COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST

IP2_Oncology Patient Care Unit

The following checklist is intended to be used in the plan review applications for health care facilities submitted to the Massachusetts Department of Public Health. This checklist summarizes and references the applicable requirements from the Licensure Regulations and the 2022 Edition of the FGI Guidelines for Design and Construction of Hospitals. Applicants must verify compliance of the plans submitted to the Department with all referenced requirements from the Licensure Regulations and FGI Guidelines when completing this Checklist. A separate Checklist must be completed for each nursing unit, hospital or clinic department, or clinical suite.

Other jurisdictions, regulations and codes may have additional requirements which are not included in this checklist, such as:

- NFPA 101 Life Safety Code (2012) and applicable related standards contained in the appendices of the Code
- State Building Code (780 CMR)
- Accreditation requirements of The Joint Commission
- CDC Guidelines for Preventing the Transmission of Mycobacterium Tuberculosis in Health Care Facilities
- USP 797 & Regulations of the Massachusetts Board of Registration in Pharmacy
- Occupational Safety & Health Standards (OSHA)
- Accessibility Guidelines of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
- Architectural Access Board Regulations (521 CMR)
- Local Authorities having jurisdiction.

Instructions:

- 1. All requirement lines must be completed according to the following instructions and included in the plan submissions for Self-Certification Process or Abbreviated Review Process.
- 2. This checklist must be completed by the project architect or engineer based on the design actually reflected in the plans at the time of completion of the checklist.
- 3. Each requirement line (____) of this Checklist must be completed exclusively with one of the following marks, unless otherwise directed in the checklist. If a functional space is not affected by a renovation project, the mark "E" may be indicated on the requirement line (____) before the name of the functional space (associated requirements on indented lines below that name, or associated MEP requirements do not have to be completed in this case). If more than one functional space serves a given required function (e.g. patient room or exam room), that clarification should be provided in the Project Narrative, and the requirement lines are understood to only address the functional spaces that are involved in the project.
- X = Requirement is met, for new space, for renovated space, or for existing direct support space for an expanded service.
- E = Requirement relative to an existing suite or area that has been *licensed* for its designated function, is *not affected* by the construction project and *does not pertain to a required direct support space* for the specific service affected by the project.
 "E" must <u>not</u> be used for an existing required support space associated with a new patient care room or area.
- EX = Check box under section titles or individual requirements lines for optional services or functions that are not included in the project area.
- W = Waiver requested for specific section of the Regulations or FGI Guidelines, where hardship in meeting requirement can be demonstrated (a Physical Plant Waiver Form must be completed for each waiver request). An explicit floor plan or plan detail must be attached to each waiver request.
- 4. All room functions marked with "X" must be shown on the plans with the same name labels as in this checklist.
- 5. Mechanical, electrical & plumbing requirements are only partially mentioned in this checklist. The relevant section of the FGI Guidelines must be used for project compliance with all MEP requirements and for waiver references.
- 6. Oxygen, vacuum, medical air, waste anesthesia gas disposal and instrument air outlets (if required) are identified respectively by the abbreviations "OX", "VAC", "MA", "WAGD" & "IA".
- 7. Requirements referenced with "FI" result from formal interpretations from the FGI Interpretations Task Group.
- 8. The location requirements including asterisks (*) refer to the definitions of the Glossary in the beginning section of the FGI Guidelines and reproduced in this checklist.

Facility Name:	DoN Project Num	ber: (if applicable)
Facility Address:	Patient Care Unit	Bed Complements:
	Current =	Proposed =
Satellite Name: (if applicable)	Building/Floor Location:	
Satellite Address: (if applicable)		
	Submission Dates	S:
Project Description:	Initial Date:	
	Revision Date:	

	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements	
2.2-2.3	ONCOLOGY PATIENT CARE UNIT		
2.1-1.2.3	Shared Services: No combined functions unless specifically allowed in this checklist		
2.2-2.3.2	PATIENT ROOM		
2.2-2.2.2.1 (1) (2)	Capacity: maximum number of beds per room is one bed or renovation work is undertaken present capacity is more than one patient in each room proposed room capacity is no more than present capacity maximum 2 patients in each room		
2.2-2.2.2.2 (1)(a)	Space Requirements: single-patient rooms check if <u>not</u> included in project min. clear floor area 120 sf	Ventilation: Min. 4 air changes per hour Lighting: General lighting	Table 7-1 2.1-8.3.4.3(1)
(2)(a)	 min. clearance 3'-0" between sides of bed & any wall or any other fixed obstruction min. clearance 3'-0" between foot of bed & any wall or any other fixed obstruction 	 Reading light for each patient bed controls accessible to patients in bed Night-light located in each patient room no central control of night-lights outside room 	(a) (b)
(1)(b)	multiple-patient rooms □ check if <u>not</u> included in project	night-light illuminates path from room entrance to bedside	
2.2-2.2.2.2	min. clear floor area 100 sf per bed	night-light illuminates path between bed & toilet room	
(2)(a)	min. clearance 3'-0" between sides of bed & any wall or any other fixed obstruction	No light coves with non-flush surfaces & areas that collect dust	2.2-2.3.7.3(1)
(2)(b)	min. clearance 4'-0" at foot of each bed to permit passage of equipment & beds	Lighting adjustable to meet standards for high visibility during procedures & still provides for sleep & comfort of patient	2.2-2.3.7.3(2)
2.2-2.2.2.3 2.1-7.2.2.5(1)	Windows in Patient Rooms: each patient room provided with natural light by means of window to outside	Power: Min. 12 receptacles in total Min. 2 receptacles at each side of the head of the bed Min. 2 receptacles on all	Table 2.1-1
2.1-7.2.2.5(2)	operable windows in patient rooms □ check if <u>not</u> included in project	Min. 2 receptacles on all other walls (not including any TV receptacle)	

