COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST

IP21_Renal Dialysis Services (Acute & Chronic)

The following checklist is intended to be used in plan review applications for health care facilities submitted to Massachusetts Department of Public Health This checklist summarizes & references applicable requirements from Licensure Regulations & 2022 Edition of FGI Guidelines for Design & Construction of Hospitals Applicants must verify compliance of plans submitted to Department with all referenced requirements from Licensure Regulations & FGI Guidelines when completing this Checklist separate Checklist must be completed for each nursing unit hospital or clinic department or clinical suite

Other jurisdictions regulations & codes may have additional requirements which are not included in this checklist such as:

- NFPA 101 Life Safety Code (2012) & applicable related standards contained in appendices of Code
- State Building Code (780 CMR)
- Accreditation requirements of Joint Commission
- CDC Guidelines for Preventing Transmission of Mycobacterium Tuberculosis in Health Care Facilities
- USP 797 & Regulations of Massachusetts Board of Registration in Pharmacy
- Occupational Safety & Health Standards (OSHA)
- Accessibility Guidelines of Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
- Architectural Access Board Regulations (521 CMR)
- Local Authorities having jurisdiction

Instructions:

- 1. All requirement lines must be completed according to following instructions & included in plan submissions for Self-Certification Process or Abbreviated Review Process
- 2. This checklist must be completed by project architect or engineer based on design actually reflected in plans at time of completion of checklist
- 3. Each requirement line (____) of this Checklist must be completed exclusively with one of following marks unless otherwise directed in checklist. If functional space is not affected by renovation project mark "E" may be indicated on requirement line (____) before name of functional space (associated requirements on indented lines below that name or associated MEP requirements do not have to be completed in this case). If more than one functional space serves given required function (e.g. patient room or exam room) that clarification should be provided in Project Narrative & requirement lines are understood to only address functional spaces that are involved in project.
- X = Requirement is met for new space for renovated space or for existing direct support space for expanded service
- **E** = Requirement relative to existing suite or area that has been *licensed* for its designated function is *not affected* by construction project & *does not pertain to required direct support space* for specific service affected by project "E" must <u>not</u> be used for existing required support space associated with new patient care room or area
- EX = Check box under section titles or individual requirements lines for optional services or functions that are not included in project area
- W = Waiver requested for specific section of Regulations or FGI Guidelines where hardship in meeting requirement can be demonstrated (a Physical Plant Waiver Form must be completed for each waiver request) explicit floor plan or plan detail must be attached to each waiver request
- 4. All room functions marked with "X" must be shown on plans with same name labels as in this checklist
- 5. Mechanical electrical & plumbing requirements are only partially mentioned in this checklist relevant section of FGI Guidelines must be used for project compliance with all MEP requirements & for waiver references
- 6. Oxygen vacuum medical air waste anesthesia gas disposal & instrument air outlets (if required) are identified respectively by abbreviations "OX" "VAC" "MA" "WAGD" & "IA"
- 7. Requirements referenced with "FI" result from formal interpretations from FGI Interpretations Task Group
- 8. The location requirements including asterisks (*) refer to definitions of Glossary in beginning section of FGI Guidelines & reproduced in this checklist

Facility Name:	DON Project Number: (if applicable)
Facility Address:	
Satellite Name: (if applicable)	Building/Floor Location:
Satellite Address: (if applicable)	
	Submission Dates:
Project Description:	Initial Date:
	Revision Date:

Architectural Requirements Building Systems Requirements 2.2-3.10 RENAL DIALYSIS SERVICES (ACUTE & CHRONIC) 2.2-3.10.1.1 Application: Renal dialysis facilities in hospital that treat patients with acute & chronic end stage renal disease (ESRD) including dialysis provided in acute or intensive care unit 2.2-3.10.1.2 **HEMODIALYSIS TREATMENT AREA** 2.2-3.10.2 ☐ check if not included in project (only if dialysis is provided in acute or intensive care unit) 2.2-3.10.2.1(2) Treatment area separate from administrative waiting areas 2.2-3.10.2.1(3) Patient scale dedicated space provided for patient scale 2.2-3.10.2.2 Space Requirements for Individual Hemodialysis Patient Care Stations: No built-in cabinetry in individual (1)hemodialysis patient care stations patient care stations with dialysis chairs Ventilation: ☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project Min 6 air changes per hour Table 7-1 ___ min clear floor area of 80 sf (2)(a)min clearance 4'-0" between sides (2)(b)Power: of dialysis chairs Table 2.1-1 Min 8 receptacles min clearance 3'-0" between sides Min 4 receptacles on each of dialysis chairs & adjacent* walls side of bed or lounge chair or partitions min clearance 2'-0" between foot of Min 2 receptacles on each dialysis chairs & cubicle curtains side of bed connected to emergency power patient care stations with beds Ventilation: ☐ check if not included in project Min 6 air changes per hour Table 7-1 (2)(a)min clear floor area of 90 sf min clearance 4'-0" between sides Power: (2)(b)of beds Min 8 receptacles Table 2.1-1 min clearance 3'-0" between sides Min 4 receptacles on each of beds & adjacent* walls or side of bed or lounge chair partitions min clearance 2'-0" between foot Min 2 receptacles on each of beds & cubicle curtains side of bed connected to emergency power 2.2-3.10.2.4 Hemodialysis treatment area accommodates provisions for patient privacy Handwashing stations 2.2-3.10.2.5(1) located at entry to hemodialysis 2.2-3.10.2.5(2) treatment area (may contribute to total number of handw stations required) 2.1-2.8.7.1 located in each room where hands-on

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patient care is provided

Architectural Requirements

Building Systems Requirements

2.1-2.8.7.3	handwashing station serves multiple patient care stations ☐ check if not included in project		
(1)	at least 1 handwashing station for every 4 patient care stations or fewer & for each major fraction thereof		
(2)	handwashing stations evenly distributed		
2.2-3.10.2.6 (1)	Fluid disposal sink at least one dedicated fluid disposal sink is provided in treatment area (for disposal of dialysate & other byproducts of dialysis)		
(2)	non-sensor-operated hands-free faucets or fittings		
(3)	 adequate depth to avoid potential splash of biological waste & cross contamination to areas with stored 		
(4)	or prepared clean items located to prevent cross contamination of handwashing station		
2.2-3.10.3	_ Home training room □ check if <u>not</u> included in project		
2.2-3.10.3.1	private treatment room at least 120 sf	Ventilation: Min 6 air changes per hour	Table 7-1
2.2-3.10.3.2 (1)	counter	Power:	
(2) (3)	handwashing station separate drain for fluid disposal	 Min 4 receptacles on each side of bed Min 2 receptacles on each side of bed or lounge chair connected to emergency power 	Table 2.1-1
2.2-3.10.4.1	Dedicated hemodialysis room for patients with special precaution needs (isolation room to prevent contact transmission of infectious microorganisms)	J 71	
(1)(a) (1)(b)	 single-patient room dedicated room allows for direct staff observation of patient's face & insertion point during treatment 		
(2)(a) (2)(b) (2)(c) 2.2-3.10.2.6 (1)	min clear floor area of 120 sf handwashing station dedicated fluid disposal sink (for disposal of dialysate & other by- products of dialysis)		
(2) (3)	non-sensor-operated hands-free faucets or fittings adequate depth to avoid potential		
(4)	splash of biological waste & cross contamination to areas with stored or prepared clean items located to prevent cross contamination of handwashing station		

