COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST

IP17_Rehabilitation Therapy

The following checklist is intended to be used in the plan review applications for health care facilities submitted to the Massachusetts Department of Public Health. This checklist summarizes and references the applicable requirements from the Licensure Regulations and the 2018 Edition of the FGI Guidelines for Design and Construction of Hospitals. Applicants must verify compliance of the plans submitted to the Department with all referenced requirements from the Licensure Regulations and FGI Guidelines when completing this Checklist. A separate Checklist must be completed for each nursing unit, hospital or clinic department, or clinical suite.

Other jurisdictions, regulations and codes may have additional requirements which are not included in this checklist, such as:

- NFPA 101 Life Safety Code (2012) and applicable related standards contained in the appendices of the Code
- State Building Code (780 CMR)
- Accreditation requirements of The Joint Commission
- CDC Guidelines for Preventing the Transmission of Mycobacterium Tuberculosis in Health Care Facilities
- USP 797 & Regulations of the Massachusetts Board of Registration in Pharmacy
- Occupational Safety & Health Standards (OSHA)
- Accessibility Guidelines of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
- Architectural Access Board Regulations (521 CMR)
- Local Authorities having jurisdiction.

Instructions:

- All requirement lines must be completed according to the following instructions and included in the plan submissions for Self-Certification Process or Abbreviated Review Process.
- 2. This checklist must be completed by the project architect or engineer based on the design actually reflected in the plans at the time of completion of the checklist.
- 3. Each requirement line (____) of this Checklist must be completed exclusively with one of the following marks, unless otherwise directed in the checklist. If a functional space is not affected by a renovation project, the mark "E" may be indicated on the requirement line (____) before the name of the functional space (associated requirements on indented lines below that name, or associated MEP requirements do not have to be completed in this case). If more than one functional space serves a given required function (e.g. patient room or exam room), that clarification should be provided in the Project Narrative, and the requirement lines are understood to only address the functional spaces that are involved in the project.
- **X** = Requirement is met, for new space, for renovated space, or for existing direct support space for an expanded service.
- E = Requirement relative to an existing suite or area that has been licensed for its designated function, is not affected by the construction project and does not pertain to a required direct support space for the specific service affected by the project. "E" must not be used for an existing required support space associated with a new patient care room or area.
- EX = Check box under section titles or individual requirements lines for optional services or functions that are not included in the project area.
- W = Waiver requested for specific section of the Regulations or FGI Guidelines, where hardship in meeting requirement can be demonstrated (a Physical Plant Waiver Form must be completed for each waiver request). An explicit floor plan or plan detail must be attached to each waiver request.
- 4. All room functions marked with "X" must be shown on the plans with the same name labels as in this checklist.
- 5. Mechanical, electrical & plumbing requirements are only partially mentioned in this checklist. The relevant section of the FGI Guidelines must be used for project compliance with all MEP requirements and for waiver references.
- 6. Oxygen, vacuum, medical air, waste anesthesia gas disposal and instrument air outlets (if required) are identified respectively by the abbreviations "OX", "VAC", "MA", "WAGD" & "IA".
- 7. Requirements referenced with "FI" result from formal interpretations from the FGI Interpretations Task Group.
- 8. The location requirements including asterisks (*) refer to the definitions of the Glossary in the beginning section of the FGI Guidelines and reproduced in this checklist.

DON Project Number: (if applicable)
Building/Floor Location:
Submission Dates:
Initial Date:
Revision Date:
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	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements
2.2-3.8 2.6-3.1.1	REHABILITATION THERAPY	
2.6-3.1.2	PHYSICAL THERAPY AREAS ☐ check if not included in project	
2.6-3.1.2.1 2.6-3.1.2.2 (1) (a)	Individual therapy areas Space Requirements: space based on equipment used for therapeutic treatment & space allows access to equipment when in use by patient & therapist each patient care station permits arrangement with min. clearance	Ventilation: Min. 6 air changes per hour Table 7.1 Negative pressure
(0)	2'-8" on at least three sides of therapy furniture (e.g. chairs, recliners, tables, beds or mats)	
(2) (a)	Patient Privacy: each individual patient care station	
(b)	has privacy screens or curtains	
(b)	windows in therapy areas have features, curtains or shades to provide patient privacy	
(3)	handwashing stations	
2.1-2.8.7.1	located in each room where hands-on patient care is provided	
2.1-2.8.7.3	handwashing station serves multiple patient care stations check if not included in project	
(1)	at least 1 handwashing station for every 4 patient care stations or fewer & for each major fraction thereof	
(2)	handwashing stations evenly distributed	
2.6-3.1.2.3	Exercise area & facilities Iayout of exercise area include staff work area arranged so that staff can view all activities taking place in exercise area	Ventilation: Min. 6 air changes per hour Table 7.1 Negative pressure
2.6-3.1.2.8 (1)	SUPPORT AREAS FOR PHYSICAL THERAPY Soiled material storage separate storage for soiled linen,	
(2) (a) (b)	towels & supplies Equipment & supply storage Clean linen & towel storage Storage for equipment & supplies	

