

Fiscal Year 2023

**The Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program
(LIHEAP)**

State Plan and Application

**Submitted To:
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services
Administration for Children
Office of Community Services**

May 2022

**Administered By:
Massachusetts Department of Housing
& Community Development**

Mandatory Grant Application SF-424

LOW INCOME HOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (LIHEAP)
MODEL PLAN
SF-424- MANDATORY

- 1.a. Type of Submission: Plan
1.b. Frequency: Annual
1.c. Consolidated Application/Plan/Funding Request:
1.d Version: Initial Resubmission Revision Update

- | | |
|--|----------------------------|
| 2. Date Received: _____ | This section is for |
| 3. Applicant Identifier: _____ | |
| 4. Federal Entity Identifier: _____ | Federal Office |
| 4.b. Federal Aware Identifier: _____ | |
| 5. Date Received by State: _____ | Use Only |
| 6. State Application Identifier: _____ | |

7. APPLICANT INFORMATION

- a. Legal Name: Commonwealth of Massachusetts
- b. EIN: 1-046002284-K4
- c. DUNS: 824848162 SAM ID G9PBNNBRK2N9
- d. ADDRESS: 100 Cambridge Street, Suite 300
Boston, MA 02114-2425
- e. Organizational Unit: Department of Housing and Community Development
Division Name: Division of Community Services
- f. Name and Contact Information of person to be contacted on matters involving this application:

IHEAP COORDINATOR: Edward Kiely, Manager

EMAIL: edward.kiely@mass.gov

TELEPHONE: 617-573-1406 FAX: 617-573-1460

8a. Type of Applicant: State Government

b. Additional Description:

9. Name of Federal Agency: _____

10: CFDA Numbers and Title: 93.568, Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program

11. Description Title of Applicant's Project: Fiscal Year 2023 Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) State Plan and Application

12: Areas Affected by Funding: Statewide

13. Congressional Districts Of: Applicant 8 **Program/Project:** Statewide

14. Funding Period:

a: Start Date: 10/1/2022

b. End Date: 09/30/2023

15: Estimated Funding: a. federal (\$) _____

b. match (\$) _____

Federal Office Use Only

16. Is submission subject to review by state under Executive Order 12372 Process:

17. Is the applicant delinquent on any Federal debt: Yes No

18. By signing this application I certify (1) to the statements contained in the list of certifications and (2) that the statements herein are true, complete, and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assurances and agree to comply with any resulting terms if I accept an award. I am aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements may subject me to criminal, civil, or administrative penalties. (U.S. Code, Title 218, Section 1001).

18a. Typed of Printed Name and Title of Authorized Certifying Official: _____

18b. Signature of Authorized Certifying Official: _____

18c. Telephone (area code, number and extension): _____

18d. Email address: _____

18e. Date Report Submitted (Month, Date, Year): _____

Section 1 Program Components

Program Components, 2605(a), 2605(b)(1) – Assurance 1, 2605(c)(1)(C)

1.1 Check which components you will operate under the LIHEAP program.

(Note: You must provide information for each component designated here as requested elsewhere in this plan.)

		<u>Dates of Operation</u>	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Heating assistance	Start date:	11/1/22 End date: 4/30/23
<input type="checkbox"/>	Cooling assistance	Start date:	End date:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Crisis assistance	Start date:	11/1/22 End date: 4/30/23
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Weatherization assistance	Start date:	10/1/22 End date: 9/30/23

Provide further explanation for the dates of operation, if necessary

Description

An application received on April 30th must be completed by the applicant no later than May 31st. If April 30th falls on a weekend, the last business day in April will serve as the final date to apply for home energy assistance. After consideration of the circumstances, which may include a particularly inclement winter, increases in fuel prices, lower than expected application numbers, an extension of the statewide moratorium, etc., DHCD may extend the application date from the end of April into the month of May.

An online client portal is offered in addition to the hard copy application, and currently includes the options of online appointment booking, prescreening tools, and submitting the application online.

Estimated Funding Allocation, 2604(c), 2605(k)(1), 2605(b)(9), 2605(b)(16) – Assurances 9 and 16

1.2 Estimate what amount of available LIHEAP funds will be used for each component that you will operate: **The total of all percentages must add up to 100%.**

73 % heating assistance

0 % cooling assistance

2 % crisis assistance

9.0 % weatherization assistance

5.45 % carryover to the following Federal fiscal year

7.5 % administrative and planning costs

3 % services to reduce home energy needs including needs assessment (Assurance 16)

0.05 % used to develop and implement leveraging activities

100 % TOTAL

Alternate Use of Crisis Assistance Funds, 2605(c)(1)(C)

1.3 The funds reserved for winter crisis assistance that have not been expended by March 15 will be reprogrammed to:

- Heating assistance
- Weatherization assistance
- Cooling assistance
- Other (specify): _____

Categorical Eligibility, 2605(b)(2)(A) – Assurance 2, 2605(c)(1)(A), 2605(b)(8A) – Assurance 8

1.4 Do you consider households categorically eligible if one household member receives one of the following categories of benefits in the left column below? Yes No

	Heating	Cooling	Crisis	Weatherization
TANF				
SSI				
SNAP	X			
Means-tested veteran's program				

	Program Name	Heating	Cooling	Crisis	Weatherization
Other (specify)					

1.5 Do you automatically enroll households without a direct annual application? Yes No

If yes, explain:

Supplemental Nutritional Assistance Program (SNAP) recipient households' income and utility information are collected by the Department of Transitional Assistance (DTA) and data matched with LIHEAP households. DTA determines those SNAP households with limited energy burden eligible to receive an annual benefit of \$21 based on their residential energy cost and affordability threshold as determined by DHCD, and issues notices accordingly. Income eligible households with no energy cost (i.e. excluding heat included in rent tenants) are not eligible to receive a H-EAT benefit. DHCD is also exploring expanding categorical eligibility for those SNAP recipients that have the same number of

household members as those on their LIHEAP application, which will include an analysis of the applicable policies and requirements.

1.6 How do you ensure there is no difference in the treatment of categorically eligible households from those not receiving other public assistance when determining eligibility and benefit amounts?

All applicant households, including H-EAT recipients, must have their eligibility for regular LIHEAP assistance determined separately through one of the 20 LAAs. DHCD has specific program eligibility criteria that must be met.

SNAP Nominal Payments

1.7a Do you allocate LIHEAP funds toward a nominal payment for SNAP clients?

Yes No

If you answered “Yes” to question 1.7a, you must provide a response to questions 1.7b, 1.7c, and 1.7d.

1.7b Amount of Minimal Assistance: \$21.00

1.7c Frequency of Assistance:

Once per year
 Once every five years
 Other (describe): _____

1.7d How do you confirm that the household receiving a nominal payment has an energy cost or need?

Bi-monthly secure data exchange between the DTA and DHCD pre-screen households to establish eligibility for the H-EAT benefit.

Determination of Eligibility – Countable Income

1.8 In determining a household’s income eligibility for LIHEAP, do you use gross income or net income?

Gross Income
 Net Income

1.9 Select all of the applicable forms of countable income used to determine a household’s income eligibility for LIHEAP.

Wages
 Self-employment income
 Contract income
 Payments from mortgage or sales contracts
 Unemployment Insurance

- Strike pay
- Social Security Administration (SSA) benefits
 - Including Medicare deduction Excluding Medicare deduction
- Supplemental Security Income (SSI)
- Retirement / pension benefits
- General Assistance benefits
- Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) benefits
- Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits
- Women, Infants, and Children Supplemental Nutrition Program (WIC) benefits
- Loans that need to be repaid
- Cash gifts
- Savings account balance
- One-time lump-sum payments, such as rebates/credits, winnings from lotteries, refund deposits, etc. - Yes
- Jury duty compensation
- Rental income
- Income from employment through Workforce Investment Act (WIA)
- Income from work study programs
- Alimony
- Child support
- Interest, dividends, or royalties
- Commissions
- Legal settlements
- Insurance payments made directly to the insured
- Insurance payments made specifically for the repayment of a bill, debt, or estimate
- Veterans Administration (VA) benefits
- Earned income of a child under the age of 18
- Balance of retirement, pension, or annuity accounts where funds cannot be withdrawn without a penalty.
- Income tax refunds
- Stipends from senior companion programs, such as VISTA
- Funds received by household for the care of a foster child
- Ameri-Corp Program payments for living allowances, earnings, and in-kind aid.
- Reimbursements (for mileage, gas, lodging, meals, etc.) (see self-employment deduction)
- Other

Section 2 - HEATING ASSISTANCE

Eligibility, 2605(b)(2) – Assurance 2

2.1 Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the heating component:

Add	Household size	Eligibility Guideline	Eligibility Threshold
1	All household Sizes	State Median Income	60.00%

2.2 Do you have additional eligibility requirements for **HEATING ASSISTANCE**?

Yes No

2.3 Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the policies for each.

