

COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST**IP18 Radiation Therapy**

The following checklist is intended to be used in the plan review applications for health care facilities submitted to the Massachusetts Department of Public Health. This checklist summarizes and references the applicable requirements from the Licensure Regulations and the 2022 Edition of the FGI Guidelines for Design and Construction of Hospitals. Applicants must verify compliance of the plans submitted to the Department with all referenced requirements from the Licensure Regulations and FGI Guidelines when completing this Checklist. A separate Checklist must be completed for each nursing unit, hospital or clinic department, or clinical suite.

Other jurisdictions, regulations and codes may have additional requirements which are not included in this checklist, such as:

- NFPA 101 Life Safety Code (2012) and applicable related standards contained in the appendices of the Code
- State Building Code (780 CMR)
- Accreditation requirements of The Joint Commission
- CDC Guidelines for Preventing the Transmission of Mycobacterium Tuberculosis in Health Care Facilities
- USP 797 & Regulations of the Massachusetts Board of Registration in Pharmacy
- Occupational Safety & Health Standards (OSHA)
- Accessibility Guidelines of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
- Architectural Access Board Regulations (521 CMR)
- Local Authorities having jurisdiction.

Instructions:

1. All requirement lines must be completed according to the following instructions and included in the plan submissions for Self-Certification Process or Abbreviated Review Process.
2. This checklist must be completed by the project architect or engineer based on the design actually reflected in the plans at the time of completion of the checklist.
3. Each requirement line (____) of this Checklist must be completed exclusively with one of the following marks, unless otherwise directed in the checklist. If a functional space is not affected by a renovation project, the mark "E" may be indicated on the requirement line (____) before the name of the functional space (associated requirements on indented lines below that name, or associated MEP requirements do not have to be completed in this case). If more than one functional space serves a given required function (e.g. patient room or exam room), that clarification should be provided in the Project Narrative, and the requirement lines are understood to only address the functional spaces that are involved in the project.

X = Requirement is met, for new space, for renovated space, or for existing direct support space for an expanded service.

= Check box under section titles or individual requirements lines for optional services or functions that are not included in the project area.

E = Requirement relative to an existing suite or area that has been *licensed* for its designated function, is *not affected* by the construction project and *does not pertain to a required direct support space* for the specific service affected by the project. "E" must not be used for an existing required support space associated with a new patient care room or area.

W = Waiver requested for specific section of the Regulations or FGI Guidelines, where hardship in meeting requirement can be demonstrated (a Physical Plant Waiver Form must be completed for each waiver request). An explicit floor plan or plan detail must be attached to each waiver request.

4. All room functions marked with "X" must be shown on the plans with the same name labels as in this checklist.
5. Mechanical, electrical & plumbing requirements are only partially mentioned in this checklist. The relevant section of the FGI Guidelines must be used for project compliance with all MEP requirements and for waiver references.
6. Oxygen, vacuum, medical air, waste anesthesia gas disposal and instrument air outlets (if required) are identified respectively by the abbreviations "OX", "VAC", "MA", "WAGD" & "IA".
7. Requirements referenced with "FI" result from formal interpretations from the FGI Interpretations Task Group.
8. The location requirements including asterisks (*) refer to the definitions of the Glossary in the beginning section of the FGI Guidelines and reproduced in this checklist.

Facility Name:

DoN Project Number: (if applicable)

Facility Address:

Satellite Name: (if applicable)

Building/Floor Location:

Satellite Address: (if applicable)

Submission Dates:

Project Description:

Initial Date:

Revision Date:

Architectural Requirements

Building Systems Requirements

- 2.2-3.6 **RADIATION THERAPY**
- 2.2-3.6.2 **EXTERNAL BEAM RADIATION THERAPY SUITE**
- A2.2-3.6.a check if not included in project
(Radiation treatment modalities that use high-energy, non-radioactive beams)
- 2.2-3.6.2.1 Exam room
 - exam room provided for each external beam radiation therapy room
- 2.2-3.6.8.15(1) min. clear floor area 100 sf
- 2.1-2.1.2 Patient privacy:
 - provisions are made to address patient visual & speech privacy
- 2.1-3.2.2.1 Space Requirements:
 - (1) min. clear dimension 10'-0"
 - (2)(a) room size permits room arrangement with min. clearance 3'-0" at each side & at foot of exam table, recliner or chair
 - room arrangement (layout #1) shown in the plans
 - (2)(b) exam table, recliner or chair is placed at angle closer to one wall than another or against wall to accommodate type of patient being served
 - check if not included in project
 - room arrangement (layout #2) shown in the plans
- 2.1-3.2.2.2
 - (2) storage for supplies
 - (3) accommodations for written or electronic documentation
 - (4) space for visitor's chair
 - (5) handwashing station
- 2.2-3.6.2.2 Radiation therapy room
 - (1) Space Requirements:
 - (a) room sized to accommodate following:
 - equipment
 - access to equipment for patient on gurney
 - medical staff access to equipment & patient
 - service access to equipment
 - (b) radiation therapy room sized in compliance with manufacturer's technical specifications
 - manufacturer's technical specifications have been submitted to DPH Plan Review