	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements	
2.6-3.1.3	OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY AREAS ☐ check if not included in project		
2.6-3.1.3.2	Classroom/dining room		
(1)	each classroom/dining room have 30 sf per person plus additional 30 sf for instructor & instructional resources	Ventilation: Min. 6 air changes per hour Table 7	7 .1
(2)	min. 150 sf		
2.6-3.1.3.3	Work areas & counters suitable for wheelchair access	Ventilation: Min. 6 air changes per hour Table 7	' .1
2.6-3.1.3.4	Teaching area for teaching activities of daily living be provided		
2.6-3.1.3.5	 Handwashing stations handwashing stations are provided in each room where therapy or teaching is conducted 		
2.6-3.1.3.8	SUPPORT AREAS FOR OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY		
	Equipment & supply storage		
2.6-3.1.4	OTHER REHABILITATION THERAPY AREAS		
2.6-3.1.4.1	Prosthetic & orthotic work areas		
2.0 0	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project		
(1)	space for evaluation & fitting		
()	provision for privacy		
	provision for privacy		
	Hand Sanitation & Eye Safety:		
(2)(a)	staff are required to work with wet		
	materials or handle caustic materials or chemicals		
(4)	handwashing station is provided		
(2)(b)	eyewash station is provided		
()()	or		
	staff are <u>not</u> required to work with wet materials or handle caustic materials or		
	chemicals		
	handwashing station or hand		
	sanitation dispenser is provided		
(3)	Clinical sink		
()	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project		
	(only if no running water is needed for		
	materials preparation)		
2.6-3.1.4.2	Speech & hearing service facilities		
	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project		
(1)	space for evaluation & treatment		
(2)	handwashing stations		
2.1-2.8.7.1	located in each room where		
	hands-on patient care is provided		

	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements	
2.1-2.8.7.3	handwashing station serves multiple patient care stationscheck if not included in project		
(1)	at least 1 handwashing station for every 4 patient care stations or fewer & for each major fraction thereof		
(2)	handwashing stations evenly distributed		
(3)	therapy areas speech privacy minimize external sound from high- traffic public & similar noisy areas	Ventilation: Min. 6 air changes per hour	Table 7.1
2.6-3.1.4.3	Hydrotherapy facilities (portable)check if not included in project		
2.1-8.4.3.9(1)	dedicated drain handwashing sinks are not used as drains for hydrotherapy units	Ventilation: Min. 6 air changes per hour Negative pressure	Table 7.1
2.6-3.1.8	SUPPORT AREAS FOR REHABILITATION THERAPY DEPARTMENT		
2.6-3.1.8.1 2.6-3.1.8.2	(may be shared with other departments) Reception & control station visual control of waiting areas(s)		
2.6-3.1.8.3	Documentation area		
2.6-3.1.8.5	Multipurpose room access to demonstration/conference room		
2.6-3.1.8.11	Clean supply room (provided for storage & holding as part of system for distribution of clean & sterile materials)	Ventilation: Min. 4 air changes per hour Positive pressure No recirculating room units	Table 7.1
2.6-3.1.8.12 2.1-2.8.12.3	Soiled holding room (temporary holding of soiled material)	Ventilation: Min. 10 air changes per hour	Table 7.1
(1)	handwashing station or hand sanitation station	Exhaust Negative pressure	
(2)	space for separate covered containers for waste & soiled linen	No recirculating room units	
2.6-3.1.8.13(2)	Secured storage provided for potentially harmful supplies & equipment		
2.6-3.1.8.13(3) (a)	Wheelchair lift & gurney storage		
(a) (b)	<pre> located out of traffic immediately accessible*</pre>		