	Yes	No
I Do you require an assets test?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
● Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for:		
• Renters?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Renters living in subsidized housing	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Renters with utilities included in the rent?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
● Do you give priority in eligibility to:		
• Elderly?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
• Disabled?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
• Young children?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
• Households with high energy burdens?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
• Other?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

***Explanation of policies for each “yes” checked above:** For purposes of determining LIHEAP eligibility, there are three types of renters: 1) Those that receive a subsidy; 2) those that live in a rent restricted unit within a Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) building; and 3) all other renters. The LIHEAP benefit is based on the renter and their heating situation.

A renter living in a subsidized building or living in a LIHTC building who pays a vendor directly for their heat, or who lives in a subsidized building or a LIHTC building, as described above, with heat included in rent where the monthly rent is more than 30% of the gross LIHEAP monthly income, may be eligible for a partial LIHEAP benefit. Those renters living in subsidized housing or in a LIHTC building with heat included in their rent that pay 30% or less of their gross LIHEAP monthly income towards rent are not eligible for fuel assistance.

A renter that does not live in a subsidized building or a LIHTC building, as described above, that either pays their vendor directly for their heat or whose heat cost is included in their rent is eligible for a full LIHEAP benefit.

Determination of Benefits, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)

2.4 Describe how you prioritize the provision of heating assistance to vulnerable households, e.g., benefit amounts, application period, etc.

Subgrantees target their outreach to vulnerable populations including but not limited to the disabled, elderly, households with children under the age of 6 and those on fixed incomes. The benefit amount is determined in the same manner regardless of the source of income or vulnerable status; the determining factors are household income level and size. Those factors place the household in the Massachusetts LIHEAP benefit matrix and there may additionally be proration of benefit due to household members' U.S. Citizenship/Qualified Alien Status. DHCD maintains a mail-in recertification process, by which many of households', including vulnerable households', eligibility is determined before the beginning of the heating season (November 1st). An online recertification process is offered as well.

DHCD uses a mixture of a fixed benefit determined by poverty level, and offers an additional benefit, the High Energy Cost Supplement (HECS), to households that surpass the previous year's heating cost thresholds. This process assures that households with the lowest income and the highest fuel costs receive the most benefits.

2.5 Check the variables you use to determine your benefit levels. (Check all that apply):

- Income
- Family (household) size
- Home energy cost or need:
 - Fuel type
 - Climate/region
 - Individual bill
 - Dwelling type
 - Energy burden (% of income spent on home energy)
 - Energy need
 - Other (Describe)

Benefit Levels, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)

2.6 Describe estimated benefit levels for FY 2021:

\$ 200 Minimum benefit \$ 600 Maximum benefit

2.7 Do you provide in-kind (e.g., blankets, space heaters) and/or other forms of benefits?

Yes No

If yes, describe.

Section 3: COOLING ASSISTANCE

Eligibility, 2605(c)(1)(A), 2605(b)(2) – Assurance 2 – N/A

3.1 Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the cooling component:

Add	Household size	Eligibility Guideline	Eligibility Threshold

3.2 Do you have additional eligibility requirements for **COOLING ASSISTANCE**:

Yes No

3.3 Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the policies for each.

	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
I Do you require an assets test?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
● Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for:		
• Renters?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Renters living in subsidized housing?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Renters with utilities included in the rent?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
● Do you give priority in eligibility to:		
• Elderly?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Disabled?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Young children?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Households with high energy burdens?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
• Other?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

3.4 Describe how you prioritize the provision of cooling assistance to vulnerable households, e.g., benefit amounts, application period, etc.

Determination of Benefits, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)

3.5 Check the variables you use to determine your benefit levels. (Check all that apply):

- Income
- Family (household) size
- Home energy cost or need
 - Fuel type
 - Climate/region
 - Individual bill
 - Dwelling type

- Energy burden (% of income spent on home energy)
- Energy need
- Other (describe)

Benefit Levels, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5, 2605(c)(1)(B)

3.6 Describe benefit levels:

\$ 0 Minimum benefit \$ 0 Maximum benefit

3.7 Do you provide in-kind (e.g. fans, air conditioners) and/or other forms of benefits?

Yes No -- If yes, describe.

Section 4: CRISIS ASSISTANCE

Eligibility - 2604(c), 2605(c)(1)(A)

4.1 Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the crisis component:

Add	Household size	Eligibility Guideline	Eligibility Threshold
1	All household Sizes	State Median Income	60.00%

4.2 Provide your LIHEAP program's definition for determining a crisis.

The crisis intervention component of Massachusetts' LIHEAP is a FastTrack system, integrated into the heating assistance program, for prioritizing and expediting services to households experiencing heating emergencies. The purpose of this FastTrack system is to provide swift response to heating emergencies, while steering applicants into the mainstream heating assistance component with full benefits. Emergency applications are given priority at all intake and processing steps. LAAs are required to provide for emergency response within 24 hours or 18 hours of the eligible household's application or request, in accordance with the statute and corresponding procedures outlined in the Fiscal Year 2023 Administrative Guidance.

4.3 What constitutes a life-threatening crisis?

A life threatening crisis includes no heat for any reason such as out of fuel, utilities disconnected or heating system failure. When an applicant notifies the Subgrantee of their emergency, the Subgrantee reviews the application and requests any documentation still required to complete the application. The emergency application is given certification priority. If eligible, the vendor will be authorized to make a delivery, or guaranteed a payment in cases of eviction or utility disconnection.

Crisis Requirements, 2604(c)

4.4 Within how many hours do you provide crisis assistance that will resolve the energy crisis for eligible households? 24 Hours

4.5 Within how many hours do you provide crisis assistance that will resolve the energy crisis for eligible households in life-threatening situations? 18 Hours

Crisis Eligibility, 2605(c)(1)(A)

4.6 Do you have additional eligibility requirements for **CRISIS ASSISTANCE**?

Yes No

4.7 Check the appropriate boxes below and describe the policies for each.

Yes No

I Do you require an assets test?

● Do you give priority in eligibility to:

- Elderly?
- Disabled?
- Young children?
- Households with high energy burdens?
- Other?

● In order to receive crisis assistance:

- | | <u>Yes</u> | <u>No</u> |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| • Must the household have received a shut-off notice or have a near empty tank? | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| • Must the household have been shut off or have an empty tank? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| • Must the household have exhausted their regular heating benefit? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| • Must renters with heating costs included in their rent have received an eviction notice? | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| • Must heating/cooling be medically necessary? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| • Must the household have non-working heating or cooling equipment? | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| • Other? | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

● Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for:

- Renters?
- Renters living in subsidized housing?
- Renters with utilities included in the rent?

Explanation of policies for each “yes” checked above:

In order to receive crisis assistance, households may report any one condition or combination of conditions.

Determination of Benefits

4.8 How do you handle crisis situations?

Separate component

Fast Track

Other

4.9 If you have a separate component, how do you determine crisis assistance benefits?

Amount to resolve crisis, up to a maximum of \$ _____

Other

Crisis Requirements, 2604(c)

4.10 Do you accept applications for energy crisis assistance at sites that are geographically accessible to all households in the area to be served?

Yes No **Explain:**

This is accomplished through the volunteer agency and subgrantee network, which includes but is not limited to, local Councils on Aging, local Veteran Agents, and various nonprofit partners.

If a household is homebound or remotely located, LAA staff are authorized to travel to such a household. Additionally, the clients may designate a proxy to complete the application process on their behalf.

Further, applying households experiencing emergencies may apply through the LIHEAP application portal or telephonically with their LAA.

4.11 Do you provide individuals who are physically disabled the means to:

■ Submit applications for crisis benefits without leaving their homes?