	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements	
(d)	storage for personal protective equip- ment (PPE)		
(3)	Architectural details door & walls are provided walls extend to floor (but not necessarily to ceiling) provisions for visual monitoring of patient		
2.2-3.10.8	SUPPORT AREAS FOR RENAL DIALYSIS UNIT		
2.2-3.10.8.2 (1) (2) (a)	Nurse station located in hemodialysis treatment area designed to provide visual observation of all dialysis patient care stations visual observation includes patient's face & vascular access point		
(b)	view from central nurse station or view from decentralized nurse stations		
2.2-3.10.8.2(1) 2.1-2.8.2.1(1) 2.1-2.8.2.1(2)	space for counters handwashing station next to or directly accessible* hand sanitation dispenser next to or directly accessible*		
2.2-3.10.8.8 2.2-3.10.8.8(2) 2.2-3.10.8.8(3)	Medication safety zone dedicated medication safety zone centrally located in dialysis unit at least 6'-0" from any individual patient care station		
2.2-3.10.8.8(1) 2.1-2.8.8.1(2) (a)	Design Promoting Safe Medication Use: medication safety zones located out of circulation paths		
(b)	work space designed so that staff can access information & perform required tasks	Lighting: Task-specific lighting level min 100 foot-candles	2.1-2.8.8.1(2)(d)
(c)	work counters provide space to perform required tasks		
(e)	sharps containers placed at height that allows users to see top of container		
(f)	max 45 dBA noise level caused by building systems		
2.1-2.8.8.2(1)	medication preparation room	Ventilation:	
(a) (b)	under visual control of nursing staff work counter	Min 4 air changes per hour	Table 7-1
	handwashing station lockable refrigerator	Lighting: Task lighting	2.1-2.8.8.1(2)(d)
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	Architectural	Requirements	Building Systems Requirements	
(c)	 or	locked storage for controlled drugs sharps containers check if not included in project self-contained medication-dispensing unit check if not included in project room designed with space to prepare medications		
2.1-2.8.8.2(2) (a) (c)		located at nurse station in clean workroom or in alcove handwashing station or hand sanitation dispenser located next to stationary medication-dispensing units or stations	Lighting: Task lighting	2.1-2.8.8.1(2)(d)
2.2-3.10.8.11	Clean wo	orkroom or clean supply room		
2.1-2.8.11.2 (1) (2) (3)		n workroom used for preparing patient care items work counter handwashing station storage facilities for clean & sterile supplies	Ventilation: Min. 4 air changes per hour Positive pressure	Table 7-1
2.1-2.8.11.3	or clea 	n supply room used only for storage & holding as part of system for distribution of clean & sterile supplies	Ventilation: Min. 4 air changes per hour Positive pressure	Table 7-1
2.2-2.2.8.12	Soiled wo	orkroom or soiled holding room		
2.1-2.8.12.2 (1)(a) (1)(b) (1)(c) (1)(d) (2) (a)		handwashing station flushing-rim clinical service sink with bedpan-rinsing device or equivalent flushing-rim fixture work counter space for separate covered containers for waste & soiled linen fluid management system is used check if not included in project electrical & plumbing connections that meet manufacturer requirements space for docking station	Ventilation: Min. 10 air changes per hour Exhaust Negative pressure No recirculating room units	Table 7-1
2.1-2.8.12.3(1)(2)		handwashing station or hand sanitation station space for separate covered containers for waste & soiled linen	Ventilation: Min. 10 air changes per hour Exhaust Negative pressure No recirculating room units	Table 7-1

Architectural Requirements

Building Systems Requirements

2.2-3.10.8.13(1) 2.1-2.8.13.1	Clean linen storage		
(1)	stored in clean workroom		
	or		
	separate closet		
	or		
	covered cart distribution system on each floor		
	Cuon nooi		
(2)	storage of clean linen carts in		
	designated corridor alcoves clean workroom or closets		
	clean workfooth of closets		
(2)	Clinical equipment & supply storage areas		
	(may be space for supply carts)		
(3)	Storage space for wheelchairs		
(a)	Storage space for gurneys		
	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project		
(b)	Area for wheelchair parking		
	□ check if <u>not</u> included in project (only if		
	outpatient dialysis services are not provided) located in non-public area		
	out of any required egress width		
	out of any required clearance		
	minimum one wheelchair storage or		
	parking space provided for every four patient care stations (at least one		
	wheelchair storage or parking space		
	provided where there are fewer than		
	four patient care stations)		
2.2-3.10.8.14	Environmental services room		
2.2-3.10.8.14(1)	adjacent* to & for exclusive use of	Ventilation:	Table 7.1
2.2-3.10.8.14(2)	dialysis unit water supply & drain connection for	Min 10 air changes per hour Exhaust	Table 7-1
	testing machines	Negative pressure	
2.1-2.8.14.2		No recirculating room units	
(1)	service sink or floor-mounted mop sink		
(2)	provisions for storage of supplies &		
. ,	housekeeping equipment		
(3)	handwashing station		
	or		
	hand sanitation station		
2.2-3.10.8.16	Dialyzer reprocessing room		
	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project (only if		
(1)	dialyzers are not processed for reuse on-site)	Ventilation	
(1)	design provides for one-way flow of materials from soiled to clean	Ventilation: Min 10 air changes per hour	Table 7-1
(2)	materials nom solled to disult	Exhaust	1 42.0 1 1