	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements	
2.6-3.1.8.14	Environmental services room	Ventilation: Min. 10 air changes per hour	Table 7.1
2.1-2.8.14.1	readily accessible* to unit or floor it serves (permitted to serve more than one patient care unit on floor)	Exhaust Negative pressure No recirculating room units	
2.1-2.8.14.2 (1) (2)	service sink or floor-mounted mop sink provisions for storage of supplies &		
(-)	housekeeping equipment		
(3)	handwashing station		
	or hand sanitation station		
2.6-3.1.9	SUPPORT AREAS FOR STAFF	M. etc.et	
2.6-3.1.9.2	Staff toilet room provided in Rehabilitation Therapy Department	Ventilation: Min. 10 air changes per hour Exhaust Negative pressure No recirculating room units	Table 7.1
2.6-3.1.9.3	 Storage for staff belongings lockable storage for securing staff personal effects readily accessible* to each work area 		
2.6-3.1.10	SUPPORT AREAS FOR PATIENTS		
2.6-3.1.10.1	Patient waiting area		
	located out of traffic provisions for patient using wheelchairs		
2.6-3.1.10.2	Patient toilet room toilet & handwashing stations accessible to wheelchair patients	Ventilation: Min. 10 air changes per hour Exhaust Negative pressure No recirculating room units	Table 7.1
*LOCATION T	ERMINOLOGY:		
Directly access	sible: Connected to the identified area or room throu	igh a doorway, pass-through, or othei	opening

<u>Directly accessible</u>: Connected to the identified area or room through a doorway, pass-through, or other opening without going through an intervening room or public space

Adjacent: Located next to but not necessarily connected to the identified area or room

Immediately accessible: Available either in or adjacent to the identified area or room

Readily accessible: Available on the same floor or in the same clinic as the identified area or room

Architectural Details & MEP Requirements

2.1-7.2.2	ARCHITECTURAL DETAILS	(4)	Lever hardware or push/pull latch
	CORRIDOR WIDTH:		hardware
2.1-7.2.2.1	Aisles, corridors & ramps required for	(5)	Daniel Car Dallant Tallat Facilities
NFPA 101,	exit access in a hospital not less than	(5)	Doors for Patient Toilet Facilities:
18.2.3.4	8'-0" in clear & unobstructed width	(a)	two separate doors
.0.2.0	or		or
	Detailed code review incorporated in		door that swings outward
	Project Narrative		or
	-		door equipped with emergency
	Aisles, corridors & ramps in adjunct		rescue hardware (permits quick
	areas not intended for the housing,		access from outside the room to
	treatment, or use of inpatients not less		prevent blockage of the door)
	than 44" in clear & unobstructed width		or
	or		sliding door other than pocket
	Detailed code review incorporated in		door
	Project Narrative	(6)	
2.1-7.2.2.2	CEILING HEIGHT:	(b)	toilet room opens onto public
2. 1-7.2.2.2 (1)	Min ceiling height 7'-6"in corridors & in		area or corridor
(1)	normally unoccupied spaces		\Box check if <u>not</u> included in project
(3)	Min. height 7'-6" above floor of		visual privacy is maintained
(0)	suspended tracks, rails & pipes		
	located in traffic path for patients in	2.1-7.2.2.7	GLAZING MATERIALS:
	beds & on stretchers		Glazing within 1 foot 6 inches of floor
	Min. ceiling height 7'-10" in other areas		□ check if <u>not</u> included in project
			must be safety glass, wire glass
2.1-7.2.2.3	DOORS & DOOR HARDWARE:		or plastic break-resistant material
(1)	Door Type:		LIANDIA/A OLUNIO OTATIONIO
(a)	doors between corridors, rooms,	2.1-7.2.2.8	HANDWASHING STATIONS:
	or spaces subject to occupancy	(1)(c)	Handwashing stations in patient
(b)	swing type or sliding doors sliding doors		care areas located so they are
(b)		(0)	visible & unobstructed
	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project manual or automatic	(3)	
	sliding doors comply with	(a)	Handwashing station countertops
	NFPA 101		made of porcelain, stainless steel,
	detailed code review		solid-surface materials or impervious
	included in Project Narrative	(b)	plastic laminate assembly
	no floor tracks	(b)	Countertops substrate
(2)	Door Opening:		\square check if <u>not</u> included in project
(a)	min. 45.5" clear door width for		marine-grade plywood (or
	diagnostic/treatment areas		equivalent material) with
	min. 83.5" clear door height for	(4)	impervious seal
4. \	diagnostic/treatment areas	(4)	Handwashing station casework
(b)	swinging doors for personnel		☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project
	use in addition to sliding doors		designed to prevent storage beneath sink
	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project	(5)	Provisions for drying hands
	min. clear width 34.5"	(5)	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project
(3)	Door Swing:		(only at hand scrub facilities)
(3) (a)	S .	(a)	hand-drying device does not
(Δ)	doors do not swing into corridors except doors to non-occupiable	(4)	require hands to contact dispenser
	spaces & doors with emergency	(b)	hand-drying device is enclosed to
	breakaway hardware	(-/	protect against dust or soil & to
	bioditaway fidiawaie		ensure single-unit dispensing
		(6)	Liquid or foam soap dispensers

