaboration between the Town of Spencer and MADCR.



Bioretention Concept Summary Total Impervious Area: 0.7 acres Treated Water Quality Volume: 2,500 ft³

Estimated Cost Bioretention: \$44,000 Pavement Removal: \$7,000

Image 1: View of existing grass island between first and second (northernmost) bays of parking lot.



Image 2: Rendering of completed bioretention basin retrofit as it might appear once vegetation has filled in.



Image 3: Example of a parking lot with bioretention and diagram of a bioretention basin. Image source: MA Clean Water Toolkit.





Howe State Park, Spencer, MA Site Number: 6 May 2019



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Site 7 – Mechanic Street Parking Lot Bioretention, Underground Infiltration, and Permeable Pavers Mechanic Street, Spencer, Massachusetts

Site Description

The proposed redevelopment site is located at 14, 18, and 20 Mechanic Street in downtown Spencer, MA. An existing municipal parking lot occupies 14 Mechanic Street, while the structures at 18 and 20 Mechanic Street have been demolished in preparation for redevelopment of all three lots into a single municipal parking lot. Runoff currently drains toward Mechanic Street where it enters the storm drainage system via catch basins.

Proposed Concept

- Design the parking lot with integrated bioretention basins to capture and filter parking lot runoff.
 Select vegetation to shade and cool the parking area while creating an aesthetically pleasing site.
- Install an underground infiltration system to allow treated rainwater to infiltrate beneath the parking lot.
- Incorporate permeable pavers into pedestrian walkways.
- Install educational signage to inform visitors about the function and benefits of green stormwater infrastructure and low impact development.





Pending Area (Gase, Vestured or Store-Lived Suite) (Gase, Vestured or Store-Lived Suite) (Gase, Vestured or Store-Lived Suite (Gase Calific States Case) Pending Area (Gase Vestured or Store-Weir (Deerline) (Gase Case) Pending Area (Deerline) (Deerline)

Image 2: Example of a parking lot with bioretention and diagram of a bioretention basin. Image source: MA Clean Water Toolkit.

Concept Summary Total Impervious Area: 0.7 acres Treated Water Quality Volume: 2,500 ft³

Estimated Cost

Parking Lot Redevelopment with Bioretention, Underground Infiltration, and Permeable Pavers: \$495,000



Image 3: Typical installation of underground infiltration system below an existing parking lot. Image source: stormtech.com



Image 4: Typical installation of permeable paver walkway in a municipal parking lot. Image Source: Fuss & O'Neill.





Site 8 – Spencer Town Hall Bioretention, Pedestrian Access Improvements, Native Plantings, and Pavement Removal Route 9/Main Street, Spencer, Massachusetts

Site Description

The proposed retrofit concept is located at the rear of the Town Hall in Spencer, MA. The existing site consists of an upper and a lower parking lot separated by an unutilized area with no pedestrian access between the two parking lots, which are separated by a height of approximately 6-8 feet. As a result, the smaller lower parking lot is often overcrowded while the larger upper parking lot is often underutilized. Runoff from the site flows down the hill toward the commercial parking lot off Main Street, or toward the back of the upper parking lot. The site also receives runoff from upgradient properties, including the church parking lot adjacent to the upper lot. The back portion of the upper lot is used for snow storage during the winter months.

Proposed Concept

- Install an ADA accessible pedestrian ramp and/or stairway with integrated, terraced bioretention to allow pedestrian access between the upper and lower parking lots. Solicit input from Town Hall staff and the public to select a ramp and/or stairway design that meets the needs of its intended users. Note that the cost of implementation will vary depending on the design selected.
- Supplement the bioretention areas with native plantings in areas that cannot be used for bioretention (e.g., due to proximity to the foundation of the Town Hall).
- Assess parking utilization of the upper lot during periods of peak usage and consider reducing impervious cover at the site by removing parking. Consider converting a portion of the upper parking lot to an alternate use or to pervious parking (grass parking, permeable pavers, or similar permeable material suitable for lowtraffic applications).
- Install educational signage to inform visitors about the function and benefits of green stormwater infrastructure and low impact development.



Image 1: Area of proposed pavement removal.

Bioretention Concept Summary Total Impervious Area: 0.4 acres Treated Water Quality Volume: 2,500 ft³