	Architectural Requirements	Building Systems Requirements
(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g)	refrigeration for temporary storage of dialyzers decontamination/cleaning areas handwashing station processors computer processors & label printers packaging area dialyzer storage cabinets	Negative pressure No recirculating room units
(1)	 Dialysate preparation room □ check if not included in project (only if no central dialysate mixing & delivery system is used to provide individual dialysate solutions for patient treatment) space to accommodate dialysate mixing & distribution equipment 	
(2) (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	 handwashing station storage space work counter floor drain treated water outlet □ check if not included in project (only if no separate treated water distribution system is provided) 	
2.2-3.10.8.18	Hemodialysis water treatment equipment area located in dedicated secure area space to access all components of equipment floor drain	
2.2-3.10.8.19 (1) (2) (3) (4)	Equipment repair room □ check if not included in project handwashing station treated water outlet for equipment maintenance drain or clinical service sink for equipment connection & testing work counter storage cabinet	
2.2-3.10.9 2.2-3.10.9.1 2.2-3.10.9.2	SUPPORT AREAS FOR STAFF (may be shared with adjacent* diagnostic & treatment areas)	
(1) (2) (3)	Lockers Toilet room handwashing station	Ventilation: Min 10 air changes per hour Table 7-1 Exhaust Negative pressure No recirculating room units
(4)	Eyewash station Emergency shower	

	Architectural Requirements	Building	Systems Requirements	
2.2-3.10.10	SUPPORT AREAS FOR PATIENTS All support areas listed below are immediately accessible* to dialysis unit			
2.2-3.10.10.1	Waiting room			
2.2-3.10.10.2 (1)	Patient toilet room handwashing station	Ext	i 10 air changes per hour naust gative pressure	Table 7-1
(2)		Nurse C Pat	recirculating room units all System: ient toilet room equipped n nurse call device	2.2-3.10.10.2 (2)
2.2-3.10.10.3 2.2-3.10.10.4 2.2-3.10.10.5	Storage for patient belongingsAccess to drinking waterAccess to public communications serving	ces		
Directly access going through i Adjacent: Loca Immediately ac Readily access	ERMINOLOGY: <u>sible</u> : Connected to identified area or room the intervening room or public space ated next to but not necessarily connected to excessible: Available either in or adjacent to identified in the image of the intervenient in the identified in the intervenient in the identified in the intervenient in the identified in the id	identified area o entified area or r	r room oom	ng without
	ARCHITECTURAL DETAILS	2.1-7.2.2.3 (1)	DOORS & DOOR HARD Door Type:	WARE:
2.1-7.2.2.1 C NFPA 101, _ 18.2.3.3	CORRIDOR WIDTH: Aisles, corridors & ramps required for exit access in a hospital not less	(a)	doors between rooms, or spac occupancy swii	es subject to
 -	than 8'-0" in clear & unobstructed width or Detailed code review incorporated in Project Narrative	(b)	manual or	ncluded in project automatic ors comply with
-	Aisles, corridors & ramps in adjunct areas not intended for the treatment or use of inpatients not less than 44" in clear & unobstructed width		NFPA 101 detailed co	ode review ed in Project
	CEILING HEIGHT: Min. ceiling height 7'-6" in corridors & in normally unoccupied spaces	(2) (a)	Door Opening: min. 45.5" clear diagnostic/treat min. 83.5" clear	ment areas door height for
(3)	 Min height 7'-6" above floor of suspended tracks rails & pipes located in traffic path for patients in beds & on stretchers Min ceiling height 7'-10" in other areas 	(b)	☐ check if <u>not</u> ir	

