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COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL CONDUCT Complaint No. 2000-110 et seq

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BEFORE: Hearing Officer E. George Daher, Chief Justice (Ret.)

Harvey Chopp, Clerk

APPEARANCES:

Goodwin Procter LLP

(by Paul F. Ware, Jr., Esq., Roberto M. Braceras, Esq., and Cheryl R. Brunetti, Esq.) Exchange Place, Boston, MA 02109, for the Commission on Judicial Conduct.

Law Offices of Richard M. Egbert
(by Richard M. Egbert, Esq., and
Patricia A. DeJuneas, Esq.)
99 Summer Street, Suite 1800,
Boston, MA 02110, for the Honorable
Maria I. Lopez.

Held at:

Edward W. Brooke Courthouse 24 New Chardon Street Boston, Massachusetts Monday, December 16, 2002 9:39 a.m.

(Jane M. Williamson, Registered Merit Reporter)

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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Mr. Egbert, do you
3	want to pick it up?
4	MR. EGBERT: Thanks, Judge.
5	DAVID DEAKIN, Previously Sworn
6	CROSS EXAMINATION, Resumed
7	BY MR. EGBERT:
8	Q. Good morning, Mr. Deakin.
9	A. Good morning, Mr. Egbert.
10	MR. EGBERT: Good morning, Your Honor.
11	Q. Mr. Deakin, after August 1st and we've
12	discussed at some length the discussions you had
13	with Ms. Joseph concerning press releases and the
14	like what was the next event in which you were
15	involved in any way with regard to the Horton case?
16	A. It was the hearing regarding change of plea
17	on I believe August 4th of that year, three days
18	later.
19	Q. And I think you testified that you received
20	a phone call from Ms. Joseph, correct?
21	A. That's correct.
22	Q. And you went over to court?
23	A. That's correct.
24	Q. Now, when you received the phone call from

- Ms. Joseph, she told you, did she not, that there were media at the courtroom or courthouse?
- A. I believe so. I don't have a specific recollection of her saying there was media, but I believe that she did.
- Q. She told you that there had been some event between the media and Mr. Horton and his mother?
- A. I'm not sure if she ever told me that. And if she did, I'm not certain whether it was in the phone call or after I got to court. I learned that, but I'm not sure if she told me that or not.
- Q. Let's combine for a moment the phone call and getting to court in terms of the information you received, all right?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. It's at or about the same period, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And it's fair to say that you have some difficulty differentiating what you heard in the phone call versus what you may have heard when you got to court?
- A. I remember some things clearly from the phone call and some things clearly from court.
 - Q. In any event, you did learn during that

- period of the phone call and coming to court that there had been some event between the media and Mr. Horton to cause some kind of a difficulty, correct?
 - A. I heard that, yes.
 - Q. You heard it?
- 6 A. Yes.

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- Q. Because one thing is clear. You weren't there. You weren't at court when court began its session on August 4th; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- 11 Q. And you weren't there when the media 12 arrived, correct?
- 13 A. No, I was not.
- 14 Q. You weren't there when Mr. Horton arrived, 15 correct?
 - A. I don't believe so, no.
- 17 Q. You weren't there when Mr. Horton's mother 18 arrived, correct?
- 19 A. Again, I don't believe so.
- 20 Q. You weren't there when Anne Goldbach
- 21 arrived, correct?
- 22 A. No.
- 23 Q. And you weren't there when Ms. Joseph
- 24 arrived.

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- 1 A. No, I was not.
- Q. You weren't there when Ms. Goldbach and Ms. Joseph went into Judge Lopez's lobby.
 - A. No, I was not.
 - Q. You weren't present for any of those conversations.
 - A. No, I was not.
- 8 Q. So anything you know about that you know 9 from what people may have told you.
 - A. Correct.
- 11 Q. And you don't know whether what they're 12 telling you is truthful, accurate or otherwise, 13 correct?
 - A. I have an opinion about it, but I don't know of my own --
 - Q. Typical of not having firsthand knowledge, you lack it as to those events, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And one thing you do now know, however, is that Ms. Joseph told you that when she was in Judge Lopez's lobby, Judge Lopez told her that she belonged prosecuting cases in the suburbs, correct?
- 23 A. What I recall her saying is, "You belong in the suburbs." I didn't know whether that was

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prosecuting cases or otherwise. Do you recall testifying under oath at a Commission interview I think we've been calling it on or about August 16th of 2001? Α. Yes. And that was your first statement under Q. oath at a time close to the event, correct? Α. Yes. Ο. And at that time you were doing your best to accurately give your best memory while under oath, correct? Α. Yes. Now would you turn to Page 35 of what is Ο. now R-1. HEARING OFFICER DAHER: It's on my desk. MR. EGBERT: Let's hold on that for a moment and I'll come back to it. HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Okay. When you arrived at the courthouse, you got into a conversation with Anne Goldbach, didn't you? Α. Yes, I did. And Anne Goldbach, by reputation, to you

was an honest, intelligent attorney with high

integrity; is that correct?

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- A. Yes.
- Q. And she -- at that time did she seem to you to be a bit out of sorts?
 - A. She seemed quite upset, yes.
 - Q. And when you say "she seemed quite upset," can you tell her demeanor?
- A. Her demeanor was very intense. She was obviously -- I'm not sure how to say it other than upset, agitated.
- Q. And in that conversation with you, she told you that she was upset with the district attorney's office press release in the Horton case; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, she did.
- 15 Q. She told you that she thought that was an unfair and inappropriate thing to do; isn't that correct?
- 18 A. I'm not sure of the specific words she 19 used, whether she used "unfair," "inappropriate." 20 Inappropriate was definitely the substance of what 21 she was saying.
- Q. It was the message she was delivering, right?
- 24 A. Yes.

- Q. And she indicated to you that as a result of that press release, certain things had happened in the courthouse before your arrival; is that right?
 - A. I believe she did, yes.
- Q. She indicated to you that the press had come and there had been an event in the hallway concerning Mr. Horton, his mother and some press camera people; isn't that right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And that it caused Mr. Horton and his mother to leave the 15th floor area -- strike that -- the 12th floor area, isn't it? Let me ask you. What area was it?
- A. I was never exactly clear where in the courthouse it was happening. It was an elevator area, but ${\mathord{\text{--}}}$
 - Q. Where was the First Session at the time?
 - A. The 15th floor, Courtroom 21.
- Q. So you were aware, were you not, that the cameras -- that Mr. Horton had some event on the 15th floor which caused Mr. Horton to go to some other floor with his mother and caused some upset in the courthouse.

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- A. With the exception of knowing whether it was the 15th floor where that happened, yes, I did know that.
 - Q. On some floor.
 - A. On some floor, yes, that's what she told me.
 - Q. And she particularly told you -- she showed you the language in the press release that described transgendered person who dresses like a female, correct?
- 11 A. That's a paraphrase of it. Yes, she did 12 show me that.
 - Q. There's an exhibit book in front of you.
 - A. Large one or small one?
 - Q. The large one. Would you turn to Exhibit 7. And do you see there where it says, "Charles Horton, 31, a transgendered person who appears as a woman, is expected to plead guilt"?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And that's the language that Ms. Goldbach focused on when she spoke with you concerning the inappropriateness of the press release, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And she indicated to you generally that

that press release had caused much press attention in which she felt to be an inappropriate way on an inappropriate subject matter?

- A. What she expressed to me was she felt that the press release was inappropriate and that it had caused the press attention that was there. That's what she said to me.
- Q. And there was some discussion, wasn't there, to the fact that this basically played to the more salacious or prurient interests of the press?
- A. She didn't discuss that with me at the time. She, I think, just felt that it called attention to her client. She didn't discuss the salaciousness of the coverage. She just said she didn't feel the issuing of the press release was appropriate.
- Q. The language she said it centered upon was "transgendered person who appears as a woman," correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you understood what she was playing to was prurient or salacious interests of the press, didn't you?
 - A. I'm not sure whether I understood it in

exactly those terms. I'm not sure. It's a fair -retrospectively, I would say that that's a fair
reading of what she was saying. I'm not sure I
understood it that way at the time. I think at the
time I understood it to mean that it was an invasion
of her client's privacy.

- Q. And you responded to her, didn't you, in that conversation that you didn't know why the office had done that, but that you regretted that the office had done that because you didn't see it as relevant to any issue in the case or in disposition? Was that your reply to Anne Goldbach?
 - A. I believe that I said that, yes.
 - Q. Well, you know you said it, don't you?
- A. To be honest, two years later, I don't recall, but I believe that I did.
- Q. Well, would you turn, please, to Page 53 in R-1, which is your initial statement to the Commission, and go, if you would, to Line 5.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And did you testify as follows under oath: "And I recall telling her that. I didn't know why the office had done that, but that I regretted that the office had done that because I didn't see it as

relevant to any issues in the case or in disposition." Is that how you testified under oath on that occasion?

A. Yes, it is.

MR. EGBERT: Your Honor, with regard to an evidentiary rule of the proceedings, I would ask that all matters which have been testified to previously under oath and have been presented as either prior inconsistent statements or prior statements under oath be admitted throughout these proceedings, both as impeachment, such as it is, and for substantive evidence of the events being described under the appropriate rule where statements under oath --

 $\label{eq:hearing_officer_date} \mbox{HEARING OFFICER DAHER:} \quad \mbox{I'll hear you, Mr.} \\ \mbox{Braceras.}$

MR. BRACERAS: Your Honor, we oppose that. That is not the law. We have two cases to hand up to Your Honor, the Martin case, an SJC case, and an Appeals Court case. Both of these cases directly address this issue. A failure of recollection is not sufficient to cross examine the witness with prior inconsistent statements. If a witness has a failure of recollection, Mr. Egbert can refresh his

1 recollection --HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Again, why can't 2 3 you ask him to make an election? 4 MR. EGBERT: Because I believe this case is 5 inapposite. But if I can take a look at it for a 6 minute, because the law is quite clear that prior 7 statements under oath are admissible for both impeachment and for the substantive -- for 8 9 substantive purposes --10 MR. BRACERAS: Your Honor, that's plainly 11 wrong. 12 MR. EGBERT: Why don't you give me a 13 moment. 14 MR. BRACERAS: Your Honor, I would direct 15 you to the Martin case at Note 16 and in the Santos 16 case at Page 5 to 6. It directly addressed this 17 issue. 18 The Court says that it is settled that for 19 purposes of impeachment, there is no inconsistency 20 between a present failure of memory on the witness 21 stand and a past existence of memory. 22 This transcript is just hearsay. Mr. 23 Deakin is here to testify. Mr. Egbert can examine Mr. Deakin today. Unlike the situation with Judge 24

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1 Lopez, where her transcript came in solely because there was admission of the party, an admission of 2 the defendant in this case, this transcript is hearsay and it has no $\ensuremath{\text{--}}$ there is no grounds for it 4 5 to be admitted. 6 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Go ahead. I'll 7 hear you, Mr. Egbert. 8 MR. EGBERT: If I can read the case. 9 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Go ahead. 10 MR. EGBERT: Judge, this is plainly 11 inapposite. What they had on a prior statement 12 under oath is the witness saying "I'm not sure." 13 Prior statements under oath given by this witness on 14 the subject matter, if inconsistent, is admissible 15 as an inconsistent statement and for its substantive 16 purposes. It was not used to refresh this witness' 17 memory, and the fact of the matter is that this is 18 testimony which is given under oath on these facts, 19 and I suggest it is admissible for those purposes. 20 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Objection 21 sustained. 22 BY MR. EGBERT:

Q. Was the statement that you just read or had read to you true when you made it?

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A. I believe so.
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            And is it true today?
        Q.
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            It is true that I said that to Anne
 4
    Goldbach, yes.
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             Were you telling the truth to Anne
        Q.
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    Goldbach? Yes or no?
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            I was doing my best to tell the truth to
    Anne Goldbach. And I think I spoke a bit more
8
    broadly than I actually intended to.
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             You said that to Anne Goldbach, right?
        Q.
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        Α.
             Yes.
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        Q.
            You said that it was true when you said it.
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        Α.
            Yes.
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        Q. Correct?
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        A. I meant it.
            You said it was true now, correct?
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        Q.
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            It's true that I said it to Anne Goldbach,
        Α.
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    yes.
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             And you weren't lying to Anne Goldbach.
        Q.
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             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: This is in regard
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    to the testimony, the irrelevancy of the
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    transgendered?
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             THE WITNESS: Correct.
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             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: It may have been
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irrelevant to him, but it was relevant to the Judge. It meant a lot to her.

MR. EGBERT: There's a difference, Judge, between something being relevant to the Court at sentencing and being relevant and appropriate in a press release.

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Go ahead.

- Q. Now, getting back to the prior question I asked you, I asked you whether or not Ms. Joseph told you that Judge Lopez told her that she belonged prosecuting cases in the suburbs, correct? Do you remember that question?
 - A. I do remember that question.
- Q. And you responded your memory is that she said "You belong in the suburbs," correct?
 - A. That's my memory.
- Q. Would you turn, please, to Page 35 of the R-1 transcript.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Do you see on Page 35, Line 4 and 5, did you testify previously that she told you, "You belong prosecuting cases in the suburbs, not in the city"?
 - A. That's what the transcript says.

belong in the suburbs."

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             Do you think the transcript is lying?
        Q.
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             No, I have no reason to think it's wrong.
        Α.
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             Are you blaming the court reporter for
 4
     misquoting you?
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             I'm not saying I was misquoted. I'm saying
        Α.
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     I don't recall specifically this answer, but this is
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     what the transcript says and I have no doubt it's
8
     what I said.
9
         Ο.
             Did you testify in that fashion before the
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     Commission?
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        A. Mr. Egbert, what I can tell you is I don't
     specifically recall, but I have no reason to doubt
12
13
     the transcript.
14
             MR. EGBERT: Your Honor, I offer Lines 4
15
     and 5 of Page 35 of --
16
             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Mr. Braceras?
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             MR. BRACERAS: Objection.
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             MR. EGBERT: -- of R-1.
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             MR. BRACERAS: Same grounds. This is not
20
     inconsistent. He just doesn't recall.
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             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Sustained.
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             MR. EGBERT: Your Honor, it's inconsistent.
23
    He has said today that all she told him was, "You
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1 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Sustained. 2 Now, did you have a conversation with Mr. 3 Borghesani concerning this press release? 4 After my conversation with Ms. Goldbach, Α. 5 yes. 6 And did you tell Mr. Borghesani that you 7 wished he hadn't used the word "transgendered" in the press release? 8 9 Α. My memory is --10 Please answer my question. Did you tell Q. 11 him that? 12 Α. I believe I told him -- I honestly can't 13 remember at that moment whether I told him that I wished that he hadn't used it at all or that I 14 15 wished that he hadn't used it so prominently, but I 16 do recall saying that I wished he hadn't used it. 17 Q. I'm sorry? 18 I do recall saying that I wished he hadn't Α. 19 used it. Whether I said "I wished you hadn't used 20 it so prominently," I'm not sure. 21

- Q. When you told him that you wished he had not used it, what did he say?
- 23 A. I don't remember him saying -- I don't 24 remember him saying much of anything about it other

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- than -- I don't remember him saying much at all
 about it actually.
 - Q. Now, on August 4th, when you got to court, you had your conversations with Ms. Goldbach and also Ms. Joseph, didn't you?
 - A. Yes, I did.
 - Q. And they were involved in some heated conversations?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And after those conversations -- strike that. When you went over to court, it was your understanding that the case was going to be continued; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- 15 Q. And who told you that the case was going to 16 be continued?
 - A. Ms. Joseph told me that the Judge had said it would be continued. That's what she said.
 - Q. In the lobby?
- 20 A. I understood it to mean that. I don't 21 remember if she said "in the lobby," but that was my 22 understanding.
- Q. You understood that to be the only place where Judge Lopez and Ms. Joseph had had any

1 conversations before that.

- A. That's right.
- Q. So it was clear to you when you arrived -- by the way, when did you arrive?
- A. I can't recall. I know it was before the lunch recess, which I don't remember exactly when the lunch recess was that day. It was late morning or just after noon.
- Q. And so do you know whether it was on the phone or in person that Ms. Joseph informed you that Judge Lopez indicated she was continuing the case?
- A. I don't recall whether it was on the phone or in person. I believe it was in person, but I'm not sure of that.
- 15 Q. It was certainly either around or upon your 16 arrival.
- 17 A. Either shortly before or shortly after, 18 yes.
 - Q. And when you learned the case was going to be continued, did you converse with Leora Joseph as to whether or not she had made an objection to the continuance?
- 23 A. I don't recall whether we talked about that 24 or not.

- 1 Did you decide to make an objection to the Q. 2 continuance? 3 We decided together to make an objection. 4 And did you do it pursuant to some 5 statutory authority? 6 Α. Yes, we did. 7 Q. And do you know what the statute is pursuant to which you did it? 8 It's in the written objection I made. It's 9 10 270-something. I want to say 15F. I'm bad with 11 statutory numbers. I usually have to look them up, 12 which I did in this case. I think it's 15F. 278, 13 15F; something like that. 14 MR. EGBERT: Could the witness be shown P 15 for identification of which judicial notice has been 16 taken. 17 (Document handed to witness.) 18 Q. Now, P for identification is Chapter 278, 19 Section 16F; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Is that the statute you're referring to?
- A. Could I have just a quick moment to look at it?
- Q. Of course.

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- 1 A. (Witness reviews document) Yes, this is 2 the statute.
 - Q. And is that the statute upon which you sought to rely in seeking an opposition to the continuance?
 - A. Yes, in addition to a general opposition.
 - Q. Is that the statute by which you asked the Court to make findings?
 - A. Yes, it is.
 - Q. Now, with regard to that statute, that requires, does it not, that the prosecutor first inform the Court whether or not the child or the child's representative agrees to the request?
 - A. Actually, the first requirement is whether the Commonwealth agrees to the request. The second requirement is whether the child or the child's representative agrees to such a request.
- Q. And did your motion or opposition indicate to the Judge whether or not the child or the child's representative agreed to the request?
 - A. I believe that it did.
- 22 Q. It did?
- 23 A. I believe that it did.
- Q. Turn, please, in your book to Exhibit 17.