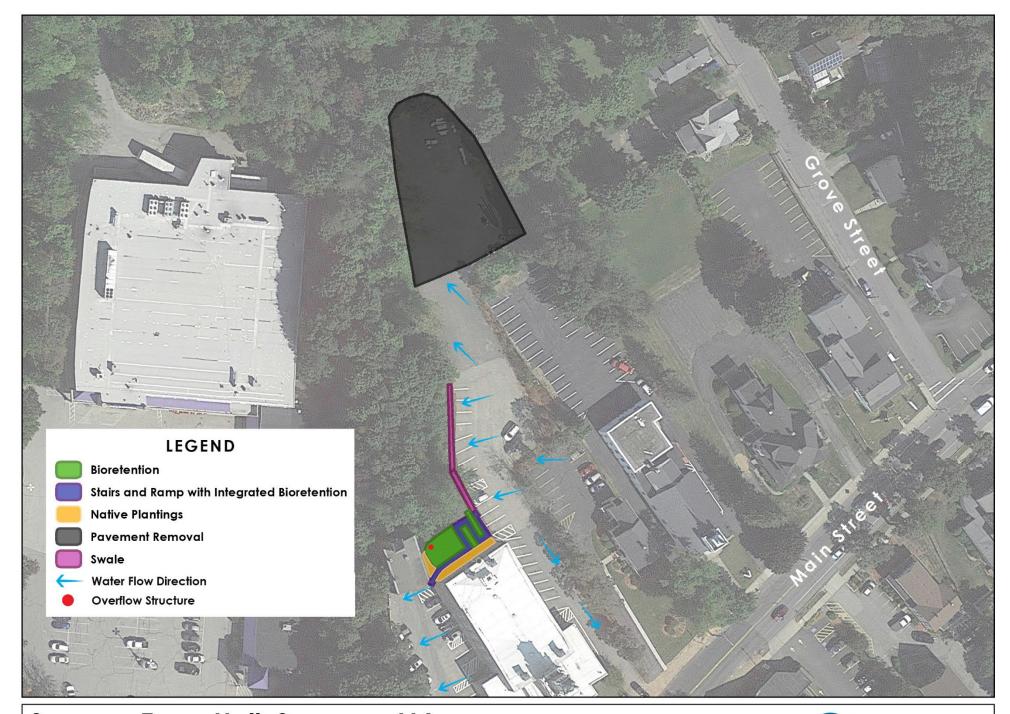
Estimated Cost

Bioretention Area and Pedestrian Access Improvements (assuming installation of pedestrian ramp): \$385,000 Bioretention Swale: \$34,000 Pavement Removal: \$20,000 Native Plantings: \$2,000



Image 2: Rendering of proposed ADA accessible pedestrian ramp with integral bioretention between the upper and lower parking lots.





Spencer Town Hall, Spencer, MA Site Number: 8 May 2019

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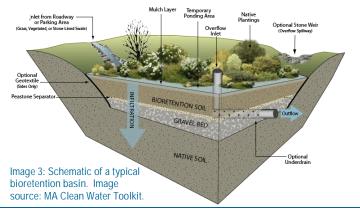
Site 9 – Richard Sugden Library Bioretention and Permeable Pavers Route 31/Pleasant Street, Spencer, Massachusetts

Site Description

The proposed retrofit concept is located at the Richard Sugden Library on Pleasant Street in downtown Spencer, MA. The site includes the library building, the lawn and sidewalk at the front of the building, and a parking area at the rear of the building with access drives on both the north and south side of the library. Runoff from the site generally drains to the southeast corner of the lot. Front and rear entry doors provide access to the library building. At the eastern edge of the parking lot, stairs climb the slope to the Price Chopper parking lot, providing access to the library for patrons of stores in the shopping plaza.

Proposed Concept

- Install bioretention basins in the lawn area in front of the main entrance of the library. Sawcut the sidewalk leading to the front entry and install a drain allowing overflows from the north basin to flow into the south basin beneath the sidewalk. Install a decorative grate over the drain to allow library patrons to see the flow of water beneath the great and to facilitate maintenance of the drain.
- Install permeable pavers to form a crosswalk from the base of the stairs at the edge of the parking lot to the top of the ramp leading to the rear door of the library. If feasible, continue the installation of the permeable pavers down the ramp to the library door. Design the pavers with a color scheme and shape that helps convey their role in stormwater treatment and infiltration. The pavers would reduce stormwater runoff and may increase pedestrian safety in the parking lot.
- Install educational signage to inform visitors about the function and benefits of green stormwater infrastructure and low impact development. Programs could also be developed at the library integrating stormwater practices as real-world and hands-on learning opportunities.





Bioretention Concept Summary Total Impervious Area: 0.1 acres Treated Water Quality Volume: 190 ft³

Estimated Cost Bioretention: \$10,000 Permeable Pavers: \$10,000

Image 1: View of existing ramp with proposed area of permeable pavers.