(5)		l /=>	
(3)	Door Swing:	(5)	Provisions for drying hands
(a)	doors do not swing into corridors	(a)	hand-drying device does not
	except doors to non-occupiable		require hands to contact
	spaces (e.g. environmental	41.)	dispenser
	services rooms & electrical	(b)	hand-drying device is enclosed to
	closets) & doors with emergency		protect against dust or soil & to
	breakaway hardware		ensure single-unit dispensing
		(6)	liquid or foam soap dispensers
(4)	Lever hardware or push/pull latch	2.1-7.2.2.9	GRAB BARS:
	hardware	(1)	Grab bars anchored to sustain
		(1)	concentrated load 250 pounds
(5)	Doors for Patient Toilet Facilities:	(3)	Ends of grab bars constructed to
(a)	two separate doors	(0)	prevent snagging clothes of patients
	or		staff & visitors
	door that swings outward		
	or	2.1-7.2.2.10	HANDRAILS:
	door equipped with emergency	(1)	Handrails installed on both sides of
	rescue hardware (permits quick		patient use corridors
	access from outside the room to	(3)	Rail ends return to wall or floor
	prevent blockage of the door)	(4)	Handrail gripping surfaces &
	or		fasteners are smooth (free of sharp
	sliding door other than pocket door		or abrasive elements) with 1/8-inch
			min. radius
(b)	toilet room opens onto public	(5)	— Handrails have eased edges & corners
	area or corridor	(6)	Handrail finishes are cleanable
	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project	2.1-7.2.2.12	NOISE CONTROL:
	visual privacy is maintained		
		(1)	Recreation rooms, exercise rooms
2.1-7.2.2.7	GLAZING MATERIALS:		equipment rooms & similar spaces
	Glazing within 1 foot 6 inches of floor		where impact noises may be
	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project		generated are not located directly
	must be safety glass, wire glass		over operating suites
	or plastic break-resistant material		Or
	or placed around resident materials.		Special provisions are made to minimize impact noise
2.1-7.2.2.8	HANDWASHING STATIONS:		minimize impact noise
(1)(c)	Handwashing stations in patient	(2)	Noise reduction criteria in Table 1.2-6
(-/(-/	care areas located so they are	(2)	applicable to partitions, floors & ceiling
	visible & unobstructed		
(3)			construction are met in patient areas
(a)	Handwashing station countertops	2.1-7.2.3	SURFACES
()	made of porcelain, stainless steel,	2.1-7.2.3	FLOORING & WALL BASES:
	solid-surface materials or impervious		Flooring surfaces cleanable &
	plastic laminate assembly	(1)	wear-resistant for location
(b)	Countertops substrate	(3)	Smooth transitions provided
()	□ check if <u>not</u> included in project	(3)	between different flooring materials
	marine-grade plywood (or	(4)	Flooring surfaces including those on
	equivalent material) with	(4)	
	impervious seal	(E)	stairways are stable, firm & slip-resistant Floors & wall bases of soiled
(4)	Handwashing station casework	(5)	workrooms, toilet rooms & other areas
(4)			
	check if <u>not</u> included in project		subject to frequent wet cleaning are constructed of materials that are not
	designed to prevent storage		
	beneath sink		physically affected by germicidal or
		(7)(0)	other types of cleaning solutions
		(7)(a)	Floors are monolithic & integral
			coved wall bases are at least 6" high
			& tightly sealed to wall in rooms
			listed below:
			soiled workroom & soiled
			holding room

