

COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST**IP3 Pediatric & Adolescent Oncology Patient Care Unit**

The following checklist is intended to be used in the plan review applications for health care facilities submitted to the Massachusetts Department of Public Health. This checklist summarizes and references the applicable requirements from the Licensure Regulations and the 2022 Edition of the FGI Guidelines for Design and Construction of Hospitals. Applicants must verify compliance of the plans submitted to the Department with all referenced requirements from the Licensure Regulations and FGI Guidelines when completing this Checklist. A separate Checklist must be completed for each nursing unit, hospital or clinic department, or clinical suite.

Other jurisdictions, regulations and codes may have additional requirements which are not included in this checklist, such as:

- NFPA 101 Life Safety Code (2012) and applicable related standards contained in the appendices of the Code
- State Building Code (780 CMR)
- Accreditation requirements of The Joint Commission
- CDC Guidelines for Preventing the Transmission of Mycobacterium Tuberculosis in Health Care Facilities
- USP 797 & Regulations of the Massachusetts Board of Registration in Pharmacy
- Occupational Safety & Health Standards (OSHA)
- Accessibility Guidelines of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
- Architectural Access Board Regulations (521 CMR)
- Local Authorities having jurisdiction.

Instructions:

1. All requirement lines must be completed according to the following instructions and included in the plan submissions for Self-Certification Process or Abbreviated Review Process.
2. This checklist must be completed by the project architect or engineer based on the design actually reflected in the plans at the time of completion of the checklist.
3. Each requirement line (____) of this Checklist must be completed exclusively with one of the following marks, unless otherwise directed in the checklist. If a functional space is not affected by a renovation project, the mark "E" may be indicated on the requirement line (____) before the name of the functional space (associated requirements on indented lines below that name, or associated MEP requirements do not have to be completed in this case). If more than one functional space serves a given required function (e.g. patient room or exam room), that clarification should be provided in the Project Narrative, and the requirement lines are understood to only address the functional spaces that are involved in the project.

X = Requirement is met, for new space, for renovated space, or for existing direct support space for an expanded service.

☒ = Check box under section titles or individual requirements lines for optional services or functions that are not included in the project area.

E = Requirement relative to an existing suite or area that has been *licensed* for its designated function, is *not affected* by the construction project and *does not pertain to a required direct support space* for the specific service affected by the project. "E" must not be used for an existing required support space associated with a new patient care room or area.

W = Waiver requested for specific section of the Regulations or FGI Guidelines, where hardship in meeting requirement can be demonstrated (a Physical Plant Waiver Form must be completed for each waiver request). An explicit floor plan or plan detail must be attached to each waiver request.

4. All room functions marked with "X" must be shown on the plans with the same name labels as in this checklist.
5. Mechanical, electrical & plumbing requirements are only partially mentioned in this checklist. The relevant section of the FGI Guidelines must be used for project compliance with all MEP requirements and for waiver references.
6. Oxygen, vacuum, medical air, waste anesthesia gas disposal and instrument air outlets (if required) are identified respectively by the abbreviations "OX", "VAC", "MA", "WAGD" & "IA".
7. Requirements referenced with "FI" result from formal interpretations from the FGI Interpretations Task Group.
8. The location requirements including asterisks (*) refer to the definitions of the Glossary in the beginning section of the FGI Guidelines and reproduced in this checklist.

Facility Name:

DoN Project Number: (if applicable)

Facility Address:

Patient Care Unit Bed Complements:

Current = Proposed =

Satellite Name: (if applicable)

Building/Floor Location:

Satellite Address: (if applicable)

Submission Dates:

Initial Date:

Revision Date:

Project Description:

Architectural Requirements**Building Systems Requirements**

2.2-2.4

**PEDIATRIC & ADOLESCENT ONCOLOGY
PATIENT CARE UNIT**

2.1-1.2.3

Shared Services:

___ No combined functions unless specifically
allowed in this checklist

2.2-2.2.2

PATIENT ROOM

2.2-2.4.2.2

___ Pediatric patient rooms separated from
adult populations

2.2-2.2.2.1

(1)

Capacity:

___ maximum number of beds per room is
one bed

(2)

or

___ renovation work is undertaken
___ present capacity is more than one
patient in each room
___ proposed room capacity is no
more than present capacity
___ maximum 2 patients in each room

2.2-2.2.2.2

(1)(a)

Space Requirements:

___ single-patient rooms
___ ☐ check if not included in project
___ min. clear floor area 120 sf

(2)(a)

___ min. clearance 3'-0" between
sides of bed & any wall or any
other fixed obstruction
___ min. clearance 3'-0" between foot
of bed & any wall or any other
fixed obstruction

(1)(b)

___ multiple-patient rooms
___ ☐ check if not included in project

2.2-2.2.2.2

___ min. clear floor area 100 sf per bed

(2)(a)

___ min. clearance 3'-0" between
sides of bed & any wall or any
other fixed obstruction

(2)(b)

___ min. clearance 4'-0" at foot of each
bed to permit passage of
equipment & beds

Ventilation:

___ Min. 4 air changes per hour Table 7-1
Lighting: 2.1-8.3.4.3(1)

___ General lighting
___ Reading light for each (a)
patient bed

___ controls accessible to
patients in bed
___ Night-light located in each (b)
patient room

___ no central control of
night-lights outside
room
___ night-light illuminates
path from room
entrance to bedside
___ night-light illuminates
path between bed &
toilet room

___ No light coves with non-flush
surfaces & areas that collect
dust 2.2-2.3.7.3(1)

___ Lighting adjustable to meet
standards for high visibility
during procedures & still
provides for sleep & comfort
of patient 2.2-2.3.7.3(2)

Architectural Requirements

- 2.2-2.2.2.3 Windows in Patient Rooms:
 2.1-7.2.2.5(1) ☐ each patient room provided with natural light by means of window to outside
- 2.1-7.2.2.5(2) ☐ operable windows in patient rooms
☐ check if not included in project
☐ window operation is limited with either stop limit/restrictor hardware or open guard/screen
☐ prevents passage of 4-inch diameter sphere through opening
 2.1-7.2.2.6 ☐ insect screens
- 2.1-7.2.2.5(3)
 (a) ☐ min. net glazed area be no less than 8% of required min. clear floor area
 (b) ☐ max. 36" windowsill height above finished floor
- 2.2-2.2.2.4 Patient Privacy:
 2.1-2.1.2 ☐ provisions are made to address patient visual & speech privacy
- 2.1-2.2.5 Handwashing Station in Patient Room:
 2.1-2.2.5.1 ☐ provided in patient room in addition to that in toilet room
 (1) ☐ adjacent* to entrance to patient room for use by health care personnel & others
- (2) Multiple-Patient Rooms:
☐ check if not included in project
☐ handwashing station located outside patients cubicle curtains
- 2.1-2.2.6 ☐ Patient toilet room
 2.1-2.2.6.2 ☐ in patient care units patient toilet room serve no more than one patient room
- 2.1-2.2.6.3
 (1) ☐ toilet
 (2) ☐ handwashing station
 (3) ☐ bedpan washer
- 2.2-2.2.2.7 Patient Bathing Facilities:
 2.1-2.2.7.1(1) ☐ located in toilet room
☐ directly accessible from each patient room
or
 2.1-2.2.7.1(2) ☐ located in central bathing facility