Yes No If No, explain.

■ Travel to the sites at which applications for crisis assistance are accepted?

Yes No If No, explain.

If you answered “No” to both options in 4.11, please explain alternative means of intake to those who are homebound or physically disabled?

Benefit Levels, 2605(c)(1)(B)

4.12 Indicate the maximum benefit for each type of crisis assistance offered.

Winter Crisis \$ 600 maximum benefit

Summer Crisis \$ _____ maximum benefit

Year-round Crisis \$ _____ maximum benefit

4.13 Do you provide in-kind (e.g. blankets, space heaters, fans) and/or other forms of benefits?

Yes No If yes, describe.

4.14 Do you provide for equipment repair or replacement using crisis funds?

Yes No

If you answered “Yes” to questions 4.14, you must complete question 4.15.

4.15 Check appropriate boxes below to indicate type(s) of assistance provided:

	Winter Crisis	Summer Crisis	Year- round Crisis
Heating system repair			
Heating system replacement			
Cooling system repair			
Cooling system replacement			
Wood stove purchase			
Pellet stove purchase			
Solar panel(s)			
Windmill(s)			
Utility poles / Gas line hook-ups			
Other (Specify): _____			

4.16 Do any of the utility vendors you work with enforce a winter moratorium on shut offs?

Yes No _____

If you responded “Yes” to question 4.16, you must respond to question 4.17.

4.17 Describe the terms of the moratorium and any special dispensation received by LIHEAP clients during or after the moratorium period.

From November 15 to March 15, Massachusetts law prevents gas and electric companies from shutting off a customer’s home energy sources because of their inability to pay for it and who also has proven a financial hardship. Also, service that is needed to run a customer’s residential heating system cannot be shut off during this period. Charges continue to be applied during this period and the customer still owes the utility company for the provided service. The moratorium does not apply to debt accrued before November 15. In addition to the winter moratorium, Massachusetts provides some additional protections from utility shutoffs for those who qualify.

Section 5: WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE

Eligibility, 2605(c)(1)(A), 2605(b)(2) – Assurance 2

5.1 Designate the income eligibility threshold used for the weatherization component:

Add	Household size	Eligibility Guideline	Eligibility Threshold
1	All Household Sizes	State Median Income	60.00%

5.2 Do you enter into an interagency agreement to have another government agency administer a **WEATHERIZATION component**? Yes No

5.3 Name the agency. _____

5.4 Is there a separate monitoring protocol for weatherization? Yes No

WEATHERIZATION - Types of Rules

5.5 Under what rules do you administer LIHEAP weatherization? (Check only one.)

- Entirely under LIHEAP (not DOE) rules
- Entirely under DOE WAP (not LIHEAP) rules
- Mostly under LIHEAP rules with the following DOE WAP rule(s) where LIHEAP and WAP rules differ: (Check all that apply.)

- Income Threshold
- Weatherization of entire multi-family housing structure is permitted if at least 66% of units (50% in 2- & 4-unit buildings) are eligible units or will become eligible within 180 days.
- Weatherization of shelters temporarily housing primarily low income persons (excluding nursing homes, prisons, and similar institutional care facilities) is permitted.
- Other (describe)

Heating systems not subject to DOE Installation Standards/Standard Work Specifications.

- Mostly under DOE WAP rules, with the following LIHEAP rule(s) where LIHEAP and WAP rules differ: (Check all that apply.)

- Income Threshold
- Weatherization not subject to DOE WAP maximum statewide average cost per dwelling unit.
- Weatherization measures are not subject to DOE Savings to Investment Ratio (SIR) standards.
- Other (describe)

Eligibility, 2605(b)(5) – Assurance 5

	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
5.6 Do you require an assets test?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
5.7 Do you have additional/differing eligibility policies for:		
• Renters?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
• Renters living in subsidized housing?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
5.8 Do you give priority in eligibility to:		
• Elderly?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
• Disabled?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
• Young children?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
• Households with high energy burdens?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
• Other? No heat emergencies	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

If you selected “Yes” for any of the options in questions 5.6, 5.7 or 5.8, you must provide further explanation of these policies in the text field below.

Priority for no-heat emergencies is designated for the “heating season” between October 1 through April 30. Priority is always based on the need for service.

Benefit Levels

5.9 Do you have a maximum LIHEAP weatherization benefit/expenditure per household?
 Yes No

5.10 If Yes, what is the maximum amount?

\$13,500

Types of Assistance, 2605(c)(1), (B) & (D)

5.11 What LIHEAP weatherization measures do you provide? (Check all categories that apply.)

<input type="checkbox"/> Weatherization needs assessments/audits	<input type="checkbox"/> Energy related roof repair
<input type="checkbox"/> Caulking and insulation	<input type="checkbox"/> Major appliances Repairs
<input type="checkbox"/> Storm windows	<input type="checkbox"/> Major appliances replacement
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Furnace/heating system modifications/repairs	<input type="checkbox"/> Windows/sliding glass doors
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Furnace replacement	<input type="checkbox"/> Doors

Cooling system modifications/repairs

Water Heater

Water conservation measures

Cooling system replacement

Compact florescent light bulbs

Other (describe)

Fuel tank replacement, fuel line replacement, chimney liner, and asbestos abatement when related to heating system replacement. Large free standing electric domestic hot water heaters may be replaced with a tankless coil under certain conditions with DHCD ECU's approval.

Section 6: Outreach, 2605(b)(3) – Assurance 3, 2605(c)(3)(A)

6.1 Select all outreach activities that you conduct that are designed to assure that eligible households are made aware of all LIHEAP assistance available:

- Place posters/flyers in local and county social service offices, offices of aging, Social Security offices, VA, etc.
- Publish articles in local newspapers or broadcast media announcements.
- Include inserts in energy vendor billings to inform individuals of the availability of all types of LIHEAP assistance.
- Mass mailing(s) to prior-year LIHEAP recipients.
- Inform low income applicants of the availability of all types of LIHEAP assistance at application intake for other low-income programs.
- Execute interagency agreements with other low-income program offices to perform outreach to target groups.
- Other (specify): *see below.*

DHCD and its Subgrantees maintain working relationships with other state agencies such as DTA, especially the SNAP office. DHCD will continue to partner with both state and outside resources to promote the LIHEAP program and explore new partnerships and methods of outreach. The MA Registry of Motor Vehicles will have an LIHEAP advertisement run on its waiting rooms monitors. Using DHCD LIHEAP materials, the Department of Veteran Services will send an email blast to the Veterans' Officers in cities and towns across the Commonwealth to promote the program. DHCD will partner with DTA in a coordinated text message campaign to current DTA households that are not current LIHEAP households. DHCD will continue to work with its digital consultant to establish individual LAA social media marketing plans to better promote the program through targeted advertisements on various social media applications.

Section 7: Coordination, 2605(b)(4) – Assurance 4

7.1 Describe how you will ensure that the LIHEAP program is coordinated with other programs available to low-income households (TANF, SSI, WAP, etc.)

- Joint application for multiple programs
- Intake referrals to/from other programs
- One-stop intake centers
- Other – describe:

DHCD uses a single application for LIHEAP, Heating System Repair/Replacement, WAP and as applicable, Low Income Water Assistance Program.

Data exchange with DTA coordinates LIHEAP with H-EAT and SNAP.

The Subgrantees develop plans for local coordination in their service territories both internally as well as external partnerships with other community and human service organizations including WAP, WIC, and utility funded programs.

Section 8: Agency Designation, 2605(b)(6) – Assurance 6 (Required for state grantees and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico)

8.1 How would you categorize the primary responsibility of your State agency?

- Administration Agency
- Commerce Agency
- Community Services Agency
- Energy/Environment Agency
- Housing Agency
- Welfare Agency
- Other – describe:

Alternate Outreach and Intake, 2605(b)(15) – Assurance 15

If you selected "Welfare Agency" in question 8.1, you must complete questions 8.2, 8.3, and 8.4, as applicable.