2.1-7.2.3.2 (1)(a) (1)(b) (2)	WALLS & WALL PROTECTION: Wall finishes are washable Wall finishes near plumbing fixtures are smooth, scrubbable & water-resistant Wall surfaces in areas routinely subjected to wet spray or splatter (e.g. environmental services rooms) are monolithic or have sealed seams that are tight & smooth Wall protection devices & corner guards durable & scrubbable	Part 3/6.1.2.2	Central cooling systems greater than 400 tons (1407 kW) peak cooling load check if not included in project number & arrangement of cooling sources & essential accessories is sufficient to support owner's facility operation plan upon breakdown or routine maintenance of any one of cooling sources.
2.1-7.2.3.3 (1)	CEILINGS: Ceilings provided in all areas except mechanical, electrical & communications equipment rooms Ceilings cleanable with routine	Part 3/6.2 Part 3/6.2.1	AIR-HANDLING UNIT (AHU) DESIGN: —— AHU casing is designed to prevent water intrusion resist corrosion & permit access for inspection & maintenance
(b)	housekeeping equipment Acoustic & lay-in ceilings where used do not create ledges or crevices	Part 3/6.3 Part 3/6.3.1.1	OUTDOOR AIR INTAKES located such that shortest distance from intake to any
2.1-7.2.4 2.1-7.2.4.1	FURNISHINGS: built-in furnishings upholstered with impervious materials in patient treatment areas with risks of exposure & contamination from bodily fluids & other fluids		specific potential outdoor contaminant source be equal to or greater than separation distance listed in Table 6-1 located min of 25'-0" from cooling towers & all exhaust & vent discharges
2.1-7.2.4.3	Privacy curtains in patient care areas are washable		air intakes located away from public access all intakes are designed to
2.1-8.2	HEATING VENTILATION & AIR-CONDITIONING (HVAC) SYSTEMS		prevent entrainment of wind- driven rain
Part 3/6.1 Part 3/6.1.1	UTILITIES: Ventilation Upon Loss of Electrical Power: space ventilation & pressure relationship requirements of Table 7-1 are maintained for All Rooms PE Rooms Operating	Part 3/6.3.1.4	 contain features for draining away precipitation equipped with birdscreen of mesh no smaller than 0.5 in intake in areaway check if not included in project bottom of areaway air
	Rooms in event of loss of normal electrical power		intake opening is at least 6'-0" above grade
Part 3/6.1.2 Part 3/6.1.2.1	Heating & Cooling Sources: heat sources & essential accessories provided in number & arrangement sufficient to		bottom of air intake opening from areaway into building is at least 3'-0" above bottom of areaway
	accommodate facility needs (reserve capacity) even when any one of heat sources or essential accessories is not operating due to breakdown or routine maintenance capacity of remaining source or	Part 3/6.4 a.	FILTRATION: —— Particulate matter filters, minimum MERV-8 provided upstream of first heat exchanger surface of any airconditioning system that combines return air from multiple rooms or introduces outdoor air.
	sources is sufficient to provide heating for operating rooms & recovery rooms	b.	Outdoor air filtered in accordance with Table 7-1