Architectural Requirements

2.1-7.2.2.6 2.1-7.2.2.5(3) (a)	 window operation is limited with either stop limit/restrictor hardware or open guard/screen prevents passage of 4-inch diameter sphere through opening insect screens min. net glazed area be no less than 8% of required min. clear floor area 	 Min. 1 receptacle for each motorized bed Nurse Call System: Patient station Staff assistance station Emergency call station Medical Gases: 1 OX, 1 VAC per bed
(b)	max. 36" windowsill height above finished floor	
2.2-2.2.2.4 2.1-2.1.2	Patient Privacy: provisions are made to address patient visual & speech privacy	
2.1-2.2.5 2.1-2.2.5.1	Handwashing Station in Patient Room: provided in patient room in addition to that in toilet room	
(1)	adjacent* to entrance to patient room for use by health care personnel & others	
(2)	Multiple-Patient Rooms: Check if <u>not</u> included in project handwashing station located outside patients cubicle curtains	
2.1-2.2.6	_ Patient toilet room	
2.1-2.2.6.2 2.1-2.2.6.3	serves no more than one patient room	Ventilation:
(1)	toilet handwashing station	Min. 10 air changes per hour Exhaust
(2) (3)	bedpan washer	 Negative pressure No recirculating room units Nurse Call System: Bath station
2.2-2.2.2.7 2.1-2.2.7.1(1)	Patient Bathing Facilities:	
2.1-2.2.1.1(1)	located in toilet room directly accessible from each patient room	
2.1-2.2.7.1(2)	or located in central bathing facility	
2.1-2.2.7.2	Central Bathing Facilities:	
(1)	 check if <u>not</u> included in project each bathtub or shower in individual room or enclosure that provides privacy for bathing drying & 	Ventilation: Min. 10 air changes per hour Exhaust
(2)	dressing at least one shower or bathtub provided for each patient care unit	Negative pressure No recirculating room units

Table 2.1-2

Table 2.1-3

Table 7-1

Table 2.1-2

Table 7-1

Building Systems Requirements

	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements	
(3)(a)	at least one bathing facility with space for attendant to accommodate patients on gurneys, carts & wheelchairs (may be shared with multiple patient care units located on separate floors)	Nurse Call System: Bath station	Table 2.1-2
(3)(b) (3)(c)	following functions be provided toilet in separate enclosure in or directly accessible to each central bathing facility	Ventilation: Min. 10 air changes per hour Exhaust	Table 7-1
(3)(a)	handwashing sink in or directly accessible to each central bathing facility toilet in or directly accessible to each central bathing facility	 Negative pressure No recirculating room units Nurse Call System: Bath station 	Table 2.1-2
	in separate enclosure or located in private bathing room		
(1)	Mobile Lifts, Shower Gurney Devices & Wheelchair Access: doorways designed to allow		
	entry of portable/mobile mechanical lifts & shower gurney devices		
(2)	thresholds designed to facilitate use & prevent tipping of wheelchairs & other portable wheeled equipment		
(3)	patient shower rooms designed to allow entry of portable/mobile mechanical lifts & shower gurney devices		
(4)	floor drain grates be designed to facilitate use & prevent tipping of wheelchairs & other portable wheeled equipment		
2.2-2.2.2.8 2.1-2.2.8	Patient Storage: separate wardrobe, locker, or closet suitable for garments & for storing personal effects		
2.2-2.2.3 (1)	PATIENT/FAMILY-CENTERED CARE Space provided in patient room to support		
(a)	visitation by family members & others space for movable seating with min. of one seat for family member or visitor &		
(b)	one seat for patient space for at least one chair for long- term sitting		

	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements	
(2)	 Family members or visitors are permitted to sleep in patient room overnight □ check if <u>not</u> included in project space provided for sleeping 		
(3)	accommodation Public communication services be provided in each patient room		
2.2-2.3.2.2	SPECIAL PATIENT CARE ROOMS		
2.2-2.3.2.2(1)	Combination airborne infection isolation/ protective environment (AII/PE) room		
2.2-2.2.4.5(1)	at least one combination AII/PE room		
2.1-2.4.2.2	complies with requirements applicable to patient rooms	Ventilation: Min. 12 air changes per hour	Table 7-1
(1)	capacity one bed	Exhaust	
(2)	personal protective equipment (PPE) storage at entrance to room	Positive pressure No recirculating room units	
(3)	handwashing station	Exhaust register located directly above patient bed on ceiling or on wall near head of bed	Part 3/7.2.1
(4)	patient toilet room	Ventilation:	
	serves only one AII/PE room	Min. 10 air changes per hour	Table 7-1
(5) 2.1-2.2.6.3	bathtub or shower	Exhaust Negative pressure	
(1)	toilet	No recirculating room units	
(2) (3)	handwashing station bedpan washer		
040404			
2.1-2.4.2.4 (1)(a)	Architectural Details & Furnishings: perimeter walls ceiling & floor		
	including penetrations constructed to prevent air exfiltration		
(1)(b)	self-closing devices on all room exit doors		
	or		
	activation of audible alarm when PE room is in use as isolation room		
	<pre> edge seals provided along sides & top of doorframe for any door into PE room</pre>		
(2) (a)	window treatments do not include		
2.1-2.4.2.5	fabric drapes & curtains room pressure visual or audible alarm		