8.2 How do you provide alternate outreach and intake for **HEATING ASSISTANCE**?

8.3 How do you provide alternate outreach and intake for **COOLING ASSISTANCE**?

8.4 How do you provide alternate outreach and intake for **CRISIS ASSISTANCE**?

8.5 LIHEAP Components Administration.

	<u>Heating</u>	<u>Cooling</u>	<u>Crisis</u>	<u>Weatherization</u>
Who determines client eligibility?	Non-Profits		Non-Profits	Non-Profits
Who processes benefit payments to gas and electric vendors?	Non-Profits		Non-Profits	
Who processes benefit payments to bulk fuel vendors?	Non-Profits		Non-Profits	
Who performs installation of weatherization measures?				Non-Profits Other

If any of your LIHEAP components are not centrally-administered by a state agency, you must complete questions 8.6, 8.7, 8.8, and if applicable, 8.9.

8.6 What is your process for selecting local administering agencies?

Massachusetts currently subcontracts for local administration of Fuel Assistance with 19 agencies, 18 of which are Community Action Agencies that are in operation under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964. DHCD reserves the right to select a Subgrantee in any service area via an appropriate process such as a Notice of Funding Availability (NOFA) or by designation of the Undersecretary of DHCD.

A list of designated Subgrantees is included as an attachment to this State Plan.

8.7 How many local administering agencies do you use?

19.

8.8 *Have you changed any local administering agencies from last year?*

Yes No

8.9 *Why?*

- Agency was in noncompliance with grantee requirements for LIHEAP
- Agency is under criminal investigation
- Added agency
- Agency closed
- Other – describe

Menotomy, LEO, and NSCAP voluntarily gave their HEARTWAP programs due to sustained staffing issues and the effects of COVID-19. DHCD entered into temporary contracts with experienced interim service providers to cover the service areas and is currently undergoing the state procurement process to secure permanent providers for FFY24.

Section 9: Energy Suppliers, 2605(b)(7) – Assurance 7

9.1 Do you make payments directly to home energy suppliers?

Heating Yes No

Cooling Yes No

Crisis Yes No

Are there exceptions? Yes No

If yes, describe.

Heat in Rent applicants receive a check directly from LAAs, provided that their tenancy is verified by the landlord or the management company.

9.2 *How do you notify the client of the amount of assistance paid?*

Applicants are notified through a Notice of Eligibility Determination. Program guidelines require the Notice is sent within 45 days of application completion. H-EAT households are notified of their qualification on a rolling basis through notices sent by DTA that is issued after a bi-weekly data match.

9.3 *How do you assure that the home energy supplier will charge the eligible household, in the normal billing process, the difference between the actual cost of the home energy and the amount of the payment?*

The Vendor Agreement details how the vendor must treat LIHEAP customers. This includes proper costs and payments requirements. Further, the LIHEAP Program Directors' Guidance instruct LAAs regarding the methods to be used to ensure the vendor is following the business practices/procedures indicated in the Vendor Agreement. Additionally, a review of payments and charges are a part of the monitoring conducted by DHCD.

9.4 *How do you assure that no household receiving assistance under this title will be treated adversely because of their receipt of LIHEAP assistance?*

All participating vendors must agree in the Vendor Agreement not to discriminate against the certified LIHEAP customer in prices or services and to make deliveries/supply services in accordance with normal business practice.

9.5 *Do you make payments contingent on unregulated vendors taking appropriate measures to alleviate the energy burdens of eligible households?*

Yes No.

If so, describe the measures unregulated vendors may take.

Section 10: Program, Fiscal Monitoring, and Audit, 2605(b)(10)

10.1. How do you ensure good fiscal accounting and tracking of LIHEAP funds?

Subgrantee LIHEAP awards are contracted for the duration of the federal fiscal year, 10/1 to 9/30. Cash requests are submitted monthly by Subgrantees for their next month’s projected expenditures. DHCD utilizes the Massachusetts Management Accounting and Reporting System (MMARS) and Community Software Group’s Grant Management Software (CSG system) to track the receipt of LIHEAP funding and payments to Subgrantees. Actual incurred monthly program expenditures are entered into the CSG system by Subgrantees via the LIHEAP Program Expenditure Report and this report is used to reconcile cash receipts with actual program expenditures.

Subgrantees that receive weatherization funding are awarded separate contracts for the Heating Emergency Assistance Retrofit Task Weatherization Assistance Program (HEARTWAP). HEARTWAP contracts are contracted for the duration of the federal fiscal year 10/1 to 9/30. Cash requests are submitted monthly by Subgrantees for reimbursement of their booked expenditures. DHCD utilizes the MMARS and CSG System to track the receipt of HEARTWAP funding and payments to Subgrantees. Actual incurred monthly expenditures are entered into the CSG system by Subgrantees via the HEARTWAP monthly system report and this report is used to reconcile cash receipts with actual program expenditures.

If a vendor refund is received by a Subgrantee, these funds are returned to DHCD. Subgrantees specify the LIHEAP program year the funds originate from and these returns are tracked on an excel spreadsheet by DHCD fiscal staff and are returned to the program to include in the next allocation of funding. The funds are returned to the correct federal program year line in MMARS. If LIHEAP funds are not spent within the allowable 2 year period, those unspent funds are returned to the Federal Government.

Audit Process

10.2. Is your LIHEAP program audited annually under the Single Audit Act and OMB Circular A-133?

Yes No

10.3. Describe any audit findings rising to the level of material weakness or reportable condition cited in the A-133 audits, Grantee monitoring assessments, inspector general reviews, or other government agency reviews of the LIHEAP agency from the most recently audited federal fiscal year.

No Findings

Finding	Type	Brief Summary	Resolved?	Action Taken

10.4. Audits of Local Administering Agencies

What types of annual audit requirements do you have in place for local administering agencies/district offices?

Local agencies/district offices are required to have an annual audit in compliance with the Single Audit Act and OMB Circular A-133.

- Local agencies/district offices are required to have an annual audit (other than A-133).
- Local agencies/district offices' A-133 or other independent audits are reviewed by Grantee as part of compliance process.
- Grantee conducts fiscal and program monitoring of local agencies/district offices.

Compliance Monitoring

10.5 Describe the Grantee's strategies for monitoring compliance with the Grantee's and Federal LIHEAP policies and procedures: Select all that apply.

Grantee employees:

- Internal program review
- Departmental oversight
- Secondary review of invoices and payments
- Other program review mechanisms are in place.

Local Administering Agencies/District Offices:

- On-site evaluation
- Annual program review
- Monitoring through Central Database
- Desk reviews
- Client File Testing/Sampling
- Other program review mechanisms are in place. Describe: Vendor Authentication and Certification testing.

The DHCD Office of Administration and Finance (OAF) and Community Services Unit (CSU) respectively perform fiscal and program monitoring. CSU shall continue to review/modify program monitoring procedures to ensure compliance with all state and federal laws, regulations, and DHCD LIHEAP Administrative Guidances and operating procedures.

10.6 Explain, or attach a copy of, your local agency monitoring schedule and protocol.

DHCD OAF and CSU annually evaluate each Subgrantee's risk of noncompliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the subaward to determine the appropriate type of monitoring. Unless a Subgrantee has been determined to be a "High Risk", in general, the alternating schedule outlined below applies. It divides the monitoring of the LAAs between onsite visits and remote assessments. Each type of assessment has its own protocol and monitoring tool.

10.7 Describe how you select local agencies for monitoring reviews?

Site Visits: Subgrantees that were programmatically assessed remotely in the last fiscal year will be monitored on site this upcoming fiscal year. For those Subgrantees that were deemed "High Risk" or have a new Program Director, an onsite assessment will be conducted regardless of the type of prior year's assessment. Fiscally, Subgrantees that are determined "High Risk" during the

risk assessment evaluation or have had two or more funding cycles pass since they were last monitored will be selected for an on-site monitoring visit by DHCD.

Remote Reviews: Subgrantees that are determined “Low Risk” during the risk assessment evaluation will not be selected for an onsite monitoring visit by DHCD. “Low Risk” Subgrantees will be monitored remotely with performance assessed via review of client databases.

10.8 How often is each local agency monitored?

Once a year each local agency is programmatically monitored. Following OMB Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.331, the local agency is monitored fiscally at least every two funding cycles or more frequently if necessary based upon DHCD’s risk assessment evaluation of the agency.