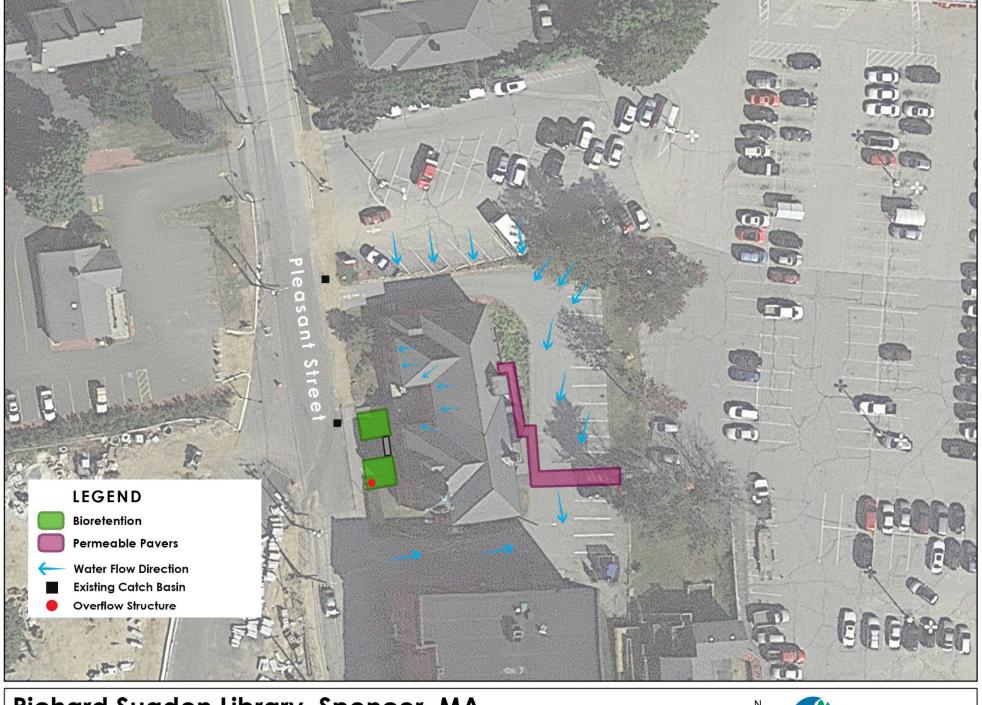




Image 4: Typical installation of a permeable paver walkway in a municipal parking lot. Image Source: Fuss & O'Neill.



Green Infrastructure Assessment – Integrated Water Infrastructure Vulnerability and Climate Resiliency Plan – MVP Action Grant for the Towns of Charlton and Spencer



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Richard Sugden Library, Spencer, MA Site Number: 9 May 2019

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Site 10 – O'Gara Park Wetland Buffer Restoration and Native Plantings Valley Street, Spencer, Massachusetts

Site Description

The proposed retrofit concept is located at O'Gara Park at the south end of Valley Street in Spencer, MA. The site consists of an athletic field and a partially paved parking and snow storage area separated from the athletic field by a chain link fence and a steep slope. The snow storage area is unpaved and is directly adjacent to a large wetland complex located to the west. A berm of soil, mulch, and other materials has built up along the edge of the lot between the wetland and the lot by the plowing of snow toward the edge of the lot. At the north end of the lot, runoff discharges directly to a stream on the east side of Valley Street that then flows west under Valley Street and enters the wetland complex to the west.

Proposed Concept

- Plant trees and other salt-tolerant riparian vegetation in an approximatley 40-foot-wide strip along the western edge of the parking lot to help filter runoff from the parking lot before it enters the wetland, particularly melting snow during the winter and spring. If space is available and additional treatment is desired, expand the width of the buffer.
- Install native plantings along the slope between the athletic field and the parking lot to help stabilize the soil and provide aesthetic and ecological benefits.
- Consider regrading the northern end of the parking lot to redirect runoff (that currently discharges directly to the stream) to the restored vegetated buffer for enhanced filtration, pollutant removal, and flow attenuation.

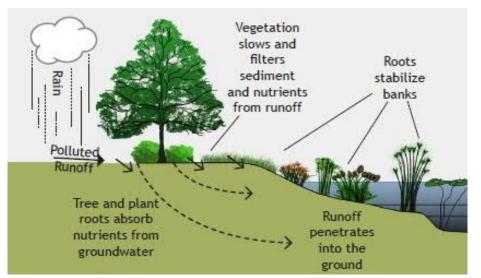


Image 1: Conceptual Diagram of a Riparian Buffer. Image source: https://www.catawbariverkeeper.org/2017/04/25/nc-senate-passes-bill-eliminates-catawba-river-buffer-protection-prevents-local-water-quality-buffers/

Buffer Restoration Concept Summary Buffer Area Restored: 0.5 acres

Estimated Cost Riparian Restoration: \$8,000 Native Plantings: \$3,000



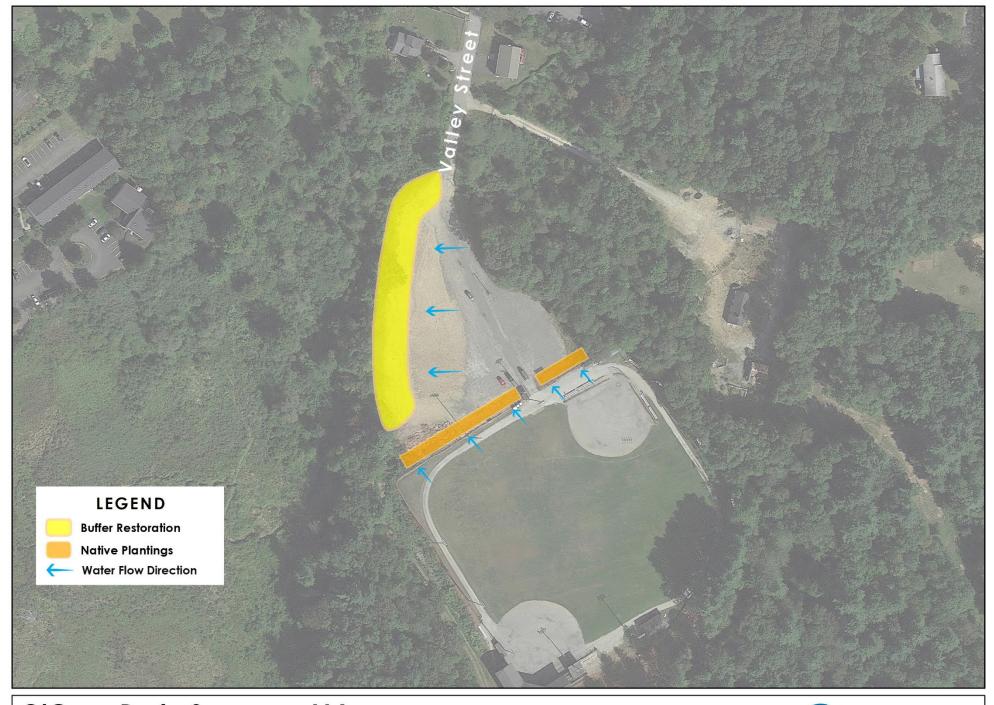
Image 2: Berm of plowed material at the edge of the parking lot.