Building Systems Requirements

- Power: Table 2.1-1
☐ Min. 12 receptacles in total
☐ Min. 2 receptacles at each side of the head of the bed
☐ Min. 2 receptacles on all other walls (not including any TV receptacle)
☐ Min. 1 receptacle for each motorized bed
- Nurse Call System: Table 2.1-2
☐ Patient station
☐ Staff assistance station
☐ Emergency call station
- Medical Gases: Table 2.1-3
☐ 1 OX, 1 VAC per bed

- Ventilation: Table 7-1
☐ Min. 10 air changes per hour
☐ Exhaust
☐ Negative pressure
☐ No recirculating room units
- Nurse Call System: Table 2.1-2
☐ Bath station

Architectural Requirements**Building Systems Requirements**

2.1-2.2.7.2

Central Bathing Facilities:

☐ check if not included in project

- (1) ☐ each bathtub or shower in individual room or enclosure that provides privacy for bathing drying & dressing
- (2) ☐ at least one shower or bathtub provided for each patient care unit
- (3)(a) ☐ at least one bathing facility with space for attendant to accommodate patients on gurneys, carts & wheelchairs (may be shared with multiple patient care units located on separate floors)
- ☐ following functions be provided
- ☐ toilet in or directly accessible to each central bathing facility
- (3)(b) ☐ in separate enclosure
or
☐ located in private bathing room

Ventilation:

- ☐ Min. 10 air changes per hour Table 7-1
- ☐ Exhaust
- ☐ Negative pressure
- ☐ No recirculating room units

Nurse Call System:

- ☐ Bath station Table 2.1-2

Ventilation:

- ☐ Min. 10 air changes per hour Table 7-1
- ☐ Exhaust

(3)(c)

- ☐ handwashing sink in or directly accessible to each central bathing facility

- ☐ Negative pressure
- ☐ No recirculating room units

2.1-2.2.7.3

- ☐ storage for soap & towels in or directly accessible to each central bathing facility

Nurse Call System:

- ☐ Bath station Table 2.1-2

Mobile Lifts, Shower Gurney
Devices & Wheelchair Access:

- (1) ☐ doorways designed to allow entry of portable/mobile mechanical lifts & shower gurney devices
- (2) ☐ thresholds designed to facilitate use & prevent tipping of wheelchairs & other portable wheeled equipment
- (3) ☐ patient shower rooms designed to allow entry of portable/mobile mechanical lifts & shower gurney devices
- (4) ☐ floor drain grates be designed to facilitate use & prevent tipping of wheelchairs & other portable wheeled equipment

2.2-2.2.2.8

Patient Storage:

2.1-2.2.8

- ☐ separate wardrobe, locker, or closet suitable for garments & for storing personal effects

Architectural Requirements**Building Systems Requirements**

2.2-2.2.3

PATIENT/FAMILY-CENTERED CARE

2.2-2.4.2.1

___ Pediatric patient rooms include provisions for family support (e.g. hygiene sleeping & personal belongings)

(1) ___ Space provided in patient room to support visitation by family members & others

(a) ___ space for movable seating with min. of one seat for family member or visitor & one seat for patient

(b) ___ space for at least one chair for long-term sitting

(2) ___ space provided for family sleeping accommodation

(3) ___ Public communication services be provided in each patient room

2.2-2.3.2.2

SPECIAL PATIENT CARE ROOMS

2.2-2.3.2.2(1)

___ Combination airborne infection isolation/ protective environment (AII/PE) room

2.2-2.4.4 ___ at least one combination AII/PE room

2.1-2.4.2.2 ___ complies with requirements applicable to patient rooms

(1) ___ capacity one bed

(2) ___ personal protective equipment (PPE) storage at entrance to room

(3) ___ handwashing station

Ventilation:

___ Min. 12 air changes per hour Table 7-1

___ Exhaust

___ Positive pressure

___ No recirculating room units

___ Exhaust register located directly above patient bed on ceiling or on wall near head of bed Part 3/7.2.1

(4) ___ patient toilet room

___ serves only one AII room

(5) ___ bathtub or shower

2.1-2.2.6.3(1) ___ toilet

2.1-2.2.6.3(2) ___ handwashing station

2.1-2.2.6.3(3) ___ bedpan washer

Ventilation:

___ Min. 10 air changes per hour Table 7-1

___ Exhaust

___ Negative pressure

___ No recirculating room units

2.1-2.4.2.4

(1)(a)

Architectural Details & Furnishings:

___ perimeter walls ceiling & floor including penetrations constructed to prevent air exfiltration

(1)(b) ___ self-closing devices on all room exit doors

or

___ activation of audible alarm when PE room is in use as isolation room

___ edge seals provided along sides & top of doorframe for any door into PE room

(2) (a) ___ window treatments do not include fabric drapes & curtains

2.1-7.2.3.1(7)(a) ___ floors are monolithic & integral coved wall bases are at least 6" high & tightly sealed to wall

Architectural Requirements**Building Systems Requirements**

- 2.1-2.4.2.5 _____ room pressure visual or audible alarm
- 2.2-2.2.4.4(5) Special Design Elements:
- (a) _____ monolithic ceiling
- _____ surfaces are cleanable
- (b) _____ lighting fixtures have lenses & are sealed
- 2.2-2.2.4.5(3) _____ Anteroom
- (a) _____ provides space for persons to don personal protective equipment before entering patient room & doff PPE after leaving patient room
- (b) _____ all doors to anteroom have self-closing devices
- or**
- _____ audible alarm activated when AII/PE room is in use as isolation room
- 2.1-2.4.2.3
- (3)(a) _____ handwashing station
- (3)(b) _____ storage for unused PPE
- (3)(c) _____ disposal/holding container for used PPE
- 2.2-2.3.2.2(2) _____ Protective environment (PE) room
- _____ ☐ check if not included in project (only if no hematopoietic cell transplantation patients are present in oncology unit)
- 2.1-2.4.2.2 _____ complies with requirements applicable to patient rooms
- (1) _____ capacity one bed
- (2) _____ personal protective equipment (PPE) storage at entrance to room
- (3) _____ handwashing station
- (4) _____ patient toilet room
- _____ serves only one AII room
- (5) _____ bathtub or shower
- _____ toilet
- 2.1-2.2.6.3(1) _____ handwashing station
- 2.1-2.2.6.3(2) _____ bedpan washer
- 2.1-2.2.6.3(3) _____
- 2.1-2.4.2.3 _____ anteroom
- _____ ☐ check if not included in project
- (1) _____ provides space for persons to don personal protective equipment (PPE) before entering patient room
- Ventilation:
- _____ Min. 10 air changes per hour Table 7-1
- _____ Exhaust
- _____ No recirculating room units
- Ventilation:
- _____ Min. 12 air changes per hour Table 7-1
- _____ Positive pressure
- _____ No recirculating room units
- _____ Supply air diffusers are located above patient bed Part 3/7.2.2
- _____ Exhaust grilles or registers located near patient room door
- Ventilation:
- _____ Min. 10 air changes per hour Table 7-1
- _____ Exhaust
- _____ Negative pressure
- _____ No recirculating room units
- Ventilation:
- _____ Min. 10 air changes per hour Table 7-1
- _____ No recirculating room units