2.1-7.2.2.9 (1)	GRAB BARS: Grab bars anchored to sustain concentrated load 250 pounds	2.1-7.2.4 2.1-7.2.4.3	FURNISHINGS Privacy curtains in patient care areas are washable
(3)	Ends of grab bars constructed to prevent snagging clothes of patients staff & visitors	2.1-8.2	HEATING VENTILATION & AIR-CONDITIONING (HVAC) SYSTEMS
2.1-7.2.2.10 (1) (3) (4) (5) (6) 2.1-7.2.2.12 (2)	HANDRAILS: Handrails installed on both sides of patient use corridors Rail ends return to wall or floor Handrail gripping surfaces & fasteners are with 1/8-inch min. radius Handrails have eased edges & corners Handrail finishes are cleanable NOISE CONTROL: Noise reduction criteria in Table 1.2-6	Part 3/6.1 Part 3/6.1.2 Part 3/6.1.2.1	UTILITIES: Heating & Cooling Sources: heat sources & essential accessories provided in number & arrangement sufficient to accommodate facility needs (reserve capacity) even when any one of heat sources or essential accessories is not operating due to breakdown or routine maintenance
2.1-7.2.3	applicable to partitions, floors & ceiling construction are met in patient areas SURFACES	Part 3/6.1.2.2	Central cooling systems greater than 400 tons (1407 kW) peak cooling load
2.1-7.2.3.1 (1)	FLOORING & WALL BASES: Flooring surfaces cleanable & wear-resistant for location		 check if <u>not</u> included in project number & arrangement of cooling sources & essential accessories is sufficient to
(4) (5)	Smooth transitions provided between different flooring materials Flooring surfaces including those on stairways are stable, firm & slip-resistant Floors & wall bases of soiled		support facility operation plan upon breakdown or routine maintenance of any one of cooling sources
	workrooms, toilet rooms & other areas subject to frequent wet cleaning are constructed of materials that are not physically affected by germicidal or other types of cleaning solutions	Part 3/6.2 Part 3/6.2.1	AIR-HANDLING UNIT (AHU) DESIGN: AHU casing is designed to prevent water intrusion, resist corrosion & permit access for inspection & maintenance
2.1-7.2.3.2	WALLS & WALL PROTECTION:	Part 3/6.3	OUTDOOR AIR INTAKES & EXHAUST
(1)(a) (1)(b)	Wall finishes are washableWall finishes near plumbing fixturesare smooth, scrubbable &water-resistant	Part 3/6.3.1 Part 3/6.3.1.1	Outdoor Air Intakes: located min. of 25'-0" from cooling towers & all exhaust &
(2)	Wall surfaces in areas routinely subjected to wet spray or splatter are monolithic or have sealed seams that are tight & smooth		vent discharges outdoor air intakes located such that bottom of air intake is at least 6'-0" above grade
(5)	Wall protection devices & corner guards durable & scrubbable		air intakes located away from public access
2.1-7.2.3.3 (1)	CEILÍNGS: Ceilings provided in all areas except mechanical, electrical & communications equipment rooms	Part 3/6.3.1.3	 intakes on top of buildings check if <u>not</u> included in project located with bottom of air
(a)	Ceilings cleanable with routine housekeeping equipment		intake min. of 3'-0" above roof level
(b)	Acoustic & lay-in ceilings where used do not create ledges or crevices		