10.9 What is the combined error rate for eligibility determinations? OPTIONAL

10.10 What is the combined error rate for benefit determinations? OPTIONAL

10.11 How many local agencies are currently on corrective action plans for eligibility and/or benefit determination issues?

None.

10.12 How many local agencies are currently on corrective action plans for financial accounting or administrative issues?

None.

Section 11: Timely and Meaningful Public Participation, 2605(b)(12), 2605(c)(2)

11.1 How did you obtain input from the public in the development of your LIHEAP plan?

Select all that apply:

- Tribal Council meeting(s)
- Public Hearing(s)
- Draft Plan posted to website and available for comment
- Hard copy of plan is available for public view and comment
- Comments from applicants are recorded
- Request for comments on draft Plan is advertised
- Stakeholder consultation meeting(s)
- Comments are solicited during outreach activities
- Other, describe:

Throughout the year, DHCD solicits and considers the comments and participation of the public and community stakeholders through a variety of methods including the quarterly meetings of the DHCD LIHEAP Advisory Group, monthly meetings of the Massachusetts Energy Directors' Association (MEDA), quarterly meetings of the Arrearage Management Program (AMP) Best Practices group, the annual LIHEAP training conference and regular program monitoring.

11.2 What changes did you make to your LIHEAP plan as a result of this participation?

See 11.6 response.

Public Hearings, 2605(a)(2)- For States and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico Only

11.3 List the date(s) and location(s) that you held public hearing(s) on the proposed use and distribution of your LIHEAP funds?

Date	Event Description
6/6/2022	DHCD LIHEAP Advisory Group Meeting and Preliminary Hearing
7/12/2022	Public Hearing

11.4 How many parties commented on your plan at the hearing(s)?

TBD

11.5 Summarize the comments you received at the hearing(s).

TBD

11.6 What changes did you make to your LIHEAP plan as a result of the public hearing(s)?

TBD

Section 12: Fair Hearings, 2605(b)(13) – Assurance 13

12.1 How many fair hearings did the grantee have in the prior Federal fiscal year?

TBD

12.2 How many of those fair hearings resulted in the initial decision being reversed?

TBD

12.3 Describe any policy and/or procedural changes made in the last Federal fiscal year as a result of fair hearings?

None at this time.

12.4 Describe your fair hearing procedures for **households whose applications are denied**.

The appeals process requires an applicant initially to appeal to the LAA and offers the opportunity to appeal to DHCD if the applicant is not satisfied with the decision issued by the LAA. Appeals must be made to the LAA within 20 working days of the date of any notice of eligibility or ineligibility. Applicants can also generally request an appeal, on a form provided by the LAA, if they have not been notified of their application status within forty-five (45) days of the date of application.

Within 20 working days of receiving an appeal, the LAA must generally:

1. Schedule a hearing if a hearing has been requested by the applicant or has been deemed necessary by the LAA and send a notice to the applicant establishing the date, time and location of the hearing.
2. In all other cases,
 - a. Review and reconsider the applicant's application, including the possibility of obtaining additional income or other documentation;
 - b. Reach a decision on the case; and
 - c. Notify the applicant of the final decision in writing, along with notice of the applicant's right to and procedures for appeal to DHCD.

Within 10 working days of a hearing, the LAA shall

1. Reach a decision on the case; and
2. Notify the applicant of the final decision in writing, along with notice of the applicant's right to and procedures for appeal to DHCD.

Local appeals are accepted from November 1st through the fourth Friday in June.

State Level Fair Hearing (Appeal) Process

Appeals to the State of an LAA Decision are accepted by DHCD from November 1st through the fourth Friday in August.

Appeals to DHCD of LAA decisions will be handled within the DHCD's CSU. Applicants must appeal in writing to DHCD within 20 working days of the date of the final LAA decision that includes the notice of appeal rights.

All applicant files and information pertinent to the appeal will be reviewed, and the applicant and the LAA will be notified of the decision in writing within 20 working days of receipt of the complete applicant file.

12.5 When and how are applicants informed of these rights?

Massachusetts requires all applicants/clients to be notified of their right to appeal specific LAA decisions in the heating assistance/crisis assistance and energy conservation programs. Written notification of these rights must be given:

1. When the applicant first applies for assistance;
2. When an LAA provides an applicant with a notice of either eligibility or ineligibility; and
3. When an LAA issues a final decision of denial on an appeal.

*12.6 Describe your fair hearing procedures for **households whose applications are not acted on in a timely manner.***

The LAAs must notify a household if it submitted incomplete documentation for their application within 20 working days. If a household provided complete documentation, the LAA must notify the household of its eligibility within 45 working days. If the LAA does not notify the household within 45 days, the household has a right to appeal to the agency for its determination.

At the state level, denied applicants are afforded appeal rights except when the applications are not completed in a timely manner. Since applicants have a maximum of 30 days after the end of each year's heating season to complete an incomplete application, those that remain incomplete due to an applicant's inability to provide eligibility documentation are denied and cannot be completed through the state appeal process.

12.7 When and how are applicants informed of these rights?

Households are informed of their right to appeal and the procedure to do so upon application. Applicants receive a Notice of Appeal Rights with their application package. Furthermore, when applicants receive a notice of denial, they are provided with a copy of Notice of Appeal Rights and the Appeal Form.

Section 13: Reduction of home energy needs, 2605(b)(16) – Assurance 16

13.1 Describe how you use LIHEAP funds to provide services that encourage and enable households to reduce their home energy needs and thereby the need for energy assistance?

In accordance with LIHEAP regulations and pending the availability of funds, LAAs provide such services as: needs assessment, budget counseling, energy education/awareness and vendor relations as part of the ongoing servicing of eligible households. These services, under Assurance 16 of the LIHEAP statute, are directed toward households that may be in financial/energy crisis requiring individual attention beyond the standard course of action.

DHCD encourages working with utilities on issues impacting users, particularly elders, expanding education, awareness efforts, and referrals. DHCD monitors the Assurance 16 activities conducted by LAAs through annual contracting and monitoring process to ensure compliance with funding requirements.

13.2 How do you ensure that you don't use more than 5% of your LIHEAP funds for these activities?

The amounts set aside to fund these activities are predetermined by DHCD so that it does not exceed the 5% threshold.

13.3 Describe the impact of such activities on the number of households served in the previous Federal fiscal year.

Assurance 16 activities resulted in a reduction in emergencies, as reflected in the LIHEAP Household Data reported to DHCD by the LAAs, and the increase in the number of LIHEAP households participating in the arrearage management programs reported by the local stakeholder working groups.

13.4 Describe the level of direct benefits provided to those households in the previous Federal fiscal year.

The amount of direct benefits expended from the previous fiscal year was \$48,428,229. (As of April 14, 2022.)

13.5 How many households applied for these services?

TBD

13.6 How many households received these services?

TBD

Section 14: Leveraging Incentive Program, 2607(A)

14.1 Do you plan to submit an application for the leveraging incentive program?

Yes No

14.2 Describe instructions to the third parties and/or local agencies for submitting LIHEAP leveraging resource information and retaining records.

In the years OCS offers the Leveraging Incentive Program under the LIHEAP, Massachusetts requests supporting documentation of non-federal leveraged resources (local, public and private funds) within a reasonable timeframe from LAAs, Utility Companies, and resource providers such as United Way, Salvation Army, etc.

Once received, each Leveraging Resource Form would be vetted through a DHCD review process and a statewide Leveraging Resource Report prepared for the Undersecretary's signature and submitted to the Office of Community Services, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services for the purpose of receiving the Leveraging Incentive Grant.

14.3 For each type of resource and/or benefit to be leveraged in the upcoming year that will meet the requirements of 45 C.F.R. § 96.87(d)(2)(iii), describe the following:

Resource	What is the type of resource or benefit?	What is the source(s) of the resource?	How will the resource be integrated and coordinated with the LIHEAP program?
1	Margin-Over-Rack (MOR)	DHCD Heating Oil at discounted or below market prices.	The MOR pricing method is used by Local Administrating Agencies to purchase #2 fuel oil from local dealers on behalf of their clients. Participating dealers are paid for deliveries based on a margin of 50 cents per gallon over a daily average rack price, based on the Oil Price Information Service (OPIS). Dealers receive either the MOR price or their current posted price for the delivery date, whichever is less.
2	Utility Discount Rates	Investor Owned Utility Companies	All income eligible LIHEAP applicants automatically qualify for discounts on their utility bills. These discounts can save up to 36% on each bill.
3	Combined Fuel Funds	LAAs	LAAs use their combined fuel funds to assist certain LIHEAP eligible and over-income households. LIHEAP eligible households can receive an additional benefits to pay for home heating costs through locally established fuel funds.