Ventilation:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Min. 6 air changes per hour	Table 7-1
Lighting:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Portable or fixed exam light	2.1-8.3.4.3(3)
Power:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Min. 8 receptacles in total	Table 2.1-1
<input type="checkbox"/> Min. 4 receptacles convenient to head of gurney or bed	
Nurse Call System:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Emergency call station	Table 2.1-2
Medical Gases:	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 OX, 1 VAC	Table 2.1-3

Architectural Requirements

Building Systems Requirements

- ___ room sized for min. clearance 4'-0" on three sides of treatment table to facilitate bed transfer & provide access to patient
- ___ door swing does not encroach on equipment or on patient circulation or transfer space

2.2-3.6.2.3 **Support Area for External Beam Radiation Therapy Suite:**

- (1)(a) ___ Mold room
- ___ handwashing station
- (b) ___ block room (may be combined with mold room)
- ___ storage

- Ventilation:
 ___ Exhaust hood

2.2-3.6.2.3(1)(a)

2.2-3.6.3 **RADIOSURGERY SUITE**

- check if not included in project
- (Rotating, robotic, or gantry-based external beam therapy systems of higher power & accuracy than conventional external beam therapy systems, e.g. Gamma Knife or Cyber Knife systems)

2.2-3.6.3.1

- (1) ___ Radiosurgery suite readily accessible* to imaging services suite to facilitate image acquisition prior to radiosurgery treatment
- (2) ___ Exam room
- (a) ___ examination room provided for each radiosurgery room
- (b) ___ min. clear floor area 100 sf
- ___ handwashing station
- or**
- (c) ___ private pre- & post-procedure patient care station provided for each radiosurgery room

2.1-2.1.2

- Patient privacy:
 ___ provisions are made to address patient visual & speech privacy

2.1-3.2.2.1

- (1) ___ min. clear dimension 10'-0"
- (2)(a) ___ room size permits room arrangement with min. clearance 3'-0" at each side & at foot of exam table, recliner or chair
- ___ room arrangement (layout #1) shown in the plans
- (2)(b) ___ exam table, recliner or chair is placed at angle closer to one wall than another or against wall to accommodate type of patient being served
- check if not included in project
- ___ room arrangement (layout #2) shown in the plans

Ventilation:

- ___ Min. 6 air changes per hour Table 7-1

Lighting:

- ___ Portable or fixed exam light 2.1-8.3.4.3(3)

Power:

- ___ Min. 8 receptacles in total Table 2.1-1

- ___ Min. 4 receptacles convenient to head of gurney or bed

Nurse Call System:

- ___ Emergency call station Table 2.1-2

Medical Gases:

- ___ 1 OX, 1 VAC Table 2.1-3

2.1-3.2.2.2

- (2) ___ storage for supplies

Architectural Requirements

Building Systems Requirements

- (3) accommodations for written or electronic documentation
- (4) space for visitor's chair
- (5) handwashing station

2.2-3.6.3.2 Radiosurgery rooms (i.e. gamma knife/cyber knife rooms)

- (1) Space Requirements:
 - (a) sized to accommodate patient access on gurney, medical staff access to equipment & patient & service access
 - radiosurgery rooms sized & configured to meet manufacturer's technical specifications
 - manufacturer's technical specifications have been submitted to DPH Plan Review

- (b) min. clearance 4'-0" provided on all sides of treatment table for maintenance access & clearance around table sufficient to facilitate patient transfer
- door swing does not encroach on equipment or on patient circulation or transfer space

(2) handwashing station

2.2-3.6.3.3 Pre- & post-procedure/recovery accommodations

check if not included in project

2.1-3.4.1.1 patient care stations accommodate lounge gurneys for pre- & post-procedure (recovery) patient care

patient care stations accommodate seating space for family/visitors

2.2-3.6.3.6(2) storage for patient belongings

2.1-3.4.1.4 Number of Patient Care Stations:

- (1) pre- & post-procedure patient care stations are combined into one patient care area
- at least two patient care stations for each procedure room

2.1-3.4.2.2 Space Requirements:

- (2)(a) patient care bays
 - check if not included in project
 - min. clearance 5'-0" between sides of patient gurneys
 - min. clearance 3'-0" between sides of patient gurneys & adjacent* walls or partitions

Ventilation:
 Min. 6 air changes per hour Table 7-1
 Nurse Call System:
 Emergency call station Table 2.1-2

Ventilation:
 Min. 6 air changes per hour Table 7-1
 No recirculating room units
 Power:
 Min. 8 receptacles in total Table 2.1-1
 convenient to head of gurney

Architectural Requirements

Building Systems Requirements

- ___ min. clearance 2'-0" between foot of patient gurneys & cubicle curtain
- (2)(b) ___ patient care cubicles
 - check if not included in project
 - ___ min. clearance 3'-0" between sides of patient gurneys & adjacent* walls or partitions
 - ___ min. clearance 2'-0" between foot of patient gurneys & cubicle curtain

Nurse Call System:	
___ Staff assistance station	Table 2.1-2
___ Emergency call station	
Medical Gases:	
___ 1 OX, 3 VAC, 1 MA per station	Table 2.1-3

- (2)(c) ___ single-patient rooms
 - check if not included in project
 - ___ min. clearance 3'-0" between sides & foot of gurneys & adjacent* walls or partitions