Image 3: Stream at the north end of the project site.



Green Infrastructure Assessment – Integrated Water Infrastructure Vulnerability and Climate Resiliency Plan – MVP Action Grant for the Towns of Charlton and Spencer



O'Gara Park, Spencer, MA Site Number: 10 May 2019







Attachment E

Bioretention Practice Sizing Calculations

Bioretention Practice Sizing

Site Number	Site Name	Impervious Area (sf)	Impervious Area (ac)	Hydrologic Soil Group	Volme (ft^3)	(in)	Filter Depth (df, ft)	Coefficient of Permeability (k, ft/day)	Average Ponding Depth (hf, ft)	Filter Bed Drain Time (tf, days)	Area of filter (Af, ft^2)
	Town of Charlton Sites										
1	Heritage School	97,243	2.2	В	8,103.6	1	2.5	1	0.5	2	4,051.8
2	Charlton Middle School	68,352	1.6	A	5,696.0	1	2.5	1	0.5	2	2,848.0
3	Charlton Elementary School	6,749	0.2	С	562.4	1	3	1	0.5	2	289.2
4	Prindle Lake Park	19,117	0.4	В	1,593.1	1	2.5	1	0.5	2	796.5
5	Maynard Farm Recreation Area	58,976	1.4	С	4,914.7	1	3	1	0.5	2	2,527.5
	Town of Spencer Sites										
6	Howe State Park	30,373	0.7	А	2,531.1	1	2.5	1	0.5	2	1,265.5
7	#18 and #20 Mechanic Street	29,767	0.7	С	2,480.6	1	3	1	0.5	2	1,275.7
8	Spencer Town Hall	15,741	0.4	C	1,311.8	1	3	1	0.5	2	674.6
9	Richard Sugden Library	2,282	0.1	C	190.2	1	3	1	0.5	2	97.8



Attachment F

Planning Level Cost Estimates

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							Order of Mag	nitude Cost Ra	ange								
			Construction Planning and Design Cost Range							Life Cycle							
Site Number	Location and	ВМР Туре	Unit Cost	Unit	Adjustment Factor (Bioretention Only)	Quantity	Base Cost	Allowance	Cost	Total Cost	-30%	50%	Lifespan (yrs.)	Annual Cost Over Lifespan	O&M (% Cost)	O&M (\$/yr.)	Total Capitalized Cost/Year Over Lifespan
	Town of Cha	rlton Sites															
1	Heritage School	Bioretention	\$13.10	CF Runoff Treated	1.5	8,104	\$159,292	30%	\$47,790	\$208,000	\$146,000	\$312,000	20	\$15,310	4%	\$610	\$15,920
	Heritage School	Regrade Access Road	\$400.00	LF		585	\$234,000	30%	\$70,200	\$305,000	\$214,000	\$458,000	20	\$22,440	1%	\$220	\$22,660
2	Charlton Middle School	Bioretention Swale	\$13.10	CF Runoff Treated	1.0	5,696	\$74,640	30%	\$22,390	\$98,000	\$69,000	\$147,000	20	\$7,210	4%	\$290	\$7,500
	Charlton Middle School	Green Roof	\$25.21	SF		10,000	\$252,080	30%	\$75,620	\$328,000	\$230,000	\$492,000	25	\$21,000	4%	\$840	\$21,840
	Charlton Elementary School	Bioretention	\$13.10	CF Runoff Treated	2.0	562	\$14,739	30%	\$4,420	\$20,000	\$14,000	\$30,000	20	\$1,470	4%	\$60	\$1,530
3	Charlton Elementary School	Native Plantings	\$40.00	EA		30	\$1,200	130%	\$1,560	\$3,000	\$2,000	\$5,000	10	\$370	4%	\$10	\$380
	Charlton Elementary School	Infiltration	\$20.00	CF Runoff Treated		1,000	\$20,000	30%	\$6,000	\$26,000	\$18,000	\$39,000	15	\$2,340	4%	\$90	\$2,430
4	Prindle Lake Park	Linear Bioretention	\$13.10	CF Runoff Treated	1.0	1,593	\$20,875	30%	\$6,260	\$28,000	\$20,000	\$42,000	20	\$2,060	4%	\$80	\$2,140
5	Maynard Farm Recreational Area	Linear Bioretention	\$13.10	CF Runoff Treated	1.0	2,528	\$33,120	30%	\$9,940	\$44,000	\$31,000	\$66,000	20	\$3,240	4%	\$130	\$3,370
									Subtotal	\$1,060,000	\$744,000	\$1,591,000					
	Town of Spe	ncer Sites	-			1	1					ſ	-	r			[
6	Howe State Park	Bioretention	\$13.10	CF Runoff Treated	1.0	2,531	\$33,166	30%	\$9,950	\$44,000	\$31,000	\$66,000	20	\$3,240	4%	\$130	\$3,370
	Howe State Park	Pavement Removal	\$10.00	SY		470	\$4,700	30%	\$1,410	\$7,000	\$5,000	\$11,000	N/A	\$0	4%	\$0	\$0
7	Mechanic Street Parking Lot*	Bioretention (Surface Feature)	\$13.10	CF Runoff Treated	3	2,481	\$97,533	30%	\$29,260	\$127,000	\$89,000	\$191,000	20	\$9,340	4%	\$370	\$9,710
	Spencer Town Hall	Bioretention			See project	-specific cos	t estimate			\$385,000	\$270,000	\$578,000	75	\$16,260	0%	\$0	\$16,260
8	Spencer Town Hall	Bioretention Swale	\$13.10	CF Runoff Treated	1.5	1,312	\$25,789	30%	\$7,740	\$34,000	\$24,000	\$51,000	20	\$2,500	4%	\$100	\$2,600
	Spencer Town Hall	Pavement Removal	\$10.00	SY		1,500	\$15,000	30%	\$4,500	\$20,000	\$14,000	\$30,000	N/A	\$0	4%	\$0	\$0
	Spencer Town Hall	Native Plantings	\$40.00	EA		20	\$800	30%	\$240	\$2,000	\$1,000	\$3,000	10	\$250	4%	\$10	\$260
9	Richard Sugden Library	Bioretention	\$13.10	CF Runoff Treated	3	190	\$7,477	30%	\$2,240	\$10,000	\$7,000	\$15,000	20	\$740	4%	\$30	\$770
	Richard Sugden Library	Permeable Pavers	\$10.96	SF		650	\$7,124	30%	\$2,140	\$10,000	\$7,000	\$15,000	10	\$1,230	4%	\$50	\$1,280
10	O'Gara Park	Riparian Buffer Restoration	\$13,000.00	AC		0.47	\$6,110	30%	\$1,830	\$8,000	\$6,000	\$12,000	30	\$460	4%	\$20	\$480
	O'Gara Park	Native Plantings	\$40.00	EA		50	\$2,000	30%	\$600	\$3,000	\$2,000	\$5,000	10	\$370	4%	\$10	\$380
									Subtotal	\$650,000	\$456,000	\$977,000					
									Total	\$1,710,000	\$1,200,000	\$2,568,000					