	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements	
2.2-2.2.4.4(5)	Special Design Elements:		
(a)	monolithic ceiling		
. ,	surfaces are cleanable		
(b)	lighting fixtures have lenses &		
	are sealed		
2.1-7.2.3.1	floors are monolithic & integral		
(7)(a)	coved wall bases are at least 6"		
	high & tightly sealed to wall		
2.2-2.2.4.5(3)	Anteroom		
(a)	provides space for persons to don	Ventilation:	
()	personal protective equipment	Min. 10 air changes per hour	Table 7-1
	before entering patient room &	Exhaust	
	doff PPE after leaving patient	No recirculating room units	
	room		
(b)	all doors to anteroom have		
	self-closing devices		
	or		
	audible alarm activated when		
2.1-2.4.2.3	AII/PE room used as isolation room		
(3)(a)	handwashing station		
(3)(b)	storage for unused PPE		
(3)(c)	disposal/holding container for		
(0)(0)	used PPE		
2.2-2.3.2.2(2)	Protective environment (PE) room		
	check if <u>not</u> included in project		
	(only if no hematopoietic cell transplantation		
040400	patients are present in oncology unit)		
2.1-2.4.2.2	complies with requirements applicable	Ventilation: Min. 12 air changes per hour	Table 7-1
(1)	to patient rooms	Positive pressure	
(1)	capacity one bed	No recirculating room units	
(2)	personal protective equipment (PPE) storage at entrance to room		
(3)	handwashing station	Supply air diffusers are	Part 3/7.2.2
(-)		located above patient bed	
		Exhaust grilles or registers	
		located near patient room door	
(4)	nationt tailet room	Ventilation:	
(-)	patient toilet room	Min. 10 air changes per hour	Table 7-1
(5)	serves only one AII room	Exhaust	
	bathtub or shower		
2.1-2.2.6.3 (1)	toilet	Negative pressure No recirculating room units	
(1) (2)			
(3)	handwashing station		
	bedpan washer		
2.1-2.4.2.3	anteroom		
-	□ check if <u>not</u> included in project		
(1)	provides space for persons to don	Ventilation:	
	personal protective equipment	Min. 10 air changes per hour	Table 7-1
	(PPE) before entering patient room	No recirculating room units	
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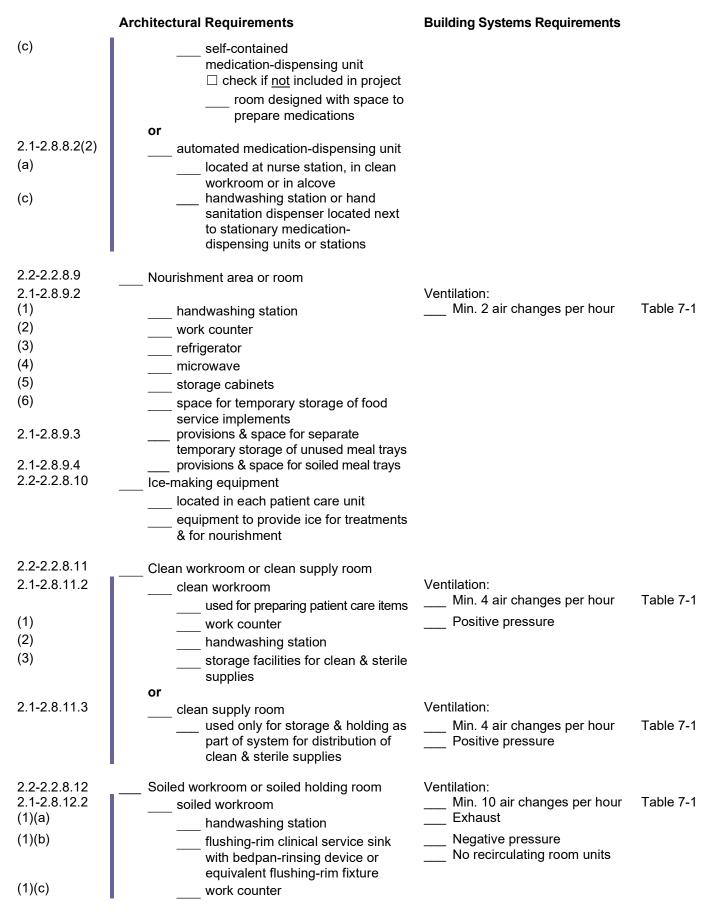
	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements
(2)	all doors to anteroom have self-closing devices or	
	audible alarm activated when PE room is in use as isolation room	
(3)(a) (3)(b) (3)(c)	handwashing station storage for unused PPE disposal/holding container for	
2.1-2.4.2.4 (1)(a)	used PPE Architectural Details & Furnishings: perimeter walls ceiling & floor including penetrations constructed to prevent air exfiltration	
(1)(b)	self-closing devices on all room exit doors or	
	activation of audible alarm when PE room is in use as isolation room	
	edge seals provided along sides & top of doorframe for any door into PE room	
(2) (a)	window treatments do not include fabric drapes & curtains	
2.1-7.2.3.1 (7)(a)	floors are monolithic & integral coved wall bases are at least 6" high & tightly sealed to wall	
2.1-2.4.2.5	room pressure visual or audible alarm	
2.2-2.2.4.4(5) (a)	Special Design Elements: monolithic ceiling surfaces are cleanable	
(b)	lighting fixtures have lenses & are sealed	
2.2-2.3.4	ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR BONE MARROW/STEM CELL TRANSPLANT UNIT	
2.2-2.3.4.1(1)(a)	Patient rooms in allogeneic/autologous bone marrow/stem cell transplant units meet	
2.2-2.3.4.1(2)	Protective Environment Room requirements Bone marrow transplant rooms are located in same building as diagnostic imaging & radiation therapy equipment	
2.2-2.3.2.2(2) 2.1-2.4.2.2	Protective environment (PE) room complies with requirements applicable to patient rooms	Ventilation: Min. 12 air changes per hour Table 7-1
(1) (2)	capacity one bed personal protective equipment (PPE) storage at entrance to room	Positive pressure No recirculating room units

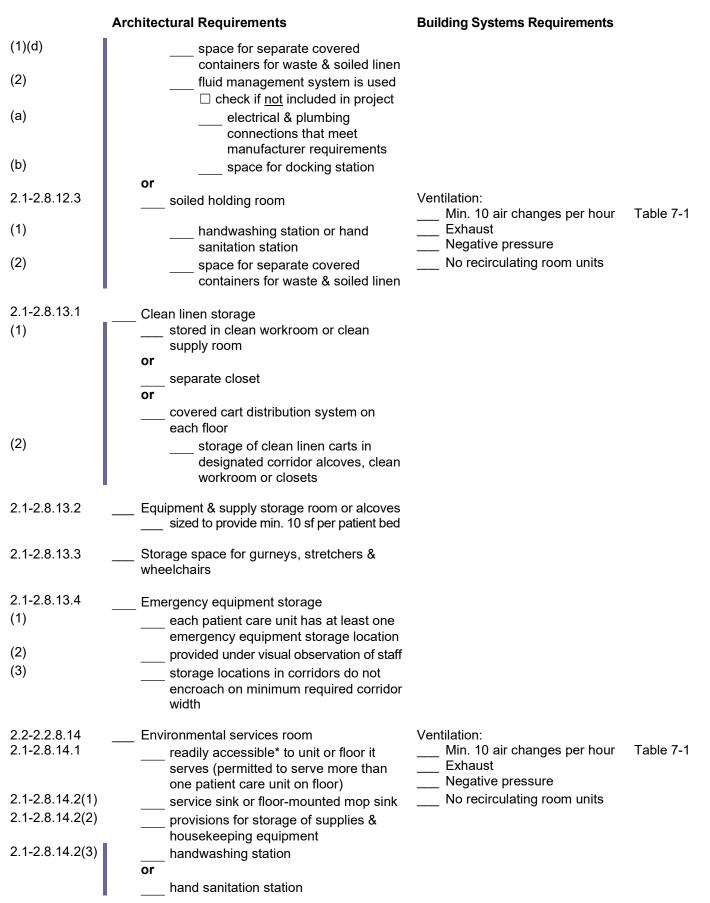
	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements	
(3)	handwashing station	 Supply air diffusers are located above patient bed Exhaust grilles or registers located near patient room door 	Part 3/7.2.2
(4) (5) 2.1-2.2.6.3(1) 2.1-2.2.6.3(2) 2.1-2.2.6.3(3) 2.1-2.4.2.3	patient toilet room serves only one AII room bathtub or shower toilet handwashing station bedpan washer anteroom	Ventilation: Min. 10 air changes per hour Exhaust Negative pressure No recirculating room units	Table 7-1
(1) (2)	 check if <u>not</u> included in project provides space for persons to don personal protective equipment (PPE) before entering patient room all doors to anteroom have self-closing devices or audible alarm activated when PE room is in use as isolation room 	Ventilation: Min. 10 air changes per hour No recirculating room units	Table 7-1
(3)(a) (3)(b) (3)(c)	handwashing station storage for unused PPE disposal/holding container for used PPE		
2.1-2.4.2.4 (1)(a)	Architectural Details & Furnishings: perimeter walls ceiling & floor including penetrations constructed to prevent air exfiltration		
(1)(b)	 self-closing devices on all room exit doors or activation of audible alarm when PE room is in use as isolation room edge seals provided along sides & top of doorframe for any door into 		
(2)(a)	PE room window treatments do not include fabric drapes & curtains		
2.1-2.4.2.5	room pressure visual or audible alarm		
2.2-2.2.4.4(5) (a) (b)	Special Design Elements: monolithic ceiling surfaces are cleanable lighting fixtures have lenses &		
	are sealed		