4	Weatherization Support	In-kind contributions and funding from utility companies, and property owners.	Certain LIHEAP eligible households can also receive utility funded weatherization support.
5	Supplemental State Allocation.	From time to time, the Massachusetts State Legislature has allocated supplemental funds to provide home energy assistance to income eligible households.	Federal LIHEAP funds can be augmented using state appropriated funds.

Section 15: Training

15.1. Describe the training you provide for each of the following groups:

a. Grantee Staff:

Formal training on grantee policies and procedures

How often?

Annually

Biannually

As needed

Other – Describe:

Employees are provided with policy manual

Other – Describe:

b. Local Agencies:

Formal training conference

How often?

Annually

Biannually

As needed

Other – Describe:

On-site training

How often?

Annually

Biannually

As needed

Other – Describe:

Employees are provided with policy manual

Other – Describe:

LAA's receive information through Informational Memorandums and emailed listserve messages from DHCD throughout the program year.

c. Vendors

Formal training conference

How often?

Annually

Biannually

As needed

Other – Describe:

Policies communicated through vendor agreements

Policies are outlined in a vendor manual

Other – Describe:

15.2. Does your training program address fraud reporting and prevention?

Yes

No

Section 16: Performance Goals and Measures, 2605(b) Required for States Only

16.1 Describe your progress toward meeting the data collection and reporting requirement of the four required LIHEAP performance measures. Include timeframes and plans for meeting these requirements and what you believe will be accomplished in the coming federal fiscal year.

Massachusetts currently collects the four required LIHEAP performance measures.

Section 17: Program Integrity, 2605(b)(10)

17.1. Fraud Reporting Mechanisms

a. Describe all mechanisms available to the public for reporting cases of suspected waste, fraud, and abuse.

- Online Fraud Reporting
- Dedicated Fraud Reporting Hotline
- Report directly to local agency/district office or Grantee office
- Report to State Inspector General or Attorney General
- Forms and procedures in place for local agencies/district offices and vendors to report fraud, waste, and abuse.
- Other – describe:

There is also a state Whistleblower provision in place.

b. Describe strategies in place for advertising the above-referenced resources.

- Printed outreach materials
- Addressed on LIHEAP application
- Website
- Other – describe:

At the Annual LIHEAP training, a presentation is made by either the Office of the Comptroller of the Commonwealth or the Massachusetts Office of the Inspector General, and training materials are provided to the Subgrantees annually.

17.2. Identification Documentation Requirements

a. Indicate which of the following forms of identification are required or requested to be collected from LIHEAP applicants or their household members.

Type of Identification Collected	Collected from Whom?		
	Applicant Only	All Adults in HH	All HH Members
Social Security Card is photocopied and retained	Required <input type="checkbox"/>	Required <input type="checkbox"/>	Required <input type="checkbox"/>
	Requested <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Requested <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Requested <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Social Security Number (without actual card)	Required <input type="checkbox"/>	Required <input type="checkbox"/>	Required <input type="checkbox"/>
	Requested <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Requested <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Requested <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Government-issued identification card (i.e.: driver's license, state ID, Tribal ID, passport, etc.)	Required <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Required <input type="checkbox"/>	Required <input type="checkbox"/>
	Requested <input type="checkbox"/>	Requested <input type="checkbox"/>	Requested <input type="checkbox"/>

	Other	Applicant Only Required	Applicant Only Requested	All Adults in Household Required	All Adults in Household Requested	All Household Members Required	All Household Members Requested
1	Proof of Address	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					

b. Describe any exceptions to the above policies.

17.3. Identification Verification

Describe what methods are used to verify the authenticity of identification documents provided by clients or household members.

- Verify SSNs with Social Security Administration
- Match SSNs with death records from Social Security Administration or state agency
- Match SSNs with state eligibility/management system (e.g., SNAP, TANF)
- Match with state Department of Labor system
- Match with state and/or federal corrections system
- Match with state child support system
- Verification using private software (e.g., The Work Number)
- In-person certification by staff (for tribal grantees only)
- Match SSN/Tribal ID number with tribal database
- Other – describe: certification by LAA staff.

17.4. Citizenship/Legal Residency Verification

What are your procedures for ensuring that household members are U.S. citizens or aliens who are qualified to receive LIHEAP benefits?

- Clients sign an attestation of citizenship or legal residency
- Client's submission of Social Security cards is accepted as proof of legal residency
- Noncitizens must provide documentation of immigration status
- Citizens must provide a copy of their birth certificate, naturalization papers, or passport
- Noncitizens are verified through the SAVE system
- Tribal members are verified through Tribal database/Tribal ID card
- Other – describe:

Applicants sign an attestation verifying their understanding that only United States Citizens or Qualified Aliens are eligible to receive federal energy assistance benefits and certifying under the penalties of perjury that all information they submit is true and complete to the best of their knowledge.

17.5. Income Verification

What methods does your agency utilize to verify household income?

- Require documentation of income for all adult household members
 - Pay stubs
 - Social Security award letters

- Bank statements
- Tax statements
- Zero-income statements
- Unemployment Insurance letters
- Other – describe:

Computer data matches:

- Income information matched against state computer system (e.g., SNAP, TANF)
- Proof of unemployment benefits verified with state Department of Labor
- Social Security income verified with SSA
- Utilize state directory of new hires
- Other – describe:

17.6. Protection of Privacy and Confidentiality

Describe the financial and operating controls in place to protect client information against improper use or disclosure. Select all that apply.

- Policy in place prohibiting release of information without written consent
- Grantee LIHEAP database includes privacy/confidentiality safeguards
- Employee training on confidentiality for:
 - Grantee employees
 - local agencies/district offices
- Employees must sign confidentiality agreement
 - Grantee employees
 - local agencies/district offices
- Physical files are stored in a secure location
- Other – describe:

17.7. Verifying the Authenticity of Energy Vendors

What policies are in place for verifying vendor authenticity?

- All vendors must register with the State/Tribe
- All vendors must supply a valid SSN or TIN/W-9 form
- Vendors are verified through energy bills provided by the household
- Grantee and/or local agencies/district offices perform physical monitoring of vendors
- Other – describe, and note any exceptions to policies above:

As part of the contracting process, the vendor is required to provide the Subgrantee with an acceptable vendor certification document to authenticate the vendor.

17.8. Benefits Policy – Gas and Electric Utilities

What policies are in place to protect against fraud when making benefit payments to gas and electric utilities on behalf of clients? Select all that apply.

- Applicants required to submit proof of physical residency
- Applicants must submit current utility bill
- Data exchange with utilities that verifies:
 - Account ownership
 - Consumption
 - Balances
 - Payment history
 - Account is properly credited with benefit
 - Other – describe:
- Centralized computer system/database tracks payments to all utilities
- Centralized computer system automatically generates benefit level
- Separation of duties between intake and payment approval
- Payments coordinated among other heating assistance programs to avoid duplication of payments
- Payments to utilities and invoices from utilities are reviewed for accuracy
- Computer databases are periodically reviewed to verify accuracy and timeliness of payments made to utilities
- Direct payment to households are made in limited cases only
- Procedures are in place to require prompt refunds from utilities in cases of account closure
- Vendor agreements specify requirements selected above, and provide enforcement mechanism
- Other – describe:

17.9. Benefits Policy — Bulk Fuel Vendors

What procedures are in place for averting fraud and improper payments when dealing with bulk fuel suppliers of heating oil, propane, wood, and other bulk fuel vendors? Select all that apply.

- Vendors are checked against an approved vendors list
- Centralized computer system/database is used to track payments to all vendors
- Clients are relied on for reports of non-delivery or partial delivery
- Two-party checks are issued naming client and vendor
- Direct payment to households are made in limited cases only
- Vendors are only paid once they provide a delivery receipt signed by the client
- Conduct monitoring of bulk fuel vendors
- Bulk fuel vendors are required to submit reports to the Grantee
- Vendor agreements specify requirements selected above, and provide enforcement mechanism
- Other – describe:

Printed delivery slips or computer printouts from the vendors are required.