c. d.	Air supplied from equipment serving multiple or different spaces is filtered in accordance with Table 7-1 Air recirculated within room is filtered	Part 3/7.1.a.4	Entire min. outdoor air changes per hour required by Table 7-1 for each space meet filtration requirements of Section 6.4
e.	in accordance with Table 7-1, or Section 7.1(a)(5) Design includes all necessary provisions to prevent moisture accumulating on filters located downstream of cooling coils &	Part 3/7.1a.5	 Air recirculation through room unit □ check if <u>not</u> included in project □ complies with Table 7-1 □ room unit receive filtered & conditioned outdoor air
h.	humidifiers For spaces that do not permit air recirculated by means of room units & have minimum filter efficiency of MERV-14, MERV-16 or HEPA in accordance with Table 7-1, the min.		 serve only single space provides min MERV 8 filter located upstream of any cold surface so that all of air passing over cold surface is filtered
	filter requirement listed in Table 7-1,	2.1-8.3	ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS
	is installed downstream of all wet-air cooling coils & supply fan	2.1-8.3.2	ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION & TRANSMISSION
Part 3/6.7	AIR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS:	2.1-8.3.2.2	Panelboards:
Part 3/6.7.1	 Maintain pressure relationships required in tables 7.1 in all modes of HVAC system operation 	(1)	panelboards serving life safety branch circuits serve floors on which they are located & floors immediately above & below
	Spaces that have required pressure relationships are served by fully ducted return systems or fully ducted exhaust systems	(2)	panelboard critical branch circuits serve floors on which they are located
	Inpatient facilities & recovery rooms are served by fully ducted return or exhaust systems	(3)	panelboards not located in exit enclosures or exit passageways
D + 0/0 T 0	·	2.1-8.3.3	POWER-GENERATING & -STORING EQUIPMENT
Part 3/6.7.2	Air Distribution Devices: supply air outlets comply with Table 6-2	2.1-8.3.3.1	Essential electrical system or emergency electrical power
Part 3/6.7.3	Smoke Barriers:	(1)	essential electrical system complies with NFPA 99
	— HVAC zones coordinated with compartmentation to minimize	(2)	emergency electrical power complies with NFPA 99
	ductwork penetrations of fire & smoke barriers.	2.1-8.3.4 2.1-8.3.4.1(1)	LIGHTING Luminaires in patient areas have smooth, cleanable, impact-resistant
Part 3/6.8	ENERGY RECOVERY SYSTEMS: ☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project	2.1-8.3.4.1(2)	lenses concealing light source Luminaires designed to dissipate
Part 3/6.8.1	Located upstream of filters required by Part 3/6.8.4	2.1-0.3.4.1(2)	heat such that touchable surfaces will not burn occupants or ignite materials.
Part 3/7 Part 3/7.1.a	SPACE VENTILATION—HOSPITAL SPACES: Spaces ventilated according to Table 7-1	(7)	Uplight fixtures installed in patient care areas are covered
Part 3/7.1.a.1 Part 3/7.1.a.3	 Air movement is from clean to less-clean areas Min number of total air changes required for positive pressure rooms is provided by total supply airflow 	2.1-8.3.5 2.1-8.3.5.1	 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT Handwashing sinks & scrub sinks that depends on building electrical service for operation are connected
	Min number of total air changes required for negative pressure rooms is provided by total exhaust airflow	2.1-8.3.5.2	to essential electrical system Electronic health record system servers & centralized storage provided with uninterruptible power supply

2.1-8.3.6 2.1-8.3.6.1 (1)	ELECTRICAL RECEPTACLES Receptacles In Corridors: duplex-grounded receptacles	(3)(b)	any existing dead-end piping is removed □ check if <u>not</u> included in project
	for general use installed 50'-0" apart or less in all corridors duplex-grounded receptacles for general use installed within	(4)(a)	water-heating system supplies water at temperatures & amounts indicated in Table 2.1-4
	25'-0" of corridor ends	2.1-8.4.2.6 (1)(a)	Drainage Systems: drainage piping installed above
2.1-8.3.6.3	Essential Electrical System Receptacles:	(1)(4)	ceiling of or exposed in rooms listed below piping have special
(1)	cover plates for electrical receptacles supplied from essential electrical system are distinctively colored or marked for identification		provisions (e.g double wall containment piping or oversized drip pans) to protect space below from leakage & condensation operating rooms
(2)	same color is used throughout facility		delivery roomsprocedure rooms
2.1-8.4 2.1-8.4.2	PLUMBING SYSTEMS		trauma roomsnurseries
2.1-8.4.2.1(3)	Plumbing & Other Piping Systems: no plumbing piping exposed		central kitchens
	overhead or on walls where possible accumulation of dust or		 one-room sterile processing facilities
	soil may create cleaning problem		 clean workroom of two-
2.1-8.4.2.2	Hemodialysis/Hemoperfusion Water Distribution:		room sterile processing facilities
(1)(a)	separate treated water		pharmaciesClass 2 & 3 imaging rooms
(2)(b)	distribution system outlet at each individual hemodialysis treatment bay outlet at hemodialysis		 electronic mainframe rooms (EFs & TERs) main switchgear
	equipment repair area outlet at dialysate preparation area		 electrical rooms electronic data processing areas
(4) (1)	or	(4)(1)	 electric closets
(1)(b)	 dialysis equipment includes sufficient water treatment provisions for use of domestic cold water 	(1)(b)	drip pan for drainage piping above ceiling of sensitive area □ check if not included in project
(1)(a)	drainage system independent		accessible overflow drain with outlet
(4)	from tap water liquid waste & disposal system for hemodialysis treatment		located in normally occupied area that is not open to restricted area
	area are designed to minimize odor & prevent backflow	2.1-8.4.3	PLUMBING FIXTURES
(5)	hemodialysis distribution piping is readily accessible* for	2.1-8.4.3.1(1)	Materials used for plumbing fixtures are non-absorptive & acid-resistant
2.1-8.4.2.5	inspection & maintenance Heated Potable Water Distribution Systems:	2.1-8.4.3.2 (1)	Handwashing Station Sinks: designed with basins & faucets that reduce risk of splashing to
(2)	heated potable water distribution systems serving patient care areas are under constant recirculation		areas where direct patient care is provided, sterile procedures are performed, medications are prepared or food is prepared
	non-recirculated fixture branch piping max. 25'-0" in length	(2)	sink basins have nominal size of no less than 144 square inches
(3)(a)	no installation of dead-end piping (except for empty risers		sink basins have min dimension 9 inches in width or length
(3)(c) MDPH/DHCFL	mains & branches for future use)		12/24 IP21