Ventilation:	
___ Min. 6 air changes per hour	Table 7-1
___ No recirculating room units	
Power:	
___ Min. 8 receptacles in total	Table 2.1-1
___ convenient to head of gurney or bed	
Nurse Call System:	
___ Staff assistance station	Table 2.1-2
___ Emergency call station	
Medical Gases:	
___ 1 OX, 3 VAC, 1 MA per station	Table 2.1-3

Ventilation:	
___ Min. 6 air changes per hour	Table 7-1
___ No recirculating room units	
Power:	
___ Min. 8 receptacles in total	Table 2.1-1
___ convenient to head of gurney or bed	
Nurse Call System:	
___ Staff assistance station	Table 2.1-2
___ Emergency call station	
Medical Gases:	
___ 1 OX, 3 VAC, 1 MA per station	Table 2.1-3

- 2.1-3.4.2.4 Patient Privacy:
- 2.1-2.1.2 ___ provisions are made to address patient visual & speech privacy

- 2.1-3.4.2.5 ___ Handwashing stations
- 2.1-2.8.7.1 ___ located in each room where hands-on patient care is provided
- 2.1-2.8.7.3 ___ handwashing station serves multiple patient care stations
 - check if not included in project
 - (1) ___ at least 1 handwashing station for every 4 patient care stations or fewer & for each major fraction thereof
 - (2) ___ handwashing stations evenly distributed

- 2.2-3.6.3.4 **SUPPORT AREAS FOR RADIOSURGERY ROOMS**
 - check if not included in project (only if radiation therapy modalities do not include radiosurgery)
 - (1) ___ Space for sterilization of head-frames
 - (2) ___ Target planning area

Architectural Requirements

Building Systems Requirements

- (3) Medication safety zone
- 2.1-2.8.8.1(2) Design Promoting Safe Medication Use:
 - (a) located out of circulation paths
 - (b) work space designed so that staff can access information & perform required tasks
 - (c) work counters provide space to perform required tasks
 - (e) sharps containers placed at height that allows users to see top of container
 - (f) max. 45 dBA noise level caused by building systems

- 2.1-2.8.8.2(1) medication preparation room
 - (a) under visual control of nursing staff
 - (b) work counter
 - handwashing station
 - lockable refrigerator
 - locked storage for controlled drugs
 - sharps containers
 - check if not included in project
 - (c) self-contained medication-dispensing unit
 - check if not included in project
 - room designed with space to prepare medications

or

- 2.1-2.8.8.2(2) automated medication-dispensing unit
 - (a) located at nurse station, in clean workroom or in alcove
 - (c) handwashing station located next to stationary medication-dispensing units or stations

- 2.2-3.6.3.4(4) Nourishment area or room
 - 2.1-2.8.9 handwashing station
 - 2.1-2.8.9.2(1) work counter
 - 2.1-2.8.9.2(2) refrigerator
 - 2.1-2.8.9.2(3) storage cabinets
 - 2.1-2.8.9.2(5) Storage for head-frames (may be located at each pre- & post-procedure patient care station)

- (6) Toilet room for patients
- Toilet room for staff
- (7) Area for sedation of pediatric patients

- Lighting:
 - Task-specific lighting level min. 100 foot-candles 2.1-2.8.8.1(2)(d)

- Ventilation:
 - Min. 4 air changes per hour Table 7-1
- Lighting:
 - Task lighting 2.1-2.8.8.1(2)(d)

- Lighting:
 - Task lighting 2.1-2.8.8.1(2)(d)

- Ventilation:
 - Min. 2 air changes per hour Table 7-1

- Ventilation:
 - Min. 10 air changes per hour Table 7-1
 - Exhaust
 - Negative pressure
 - No recirculating room units
- Ventilation:
 - Min. 10 air changes per hour Table 7-1
 - Exhaust
 - Negative pressure
 - No recirculating room units

Architectural Requirements

Building Systems Requirements

- 2.2-3.6.3.5(1) Frame pin sterilization
- 2.1-5.1.2.3 One-room sterile processing facility
 - check if not included in project
(only if access to central sterile processing facility is provided or if sterile processing is provided off-site)
 - (1) consists of decontamination area & clean work area
 - (b) two entrances
 - or**
 - single entrance
 - located approximately equidistant from clean & decontamination sides of room
 - allows for one-way traffic flow
 - (2) decontamination area
 - (a) countertop
 - two-basin sink for washing instruments
 - handwashing station
 - separate from instrument-washing sink
 - storage for supplies
 - instrument air outlet for drying instruments
 - or**
 - portable compressed air for drying instruments
 - (b) instrument-washing sink separated from clean work area by 4'-0" foot distance from edge of sink
 - or**
 - instrument-washing sink separated from clean work area by wall
 - or**
 - instrument-washing sink separated from clean work area by screen
 - screen extends min. 4'-0" above sink rim
 - (3) clean work area
 - (a) countertop
 - (b) sterilizer
 - (c) storage for supplies
 - (d) instrument air outlet for drying instruments
 - or**
 - portable compressed air for drying instruments

- Ventilation:
- Min. 6 air changes per hour Table 7-1
 - Exhaust
 - Negative pressure
 - No recirculating room units