Architectural Requirements**Building Systems Requirements**

- (2) ☐ all doors to anteroom have self-closing devices
or
☐ audible alarm activated when PE room is in use as isolation room
- (3)(a) ☐ handwashing station
 (3)(b) ☐ storage for unused PPE
 (3)(c) ☐ disposal/holding container for used PPE
- 2.1-2.4.2.4 Architectural Details & Furnishings:
 (1)(a) ☐ perimeter walls ceiling & floor including penetrations constructed to prevent air exfiltration
 (1)(b) ☐ self-closing devices on all room exit doors
or
☐ activation of audible alarm when PE room is in use as isolation room
☐ edge seals provided along sides & top of doorframe for any door into PE room
- (2) (a) ☐ window treatments do not include fabric drapes & curtains
- 2.1-2.4.2.5 ☐ room pressure visual or audible alarm
- 2.2-2.2.4.4(5) Special Design Elements:
 (a) ☐ monolithic ceiling
☐ surfaces are cleanable
 (b) ☐ lighting fixtures have lenses & are sealed

2.2-2.3.4 **ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR BONE MARROW/STEM CELL TRANSPLANT UNIT**

☐ check if not included in project

- 2.2-2.3.4.1(1)(a) ☐ Patient rooms in allogeneic/autologous bone marrow/stem cell transplant units meet Protective Environment Room requirements
- 2.2-2.3.4.1(2) ☐ Bone marrow transplant rooms are located in same building as diagnostic imaging & radiation therapy equipment
- 2.2-2.3.2.2(2) ☐ Protective environment (PE) room
 2.1-2.4.2.2 ☐ complies with requirements applicable to patient rooms
- (1) ☐ capacity one bed
 (2) ☐ personal protective equipment (PPE) storage at entrance to room

Ventilation:

- ☐ Min. 12 air changes per hour Table 7-1
☐ Positive pressure
☐ No recirculating room units

| | Architectural Requirements | Building Systems Requirements |
|-------------------|--|---|
| (3) | ___ handwashing station | |
| (4) | ___ patient toilet room | Ventilation: |
| | ___ serves only one AII room | ___ Min. 10 air changes per hour Table 7-1 |
| (5) | ___ bathtub or shower | ___ Exhaust |
| 2.1-2.2.6.3(1) | ___ toilet | ___ Negative pressure |
| 2.1-2.2.6.3(2) | ___ handwashing station | ___ No recirculating room units |
| 2.1-2.2.6.3(3) | ___ bedpan washer | ___ Supply air diffusers are Part 3/7.2.2 located above patient bed |
| | | ___ Exhaust grilles or registers located near patient room door |
| 2.1-2.4.2.3 | ___ anteroom | |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project | |
| (1) | ___ provides space for persons to don personal protective equipment (PPE) before entering patient room | Ventilation: ___ Min. 10 air changes per hour Table 7-1 ___ No recirculating room units |
| (2) | ___ all doors to anteroom have self-closing devices | |
| | or | |
| | ___ audible alarm activated when PE room is in use as isolation room | |
| (3)(a) | ___ handwashing station | |
| (3)(b) | ___ storage for unused PPE | |
| (3)(c) | ___ disposal/holding container for used PPE | |
| 2.1-2.4.2.4 | Architectural Details & Furnishings: | |
| (1)(a) | ___ perimeter walls ceiling & floor including penetrations constructed to prevent air exfiltration | |
| (1)(b) | ___ self-closing devices on all room exit doors | |
| | or | |
| | ___ activation of audible alarm when PE room is in use as isolation room | |
| | ___ edge seals provided along sides & top of doorframe for any door into PE room | |
| (2)(a) | ___ window treatments do not include fabric drapes & curtains | |
| 2.1-2.4.2.5 | ___ room pressure visual or audible alarm | |
| 2.2-2.2.4.4(5) | Special Design Elements: | |
| (a) | ___ monolithic ceiling | |
| | ___ surfaces are cleanable | |
| (b) | ___ lighting fixtures have lenses & are sealed | |
| 2.2-2.3.4.3(1)(a) | ___ all windows in room have fixed sash & are sealed to eliminate infiltration | |

Architectural Requirements**Building Systems Requirements**

- 2.2-2.3.4.3(1)(b) ☐ view panels provided in doors or walls for nursing staff observation
- 2.2-2.3.4.3(2) ☐ means provided to cover windows & view panels when patient requires visual privacy

2.2-2.3.7 **SPECIAL DESIGN ELEMENTS FOR ONCOLOGY PATIENT CARE UNITS**

- 2.2-2.3.7.1 Architectural Details:
- (1) ☐ no decorative water features
- (2) ☐ no fish tanks
- (3) ☐ no decorative plant boxes or containers inside or immediately adjacent* to oncology patient care unit
- 2.2-2.3.7.2 Surfaces & Furnishings:
- (1) ☐ frequently touched surfaces in patient's environment of care designed to facilitate cleaning & disinfection
- (2) ☐ cabinetry, casework & countertops have flush surfaces that are smooth, nonporous, cleanable, wipeable & durable & that do not scratch easily
- (3) ☐ window treatments & privacy curtains provided in accordance with 2.1-7.2.4.2
- (a) ☐ no fabric drapes
- (b) ☐ no fabric privacy curtains
- (b) ☐ window treatments & privacy curtains wipeable

2.2-2.3.8 **SUPPORT AREAS FOR ONCOLOGY PATIENT CARE UNITS**

- 2.1-2.8.1 ☐ Support areas provided on each patient care unit floor (permitted to be arranged & located to serve more than one patient care unit)

- 2.2-2.2.8.2 ☐ Administrative center or nurse station
- 2.1-2.8.2.1(1) ☐ space for counters
- 2.1-2.8.2.1(2) ☐ handwashing station next to or directly accessible*
- or**
- ☐ hand sanitation dispenser next to or directly accessible*

- Nurse Call System:
- ☐ Nurse master station

Table 2.1-2

- 2.1-2.8.2.2 ☐ Center for reception & communication
- ☐ self-contained
- or**
- ☐ combined with administrative center or nurse station

- 2.2-2.2.8.3 ☐ Documentation area
- 2.1-2.8.3.1 ☐ work surface to support documentation process
- 2.2-2.2.8.4 ☐ Nurse or supervisor office