- A. Yes.
- Q. By the way, let me just stop you for one moment before we get to that. And let me first -- you just indicated that there is in your opposition some statement which would indicate that the victim and/or his representative object, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Now, you testified exactly to the opposite of that when you testified on August 23rd of 2002 while you were under oath; isn't that correct?
 - A. I'd have to see my testimony.
- Q. Why don't you turn to Page 116 of R-2, and go down to Line 13.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Do you see it?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And the following question was asked of you: "And there is nothing in this document which indicates that the victim and his family objected to the continuance, correct?" And you responded: "Answer: There is nothing in the documents that indicates that, no." Isn't that correct?
- A. Yes, it is.
- Q. Now, that's exactly the opposite of what

1 you just testified to, isn't it? I don't think it's exactly the opposite. 3 Well, it either does have something that 4 indicates the objection or it doesn't have something 5 that indicates the objection. 6 MR. BRACERAS: Objection, Your Honor. The 7 motion is not just the document, Exhibit 17. So it's not directly inconsistent. 8 9 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: I'll give him some 10 latitude. Go ahead. 11 Q. Mr. Braceras just said the motion is not just the document. Was there some other document 12 13 attached to that motion? 14 Α. No. 15 Was there any other place that you told the 16 Court that there was an objection? 17 18

- We discussed it -- there was an oral, brief oral hearing on this motion.
- 19 Q. And is that satisfactory under the statute?
- 20 I don't know the answer. It appears that Α. 21 it is not.
- 22 Q. I mean, you've been a prosecutor for ten 23 years?
- 24 Α. Yes.

- 1 Q. You're head of a unit, correct?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. You certainly must be familiar with 4 statutes relating to sex crimes.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- 8 Q. And you don't know whether this statute 9 requires the Commonwealth to put in writing for the 10 Court the matters covered by the statute?
 - A. I believe that it does require it to be put in writing. I believe that the writing -- a fair reading of the writing indicates the family's position on this.
 - Q. So you've changed your mind?
 - A. I've thought about it a little bit more since you asked me the question --
 - Q. You thought about it a little bit more since you and Mr. Braceras have had a chance to talk; isn't that right?
 - A. No.
- Q. How many times since you gave this testimony under oath have you talked with Mr.
- 24 Braceras?

- A. I believe four times.
- Q. And did you discuss this subject in particular?
 - A. No, we did not.
 - Q. Not at all?
- 6 A. No.

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- Q. You didn't discuss any of this testimony or these motions?
 - A. No, we did not.
- 10 Q. So this just came to you in some kind of a 11 epiphany, is that it?
 - A. No. It came to me when I was rereading my deposition that I gave in your office.
- Q. Point, if you would, in the document as to where it says the victim objects.
- A. When I said that the child victim in this case and his family was made aware that the case would be resolved today, a fair inference from that is that they would have objected to continuing the case.
- Q. A fair inference?
- 22 A. In my view.
- Q. You think from that statement it's fair for the Court to draw an inference that the child is

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1 issuing an objection? MR. BRACERAS: Objection. He should at 2 3 least be allowed to look at the transcript where he 4 made the argument on the record, Exhibit 42. 5 MR. EGBERT: If he wants to ask him about 6 the hearing --7 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Overruled. 8 Is that your statement? Q. 9 I believe that is a fair reading of that 10 statement, yes. Let me say it this way. I believe 11 a judge would be justified in concluding from my 12 statement that the family was objecting. 13 Would a judge be equally justified in 14 concluding that they had no objection? 15 I don't believe so, no. 16 So you think that satisfies the statutory 17 requirement that the Court must be told by the 18 prosecutor whether the child or the child's 19 representatives agrees to the request? 20 I believe so. Α. 21 And then it also requires that the Q. 22 prosecutor lay out for the judge the effect that any

continuance will have on the child, correct?

A. That's correct.

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- 1 Q. And where do you put in your motion the 2 effect it will have on the child?
 - A. I believe it's implicit in the motion that the child would be hoping to see the case end on that day and would be upset to see it continued without a finding.
 - Q. Where does it say that?
- 8 A. It doesn't say that expressly in the 9 document.
 - Q. There's not a word about it, is there?
 - A. I think there is a word about it.
 - Q. What is it?
 - A. It says, "The child victim in this case and his family was made aware that the case would be resolved today. The child's guardian, his maternal grandmother, has been present in the courtroom since early this morning. She would like to be present when her impact statement is read in court."
 - Q. She would like to be present when her impact statement is read in, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- 22 Q. No indication in there that she couldn't 23 come back on another day.
- 24 A. That's true.

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- Q. No indication that she couldn't read her impact statement on September 6th when the case came to fruition, correct?
 - A. That's true.
- Q. No indication that there was any inconvenience beyond a coming back to court for a particular day, correct?
 - A. No; I disagree with that. I think any time someone is asked to sit in court for a substantial portion of the day and does nothing, that's an inconvenience.
 - Q. That's the kind of inconvenience that goes on in our courthouses every day all over the country, correct?
 - A. Unfortunately that's true.
 - Q. Nothing special about that.
- 17 A. No, I suppose there's nothing special about that, unfortunately.
- Q. And there is nothing in the document that would indicate that the family would in any way be harmed or prejudiced by a continuance, correct?
 - A. I disagree with that.
 - Q. You disagree with that?
- 24 A. Yes.

Q. Let's go back to your testimony again in August of 2002 under oath on Page 116, where you were asked the following question and gave the following answer.

"Question: And there is nothing in the document by way of the affidavit or affirmation that the family would in any way be harmed or prejudiced by a continuance, correct?"

Now, another epiphany since then?

- A. Again, counsel, it's not expressed in the motion, but a fair reading of the motion indicates the likely disappointment and upset --
- Q. Sir, you weren't asked about anything expressed in a deposition. You were asked a simple question: To give your best answer as to whether or not there is anything in the document to indicate these matters. And you answered "no" at the time, didn't you?
- A. I was --
 - Q. You answered "no" at the time, didn't you?
- 24 A. Yes, I did.

MR. EGBERT: Again, Your Honor, I would ask that the Court take those statements for substantive evidence purposes.

MR. BRACERAS: Objection. Your Honor, the cross examination is evidence in and of itself. That's it. I don't know what Mr. Egbert intends to do with the transcripts. His examination is already in evidence. It's in the record. The testimony is evidence. That's it. That's cross examination.

MR. EGBERT: Judge, there are two different uses for impeachment evidence. One is to impeach the credibility of a witness, and it is solely for that purpose.

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Right.

MR. EGBERT: And can be used by the Court only for that purpose. Prior inconsistent statements which are made under oath, however, carry with it two abilities for the Court to use. One, to affect the credibility of the witness, and, two, as substantive evidence of those statements made under oath on a prior occasion. That is Hornbook law and prior inconsistent statements when made under oath.

MR. BRACERAS: Your Honor, again, to the extent that Mr. Deakin's testimony that he said

these things previously is already part of the record, that's the evidence. To the extent that Mr. Egbert is intending to introduce --

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: He's introducing it, his argument is, for the impeachment and then for the truthfulness of the statements that were made in re the four grounds for impeachment. He's citing two. Sustained. I'm going to sustain Mr. Braceras's objection.

MR. EGBERT: At some point when you have time, I'd like to be heard on this issue, and I'll provide you some case law.

 $$\operatorname{\mathtt{HEARING}}$ OFFICER DAHER: Sure, absolutely. We're on Page 115.

BY MR. EGBERT:

- Q. Now, with regard to the findings that were ultimately received by you by fax, I believe, later on that day, which are part of Exhibit 17 -- do you recognize those?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. With regard to those, I'd like to ask you some questions about your personal knowledge of certain events. Okay?
 - No. 1, do you know of your own personal

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- knowledge what Ms. Joseph had done with regard to the press in the past in Judge Lopez's cases?
- A. Of my own personal knowledge I don't know that she did anything with respect to the press.
- Q. Of your own personal knowledge you don't know what she did; is that correct?
 - A. No, that's not true.
 - Q. You want to say she did nothing, right?
- A. What I know of my own personal knowledge is that at some point in the past she had been asked by the press office to speak to a reporter, a columnist who had contacted our office --
- Q. Let's stop there for a moment. You say you know of your own personal knowledge she was asked to do something by the press office?
- A. Right.
 - Q. Were you present for that conversation?
- A. No. ADA Joseph told me that.
 - Q. That's what she told you?
- 20 A. Correct.
- 21 Q. That's not personal knowledge, right?
- A. I stand corrected. You're right. Of my own personal knowledge I don't know that she did anything.

- Q. You don't know either way.
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. You don't know what she said to reporters because you weren't present.
 - A. That's certainly correct, yes.
- Q. And you don't know the tone of what she said to reporters because you weren't present.
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. And you don't know how many reporters she spoke to because you weren't present.
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. The next finding is, "The defendant suffers from a sexual identity disorder. She looks female in all respects." Do you see that?
 - A. Yes.

 - A. I have slight personal knowledge that the defendant appears female. I haven't seen the defendant very often, but when I saw the defendant, he or she appears female.
- 22 Q. And that's the extent of your personal knowledge.
- 24 A. My personal knowledge, yes, that's correct.

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- Q. And then, "When the defendant and her mother were getting off the elevator on the 15th floor, there was a television camera waiting for her in the hallway." You don't know whether that's true or not, correct?
- A. I wasn't present if and when that happened, no.
 - Q. So all you would rely on is your own reports from different parties, and you make your own assessments based on hearsay information, correct?
- 12 A. To the extent I make assessments, that's 13 correct, yes.
 - Q. On that issue.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And, "The defendant and her mother refused to get off the elevator. There was an interruption in the hallway, with the defendant's mother yelling at the press." You don't know whether that's true or not, correct?
 - A. Not of my own personal knowledge.
- 22 Q. You have no personal knowledge because you 23 weren't there.
- 24 A. Correct.

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- Q. "The Court finds that ADA Joseph attempted to embarrass and ridicule the defendant suffering from a psychological disorder." Do you see that finding?
 - A. I do.
- Q. Again, you have no personal knowledge of that either way, do you?
 - A. I believe I do have personal knowledge.
 - $\ensuremath{\mathtt{Q}}.$ And your personal knowledge would come from what source?
 - A. Working with Ms. Joseph on the case through the 10 or so months that it was in the court.
 - Q. So you had formed an opinion.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. But you don't know of your own knowledge other than you forming an opinion based on past behavior, correct?
- 18 A. The classic dilemma in the law: No one can 19 have personal knowledge of another person's 20 thoughts.
 - Q. And that was my question to you.
- A. If that's your question, then no, of course I can't know what was in her heart.
- Q. And, "The Court finds that the Commonwealth

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- 1 caused this continuance because it sought to turn the court proceedings into a circus." Now, again, 2 you don't know what was in the mind of Ms. Joseph, 4 correct? 5
 - Α. Not directly, no.
- 6 Q. And you don't know what was in the mind of 7 Mr. Borghesani, correct?
 - Not directly, no. Α.
- 9 Q. And in fact, Mr. Borghesani never even told 10 you what he was putting in this press release, 11 correct?
 - Α. That's correct.
- 13 And you regretted what he put in it. Q.
 - A. I regretted one phrase --
- 15 "Transgendered, dresses like a woman." Q.
- 16 Α. That phrase I regretted. The rest of it I 17 thought was --
 - Well --Q.
- 19 MR. BRACERAS: Your Honor, may the witness 20 finish his answer?
- 21 A. I regretted that phrase for personal 22 reasons. I thought the press release was an 23 appropriate action to take.
- 24 Q. The comment we're talking about,

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"Transgendered, dressed like a woman." You've said repeatedly you regretted that comment, correct?

- A. Yes, I did. I still do.
- Q. "There is little, if no, impact on the alleged victim, as this is a plea."

Based upon what you provided the Judge in the motion or the opposition, let's call it, that's a fair statement, isn't it?

- A. No, I don't believe so.
- 10 Q. Well, the victim wasn't there that day on 11 August 4th, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
 - Q. The victim didn't intend to be there on September 6th, correct?
 - A. As of August 4th I didn't have any information of that one way or the other.
 - Q. Wasn't the information you had gotten that the victim didn't intend to be at the plea proceedings?
 - A. I'm not sure -- honestly, I'm not sure whether I heard that the victim didn't intend to be there ever or the victim didn't intend to be there on August 4th. I didn't know that.
 - Q. You don't know one way or the other.

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- A. I did not.
- Q. And did you understand that come September 6th, the victim would be in school.
- A. I didn't have an understanding about that one way or the other, other than the sort of assumption that one makes that the kid would be in school after Labor Day, but...
- Q. And is there anything that you told Judge Lopez about the impact on the alleged victim of a continuance that we don't know about today?
- A. I'd have to look at the transcript of the hearing that we had. I'm not sure.
 - Q. Go to Page -- strike that. Exhibit 42?
 - A. Yes.
- 15 Q. And let's go to where you start talking on 16 Page 2. Do you see that?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Now, that, in fact, is the hearing on the continuance, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, before that, by the way, the Judge came out and said, "This case is going to be continued until the week of August 21st. You can come and see me in Middlesex. I have 16 bails and a

correct?

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    lot of other things to take care of, " correct?
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             That's correct.
         Α.
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         Ο.
             Were you aware of the amount of bails that
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     the Judge had at that time?
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             I don't -- I don't think I was.
         Α.
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             MR. EGBERT: May I approach?
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             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Please.
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             Would you look at that, Mr. Deakin.
         Q.
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         Α.
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              Does that appear to you to be a fair list
         Q.
11
     from Friday, August 4th of 2000?
            That's what it appears to be, yes.
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         Α.
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             And you've seen lists like this before.
         Q.
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             Yes.
         Α.
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             MR. EGBERT: I would offer this, Your
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     Honor, as Defendant's Exhibit --
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             MR. BRACERAS: No objection.
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             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: No objections.
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    That will be S.
20
                   (Document marked as Hearing
21
                  Exhibit S moved into evidence)
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            Now, after the Judge made those remarks,
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     you said, "Your Honor, the Commonwealth objects,"
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- A. Yes
- Q. And had you previously handed up to her your objection?
 - A. I don't recall if I had handed it to her or to the clerk before the Judge took the bench. It had been filed. I don't know exactly...
 - Q. And then you informed the Judge that you had filed the objection on 278, 16F, correct?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And you said that it requires her to make a decision regarding a continuance in the best interests of the child victim, who at the time of the assault was 12 years old, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- 15 Q. By the way, that statement you made was 16 erroneous, correct?
 - A. In what way?
 - Q. The age of the child.
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. You had been working under an assumption that was wrong concerning the child's age from the beginning of the case to the end; isn't that right?
- 23 A. That's correct.
- Q. And the child was actually 11.

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- A. That's correct.
- Q. But in every proceeding before the Court, you or your associates informed the Court that he was 12; is that correct?
 - A. As you pointed out, I can't be sure, not having been there when my associates did it, but that's my understanding, yes.
 - Q. And on the next page you said, "The child's guardian, his grandmother, who's been present here since the Court convened this morning, has expected to be able to see the plea happen today and present an impact statement in court"; is that right?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Now, is the child's guardian the victim under 278, 16F?
- 16 A. He was the -- she was the child's representative.
 - Q. Was she the victim?
- 19 A. No.
- Q. And in fact, when we talk about impact under this statute, who is the person who's impact the statute is directed to?
 - A. The victim's.
- Q. The child, right?

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- 1 A. Correct.
 - Q. Not the grandmother.
 - A. No, although the grandmother's input is solicited -- the representative's input is solicited.
- Q. But the Judge's concern is the child under the statute.
 - A. That's correct.
 - O. Correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. So then you go on, "That's because the child victim and his family were notified after the lobby conference two days ago that this matter would be marked for a plea today; and that if, in fact, it would go forward as a plea, that would happen today," right?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Now, who told the child and the child's family that there was going to be a plea that day?
- 20 A. I'm not certain who told. Someone from our 21 office did. I would assume --
 - Q. Well, are you assuming or do you know?
- 23 A. If I knew it -- I may have known it at the 24 time. I don't recall now who did that.

- 1 Q. And you indicated, I think, that -- strike 2 that. When were they notified of that fact?
 - A. It was sometime after the August 1st lobby conference.
 - Q. And before the press release?
 - A. I'm not certain of that. I don't have a recollection of who did it.
 - Q. Would it surprise you to know that defense counsel and the defendant had not communicated the fact that there would definitely be a plea until the morning of August 4th?
 - A. It would surprise me tremendously, as it was marked for a plea on August 1st.
 - Q. It was marked for a possible plea, wasn't it?
 - A. It was marked for a change of plea, is my understanding.
 - Q. And that's done all the time, isn't it, to set up a date for when the defendant may or may not enter a plea?
 - A. It's done frequently. Most commonly it's when the defendant has decided to enter a plea.
- 23 Q. So it would not surprise you to learn -- 24 strike that. Would it surprise you to learn that

the defendant and his counsel, as late as August 3rd in the afternoon, were discussing whether or not to enter a plea when your representative, Ms. Joseph, called that office? Would that surprise you?

- A. It would surprise me in that Ms. Joseph indicated to me that the case was going to proceed by way of a plea.
- Q. So you had no idea then that that was a matter up in the air right up until the morning of the 4th?
 - A. I did not have any idea of that.
- Q. Now, is there anything else you said that would have been of interest in that regard with regard to these proceedings that you want to point out?
- A. What I've pointed out is that the family had been notified --

MR. BRACERAS: At what time? I lost you.

MR. EGBERT: I wanted to know if there's
anything he'd like to point out in that transcript
which would have been of interest to these
proceedings.