- Ventilation:
- Min. 4 air changes per hour Table 7-1
 - Positive pressure
 - No recirculating room units

Architectural Requirements

Building Systems Requirements

- 2.1-5.1.2.4
(1) equipment & supply storage
 instrument & supply storage provided for sterile & clean instruments & supplies
- (a) separate room
or
 portion of clean workroom
- (b) space for case cart storage
 check if not included in project (only if case carts are not used in facility)

- Ventilation:
- Min. 4 air changes per hour Table 7-1
 - Positive pressure

- (2) clean/sterile medical/surgical supply receiving room

- Ventilation:
- Min. 4 air changes per hour Table 7-1
 - Positive pressure

- 2.1-5.1.2.5 Support Areas for Staff:
- (1)(a) separate changing areas provided for male & female staff (unisex changing area with one or more private changing rooms is permitted)
- (1)(b) staff changing areas meet requirements of unrestricted area (may be shared with other departments or services)
- (1)(c)
- (2)(a) lockers
- (2)(b) toilet room
- (2)(c) handwashing station
- (2)(d) space for donning surgical attire
- (2)(e) provision for separate storage of clean & soiled work attire

- Ventilation:
- Min. 10 air changes per hour Table 7-1
 - Exhaust
 - Negative pressure
 - No recirculating room units

- 2.2-3.6.4 **PROTON THERAPY SUITE**
- 2.2-3.6.4.1(1) Rooms & spaces accommodate equipment manufacturer's technical specifications
 equipment manufacturer's technical specifications have been submitted to DPH Plan Review

- 2.2-3.6.4.1(3) Exam rooms
- (a) two examination rooms provided for each proton therapy room
- (b) min. clear floor area 100 sf

- 2.1-2.1.2 Patient privacy:
 provisions are made to address patient visual & speech privacy

- 2.1-3.2.2.1 Space Requirements:
- (1) min. clear dimension 10'-0"
- (2)(a) room size permits room arrangement with min. clearance 3'-0" at each side & at foot of exam table, recliner or chair
 room arrangement (layout #1) shown in the plans

- Ventilation:
- Min. 6 air changes per hour Table 7-1
- Lighting:
- Portable or fixed exam light 2.1-8.3.4.3(3)
- Power:
- Min. 8 receptacles in total Table 2.1-1

Architectural Requirements

Building Systems Requirements

- (2)(b) exam table, recliner or chair is placed at angle closer to one wall than another or against wall to accommodate type of patient being served
 - check if not included in project
 - room arrangement (layout #2) shown in the plans

<input type="checkbox"/> Min. 4 receptacles convenient to head of gurney or bed	
Nurse Call System:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Emergency call station	Table 2.1-2
Medical Gases:	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 OX, 1 VAC	Table 2.1-3

2.1-3.2.2.2

- (2) storage for supplies
- (3) accommodations for written or electronic documentation
- (4) space for visitor's chair
- (5) handwashing station

- (1)(a) Proton therapy room
 - proton therapy equipment
 - accommodates patient access on gurney
 - accommodates medical staff access to equipment
 - accommodates service access
- (b) room sized to provide min. clearance 4'-0" on three sides of treatment table to facilitate bed transfer & provide access to patient
 - door swing does not encroach on equipment or on patient circulation or transfer space

Ventilation:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Min. 6 air changes per hour	Table 7-1
Nurse Call System:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Emergency call station	Table 2.1-2
Medical Gases:	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 OX, 1 VAC	Table 2.1-3

- (2) cyclotron vault
- (3) hand sanitation station located immediately inside or outside entrance to proton therapy room

2.2-3.6.4.3

- Patient holding gurney bays
 - min. two gurney hold bays provided for each proton therapy treatment room
- (1) located adjacent* to treatment rooms & screened for privacy
- (2) Separate waiting areas for patients
 - separation & privacy of outpatient & inpatient populations

2.2-3.6.4.6

- Support Areas for Proton Accelerators:
 - (1) general supply storage in treatment room for patient care supplies
 - (2) storage for patient positioning devices
 - (3) storage for patient-specific treatment devices (e.g. apertures & compensators)
 - (4) post-treatment storage room for patient-specific treatment devices (e.g. apertures & range compensators)
 - (a) separate shielded room (may be located away from proton therapy suite)
 - (b) located away from proton therapy suite)

Architectural Requirements**Building Systems Requirements**

- 2.2-3.6.10.3 ___ Patient changing area
 ___ two gowning cubicles provided for each proton therapy room
 (1) ___ secure storage for valuables & clothing
 (2) ___ at least one space large enough for staff-assisted dressing

2.2-3.6.7 **SPECIAL DESIGN ELEMENTS FOR RADIATION THERAPY SUITE**

- 2.2-3.6.7.1 Architectural Details:
 (1) ___ floor structure meets min. load requirements for equipment, patients & personnel
 (2) ___ ceiling-mounted equipment have properly designed rigid support structures located above finished ceiling
 (3) ___ direct-shielded door to radiation vault
 □ check if not included in project
 ___ both motor-driven automatic opening system & manual emergency opening system are provided
 (4) ___ height & width of doorways, elevators & mazes allow delivery of equipment & replacement sources into treatment rooms
- (5) Radiation Protection Requirements:
 (a) ___ radiation protection provided in linear accelerator rooms, radiosurgery treatment rooms & proton therapy rooms
 (b) ___ both photons & neutrons are taken into account in shielding for electron accelerators of higher energy
 (c) ___ layouts designed to prevent escape of radioactive particles
 (d) ___ openings into room including doors ductwork vents & electrical raceways & conduits are baffled to prevent direct exposure to other areas of facility
 (e) ___ physicist & vendor input have been obtained in design process
 ___ certified physicist representing owner specify type location & amount of protection to be installed in accordance with final approved department layout & equipment selection
 ___ shielding plans have been submitted to the DPH Radiation Control Program