| | Architectural Requirements | Building Systems Requirements |
|----------------|---|--|
| 2.2-2.2.8.5 | ___ Multipurpose room | |
| 2.1-2.8.5 | ___ at least one multipurpose room for each facility for patient conferences, reports, education, training sessions & consultation (may serve several patient care units & departments) | |
| 2.2-2.2.8.7 | ___ Handwashing station | |
| 2.1-2.8.7.1 | ___ located in each room where hands-on patient care is provided | |
| 2.2-2.2.8.8 | ___ Medication safety zones | |
| 2.1-2.8.8.1(2) | Design Promoting Safe Medication Use: | |
| (a) | ___ medication safety zones located out of circulation paths | |
| (b) | ___ work space designed so that staff can access information & perform required tasks | |
| (c) | ___ work counters provide space to perform required tasks | |
| (e) | ___ sharps containers placed at height that allows users to see top of container | |
| (f) | ___ max. 45 dBA noise level caused by building systems | |
| 2.1-2.8.8.2(1) | ___ medication preparation room | |
| (a) | ___ under visual control of nursing staff | |
| (b) | ___ work counter | Lighting: ___ Task lighting 2.1-2.8.8.1(2)(d) |
| | ___ handwashing station | Ventilation: ___ Min. 4 air changes per hour Table 7-1 |
| | ___ lockable refrigerator | |
| | ___ locked storage for controlled drugs | |
| | ___ sharps containers | |
| | ___ <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project | |
| (c) | ___ self-contained medication-dispensing unit | |
| | ___ <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project | |
| | ___ room designed with space to prepare medications | |
| | or | |
| 2.1-2.8.8.2(2) | ___ automated medication-dispensing unit | |
| (a) | ___ located at nurse station, in clean workroom or in alcove | |
| (c) | ___ handwashing station or hand sanitation dispenser located next to stationary medication-dispensing units or stations | |
| 2.2-2.2.8.9 | ___ Nourishment area or room | Ventilation: ___ Min. 2 air changes per hour Table 7-1 |
| 2.1-2.8.9.2(1) | ___ handwashing station | |
| 2.1-2.8.9.2(2) | ___ work counter | |
| 2.1-2.8.9.2(3) | ___ refrigerator | |
| 2.1-2.8.9.2(4) | ___ microwave | |

| Architectural Requirements | | Building Systems Requirements | |
|----------------------------|---|---|-----------|
| 2.1-2.8.9.2(5) | <input type="checkbox"/> storage cabinets | | |
| 2.1-2.8.9.2(6) | <input type="checkbox"/> space for temporary storage of food service implements | | |
| 2.1-2.8.9.3 | <input type="checkbox"/> provisions & space for separate temporary storage of unused meal trays | | |
| 2.1-2.8.9.4 | <input type="checkbox"/> provisions & space for soiled meal trays | | |
| 2.2-2.2.8.10 | <input type="checkbox"/> Ice-making equipment | | |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> located in each patient care unit | | |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> equipment to provide ice for treatments & for nourishment | | |
| 2.2-2.2.8.11 | <input type="checkbox"/> Clean workroom or clean supply room | | |
| 2.1-2.8.11.2 | <input type="checkbox"/> clean workroom | Ventilation: | |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> used for preparing patient care items | <input type="checkbox"/> Min. 4 air changes per hour | Table 7-1 |
| (1) | <input type="checkbox"/> work counter | <input type="checkbox"/> Positive pressure | |
| (2) | <input type="checkbox"/> handwashing station | | |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> storage facilities for clean & sterile supplies | | |
| (3) | or | | |
| 2.1-2.8.11.3 | <input type="checkbox"/> clean supply room | Ventilation: | |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> used only for storage & holding as part of system for distribution of clean & sterile supplies | <input type="checkbox"/> Min. 4 air changes per hour | Table 7-1 |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> Positive pressure | |
| 2.2-2.2.8.12 | <input type="checkbox"/> Soiled workroom or soiled holding room | | |
| 2.1-2.8.12.2 | <input type="checkbox"/> soiled workroom | Ventilation: | |
| (1)(a) | <input type="checkbox"/> handwashing station | <input type="checkbox"/> Min. 10 air changes per hour | Table 7-1 |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> Exhaust | |
| (1)(b) | <input type="checkbox"/> flushing-rim clinical service sink with bedpan-rinsing device or equivalent flushing-rim fixture | <input type="checkbox"/> Negative pressure | |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> No recirculating room units | |
| (1)(c) | <input type="checkbox"/> work counter | | |
| (1)(d) | <input type="checkbox"/> space for separate covered containers for waste & soiled linen | | |
| (2) | <input type="checkbox"/> fluid management system is used | | |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project | | |
| (a) | <input type="checkbox"/> electrical & plumbing connections that meet manufacturer requirements | | |
| (b) | <input type="checkbox"/> space for docking station | | |
| | or | | |
| 2.1-2.8.12.3 | <input type="checkbox"/> soiled holding room | Ventilation: | |
| (1) | <input type="checkbox"/> handwashing station or hand sanitation station | <input type="checkbox"/> Min. 10 air changes per hour | Table 7-1 |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> Exhaust | |
| (2) | <input type="checkbox"/> space for separate covered containers for waste & soiled linen | <input type="checkbox"/> Negative pressure | |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> No recirculating room units | |

Architectural Requirements**Building Systems Requirements**

- 2.1-2.8.13.1
(1) ☐ Clean linen storage
☐ stored in clean workroom or clean supply room
or
☐ separate closet
or
☐ covered cart distribution system on each floor
- (2) ☐ storage of clean linen carts in designated corridor alcoves, clean workroom or closets

- 2.1-2.8.13.2 ☐ Equipment & supply storage room or alcoves
☐ sized to provide min. 10 sf per patient bed

- 2.1-2.8.13.3 ☐ Storage space for gurneys, stretchers & wheelchairs

- 2.1-2.8.13.4
(1) ☐ Emergency equipment storage
☐ each patient care unit has at least one emergency equipment storage location
- (2) ☐ provided under visual observation of staff
- (3) ☐ storage locations in corridors do not encroach on min. required corridor width

- 2.2-2.2.8.14 ☐ Environmental services room
- 2.1-2.8.14.1 ☐ readily accessible* to unit or floor it serves (permitted to serve more than one patient care unit on floor)

Ventilation:

- ☐ Min. 10 air changes per hour Table 7-1
☐ Exhaust
☐ Negative pressure

- 2.1-2.8.14.2(1) ☐ service sink or floor-mounted mop sink
- 2.1-2.8.14.2(2) ☐ provisions for storage of supplies & housekeeping equipment
- 2.1-2.8.14.2(3) ☐ handwashing station
or
☐ hand sanitation station

- 2.2-2.2.8.15 ☐ Examination room
☐ check if not included in project
 (1) (only if all patient rooms in patient care unit are single-patient rooms)
☐ designed for single patient
- (2) ☐ serves only one patient care unit
or
☐ serves more than one patient care unit on same floor
☐ centrally located

- 2.1-2.1.2 Patient privacy:
☐ provisions are made to address patient visual & speech privacy

Architectural Requirements**Building Systems Requirements**

- 2.1-3.2.2.1
(1) ☐ Space Requirements:
 ☐ min. clear floor area 120 sf
 ☐ min. clear dimension 10'-0"
 (2)(a) ☐ room size permits room
 arrangement with min. clearance
 3'-0" at each side & at foot of exam
 table, recliner or chair
 ☐ room arrangement (layout #1)
 shown in the plans
 (2)(b) ☐ exam table, recliner or chair is
 placed at angle closer to one wall
 than another or against wall to
 accommodate type of patient
 being served
 ☐ check if not included in project
 ☐ room arrangement (layout #2)
 shown in the plans
- 2.1-3.2.2.2(2) ☐ storage for supplies
- 2.1-3.2.2.2(3) ☐ accommodations for written or
 electronic documentation
- 2.1-3.2.2.2(4)
(5) ☐ space for visitor's chair
 ☐ handwashing station

- Ventilation:
☐ Min. 6 air changes per hour Table 7-1
- Lighting:
☐ Portable or fixed exam light 2.1-8.3.4.3(3)
- Power:
☐ Min. 8 receptacles in total Table 2.1-1
☐ Min. 4 receptacles convenient
 to head of gurney or bed
- Nurse Call System:
☐ Staff assistance station Table 2.1-2
☐ Emergency call station