17.10. Investigations and Prosecutions

Describe the Grantee's procedures for investigating and prosecuting reports of fraud, and any sanctions placed on clients/staff/vendors found to have committed fraud. Select all that apply.

- Refer to state Inspector General
- Refer to local prosecutor or state Attorney General

- Refer to US DHHS Inspector General (including referral to OIG hotline)
- Local agencies/district offices or Grantee conduct investigation of fraud complaints from public
- Grantee attempts collection of improper payments. If so, describe the recoupment process.

LAAs are instructed to recoup the value of the assistance rendered to ineligible applicants, when applicable. As stated on the back of the LIHEAP applications, applicants are fully liable for repayment in these situations. LAAs must use the applicable recoupment notice template provided by DHCD. The notice advises applicants of their responsibility to make restitution. LAAs are advised to reduce the client's benefit level in the subsequent program year or pursue collection/legal action.

- Clients found to have committed fraud are banned from LIHEAP assistance. For how long is a household banned?
- Contracts with local agencies require that employees found to have committed fraud are reprimanded and/or terminated
- Vendors found to have committed fraud may no longer participate in LIHEAP
- Other — describe:

An applicant with stop pay or recoupment situation can apply for LIHEAP, however, no payments can be issued until either the applicant submits information that clarifies or corrects their application or repays the benefit amount that was inappropriately received.

Section 18: Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters--Primary Covered Transactions

Instructions for Certification

1. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out below.

2. The inability of a person to provide the certification required below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective primary participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such person from participation in this transaction.

3. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department or agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective primary participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

4. The prospective primary participant shall provide immediate written notice to the department or agency to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective primary participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

5. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department or agency to which this proposal is being submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.

6. The prospective primary participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.

7. The prospective primary participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," provided by the department or agency entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

8. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that it is not proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant

may, but is not required to, check the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs.

9. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

10. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 6 of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters--Primary Covered Transactions

(1) The prospective primary participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded by any Federal department or agency;

(b) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;

(c) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (1)(b) of this certification; and

(d) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

(2) Where the prospective primary participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Covered Transactions

Instructions for Certification

1. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

2. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government the department or agency with which this

transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

3. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or had become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

4. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this clause, have the meaning set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.

5. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, [[Page 33043]] should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.

6. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled ``Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

7. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that it is not proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement and Nonprocurement Programs.

8. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

9. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 5 of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR part 9, subpart 9.4, suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility an Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Covered Transactions

(1) The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.

(2) Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

By checking this box, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out above.

Section 19: Certification Regarding Drug-Free Workforce Requirements

This certification is required by the regulations implementing the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988: 45 CFR Part 76, Subpart, F. Sections 76.630(c) and (d)(2) and 76.645(a)(1) and (b) provide that a Federal agency may designate a central receipt point for STATE-WIDE AND STATE AGENCY-WIDE certifications, and for notification of criminal drug convictions. For the Department of Health and Human Services, the central point is: Division of Grants Management and Oversight, Office of Management and Acquisition, Department of Health and Human Services, Room 517-D, 200 Independence Avenue, SW Washington, DC 20201.

Certification Regarding Drug-Free Workplace Requirements (Instructions for Certification)

1. By signing and/or submitting this application or grant agreement, the grantee is providing the certification set out below.
2. The certification set out below is a material representation of fact upon which reliance is placed when the agency awards the grant. If it is later determined that the grantee knowingly rendered a false certification, or otherwise violates the requirements of the Drug-Free Workplace Act, the agency, in addition to any other remedies available to the Federal Government, may take action authorized under the Drug-Free Workplace Act.
3. For grantees other than individuals, Alternate I applies.
4. For grantees who are individuals, Alternate II applies.
5. Workplaces under grants, for grantees other than individuals, need not be identified on the certification. If known, they may be identified in the grant application. If the grantee does not identify the workplaces at the time of application, or upon award, if there is no application, the grantee must keep the identity of the workplace(s) on file in its office and make the information available for Federal inspection. Failure to identify all known workplaces constitutes a violation of the grantee's drug-free workplace requirements.
6. Workplace identifications must include the actual address of buildings (or parts of buildings) or other sites where work under the grant takes place. Categorical descriptions may be used (e.g., all vehicles of a mass transit authority or State highway department while in operation, State employees in each local unemployment office, performers in concert halls or radio studios).
7. If the workplace identified to the agency changes during the performance of the grant, the grantee shall inform the agency of the change(s), if it previously identified the workplaces in question (see paragraph five).
8. Definitions of terms in the Nonprocurement Suspension and Debarment common rule and Drug-Free Workplace common rule apply to this certification. Grantees' attention is called, in particular, to the following definitions from these rules:

Controlled substance means a controlled substance in Schedules I through V of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 812) and as further defined by regulation (21 CFR 1308.11 through 1308.15);

Conviction means a finding of guilt (including a plea of nolo contendere) or imposition of sentence, or both, by any judicial body charged with the responsibility to determine violations of the Federal or State criminal drug statutes;

Criminal drug statute means a Federal or non-Federal criminal statute involving the manufacture, distribution, dispensing, use, or possession of any controlled substance;

Employee means the employee of a grantee directly engaged in the performance of work under a grant, including: (i) All direct charge employees; (ii) All indirect charge employees unless their impact or involvement is insignificant to the performance of the grant; and, (iii) Temporary personnel and consultants who are directly engaged in the performance of work under the grant and who are on the grantee's payroll. This definition does not include workers not on the payroll of the grantee (e.g., volunteers, even if used to meet a matching requirement; consultants or independent contractors not on the grantee's payroll; or employees of subrecipients or subcontractors in covered workplaces).

Certification Regarding Drug-Free Workplace Requirements

Alternate I. (Grantees Other Than Individuals)

The grantee certifies that it will or will continue to provide a drug-free workplace by:

- (a) Publishing a statement notifying employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance is prohibited in the grantee's workplace and specifying the actions that will be taken against employees for violation of such prohibition;
- (b) Establishing an ongoing drug-free awareness program to inform employees about --
 - (1) The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace;
 - (2) The grantee's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace;
 - (3) Any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and
 - (4) The penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug abuse violations occurring in the workplace;
- c) Making it a requirement that each employee to be engaged in the performance of the grant be given a copy of the statement required by paragraph (a);
- (d) Notifying the employee in the statement required by paragraph (a) that, as a condition of employment under the grant, the employee will --
 - (1) Abide by the terms of the statement; and
 - (2) Notify the employer in writing of his or her conviction for a violation of a criminal drug statute occurring in the workplace no later than five calendar days after such conviction;
- (e) Notifying the agency in writing, within ten calendar days after receiving notice under paragraph (d)(2) from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of such conviction. Employers of convicted employees must provide notice, including position

title, to every grant officer or other designee on whose grant activity the convicted employee was working, unless the Federal agency has designated a central point for the receipt of such notices. Notice shall include the identification number(s) of each affected grant;

(f) Taking one of the following actions, within 30 calendar days of receiving notice under paragraph (d)(2), with respect to any employee who is so convicted -

(1) Taking appropriate personnel action against such an employee, up to and including termination, consistent with the requirements of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended; or

(2) Requiring such employee to participate satisfactorily in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program approved for such purposes by a Federal, State, or local health, law enforcement, or other appropriate agency;

(g) Making a good faith effort to continue to maintain a drug-free workplace through implementation of paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f).

(B) The grantee may insert in the space provided below the site(s) for the performance of work done in connection with the specific grant:

Place of Performance (Street address, city, county, state, zip code)

Department of Housing and Community Development
100 Cambridge Street, Suite 300, Boston, Suffolk County, MA 02114

Check if there are workplaces on file that are not identified here.

Alternate II. (Grantees Who Are Individuals)

(a) The grantee certifies that, as a condition of the grant, he or she will not engage in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance in conducting any activity with the grant;

(b) If convicted of a criminal drug offense resulting from a violation occurring during the conduct of any grant activity, he or she will report the conviction, in writing, within 10 calendar days of the conviction, to every grant officer or other designee, unless the Federal agency designates a central point for the receipt of such notices. When notice is made to such a central point, it shall include the identification number(s) of each affected grant.

