TO: Fleet Administrators, Payroll Directors and

All State Employees in Employer-Provided Vehicles

FROM: Vincent Micozzi, Director of Fleet Policy and Administration

Office of Vehicle Management, Operational Services Division

DATE October 21st, 2025

RE: Required Fringe Benefit for Tax Reporting for Tax Year 2025 -

Employee Use of Commonwealth Provided Vehicle

Federal and State Law require employers, including the Commonwealth, to include "Fringe Benefit Income" on annual W-2 forms submitted to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and Department of Revenue (DOR) for each employee. Such fringe benefit income includes an employee's use of an employer-provided vehicle for business purposes which is also used for personal commuting. The IRS regulations on this topic are extensive. The primary provisions are found in Federal Payroll Tax Laws and Regulations, United States Code, Title 26, and Internal Revenue Code, Code 61 Reg. 1.61-21(f)(3). Pertinent definitions are listed at the end of this memo.

Please note that the IRS rules require employees to maintain adequate records to substantiate their use of an employer-provided vehicle. While it is the Commonwealth's duty to report usage of Commonwealth provided vehicles by employees to the IRS, disputes concerning the correct computation or verification of commuting use are between the taxpayer and the IRS. It is assumed that this requirement will continue, and the employee is required to maintain accurate records for tax year 2025.

In an effort to issue a single, complete, and correct W-2 for tax year 2025 through the state payroll system, HRCMS, non-cash benefits such as the use of a Commonwealth provided vehicle for business and commuting purposes will be included in an employee's taxable gross income and reported together with regular wages on the W-2.

Fringe benefits must be added to an employee's federal and state taxable gross income and are subject to federal and state income tax withholding and Medicare taxes. Non-cash fringe benefits are added to Federal taxable gross (Box 1) and state taxable gross (Box 16). Non-cash fringe benefits included in Box 1 are summarized in Box 14. The Commonwealth annually reports employee use of Commonwealth motor vehicles for commuting using the period from November through October. Reporting for tax year 2025 will be November 1, 2024 through October 31, 2025.

Employees Commuting 15 or Less Times During November 1, 2024 - October 31, 2025

The IRS rules provide for the exclusion of fringe benefits having immaterial value. Accounting for them would be administratively impractical ("De Minimis Fringe"). For the purposes of this memo, employees who commute in Commonwealth-provided vehicles must report only if they have had 15 or more commutes during the period from November 1, 2024 through October 31, 2025.

Employee Reporting Responsibilities

- Any employee who received the fringe benefit of the use of a Commonwealth-provided vehicle for business use and commuting, should list the number of commutes made in employer-provided vehicles in PART A of the attached "CERTIFICATION OF EMPLOYEE MOTOR VEHICLE USE -FORM OVM IRS". The number of <u>one-way</u> commutes you have made in employer-provided vehicles will be multiplied by \$1.50. Your W-2 will reflect this amount.
- 2. If more than one employee commutes in the vehicle, this value applies to each employee. Each employee needs to complete and sign attachment Part A.
- 3. If some or all of your commutes in a Commonwealth-provided vehicle(s) were eligible for the exemptions described under the Definitions Section, you should complete PART B of the Certification Form. Please describe in detail the factors that make the exemption applicable. Agencies are responsible confirming the validity of all exemptions.
- 4. For those few individuals that have been granted domicile privileges, their income as reported to the IRS will reflect the \$1.50 rate per commute for 248 days, unless the signed certification indicates a different number of commutes.
- 5. *****The completed and executed Certification Form (PART A and B) must be returned to your Department's Payroll Director NO LATER THAN November 17, 2025.

FAILURE TO RETURN THIS CERTIFICATION FORM BY THE DEADLINE WILL AFFECT YOUR INCOME AS REPORTED TO THE IRS FOR 2025.

Department Processing and Reporting Requirements

Departments are responsible for the processing of tax reporting for employees receiving the fringe benefit of the use of a Commonwealth-provided vehicle for business use and commuting.

- The agency's Fleet Manager must distribute the attached "CERTIFICATION OF EMPLOYEE
 MOTOR VEHICLE USE FORM OVM IRS" to any employee who has been provided with use of a
 Commonwealth provided vehicle between November 1, 2024 and October 31, 2025. The
 agency's Fleet Manager should immediately forward the completed forms to their Payroll Director
 for processing.
- The agency's Fleet Manager must list any employee who has used a Commonwealth-provided vehicle for business use and commuting at any time during November 1, 2024, through October 31, 2025 in "PART C - Summary" on the attached "SUMMARY CERTIFICATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYEE MOTOR VEHICLE USE.
- 3. The agency's Fleet Manager must complete the attached Summary Certification (PART C) and return it to the Office of Vehicle Management (OVM) NO LATER THAN **November 17**, **2025**.
- 4. Data entry may begin as soon as the form is returned. However, all forms must be entered no later than December 1, 2025 for the pay period ending November 29. For HRCMS, the earnings code is CAR and is entered as an annual amount.
- 5. All employees who received the non-cash fringe benefit of use of a Commonwealth provided vehicle for business and commuting must have their payroll records updated by the payroll paycheck date on December 5, 2025, the car entry will appear on the HRCMS e-pay-stub as "Employee Use of State Vehicle".