- 2.2-2.4.10
2.2-2.4.10.1 ☐ **SUPPORT AREAS FOR PATIENTS**
 ☐ Patient play areas
 ☐ check if not included in project
 ☐ play areas constructed of surfaces &
 materials that are easy to clean &
 durable (nonporous & smooth)

- 2.2-2.3.9
2.1-2.9.1 ☐ **SUPPORT AREAS FOR STAFF**
 ☐ Staff lounge
 ☐ min. 100 sf
 ☐ Staff toilet room (permitted to be unisex)
 ☐ readily accessible* to each patient care
 unit
 ☐ toilet & handwashing station
- 2.1-2.9.3
2.1-2.9.3.1 ☐ Staff storage facilities
 ☐ securable closets or cabinet
 compartments for personal articles of staff
 ☐ located in or near nurse station

- Ventilation:
☐ Min. 10 air changes per hour Table 7-1
☐ Exhaust
☐ Negative pressure
☐ No recirculating room units

2.2-2.3.10 ☐ **SUPPORT AREAS FOR PATIENTS FAMILIES
 & VISITORS**

- 2.2-2.3.10.1 ☐ Family & visitor lounge:
 ☐ each patient care unit provides access
 to lounge for family & visitors
 2.1-2.10.1.1(1) ☐ accommodates at minimum 3
 chairs & 1 wheelchair space

- Communications:
☐ Public communication 2.1-2.10.1.6
 services provided in each
 family & visitor lounge

Architectural Requirements**Building Systems Requirements**

- (2) _____ accommodates at least 1 person
for every 4 beds in unit
- 2.1-2.10.1.2 _____ immediately accessible* to patient care
units served (permitted to serve more
than one patient care unit)
- 2.1-2.10.1.4 _____ designed to minimize impact of noise &
activity on patient rooms & staff functions
- 2.2-2.3.10.2 _____ some portion of occupied space
permits privacy for visitors
- 2.2-2.3.10.3(1) _____ area for communications (e.g. cell
phones computers wireless
Internet access)
- 2.2-2.3.10.3(2) _____ patient-family information stations
- 2.2-2.3.10.3(3) _____ access to beverages & nourishment
- 2.2-2.2.10.2(1) _____ Toilet room
_____ handwashing station
_____ readily accessible* to multipurpose room
- 2.2-2.2.10.4 _____ Place for meditation & prayer
_____ at least one dedicated quiet space to
support meditation bereavement or prayer

***LOCATION TERMINOLOGY:**

Directly accessible: Connected to the identified area or room through a doorway, pass-through, or other opening without going through an intervening room or public space

Adjacent: Located next to but not necessarily connected to the identified area or room

Immediately accessible: Available either in or adjacent to the identified area or room

Readily accessible: Available on the same floor or in the same clinic as the identified area or room

Architectural Details & MEP Requirements

- 2.1-7.2.2 **ARCHITECTURAL DETAILS**
- 2.1-7.2.2.1 **CORRIDOR WIDTH:**
- NFPA 101, 18.2.3.3 _____ Aisles, corridors & ramps required for
exit access in a hospital not less than
8'-0" in clear & unobstructed width
- or**
- _____ Detailed code review incorporated in
Project Narrative
- _____ Aisles, corridors & ramps in adjunct
areas not intended for the housing,
treatment, or use of inpatients not less
than 44" in clear & unobstructed width
- 2.1-7.2.2.2 **CEILING HEIGHT:**
- (1) _____ Min. ceiling height 7'-6" in corridors
& in normally unoccupied spaces
- (2) _____ Min. ceiling height 9'-0" in seclusion
rooms & secure holding rooms
- (3) _____ Min height 7'-6" above floor of
suspended tracks rails & pipes
located in traffic path for patients in
beds & on stretchers
- _____ Min ceiling height 7'-10" in other areas

- 2.1-7.2.2.3 **DOORS & DOOR HARDWARE:**
- (1) **Door Type:**
- (a) _____ doors between corridors rooms
or spaces subject to occupancy
swing type or sliding doors
- (b) _____ sliding doors
□ check if not included in project
_____ manual or automatic
sliding doors comply with
NFPA 101
_____ detailed code review
incorporated in Project
Narrative
_____ no floor tracks
- Door Opening to Patient Rooms:**
- (2) _____ min 45.5" clear door width
- (a) _____ min 83.5" clear door height
- (b) _____ swinging doors for personnel
use in addition to sliding doors
□ check if not included in project
_____ min clear width 34.5"

| | | | |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| (3) (a) | Door Swing: _____ doors do not swing into corridors except doors in behavioral health units & doors to non-occupiable spaces (e.g. environmental services rooms & electrical closets) & doors with emergency breakaway hardware | 2.1-7.2.2.8 (1)(c) | HANDWASHING STATIONS: _____ Handwashing stations in patient care areas located so they are visible & unobstructed |
| (4) | _____ Lever hardware or push/pull latch hardware | (3) (a) | _____ Handwashing station countertops made of porcelain stainless steel solid-surface materials or impervious plastic laminate assembly |
| (5) | Doors for Patient Bathing/Toilet Facilities: | (b) | _____ Countertops substrate □ check if <u>not</u> included in project |
| (a) | _____ two separate doors | | _____ marine-grade plywood (or equivalent material) with impervious seal |
| | or | | |
| | _____ door that swings outward | (4) | _____ Handwashing station casework □ check if <u>not</u> included in project |
| | or | | _____ designed to prevent storage beneath sink |
| | _____ door equipped with emergency rescue hardware (permits quick access from outside the room to prevent blockage of the door) | (5) | _____ Provisions for drying hands |
| | or | (a) | _____ hand-drying device does not require hands to contact dispenser |
| | _____ sliding door other than pocket door | (b) | _____ hand-drying device is enclosed to protect against dust or soil & to ensure single-unit dispensing |
| (b) | _____ bathing area or toilet room opens onto public area or corridor □ check if <u>not</u> included in project | (6) | _____ liquid or foam soap dispensers |
| | _____ visual privacy is maintained | 2.1-7.2.2.9 | GRAB BARS: |
| 2.1-7.2.2.5 | WINDOWS IN PATIENT ROOMS: | (1) | _____ Grab bars anchored to sustain concentrated load 250 pounds |
| 2.1-7.2.2.5(1) | _____ Each patient room provided with natural light by means of window to outside | (2) | _____ Grab bars in toilet rooms used by patients of size anchored to sustain concentrated load 800 pounds |
| 2.1-7.2.2.5(2) | _____ Operable windows in patient rooms or suites □ check if <u>not</u> included in project | (3) | _____ Ends of grab bars constructed to prevent snagging clothes of patients staff & visitors |
| | _____ window operation is limited with either stop limit/restrictor hardware or open guard/screen | 2.1-7.2.2.10 | HANDRAILS: |
| | _____ prevents passage of 4-inch diameter sphere through opening | (1)(a) | _____ Installed on both sides of patient use corridors |
| 2.1-7.2.2.6 | _____ insect screens | (1)(b) | (may be omitted at nurse stations, doors, alcoves & fire extinguisher cabinets) |
| 2.1-7.2.2.5(3) | Window Size In Patient Rooms: | (2) | _____ Rail ends return to wall or floor |
| (a) | _____ minimum net glazed area be no less than 8% of required min. clear floor area of room served | (3) | _____ Handrail gripping surfaces & fasteners are smooth (free of sharp or abrasive elements) |
| (b) | _____ maximum 36 inches windowsill height above finished floor | (4) | _____ Handrails have eased edges & corners |
| 2.1-7.2.2.7 | GLAZING MATERIALS: | (5) | _____ Handrails have surface light reflectance value that contrasts with that of wall surface by min. 30% |
| | _____ Glazing within 1 foot 6 inches of floor □ check if <u>not</u> included in project | (6) | _____ Handrail finishes are cleanable & able to withstand disinfection |
| | _____ must be safety glass wire glass or plastic break-resistant material | | |