[55 FR 21690, 21702, May 25, 1990]

By checking this box, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out above.

Section 20: Certification Regarding Lobbying

The submitter of this application certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

(1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of an agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

(2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

(3) The undersigned shall require that the language of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

Statement for Loan Guarantees and Loan Insurance

The undersigned states, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

If any funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this commitment providing for the United States to insure or guarantee a loan, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions. Submission of this statement is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required statement shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

By checking this box, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out above.

Assurances

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts agrees to:
(Grantee Name)

(1) use the funds available under this title to--

(A) conduct outreach activities and provide assistance to low income households in meeting their home energy costs, particularly those with the lowest incomes that pay a high proportion of household income for home energy, consistent with paragraph (5);

(B) intervene in energy crisis situations;

(C) provide low-cost residential weatherization and other cost-effective energy-related home repair; and

(D) plan, develop, and administer the State's program under this title including leveraging programs,

and the State agrees not to use such funds for any purposes other than those specified in this title;

(2) make payments under this title only with respect to--

(A) households in which one or more individuals are receiving--

(i) assistance under the State program funded under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act;

(ii) supplemental security income payments under title XVI of the Social Security Act;

(iii) food stamps under the Food Stamp Act of 1977; or

(iv) payments under section 415, 521, 541, or 542 of title 38, United States Code, or under section 306 of the Veterans' and Survivors' Pension Improvement Act of 1978; or

(B) households with incomes which do not exceed the greater of—

(i) an amount equal to 150 percent of the poverty level for such State; or

(ii) an amount equal to 60 percent of the State median income;

except that a State may not exclude a household from eligibility in a Federal fiscal year solely on the basis of household income if such income is less than 110 percent of the poverty level for such State, but the State may give priority to those households with the highest home energy costs or needs in relation to household income.

(3) conduct outreach activities designed to assure that eligible households, especially households with elderly individuals or disabled individuals, or both, and households with high home energy burdens, are made aware of the assistance available under this title, and any similar energy-related assistance available under subtitle B of title VI (relating to community services block grant program) or under any other provision of law which carries out programs which were administered under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 before the date of the enactment of this Act;

(4) coordinate its activities under this title with similar and related programs administered by the Federal Government and such State, particularly low-income energy-related programs under subtitle B of title VI (relating to community services block grant program), under the supplemental security income program, under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act, under title XX of the Social Security Act, under the low-income weatherization assistance program under title IV of the Energy Conservation and Production Act, or under any other provision of law which carries out programs which were administered under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 before the date of the enactment of this Act;

(5) provide, in a timely manner, that the highest level of assistance will be furnished to those households which have the lowest incomes and the highest energy costs or needs in relation to income, taking into account family size, except that the State may not differentiate in implementing this section between the households described in clauses 2(A) and 2(B) of this subsection;

(6) to the extent it is necessary to designate local administrative agencies in order to carry out the purposes of this title, to give special consideration, in the designation of such agencies, to any local public or private nonprofit agency which was receiving Federal funds under any low-income energy assistance program or weatherization program under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 or any other provision of law on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act, except that—

(A) the State shall, before giving such special consideration, determine that the agency involved meets program and fiscal requirements established by the State; and

(B) if there is no such agency because of any change in the assistance furnished to programs for economically disadvantaged persons, then the State shall give special consideration in the designation of local administrative agencies to any successor agency which is operated in substantially the same manner as the predecessor agency which did receive funds for the Federal fiscal year preceding the Federal fiscal year for which the determination is made;

(7) if the State chooses to pay home energy suppliers directly, establish procedures to --

(A) notify each participating household of the amount of assistance paid on its behalf;

(B) assure that the home energy supplier will charge the eligible household, in the normal billing process, the difference between the actual cost of the home energy and the amount of the payment made by the State under this title;

(C) assure that the home energy supplier will provide assurances that any agreement entered into with a home energy supplier under this paragraph will contain provisions to assure that no household receiving assistance under this title will be treated adversely because of such assistance under applicable provisions of State law or public regulatory requirements; and

(D) ensure that the provision of vendor payments remains at the option of the State in consultation with local grantees and may be contingent on unregulated vendors taking appropriate measures to alleviate the energy burdens of eligible households, including providing for agreements between suppliers and individuals eligible for benefits under this Act that seek to reduce home energy costs, minimize the risks of home energy crisis, and encourage regular payments by individuals receiving financial assistance for home energy costs;

(8) provide assurances that,

(A) the State will not exclude households described in clause (2)(B) of this subsection from receiving home energy assistance benefits under clause (2), and

(B) the State will treat owners and renters equitably under the program assisted under this title;

(9) provide that--

(A) the State may use for planning and administering the use of funds under this title an amount not to exceed 10 percent of the funds payable to such State under this title for a Federal fiscal year; and

(B) the State will pay from non-Federal sources the remaining costs of planning and administering the program assisted under this title and will not use Federal funds for such remaining cost (except for the costs of the activities described in paragraph (16));

(10) provide that such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures will be established as may be necessary to assure the proper disbursement of and accounting for Federal funds paid to the State under this title, including procedures for monitoring the assistance provided under this title, and provide that the State will comply with the provisions of chapter 75 of title 31, United States Code (commonly known as the "Single Audit Act");

(11) permit and cooperate with Federal investigations undertaken in accordance with section 2608;

(12) provide for timely and meaningful public participation in the development of the plan described in subsection (c);

(13) provide an opportunity for a fair administrative hearing to individuals whose claims for assistance under the plan described in subsection (c) are denied or are not acted upon with reasonable promptness; and

(14) cooperate with the Secretary with respect to data collecting and reporting under section 2610.

(15) * beginning in Federal fiscal year 1992, provide, in addition to such services as may be offered by State Departments of Public Welfare at the local level, outreach and intake functions for crisis situations and heating and cooling assistance that is administered by additional State and local governmental entities or community-based organizations (such as community action agencies, area agencies on aging and not-for-profit neighborhood-based organizations), and in States where such organizations do not administer functions as of September 30, 1991, preference in awarding grants or contracts for intake services shall be provided to those agencies that administer the low-income weatherization or energy crisis intervention programs.

*** This assurance is applicable only to States, and to territories whose annual regular LIHEAP allotments exceed \$200,000. Neither territories with annual allotments of \$200,000 or less nor Indian tribes/tribal organizations are subject to Assurance 15.**

(16) use up to 5 percent of such funds, at its option, to provide services that encourage and enable households to reduce their home energy needs and thereby the need for energy assistance, including needs assessments, counseling, and assistance with energy vendors, and report to the Secretary concerning the impact of such activities on the number of households served, the level of direct benefits provided to those households, and the number of households that remain unserved.

Certification to the Assurances: As Chief Executive Officer, I agree to comply with the sixteen assurances contained in Title XXVI of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981, as amended.* By signing these assurances, I also agree to abide by the standard assurances on lobbying, debarment and suspension, and a drug-free workplace.

Signature of the Tribal or Board Chairperson or Chief Executive Officer of the State or Territory.**

Signature: _____
Jennifer Maddox

Title: _____
Undersecretary, Massachusetts Department of Housing and Community Development

Date: _____

*** Indian tribes/tribal organizations, and territories with annual regular LIHEAP allotments of \$200,000 or less, are not subject to assurance 15, and thus must only certify to 15 assurances.**

**** If a person other than the Chief Executive Officer of the State or territory, or Tribal Chairperson or Board Chairperson of a tribal organization, is signing the certification to the assurances, a letter must be submitted delegating such authority. (ATTACH DELEGATION of AUTHORITY.) The delegation must include authority to sign the assurances, not just to administer the program.**

***** HHS needs the EIN (Entity Identification Number) of the State, territory or Tribal agency that is to receive the grant funds before it can issue the grant.**

In the above assurances which are quoted from the law, "State" means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, an Indian Tribe or Tribal Organization, or a Territory; "title" of the Act refers to Title XXVI of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981 (OBRA), as amended, the "Low Income Home Energy Assistance Act"; "section" means Section 2605 of OBRA; and, "subsection" refers to Section 2605(b) of OBRA.