Notes: Rate of Inflation used =

2% 6%

Interest (discount) rate used = *A project is proposed for this location already. Costs estimated in this table are for adding ecological and water quality elements to the assumed original purpose of the proposed projects. Costs are based on screening-level evaluations of site characteristics and should be used for planning purposes only. Construction costs could vary significantly.

Unit Costs

Unit Costs Table

		2018					Costs Table
Element		djusted	Unit		Cost	\$YEAR	Source
Liement	ſ ſ	Cost	Olik		COSt	PILK K	300104
		0001				Green Infra:	structure Elements
New Haven Curbside Bioswale	\$	15,000.00	ea				Actual construction costprovided by CFE for the Edgewood School bioswale construction (2014) \$15,000 for contractor plus \$5,000 of in-kind services provided by City of New Haven. Recent bids for WestRiver Bioswales were approximately \$15,000 per bioswale for up to 92 bioswales.
Large Bioretention Retrofit	\$	13.10	cfofrunoff treated	\$	10.50	2006	Center for Watershed Protection Urban Subwatershed Retrofit Manual 3 (2007), cost adjusted, Page E-3
Small Bioretention Retrofit (<0.5 acre)	\$	35.62	sf	\$	32.50	2012	DistrictofColumbia Water and Sewer Aufhority, George S. Hawkins, General Manager, Green In fastructure Summit 2012, February 29, 2012.
Rain Garden	\$	7.98	sf	\$	7.28	2012	Woodard & Curran - Route 1 Falmouth Commercial District Stormwater Management, 2012
Water Quality Swale	\$	10.96	sf	\$	10.00	2012	DistrictofColumbia Water and Sewer Authority, George S. Hawkins, General Manager, Green In frastructure Summit 2012, February 29, 2012.
Porous Asphalt	\$	3.07	sf	\$	2.80	2012	UNH Stormwater Center 2012 Biennial Report Page 12
Permeable Pavers	\$	10.96	sf	\$	10.00	2012	Center for Watershed Protection Urban Subwatershed Retrofit Manual 3 (2007), costadjusted, Page E-5
Reinforced Gravel Parking	\$	5.48	sf	\$	5.07	2013	htp://www.boddingbonsonline.com/products/grass-ground-reinforcement/grass-reinforcement- protection/bodpave-85-permeable-gravel-pavers.php;Added \$2/sffor installation
Subsurface Infiltration	\$	20.00	cfofrunoff treated	ŝ	20.00	2018	Fuss & O'Neill, City of Pawtuck et Grant Application, 2018.
Green Roof	ŝ	25.21	sf	\$	23.00	2012	Districtof Columbia Water and Sewer Authority, George S. Hawkins, General Manager, Green Infrastructure Summit 2012, February 29, 2012.
Blue Roof	\$	5.48	sf	\$	5.00	2012	NYC Department of Environmental Protection (2012), Rooftop Detention: A Low-Cost Alternative & Complying with New York City's Stormwater Detention Requirements and Reducing Urban Runotf.
Subsurface Gravel Wetland	\$	23.93	cfofrunoff treated	\$	21.83	2012	Woodard & Curran - Route 1 Falmouth Commercial District Slormwater Management, 2012
PondRetrofit	ŝ	13,852.80	impervious acre of runoff treated	ŝ	11,100.00	2006	Center for Watershed Protection Urban Subwatershed Retrofit Manual 3 (2007), costadjusted, page E-2
French Drain/Infiltration Trench	\$	19.97	un.	\$	16.00	2006	Center for Watershed Protection Urban Subwatershed Retrofit Manual 3 (2007), cost adjusted, page E-11
Tree Box	\$	6,576.00	ea	\$	6,000.00	2012	UNH Stormwater Center 2012 Biennial Report, adjusted based on professional judgement, inflation, and materials cost.
Constructed Wetland	\$	5.08	sf	\$	4.07	2006	Center for Watershed Protection Urban Subwatershed Retrofit Manual 3 (2007), costadjusted, page E-11
						Restor	ationElements
Riparian Buffer Restoration	\$	12,166.62	ac	\$	10,543	2010	Oregon Departmentof Environmental Quality.2010, Cost Estimate to Restore Riparian Forest Butters and Improve Stream Habitat in the Willamette Basin,Oregon. Page 20
Stream Channel Restoration	\$	14,232.28	ac	\$	12,333	2010	Oregon Department of Environmental Quality,2010, Cost Estimate to Restore Riparian Forest Buffers and Improve Stream Habitatin the Willamette Basin, Oregon. Page 20
Remove Invasive Species	\$	3,692.80	acre	\$	3,200	2010	Professional Engineering Experience
Tree Planting	\$	500.00	ea				Streettree cost
Landscape Shrub Plantings	\$	40.00	ea	1			
						Constru	uction Elements
6" to 12" Rip Rap	\$	49.32	CY	\$	45.00	2012	Professional Engineering Experience
OutletStructure	\$	4,500	ea	\$	4,500	2013	Professional Engineering Experience
Manhole Dam Removal	s s	2,500 19,848.80	ea ea	s s	2,500	2013	Professional Engineering Experience Selle, Andy (2010). Dam Removal – A Primer, Presentation; \$17,200 is median for dams 1-3 feet
	Ľ	-		Ľ	,		high.
Educational Signage	\$	1,200	ea	\$	1,200	2013	Professional Engineering Experience

