**WATER DAMAGE/REMEDIATION ASSESSMENT**

**Hull High School**

**180 Main Street**

**Hull, Massachusetts**



Prepared by:

Massachusetts Department of Public Health

Bureau of Environmental Health

Indoor Air Quality Program

February 2018

# BACKGROUND

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| Building: | Hull High School |
| Address: | 180 Main Street, Hull, MA |
| Assessment Coordinated via: | Hull Health Department and Hull School Department |
| Reason for Request: | Water damage/mold growth concerns |
| Date of Assessment: | February 5, 2018 |
| Massachusetts Department of Public Health/Bureau of Environmental Health (MDPH/BEH) Staff Conducting Assessment: | Cory Holmes, Environmental Analyst/Inspector, Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Program |
| Date of Building Construction:  | 1957 |
| Building Description: | A multi-story, brick-faced building originally constructed in the late 1950s. The building underwent complete renovations in 2002. |

# METHODS

Please refer to the IAQ Manual and appendices for methods, sampling procedures, and interpretation of results (MDPH, 2015).

# RESULTS and DISCUSSION

## Microbial/Moisture Concerns

Areas of concern focused on water penetration issues from the central courtyard and in the gym foyer. As reported by school officials, periodic rain water enters the main hallway around exterior doors periodically during heavy wind/weather events (Pictures 1 through 3). BEH/IAQ staff examined doors in the courtyard and noted that weather-stripping was dry/brittle and damaged (Pictures 4 and 5). Although, this source of leaks should be addressed, there were no porous building materials that can harbor mold growth (e.g., carpet, drywall) in the affected area. The areas impacted consist of floor tile, metal and masonry (Picture 2).

According to school officials the foyer/entrance to the gym area has been a point of chronic leakage (Picture 6), however over the summer/fall of 2017, many areas along the exterior were repointed/weather-proofed. At the time of assessment, gypsum wallboard and damaged ceiling tiles had since been repaired/replaced. The assessment occurred after a steady rain (reportedly heavy at times). All building materials were dry and no evidence of water damage/further leaks were observed in the gym/foyer area (Pictures 7 and 8).

In order for building materials to support mold growth, a source of water exposure is necessary. The US Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) and the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) recommends that porous materials (e.g., wallboard, carpeting) be dried with fans and heating within 24 to 48 hours of becoming wet (US EPA, 2008; ACGIH, 1989). If porous materials are not dried within this time frame, mold growth may occur.

# CONCLUSIONS and RECOMMENDATIONS

In view of the findings at the time of the visit, the following recommendations are made:

1. Make repairs to exterior doors in courtyard, replace weather-stripping as needed. Monitor for continued leaks and make further repairs as needed.
2. Continue to monitor gym/foyer areas for leaks to ensure repairs are adequate, make further repairs if necessary.
3. For more information about mold consult the US EPA’s “Mold Remediation in Schools and Commercial Buildings” published by the US Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA, 2008) (<http://www.epa.gov/mold/mold_remediation.html>).
4. Refer to resource manual and other related IAQ documents located on the MDPH’s website for further building-wide evaluations and advice on maintaining public buildings. These documents are available at: <http://mass.gov/dph/iaq>.

# REFERENCES

ACGIH. 1989. Guidelines for the Assessment of Bioaerosols in the Indoor Environment. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Cincinnati, OH.

MDPH. 2015. Massachusetts Department of Public Health. Indoor Air Quality Manual: Chapters I-III. Available at: <http://www.mass.gov/eohhs/gov/departments/dph/programs/environmental-health/exposure-topics/iaq/iaq-manual/>.

US EPA. 2008. Mold Remediation in Schools and Commercial Buildings. US Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Air and Radiation, Indoor Environments Division, Washington, D.C. EPA 402-K-01-001. <http://www.epa.gov/mold/mold-remediation-schools-and-commercial-buildings-guide>.

**Picture 1**

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**Hull High School, arrow indicates wind-driven rain from Northerly direction impacting courtyard doors shown in Picture 2**

**Picture 2**

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**Interior view of courtyard access doors**

**Picture 3**

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**Exterior view of courtyard access doors**

**Picture 4**

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**Loose/damaged weather-stripping on exterior courtyard access doors**

**Picture 5**

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**Loose/damaged weather-stripping on exterior courtyard access doors**

**Picture 6**



**Bracket indicates approximate area of gym foyer where water penetration has occurred**

**Picture 7**

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**Gym foyer area of previous leaks, no further signs of water damage on building materials**

**Picture 8**



**Gym area directly inside area of leaks, no evidence of water damage on building materials**