Architectural Requirements

Building Systems Requirements

2.2-3.6.8 **SUPPORT AREAS FOR RADIATION THERAPY**

2.2-3.6.8.1 (may be shared between different services in radiation therapy suite or other areas)

2.2-3.6.8.4 ___ Business office and/or reception/control area

2.2-3.6.8.13(1) ___ Gurney storage area
 ___ immediately accessible* to radiation therapy treatment rooms

2.2-3.6.8.14 ___ Environmental services room
 2.1-2.8.14.1 ___ readily accessible* to unit or floor it serves (permitted to serve more than one patient care unit on floor)

2.1-2.8.14.2(1) ___ service sink or floor-mounted mop sink

2.1-2.8.14.2(2) ___ provisions for storage of supplies & housekeeping equipment

2.1-2.8.14.2(3) ___ handwashing station

or

___ hand sanitation station

2.2-3.6.8.16 **OPTIONAL SUPPORT AREAS FOR RADIATION THERAPY**

check if not included in project

(1)(a) ___ Oncologist's office (may be combined with consultation room)

(1)(b) ___ Physicist's office (may be combined with treatment planning & record room)

(2) ___ Consultation room

check if not included in project (only if private prep/holding rooms are provided)

(3) ___ Quality control area w/ image viewing station

2.2-3.6.10 **SUPPORT AREAS FOR PATIENTS**

2.2-3.6.10.1 ___ Patient waiting areas

(1) ___ waiting area for gowned patients provided adjacent* to changing area

(2) ___ provisions made for patient privacy in waiting area

2.2-3.6.10.2 ___ Patient toilet rooms

___ reserved for radiation therapy patients

___ directly accessible* to waiting areas & procedure rooms

Ventilation:

___ Min. 10 air changes per hour Table 7-1

___ Exhaust

___ Negative pressure

___ No recirculating room units

Ventilation:

___ Min. 10 air changes per hour Table 7-1

___ Exhaust

___ Negative pressure

___ No recirculating room units

***LOCATION TERMINOLOGY:**

Directly accessible: Connected to the identified area or room through a doorway, pass-through, or other opening without going through an intervening room or public space

Adjacent: Located next to but not necessarily connected to the identified area or room

Immediately accessible: Available either in or adjacent to the identified area or room

Readily accessible: Available on the same floor or in the same clinic as the identified area or room

Architectural Details & MEP Requirements

- 2.1-7.2.2 **ARCHITECTURAL DETAILS**
- 2.1-7.2.2.1
NFPA 101,
18.2.3.3
- CORRIDOR WIDTH:**
- Aisles, corridors & ramps required for exit access in a hospital not less than 8'-0" in clear & unobstructed width
 - or**
 - Detailed code review incorporated in Project Narrative
 - Aisles, corridors & ramps in adjunct areas not intended for the treatment or use of inpatients not less than 44" in clear & unobstructed width
- 2.1-7.2.2.2
- CEILING HEIGHT:**
- (1) Min. ceiling height 7'-6" in corridors & in normally unoccupied spaces
 - (3) Min height 7'-6" above floor of suspended tracks rails & pipes located in traffic path for patients in beds & on stretchers
 - Min ceiling height 7'-10" in other areas
- 2.1-7.2.2.3
- DOORS & DOOR HARDWARE:**
- Door Type:
- (1)
 - (a) doors between corridors, rooms, or spaces subject to occupancy swing type or sliding doors
 - (b) sliding doors
 - check if not included in project
 - manual or automatic sliding doors comply with NFPA 101
 - detailed code review incorporated in Project Narrative
 - no floor tracks
 - (2)
 - (a) **Door Opening:**
 - min. 45.5" clear door width for diagnostic/treatment areas
 - min. 83.5" clear door height for diagnostic/treatment areas
 - (b) swinging doors for personnel use in addition to sliding doors
 - check if not included in project
 - min. clear width 34.5"
 - (3)
 - (a) **Door Swing:**
 - doors do not swing into corridors except doors to non-occupiable spaces (e.g. environmental services rooms & electrical closets) & doors with emergency breakaway hardware

