

Initial Fall Reopening Guidance

A planning resource to ensure a safe return to school for the 2020-21 school year June 25, 2020

DESE is grateful for the continued engagement of multiple stakeholders from the education and medical communities whose perspectives have shaped our guidance



Health experts and medical community

- COVID-19 Command Center Medical Advisory Board
- Dr. Sandra Nelson, MD, Infectious Disease, Massachusetts General Hospital
- Dr. Lloyd Fisher, incoming President, Massachusetts Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics

Return-to-School Working Group

45-member group consisting of students, parents, teachers, superintendents and school administrators, leaders from educational non-profit organizations, and municipal officials

Collaboration with key stakeholders

Superintendents, administrators, parents, experts in public health and teaching and learning, teachers' unions

1 Goals for fall return to school

2 | Health & safety requirements

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DESE is asking districts to prioritize the safe return of students to in-person school settings to maximize learning and address students' holistic needs

Initial Fall Memo

DESE's initial fall memo is intended to help districts achieve the goal of safe, in-person student learning and includes the following



Health & Safety Requirements

for in-person learning this fall

Reopening Plans

to address three possible learning models

Upcoming DESE Guidance

to support fall planning

Our philosophy and approach balances COVID-19 related health and safety risks with risks of keeping students out of school



Our goal is the safe return of as many students as possible to in-person school settings, to maximize learning and address our students' holistic needs



Our initial fall guidance is based on an extensive review of current medical literature



Our guidance attempts to balance the health and safety risks of COVID-19 with the health, safety, socioeconomic, and achievement risks of keeping students out of school



It is not one mitigation strategy but a combination of mitigation strategies taken together that will substantially reduce the risk of transmission

Getting students and educators back to school in-person, safely, relies on a combination of strategies, including key health and safety measures



Masks/ face coverings

Primary route of transmission for COVID-19 is respiratory. Masks/ face coverings protect against COVID-19 infection (study estimates 80% effectiveness in reducing transmission¹)



Physical distancing

Physical distancing helps mitigate virus transmission. Aim for six feet between individuals when feasible; a minimum physical distance of three feet is appropriate as informed by evidence when combined with the other measures outlined in the list of safety requirements



Handwashing / hand sanitizing

Handwashing removes pathogens from the hands. While handwashing with soap and water is the best option, alcohol-based hand sanitizer (at least 60 percent ethanol or at least 70 percent isopropanol) may be utilized when handwashing is not available



Staying home when sick

Students and educators should stay home if they are sick or have had close contact with a person diagnosed with COVID-19

^{1.} https://gh.bmj.com/content/bmjgh/5/5/e002794.full.pdf

Review of medical literature suggests that children are less susceptible to and less likely to transmit COVID-19

Schools do not appear to have played a major role in COVID-19 transmission

In a review of COVID clusters, only ~4% (8 of 210) involved school transmission¹

In general, rates of COVID-19 infection are lower for children than for adults

 Based on an analysis of data from six countries, children under 20 are half as susceptible to COVID-19 infection than adults²

If exposed, children may be less likely to become infected with COVID-19

• In China, in households with COVID-19 exposure, children under the age of 18 were infected at a rate of 4% compared with 17% for adults.³

If infected, children may be less likely to infect others with COVID-19

• In Switzerland, a study of household clusters found that only 8% had a child as the index case. In nearly 80% of the cases, the child got COVID-19 from an adult family member. 4

¹ Leclerc, Q. J., Fuller, N. M., Knight, L. E., Funk, S., Knight, G. M., & CMMID COVID-19 Working Group. (2020). What settings have been linked to SARS-CoV-2 transmission clusters? Wellcome Open Research, 5(83), 83. Available at https://wellcomeopenresearch.org/articles/5-83/v2

² Davies, N.G., Klepac, P., Liu, Y. et al. Age-dependent effects in the transmission and control of COVID-19 epidemics. Nat Med (2020). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41591-020-0962-9

³ Wei Li, Bo Zhang, Jianhua Lu, Shihua Liu, Zhigiang Chang, Cao Peng, Xinghua Liu, Peng Zhang, Yan Ling, Kaixiong Tao, Jianving Chen, Characteristics of Household Transmission of COVID-19, Clinical Infectious Diseases, .. ciaa450, https://doi.org/10.1093/cid/cia450

⁴ Posfay Barbe, C., Wagner, N., Gauthey, M., Moussaoui, D., Loevy, N., Diana, A., & L'Huillier, A. (2020). COVID-19 in Children and the Dynamics of Infection in Families. Pediatrics, e20201576. Available at https://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/early/2020/05/22/peds.2020-1576

Each district and school needs to plan for three possibilities on the continuum of reopening

Health & Safety Requirements

Reopening Plans

Upcoming DESE Guidance

Continuum of fall reopening models

Return without restrictions

Students return in-person and restrictions are lifted

1) In-person learning with new safety requirements

Students learn in-person with new safety requirements

Our goal for fall: to get as many students as possible back into schools for in-person learning – safely 2 Hybrid learning

Students learn both inperson and remote

Available in the event districts/schools are unable to bring all students back to school despite best efforts, or in case of COVID-19 related circumstances

Remote learning

Learning takes place remotely

Available for individual students who cannot yet return in-person and for all students in the event of future closures due to COVID-19

Across all three models all districts and schools need a plan for how special populations will receive necessary services and accommodations

Districts and schools will be required to submit their comprehensive fall reopening plans (all three models) to DESE in August

Health & Safety Requirements

Reopening Plans

Upcoming DESE Guidance



AUGUST

Districts and schools will be required to submit their comprehensive fall reopening plans for all three models to DESE

DESE will provide more guidance to districts shortly

To facilitate planning, DESE is working on additional, comprehensive guidance for districts on the following topics

Reopening Plans Health & Safety Requirements **Upcoming DESE Guidance Key policies, including Prerequisites for in-person** academic calendar **Remote learning resources** reopening considerations Comprehensive **Process for handling a COVID-**Special programs and 19 positive case in the school guidance coming in populations community July Athletics, extracurriculars, **Facilities and operations Transportation** and electives