Architectural Requirements Building Systems Requirements 2.2-2.3.4.3(1)(a) all windows in room have fixed sash & are sealed to eliminate infiltration 2.2-2.3.4.3(1)(b) view panels provided in doors or walls for nursing staff observation 2.2-2.3.4.3(2) means provided to cover windows & view panels when patient requires visual privacy 2.2-2.3.4.2 SUPPORT SPACES FOR BONE MARROW/STEM CELL TRANSPLANT UNIT Nurses' administrative activities (1)(2)Report/conference room activities (3) Doctors' consultation (4) Drug preparation and distribution (5) Emergency equipment storage (6)Readily accessible waiting area for family members 2.2-2.3.7 SPECIAL DESIGN ELEMENTS FOR **ONCOLOGY PATIENT CARE UNITS** 2.2-2.3.7.1 Architectural Details: (1) no decorative water features (2) no fish tanks (3) no decorative plant boxes or containers inside or immediately adjacent* to oncology patient care unit Surfaces & Furnishings: 2.2-2.3.7.2 (1) frequently touched surfaces in patient's environment of care designed to facilitate cleaning & disinfection (2) cabinetry, casework & countertops have flush surfaces that are smooth, nonporous, cleanable, wipeable & durable & that do not scratch easily (3)window treatments & privacy curtains provided in accordance with 2.1-7.2.4.2 (a) no fabric drapes no fabric privacy curtains (b) window treatments & privacy curtains wipeable SUPPORT AREAS FOR ONCOLOGY PATIENT 2.2-2.3.8 CARE UNITS 2.1-2.8.1 Support areas provided on each patient care unit floor (permitted to are arranged & located to serve more than one patient care unit) Administrative center or nurse station Nurse Call System: 2.2-2.2.8.2 Nurse master station 2.1-2.8.2.1(1) space for counters

Table 2.1-2

	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements	
2.1-2.8.2.1(2)	handwashing station next to or directly accessible* or		
	hand sanitation dispenser next to or directly accessible*		
2.1-2.8.2.2	Center for reception & communication		
	self-contained		
	or		
	combined with administrative center or nurse station		
2.2-2.2.8.3	Documentation area		
2.1-2.8.3.1	work surface to support documentation process		
2.2-2.2.8.4	Nurse or supervisor office		
2.2-2.2.8.5	Multipurpose room		
2.1-2.8.5	at least one multipurpose room for		
	each facility for patient conferences,		
	reports, education, training sessions & consultation (may serve several patient		
	care units & departments)		
2.2-2.2.8.7	Handwashing station		
2.1-2.8.7.1	located in each room where hands-on		
	patient care is provided		
2.2-2.2.8.8	Medication safety zones		
2.1-2.8.8.1(2) (a)	Design Promoting Safe Medication Use:		
(u)	<pre> medication safety zones located</pre>		
(b)	work space designed so that staff		
	can access information & perform		
(-)	required tasks		
(c)	work counters provide space to perform required tasks		
(e)	sharps containers placed at height		
()	that allows users to see top of		
(f)	container		
(f)	max. 45 dBA noise level caused by building systems		
2.1-2.8.8.2(1)	medication preparation room		
(a)	under visual control of nursing staff		
(b)	work counter	Lighting:	
	handwashing station	Task lighting	2.1-2.8.8.1(2)(d)
	lockable refrigerator	Ventilation:	
	locked storage for controlled drugs	Min. 4 air changes per hour	Table 7-1
	sharps containers		
	□ check if <u>not</u> included in project		





Architectural Requirements

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2.2-2.2.8.15	Examination room		
(4)	\Box check if <u>not</u> included in project		
(1)	(only if all patient rooms in patient care unit		
	are single-patient rooms)		
$\langle 0 \rangle$	designed for single patient		
(2)	serves only one patient care unit		
	or		
	serves more than one patient care unit on same floor		
	centrally located		
2.1-2.1.2	Patient privacy:		
	provisions are made to address patient		
	visual & speech privacy		
2.1-3.2.2.1	Space Requirements:	Ventilation:	
(1)	min. clear floor area 120 sf	Min. 6 air changes per hour	Table 7-1
()	min. clear dimension 10'-0"	Lighting:	
(2)(a)	room size permits room	Portable or fixed exam light	2.1-8.3.4.3(3)
× / × /	arrangement with min. clearance	Power:	
	3'-0" at each side & at foot of exam	Min. 8 receptacles in total	Table 2.1-1
0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0	table, recliner or chair	Min. 4 receptacles convenient	
2.1-3.2.2.2(2)	storage for supplies	to head of gurney or bed	
2.1-3.2.2.2(3)	accommodations for written or electronic documentation	Nurse Call System: Staff assistance station	Table 2.1-2
2.1-3.2.2.2(4)		Emergency call station	
2.1-3.2.2.2(4)	space for visitor's chair		
2.1-0.2.2.2(0)	handwashing station		
2.2-2.3.9	SUPPORT AREAS FOR STAFF		
2.1-2.9.1	Staff lounge		
	min.100 sf		
2.1-2.9.2	Staff toilet room (permitted to are unisex)		
2.1-2.9.2.1	readily accessible* to each patient care	Ventilation:	
	unit	Min. 10 air changes per hour	Table 7-1
2.1-2.9.2.2	toilet & handwashing station	Exhaust	
		Negative pressure	
2.1-2.9.3	Staff storage facilities	No recirculating room units	
2.1-2.9.3.1	Staff storage facilities securable closets or cabinet		
2.1 2.0.0.1	compartments for personal staff articles		
	located in or near nurse station		
2.2-2.3.10	SUPPORT AREAS FOR PATIENTS FAMILIES		
0 0 0 0 40 4	& VISITORS		
2.2-2.3.10.1	Family & visitor lounge	Communications:	0404040
	each patient care unit provides access	Public communication	2.1-2.10.1.6
	to lounge for family & visitors	services provided in each	
2.1-2.10.1.1	Size:	family & visitor lounge	
(1)	accommodates at minimum 3		
. /	chairs & 1 wheelchair space		
(2)	accommodates at least 1 person		
	for every 4 beds in unit		
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Architectural Requirements