- (4) Lever hardware or push/pull latch hardware
 - (5)
 - (a) **Doors for Patient Toilet Facilities:**
 - two separate doors
 - or**
 - door that swings outward
 - or**
 - door equipped with emergency rescue hardware (permits quick access from outside the room to prevent blockage of the door)
 - or**
 - sliding door other than pocket door
 - (b) toilet room opens onto public area or corridor
 - check if not included in project
 - visual privacy is maintained
- 2.1-7.2.2.7
- GLAZING MATERIALS:**
- Glazing within 1 foot 6 inches of floor
 - check if not included in project
 - must be safety glass, wire glass or plastic break-resistant material
- 2.1-7.2.2.8
- HANDWASHING STATIONS:**
- (1)(c) Handwashing stations in patient care areas located so they are visible & unobstructed
 - (3)(a) Handwashing station countertops made of porcelain, stainless steel, solid-surface materials or impervious plastic laminate assembly
 - (3)(b) Countertops substrate
 - check if not included in project
 - marine-grade plywood (or equivalent material) with impervious seal
 - (4) Handwashing station casework
 - check if not included in project
 - designed to prevent storage beneath sink
 - (5) Provisions for drying hands
 - check if not included in project (only in the case of hand scrub facilities)
 - (a) hand-drying device does not require hands to contact dispenser
 - (b) hand-drying device is enclosed to protect against dust or soil & to ensure single-unit dispensing
 - (6) liquid or foam soap dispensers

- (7) No mirror at hand scrub stations or at handwashing stations in clean & sterile supply areas
- 2.1-7.2.2.9 GRAB BARS:
 - (1) Grab bars anchored to sustain concentrated load 250 pounds
 - (3) Ends of grab bars constructed to prevent snagging clothes of patients staff & visitors
- 2.1-7.2.2.10 HANDRAILS:
 - (1) Handrails installed on both sides of patient use corridors
 - (3) Rail ends return to wall or floor
 - (4) Handrail gripping surfaces & fasteners are smooth (free of sharp or abrasive elements) with 1/8-inch min. radius
 - (5) Handrails have eased edges & corners
 - (6) Handrail finishes are cleanable
- 2.1-7.2.2.11 RADIATION PROTECTION:
 - check if no radiation emitting equipment is included in project
 - Protection for X-ray & Gamma-ray installations are shown in the plans
 - Documentation for radiation protection has been submitted separately to the DPH Radiation Control Program
- 2.1-7.2.2.12 NOISE CONTROL:
 - (1) Recreation rooms, exercise rooms equipment rooms & similar spaces where impact noises may be generated are not located directly over operating suites
or
 Special provisions are made to minimize impact noise
 - (2) Noise reduction criteria in Table 1.2-6 applicable to partitions, floors & ceiling construction are met in patient areas
- 2.1-7.2.3 SURFACES
- 2.1-7.2.3.1 FLOORING & WALL BASES:
 - (1) Flooring surfaces cleanable & wear-resistant for location
 - (3) Smooth transitions provided between different flooring materials
 - (4) Flooring surfaces including those on stairways are stable, firm & slip-resistant
 - (5) Floors & wall bases of soiled workrooms, toilet rooms & other areas subject to frequent wet cleaning are

- (7)(a) constructed of materials that are not physically affected by germicidal or other types of cleaning solutions
Floors are monolithic & integral coved wall bases are at least 6" high & tightly sealed to wall in rooms listed below:
 soiled workroom & soiled holding room
- 2.1-7.2.3.2 WALLS & WALL PROTECTION:
 - (1)(a) Wall finishes are washable
 - (1)(b) Wall finishes near plumbing fixtures are smooth, scrubbable & water-resistant
 - (2) Wall surfaces in areas routinely subjected to wet spray or splatter (e.g. environmental services rooms) are monolithic or have sealed seams that are tight & smooth
 - (5) Wall protection devices & corner guards durable & scrubbable
- 2.1-7.2.3.3 CEILINGS:
 - (1) Ceilings provided in all areas except mechanical, electrical & communications equipment rooms
 - (a) Ceilings cleanable with routine housekeeping equipment
 - (b) Acoustic & lay-in ceilings where used do not create ledges or crevices
- 2.1-7.2.4 FURNISHINGS:
 - 2.1-7.2.4.1 built-in furnishings upholstered with impervious materials in patient treatment areas with risks of exposure & contamination from bodily fluids & other fluids
 - 2.1-7.2.4.3 Privacy curtains in patient care areas are washable
- 2.1-8.2 HEATING VENTILATION & AIR-CONDITIONING (HVAC) SYSTEMS
- Part 3/6.1 UTILITIES:
 - Part 3/6.1.1 Ventilation Upon Loss of Electrical Power:
 - space ventilation & pressure relationship requirements of Table 7-1 are maintained for All Rooms PE Rooms Operating Rooms in event of loss of normal electrical power

Part 3/6.1.2 Heating & Cooling Sources:
 Part 3/6.1.2.1 heat sources & essential accessories provided in number & arrangement sufficient to accommodate facility needs (reserve capacity) even when any one of heat sources or essential accessories is not operating due to breakdown or routine maintenance
 capacity of remaining source or sources is sufficient to provide heating for operating rooms & recovery rooms

Part 3/6.1.2.2 Central cooling systems greater than 400 tons (1407 kW) peak cooling load
 check if not included in project
 number & arrangement of cooling sources & essential accessories is sufficient to support owner's facility operation plan upon breakdown or routine maintenance of any one of cooling sources.