(3)	sink basins are made of	2.1-8.5.1	CALL SYSTEMS
	porcelain stainless steel or	2.1-8.5.1.1(1)	Nurse call stations provided as
(=)	solid-surface materials		required in Table 2.1-2
(5)	water discharge point of	2.1-8.5.1.1(2)	Nurse call systems report to attended
	faucets is at least 10" above		location with electronically supervised
(7)	bottom of basin anchored so that allowable		visual & audible annunciation as indicated in Table 2.1-2
(7)	stresses are not exceeded	2.1-8.5.1.1(4)	Call system complies with UL 1069
	where vertical or horizontal	2.1-0.5.1.1(4)	"Standard for Hospital Signaling &
	force of 250 lbs is applied		Nurse Call Equipment"
(8)	sinks used by medical &	2.1-8.5.1.1(5)	Wireless nurse call system
	nursing staff patients & public		☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project
	have fittings that can be		complies with UL 1069
	operated without using hands	2.1-8.5.1.2(4)	Nurse call system provided in each
	(may be single-lever or wrist blade devices)	2.1 0.0.1.2(1)	patient care area as required in
(a)	blade devices)		Table 2.1-2
(4)	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project	2.1-8.5.1.3	Bath Stations:
	at least 4 inches in length	2.1-0.3.1.3	bath station that can be
	provide clearance		activated by patient lying on floor
	required for operation		provided at each patient toilet
(b)	sensor-regulated water fixtures	(1)	alarm in these areas can be
	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project		turned off only at bath station
	meet user need for	(2)	where it was initiated
	temperature & length of time water flows	(3)	toilet bath stations located on the side of toilets within 12" of
	designed to function at all		front of toilet bowl & 3'-0" to
	times & during loss of		4'-0" above floor
	normal power	2.1-8.5.1.5	Emergency call stations are
2.1-8.4.3.4	•		equipped with continuous audible or
2.1-0.4.3.4	Ice-Making Equipment: copper tubing provided for		visual confirmation to person who
	supply connections to		initiated the code call
	ice-making equipment	2.1-8.5.3	EMERGENCY COMMUNICATION
2.1-8.4.3.5	Clinical Sinks:	2.1-0.3.3	SYSTEM
2.1-0.4.3.3	☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project		Emergency-radio communication
(1)	trimmed with valves that can		system provided in each facility
(-)	are operated without hands	2.1-8.5.3.1	operates independently of
(a)	(may be single-lever or wrist		building's service & emergency
	blade devices)		power systems during
(b)	handles are at least 6 in long	2.1-8.5.3.2	emergencies frequency capabilities to
(2)	integral trap wherein upper portion of water trap provides	2.1 0.0.0.2	communicate with state emergency
	visible seal		communication networks
2.1-8.4.4	MEDICAL GAS & VACUUM SYSTEMS	2.1-8.6.2	ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE
	Station outlets provided as	2.1-0.0.2	SYSTEMS
	indicated in Table 2.1-3		☐ check if <u>not</u> included in project
		2.1-8.6.2.1	Display screens in patient areas are
			mounted in tamper-resistant
		040000	enclosure that is unobtrusive
		2.1-8.6.2.2	Display screens are located so they
			are not readily observable by general public or patients
		2.1-8.6.2.3	Electronic surveillance systems
			receive power from essential
			electrical system