A. Yes. It was that the child and his family had been notified that the case would be marked for

- a plea today and that if in fact the case was going forward as a plea, it would happen on that day.
- Q. And was the child and his family not told, you know, in this business anything can happen? It might not go that day?
- A. I don't know what the child and his family were told.
- Q. Well, in this business, the business of the practice of criminal law, will you agree with me that it's at least a fair statement that anything can happen?
 - A. Yes, I would.
- Q. And that if the victim and his family were told, "There is definitely going to be a plea today," that the people who built the expectations that there would be a plea that day was the DA's office?
- A. I'm not sure that I would agree with who built the expectations. They were told what the case was scheduled for.
- Q. Were they told as a general matter, look, things can happen in this business that change things?
- 24 A. They were never prepared for the

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- 1 possibility that a case would be continued for what 2 we would view as inappropriate reasons.
 - Q. What you would view as inappropriate reasons?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. What the defendant viewed as appropriate reasons, right?
- 8 A. As I understand it, what the Judge viewed 9 as appropriate reasons.
 - Q. Again, so you don't know as you sit here today that it was the defendant seeking a continuance?
 - A. I have never had any indication it was the defendant seeking a continuance.
 - Q. Not by Ms. Joseph or Ms. Goldbach?
 - A. Neither one.
 - Q. So that would all be news to you?
 - A. That would be news to me.
- 19 Q. And would that be an important fact to $20 \, \text{know}$?
- 21 A. Not in light of what Ms. Joseph told me the 22 Judge said about a continuance, no.
- Q. So -- but you will agree with me -- by the way, even though you don't know what was said to the

victim and its family, you'll agree with me that if there was anyone who built an expectation that the case would come and go on the 4th and be completed, it was the DA's office.

- A. No. I disagree. I think the system made that expectation.
 - Q. The system talked to the victim?
- A. The system scheduled a matter for a plea on August 4th and the representative of the Commonwealth, who has contact with the victim, explained that to them.
- Q. In the criminal justice system in the First Session or in any other session, isn't it true that cases come and go and get continued and things happen and get put off for a few days or a month often?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And so to build the expectation of these people that it was going to happen on August 4th without giving them an understanding of the vague reasons of the criminal justice system, that came from the DA's office, didn't it?
- 23 A. I don't know whether they were prepared for 24 the possibility of a continuance or not, so I can't

answer --

- Q. If they were prepared for the possibility of a continuance, then all of your motion is a lie.
 - A. No, sir.
- Q. If they were told that, look, this might not happen today and prepared for that, then all of this business about how they expected it to go today would not be accurate; isn't that correct?
 - A. No, it's not correct.
- Q. Well, you can't have it both ways, can you? Either they were prepared for how this system works sometimes or they weren't.
- A. Counselor, someone can be prepared for a disappointment and still experience that disappointment when it eventuates. So the fact that they may have been prepared for the continuance doesn't mean that it wasn't hard on them.
- Q. Do you know if the victim was disappointed? Did he express that to you?
 - A. No, he did not.
- Q. At any time did you talk to the victim about whether the victim could care less about whether or not this case went on August 4th or September 6th?

- A. No, I did not.
- Q. Did you receive any victim impact statements from the victim which indicated that he wanted it to go on August 4th and couldn't wait until September 6th?
 - A. Not on August 4th.
 - Q. At any time.
- A. We had throughout the case heard from -- when I say "we," I had not, but -- $^{-}$
- Q. Well, if you did not -HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Let him finish.
 MR. EGBERT: If he did not, he's just going to give us some hearsay.
 - HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Go ahead. Finish.
- A. There had been reports throughout the case that the pendency of the case was difficult for the child, as it is in virtually every child abuse case that's prosecuted. I would think it was a fair inference from that, and my general experience prosecuting cases is that waiting another 30 days to resolve the case would be hard on the child.
- Q. Did you tell the Judge that you had had reports during the course of this proceeding that the victim was having a difficult time?

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- A. No, I did not. I'm not saying he was having a difficult time. I'm saying it was troubling to him.
 - Q. Did you tell the Judge that?
 - A. No, I did not.
 - Q. In your motion or in your oral statement?
 - A. No, I did not.
- 8 Q. Now, after you had the hearing before Judge 9 Lopez and received back the findings of fact --10 strike that.
- 11 After you received the findings of fact, 12 you disagreed with those findings, correct?
 - A. Yes, I did.
 - Q. You testified to that on direct, correct?
- 15 A. Strongly.
 - Q. Pardon me?
 - A. Strongly.
- Q. Strongly. So you used the prerogative of your strong disagreement to appeal the case, correct?
- 21 A. No, I did not.
- Q. Did you seek a motion for reconsideration?
- A. No, we did not.
- Q. Did you seek a rehearing?

Q.

1 Α. No, we did not. 2 Did you seek to have an evidentiary Q. 3 hearing? 4 Α. No, we did not. 5 Did you file a written objection in any Q. 6 way? 7 No, we did not. Α. 8 Did you appeal under Chapter 211, Section Q. 3? 9 10 Α. No, we did not. 11 That was available to you, was it not? Q. 12 Α. I believe it was, yes. 13 So the DA's office, in disagreeing with Q. 14 these findings and your strong disagreement, as you 15 have indicated, did nothing whatsoever to overturn them, have them reheard or have them reviewed by a 16 17 court, correct? 18 Α. That's correct. 19 But instead --Q. 20 MR. EGBERT: May I have a minute? 21 (Discussion off the record) 22 MR. EGBERT: May I approach the witness? 23 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Please.

Take a look at Exhibit 15, if you would.

And that's a two-page newspaper article -- printout of a newspaper article; is that correct?

- A. That's what it appears to be, yes.
- Q. And that newspaper article ran the day after these findings were made, correct?
 - A. That's what the printout indicates.
 - Q. Do you have any reason to doubt that?
- A. No. I'd have to read it to see whether I read it or not. I have no reason to doubt it.
 - Q. Will you accept it for now?
- A. If it seems -- if it will speed things along, sure.
- Q. After not having appealed, asked for reconsideration, asked for rehearing, sought an evidentiary hearing, the DA's office did, however, make public statements concerning Judge Lopez's findings, correct?
- A. I don't know of my personal knowledge, as you've pointed out, but there does appear to be a comment in the article from the press office of the district attorney's office.
- Q. When the DA disagrees with findings of a court and has appellate rights, do you think it appropriate to be commenting on those findings

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- 1 without exercising your rights of appeal?
 - A. I'm sorry. Could you repeat the question?
- Q. Yes. You are aware of the way or manner in which cases are proceeding in the criminal courts, correct?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And you're aware of ethical obligations of lawyers, correct, with regard to releasing information to the public?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And at the time that this was being done, this press statement was being made, it was while the Horton case was pending and had yet to be disposed of; isn't that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. There had been no plea, there had been no sentence, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- 19 Q. And so it was just within its proceedings 20 in a criminal case.
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And the DA's office, in dissatisfaction with the Judge's rulings, said what? Can you read that to us?

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- 1 A. Which portion are you asking me to read?
- Q. Read, if you would, the first lines attributed to Ralph Martin, the district attorney.
 - A. Which page am I looking at?
 - Q. Page 2. Do you want me to read them?
 - A. It's up to you, obviously, but I just want to make sure I'm reading the part you're asking me to read.
 - Q. Why don't I mark it for you.
 - A. It appears to me to start at Page 1.
 - Q. It does start at Page 1, but I'm going to go to Page 2.
 - A. Okav.
 - Q. If you would, read for me what Ralph Martin, the district attorney, said during the time that this case was pending.
- 17 A. It appears that, according to this, he 18 said, "The unfounded accusations contained in Judge 19 Lopez's decision speak more to the Judge's state of 20 mind than they do about the merits of the case. 21 This case was handled no different than others."
 - Q. And that's clearly talking about Judge Lopez's findings, correct?
- 24 A. I think you'd have to ask the district

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attorney what he's talking about. MR. BRACERAS: Your Honor, objection. This witness has no basis whether Martin is talking about the findings or what Judge Lopez issued as a press release earlier --MR. EGBERT: Just so it's crystal clear, you have no evidence that there was a press release. All the evidence is that the findings were given to the press. So let's not confuse the issues, Mr. Braceras. MR. BRACERAS: With a cover letter that said "Press Release" to various Boston television stations. HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Well, again, if we're dealing with the state of mind of the Judge, the findings -- how would he know what Ralph Martin was making reference to? Because right here we're not talking about Mr. Borghesani. We're talking about Ralph Martin. MR. EGBERT: Right, the district attorney. HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Sustained BY MR. EGBERT:

Q. And Mr. Martin's responses, were they not,

24 were to what was contained in Judge Lopez's

1 findings? A. You would have to ask the district 2 attorney. I didn't discuss it with him. 4 Q. Do you know from the context of this 5 article? 6 MR. BRACERAS: Objection. 7 A. I could make assumptions from the context 8 of this article. 9 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Sustained. 10 MR. EGBERT: Judge, respectfully, we've 11 had, pursuant to the Commission's request to the 12 Court, newspaper article upon newspaper article upon 13 newspaper article introduced --14 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: But you're asking 15 for Mr. Deakin to delve into the mind of Judge 16 Lopez --17 MR. EGBERT: As Judge Lopez was asked to do 18 with regard to every one of these articles. 19 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Sustained. 20 Mr. Borghesani went on to say, "No one 21 should be deceived by this smoke screen. Judge 22 Lopez was prepared to hand down an extremely lenient 23 sentence and she balked when the media was present 24 to witness it." Do you see that?

1 Α. I do. Is that an appropriate response by a 2 Q. district attorney's office, in your opinion, when 4 you did not exercise your rights of appeal, 5 rehearing or reconsideration? 6 MR. BRACERAS: Objection, Your Honor. 7 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: What's the 8 objection? 9 MR. BRACERAS: Your Honor, he is not an 10 expert as to press issues. It's Martin's statement; 11 it's Mr. Borghesani's statement. Mr. Egbert can ask 12 Mr. Borghesani and mr. Martin about their 13 statements. 14 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: The testimony that 15 we have is that he's a supervisor. What happens is 16 Ms. Joseph contacted him then they contacted a press 17 office. 18 MR. EGBERT: Judge, these DAs cannot 19 ethically hide behind the press office. Their 20 ethical responsibilities require them to in fact 21 take reasonable and appropriate steps to control the 22 press in a pending criminal prosecution. You've 23 taken judicial notice of Rule 3.6 and 3.8. 24

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Again, we've

1 already heard Mr. Deakin state that the question of transgender was something that he probably would not 2 3 have used, but to ask him now the question you put 4 before him, I think I'm going to sustain the 5 objection. You're going to have Mr. Borghesani, I 6 think -- someone's going to call him. You'll 7 certainly be able to ask him. MR. EGBERT: I think it goes to this 8 particular witness' bias, Your Honor, and I'll leave 9 10 it at that. 11 MR. BRACERAS: Well --12 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: What's your 13 position? I've sustained your objection. Let's go. 14 BY MR. EGBERT: 15 Q. Did you see this newspaper article on or about the time it was printed? 16 17 A. I don't specifically remember. I would 18 guess that I did --19 Were you paying attention to the case in 20 the press at the time? 21 Α. Yes. And so it would be fair to say that you 22 Q. 23 probably saw it?

I would guess that I probably did, but that

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would be, as best I can say, a guess. I don't specifically remember. And would you agree with me that the following statement, "No one should be deceived by this smoke screen," talking about the Judge's findings, was likely to raise the ire of the Court? MR. BRACERAS: Objection. This objection has been sustained twice, and this is completely irrelevant to the pending charges. MR. EGBERT: It's not irrelevant, Your Honor. HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Show me the relevancy. MR. EGBERT: The relevance is, Your Honor, that part of what led us here -- and, for example, the taped September 6th hearing, one cannot simply exclude everything that happened before that to make a determination both as to mitigation and as to fact as to what the Judge's state of mind was at the time she came to court on September 6th. And I suggest to the Court that although it may not make it

appropriate -- nor have I ever argued it was

appropriate for her to raise her voice and yell, it

may make it a little more understandable as to what

her state of mind was and mitigate in those records that when you find out that from one hearing to the next in a consistent pattern the DA's office, rather than taking the legal steps appropriate for appeals or reconsiderations, simply blast her in the press with this kind of language.

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Mr. Braceras?

MR. BRACERAS: Your Honor, a couple of things. First, we had Judge Lopez on the stand nearly for a week. I mean, there's no evidence that she ever saw this. It's completely irrelevant. The Judge herself could have testified to this.

Second, the Judge made the findings public. She's the one who circulated them to the media on the 4th.

MR. EGBERT: Findings of the court are public. You don't make them public. Findings of the court are public. These were a public record. Whether or not they were sent to people that they request is another thing. They were a public record. And the fact of the matter is that the things that the DA's office did to try to get her — or to try to jack her up —

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Help me out for a

1 moment. If I allow it, it's going to be relevant against Judge Lopez. It's going to be relevant 2 against her. You want it? Overruled. Go ahead. 4 You have it. Go ahead. 5 MR. EGBERT: May I have the question 6 repeated? 7 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: The question, would 8 it increase the ire, sure. You can have it. 9 Would you think that that would be likely 10 to increase the ire of the Judge, reading that in 11 the paper? 12 Α. Much in the same way that Judge Lopez's 13 findings raised the ire --14 Q. Answer my question. 15 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Just answer the 16 question. 17 MR. EGBERT: Judge, he's not. He wants to 18 play some game. The question was very simple. He 19 can on redirect be asked anything he wants. 20 MR. EGBERT: What was the last question? 21 *(Question read) 22 MR. BRACERAS: Objection. 23 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: You're objecting to 24 that? Overruled. You want it? Go ahead.

- A. I obviously can't -- as you pointed out earlier, I can't get inside the Judge's head. It certainly might.
 - Q. And do you know whether or not Mr. Borghesani designed it for that fashion?
 - A. I have no idea.
 - Q. Mr. Borghesani, to your understanding, was a pretty adept press person?
 - A. I'm not sure how to evaluate adeptness. He had done his job for a period of time. He was experienced.
 - Q. Now, the next event -- by the way, do you know whether or not -- did you ever talk to the victim or his family concerning the notification to the press on August 3rd?
 - A. No, I did not.
 - Q. So you don't know, as a matter of your own personal knowledge, whether or not the victim or his family ever wanted to have the press attention that this case got.
 - A. No, I do not.
- Q. Prior to September 6th you had decided to be the spokesperson for the district attorney's office in the case of Commonwealth versus Horton for

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- 1 the hearing on September 6th; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. And had you made that known to any court personnel?
 - A. Other than appearing on August 4th at the hearing on the opposition of the motion to continue, no.
 - Q. So at any time between August 4th and September 6th did you make known to Judge Lopez or any court personnel that you would now be lead counsel basically in the Horton case?
 - A. No; I didn't see that as necessary.
 - Q. Necessary or not, did you do it?
 - A. I did not, no.
- Q. And in fact, you were now lead counsel in the Horton case, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. And you were going to be the spokesperson in the Horton case.
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Would you agree with me that there are many times in the Superior Court system where issues of the press and its interrelation or interaction with parties comes to be an issue in our courts?

1 A. Yes.

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- Q. And that during those -- strike that. That it is in the interest of justice not to have eruptions between participants and the press in the hallways outside of proceedings?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. That's a good thing, isn't it?
 - A. I think indisputably, sure.
 - Q. And one of the ways to prepare for incidents of eruptions between participants and the press is to look at the history of the case and see if there have been prior problems, correct?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And you will agree with me that with regard to the Horton case, there had been a prior problem, at least as reported to the Court.
 - A. Yes.
- 18 Q. And that there was then a matter of concern 19 for -- rightfully a matter of concern between the 20 interaction of the participants and the press.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And that it is the duty of the Court and the court system that if rational steps can be taken to avoid such eruptions, they should be taken.

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- A. Yes.
- Q. And that one of the ways to keep two parties apart in those circumstances is to have the defendant come in a separate door.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And that you accept, do you not, that it is a rational security concern in a courthouse under the circumstances I have just described?
 - A. Yes.
- 10 Q. You have in the DA's office victim witness 11 advocates, correct?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Victim witness people, correct?
- 14 A. Victim witness advocates, that's what we 15 have.
 - Q. And they're there to help victims and witnesses get from courthouse to courtroom and DA's office to courtroom and the like, correct?
 - A. That's part of their function, yes.
- Q. And part of their function also is to find rooms for them to be in to avoid interaction if they so desire, correct?
 - A. When we can, yes.
- Q. And there are occasions where you have made

1 arrangements like that in the past, correct? 2 Α. Yes. 3 Ο. And those arrangements that you have made, 4 you have made with the court officers and the 5 clerks, correct? 6 No. We usually make them on our own. Α. 7 Q. On your own? 8 Α. On our own. 9 Ο. And how do you do that on your own? 10 A. We usually, when we have rooms available --11 which we sometimes do, sometimes don't -- we simply make use of those rooms and we ask the victim 12 13 advocates to communicate between the assistant district attorney who's in court and understands 14 15 what the schedule requires and has them come when it's time for them to come. 16 17 And other than the Horton case, have you 18 ever had any proceeding in the Middlesex County 19 Superior Court? 20 Are you asking as of the time of the Horton Α.

A. Are you asking as of the time of the Horton case?

Q. Correct.

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23 A. Only -- I'm sorry. Middlesex Superior 24 Court?

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- 1 Q. That's correct.
 - A. I think I may have had a routine hearing or two, but I'm not positive of that. I think so.
 - Q. Is it fair to say that you were not intimately familiar with the workings of the Middlesex Superior Courthouse?
 - A. Yes.
- 8 Q. And it's court officers, personnel and the 9 like?
 - A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And you were not familiar with any prior 12 problems that had been had at the Middlesex Superior 13 Court with regard to high-profile cases and the 14 press?
 - A. Only maybe occasionally what I've read in the paper. But other than --
 - Q. No personal involvement.
 - A. No.
 - Q. So you weren't aware of the custom and practice, let's say, of the Superior Court court officers in Middlesex County as it related to controlling the press vis-a-vis the participants in criminal cases.
 - A. No, I was not.

1 Q. Now, the press in the Lopez case, I've 2 shown you some of it; is that correct? 3 Α. Yes. 4 Q. Now, you, Mr. Deakin, have also in the past tried to use the press as a muscle against judges, 5 6 have you not? 7 Α. No, I have not. MR. BRACERAS: Relevance. No relevance to 8 9 this. No relevance that Judge Lopez --10 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: He's already 11 answered. The answer is no. Overruled. Go ahead. 12 Q. Sir, you were before Judge Dominic Russo on 13 a case approximately two years ago, were you not, in 14 East Boston Court? 15 MR. BRACERAS: I object, Your Honor. 16 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: What's the 17 objection? 18 MR. BRACERAS: The same basis. I don't 19 know what character assassination Mr. Egbert is 20 trying here, but this is completely irrelevant to 21 this case. Mr. Deakin is not on trial here. 22 There's no testimony that Judge Lopez is aware of 23 any other prior conduct on the part of Mr. Deakin.