Inflation Rates Table

Inflation from	Inflation to	Percent
2006	2018	24.80%
2010	2018	15.40%
2011	2018	11.80%
2012	2018	9.6%
2013	2018	8.0%

Cost Adj	ustment	Factors
----------	---------	---------

1
1.5
2
3

https://www3.epa.gov/region1/npdes/stormwater/ma/greeninfrastructure-stormwater-bmp-cost-estimation.pdf

Spencer Town Hall - Order of Magnitude Cost Estimate

ORDER OF MAGNITUDE OPINION OF CONSTRUCTION COST	DATE PREPA	RED:	5/15/2019
PROJECT: TOWN OF SPENCER	BASIS: STAIRS	AND RAMP WIT	H INTERGRATED BIORETENTION
LOCATION: SPENCER TOWN HALL	ESTIMATOR:	JHB	CHECKED BY:
DESCRIPTION: ACCESSIBLE RAMP WITH GREEN STORMWATER BMPS	Job No.	20170390.C51	

This is an order of magnitude cost estimate, as defined by the American Association of Cost Engineers, that is expected to be within -30 to

+50 percent of the actual project cost. Fuss & O'Neill has no control over the cost of labor, materials, equipment or services furnished by others or market conditions. Fuss & O'Neill's opinion of probable Total Project Costs and Construction Cost are made on the basis of Fuss & O'Neill's experience and qualifications and represent Fuss & O'Neill's best judgment as an experienced and qualified professional engineer, familiar with the construction industry. Fuss & O'Neill cannot and does not guarantee that proposals, bids or actual Total Project or Construction Costs will not vary from opinions of probable cost prepared by Fuss & O'Neill.

ITEM DESCRIPTION	<u>UNIT</u>	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL
CONCRETE WALKWAY (ASSUME 8")	CY	37	\$45.00	\$1,666.67
RETAINING WALLS WITH BRICK FAÇADE	LS	1	\$150,000.00	\$150,000.00
HANDRAILS	LF	400	\$120.00	\$48,000.00
PLANTING	LS	425	\$60.00	\$25,500.00
CONTROLLED DENSITY FILL	CY	260	\$170.00	\$44,200.00
BIORETENTION SOIL MIX	CY	261	\$35.00	\$9,135.00
BIORETENTION STONE	CY	262	\$65.00	\$17,030.00
			\$295,531.67	
	SUBTOTA		\$296,000.00	
			\$89,000.00	
				\$385,000.00



Appendix F

Adaptation Recommendations Summary, Town of Charlton, MA

Adaptation Recommendations Summary Town of Charlton, MA

The **Town of Charlton** is vulnerable to flood-related damages, as evidenced by historical and recent flooding events. The Town of Charlton, in collaboration with the Town of Spencer and Fuss & O'Neill, developed a **water infrastructure climate resiliency plan to** help mitigate the effects of future flooding events that will become more frequent and intense as a result of climate change. The following is a **summary of key findings and recommendations** of the town's plan.