Part 3/6.3.1.4	intake in areaway □ check if not included in project bottom of areaway air intake opening is at least 6'-0" above grade bottom of air intake opening from areaway into building is at least 3'-0" above bottom of areaway	Part 3/6.8.3	Energy recovery systems with leakage potential □ check if not included in project arranged to minimize potential to transfer exhaust air directly back into supply airstream designed to have no more than 5% of total supply airstream consisting of exhaust air
Part 3/6.4	FILTRATION: Two filter banks for inpatient care		not used from these exhaust airstream sources: soiled holding rooms
	(see Table 6.4) Filter Bank No. 1: MERV 7 Filter Bank No. 2: MERV 14 Each filter bank with efficiency of greater than MERV 12 is provided with differential pressure measuring device to indicate when filter needs	Part 3/7 Part 3/7.1.a Part 3/7.1.a.1 Part 3/7.1.a.3	SPACE VENTILATION Spaces ventilated according to Table 7.1 Air movement is from clean to less- clean areas Min. number of total air changes
Part 3/6.4.1	to be changed Filter Bank No. 1 is placed upstream of heating & cooling coils		required for positive pressure rooms is provided by total supply airflow Min. number of total air changes
Part 3/6.4.2	Filter Bank No. 2 is placed downstream of all wet-air cooling	Part 3/7.1.a.4	required for negative pressure rooms is provided by total exhaust airflow
Part 3/6.7 Part 3/6.7.1	coils & supply fan AIR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS: Maintain pressure relationships required in tables 7.1 in all modes of HVAC system operation	rait 3/1.1.a.4	Entire minimum outdoor air changes per hour required by Table 7.1 for each space meet filtration requirements of Section 6.4
	Spaces that have required pressure relationships are served by fully ducted return systems or fully ducted exhaust systems Inpatient facilities are served by fully ducted return or exhaust systems	Part 3/7.1a.5	 Air recirculation through room unit □ check if not included in project □ complies with Table 7.1 □ room unit receive filtered & conditioned outdoor air □ serve only a single space □ provides min. MERV 6 filter
Part 3/6.7.2	Air Distribution Devices: supply air outlets comply with Table 6.7.2		located upstream of any cold surface so that all of air passing over cold surface is filtered
Part 3/6.7.3	Smoke Barriers: HVAC zones coordinated with compartmentation to minimize	2.1-8.3	ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
	ductwork penetrations of fire & smoke barriers.	2.1-8.3.2	ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION & TRANSMISSION
Part 3/6.8	ENERGY RECOVERY SYSTEMS: ☐ check if not included in project	2.1-8.3.2.2 (1)	Panelboards: panelboards serving life safety
Part 3/6.8.1	Located upstream of Filter Bank No. 2	,	branch circuits serve floors on which they are located & floors immediately above & below
		(2)	panelboard critical branch circuits serve floors on which they are located
		(3)	panelboards not located in exit enclosures or exit passageways