2.1-7.2.2.12 NOISE CONTROL:

- (1) ☐ Recreation rooms exercise rooms equipment rooms & similar spaces where impact noises may be generated are not located directly over patient bed areas
- or**
- ☐ Special provisions are made to minimize impact noise
- (2) ☐ Noise reduction criteria in Table 1.2-6 applicable to partitions floors & ceiling construction are met in patient areas

2.1-7.2.2.14 DECORATIVE WATER FEATURES:

- (1) ☐ No indoor unsealed water features
- (2) ☐ Covered fish tanks
- ☐ check if not included in project
- ☐ restricted to public areas

2.1-7.2.3 SURFACES

2.1-7.2.3.1 FLOORING & WALL BASES:

- (1) ☐ Flooring surfaces cleanable & wear-resistant for location
- (3) ☐ Smooth transitions provided between different flooring materials
- (4) ☐ Flooring surfaces including those on stairways are stable firm & slip-resistant
- (5) ☐ Floors & wall bases of soiled workrooms, toilet rooms & other areas subject to frequent wet cleaning are constructed of materials that are not physically affected by cleaning solutions
- (7)(a) Floors are monolithic & integral coved wall bases are at least 6" high & tightly sealed to wall in rooms listed below:
- ☐ airborne infection isolation (All) room
- ☐ protective environment (PE) room
- ☐ check if not included in project
- ☐ combination All/PE room
- ☐ check if not included in project
- ☐ anteroom to All & PE rooms
- ☐ check if not included in project
- ☐ soiled workroom & soiled holding room

2.1-7.2.3.2 WALLS & WALL PROTECTION:

- (1)(a) ☐ Wall finishes are washable
- (1)(b) ☐ Wall finishes near plumbing fixtures are smooth, scrubbable & water-resistant
- (2) ☐ Wall surfaces in areas routinely subjected to wet spray or splatter (e.g environmental services rooms) are monolithic or have sealed seams that are tight & smooth
- (5) ☐ Wall protection devices & corner guards durable & scrubbable

2.1-7.2.3.3 CEILINGS:

- (1) ☐ Ceilings provided in all areas except mechanical, electrical & communications equipment rooms
- (a) ☐ Ceilings cleanable with routine housekeeping equipment
- (b) ☐ Acoustic & lay-in ceilings where used do not create ledges or crevices

2.1-7.2.4.1

Built-In Furnishings:

- ☐ check if not included in project
- ☐ upholstered with impervious materials in patient treatment areas

2.1-7.2.4.2

Window Treatments in Patient Rooms & Other Patient Care Areas:

- (1) ☐ blinds sheers or other patient-controlled window treatments provided to allow for patient privacy & to control light levels & glare
- (2) ☐ window treatments do not compromise patient safety
- ☐ easy for patients visitors & staff to operate
- (3) ☐ window treatments selected for ease of cleaning disinfection or sanitization

2.1-7.2.4.3

- ☐ Privacy curtains in patient rooms & other patient care areas are washable
- ☐ check if not included in project

2.1-8.2

HEATING VENTILATION & AIR-CONDITIONING (HVAC) SYSTEMS

Part 3/6.1

Part 3/6.1.1

UTILITIES:

Ventilation Upon Loss of Electrical Power:

- ☐ space ventilation & pressure relationship requirements of Tables 7.1 are maintained for All Rooms & PE Rooms in event of loss of normal electrical power

Part 3/6.1.2

Part 3/6.1.2.1

Heating & Cooling Sources:

- ☐ heat sources & essential accessories are provided in number & arrangement sufficient to accommodate facility needs (reserve capacity) even when any one of heat sources is not operating
- ☐ capacity of remaining source or sources is sufficient to provide for domestic hot water & to provide heating for intensive care nursery & inpatient rooms

| | | | |
|----------------|---|----------------|--|
| Part 3/6.1.2.2 | Central cooling systems greater than 400 tons (1407 kW) peak cooling load <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project _____ number & arrangement of cooling sources & essential accessories is sufficient to support owner's facility operation plan upon breakdown or routine maintenance of any one of cooling sources | Part 3/6.3.2.2 | _____ exhaust discharge outlets with contaminated air is arranged to discharge to atmosphere in vertical direction at least 10'-0" above adjoining roof level _____ exhaust discharge outlets from AII rooms is located not less than 25'-0" horizontally from outdoor air intakes, openable windows/doors & areas that are normally accessible to public |
| Part 3/6.2 | AIR-HANDLING UNIT (AHU) DESIGN: | Part 3/6.4 | FILTRATION: |
| Part 3/6.2.1 | _____ AHU casing is designed to prevent water intrusion resist corrosion & permit access | a. | _____ Particulate matter filters, min. MERV-8 provided upstream of first heat exchanger surface of any air-conditioning system that combines return air from multiple rooms or introduces outdoor air |
| Part 3/6.3 | OUTDOOR AIR INTAKES & EXHAUST DISCHARGES: | b. | _____ Outdoor air filtered in accordance with Table 7-1 |
| Part 3/6.3.1 | Outdoor Air Intakes: | c. | _____ Air supplied from equipment serving multiple or different spaces is filtered in accordance with Table 7-1 |
| Part 3/6.3.1.1 | _____ located such that shortest distance from intake to any specific potential outdoor contaminant source be equal to or greater than separation distance listed in Table 6-1 _____ located min of 25 ft from cooling towers & all exhaust & vent discharges _____ air intakes located away from public access _____ all intakes designed to prevent entrainment of wind-driven rain _____ contain features for draining away precipitation _____ equipped with birdscreen of mesh no smaller than 0.5 inches | d. | _____ Air recirculated within room is filtered in accordance with Table 7-1 or Section 7.1(a)(5) |
| Part 3/6.3.1.4 | _____ intake in areaway <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project _____ bottom of areaway air intake opening is at least 6'-0" above grade _____ bottom of air intake opening from areaway into building is at least 3'-0" above bottom of areaway | h. | _____ For spaces that do not permit air recirculated by means of room units & have minimum filter efficiency of MERV-14, MERV-16 or HEPA in accordance with Table 7-1, the min. filter requirement listed in Table 7-1 is installed downstream of all wet-air cooling coils & supply fan |
| Part 3/6.3.2 | Exhaust Discharges: | Part 3/6.5 | HEATING & COOLING SYSTEMS: |
| Part 3/6.3.2.1 | _____ ductwork within building is under negative pressure for exhaust of contaminated air (i.e air from AII rooms) _____ exhaust discharge outlets with contaminated air located such that they reduce potential for recirculation of exhausted air back into building | Part 3/6.5.3 | _____ Radiant heating systems <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project _____ ceiling or wall panels with exposed cleanable surfaces or radiant floor heating are provided in AII room PE room & burn unit |
| | | Part 3/6.7 | AIR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS: |
| | | Part 3/6.7.1 | _____ pressure relationships required in tables 7.1 maintained in all modes of HVAC system operation _____ Spaces that have required pressure relationships are served by fully ducted return systems or fully ducted exhaust systems _____ Inpatient facilities are served by fully ducted return or exhaust systems |
| | | Part 3/6.7.2 | Air Distribution Devices: _____ supply air outlets comply with Table 6-2 |