Quick Facts – Charlton

- 131 road-stream crossings assessed
- 13 dams assessed
- 17 sites assessed for green infrastructure concept development
- 8 water and wastewater facilities identified as vulnerable

Road-Stream Crossings

131 road-stream crossings were assessed in Charlton:

- 60% of crossings are hydraulically undersized
- 31% of crossings have high geomorphic vulnerability
- 80% of crossings limit or restrict aquatic passage
- 47% were rated "critical" for structural condition
- 18% were classified as "high priority" for replacement

Recommendations:

- Replace and upgrade priority crossings (see table below) to meet flood resilience and aquatic organism passage (AOP) goals
- Consider other upstream and downstream crossings and dams on the same river system
- In general, replace downstream crossings first
- Perform site-specific data collection, geotechnical evaluation, hydrologic and hydraulic evaluation, and structure type evaluation to support design

High Priority Stream Crossings (Listed by Priority Ranking)							
Road	Stream	Crossing Type					
East Baylies Road	Unnamed	3' stone box inlet and 2' corrugated metal pipe outlet - culvert					
Stafford Street	Unnamed	2.5' corrugated metal culvert					
Blood Road	Unnamed	1.5' smooth plastic culvert					
Center Depot Road	Unnamed	2' concrete culvert					
Freeman Road	Unnamed	2.5' concrete culvert					
Brookfield Road	Unnamed	Two (2) 3' corrugated metal culverts					
Route 169/Southbridge Road	Unnamed	3.5' concrete culvert					
City Depot Road	Cady Brook	10' concrete bridge					
Saundersdale Road	Unnamed	25' concrete bridge					
Southbridge Road	Unnamed	2.5' concrete culvert					

Green Infrastructure

A screening-level assessment of potential green infrastructure (GI) retrofit sites was performed for 17 sites. Of these, 5 were selected for development of GI concepts. When applied throughout the watershed, GI can help mitigate flood risk resulting from outdated and undersized storm drainage systems and increase flood resiliency, as well as improve water quality.

Sites Identified for GI Concept Development:

- Heritage School
 - Recommendations: bioretention, roof runoff capture and reuse, regrade and consider elevating access road
- Cost: \$513,000*
- Charlton Middle School
 - Recommendations: green roof, bioretention, roof runoff capture and reuse
 - Cost: \$426,000*
- Charlton Elementary School
 - Recommendations: infiltration, bioretention, and native plantings
 - Cost: \$49,000
- Prindle Lake Park
 - Recommendation: bioretention
 - o Cost: \$28,000
- Maynard Farm Recreation Area
 - Recommendation: bioretention
 - o Cost: \$44,000

* Does not include costs for roof runoff capture and reuse for irrigation



Rendering of proposed green roof at Charlton Middle School



Dams

13 dams were assessed: six were classified as "severe" failure risk, four as "moderate," one as "low," and two as "unknown" failure risk.

Name	Failure Risk	Recommendation
Glen Echo Dam	Moderate (Medium)	Repair/Maintain
Little Nugget Lake Dam	Low (Low)	Consider adding aquatic organism passage
Lambs Pond Dam	Moderate (Medium)	Remove to increase stream continuity and to address beaver problems, or repair and remove beaver debris
Ashworth Dam	Unknown (Unknown)	Remove or no action
Lower Sibley Pond Dam	Severe (High)	Remove
Wee Laddie Pond Dam	Severe (High)	Remove
Farm Pond Dam	Moderate (Medium)	Repair/Maintain and consider adding aquatic organism passage
Mcintyres Pond Dam	Unknown (Unknown)	Consider removal; more information needed
Rail Road Pond Dam	Severe (High)	Remove
Power Station Dam	Severe (High)	Remove
Carpenter Mill Pond Dam	Moderate (Medium)	Consider removal; more information needed
Dam 3 (Cady Brook)	Severe (High)	Remove
Dam 4 (Cady Book)	Severe (High)	Remove



Rail Road Pond Dam spillway structure (photo from 2015)

Water and Wastewater Infrastructure

Eight water and wastewater infrastructure sites in Charlton were deemed "vulnerable" due to their proximity to 100-year or 500-year flood zones or regulatory floodways.

Sites Identified as Vulnerable:

Old Worcester Pump Station

- Recommendation: build a four-foot barrier around the station to protect it from flooding
- Cost: \$34,000*

North Main Street Pump Station

- Recommendation: build a four-foot barrier around the station to protect it from flooding
- Cost: \$34,000*

Mugget Hill Road Pump Station

- Recommendations: raise electrical equipment and install drainage swales
- Cost: \$31,750*

South Sturbridge

 Recommendations: raise electrical equipment and install drainage swales

• Cost: \$25,000*

Stevens Park Road Pump Station

- Recommendations: redirect runoff, install drainage swales, re-set fencing and electrical panel on new concrete pad, and grading improvements
- Cost: \$61,000*

Route 20 (MTA 5E Pump Station)

- Recommendations: protective barrier around entrance to prevent flooding and watertight hatch over the access entrance
- Cost: \$30,000*

J Hammond Road MTA 6W) Pump Station

- Recommendations: seal penetrations between main and lower levels
- Cost: \$45,000*

Pressure Regulating Vault

- Recommendations: redirect runoff and modify the vault to minimize inflow
- Cost: \$33,500*

* Does not include contractor costs (e.g., building permits and contractor bonds)



J Hammond Road (MTA 6W) Pump Station



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Appendix G

Adaptation Recommendations Summary, Town of Spencer, MA

Adaptation Recommendations Summary Town of Spencer, MA

The **Town of Spencer** is vulnerable to flood-related damages, as evidenced by historical and recent flooding events. The Town of Spencer, in collaboration with the Town of Charlton and Fuss & O'Neill, developed a **water infrastructure climate resiliency plan** to help mitigate the effects of future flooding events that will become more frequent and intense as a result of climate change. The following is a **summary of key findings and recommendations** of the town's plan.