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: What does this have

1 to do with Judge Russo? MR. EGBERT: I'll give you an offer of 2 3 proof at the side bar. 4 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: I think he's on the 5 witness list. 6 MR. EGBERT: Yes, he is. 7 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Is that your 8 objection? Relevancy? 9 MR. BRACERAS: Yes. This type of character testimony --10 11 MR. EGBERT: Judge, this isn't character 12 testimony. This goes to whether or not this DA and 13 this office were consistently attempting to jack up judges --14 15 MR. BRACERAS: Can we have a side bar? 16 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Yes. Let him 17 finish. 18 MR. EGBERT: -- to use the press to push 19 judges around, to use the press to try to embarrass 20 judges or get judges to do things they didn't want. 21 And this witness has, as Ms. Joseph has, have tried 22 to run from the fact that what this press release 23 was on August 3rd and the statements thereafter were 24 geared to do nothing more than to try to jack up

1 this case and jack up this Judge. Now, this witness has done it before. And 2 3 this witness was involved in a proceeding where he 4 told a judge, when the judge said that he was going 5 to issue a particular ruling --6 MR. WARE: Your Honor --7 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Again, I'm going to 8 sustain the objection. 9 MR. EGBERT: And I want to be heard at side 10 bar. 11 (At side bar.) 12 MR. EGBERT: In Commonwealth versus Kelly 13 Angell, which was tried in the trial court of the 14 East Boston District, in a plea conference before Judge Russo, asked for by both the parties, which 15 16 Mr. Deakin was the prosecutor, Judge Russo indicated 17 that under certain circumstances, he would consider 18 continuing that particular case without a finding. 19 Mr. Deakin turned to Judge Russo and told him and 20 said, "If you do that, I'll go public with it," 21 clearly meaning to Judge Russo to the press. 22 Judge Russo was sufficiently upset that he 23 called the district attorney's office, spoke to Mr.

Borghesani, and complained of their attempts to use

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1 the press to influence his decisions and to 2 influence his ability to issue a decision. 3 I suggest that it is part and parcel of 4 their conduct in this case. And the fact that they 5 did it on other occasions would go to the 6 credibility of his statements that he never does 7 such a thing, that this was all on the up and up, 8 and at no time were they attempting to pressure 9 Judge Lopez in any way. It is conduct which is 10 inconsistent with his present testimony, it is 11 inconsistent with what the theory has been within 12 this case. It goes to his bias, it goes to his 13 prejudice, it goes to the manner in which Judge 14 Lopez was treated, and the ultimate result. And all 15 of that goes into what is both sanctioned, if 16 anything, and what the sanction --17 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: I take it you've 18 made an election as to who's going to address the 19

Court?

MR. WARE: Yes. First of all, under no circumstance would it be relevant, unless there were testimony that Judge Lopez knew about it, and, of course, after five days, she's said nothing about her knowing about it and therefore, it could not

1 have impacted any attitude she brought to sentencing on September 6th. 2 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Would it give 3 4 predicate? 5 MR. EGBERT: No. It goes to explaining his 6 conduct. Judge Lopez --7 MR. WARE: No. 8 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Let him finish. 9 MR. WARE: I thought it was my turn. 10 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: But you hesitated. 11 MR. EGBERT: I thought you asked me a 12 question. 13 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Go ahead. 14 MR. EGBERT: It goes to his conduct, the 15 conduct of the DA's office. It's the very essence of what Judge Lopez found in her findings. The DA's 16 17 office was using the press to create a circus, to do 18 this, to do the other thing. It goes to the whole 19 issue of what she testified to about the prior 20 statements to the press by Ms. Joseph concerning the 21 Estrada case and Calixte case, the running to the 22 press after cases. 23 Judge Lopez testified that she believed

that this press release that was issued on the 3rd

of the transgendered and the like was an attempt to affect her, to influence her, because she was giving an opinion that was different than what the Commonwealth wanted. And, quite frankly, that seems to me to be the centerpiece to this case. She didn't have to know about this event. This is an event consistent in conduct with what was going on here and explains for the Court, so you can understand what was going on.

And I can tell you that I have interviewed Judge Russo. What I've proffered to you as his testimony is his testimony. I made it quite clear -- I have the court file with the appearances and the like in it. For that purpose, it seems to me to be relevant to these issues. This is not character assassination. This is fact. And the fact of the matter is that these DAs -- and there will be more testimony with regard to this -- the DAs have come to use it in the press and the threat of press as some kind of a wedge against judges, and that all of that impacts the way she was treated -- I don't condone the way she was treated -- and what led up to these kinds of events.

24 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Go ahead.

MR. WARE: Your Honor, I understand that the defense in this case is everybody's at fault, except the Judge. I understand that. And I understand we're going to blame victims, we're going to blame assistant DAs, we're going to blame lawyers, we're going to blame the press, we're going to blame Mr. Borghesani. But the relevant point here is there's no evidence in this case that the Judge knew of any such incident. Therefore, it couldn't affect her on September 6th, No. 1.

No. 2, this is a collateral issue. What are we then going to do? Have a trial on what was said to Judge Russo?

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: It's relevant to her frame of mind. If she thought that she was being set up by the press --

MR. WARE: That isn't what she has said. Her testimony over five days is what it is. I'm not going to characterize it. But I think an incident wholly out of the blue involving the assistant district attorney and another judge in a District Court in East Boston has nothing to do with what Judge Lopez did on September 6th, and we're going to go down another collateral road and extend this case

another few days for more assassination of the district attorney's office.

Mr. Egbert has Mr. Borghesani on his witness list. He can get all he wants about press relations from Mr. Borghesani.

MR. EGBERT: Mr. Borghesani is one of them and is taking the party line with them. Let's not kid anybody here. I don't have to be left only to take people who are adverse in interest. I've got an independent judge who's telling what happened here. And, Judge, they can put all this blather about assassination and the like. This is about people's conduct. The Judge made findings here. The Judge made findings that this office was engaged in using the press, in shorthand, as a bludgeon. And this is conduct that is consistent with that.

And this is conduct that is consistent with that.

MR. WARE: Those findings have nothing to
do with Judge Russo.

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Let him finish.

MR. EGBERT: These people have all

claimed -- whether it be Joseph or Deakin -- have
all claimed that they're the angels of mercy and
would never do such a thing, that this was all on
the up and up, perfectly appropriate, and that the

 findings of Judge Lopez were outrageous, terrible; yet, they never appealed, they never did anything about it. And I suggest to you that part of the answer to that, part of the reason to that is because that's what they do. And they do it in cases when they don't like the judge's findings. There are other judges who will so testify as to this particular office --

 ${\tt HEARING}$ OFFICER DAHER: My findings will certainly weigh all the evidence and take care of that.

MR. EGBERT: Because you'll be better off -- you'll be better able to make a finding as to what -- to the extent you think it's relevant -- to what these people were up to by hearing what they do in criminal cases and what they've done in criminal cases in this regard. This isn't appropriate conduct. You don't threaten judges with going to the press.

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: But again, it lends credence to Mr. Ware's argument. This is somewhat collateral to the issue as to her demeanor, her behavior -- you're trying to say that their getting information about Mr. Russo would justify anything

1 that she did or didn't do? MR. EGBERT: It certainly would go to this 2 3 witness' utter --HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Credibility? 4 5 MR. EGBERT: -- utter shock that anybody 6 would make a finding that him and his office would 7 use the press --8 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: I can assess his 9 testimony. 10 MR. EGBERT: Except you'd have clear 11 evidence of it here. You'd have clear, unequivocal evidence of it here from a person who's not a party 12 13 to these proceedings and may be biased in any way. 14 And these are findings you have to make, No. 1. 15 No. 2, I believe it goes to why they didn't 16 do anything, like appeal or seek reconsideration, 17 because these facts would have come out in a hearing 18 or could have come out in a hearing as to their 19 conduct. So they can't simply back here --20 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Your turn, Mr. 21 Ware. 22 MR. WARE: This is my last shot. This is 23 my coming to the Bench and arguing that we should be 24 able to present ten other instances of Judge Lopez

1 acting out of order, and it's simply not the case. We're here with respect to one incident based on 2 3 September 6th. Even Calixte and Estrada are in this 4 case only because the Judge put them in her 5 response. They're in her formal response. We're 6 not entitled to proffer to this Court a host of 7 other incidents that the Judge has been involved in. And by the same token, we shouldn't be trying the 8 9 district attorney's office. 10 MR. EGBERT: By the way, this host of other 11 incidents, there's never been a mention of one. MR. WARE: I'll give you an example --12 13 MR. EGBERT: And, No. 2, that's because the 14 rules with regards to JCC are very clear. The 15 charge is the charge that you brought, not ones you 16 want to make up. 17 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: We'll break here. 18 I'll take it under advisement. I'll make a ruling 19 after we take a break. 20 (End of side bar.) 21 (Recess.) 22 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Two issues in 23 regards to this: If I allow Mr. Deakin's testimony 24 in regards to this issue, you're going to put on

1 Judge Russo; is that correct? 2 MR. EGBERT: Correct. 3 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Secondly, it does 4 goes to the issue of credibility. And it also goes 5 to show that Judge Russo followed scheduled 6 procedure when he notified the district attorney's 7 office, and your client did not. So if you want to put that in on these two issues, credibility and the 9 fact that Judge Russo did call up the district 10 attorney's office and complain, go ahead. 11 MR. WARE: Note our objection to that, and 12 we will file a memorandum after court today. 13 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: On what issue? 14 MR. WARE: On the whole Russo issue, a 15 parade of witnesses coming in here to bring up 16 third-party incidents, this list of judges -- we're 17 going to be here until February on a tangent, and 18 this is one of them. 19 MR. EGBERT: We won't be here until 20 February. We're going to be done this week. 21 MR. WARE: Furthermore, it's my 22 understanding that this particular case happened after September 6th, 2000, anyway, so it's 23 24 impossible that Judge Lopez could have had it in

1 mind. It is by definition irrelevant here. MR. EGBERT: Judge, the assigning of it has 2 3 nothing to do with it. 4 MR. WARE: It has a lot to do with it. 5 We're talking about the Judge's conduct. 6 MR. EGBERT: I have never argued to the 7 Court, nor am I arguing now, that Judge Lopez knew of this incident. I'm not arguing that at all. 8 9 What I've indicated is it goes to the credibility of 10 this witness and their procedure and their conduct 11 in using the press or threats of the press --12 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: But by the same 13 token, Mr. Egbert, if I recall correctly, Judge 14 Russo, taken aback by what had happened in the 15 press, followed an established procedure: Called 16 the district attorney's office and complained. 17 testimony is that your client did not do that. She 18 said, I think on examination by Mr. Ware, that would 19 be an ex parte communication. 20 But there was an established procedure if 21 there is a complaint -- if you have a complaint, 22 call the district attorney's office in regard to 23 that. She didn't do that.

MR. EGBERT: Nor is she required to. She's

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Yes, it was.

1 not required to make such a complaint, No. 1, nor is that a subject of this proceeding. What is at issue 2 3 is on this particular piece of evidence -- you can 4 use it for whatever you care to -- but what is at 5 issue is the fact that this witness and Ms. Joseph 6 have consistently said that they have --7 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: I'll allow you some latitude on a very short leash. Go ahead in regard 8 9 to that question. Do you want to play back the last 10 question, please, prior to the side bar and my 11 comments. 12 MR. EGBERT: Judge, I can start over. 13 That's a long way. 14 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: If you're prepared 15 to pick it up, let's go. 16 MR. EGBERT: I am. 17 BY MR. EGBERT: 18 Mr. Deakin, did you represent the 19 Commonwealth of Massachusetts in the case of 20 Commonwealth versus Kelly Angell, A-n-g-e-1-1? 21 Yes, I did. Α. 22 And was that a case that took place in the 23 East Boston District Court?

1 MR. WARE: Objection. This whole line of 2 questioning is irrelevant. 3 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: You've already made 4 that objection. 5 MR. WARE: It happened after September 6th, 6 2000. It can't possibly bear on this case. 7 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Overruled. Go 8 ahead. 9 And were you engaged in a plea conference Q. 10 with regard to the case of Commonwealth versus 11 Angell with defense counsel? 12 MR. WARE: Same objection. 13 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: No need to keep on 14 jumping up. It's a continuing objection and I 15 recognize that. Go ahead. 16 Were you involved in a plea conference in 17 the case of Commonwealth versus Kelly Angell with 18 Judge Russo, Dominic Russo, and defense counsel? 19 Yes. Anthony Lochiatto was the defense 20 counsel. 21 And during that plea conference did Judge Q. 22 Russo express an opinion that he may consider a 23 continuance without a finding in that case?

A. I don't remember specifically. He may

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- have. I don't remember that, but it's certainly
 possible.
- Q. And did you respond to Judge Russo in that regard that if he did that, you would, quote, go public?
 - A. No, I did not.
 - Q. And so you swear, as you sit here today, that that never occurred?
 - A. That never occurred.
 - Q. And are you aware of whether or not Judge Russo was in communication with your office after this plea conference?
 - A. Yes. He called the first assistant district attorney, Elizabeth Keeley.
 - Q. And did he speak with Ms. Keeley?
 - A. She told me that he did.
 - Q. Did he speak with Mr. Borghesani?
- 18 A. I've never heard that he spoke to Mr. 19 Borghesani.
- Q. And you weren't present for the conversation between Ms. Keeley and Judge Russo or Mr. Borghesani and Judge Russo; is that correct?
- 23 A. No, I was not, although I subsequently had a conversation with Judge Russo.

- 1 Q. You did?
- 2 A. Yes.

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- Q. And when was that conversation?
- A. He apparently had asked the first -- I'm not sure. The first assistant district attorney suggested that I call Judge Russo.
- Q. And what was the purpose of your being asked to call Judge Russo?
- 9 A. She informed me that he had a concern about 10 my -- an area of my presentation of the case and she 11 thought it would be a good idea -- I don't know whether it was his suggestion to her or her 13 suggestion that I call.
 - Q. And did you call Judge Russo?
- 15 A. I did.
- 16 Q. About that case?
- 17 A. I did.
- Q. And when you called Judge Russo about that case, how long after the case was pled did you do that?
- 21 A. I don't recall.
- 22 Q. Approximately.
- A. A few days.
- Q. And in fact, is that a time while the

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defendant in that case was on probation?

- A. Yes.
- Q. And so you called Judge Russo directly while the case that you had been involved in was on probation; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
- ${\tt Q.}$ And you had a conversation with Judge Russo?
 - A. I did.
- Q. And did Judge Russo tell you that he didn't appreciate you threatening to go, quote, go public?
- 12 A. Absolutely not. What Judge Russo said to 13 me was -- that I had said to him on the record, I 14 believe, something to the effect is, "Judge, you 15 can't do that." What I meant by that was -- and I explained this to Judge Russo -- that something he 16 17 was doing -- and, frankly, I didn't know I was going 18 to be asked this question -- but something that he 19 was doing was not authorized by statute; that he 20 didn't have the authority to do it. And he said to 21 me that he thought the way I phrased that, "Judge, 22 you can't do that," had the effect of showing him 23 up. That he thought I meant you can't do that, like it's wrong to do that. And I said, "Judge, I 24

apologize. That wasn't my intention. My intention was to explain that the Court lacked the authority to do that." So it was an amicable conversation, and he never suggested that I said I would go public.

Q. And just so I'm crystal clear and the record is crystal clear, you never said to Judge Russo in a plea conference words to the effect, "If you do that" --

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$ WARE: Objection to "words to the effect." That wasn't your question.

MR. EGBERT: I'm asking the question. MR. WARE: I object to "words to the

14 effect."

 $\mbox{\sc HEARING OFFICER DAHER:}$ Sustained. Ask the question.

- Q. Did you ever say to Judge Russo in a plea conference, while discussing the possibility of a continuance without a finding, that you would go public?
- A. No, counsel.
- Q. The answer is no, right?
 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Finish. You asked him a question.

1 MR. EGBERT: The question is a yes or no 2 question: Did you say it.

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: That's all it calls for. You're right. Go ahead.

- A. Counsel, every single hearing the Kelly Angell case was widely publicized from the moment of the defendant's arrest. It was an extraordinarily high-profile case. Every single hearing in that case was attended by tons of media that had nothing to do with our office bringing them there. They followed it extremely closely. Everything I did, everything the defense attorney did, everything the Judge did in that case was public by definition. There was no way for me to go public in that case. Everything was public.
- Q. Mr. Deakin, the conference that I'm describing is a conference that took place outside of the press.
 - A. Understood.
 - Q. It was a private plea conference.
- A. Understood.
- Q. Not on the record, correct?
- 23 A. No, it was not on the record.
- Q. Just so it's clear, did you say those words

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I'm sure we were.

Yes.

Q.

Α.

1 or words to that effect in that plea conference? 2 No, I did not. 3 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Did you at any time threaten -- if it is indeed to be considered a 4 5 threat -- that you would go public to Judge Russo in 6 re that particular matter? 7 THE WITNESS: No, Judge. 8 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: The answer is no. 9 Let's go. 10 Now, on September 6th, when you appeared Q. 11 for the plea conference -- strike that -- for the 12 plea and sentencing at the Middlesex Superior Court, 13 you appeared there with Ms. Joseph, correct? 14 That's correct. I mean, I arrived there by Α. 15 myself. But we appeared together, yes. 16 You appeared in court with Ms. Joseph? Q. 17 Α. Yes, correct. 18 Q. And when you appeared in court with Ms. 19 Joseph, counsel was asked to introduce themselves, 20 correct? 21 Α. Honestly, I don't specifically recall, but

And you introduced yourself?