Part 3/6.2 AIR-HANDLING UNIT (AHU) DESIGN:
 Part 3/6.2.1 AHU casing is designed to prevent water intrusion resist corrosion & permit access for inspection & maintenance

Part 3/6.3 OUTDOOR AIR INTAKES:
 Part 3/6.3.1.1 located such that shortest distance from intake to any specific potential outdoor contaminant source be equal to or greater than separation distance listed in Table 6-1
 located min of 25'-0" from cooling towers & all exhaust & vent discharges
 air intakes located away from public access
 all intakes are designed to prevent entrainment of wind-driven rain
 contain features for draining away precipitation
 equipped with birdscreen of mesh no smaller than 0.5 in

Part 3/6.3.1.4 intake in areaway
 check if not included in project
 bottom of areaway air intake opening is at least 6'-0" above grade
 bottom of air intake opening from areaway into building is at least 3'-0" above bottom of areaway

Part 3/6.4 FILTRATION:
 a. Particulate matter filters, minimum MERV-8 provided upstream of first heat exchanger surface of any air-conditioning system that combines return air from multiple rooms or introduces outdoor air.
 b. Outdoor air filtered in accordance with Table 7-1
 c. Air supplied from equipment serving multiple or different spaces is filtered in accordance with Table 7-1
 d. Air recirculated within room is filtered in accordance with Table 7-1, or Section 7.1(a)(5)
 e. Design includes all necessary provisions to prevent moisture accumulating on filters located downstream of cooling coils & humidifiers
 h. For spaces that do not permit air recirculated by means of room units & have minimum filter efficiency of MERV-14, MERV-16 or HEPA in accordance with Table 7-1, the min. filter requirement listed in Table 7-1, is installed downstream of all wet-air cooling coils & supply fan

Part 3/6.5 HEATING & COOLING SYSTEMS:
 Part 3/6.5.3 Radiant heating systems
 check if not included in project
 ceiling or wall panels with exposed cleanable surfaces or radiant floor heating are provided in All room, PE room, operating room or procedure room

Part 3/6.7 AIR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS:
 Part 3/6.7.1 Maintain pressure relationships required in tables 7.1 in all modes of HVAC system operation
 Spaces that have required pressure relationships are served by fully ducted return systems or fully ducted exhaust systems
 Inpatient facilities & recovery rooms are served by fully ducted return or exhaust systems

- Part 3/6.7.2 Air Distribution Devices:
 - supply air outlets comply with Table 6-2

- Part 3/6.7.3 Smoke Barriers:
 - HVAC zones coordinated with compartmentation to minimize ductwork penetrations of fire & smoke barriers.

- Part 3/6.8 ENERGY RECOVERY SYSTEMS:
 - check if not included in project
- Part 3/6.8.1 Located upstream of filters required by Part 3/6.8.4

- Part 3/7 SPACE VENTILATION—HOSPITAL SPACES:
- Part 3/7.1.a Spaces ventilated according to Table 7-1
- Part 3/7.1.a.1 Air movement is from clean to less-clean areas

- Part 3/7.1.a.3 Min number of total air changes required for positive pressure rooms is provided by total supply airflow
- Min number of total air changes required for negative pressure rooms is provided by total exhaust airflow
- Part 3/7.1.a.4 Entire min. outdoor air changes per hour required by Table 7-1 for each space meet filtration requirements of Section 6.4

- Part 3/7.1.a.5 Air recirculation through room unit
 - check if not included in project
 - complies with Table 7-1
 - room unit receive filtered & conditioned outdoor air
 - serve only single space
 - provides min MERV 8 filter located upstream of any cold surface so that all of air passing over cold surface is filtered

- 2.1-8.3 **ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS**
- 2.1-8.3.2 **ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION & TRANSMISSION**
- 2.1-8.3.2.2 Panelboards:
 - (1) panelboards serving life safety branch circuits serve floors on which they are located & floors immediately above & below
 - (2) panelboard critical branch circuits serve floors on which they are located
 - (3) panelboards not located in exit enclosures or exit passageways

- 2.1-8.3.3 **POWER-GENERATING & -STORING EQUIPMENT**
- 2.1-8.3.3.1 Essential electrical system or emergency electrical power
 - (1) essential electrical system complies with NFPA 99
 - (2) emergency electrical power complies with NFPA 99

- 2.1-8.3.4 **LIGHTING**
- 2.1-8.3.4.1(1) Luminaires in patient areas have smooth, cleanable, impact-resistant lenses concealing light source
- 2.1-8.3.4.1(2) Luminaires designed to dissipate heat such that touchable surfaces will not burn occupants or ignite materials.

- (7) Uplight fixtures installed in patient care areas are covered

- 2.1-8.3.5 **ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT**
- 2.1-8.3.5.1 Handwashing sinks & scrub sinks that depends on building electrical service for operation are connected to essential electrical system
- 2.1-8.3.5.2 Electronic health record system servers & centralized storage provided with uninterruptible power supply

- 2.1-8.3.6 **ELECTRICAL RECEPTACLES**
- 2.1-8.3.6.1 Receptacles In Corridors:
 - (1) duplex-grounded receptacles for general use installed 50'-0" apart or less in all corridors
 - duplex-grounded receptacles for general use installed within 25'-0" of corridor ends

- 2.1-8.3.6.3 Essential Electrical System Receptacles:
 - (1) cover plates for electrical receptacles supplied from essential electrical system are distinctively colored or marked for identification
 - (2) same color is used throughout facility