2.1-2.10.1.2	immediately accessible* to patient care units served (permitted to serve more than one patient care unit)
2.1-2.10.1.4	designed to minimize impact of noise & activity on patient rooms & staff functions
2.2-2.3.10.2	<pre> some portion of occupied space permits privacy for visitors</pre>
2.2-2.3.10.3	
(1)	area for communications (e.g. cell phones computers wireless Internet access)
(2)	patient-family information stations
(3) 2.2-2.2.10.2	access to beverages & nourishment
(1)	Toilet room
(-)	handwashing station
	readily accessible* to multipurpose room
2.2-2.2.10.4	Place for meditation & prayer at least one dedicated quiet space to support meditation bereavement or prayer

*LOCATION TERMINOLOGY:

<u>Directly accessible</u>: Connected to the identified area or room through a doorway, pass-through, or other opening without going through an intervening room or public space

Adjacent: Located next to but not necessarily connected to the identified area or room

Immediately accessible: Available either in or adjacent to the identified area or room

Readily accessible: Available on the same floor or in the same clinic as the identified area or room

Architectural Details & MEP Requirements

2.1-7.2.2 2.1-7.2.2.1 NFPA 101, 18.2.3.3	ARCHITECTURAL DETAILS CORRIDOR WIDTH: Aisles, corridors & ramps required for exit access in a hospital not less than 8'-0" in clear & unobstructed width or	2.1-7.2.2.3 (1) (a)	DOORS & DOOR HARDWARE: Door Type: doors between corridors rooms or spaces subject to occupancy swing type or sliding doors
2.1-7.2.2.2	 Detailed code review incorporated in Project Narrative Aisles, corridors & ramps in adjunct areas not intended for the housing, treatment, or use of inpatients not less than 44" in clear & unobstructed width CEILING HEIGHT: 	(b)	sliding doors □ check if <u>not</u> included in project manual or automatic sliding doors comply with NFPA 101 detailed code review incorporated in Project Narrative no floor tracks
(1) (2) (3)	 Min. ceiling height 7'-6" in corridors & in normally unoccupied spaces Min. ceiling height 9'-0" in seclusion rooms & secure holding rooms Min height 7'-6" above floor of suspended tracks rails & pipes located in traffic path for patients in beds & on stretchers Min ceiling height 7'-10" in other areas 	(2) (a) (b)	Door Opening to Patient Rooms: min 45.5" clear door width min 83.5" clear door height swinging doors for personnel use in addition to sliding doors □ check if <u>not</u> included in project min clear width 34.5"

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(3) (a)	Door Swing: doors do not swing into corridors except doors in behavioral health units & doors to non-occupiable spaces (e.g. environmental services rooms & electrical closets) & doors with emergency breakaway
(4)	hardware Lever hardware or push/pull latch hardware
(5) (a)	Doors for Patient Bathing/Toilet Facilities: two separate doors
	or door that swings outward or door equipped with emergency rescue hardware (permits quick access from outside the room to prevent blockage of the door) or sliding door other than pocket door
(b)	bathing area or toilet room opens onto public area or corridor □ check if <u>not</u> included in project visual privacy is maintained
2.1-7.2.2.5	WINDOWS IN PATIENT ROOMS:
2.1-7.2.2.5(1)	Each patient room provided with natural light by means of window to outside
2.1-7.2.2.5(2)	Operable windows in patient rooms or suites □ check if <u>not</u> included in project window operation is limited with either stop limit/restrictor hard- ware or open guard/screen prevents passage of 4-inch diameter sphere through
2.1-7.2.2.6	opening insect screens
2.1-7.2.2.5(3) (a) (b)	Window Size In Patient Rooms: minimum net glazed area be no less than 8% of required min. clear floor area of room served maximum 36 inches windowsill height above finished floor
2.1-7.2.2.7	GLAZING MATERIALS: Glazing within 1 foot 6 inches of floor check if <u>not</u> included in project must be safety glass wire glass or plastic break-resistant material

2.1-7.2.2.8	HANDWASHING STATIONS:
(1)(c)	Handwashing stations in patient
	care areas located so they are visi-
	ble & unobstructed
(3)	
(a)	Handwashing station countertops
(u)	made of porcelain stainless steel sol-
	id-surface materials or impervious
(b .)	plastic laminate assembly
(b)	Countertops substrate
	\Box check if <u>not</u> included in project
	marine-grade plywood (or
	equivalent material) with im-
	pervious seal
(4)	Handwashing station casework
. ,	□ check if <u>not</u> included in project
	designed to prevent storage
	beneath sink
(5)	Provisions for drying hands
(a)	hand-drying device does not re-
(a)	quire hands to contact dispenser
(b)	hand-drying device is enclosed to
(b)	protect against dust or soil & to
(6)	ensure single-unit dispensing
(6)	liquid or foam soap dispensers
2.1-7.2.2.9	GRAB BARS:
(1)	Grab bars anchored to sustain
	concentrated load 250 pounds
(2)	Grab bars in toilet rooms used by
	patients of size anchored to sustain
	concentrated load 800 pounds
(3)	Ends of grab bars constructed to
	prevent snagging clothes of patients
	staff & visitors
2.1-7.2.2.10	HANDRAILS:
(1)(a)	Installed on both sides of patient
	use corridors
(1)(b)	(may be omitted at nurse stations,
	doors, alcoves & fire extinguisher
	cabinets)
(2)	Rail ends return to wall or floor
(3)	Handrail gripping surfaces &
(0)	fasteners are smooth (free of sharp
	or abrasive elements)
(1)	Handrails have eased edges &
(4)	0
(5)	corners Handraila hava aurfaaa light
(5)	Handrails have surface light
	reflectance value that contrasts with
(6)	that of wall surface by min. 30%
(6)	Handrail finishes are cleanable &
	able to withstand disinfection