- Q. And you introduced Ms. Joseph, correct?
- A. I believe that's right.
- Q. And you stood and she didn't. Do you recall that?
- A. I think that's right, too, yes. I wasn't paying attention, really.
- Q. And you indicated to the Court at that time, both through your conduct and your statements, that you would be speaking on behalf of the Commonwealth, correct?
- A. Through my conduct I did. I'm not sure that I made any specific statements that I would be speaking instead of Joseph or not, but through my conduct, yes.
- Q. And at no time did you seek from the Court permission or authority to have some other lawyer, including Ms. Joseph, participate in the proceedings orally?
 - A. No, I did not.
- Q. Now, when you presented the facts of the case at the plea hearing -- let me step back a minute.
- 23 The facts at a plea hearing -- let me 24 withdraw that, because it gets confusing.

Part of a plea hearing is a requirement that the defendant listen to what facts the Commonwealth could prove at trial, correct?

- A. Yes.
- ${\tt Q.}$ And for the defendant to acknowledge those facts, correct?
- A. Acknowledge that those facts are true, that's right.
- Q. And that forms what's called a factual basis for a plea.
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And that's not a time to argue sentencing; am I correct?
- A. It's not a time to argue sentencing. It is a time to lay out those facts that you intend to refer to in your sentencing argument.
- Q. Well, if that is the time where the Judge said to you, for example, just put the facts on the record, you were not to argue at that point.
- A. There's no argument, no. There's just a recitation of facts.
- Q. And during that time you know that the purpose for that part of the proceedings is to show that there is sufficient facts for entry of the

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Q.

the facts, correct?

1 plea. 2 Correct. Α. 3 Q. And at one point in time you indicated the 4 Judge stopped you in your recitation of facts, 5 correct? 6 That's correct. Α. 7 Q. And you'll agree with me that the time she 8 stopped you -- and the words "stopped you" -- in the transcript I think she said, "I think I've heard 9 10 sufficient facts." What did she say? Do you 11 recall? 12 I don't recall her exact words. It was Α. 13 something along those lines. I'd have to look at the transcript to be sure. 14 15 Let's look at it so we're accurate. Let me Q. 16 get it for you. 17 Turn to Exhibit 22 in your book. 18 Α. Yes. 19 Page 15, to acclimate you. Ο. 20 Yes. Α. 21 Q. Do you have it? 22 Yes. Α.

Now, you gave the facts -- or were giving

- A. Yes
- Q. And you reached the point where the police arrived, correct?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And the Judge said, "Thank you. I think that completes the facts that are relevant for purposes of these indictments," correct?
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. Now, you may quarrel with the word "relevant," but certainly you had reached the point where you had delivered sufficient facts for the Judge to rely on that phase of the proceedings; am I correct?
 - A. I think I had at that point recounted sufficient facts for the Judge to make a factual finding that there was a basis for the plea. I had not, however, recited sufficient facts for me to base a sentencing argument.
 - Q. And we're going to get to that in a minute. You recognize that what's important at that stage of the proceeding is sufficient facts for the plea.
- A. That's -- when you say, "what's important,"
 no. That's one of the things that's important.
 It's not the only thing that's important.

1 You can add whatever facts you want in your Q. sentencing argument, can't you? 2 No, because in order for the facts to be admitted to, the defendant has to hear them and 4 5 acknowledge them. If I put them in later in my sentencing argument, the Judge could look at me and 6 7 say the defendant didn't admit to those facts. The defendant isn't required to admit 8 9 anything more than a factual basis under the law of 10 this Commonwealth? 11 The Commonwealth is entitled to present --Α. 12 Q. You can answer your question in a minute. 13 But answer mine. 14 MR. WARE: Objection, Your Honor. 15 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: What is your 16 objection? 17 MR. WARE: The witness is trying to answer 18 that question. It is responsive. 19 MR. EGBERT: It's not, Judge. 20 MR. WARE: It is. 21 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Sustained. Go 22 ahead. 23 The Commonwealth has a right to present

those facts that it believes it would establish at

- trial and it would justify as sentencing
 recommendation. The defendant is only legally
 required to admit to those facts that are true. But
 the Judge has wide discretion to allow the
 Commonwealth to present those facts which will
 support its sentencing recommendation and ask the
 defendant whether those facts are true.
 - Q. And that's the words "wide discretion"?
 - A. Yes

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- Q. And you'll agree with me that the Judge had heard sufficient facts for the plea by the time you reached the end of your colloquy on Page 15.
- A. No, I would not agree with you. I would agree that she had heard sufficient facts to find a factual basis for the crimes alleged.
 - Q. You're arguing with my words.
 - A. No, I'm not.
 MR. WARE: Objection, Your Honor.
 - O. Go ahead. Finish.
- A. The plea, however -- part of the plea is for the Commonwealth to make a sentencing recommendation. And the Commonwealth should be allowed to present those facts that are relevant to its sentencing recommendation and allow the

- defendant the opportunity to either admit to the truth of those facts or to deny the truth of those facts.
 - Q. Do you agree with me that you had reached the point in your recitation where the Judge had sufficient facts before her to accept the plea and find a factual basis for the plea?
 - A. Yes.
 - $\ensuremath{\mathtt{Q}}.$ And it was within her discretion to stop it there.
 - A. I don't believe it was within her discretion to stop it there when the Commonwealth made a good-faith representation that there were additional facts that would support our sentencing recommendation that it was necessary for the defendant to either admit to or not admit to.
- Q. And indeed, when the Commonwealth made that representation, she exercised her discretion by telling you to continue.
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. Isn't that correct?
- 22 A. That is correct.
- Q. So we have reached a point in time where sufficient facts had been made, correct?

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- 1 A. Sufficient facts for the Judge to find a 2 factual basis --
 - Q. Which is exactly what you were doing at the time, weren't you, when the Judge said -- asked the defendant to listen up to the facts, because she was basically at that point finding a factual basis, correct?
 - A. That was part of what I was doing, yes.
 - Q. And in any event, when you asked her to exercise her discretion basically to let you go on, she did so.
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Because you explained to her that you had more you had to say.
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Now, I saw on the tape -- and we don't have to look at it again, unless you wish to -- that you were reading from a statement of facts.
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Did you write those up?
- 21 A. Yes, I did.
- Q. And where did you get the information to develop those facts?
- 24 A. I got them from a variety of sources. I

got them from my own review of police reports when the case had originally came in, I got them from ongoing discussions with ADA Joseph, I got them from -- well, I had reviewed the tape of the boy's statement, I got them from supplemental reports of the detectives -- Detectives Hargrove and Keeley -- I believe -- I'm not positive, but I believe that's my sources of the information.

- Q. Now, on the taped statement, the boy made clear, did he not, that he was pulled into the car by force by Mr. Horton?
- A. My review of that tape, it was an issue that was raised initially when the taped interview was done, when I didn't see it.
 - Q. I'm sorry. I just missed your answer.
- A. This issue that was raised with me was about what he had said on the tape while I had seen the tape in discussions with ADA Joseph.

When I reviewed the tape, it wasn't entirely clear to me whether he had been pulled in forcefully or whether he had been lured in and the defendant had sort of assisted him or encouraged him to come into the car by pulling on his arm.

MR. EGBERT: Can we play the tape, please.

1 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Sure. 2 MR. WARE: Your Honor, would it be possible 3 to move on and do this after lunch? 4 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Is that a problem? 5 Can we do it after lunch? Is that possible or do 6 you need it right now? 7 MR. EGBERT: I don't think it is. 8 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: You need it right 9 now? 10 MR. EGBERT: Yes. We're coming towards the 11 conclusion. 12 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Okay. 13 You saw me fiddling with that. Does that appear to you to be the tape of the alleged victim 14 15 in this case? The victim in this case? Yes, that is. 16 Α. 17 And that's the tape you had reviewed Q. 18 before? 19 Α. Correct. 20 (Videotape playing.) 21 "Q. ... from the beginning to the end of what 22 had happened. 23 Yeah. I was walking from my friend's 24 house, because I just got dropped off from UMass.

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me in."

Α.

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1
    And I seen -- I was like at the corner of the second
     street from my house. Then this lady said, Oh, I
 2
     know you from somewhere. Will you help me look for
 4
     my son? I was like, What? I ignored her. I kept
     walking. The second time she was like, Oh, I know
 5
     you. Can you help me find my son? I was like, I
7
     don't even know you.
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             Where was the lady?
         Q.
9
        Α.
             She was at the corner of the same street I
10
    was at.
11
             Was she standing on the street?
        Q.
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        Α.
             Hum-um, a car.
13
             She was in a car. And then what happened?
        Ο.
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             Then after that she said, I offered
        Α.
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     somebody $100 to whoever helps me find my son. So I
     was like, I know where he was, but -- she's like,
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     Oh, can you show me? I was like -- at first I
18
     started walking, and then she was like, Oh, come in.
19
     And then she like grabbed my hand and sort of pulled
20
    me in."
21
              (Videotape stopped.)
22
              She said, "She grabbed my hand and pulled
        Q.
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"Sort of pulled me in."

- 1 "Grabbed my hand and sort of pulled me in" while she was in the car and he was on the sidewalk, 2 right? 4 Α. It's not clear to me that he was on the 5 sidewalk. 6 Q. Well, where was he? 7 It wasn't clear to me whether he was on the sidewalk or whether he was in the doorway to her car 8 9 or whether he was getting into the car. 10 So that lack of clarity to you meant that 11 you didn't know whether he was pulled in the car or 12 not, right? 13 Α. Counselor, what I knew was --14 Is that right? Q. 15 MR. WARE: Objection. No, that's not right. 16 Α. 17 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Go ahead. 18 So you did have the statement that the boy 19 was pulled into the car by his hand, right? 20 I'm sorry. He was sort of pulled into the Α.
 - car --Q. "Grabbed my hand and sort of pulled me into
- 22 23 the car," right?
- 24 That's correct, yes. Α.

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- 1 Q. Did you talk to the victim?
 - A. Did I speak to the victim?
 - O. Yes.
- 4 A. No, I did not.
- Q. Did you seek to ask whether or not that was in fact true, that there was a forceful pulling into the car?
 - A. No, I did not.
- 9 Q. Never sought to get that fact one way or 10 the other?
 - A. No, I did not.
 - Q. Would that be an important fact?
- 13 A. In light of the violence of the defendant's 14 subsequent actions, it did not seem to me to be 15 worth revisiting for this trial the issue of the 16 victim saying --
- Q. Well, the child was willing and anxious to testify, right?
- 19 A. As I said --
- Q. Right? The child was willing and anxious to testify. Wasn't that your testimony?
- 22 A. No, it was not.
- 23 Q. If it was not your testimony --24 MR. WARE: Objection, Your Honor. May the

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1 witness finish?

- A. My recollection of my testimony was that he was willing, and I've never heard him described as anxious.
 - Q. Willing to testify?
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. And had no troubles with it.
- 8 A. I'm not sure I'd say that. No, I would not 9 say that. "Willing" is what I used.
 - Q. And you didn't think it was worthwhile to send one of your officers down, because you couldn't figure out if that really meant he was being pulled in, right?
 - A. In light of the actions that were unambiguous and the defendant subsequently admitted to, no, I did not.
 - Q. You've been a prosecutor of the sexual assault unit for some time?
 - A. Child abuse unit.
- Q. Do you think there's a difference in terms of impulse when someone is snatched off the street forcefully versus when someone is rused into a car?
 - A. I don't understand your question.
- Q. Do you know anything about impulse control

- as it relates to child sexual abuse? 1 2 Α. I know some things about it, yes. 3 Q. Have you read on the subject? 4 Α. Some. 5 Q. You've studied it a bit? 6 A bit. Α. 7 Q. And is it fair to say that you, in fashioning your arguments to judges or sentences to 8 9 judges, have in mind whether a particular defendant 10 is unable to control their impulses in such a way as 11 they would be a repeat offender, for example? 12 We certainly have that in mind. It's 13 certainly difficult --But it's something you consider. 14 Q. 15 Certainly. Α. 16 Q. And do you know from your studies and 17 readings whether or not, when someone forcibly 18 removes somebody off the street, that that is of a 19 different impulse type than a ruse, so to speak? 20 I don't know the answer to that. 21 Q. Simply don't know.
 - Q. Let me ask you the next question.
 Did you tell the Judge at that time

A. I don't know.

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- anything about this defendant -- this victim saying anything about being pulled into the car?
 - A. No, I did not.
- Q. And did you tell the Judge anything about the victim claiming or indicating that the defendant, Ebony Horton, had threatened to kill the victim if he said a word?
- A. I don't believe the defendant -- I don't believe anyone has ever said that the defendant threatened to kill the victim.
 - Q. Threatened to have him killed?
 - A. I did not say that to the Judge.
- Q. You knew that the victim had claimed that the defendant had threatened to have her husband kill the victim if he talked, right?
 - A. At the time that I --
 - Q. Please; can you answer my question?
 - A. I'm trying to answer it.
- Q. Well, did you know that or didn't you?
 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: He's not being responsive.
 - Q. Did you know that or didn't you?
 - A. When are you asking me about?
- Q. Did you know it on the date of September

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- 1 6th, when you had this plea hearing?
 - A. I do not believe that I recalled it as of September 6th.
 - Q. You forgot it?
 - A. I believe that's correct.
 - Q. So the first one you weren't sure of, the second one you forgot. Now, threats to kill are an important part of a factual presentation in a criminal case, wouldn't you agree?
- 10 A. Yes.
 - Q. But you forgot it.
 - A. Working from the --
 - Q. You forgot it.
- 14 A. It had been some time since I had seen the 15 tape. I did not recall that fact.
 - Q. You forgot it.
- 17 A. Correct.
- Q. And then you didn't tell the Judge that the victim claimed that Ebony Horton got on the passenger side seat with his pants unbuttoned and laid on the victim belly to belly, correct?
 - A. I did not tell the Judge that, no.
- Q. Did you forget that one, too? Did you forget that one?

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- I think that I recalled it in the context of the defendant reclining the boy's seat. I did not recall the specifics of getting on top of him.
 - Q. So you forgot that.
- 5 Α. It had been some time since I reviewed the 6 tape. 7
 - So you forgot it. Q.
- 8 Α. Yes.
 - Now, as this conference or plea went on --Ο.
- 10 Α. I'm sorry. Which exhibit?
- 11 I'm not there yet. I'll get you to it if Q. 12 you need it.
 - I'll just close it. Α.
 - As this plea went on, there came a time Q. where the Judge indicated to you that she thought it was disingenuous for you to tell her it was a 10, right?
 - Α. Yes.
 - And what she was talking about, as you saw Ο. at the time, was that she thought -- strike that. You understood that to be her saying that it was her opinion that you were disingenuous, correct?
 - Α. Yes.
- 24 Q. In calling this crime a 10 or this set of

attorney, " correct?

1 facts a 10. 2 A. Yes, that was my understanding. 3 Ο. Is that correct? 4 Α. I mean, I didn't feel I had called it a 10, 5 but my understanding was that the Judge was 6 expressing her opinion that I was disingenuous for 7 calling it a 10. 8 And then at that time -- after she made that statement, she said, "I'll hear from the 9 10 defense attorney," correct? 11 I believe -- I'd have to look at the 12 transcript to be sure. 13 Go to Page 31 of the transcript. Q. 14 Which exhibit? Α. 15 Q. Exhibit 22? 16 Α. I lost my place. 17 Q. Exhibit 22. 18 Α. Exhibit 22, Page? 19 Page 31? Q. 20 Yes. Α. 21 That transcript is accurate? Q. 22 A. As best I can remember, yes, it is. 23 And she said, "I'll hear from the defense Q.

Α.

Yes, it was.

1 Α. Correct. 2 And you understood that as the Judge's Q. 3 invitation for the defense attorney to speak and you 4 to sit? 5 Α. Correct. 6 And you did not. Q. 7 Α. Correct. 8 And you continued to speak. Q. 9 I said, "Your Honor, if I may." Α. 10 Q. You continued to speak. 11 Yes. And that's what I said. Α. 12 And when you continued to speak and asked Q. 13 to be heard, she said, "No, you may not. You may sit down." 14 15 Α. That's correct. 16 Q. Did you sit down? 17 Α. No, I did not. 18 Q. Did you continue to speak? 19 I tried to. I got out one word. I said Α. 20 "I." 21 Did you do as the Court had ordered you to? Q. 22 No, I did not. Α. 23 And that was intentional, wasn't it? Q.

Q. And so at least on two occasions -- whether you were right or wrong, on two occasions you intentionally disobeyed the Court's directive. 4 Α. That's correct. 5 Q. Isn't that right? 6 A. That's correct. 7 Q. And then on a third occasion you did it 8 again, correct? 9 In this exchange here? Α. Q. Yes. 10 11 A. I don't think so. 12 She said, "I'll hear from the defense Q. 13 attorney," and you start to speak. 14 A. Correct. 15 That's one. Then she said, "No, you may Q. not. You may sit down," and you started to speak 16 17 again, correct? 18 Α. Correct. 19 Q. That's two, right? 20 Correct. Α.

And then she told you, "No. You may sit

23 A. Correct.

down now," correct?

Q.

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Q. And then again you spoke.

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- A. Actually, although the transcript doesn't reflect it, I think -- no; I take that back. That's correct.
 - Q. Assuredly it was in a mix of words, so if it wasn't three, it was two. But in any event, it was clear to you that you were intentionally disobeying a Court order.
 - A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Now-- and it's fair to say that the Judge 10 raised her voice and yelled at you.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Correct?
- 13 A. Yes.
- Q. And then after that, there was some discussion that went on, and you sought to be heard again, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- 18 Q. And that was after the Court had indicated 19 that she would deliver the sentence, basically? And 20 that's on Page 32, if you want to look.
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And you asked to be heard, and she said, "I don't want to hear from you anymore. Do you understand," correct?

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- A. That's correct.
- Q. And then ultimately, after the next exchange where she said, "You won't be heard," you indicated you wanted to be heard on a matter different than what you had been asking to be heard before, correct?
- A. Well, basically what I said -- I explained to her what I wanted to be heard on. I didn't say it was different from what it was before --
- Q. The content of what you said made it clear you wanted to be heard on a different matter than her opinion of you being disingenuous.
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And at that time you were in fact heard, correct?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And your arguments were made, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- 19 Q. And she found in your favor; isn't that 20 correct?
 - A. Yes.
- 22 Q. In other words, she adopted the 23 recommendations you had made, in large part?
- A. Well, I didn't really make recommendations.