| | | | |
|----------------|--|--------------|---|
| Part 3/6.7.3 | Smoke Barriers: <input type="checkbox"/> HVAC zones coordinated with compartmentation to minimize ductwork penetrations of fire & smoke barriers. | | <input type="checkbox"/> is discharged into the general exhaust stream, provided the All exhaust air first passes through a HEPA filter (all exhaust ductwork kept under negative pressure) |
| Part 3/6.8 | ENERGY RECOVERY SYSTEMS: <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project | Part 3/7.2.1 | <input type="checkbox"/> Exhaust air grille or register in patient room is located directly above patient bed on ceiling or on wall near head of bed |
| Part 3/6.8.1 | <input type="checkbox"/> Located upstream of filters required by Part 3/6.8.4 | | <input type="checkbox"/> Anteroom <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project |
| Part 3/6.8.2 | <input type="checkbox"/> AII room exhaust systems or combination AII/PE rooms are not used for energy recovery | | <input type="checkbox"/> AII room is at negative pressure with respect to anteroom |
| Part 3/7 | SPACE VENTILATION - HOSPITAL SPACES: | | <input type="checkbox"/> Anteroom is at negative pressure with respect to corridor |
| Part 3/7.1.a | <input type="checkbox"/> Spaces ventilated according to Table 7-1 | | |
| Part 3/7.1.a.1 | <input type="checkbox"/> Air movement is from clean to less-clean areas | | |
| Part 3/7.1.a.3 | <input type="checkbox"/> Min number of total air changes required for positive pressure rooms is provided by total supply airflow <input type="checkbox"/> Min number of total air changes required for negative pressure rooms is provided by total exhaust airflow | Part 3/7.2.2 | Protective Environment (PE) Rooms <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project |
| | | Part 3/7.2.2 | <input type="checkbox"/> Supply air diffusers are located above patient bed <input type="checkbox"/> Exhaust grilles or registers are located near patient room door <input type="checkbox"/> PE rooms have permanently installed device to constantly monitor differential air pressure between room & corridor <input type="checkbox"/> Visual means is provided to indicate whenever positive differential pressure is not maintained |
| Part 3/7.1a.5 | <input type="checkbox"/> Air recirculation through room unit <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project <input type="checkbox"/> complies with Table 7-1 <input type="checkbox"/> room unit receive filtered & conditioned outdoor air <input type="checkbox"/> serve only single space <input type="checkbox"/> provides min MERV 8 filter located upstream of any cold surface so that all of air passing over cold surface is filtered | Part 3/7.2.3 | Combination Airborne Infectious Isolation/ Protective Environment Room (AII/PE) <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project <input type="checkbox"/> Supply air diffusers are located above patient bed <input type="checkbox"/> Exhaust grilles or registers are located near patient room door. <input type="checkbox"/> Anteroom <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project <input type="checkbox"/> anteroom is at positive pressure with respect to both AII/PE room & corridor or common space or <input type="checkbox"/> anteroom is at negative pressure with respect to both AII/PE room & corridor or common space |
| Part 3/7.2 | ADDITIONAL ROOM-SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS: | | <input type="checkbox"/> First device monitors pressure differential between AII/PE room & anteroom <input type="checkbox"/> Second device monitors pressure differential between anteroom & corridor or common space <input type="checkbox"/> Local visual means are provided to indicate whenever differential pressures are not maintained |
| Part 3/7.2.1 | Airborne Infection Isolation (AII) Rooms <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project <input type="checkbox"/> AII rooms have permanently installed device and/or mechanism to constantly monitor differential air pressure between room & corridor <input type="checkbox"/> Local visual means is provided to indicate whenever negative differential pressure is not maintained <input type="checkbox"/> Air from AII room is exhausted directly to outdoors | | |
| | Exhaust air from AII rooms, associated anterooms & toilet rooms: <input type="checkbox"/> is discharged directly to outdoors without mixing with exhaust air from any other non-AII room or exhaust system or | | |

2.1-8.3 ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- 2.1-8.3.2.2 Panelboards:
- (1) ☐ panelboards serving life safety branch circuits serve floors on which they are located & floors immediately above & below
- (2) ☐ panelboard critical branch circuits serve floors on which they are located
- (3) ☐ panelboards not located in exit enclosures or exit passageways

2.1-8.3.3 POWER-GENERATING & -STORING EQUIPMENT

- 2.1-8.3.3.1 ☐ Essential electrical system or emergency electrical power
- (1) ☐ essential electrical system complies with NFPA 99
- (2) ☐ emergency electrical power complies with NFPA 99

2.1-8.3.4 LIGHTING:

- 2.1-8.3.4.1
- (1) ☐ Luminaires in patient areas shall have smooth, cleanable, impact-resistant lenses concealing light source
- (2) ☐ Luminaires dissipate heat such that touchable surfaces will not burn occupants or ignite materials.
- 2.1-8.3.4.2
- (1) Patient rooms:
- (a) ☐ provide general level of illumination
- ☐ provide exam level of illumination (may be dimmable & limited to patient care station)
- (b) ☐ illumination for reading provided for each patient bed
- ☐ patients must be able to adjust illumination without having to get out of bed
- (d) ☐ no incandescent & halogen light sources
- (e) ☐ light sources are either encapsulated or covered by diffuser or lens or use fixtures designed to contain fragments
- (f) Night-lighting:
- ☐ at least one night-light fixture located in each patient room
- ☐ night-lights used by staff that illuminate path from entry to bedside are switched at room entrance
- ☐ night-light fixture located no more than 18 inches from finished floor

- ☐ illuminates pathway from bed to toilet room
- ☐ night-light color temperature 2,700K or warmer

- (2)(a) ☐ Corridors in patient care units have general illumination with provisions for reducing light levels at night

- (3) Exam/treatment rooms:
- ☐ portable or fixed exam light

- (6) Food & nutrition areas:
- ☐ light sources in kitchen & serving areas are either encapsulated or covered by diffuser or lens or use fixtures designed to contain fragments
- (7) ☐ Uplight fixtures installed in patient care areas are covered

2.1-8.3.5 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT:

- 2.1-8.3.5.1 ☐ Handwashing sinks that depend on building electrical service for operation are connected to essential electrical system

2.1-8.3.6 ELECTRICAL RECEPTACLES:

- 2.1-8.3.6.1 Receptacles In Corridors:
- (1) ☐ duplex-grounded receptacles for general use installed 50'-0" apart or less in all corridors
- ☐ duplex-grounded receptacles for general use installed within 25'-0" of corridor ends
- (2) ☐ receptacles in pediatric & psychiatric unit corridors are of tamper-resistant type

2.1-8.3.6.3 Essential Electrical System Receptacles:

- (1) ☐ cover plates for electrical receptacles supplied from essential electrical system are distinctively colored or marked for identification
- (2) ☐ same color is used throughout facility

2.1-8.4 PLUMBING SYSTEMS

- 2.1-8.4.2 Plumbing & Other Piping Systems:
- 2.1-8.4.2.1(3) ☐ no plumbing piping exposed overhead or on walls where possible accumulation of dust or soil may create cleaning problem

| | | | |
|-------------|--|----------------|--|
| 2.1-8.4.2.2 | Hemodialysis/Hemoperfusion Water Distribution: <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project | | |
| (1)(a) | ___ separate treated water distribution system | | |
| (2)(b) | ___ outlet at each individual hemodialysis treatment bay ___ outlet at hemodialysis equipment repair area ___ outlet at dialysate preparation area | (1)(b) | ___ drip pan for drainage piping above ceiling of sensitive area <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project ___ accessible ___ overflow drain with outlet located in normally occupied area that is not open to restricted area |
| (1)(b) | or ___ dialysis equipment includes sufficient water treatment provisions for use of domestic cold water | | |
| (1)(a) | ___ drainage system independent from tap water drainage | | |
| (4) | ___ liquid waste & disposal system for hemodialysis treatment area are designed to minimize odor & prevent backflow | 2.1-8.4.3 | PLUMBING FIXTURES: |
| (5) | ___ hemodialysis distribution piping is readily accessible* for inspection & maintenance | 2.1-8.4.3.1(1) | ___ Materials used for plumbing fixtures are non-absorptive & acid-resistant |
| 2.1-8.4.2.5 | Heated potable water distribution systems: | 2.1-8.4.3.2 | Handwashing Station Sinks: |
| (2) | ___ heated potable water distribution systems serving patient care areas are under constant recirculation to provide continuous hot water at each hot water outlet ___ non-recirculated fixture branch piping is not more than 10'-0" long | (1) | ___ designed with basins & faucets that reduce risk of splashing to areas where direct patient care is provided, medications are prepared or food is prepared |
| (3)(a) | ___ no installation of dead-end piping (installation of empty risers mains & branches for future use is permitted) | (2) | ___ sink basins have nominal size of no less than 144 square inches |
| (3)(c) | ___ no installation of dead-end piping (installation of empty risers mains & branches for future use is permitted) | (3) | ___ sink basins have min dimension 9 inches in width or length |
| (3)(b) | Renovations: <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project ___ dead-end piping is removed | (5) | ___ sink basins are made of porcelain stainless steel or solid-surface materials |
| 2.1-8.4.2.6 | Drainage Systems: | (7) | ___ water discharge point of faucets at least 10" above bottom of basin |
| (1)(a) | ___ drainage piping above ceiling of or exposed in rooms listed below piping have special provisions to protect space below from leakage & condensation • operating rooms • delivery rooms • procedure rooms • trauma rooms • nurseries • central kitchens • one-room sterile processing facilities • clean workroom of two-room sterile processing facilities | (8) | ___ anchored so that allowable stresses are not exceeded where vertical or horizontal force of 250 lbs. is applied |
| | | (a) | ___ sinks used by medical/nursing staff, patients & public have fittings that can be operated without using hands (may be single-lever or wrist blade devices) ___ blade handles <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project ___ at least 4 inches in length ___ provide clearance required for operation |
| | | (b) | ___ sensor-regulated water fixtures <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project ___ meet user need for temperature & length of time water flows ___ designed to function at all times & during loss of normal power |

| | | | |
|----------------|---|----------------|---|
| 2.1-8.4.3.3 | Showers & Tubs: | 2.1-8.5.1.1(5) | Wireless nurse call system |
| (1) | ___ nonslip surfaces | | <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project |
| (2) | ___ Surfaces for personal effects (e.g., shampoo, soap): | | ___ complies with UL 1069 |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project | 2.1-8.5.1.2 | Patient Call Stations: |
| | ___ surfaces for personal effects are recessed | (1) | ___ each patient sleeping bed provided with patient call station equipped for two-way voice communication |
| 2.1-8.4.3.4 | Ice-Making Equipment: | (2)(a) | ___ indicator light that remains lighted as long as voice circuit is operating |
| | ___ copper tubing provided for supply connections to ice-making equipment | (2)(b) | ___ reset switch for canceling call |
| 2.1-8.4.3.5 | Clinical Sinks: | (3)(a) | ___ visible signal in corridor at patient's door |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project | | Multi-Corridor Patient Areas: |
| (1) | ___ trimmed with valves that can be operated without hands (may be single-lever or wrist blade devices) | | <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project |
| (a) | ___ handles are at least 6 in long | | ___ additional visible signals at corridor intersections |
| (b) | ___ integral trap wherein upper portion of water trap provides visible seal | (3)(b) | ___ visible & audible signal at the nurse master station of patient care units or patient care areas |
| 2.1-8.4.3.7 | Human waste disposal systems: | 2.1-8.5.1.2(4) | ___ Nurse call system provided in each patient care area as required in Table 2.1-2 |
| (1) | ___ bedpan-rinsing device | | |
| (a) | ___ provided in each inpatient toilet room | 2.1-8.5.1.3 | Bath Stations: |
| (b) | ___ use cold water only | | ___ bath station that can be activated by patient lying on floor provided at each patient toilet bathtub sitz bath or shower stall |
| (2) | or | (1) | ___ alarm in these areas can only be turned off at bath station where it was initiated |
| | ___ bedpan washer-disinfectant system | (2) | ___ shower/tub bath stations located 3'-0" to 4'-0" above floor within view of user & within reach of staff without need to step into shower or tub |
| (a) | ___ located in patient toilet room or soiled workroom | (3) | ___ toilet bath stations located on the side of toilets within 12" of front of toilet bowl & 3'-0" to 4'-0" above floor |
| (b) | ___ electrical & plumbing connections that meet manufacturer requirements are provided | | |
| (3) | or | 2.1-8.5.1.5 | ___ Emergency call stations are equipped with continuous audible or visual confirmation to person who initiated the code call |
| | ___ disposable bedpan macerator system | | |
| (a) | ___ installed in soiled workroom | | |
| (b) | ___ electrical & plumbing connections per manufacturer requirements are provided | | |
| 2.1-8.4.4 | MEDICAL GAS & VACUUM SYSTEMS | | |
| | ___ Station outlets provided as indicated in Table 2.1-3 | | |
| 2.1-8.5.1 | CALL SYSTEMS | 2.1-8.6.2 | ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS |
| 2.1-8.5.1.1(1) | ___ Nurse call stations provided as required in Table 2.1-2 | | <input type="checkbox"/> check if <u>not</u> included in project |
| 2.1-8.5.1.1(2) | ___ Nurse call systems report to attended location with electronically supervised visual & audible annunciation as indicated in Table 2.1-2 | 2.1-8.6.2.1 | ___ Display screens in patient areas are mounted in tamper-resistant enclosure that is unobtrusive |
| 2.1-8.5.1.1(4) | ___ Call system complies with UL 1069 "Standard for Hospital Signaling & Nurse Call Equipment" | 2.1-8.6.2.2 | ___ Display screens are located so they are not readily observable by general public or patients |
| | | 2.1-8.6.2.3 | ___ Electronic surveillance systems receive power from essential electrical system |