2.1-7.2.2.12 (1)	NOISE CONTROL: Recreation rooms exercise rooms equipment rooms & similar spaces where impact noises may be gener- ated are not located directly over patient bed areas or Special provisions are made to minimize impact noise
(2) 2.1-7.2.2.14 (1) (2)	 Noise reduction criteria in Table 1.2-6 applicable to partitions floors & ceiling construction are met in patient areas DECORATIVE WATER FEATURES: No indoor unsealed water features Covered fish tanks Check if <u>not</u> included in project restricted to public areas
2.1-7.2.3 2.1-7.2.3.1 (1) (3) (4) (5) (7)(a)	SURFACES FLOORING & WALL BASES: Flooring surfaces cleanable & wear-resistant for location Smooth transitions provided between different flooring materials Flooring surfaces including those on stairways are stable firm & slip-resistant Floors & wall bases of soiled workrooms, toilet rooms & other areas subject to frequent wet cleaning are constructed of materials that are not physically affected by cleaning solutions Floors are monolithic & integral coved wall bases are at least 6" high & tightly sealed to wall in rooms listed below: airborne infection isolation (AII)
	room protective environment (PE) room □ check if <u>not</u> included in project combination All/PE room □ check if <u>not</u> included in project anteroom to All & PE rooms □ check if <u>not</u> included in project soiled workroom & soiled holding room
2.1-7.2.3.2 (1)(a) (1)(b) (2)	 WALLS & WALL PROTECTION: Wall finishes are washable Wall finishes near plumbing fixtures are smooth, scrubbable & water-resistant Wall surfaces in areas routinely subjected to wet spray or splatter (e.g environmental services rooms) are monolithic or have sealed seams that
(5)	are tight & smooth Wall protection devices & corner guards durable & scrubbable

2.1-7.2.3.3 (1) (a) (b)	CEILINGS: Ceilings provided in all areas except mechanical, electrical & communications equipment rooms Ceilings cleanable with routine housekeeping equipment Acoustic & lay-in ceilings where used do not create ledges or crevices
2.1-7.2.4.1	Built-In Furnishings: check if <u>not</u> included in project upholstered with impervious materials in patient treatment areas
2.1-7.2.4.2	Window Treatments in Patient Rooms & Other Patient Care Areas:
(1)	blinds sheers or other pa- tient-controlled window treat- ments provided to allow for pa- tient privacy & to control light levels & glare
(2)	 window treatments do not compromise patient safety easy for patients visitors & staff to operate
(3)	window treatments selected for ease of cleaning disinfection or sanitization
2.1-7.2.4.3	Privacy curtains in patient rooms & other patient care areas are washable check if <u>not</u> included in project
2.1-8.2	HEATING VENTILATION & AIR-CONDITIONING (HVAC) SYSTEMS
Part 3/6.1 Part 3/6.1.1	UTILITIES: Ventilation Upon Loss of Electrical Power: space ventilation & pressure re- lationship requirements of Tables 7.1 are maintained for AII Rooms & PE Rooms in event of loss of normal electrical power
Part 3/6.1.2 Part 3/6.1.2.1	Heating & Cooling Sources: heat sources & essential accesso- ries are provided in number & ar- rangement sufficient to accommo- date facility needs (reserve capaci- ty) even when any one of heat

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Part 3/6.1.2.2	Central cooling systems greater than 400 tons (1407 kW) peak cooling load check if <u>not</u> included in project <u>number & arrangement of</u> cooling sources & essential accessories is sufficient to support owner's facility operation plan upon breakdown or routine maintenance of any one of cooling sources	Part 3/6.3.
Part 3/6.2 Part 3/6.2.1	AIR-HANDLING UNIT (AHU) DESIGN: AHU casing is designed to prevent water intrusion resist corrosion & permit access	Part 3/6.4 a.
Part 3/6.3	OUTDOOR AIR INTAKES & EXHAUST	
Part 3/6.3.1 Part 3/6.3.1.1	DISCHARGES: Outdoor Air Intakes: located such that shortest distance from intake to any specific potential outdoor contaminant source be equal to	b. c.
	or greater than separation distance listed in Table 6-1 located min of 25 ft from cooling towers & all exhaust & vent discharges	d.
	 air intakes located away from public access all intakes designed to prevent entrainment of wind-driven rain contain features for draining away precipitation equipped with birdscreen of mesh no smaller than 0.5 inches 	h.
Part 3/6.3.1.4	intake in areaway ☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project bottom of areaway air intake opening is at least 6'-0" above grade bottom of air intake open- ing from areaway into building is at least 3'-0" above bottom of areaway	Part 3/6.5 Part 3/6.5.
Part 3/6.3.2 Part 3/6.3.2.1	Exhaust Discharges: ductwork within building is under negative pressure for exhaust of contaminated air (i.e air from AII rooms) exhaust discharge outlets with contaminated air located such that they reduce potential for recirculation of exhausted air back into building	Part 3/6.7. Part 3/6.7. Part 3/6.7.

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Part 3/6.3.2.2	 exhaust discharge outlets with contaminated air is arranged to discharge to atmosphere in vertical direction at least 10'-0" above adjoining roof level exhaust discharge outlets from AII rooms is located not less than 25'-0" horizontally from outdoor air intakes, openable windows/doors & areas that are normally accessible to public
Part 3/6.4 a.	FILTRATION: Particulate matter filters, min. MERV-8 provided upstream of first heat exchanger surface of any air- conditioning system that combines return air from multiple rooms or
b.	introduces outdoor air Outdoor air filtered in accordance
C.	with Table 7-1 Air supplied from equipment serving multiple or different spaces is
d.	filtered in accordance with Table 7-1 Air recirculated within room is filtered in accordance with Table 7-1
h.	or Section 7.1(a)(5) For spaces that do not permit air recirculated by means of room units & have minimum filter efficiency of MERV-14, MERV-16 or HEPA in accordance with Table 7-1, the min. filter requirement listed in Table 7-1 is installed downstream of all wet-air cooling coils & supply fan
Part 3/6.5 Part 3/6.5.3	HEATING & COOLING SYSTEMS: Radiant heating systems check if <u>not</u> included in project ceiling or wall panels with ex- posed cleanable surfaces or ra- diant floor heating are provided in AII room PE room & burn unit
Part 3/6.7 Part 3/6.7.1	AIR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS: pressure relationships required in tables 7.1 maintained in all modes of HVAC system operation Spaces that have required pressure relationships are served by fully ducted return systems or fully duct- ed exhaust systems Inpatient facilities are served by fully ducted return or exhaust systems
Part 3/6.7.2	Air Distribution Devices: supply air outlets comply with Table 6-2