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- What I said was there need to be conditions for electronic monitoring, and the Judge then imposed such conditions. So I guess if you call that -- I didn't make specific recommendations. I just suggested that there ought to be conditions.
- Q. Didn't you ask whether or not the curfew would be imposed?
 - A. I'd have to look at the transcript. Off the top of my head I don't recall.
 - Q. Page 34.
 - A. Yes, I did.
- Q. And didn't you at some point seek to have no contact orders, which you were concerned had not been entered?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And that was on Page 36?
- 17 A. I'm not --
- 18 Q. Page 36, "MR. DEAKIN: I apologize to the 19 Court. It may have been writing. I didn't hear if 20 there was a no contact order," correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And she listened to you there.
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. And in fact adopted your implied

recommendation there be a no contact order.

- A Yes
- Q. And in fact, she then sought from you an understanding as to what that no contact order ought to be: just children under 16 or specific individuals, correct?
- A. Yes -- I'm sorry. I may have misunderstood your question.
- Q. I said, And therefore, she indicated to you she was seeking your opinion as to whether or not the no contact order should be just to children under 16 and if that would apply to the victim. Do you recall that?
- A. Well, actually I think what I asked is that it be a blanket no contact with the victim at all, even after she turned 16, and she agreed with that.
 - Q. I want to take it in sequence.
- A. I'm sorry. It's probably my fault, but I'm not following.
- Q. Why don't you take a look at Page 36 and familiarize yourself with it.
 - A. (Witness reviews document) Yes.
- Q. So the sequence basically was that after you indicated the matter upon which you were heard

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- in a number of instances, you were in fact heard without interruption, correct?
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. And in fact your recommendations were adopted in most instances.
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. And your concerns were dealt with by the Court to your satisfaction.
 - A. Those concerns, yes.
 - Q. Is that correct?
 - A. Those concerns, yes.
 - Q. Well, were there any other concerns regarding the sentence that weren't dealt with?
- 14 A. It depends -- I suppose it depends what you 15 mean by "dealt with." We had concerns about the 16 sentence that was imposed.
- 17 Q. It was dealt with. You didn't get what you 18 wanted?
 - A. That's correct. Yes, it was dealt with.
- Q. Now, Mr. Deakin, you indicated that after this proceeding, that you had opportunity to read a press statement from Judge Lopez, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And in that press statement there was some

reference -- in fact, let me pull it out for you.

Take a look at Exhibit 4 in your book. You were asked during your direct testimony, I think, about the sentence which says, "In this case there were certain facts before me known by both the prosecutor and the defense attorney that were part of the plea conference and cannot be revealed by me." Do you see that?

A. Yes.

- Q. And I'll read the rest of it in a moment, but let's stick with that, if we can.
 - A. I see that.
- 13 Q. You weren't at the plea conference, were 14 you?
 - A. The one on August 1st?
 - Q. Wasn't that the only plea conference?
 - A. Well, I gather there was one on August 4th that I suppose I wasn't at either. But if you're talking about the lobby conference on August 1st or the bench conference, whatever it was, I was not there.
- Q. You understood that the plea conference on August 1st was the one where both the prosecution and the defense put together all of the information

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- they wanted the Judge to absorb in order to
 determine what her sentence would be, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- 4 Q. And you weren't there?
 - A. No, I was not.
- 6 Q. Correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- 8 Q. And you've already indicated that any
 9 reports that you have of what occurred on that would
 10 have come from Ms. Joseph, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- 12 Q. And in fact, you had by that point in time 13 not heard Ms. Goldbach's presentation, correct?
 - A. Only somewhat sketchily secondhand --
- 15 Q. Sketchily secondhand --
 - A. Not from Anne Goldbach, no.
- Q. Nor did you have the facts and details contained in what's now become known as Exhibit 3, the psychosocial report.
- 20 A. Not the details, no.
- Q. Correct? The facts underlying those things.
- 23 A. That's correct.
- Q. So when you testified on direct that you

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- 1 knew of no such facts, it was before the prosecutor 2 and the defense at the plea conference --
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. -- you weren't even at the plea conference?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. So you wouldn't have any ability to know that in any event.
 - A. That's not correct.
 - Q. Okay. So you can opine on what facts were known to the Judge that came at a plea conference where you were not present, correct?
 - A. Because I discussed it with ADA Joseph after that.
 - Q. Sketchily, you said.
 - A. No, no. I discussed it sketchily in terms of what Anne Goldbach presented as a defense case.
 - Q. Sir, isn't that part of the problem? That you only look at what the prosecution has as facts. What the defense presented to the Court were also facts, weren't they?
- A. I can't comment on that. I don't know if they were true facts or not. They were presented as facts.
- Q. They were presented as facts, correct?

- 1 A. Correct.
- Q. They were unrefuted by the DA's office, correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And they were undisputed by the DA's office in Judge Lopez's presence.
 - A. They were disputed -- the ultimate conclusion was disputed.
- 9 Q. You know the difference between a 10 conclusion and the facts.
 - A. No, they were not disputed.
 - Q. The facts were not disputed or refuted.
- 13 A. That's correct.
 - Q. And you don't even know what they are.
- 15 A. I know more of them now.
 - Q. You certainly didn't know then.
- 17 A. Not most of them, no.
- 18 Q. And then what Judge Lopez says in this 19 press statement is -- and I'll read the whole
- 20 sentence so I don't take it out of context -- "In
- 21 this case there were certain facts before me known
- 22 by both the prosecutor and the defense attorney that
- 23 were part of the plea conference and cannot be
- 24 revealed by me, but which would undoubtedly change

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- 1 the characterization of this case as currently
 2 reported by some media outlets." Do you understand
 3 that?
 - A. That's what it says.
 - Q. Now, "undoubtedly change the characterization of the case." You understood that to be Judge Lopez's opinion.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. That's not a factual statement.
- 10 A. It seems to me to be a statement of opinion 11 about facts.
- 12 Q. Right. "Change the characterization" is an opinion, correct?
 - A. Right.
 - Q. About the facts which she's talking about.
 - A. That's how I took it, yes.
- Q. And you agree with me, don't you, that the matters which were presented to Judge Lopez at the lobby conference, which were not made a part of any public record thereafter, would not have been -- could not have been revealed by her in a press release?
- 23 A. I don't agree with that.
- Q. You think they could have in a press

release?

- A. In the same point that --
- Q. Just --

MR. WARE: Your Honor --

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: I want to hear it.

- A. Counselor, in the same way that you noted previously when you were asking me questions that the findings that were sent to the press on August 4th or 5th were public record, I think the Judge could have, had she chosen to, stated -- if we're talking about the report, the psychosocial report -- could have stated in a press release, in a sentencing memorandum, in any fashion that she wanted, that she had reviewed -- that she had reviewed a psychosocial report and that its contents influenced her decision in terms of sentencing. I absolutely think she could have done that.
 - Q. The facts -- the facts in that report --
 - A. I think --
- Q. Please address my question and then I'll let you answer anything you want. I'll in fact let you have an open-ended question, but I'd like to get to my questions first.

The facts in that report, do you think she

1 could have put those in a press release? 2 Α. Yes. 3 0. And under what authority do you say that? 4 Under the authority that the only 5 prohibition, it would seem to me, on publishing the 6 facts in that report would be a 7 psychotherapist/patient privilege, which I can't cite you the cite, but I think it's Chapter 123 9 somewhere. The psychotherapist/patient privilege is 10 precisely breached when the defense attorney 11 submitted that report prepared by Joan Katz to the 12 Judge for her consideration. There is no longer a 13 privilege there. 14 As of that point, the Judge could lawfully 15 have disclosed those details. Whether she would 16 choose to or not is a different question. 17 Under what canon of ethics, judicial canon 18 of ethics, do you rely? 19 MR. WARE: Objection. 20 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Sustained. 21 MR. EGBERT: He said she could ethically do 22 that. So I'm asking --23 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: He said under the

statute that had been waived or breached by Attorney

Goldbach, and she could have. And in regards to the canons, I'm going to sustain the objection. Let's move on.

Q. Are you familiar with the canons of judicial ethics?

MR. WARE: Objection.

 $\label{eq:hearing_officer_date} \mbox{\sc HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Same objection.}$ Sustained.

- Q. When the Judge wrote in her press statement "under the applicable law," do you know what she was talking about?
 - A. If you would, I'm sorry, direct me to the -- you mean in the second-to-the-last line?
 - Q. Yes.
 - A. I understand her to be talking there about the penalty -- the statutes that prohibits certain criminal offenses and provide punishments for them.
 - Q. And the plea conference attended by the prosecutor and the defense attorney, what was she talking about?
- A. I think you're right when you suggested that was the August 1st conference.
- Q. And the sentencing guidelines, what was she talking about?

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- 1 A. I believe she was speaking about the 2 Commission on sentencing guidelines promulgated in 3 1998.
 - ${\tt Q.}$ And you base that on the fact that you know of no others?
 - A. I base that on the fact that that's what virtually every judge in the Commonwealth uses.
 - Q. You know of no other guidelines, right? HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Finish that.
 - A. My answer was I'm basing that on the fact that that's what virtually every judge in the Commonwealth uses in sentencing.
 - Q. Have you appeared before Judge DelVecchio at all?
 - A. I'm not sure. Not often, if I have. I don't know that I have.
 - Q. She's the Chief Justice of the Superior Court. Do you know that?
 - A. You didn't ask me if I knew her --
 - Q. I'm asking, she's --MR. WARE: Objection.

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Have you ever appeared before her? Do you have any memory of it?

THE WITNESS: I think I have, but only in

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1
    the First Session on relatively routine matters.
             And she is the Chief Justice of the
 2
        Q.
 3
     Superior Court?
 4
        Α.
             Yes, she is.
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             MR. EGBERT: May I have a moment, please?
 6
             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Sure.
7
              (Pause.)
8
             MR. EGBERT: No further questions, Your
9
    Honor.
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             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Mr. Braceras, you
11
    may pick it up.
12
                     REDIRECT EXAMINATION
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        BY MR. BRACERAS:
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             Mr. Deakin, since September 6th, 2000, have
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     you had an opportunity to review Exhibit 3, the
     psychosocial report?
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17
        Α.
            Yes, I have.
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             After reviewing it, do you see any facts
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     which would change the characterization of the case?
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             MR. EGBERT: Objection.
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             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: What's the
22
     objection?
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             MR. EGBERT: The relevance as to what he
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now knows after some time --

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HEARING OFFICER DAHER: You asked about the characterization. Overruled. Go ahead. You have it.

- A. I'm sorry. When you're asking me about change of characterization of the case, what aspect of the case do you mean? The facts of the case or the sentencing? I'm sorry.
- Q. After reviewing Exhibit 3, would you have changed your sentencing recommendation in any way?
 - A. No.
- Q. You were also asked about in Exhibit E, certain set of sentencing guidelines that Mr. Egbert represented were drafted in 1981 or 1982?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. You've been practicing in Superior Court approximately five years? Six years?
 - A. Six and a half years.
- 18 Q. In all of your sentencing hearings, has any 19 Superior Court judge ever referred to Exhibit E, the 20 1981 guidelines?
 - A. No.
- Q. Are you familiar with the Truth in Sentencing Act?
- 24 A. Yes, I am.

1 Q. Briefly, what is the Truth in Sentencing 2 Act?

A. It's legislation that was passed I believe in 1994 -- I'm pretty certain of that. It restructured the Superior Court sentencing -- the sentencing -- actually, what it basically restructured was parole eligibility on all felony offenses. I take that back -- for state prison sentences.

What it provided was it eliminated the old one-third/two-third eligibility system under which defendants were eligible for parole at one-third of their sentence — typically violent offenses at two-thirds of their sentence — and it eliminated statutory good time, which was time taken off a person's sentence by statute. It attempted — I shouldn't say attempted. Its effect was to make sentencing ranges — for example, if you use a — say a sentence of three to five years in state prison, it attempted to ensure that prisoners would serve closer to the full three years before they were parole eligible. There's still some earned good time, but it completely restructured the way parole was applied to Superior Court sentences.

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1 Q. How did the Truth in Sentencing Act affect 2 any guidelines, sentencing guidelines, that were in existence before then? MR. EGBERT: Objection, since he didn't 4 5 know there were any guidelines in existence. 6 MR. BRACERAS: Your Honor, he's now seen 7 these guidelines which are in existence. He 8 certainly can testify in his practice as to how 9 Exhibit E, which has been introduced into evidence 10 by Mr. Egbert, would be effective. 11 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Overruled. Go 12 ahead. 13 I would expect that sentencing guidelines 14 that describe specific ranges of sentences that were 15 promulgated before Truth in Sentencing would have to 16 be revised significantly after Truth in Sentencing 17 because they reflect a whole different parole 18 landscape. 19 MR. BRACERAS: Your Honor, I would just 20 like to mark for identification -- I think we're at 21 67 -- Chapter S 66. May I approach? 22 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Please.

as Exhibit 66, a chapter --

I'm showing you what's been marked for ID

Α.

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1
             THE CLERK: 67 -- I'm sorry. 66. You're
2
   right. I apologize.
 3
             MR. BRACERAS: 67.
 4
             THE CLERK: Yes, 67.
 5
             MR. BRACERAS: My mistake. It's been
 6
    marked for ID as Exhibit 67, Chapter S 66.
7
                  (Document marked as Hearing
8
                  Exhibit 67 for identification)
9
             Which codifies the Truth in Sentencing Act.
10
     Do you see that, Mr. Deakin?
11
             I do.
        Α.
12
             Which is the codification of the Truth in
        Q.
13
     Sentencing Act?
14
            MR. EGBERT: Is that his testimony?
15
       A. Just that I see it. He asked me if I see
16
     it.
17
             MR. EGBERT: The question was -- the
18
     statement was that this codifies the Truth in
19
     Sentencing.
20
        A. The question I understood to be before me
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    is do I see it. I've just started to review it.
            Why don't you spend a moment or so just to
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23
    review Exhibit 67.
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Thank you. (Witness reviews document)

This may take me a couple of minutes.

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Take your time.

- A. Counsel, I think that this is the -- and I don't believe I've read this since it was enacted -- or when it was promulgated -- but this is the legislation that established the Massachusetts Sentencing Commission that ultimately produced the sentencing guidelines that are in wide use. I don't think that this is the enactment of the Truth in Sentencing law that changed parole statutes.
- Q. You understand that Exhibit 23, which is before you, the sentencing guidelines, was a result of this enactment?
- A. Yes, it clearly was. But that's different from -- and it references Truth in Sentencing in here as a value, that there should be Truth in Sentencing. But the legislation that established Truth in Sentencing law that is separate legislation from this. This is the enabling legislation that created the Massachusetts Sentencing Commission that -- I think most recently then Chief Justice Mulligan was the chairman of that -- promulgated Exhibit 23.
- Q. When Mr. Egbert was asking you about your September 6th appearance before Judge Lopez, he

pointed out that you did not sit down when she asked you to. Do you recall that?

- A. I do.
- Q. Why didn't you sit down when Judge Lopez asked you to?
- A. I felt at that time that the Judge had charged me with being disingenuous and I felt that I had a right and a responsibility on behalf of the Commonwealth and on my own behalf to correct the record and to object. And when the Judge had me sit down, I felt that -- I thought that she was improperly limiting my ability to note on the record an objection to that characterization. I didn't think the record should be allowed to stand with that unobjected-to characterization.
- Q. Mr. Egbert also asked you a little bit about the recitation of facts. Do you recall that?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. In particular, he revisited the victim's videotaped interview and questioned why certain facts were not included. Do you recall that?
 - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Now, in preparing your recitation of facts, in providing your recitation of facts to Judge

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Lopez, how did you decide what facts to include?
        I primarily relied upon the report of
Detective Thomas Keeley of his interview with the
child in the hospital immediately after the assault,
and I used those facts. I had much earlier reviewed
the tape. But as I was drafting -- I was drafting
from that report.
        And how did you choose which facts to
    Q.
include and not to include?
    A. I tried to include those facts that would
give a picture of a -- an unambiguous picture of the
nature of the assault and the level of violence
involved in it.
        MR. BRACERAS: Thank you, Your Honor.
That's all.
         HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Mr. Egbert?
         MR. EGBERT: May I have a moment?
         HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Sure. Mr. Braceras
or Mr. Ware, who follows Mr. Deakin?
        MR. WARE: Joan Kenney, Your Honor.
         HEARING OFFICER DAHER: She's on call?
        MR. WARE: She'll be here at 1:15.
         MR. EGBERT: Judge, did they offer Exhibit
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1 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: It's only for ID. 2 RECROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. EGBERT:

- Q. But so that it's clear, Exhibit 67 has nothing to do with Truth in Sentencing; isn't that right?
- A. Well, it has nothing to do with the legislation called Truth in Sentencing. It actually cites as a goal in here Truth in Sentencing -- it's a quote, so it has something to do with it, but nothing to do with the law that --
- Q. The law that made Truth in Sentencing into law was a totally different law and enactment than what the Commission's lawyers just showed you, correct?
 - A. That's true.
- Q. In fact, the law that they just showed you and handed up to you as Exhibit 67 is a law that is not in effect; isn't that correct?
- A. I think this law creating the sentencing Commission is in effect.
- Q. But the guidelines are not.
- 23 A. The guidelines that it promulgated pursuant 24 to this law have never been adopted.

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- Q. And in fact, it reads in Section 5 of this submission, doesn't it, "The Massachusetts Sentencing Commission shall submit the initial sentencing guidelines promulgated under this Act to the General Court within 12 months after the effective date of this Act, unless the date for submission is extended by law. The guidelines shall take effect only if enacted into law." Right?
 - A. That's correct.
- 10 Q. Now, the guidelines have never been enacted 11 into law, correct?
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. The guidelines have never taken effect under the law, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- MR. BRACERAS: Mr. Deakin -HEARING OFFICER DAHER: One second. He's
 not done yet.
- 20 And you were asked about whether or not 20 anything in the report that -- Exhibit 3, the 21 psychosocial report that we've been talking about. 22 Do you understand what I'm talking about?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. You were asked whether or not anything in

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that report would change your recommendation as a district attorney, correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. Will you agree with me, however, that much that is in that report is relevant to sentencing?
- A. If one accepts this report as authoritative, then, yes, there is much in it that is relevant to sentencing.
- Q. And relevant for a judge to consider at sentencing?
- A. If the judge gives -- acknowledges it is authoritative, yes.
- Q. In other words, if the judge relied on it, then there is a lot of information there that's clearly relevant to the sentence to be imposed, correct?
 - A. I would agree with that.
- Q. And you understand, do you not, that no one in the district attorney's office ever asked Judge Lopez not to rely on that report? You understand that, don't you?
- A. My understanding is that ADA Joseph's interpretation of what happened at the plea colloquy made that unnecessary.