Quick Facts – Spencer

- 107 road-stream crossings assessed
- 11 dams assessed
- 16 sites were assessed for green infrastructure concept development
- Five water and wastewater facilities assessed as vulnerable

Road-Stream Crossings

107 road-stream crossings were assessed in Spencer:

- 65% of crossings are hydraulically undersized
- 35% of crossings have high geomorphic vulnerability
- 84% of crossings limit or restrict aquatic passage
- 43% were rated "critical" for structural condition
- 25% were classified as "high priority" for replacement

Recommendations:

- Replace and upgrade priority crossings (see table below) to meet flood resilience and aquatic organism passage (AOP) goals
- Consider other upstream and downstream crossings and dams on the same river system
- In general, replace downstream crossings first
- Perform site-specific data collection, geotechnical evaluation, hydrologic and hydraulic evaluation, and structure type

High Priority Stream Crossings (Listed by Priority Ranking)

	•	A 1 1 7
Road	Stream	Crossing Type
Elm Street	Unnamed	Two (2) 5' concrete box culverts
Wire Village Road	Unnamed	2' corrugated metal culvert
Water Street	Unnamed	4' concrete culvert
Mill Street	Unnamed	4' concrete culvert
May Street	Unnamed	Two (2) corrugated metal culverts: 1.5' and 3'
Valley Street	Unnamed	6.5' concrete box/bridge
Gold Nugget Road	Unnamed	1.5' smooth plastic culvert
Brooks Pond Road	Unnamed	4' smooth plastic culvert
Wire Village Road	Unnamed	3' corrugated metal culvert
Greenville Street	Unnamed	1.5' corrugated metal culvert
Marble Road	Unnamed	1.5' smooth plastic culvert

Green Infrastructure

A screening-level assessment of potential green infrastructure (GI) retrofit sites was performed for 16 sites. Of these, 5 were selected for development of GI concepts. When applied throughout the watershed, GI can help mitigate flood risk resulting from outdated and undersized storm drainage systems and increase flood resiliency, as well as improve water quality.

Sites Identified for GI Concept Development:

- Howe State Park
 - o Recommendations: bioretention and pavement removal
 - Cost: \$51,000
- Mechanic Street Parking Lot
 - Recommendations: bioretention, underground infiltration, and permeable pavers
 - o Cost: \$495,000
- Charlton Elementary School
 - Recommendations: infiltration, bioretention (with improved pedestrian access) and pavement removal
 Cost: \$441,000
 - Cost: \$441,000
- Richard Sudgen Library
 - o Recommendations: bioretention and permeable pavers
 - Cost: \$20,000
- 0'Gara Park
 - Recommendation: riparian buffer restoration and native plantings
 - o Cost: \$11,000



Rendering of proposed bioretention basins at Richard Sudgen Library



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Dams

11 dams were assessed: one was classified as "severe" failure risk, one as "moderate/severe," five as "moderate," two as "low/moderate," one as "low," and one as "low/unknown" failure risk.

Name	Failure Risk	Recommendation
Lac Marie Dam	Low	Consider adding AOP within limited space
Muzzy Meadow Dam	Moderate (Medium)	No Action
Moose Hill Pond Dam	Low/Moderate (Low/Medium)	Consider adding aquatic organism passage
Cranberry Meadow Pond Dam	Severe (High)	Repair
Lake Whittemore Dam	Low/Moderate (Low/Medium)	No Action
Sugden (Reservoir) Dam	Moderate (Medium)	Consider modifying to allow drawdown for additional flood capacity; consider adding AOP
Browning Pond Dam	Moderate (Medium)	Consider removal, or Repair/Maintain and add aquatic organism passage
Buck Hill Conservation Dam	Moderate/Severe (Medium/High)	Repair/Maintain and consider adding aquatic organism passage
Cedar Millpond Dam	Low/Unknown (Low)	More information needed
Howe Mill Pond Dam	Moderate (Medium)	Repair/Maintain
Howe Reservoir Dam	Moderate (Medium)	Study Removal to possibly address beaver problems and provide stream continuity



Cranberry Meadow Pond Dam Spillway

Water and Wastewater Infrastructure

Five water and wastewater infrastructure sites in Spencer were deemed "vulnerable" due to their proximity to 100-year or 500-year flood zones or regulatory floodways.

Sites Identified as Vulnerable:

• Sevenmile River Wellfield

- Recommendation: raise the electrical equipment that provides the well power and control
- Cost: \$10,000*

Cranberry Wellfield

- Recommendations: Place a barrier at the door to minimize flooding and raise the main transformer and distribution box
- Cost: \$45,000*

Wastewater Pump Station on Meadow Road

- Recommendations: raise the generator and propane tank that are outside the facility and provide a barrier at the entrance to protect critical equipment below the flood zone
 Cost: \$40,000*
- UV Disinfection System at the Discharge of the Wastewater Treatment Facility
 - Recommendation: install barriers around the UV channel and equipment (also considering relocating the facility)
 Cost: \$20,000*

Pressure Regulating Vault

 Recommendations: install a level transducer to monitor waste levels and alert system operators if water levels are getting high and further analyze the outlet structure to determine if properly sized and if gates are operational
 Cost: \$33,500*

* Does not include contractor costs (e.g., building permits and contractor bonds)





UV Disinfection System at the Discharge of the Wastewater Treatment Facility