Part 3/6.7.3	Smoke Barriers: HVAC zones coordinated with compartmentation to minimize ductwork penetrations of fire & smoke barriers.		is discharged into the general exhaust stream, provided the All exhaust air first passes through a HEPA filter (all ex- haust ductwork kept under negative pressure)
Part 3/6.8 Part 3/6.8.1 Part 3/6.8.2 Part 3/7 Part 3/7.1.a Part 3/7.1.a.1	 ENERGY RECOVERY SYSTEMS: check if <u>not</u> included in project Located upstream of filters required by Part 3/6.8.4 AII room exhaust systems or combination AII/PE rooms are not used for energy recovery SPACE VENTILATION - HOSPITAL SPACES: Spaces ventilated according to Table 7-1 Air movement is from clean to less-clean areas 	Part 3/7.2.1	 Exhaust air grille or register in patient room is located directly above patient bed on ceiling or on wall near head of bed Anteroom Anteroom AII room is at negative pressure with respect to anteroom Anteroom is at negative pressure with respect to corridor
Part 3/7.1.a.3	 Min number of total air changes required for positive pressure rooms is provided by total supply airflow Min number of total air changes required for negative pressure rooms is provided by total exhaust airflow 	Part 3/7.2.2 Part 3/7.2.2	Protective Environment (PE) Rooms ☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project Supply air diffusers are located above patient bed Exhaust grilles or registers are located near patient room door
Part 3/7.1a.5	 Air recirculation through room unit □ check if <u>not</u> included in project complies with Table 7-1 room unit receive filtered & conditioned outdoor air serve only single space provides min MERV 8 filter located upstream of any cold surface so that all of air passing over cold surface is filtered 	Part 3/7.2.3	 PE rooms have permanently installed device to constantly monitor differential air pressure between room & corridor Visual means is provided to indicate whenever positive differential pressure is not maintained Combination Airborne Infectious Isolation/ Protective Environment Room (AII/PE) Check if <u>not</u> included in project Supply air diffusers are located
Part 3/7.2 Part 3/7.2.1	 ADDITIONAL ROOM-SPECIFIC RE-QUIREMENTS: Airborne Infection Isolation (AII) Rooms □ check if <u>not</u> included in project AII rooms have permanently installed device and/or mechanism to constantly monitor differential air pressure between room & corridor Local visual means is provided to indicate whenever negative differential pressure is not maintained Air from AII room is exhausted directly to outdoors Exhaust air from AII rooms, associated anterooms & toilet rooms: is discharged directly to outdoors without mixing with exhaust air 		 above patient bed Exhaust grilles or registers are located near patient room door. Anteroom Check if <u>not</u> included in project anteroom is at positive pressure with respect to both AII/PE room & corridor or common space or anteroom is at negative pressure with respect to both AII/PE room & corridor or common space or first device monitors pressure differential between AII/PE room & anteroom Second device monitors pressure differential between anteroom & corridor or common space
	from any other non-AII room or exhaust system or		Local visual means are provided to indicate whenever differential pressures are not maintained

2.1-8.3	ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS	
2.1-8.3.2.2	Panelboards:	(2)
(1)	panelboards serving life safety	
	branch circuits serve floors on	
	which they are located & floors	(0)
(0)	immediately above & below	(3)
(2)	panelboard critical branch	
	circuits serve floors on which	(6)
(3)	they are located panelboards not located in exit	
(3)	enclosures or exit passageways	
2.1-8.3.3	POWER-GENERATING & -STORING	
	EQUIPMENT	
2.1-8.3.3.1	Essential electrical system or	(7)
	emergency electrical power	
(1)	essential electrical system	
	complies with NFPA 99	2.1
(2)	emergency electrical power	2.1
	complies with NFPA 99	
2.1-8.3.4	LIGHTING:	
2.1-8.3.4.1		
(1)	Luminaires in patient areas shall have	2.1
	smooth, cleanable, impact-resistant	2.1
	lenses concealing light source	(1)
(2)	Luminaires dissipate heat such that	(.,
	touchable surfaces will not burn	
040040	occupants or ignite materials.	
2.1-8.3.4.2	Patient rooms:	
(1) (a)	provide general level of	
(a)	illumination	2.1
	provide exam level of illumination	2.1
(b)	(may be dimmable & limited to	(1)
	patient care station)	
(c)	illumination for reading	
	provided for each patient bed	
	patients must be able to adjust	
	illumination without having to	(2)
(1)	get out of bed	
(d)	no incandescent & halogen	2.1
(e)	light sources light sources are either	2.1
(e)	encapsulated or covered by	2.1
	diffuser or lens or use fixtures	
	designed to contain fragments	
	5 5	
(f)	Night-lighting:	2.1
	at least one night-light fixture	
	located in each patient room	
	night-lights used by staff	(1)
	that illuminate path from	
	entry to bedside are	(2)
	switched at room entrance night-light fixture located	
	no more than 18 inches	
	from finished floor	
	illuminates pathway from	
	bed to toilet room	

(2)(a)	 night-light color temperature 2,700K or warmer Corridors in patient care units have general illumination with provisions for reducing light levels at night
(3)	Exam/treatment rooms:
(6)	 portable or fixed exam light Food & nutrition areas: light sources in kitchen & serving areas are either encapsulated or covered by diffuser or lens or use fixtures designed to contain fragments
(7)	Uplight fixtures installed in patient care areas are covered
2.1-8.3.5 2.1-8.3.5.1	ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT: Handwashing sinks that depend on building electrical service for operation are connected to essential electrical system
2.1-8.3.6 2.1-8.3.6.1 (1)	ELECTRICAL RECEPTACLES: Receptacles In Corridors: duplex-grounded receptacles for general use installed 50'-0" apart or less in all corridors duplex-grounded receptacles for general use installed within 25'-0" of corridor ends
2.1-8.3.6.3	Essential Electrical System Receptacles:
(1)	cover plates for electrical receptacles supplied from essential electrical system are distinctively colored or marked for identification
(2)	same color is used throughout facility
2.1-8.4 2.1-8.4.2 2.1-8.4.2.1(3)	PLUMBING SYSTEMS Plumbing & Other Piping Systems: no plumbing piping exposed overhead or on walls where possible accumulation of dust or soil may create cleaning problem
2.1-8.4.2.2	Hemodialysis/Hemoperfusion Water Distribution:
(1)(a) (2)(b)	 check if <u>not</u> included in project separate treated water distribution system outlet at each individual hemodialysis treatment bay outlet at hemodialysis equipment repair area outlet at dialysate
	preparation area