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- Q. Made it unnecessary?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Answer my question first and then we'll talk about necessities.

Do you agree with me that no one in the DA's office ever sought to have the Judge -- strike that. No one in the DA's office ever argued to the Judge that she should not rely on the contents of that report?

- A. My understanding from ADA Joseph was that she had made it known to the Judge that she did not think that the report ought to be relied on. That's my understanding from her.
 - Q. That is your understanding from her?
- 15 A. Yes
 - Q. When did you gain that understanding?
 - A. It would have been either -- it happened in our meeting shortly after the lobby conference.
 - Q. Would it surprise you to know that she has testified consistently that no such objection was ever made?
- 22 A. That would surprise me.
- Q. That she never asked the Judge not to rely on it? Would that surprise you? Strike that.

1 Would that be inconsistent with what she 2 reported to you? 3 Α. No, it wouldn't. Would it be inconsistent --4 Q. 5 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Mr. Egbert, if I 6 recall correctly, the report was viewed by Judge 7 Lopez ever so briefly, with Ms. Joseph looking over her shoulder. Judge Lopez didn't retain a report. 9 I think it was handed back to Ms. Goldbach. So that 10 report, that psychosomatic report, was not in the 11 record. The district attorney didn't have a copy of it. Nobody had a copy of it. Judge Lopez didn't 12 13 have a copy of it. 14 MR. EGBERT: Judge, again, with all due 15 respect, you couldn't be more wrong. 16 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Tell me. I want to 17 know. I appreciate your candor. Go ahead. 18 MR. EGBERT: And there are going to be 19 judges who come in here who practice in the criminal 20 courts who are going to unfortunately tell you that. 21 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: What happened to 22 this report? 23 MR. EGBERT: The report was taken back

after it was read by the Judge and relied on at the

1 plea conference, at which time a decision was made as to what sentence would be imposed. It was returned to the parties. It was then later on given 4 to Probation after the sentence and put as part of 5 their file. And that is done every day in a plea 6 conference in the courts of the Commonwealth in 7 criminal cases. And you will hear from Judge 8 DelVecchio in that regard, from Judge Spurlock in 9 that regard, from Judge Quinlan -- the fact of the 10 matter is, with all due respect, this Court has 11 never sat criminal. And that is done every single 12 day. And that's the facts that judges in the 13 criminal sessions rely on. 14 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: It would appear, 15 Mr. Egbert -- and obviously a man with your vast experience -- if we're dealing with the charges of 16 17 kidnapping, et cetera, and the government is seeking 18 a rather stringent punishment, a report like that --19 the judge would at least have kept a copy, the 20 district attorney should have been given a copy. 21 MR. EGBERT: The district attorney didn't 22 ask for one, didn't want one, and rejected one when 23 it was given.

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Judge Lopez didn't

1 even retain a copy of it. MR. EGBERT: That's No. 1. The Judge 2 3 doesn't have to retain a copy of it. This is trying to make rules and regulations in the conduct of 5 criminal trials which do not exist and have never 6 existed in the Commonwealth. And that's what the 7 fact of the matter is. And the issue of what goes on daily in lobby conferences on pleas throughout this Commonwealth have occurred just like that four 9 10 years. And to now try to run away -- have the DA's 11 office --12 MR. WARE: I hate to interrupt --13 MR. EGBERT: Well, don't. I'm speaking. 14 MR. WARE: Could you save the closing for a week from now? 15 MR. EGBERT: Are you done? 16 17 MR. WARE: Not quite. 18 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Go ahead. 19 MR. EGBERT: I am a bit tired of being 20 interrupted from behind, so to speak, by Mr. Ware 21 and his colleagues. 22 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Sure. 23 MR. EGBERT: Your Honor, I suggest -- and

I'm saddened to say that even after the amount of

time that has gone on in these proceedings to describe criminal events, that we haven't obviously made our point to you. But these are conferences that go on in criminal cases every day throughout the Commonwealth where people put forward matters to the judge, both orally and in documents, that the judge reviews them all, and then indicates what their sentence is going to be. And that's it. And matters are not put on the record at that time. Matters are not made a part of the record at that time. There is no record at that time. And what judges do consistently is then either that day, if the occasion arises, because everybody is in agreement --

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: I understand that totally. And in the hurried nature of the session, I can understand that. But then when a judge looks at a report, it's not from a board-certified clinical psychologist or psychiatrist. It's from a social worker out of Ms. Goldbach's office. She reviews it for a few minutes and gives it back and there's no copy to the ADA.

MR. EGBERT: The ADA didn't ask for a copy, nor would she take a copy when offered to her.

1 MR. WARE: Well, are we going to argue this 2 endlessly? 3 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Go ahead. Why 4 don't you finish your examination of Mr. Deakin. 5 ahead. 6 BY MR. EGBERT: 7 Q. Mr. Deakin, the facts and circumstances in the report you've indicated would be relevant to 8 9 sentencing? 10 Α. If they were viewed as authoritative --11 If they were viewed as authoritative? Ο. 12 Α. Yes. 13 Which is a judge's right to do, correct? Ο. 14 Yes. Α. 15 And in this particular case, they were Q. 16 presented to Judge Lopez, correct? 17 Again, I don't know of my own knowledge. Α. 18 Q. Can you take that as a given by now? 19 A. I've been told that, yes. 20 And when you read those facts and 21 circumstances regarding the defendant Ebony Horton, 22 it didn't change your characterization of the case,

A. Counsel --

did it?

0143		
0143	1	Q. Please, just answer my question. Did it?
	2	HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Yes or no.
	3	A. No, but
	4	Q. "No, but." It didn't, did it?
	5	A. No, it did not.
	6	Q. Thank you. But it may well have changed
	7	
	8	Judge Lopez's characterization of the case; isn't
		that correct?
	9	MR. WARE: Objection. She's testified
	10	HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Sustained.
	11	Q. That's exactly what the press release says,
	12	doesn't it?
	13	MR. WARE: Objection.
	14	HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Sustained.
	15	*Q. That it is her opinion that the
	16	characterization would change
	17	MR. WARE: Objection.
	18	HEARING OFFICER DAHER: That's not a
	19	question. That's a declaration. Next question.
	20	Q. Do you understand the meaning of that?
	21	HEARING OFFICER DAHER: What is the
	22	question?
	23	Q. Isn't that your understanding of that
	24	statement in the press release?
	24	statement in the press release:

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MR. WARE: Objection. What is the
 1
 2 question? Whether he understands --
             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: His understanding.
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   Play back the question, please.
 5
             *(Question read)
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             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Are you objecting
 7
   to it?
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             MR. WARE: Yes.
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             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Sustained.
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             MR. EGBERT: No further questions.
11
             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Anything on --
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             MR. BRACERAS: No questions, Your Honor.
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             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: We'll break here
14
     and get back at --
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             MR. WARE: 1:30?
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             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: We'll make it
17
   quarter of.
18
             MR. WARE: Yes, Your Honor.
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             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Quarter of two.
20 We'll break now.
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             (Luncheon recess taken from
22
             12:36 p.m. to 1:53 p.m.)
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1 AFTERNOON SESSION 2 JOAN KENNEY, Sworn 3 DIRECT EXAMINATION 4 BY MR. WARE: 5 Could you state your name, please, for the Q. 6 Court. 7 My name is Joan Kenney. Α. 8 And what is your current position, Ms. Q. 9 Kenney? 10 A. Public information officer at the Supreme 11 Judicial Court. 12 Q. I'm going to ask you to bend that 13 microphone a little bit closer to you. 14 And when you say public information 15 officer, tell us what the Public Information Office 16 17 Public Information Office is the central Α. 18 communications office for the court system. It's 19 responsible for responding to media and public 20 inquiries, issuing press releases and the media 21 relations as well as community outreach, development 22 of publications, and special events. 23 And does the Public Information Office and

you, as a public information officer, deal with

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- 1 judges in all courts of the Commonwealth?
- 2 A. Yes, the duties extend to all of the 3 courts.
 - Q. Including Superior Court judges?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Tell us for what period of time you've been the Public Information Officer for the Supreme Judicial Court.
 - A. Since 1988.
 - Q. In the course of your duties, have you had occasion in the past to respond to inquiries from the press and work with individual judges in the Commonwealth?
 - A. Yes, I have.
 - Q. Directing your attention to August of 2000, in the summer of 2000, mainly early August, did you receive a call from Judge Lopez regarding what you learned was the Horton case?
 - A. Yes, I did.
 - Q. And would you tell us what occurred.
 - A. Judge Lopez called my office and said that she was concerned about cameras present at a proceeding she was holding involving Charles Horton.
 - Q. And did she say anything else at that time?

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- 1 A. She was upset that the cameras were near -- 2 filming him in or near the elevators.
 - Q. Did she tell you what proceedings were on for that day or whether the case was going to go forward?
 - A. She said she was going to continue the case.
 - Q. And did she tell you why she was going to continue it?
- 10 A. Well, she was upset at the media being 11 present that day, particularly filming Charles 12 Horton.
 - Q. At that time did she ask you to become involved in any way in the Horton case or in the press relations?
 - A. Yes. She had asked me to fax her findings and order to the media that same day.
- 18 Q. Let me direct your attention to what's been 19 marked Exhibit 49 in the book before you. And I put 20 that also on the monitor for you.

Do you recognize Exhibit 49?

- A. I do.
- Q. Will you tell us what it is.
- 24 A. That is a fax cover sheet that was sent to

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- my office with Judge Lopez's order and findings from
 August 4th.
 - Q. And when you received the document or documents included within Exhibit 49, did you receive all three of these documents?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And what did you understand them to be?
 - A. I considered that to be the press release to send to Channels 4, 5, 7, and 56.
 - Q. Did you have conversation with Judge Lopez regarding your sending this as a press release to Channels 4, 5, 7, and 56?
 - A. I believe I did, but I don't have a specific recollection of what we said.
 - Q. Can you tell from the document approximately when you received it? Directing you specifically to the upper left-hand corner. It may be easier to see on the hard copy.
- 19 A. Well, it was sent on August 4th in the 20 afternoon.
 - Q. Do you see the notation that says "16:07"?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you remember whether or not you received it around four o'clock in the afternoon?

- A. I don't remember, but it probably was.
- Q. What did you do with the documents after you received them?
- A. I sent it out to the stations that she listed, and I also sent it to some other media outlets; namely, the Globe, the Herald, AP, perhaps others who might have been interested in this case.
 - Q. Was that consistent with your practice?
 - A. Yes, it was.
- Q. Now, you know that the document attached to Exhibit 49 or as part of Exhibit 49 was a set of findings by the Judge; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Did you ever send findings out to the media without being directed to do so by the judge who entered the findings?
- A. No, I wouldn't do it without being directed to do that.
- Q. Will you tell us what are the rules that you play by in your office with respect to sending statements out or information out under the name of a judge?
- A. Well, I would always check with the judge first to make sure it is a public document, make

- sure something's been docketed in the clerk's office to make sure the judge would be in agreement that something could be released to the public or the press.
- Q. And do you have any reason to believe you did not follow that procedure on this occasion?
 - A. No.
- Q. Following August 4th, did you have further contact with Judge Lopez at some time?
- A. Yes. On or about the time that she was to hold the next hearing on the matter.
 - Q. And do you recall approximately when you heard from Judge Lopez again?
 - A. That was in September. The hearing I believe was September 6th, so it was on or about that time or before.
- Q. Between August 4th and September 6th, did you and Judge Lopez discuss the Horton case or did you have any role in press relations with the Horton case?
- 21 A. No, not between that time.
- 22 Q. So during that month you had nothing to do 23 with the case?
- A. Not that I recall.

- 1 Q. And then tell us what happened on September 2 6th.
 - A. The Judge and I talked before the hearing began, and she told me that she was going to allow to have a camera in the courtroom for the proceeding. I had suggested to her that she hold a meeting with the press beforehand to go over any ground rules that she wanted.
 - Q. Did you have any further conversation that you recall?
 - A. Not before the hearing.
 - Q. Actually, let me ask you to back up. After you sent out the release or the document marked Exhibit 49, you indicated you sent that to a number of media outlets, including the channels listed on the document. Did there in fact appear newspaper articles the following day quoting from the order?
 - A. I believe so.
 - Q. And let me direct you just quickly, if I may, to Exhibits 15 and 19, and tell me whether or not those were articles in response to the press release. I think 15 is an article from the Globe. And 19.
- 24 A. Yes, they look like they are.

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1 MR. EGBERT: Judge, I'm sorry; I didn't hear the answer. I'm not sure if she's talking 2 about what she remembers or what she looked at. I'll ask a question. You understand Exhibits 15 and 19 to have been articles which came out following the issuance of the press release or order marked Exhibit 49? MR. EGBERT: Judge, again, my quarrel is with the word "understand." If she saw them, that's 9 10 fine. If she didn't, that's fine, but I'd like to 11 know which it is. HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Sustained. Go

12 13 ahead.

- I saw them at the time. Α.
- And did you understand them to be a response to the press release you had sent out on August 4th?
- 18 Yes, to the order and findings. Α. 19 MR. EGBERT: I'm sorry, Your Honor; I 20 couldn't hear the answer.
 - To the order and findings.
- 22 Let's go back to September 6th. You 23 indicated you had some conversation with the Judge 24 with respect to the press and how the press would be

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1 handled on that day; is that correct? 2 That's right. Α. 3 Q. Other than what you've told us --4 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Could you speak up 5 a little louder? 6 THE WITNESS: Sure. 7 Do you remember any other conversation with Q. 8 the Judge about that? 9 Α. Prior to the hearing? 10 Yes. Q. 11 A. No, I don't. 12 And what happened after that initial 13 conversation with Judge Lopez on September 6th? 14 What was your next contact with the case? 15 My next contact was after the hearing was 16

- A. My next contact was after the hearing was over, Judge Lopez called me. She was upset because I think it may have been in response to a media inquiry that either she received or I received. There was a remark made in the courtroom about a low-scale matter or low-level matter. She was concerned that that would be misinterpreted, and she told me what she meant by that was that she was referring to the sentencing guidelines.
- Q. And on September 6th, after the earlier

conversation about the press and locating the press, did you call Judge Lopez or did she make the initial call to you?

- A. I remember her calling me.
- Q. Were you at the time in your office?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And will you do your best to repeat for us the conversation as you recall it.
- A. What I remember her saying was that she was concerned that she was going to be misinterpreted by a remark she made in the courtroom referring to a low-level or low-scale matter and that what she meant by that was sentencing guidelines. She was referring to sentencing guidelines.
- Q. Did you have any further conversation with her that day about the case or about what to do about the press release?
- A. I don't remember how many conversations we had that day, but I had said if she wanted to send any media calls to my office that she was getting, that I would take them for her.
- Q. Did you have any conversation with the Judge about any facts of the case as she was relating them to you?

- A. She was telling me bits and pieces about the case. I don't know exactly what she told me on that day, how much she told me that day.
- Q. Will you tell us what you do remember her saying to you that day, other than the "low-scale" comment.
- A. I can't recall what she said on that particular day. We had many conversations in the following days about the case, but...
- Q. On September 6th, the date of the sentencing, after you spoke with Judge Lopez, did you do anything? Did you take any steps with the press at that time?
- A. Well, I think it was the next day we discussed it, and I suggested that we draft a statement to go out to the press.
- Q. Before you drafted that statement, did you learn from Judge Lopez additional facts about the case, specifically about a weapon or about the kidnapping?
- A. I did learn a couple of facts from Judge Lopez. I can't remember which day it was, but she did tell me that she did not believe it was a kidnapping and that the screwdriver was not used as

1 a weapon.

- Q. Do you believe the Judge told you those pieces of information prior to the time that you initially drafted the statement?
- A. I can't recall if I knew that before I drafted the statement or afterwards.
- Q. Were there any other facts you learned from Judge Lopez or statements you heard Judge Lopez give you by way of description of the case that you remember?
- A. Those are the two that stand out in my mind. I'm sure she told me other parts about the case, but I don't remember specifically any other items.
 - Q. Following that, what did you do?
- A. I drafted a statement based on the information that she was giving me and said, "Let's take a look at this and decide whether we want to put this out or not."
- Q. And I've placed on the monitor what's been marked in this case as Exhibit -- part of Exhibit 24. And you have the entire exhibit in the book before you. Let me just ask you to describe what's contained in Exhibit 24 as you understand it.

- A. The top page is a draft of the release with changes -- with my original draft and changes that had been made by Chief Justice DelVecchio.

 Underneath that page is the first draft that I had written and then the final version that was sent out to the press, the final version containing some revisions that Chief Justice DelVecchio and Judge Lopez had made.
 - Q. So let me direct you to the second page, the one marked "First Draft." Is that a document which you prepared with Judge Lopez?
 - A. Yes, it is.
 - Q. You actually wrote the words, as I understand you; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. And what conversation did you have with Judge Lopez about the content of this proposed statement?
- A. This was the information that I had at the time, and it was my suggestion to draft a press release based on what she was telling me.
- Q. Other than the information you got from Judge Lopez, did you have any other sources of information at that time?

A. No.

- Q. Following your preparation of what's marked "First Draft," what did you do with the first draft?
- A. Discussed it with Judge Lopez. And then either she or I thought it would be a good idea if Chief Justice DelVecchio took a look at it.
- Q. Now, I'd like to take a look at the document as it was drafted, and direct you specifically to the first sentence of this statement. And I've highlighted a portion of that or the first sentence on the monitor. The first sentence says, "The judicial canons prohibit judges from commenting on pending and impending cases." Can you tell us why you included that in this initial draft?
- A. Yes. I considered this a pending case because Charles Horton was on probation, and it was an attempt to explain to the press why the Judge couldn't comment about the case. There were many inquiries coming in and requests for her to comment.
- Q. Did Judge Lopez at any time take issue with your characterization of the cases pending?
 - A. No.
 - Q. Further down the paragraph there's

reference to "low scale," I believe. Do you see that?