2.1-8.3.3	POWER-GENERATING & -STORING	2.1-8.4.2.6	Drainage Systems:
040004	EQUIPMENT	(1)(a)	drainage piping installed above
2.1-8.3.3.1	Essential electrical system or		ceiling of or exposed in
(4)	emergency electrical power		electronic data processing
(1)	essential electrical system		areas & electric closets
(2)	complies with NFPA 99 emergency electrical power		\Box check if <u>not</u> included in project
(2)	complies with NFPA 99		special provisions to protect
	complies with Nr 1 A 99		space below from leakage
2.1-8.3.5	ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT		& condensation
2.1-8.3.5.1	Handwashing sinks that depends	(1)(b)	drip pan for drainage piping
	on building electrical service for		above ceiling of sensitive area
	operation are connected to		☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project
	essential electrical system		accessible
	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project		overflow drain with outlet
2.1-8.3.5.2	Electronic health record system		located in normally
	servers & centralized storage provided		occupied area
	with uninterruptible power supply		·
		2.1-8.4.3	PLUMBING FIXTURES
2.1-8.3.6	ELECTRICAL RECEPTACLES	2.1-8.4.3.1(1)	Materials used for plumbing fixtures
2.1-8.3.6.1	Receptacles In Corridors:		are non-absorptive & acid-resistant
(1)	duplex-grounded receptacles		
	for general use installed 50'-0"	2.1-8.4.3.2	Handwashing Station Sinks:
	apart or less in all corridors duplex-grounded receptacles	(1)	sinks in handwashing stations
	for general use installed within		are designed with basins that
	25'-0" of corridor ends		will reduce risk of splashing to areas where direct patient care
2.1-8.3.6.3	Essential Electrical System Receptacles:		is provided
(1)	cover plates for electrical	(2)	sink basins have nominal size of
(-)	receptacles supplied from	(2)	no less than 144 square inches
	essential electrical system are		sink basins have min. dimension
	distinctively colored or marked		9 inches in width or length
	for identification	(3)	sink basins are made of
(2)	same color is used throughout		porcelain, stainless steel or
	facility		solid-surface materials
		(5)	water discharge point of
2.1-8.4	PLUMBING SYSTEMS		faucets is at least 10" above
2.1-8.4.2	Plumbing & Other Piping Systems:	(-)	bottom of basin
2.1-8.4.2.1(3)	no plumbing piping exposed	(7)	anchored so that allowable
	overhead or on walls where possible accumulation of dust or		stresses are not exceeded
	soil may create cleaning problem		where vertical or horizontal
2.1-8.4.2.5	Heated Potable Water Distribution	(9)	force of 250 lbs. is applied
2.1 0.4.2.0	Systems:	(8)	sinks used by staff, patients, &
(2)	heated potable water		public have fittings that can be
()	distribution systems serving		operated without using hands (may be single-lever or wrist
	patient care areas are under		blade devices)
	constant recirculation	(a)	blade handles
	non-recirculated fixture branch	(α)	
	piping length max. 25'-0"		□ check if <u>not</u> included in project
(3)(a)	no installation of dead-end		at least 4 inches in length
(0) ()	piping (except for empty risers		provide clearance
(3)(c)	mains & branches for future use)	4.5	required for operation
(3)(b)	any existing dead-end piping is	(b)	sensor-regulated water fixtures
	removed		\square check if <u>not</u> included in project
(4)(2)	check if <u>not</u> included in project		meet user need for
(4)(a)	water-heating system supplies		temperature & length of
	water at temperatures & amounts indicated in Table 2.1-4		time water flows
	aniouna nulateu in Table 4.1-4	1	

2.1-8.4.3.4	designed to function at all times and during loss of normal power Ice-Making Equipment: copper tubing provided for	2.1-8.5.1.5	Emergency call stations are equipped with continuous audible or visual confirmation to person who initiated the code call
2.1-8.4.3.5	supply connections to ice-making equipment Clinical Flushing-Rim Sinks:	2.1-8.6.2	ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS
(1)	 check if <u>not</u> included in project trimmed with valves that can are operated without hands 	2.1-8.6.2.2	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project monitoring devices are located so they are not readily observable by
(a) (b)	(may be single-lever or wrist blade devices) handles are at least 6 in. long	2.1-8.6.2.3	general public or patients electronic surveillance systems receive power from essential
(2)	integral trap wherein upper portion of water trap provides visible seal		electrical system
2.1-8.4.3.9	Hydrotherapy Facilities: ☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project dedicated drain		
(2)	handwashing sinks not used as drains for hydrotherapy units		
2.1-8.4.4	MEDICAL GAS & VACUUM SYSTEMS Station outlets provided as indicated in Table 2.1-3		
2.1-8.5.1 2.1-8.5.1.1	CALL SYSTEMS		
(1)	Nurse call stations provided as required in Table 2.1-2		
(2)	Nurse call systems report to attended location with electronically supervised visual & audible annunciation as indicated in Table 2.1-2		
(4)	Call system complies with UL 1069 "Standard for Hospital Signaling & Nurse Call Equipment"		
(5)	 Wireless nurse call system □ check if not included in project _ complies with UL 1069 		
2.1-8.5.1.2(4)	Nurse call system provided in each patient care area as required in Table 2.1-2		
2.1-8.5.1.3	Bath Stations: bath station that can be activated by patient lying on floor		
(1)	provided at each patient toilet alarm in these areas can be turned off only at bath station where it was initiated		
(3)	toilet bath stations located on the side of toilets within 12" of front of toilet bowl & 3'-0" to		

4'-0" above floor