(1)(b) (1)(a) (4)	or dialysis equipment includes sufficient water treatment provisions for use of domestic cold water drainage system independent from tap water drainage liquid waste & disposal system	(1)(b)	 drip pan for drainage piping above ceiling of sensitive area □ check if <u>not</u> included in project accessible overflow drain with outlet located in normally occupied area that is not open to restricted area
(5)	for hemodialysis treatment area are designed to minimize odor & prevent backflow hemodialysis distribution piping is readily accessible* for inspection & maintenance	2.1-8.4.3 2.1-8.4.3.1(1) 2.1-8.4.3.2 (1)	PLUMBING FIXTURES: Materials used for plumbing fixtures are non-absorptive & acid-resistant Handwashing Station Sinks: designed with basins & faucets
2.1-8.4.2.5 (2)	Heated potable water distribution systems: heated potable water distribution systems serving patient care areas are under constant recirculation to provide continuous hot water at each hot water outlet non-recirculated fixture branch	(2)	 that reduce risk of splashing to areas where direct patient care is provided, sterile procedures are performed, medications are prepared or food is prepared sink basins have nominal size of no less than 144 square inches sink basins have min dimension 9 inches in width or length
(3)(a) (3)(c)	 piping not more than 10 feet long no installation of dead-end piping (installation of empty risers mains & branches for future use is permitted) 	(3) (5)	sink basins are made of porcelain stainless steel or solid-surface materials water discharge point of faucets is at least 10 inches
(3)(b)	Renovations: Check if <u>not</u> included in project dead-end piping is removed 	(7)	above bottom of basin anchored so that allowable stresses are not exceeded where vertical or horizontal
2.1-8.4.2.6 (1)(a)	Drainage Systems: drainage piping above ceiling of or exposed in rooms listed below piping have special provisions to protect space below from leakage	(8)	force of 250 lbs. is applied sinks used by medical/nursing staff, patients & public have fittings that can be operated without using hands (may be single-lever or wrist blade devices)
	& condensation operating rooms delivery rooms procedure rooms trauma rooms 	(a)	blade handles blade handles check if <u>not</u> included in project at least 4 inches in length provide clearance required for operation
	 nurseries central kitchens one-room sterile processing facilities clean workroom of two-room sterile processing facilities pharmacies Class 2 & 3 imaging rooms 	(b)	 sensor-regulated water fixtures check if <u>not</u> included in project meet user need for temperature & length of time water flows designed to function at all times & during loss of normal power
	 electronic mainframe rooms (EFs & TERs) main switchgear electrical rooms electronic data processing areas electric closets 	2.1-8.4.3.3 (1) (2)	Showers & Tubs: nonslip surfaces Surfaces for personal effects (e.g., shampoo, soap): □ check if <u>not</u> included in project surfaces for personal effects are recessed

2.1-8.4.3.4	Ice-Making Equipment: copper tubing provided for supply connections to
2.1-8.4.3.5 (1) (a) (b) (2)	ice-making equipment Clinical Sinks: □ check if <u>not</u> included in project trimmed with valves that can are operated without hands (may be single-lever or wrist blade devices) handles are at least 6 in long integral trap wherein upper portion of water trap provides
2.1-8.4.3.7 (1) (a)	visible seal Human waste disposal systems: bedpan-rinsing device provided in each inpatient toilet room (except in behavioral & alcohol-abuse units)
(b)	use cold water only or
(2)	bedpan washer-disinfector system
(a)	located in patient toilet
(b) (3) (a) (b)	room or soiled workroom electrical & plumbing connections that meet manufacturer requirements are provided or disposable bedpan macerator system installed in soiled workroom electrical & plumbing
(0)	connections per manufacturer requirements are provided
2.1-8.4.4	MEDICAL GAS & VACUUM SYSTEMS Station outlets provided as indicated in Table 2.1-3
2.1-8.5.1 2.1-8.5.1.1(1)	CALL SYSTEMS Nurse call stations provided as
2.1-8.5.1.1(2)	required in Table 2.1-2 Nurse call systems report to attended location with electronically supervised visual & audible annunciation as indicated in Table 2.1-2
2.1-8.5.1.1(4)	Call system complies with UL 1069 "Standard for Hospital Signaling &
2.1-8.5.1.1(5)	Nurse Call Equipment" <u> </u>

2.1-8.5.1.2 (1)	Patient Call Stations: each patient sleeping bed except nursery beds provided with patient call station equipped for
(2)(a)	two-way voice communication indicator light that remains lighted as long as voice circuit is operating
(2)(b) (3)(a)	 reset switch for canceling call visible signal in corridor at patient's door Multi-Corridor Patient Areas: □ check if <u>not</u> included in project additional visible signals at
(3)(b)	corridor intersections visible & audible signal at the nurse master station of patient care units or patient care areas
2.1-8.5.1.2(4)	— Nurse call system provided in each patient care area as required in Table 2.1-2
2.1-8.5.1.3	Bath Stations: <u>bath station that can be</u> activated by patient lying on floor provided at each patient toilet bathtub sitz bath or
(1)	shower stall alarm in these areas can only be turned off at bath station where it was initiated
(2)	where it was initiated shower/tub bath stations located 3'-0" to 4'-0" above floor within view of user & within reach of staff without need to
(3)	step into shower or tub toilet bath stations located on the side of toilets within 12" of front of toilet bowl & 3'-0" to 4'-0" above floor
2.1-8.5.1.5	Emergency call stations are equipped with continuous audible or visual confirmation to person who initiated the code call
2.1-8.6.2	ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS
2.1-8.6.2.1	 check if <u>not</u> included in project Display screens in patient areas are mounted in tamper-resistant enclosure that is unobtrusive
2.1-8.6.2.2	Display screens are located so they are not readily observable by
2.1-8.6.2.3	general public or patients Electronic surveillance systems receive power from essential electrical system