Definitions

<u>Commuting Use Income</u>: Federal Statutes and regulations require the attribution of income to employees for each commute made in a (NON-EXEMPT) employer-provided motor vehicle. The meaning of each of these terms is explained below.

The IRS permits employers to select any of several methods for valuing employee use of employer-provided vehicles. The Commonwealth has again chosen to use the method that applies a flat rate of \$1.50 per <u>one-way</u> commute since this will be the simplest and most advantageous approach in the vast majority of cases.

<u>Commute:</u> Under the IRS rules, a "commute" is a trip, one end of which is at your home, and the other end of which is at a work site located in the area where you ordinarily work. When the work site to which you travel is <u>outside</u> the area where you ordinarily work, the IRS regards your travel as a business trip, not a commute, subject to fringe benefit treatment.

Thus, to count your commutes, you must first identify the area where you ordinarily work. Then, anytime that you set out from home and travel to a work site in that area, you have commuted. Each trip to or from your home counts as a commute. Traveling to work and returning home again constitutes <u>two</u> one-way commutes.

Employer-Provided Vehicle: The IRS rules attribute income to you for any commute made in a vehicle available to you in connection with your employment. Specifically, you must count commutes, not only when you were a driver, but also when you were a passenger in an employer-provided vehicle (whether or not the driver also counts the same trip as a commute). And you must count commutes, not only in Commonwealth-owned vehicles, but also in vehicles leased to the Commonwealth or provided to you by a contractor in connection with your state employment.

The IRS rules provide exemptions for commutes made in certain narrowly defined classes of "Qualified Non-Personal use vehicles". Two specific components of this exemption are noteworthy (see 26 CFR 1.274-5T (K)).

Law Enforcement and Fire Vehicles-Clearly Marked (exemption): Police and fire vehicles are exempt when a police officer or a fire fighter is required to commute in these vehicles so that he/she can be on call outside his/her regular shift. In addition, unmarked law enforcement vehicles are exempt when used in fulfilling a law enforcement responsibility by an individual meeting a three-part definition of law enforcement officer. A law enforcement officer must:1. Be employed full-time by a law enforcement agency; 2. Be authorized to carry a gun, 3. Be authorized to execute warrants, 4. Be authorized to make arrests and; 5. Ordinarily carries a firearm.

<u>Vehicle Unsuited for Personal Use (exemption):</u> Vehicles, which, because of their design and construction, are unlikely to be used to any significant extent for personal purposes are exempt. The regulation lists the types of vehicles, such as garbage trucks, tractors, and flatbed trucks, covered by this exemption. <u>The regulation specifically states that pickup trucks and vans are not exempt.</u> Cab lights, two-way radios and custom paint do not modify a vehicle beyond personal use.

OVM recognizes that the IRS rules on this subject are complex, and that this memo can only offer general guidance that cannot cover every individual situation. If you do not understand how these rules apply to you or if you have any questions, please feel free to call Vincent Micozzi at OVM, (617) 720-3185. You may also wish to consult with your tax preparer.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts OPERATIONAL SERVICES DIVISION Office of Vehicle Management

CERTIFICATION OF EMPLOYEE MOTOR VEHICLE USE Form OVM-IRS

PART A*- Usage:			
	led in connection with my employmer	2024 to October 31, 2025, I used a non- nt by the Commonwealth of	
	One-way Commuting	g Trips.	
OR			
PART B - Exemption	on:		
	All (how many?)	Some (how many?)	
of my continuing use of my employer-provided vehicle in 2025 was exempt from IRS reporting requirements because of:			
	e IRS Publication - Business Use of a C		
Name:			
. ,	oer:		
Agency:		Agency Code #	
Signature of Emp	loyee		
Signed unde	er the pains and penalties of pe _, 2025	rjuryday	
		or	

This form must be returned by November 17, 2025 to your Department's Fleet Manager.

FAILURE TO RETURN THIS FORM BY THE DEADLINE WILL AFFECT YOUR INCOME AS REPORTED TO THE IRS FOR 2024.

* Everyone should fill out **Part A** of this certification. If you made no commutes in employer-provided vehicles, *or* if all of your commutes are exempt, please place a zero in the blank. Otherwise, list the numbers of non-exempt <u>one-way</u> commutes you have made in employer-provided vehicles. Your W-2 will reflect this number multiplied by \$1.50.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts OPERATIONAL SERVICES DIVISION Office of Vehicle Management

SUMMARY CERTIFICATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYEE MOTOR VEHICLE USE Form OVM-IRS

Department:		Dept Code:
PART C - Summary:		
<u>Employee Name</u>	<u>Employee ID</u>	Number of One-Way Commutes
The above persons have been provided wi during the period November 1, 2024 to O by the deadline: payroll period end date N Fleet Manager:	ctober 31, 2025. Their benefit lovember 29, 2025	

Only this form must be returned by November 17, 2025 to:

OPERATIONAL SERVICES DIVISION

Attention: Office of Vehicle Management

One Ashburton Place, Room 1608 Boston, MA 02108