- 2.1-8.4 **PLUMBING SYSTEMS**
- 2.1-8.4.2 Plumbing & Other Piping Systems:
 - 2.1-8.4.2.1(3) no plumbing piping exposed overhead or on walls where possible accumulation of dust or soil may create cleaning problem

- 2.1-8.4.2.5 Heated Potable Water Distribution Systems:
- (2) heated potable water distribution systems serving patient care areas are under constant recirculation
 - non-recirculated fixture branch piping does not exceed 25'-0" in length
 - (3)(a) no installation of dead-end piping (except for empty risers mains & branches for future use)
 - (3)(c) any existing dead-end piping is removed
 - (3)(b) check if not included in project
 - (4)(a) water-heating system supplies water at temperatures & amounts indicated in Table 2.1-4
- 2.1-8.4.2.6 Drainage Systems:
- (1)(a) drainage piping installed above ceiling of or exposed in rooms listed below piping have special provisions (e.g double wall containment piping or oversized drip pans) to protect space below from leakage & condensation
 - operating rooms
 - delivery rooms
 - procedure rooms
 - trauma rooms
 - nurseries
 - central kitchens
 - one-room sterile processing facilities
 - clean workroom of two-room sterile processing facilities
 - pharmacies
 - Class 2 & 3 imaging rooms
 - electronic mainframe rooms (EFs & TERs)
 - main switchgear
 - electrical rooms
 - electronic data processing areas
 - electric closets
 - (1)(b) drip pan for drainage piping above ceiling of sensitive area
 - check if not included in project
 - accessible
 - overflow drain with outlet located in normally occupied area that is not open to restricted area

- 2.1-8.4.3 **PLUMBING FIXTURES**
- 2.1-8.4.3.1(1) Materials used for plumbing fixtures are non-absorptive & acid-resistant
- 2.1-8.4.3.2 Handwashing Station Sinks:
- (1) designed with basins & faucets that reduce risk of splashing to areas where direct patient care is provided, medications are prepared or food is prepared
 - (2) sink basins have nominal size of no less than 144 square inches
 - sink basins have min dimension 9 inches in width or length
 - (3) sink basins are made of porcelain stainless steel or solid-surface materials
 - (5) water discharge point of faucets is at least 10" above bottom of basin
 - (7) anchored so that allowable stresses are not exceeded where vertical or horizontal force of 250 lbs is applied
 - (8) sinks used by medical & nursing staff patients & public have fittings that can be operated without using hands (may be single-lever or wrist blade devices)
 - (a) blade handles
 - check if not included in project
 - at least 4 inches in length
 - provide clearance required for operation
 - (b) sensor-regulated water fixtures
 - check if not included in project
 - meet user need for temperature & length of time water flows
 - designed to function at all times & during loss of normal power
- 2.1-8.4.3.4 Ice-Making Equipment:
- copper tubing provided for supply connections to ice-making equipment
- 2.1-8.4.3.5 Clinical Flushing-Rim Sinks:
- check if not included in project
 - (1) trimmed with valves that can be operated without hands (may be single-lever or wrist blade devices)
 - (a) handles are at least 6 in long
 - (b) integral trap wherein upper portion of water trap provides visible seal
 - (2)

2.1-8.4.4 **MEDICAL GAS & VACUUM SYSTEMS**

___ Station outlets provided as indicated in Table 2.1-3

2.1-8.5.1 **CALL SYSTEMS**

- 2.1-8.5.1.1(1) ___ Nurse call stations provided as required in Table 2.1-2
- 2.1-8.5.1.1(2) ___ Nurse call systems report to attended location with electronically supervised visual & audible annunciation as indicated in Table 2.1-2
- 2.1-8.5.1.1(4) ___ Call system complies with UL 1069 "Standard for Hospital Signaling & Nurse Call Equipment"
- 2.1-8.5.1.1(5) ___ Wireless nurse call system
 check if not included in project
 ___ complies with UL 1069

2.1-8.5.1.2(4) ___ Nurse call system provided in each patient care area as required in Table 2.1-2

- 2.1-8.5.1.3 Bath Stations:
- ___ bath station that can be activated by patient lying on floor
 - (1) ___ alarm in these areas can be turned off only at bath station where it was initiated
 - (3) ___ toilet bath stations located on the side of toilets within 12" of front of toilet bowl & 3'-0" to 4'-0" above floor

2.1-8.5.1.5 ___ Emergency call stations are equipped with continuous audible or visual confirmation to person who initiated the code call

2.1-8.5.3 **EMERGENCY COMMUNICATION SYSTEM**

- ___ Emergency-radio communication system provided in each facility
- 2.1-8.5.3.1 ___ operates independently of building's service & emergency power systems during emergencies
- 2.1-8.5.3.2 ___ frequency capabilities to communicate with state emergency communication networks

2.1-8.6.2 **ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS**

- check if not included in project
- 2.1-8.6.2.1 ___ Display screens in patient areas are mounted in tamper-resistant enclosure that is unobtrusive
- 2.1-8.6.2.2 ___ Display screens are located so they are not readily observable by general public or patients
- 2.1-8.6.2.3 ___ Electronic surveillance systems receive power from essential electrical system