- A. Yes.
- Q. And it says in part, "My statement in open court that it was a low-scale matter pertained solely to the appropriate level of the sentencing quidelines..."

Why did you include that language?

- A. Because that's what Judge Lopez had told me, that it was a low-scale matter, and that that's what she was referring to.
 - Q. What did she say to you in that regard?
- A. Just that -- that it was -- that she had said in open court that it was a low-scale matter and that she was referring to the sentencing guidelines.
- Q. When the Judge referred to the sentencing guidelines, did you have an understanding -- although you're not a lawyer -- in your official capacity of what she was referring to?
 - A. Yes, I did.
- 22 Q. And what did you understand the Judge to be 23 referring to?
 - A. These are guidelines that judges use to

determine what kind of sentence to give a defendant.

- Q. And have you had other occasion to work with other judges in issuing statements or referring to the sentencing guidelines?
- A. I've worked with other judges issuing statements, and I'm familiar in general with what the sentencing guidelines are.
- Q. And were you familiar as of September 2000 with the fact that sentencing guidelines were out there? Whether enacted or not enacted, they were out there?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. The statement goes on to refer to "certain facts," and I've highlighted a portion of that on the monitor as well.

Other than the facts -- well, what are the facts which you understood to be referred to here?

- A. These were facts that the Judge had told me about the case. Again, I don't specifically remember what I knew on that particular day, but I do remember her talking about the kidnapping and the screwdriver as two facts.
- Q. And what is it that the Judge told you about the screwdriver and the kidnapping, as you

best recall?

- A. She didn't think this was a real kidnapping, and the screwdriver was not used as a weapon.
- Q. Was that part of the basis for this reference to "certain facts"?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Did you believe that the information regarding the kidnapping and the screwdriver were mentioned by the Judge in conjunction with preparation of this statement or before?
- A. Yes, and I think there were other facts that I may not have known at the time, but that I knew she couldn't reveal them.
- Q. What other facts did you understand -- if you didn't know the facts, what kind of facts did you understand were being referred to here?
 - A. I'm not sure I know what you mean.
- 19 Q. I'm not sure I do either. Let me try it 20 again.

You've mentioned a couple of facts about
which the Judge informed you at the time of this
statement having to do with the screwdriver and the
kidnapping, correct?

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- 1 A. Yes.
 - Q. Do you remember any other pieces of information given to you by the Judge, with the exception of the "low-scale" comment, on the basis of which the statement was drafted?
 - A. I don't recall any others.
 - Q. Now, later you had many, many, many conversations with Judge Lopez, did you not?
 - A. That's right.
 - Q. After this statement was issued, correct?
 - A. Yes, right.
 - Q. And to some extent these conversations run together in your mind, I take it, correct?
 - A. Yes, they do.
- 15 Q. At any time to your knowledge did Judge 16 Lopez mention to you the existence of a social 17 worker's report or a psychological report on which 18 she was relying?
 - A. I don't recall a social worker's report.
- Q. Do you ever remember referring in any way to a psychological profile or social worker's report?
 - A. I don't recall that.
- Q. After the statement was drafted, you said

that Judge DelVecchio commented about it or made some changes to it, correct?

- A. Yes.
- Q. Tell us what you did with the first draft statement.
- A. I faxed the first draft to Chief Justice DelVecchio's office so she could review it.
 - Q. Did you give it to anybody else?
- A. No; just Chief Justice DelVecchio, and Judge Lopez also had it.
- Q. And so when you had the initial draft, it went to Judge Lopez and it went to Justice DelVecchio, correct?
 - A. Yes, that's right.
- Q. At some time did you receive something back from Justice DelVecchio?
- A. Yes. Chief Justice DelVecchio faxed a version back to me. She had made some minor revisions to my original draft.
- Q. And let me direct you to the monitor to the fax cover sheet. And in hard copy it is Exhibit 51.
 Is that the fax cover sheet you received back from Justice DelVecchio's office?
- 24 A. Yes, it is.

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- 1 Q. In fact, did Justice DelVecchio make a 2 couple of changes to the proposed statement which 3 you had sent out?
 - A. She did.
- Q. And those are the changes you earlier referred to on the first page of Exhibit 24; is that correct?
 - A. That's right, yes.
- 9 Q. Let's go back to Exhibit 24 just quickly. 10 The final version -- do you have that in front of 11 you?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. The final version which went out to the 14 public or to the media is the third page marked 15 "Final Version"; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- 17 Q. And the changes made by Justice DelVecchio 18 appear on the first page of those three in Exhibit 19 24; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Other than those changes, were any other changes made to the initial draft?
- 23 A. No.
- Q. Did you at some time have conversation with

- Judge Lopez regarding the statements in the release?

 A. Yes. She saw the first draft. I had read it to her and would have faxed it to her. I'm pretty sure I did. And then I called her again after Chief Justice DelVecchio made her revisions, to make sure that Judge Lopez was comfortable with it and it should go out.
- Q. And what was the conversation with Judge Lopez on those two occasions?
- A. When I talked with her after Chief Justice DelVecchio had reviewed it, I was under the impression that they had had a conversation about it, the two of them, and that she was in full agreement that this should go out, and in fact, directed me to do so.
- Q. When you say directed you to do so, did Judge Lopez tell you to send the statement out?
- A. Yes. She said you can send it out that I could send it out.
- Q. At any time did Judge Lopez indicate to you that she disagreed with any aspect of the release?
 - A. No.
- Q. And did she in any way indicate to you that she thought changes should be made in that statement

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- 1 because the statements were inaccurate in any way? 2 A. No.
 - Q. Did she at any time come back to you and say, "This sentencing guidelines thing isn't right. Don't send it out. It will mislead someone"?
 - A. No.
 - Q. What did you then do after the Judge instructed you to send out the statement?
 - A. I faxed it to all of the media who had expressed an interest in it.
 - Q. And when you talk about "all the media," are you talking about print media as well as television stations?
 - A. Print and broadcast.
 - Q. Following the statement, did you receive additional information from Judge Lopez after the statement went out?
 - A. We had many conversations over the course of the week, and weeks, really, while this stayed in the news.
- Q. I think I neglected to ask you, what was the date on which the statement, Exhibit 24, was actually sent to the public media?
- 24 A. I believe it was September 7th that the

statement went out.

- Q. The day after the sentencing?
- A. The day after.
- Q. And in the subsequent days over the next couple of weeks after September 7th, how often did you speak with Judge Lopez?
- A. I think every day, sometimes several times a day. I was keeping her informed of every media call that came in, you know, people who wanted interviews or requests for comments. So I was keeping her informed on a daily basis.
- Q. At any point in time during those next several weeks or even up until today, has the Judge ever indicated to you in any way that there was any inaccuracy in the statement that you sent out at her direction?
 - A. No.
- Q. Did you learn some additional information which Judge Lopez gave to you after the statement went out?
 - A. Yes. Each time I talked to her there was more information that she gave me. She asked me specifically to call a police detective.
- Q. And do you recall that detective's name?

- A. Jay Greene.
 - Q. What did Judge Lopez tell you to do and what did you in fact do?
 - A. She gave me the name of Jay Greene and said he would have information pertaining to this case, and I called him at her suggestion.
 - Q. Did you speak with Greene at that time?
- 8 A. I did.
 - Q. As a result of the conversation with Detective Greene, what did you do?
 - A. I then called the Boston Police Department, talked to the spokesperson there, and asked what their procedures were about releasing information.
 - Q. And what were you told?
 - A. That this was a case involving a child, sexual assault case, and that they would not release information. I explained that I was concerned because the detective had given me information that was not being reported in the press or it was conflicting with press reports.
- Q. And at some time did you talk to the detective about going on record and saying what he was telling you?
 - A. I asked if he would talk to the press, if

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this was information that he was comfortable in talking to the press about.

Q. And what did he tell you? MR. EGBERT: Objection.

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: I beg your pardon?
MR. EGBERT: Objection as hearsay: "What

7 did he tell you?"

8 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Overruled. I want 9 to hear it.

- Q. What did Greene tell you?
- A. He could not speak to the press.
- Q. Was he at any time willing to verify any of this alleged information?
 - A. Was he willing to verify it?
- 15 Q. Yes, go on record and substantiate what he 16 was telling you.
 - A. No. He said he was not part of the child assault unit, and he could not comment on it.
 - Q. Did he indicate to you whether or not he was one of the investigating officers?
 - A. I don't think he told me he was.
- Q. Did you at any time disclose to the media anything which Greene had said to you, given that you could not verify any of it?

the car.

- 1 Α. No, I did not. Subsequently, during what period of time 2 Q. 3 did you continue to deal day to day with Judge 4 Lopez? 5 Well, we spoke almost every day during that Α. 6 period of time. 7 And once again, at any time did the Judge indicate to you that there was any mistake or error 8 in the statement that had been sent out as her 9 10 statement and under her instruction? 11 Α. No. 12 MR. WARE: I have no further questions. 13 Thank you, Ms. Kenney. 14 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Again, Ms. Kenney, 15 help me out. Did Judge Lopez ever talk to you about the victim? Did you have any conversations about 16 17 the alleged victim? 18 THE WITNESS: She told me that she did not 19 think it had been a kidnapping, that he perhaps went 20 willingly into the car. 21 MR. EGBERT: I didn't hear the answer. 22 THE WITNESS: That he went willingly into
- 24 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: And how about the

1 victim itself? Did she tell you anything about the victim, other than the fact that he may have 2 willingly gotten into the vehicle? 4 THE WITNESS: That's all I can remember 5 about that. 6 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Okay. Go ahead. 7 Also, you talked to Judge Lopez, and Judge 8 Lopez told you to contact Detective Greene; is that 9 correct? 10 THE WITNESS: That's correct. 11 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Did she intimate to 12 you what Detective Greene was going to say? Did she 13 tell you? 14 THE WITNESS: She didn't tell me 15 specifically, but I had the impression that it was 16 going to be --17 MR. EGBERT: I object to her impression. 18 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: I understand. It's 19 on the record. Your objection noted. Go ahead. 20 THE WITNESS: That it was going to be 21 supportive of what she had told me already. 22 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Namely, that he got 23 into the vehicle willingly? 24 THE WITNESS: I think so, yes.

1	HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Okay. Go ahead.
2	THE WITNESS: Can I just amend that? I
3	just want to make sure you understand what I was
4	saying.
5	HEARING OFFICER DAHER: To a degree. Go
6	ahead.
7	THE WITNESS: I just want to explain that
8	Detective Greene didn't say that he got into the car
9	willingly.
10	HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Did Judge Lopez
11	tell you it was the purpose, I take it, for Judge
12	Lopez wanting you to talk to Detective Greene.
13	THE WITNESS: Right.
14	HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Did she tell you
15	what Detective Greene could testify to or would tell
16	you or would bring to your attention?
17	THE WITNESS: She said he would have some
18	important information, but she didn't say exactly
19	what he was going to tell me.
20	HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Okay.
21	CROSS EXAMINATION
22	BY MR. EGBERT:
23	Q. Good afternoon, Ms. Kenney.
24	A. Good afternoon.

1	Q.	Let's actually start where you just
2	stopped,	so it's fresh in your mind.
3		What Judge Lopez told you, isn't it, that
4	this was	n't a kidnapping, quote, in the usual sense;
5	isn't th	at right?
6	A.	She told me it wasn't a kidnapping.
7	Q.	Didn't she use the words "in the usual
8	sense"?	
9	A.	I don't remember if those were her words.
10	Q.	Pardon me?
11	A.	I don't remember if those were her words.
12	Q.	Well, were those your words at one time?
13	A.	I think I said that.
14	Q.	So, in fact, when you were first
15	intervie	wed on these events some and you were
16	intervie	wed in August of 2001 by the Commission's
17	counsel,	were you not?
18	Α.	I was.
19	Q.	And have you had an opportunity to review
20	that sta	tement?
21	A.	I have had an opportunity to review it.
22	Q.	And when did you obtain a copy of that
23	statemen	t?

A. Sometime ago.

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- 1 Q. Do you recall how long ago?
 - A. Several months ago, maybe.
- 3 Q. Can you be more specific than that? Was it 4 before these proceedings started?
 - A. Before which proceedings?
 - The proceedings here in court. Q.
 - Α. Oh, yes.
- And do you recall that in the first Q. 9 instance you were given a copy of that statement to 10 look at sometime well before Judge Daher was 11 appointed to this proceeding?
 - Α. Yes.
 - In other words, you were provided with a Q. copy of a confidential Commission document prior to anybody authorizing its release; isn't that true?
 - I don't know when it was authorized for release, but I've looked at the testimony that I gave.
- 19 And that was provided to you by Commission Q. counsel, was it not? 20
 - Α. Yes.
- 22 And that was not -- you weren't given any 23 kind of protective order or nondisclosure order with 24 regard to that, were you?

Q.

Protective order? No. 1 Α. 2 Q. Or a nondisclosure order? 3 A. I don't think so. 4 Q. You would remember something like that, 5 wouldn't you? 6 A. I would think so. 7 Q. And so you're aware that Commission proceedings are confidential? 9 Α. Yes. 10 And the document you were given was a copy Q. 11 of your interview before Paul Ware and Cheryl Rainville? 12 13 A. Yes. 14 Q. Conducted at their office, at Goodwin 15 Procter, on August 16th, 2001, correct? That's correct. 16 Α. 17 Q. Now, in regard to that, since that time, 18 have you had occasion to be -- to have your 19 testimony prepared by lawyers at Goodwin Procter? 20 I'm sorry; I didn't hear you. Α. 21 Have you had occasion to have your Q. 22 testimony prepared by lawyers at Goodwin Procter? 23 My testimony prepared? No.

Have you talked with them about your

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1
   testimony?
 2
        Α.
             Yes.
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         Ο.
             Have you prepared for your testimony?
 4
        Α.
             I don't know what you mean by "prepared."
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        Q.
            Have you met with them?
 6
             I've met with them.
        Α.
7
        Q.
             And talked with them about what you're
8
    going to testify to?
9
        Α.
             Generally, yes.
10
             The kinds of questions you would be asked?
        Q.
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        A.
             Yes.
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        Q.
             The kinds of answers you would give?
13
             They told me to tell the truth.
        Α.
14
             And the kinds of answers you would give?
        Q.
15
    You went over that, right?
16
        Α.
             We went over some questions and answers.
17
             Right. And during that, did you go over
        Q.
18
     some of your prior testimony?
19
            I looked at my testimony.
        Α.
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            Now, would you agree with me that, first of
        Q.
21
     all, in the first instance, the information which
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     you were getting from Judge Lopez was not being
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    given to you in any coherent, organized fashion?
24
        A. Yes.
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- 1 Q. It was being provided to you in a -- on the 2 run basically?
- 3 A. Each time I talked to her, you know, I learned something new.
 - Q. And this was during a time period -- at least for purposes of what went into the press release, this was during a time period of basically 24 hours; is that correct?
 - A. The hearing was on the 6th, and I prepared the statement -- the statement was prepared on the 7th.
 - Q. And released on the 7th, correct?
- 13 A. Yes.
- Q. So we're talking about somewhere in about a 24-hour period, correct?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Plus or minus an hour?
 - A. Sure, yeah.
- Q. And approximately how many phone calls went on during that particular period between you and Judge Lopez?
- A. Well, I'm not sure, but I know I talked with her on the 6th a few times and on the 7th several times.

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- 1 Q. And during that time, were you trying to 2 get some of the facts of the case?
 - A. I wasn't asking her specifically. I was letting her tell me what she wanted me to know.
 - Q. Were you seeking to get an understanding of what the case was about, for example?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And she told you, didn't she, that there were disputed facts in regard to the various parties' positions?
 - A. Yes. I didn't understand enough about the case to understand what was disputed or not disputed at the time.
 - Q. What she was giving you was facts that were, at least you perceived to be, relevant to your inquiry. You didn't know whether some of them were disputed or not disputed, correct?
 - A. That's correct; I did not know.
 - O. Pardon me?
 - A. I did not know.
- Q. And during the course of that, Judge Lopez told you, didn't she, that -- she explained that she did not feel that he, the victim, had been kidnapped in the traditional sense; that he went willingly

- with the defendant? Isn't that what she told you? 2 A. I think those were my words. 3 Ο. Well --But I'd like to see that testimony. 4 Α. 5 I'm sorry? Q. 6 I'd like to see that testimony. Α. 7 Q. Did counsel give you a copy of your statement to have up there? 8 9 Α. I don't know. MR. EGBERT: May I approach the witness? 10 11 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Of course. 12 What I'm showing you, first of all, is 13 something entitled, "Interview of Joan Kenney," 14 correct? 15 Α. Yes. And that's, in fact, the interview which 16 Q. 17 was provided to you by Mr. Ware sometime ago? 18 A. That's right. 19 And would you turn, please, to Page 20. Do Q. 20 you have that?
 - A. I do.

Q. In it you were asked the following question and give the following answer: "Question: Did she" -- and I take it that's Judge Lopez, the "she"

24

Α.

Q.

Yes.

1 being referred to; is that right? 2 I'm trying to find where you are. Okay, Α. 3 yeah. 4 Q. Go to Line 19. 5 Okay. Α. 6 Q. Have you read that? 7 Α. Yes. 8 And the question is, "Did she" -- and Q. 9 that's Judge Lopez you're referring to, correct? 10 Α. Right. 11 "Did she say anything else regarding the 12 victim or the victim's character that you recall in 13 the course of these many conversations?" And you respond, "I think she had doubts as to whether the 14 15 victim was actually kidnapped or not," correct? 16 That's right. 17 "I mean, she explained" -- and "she" is Q. 18 Judge Lopez, right? 19 Α. That's right. 20 -- "explained that she did not feel he had 21 been kidnapped in the traditional sense; that he went willingly with the defendant," correct? 22

Isn't that what she told you?

1	A. Yes, that it was not a real kidnapping.
2	Q. Because he went willingly with the
3	defendant? That was a fact she gave you, right?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. That's what you understood, right?
6	A. That's what I understood.
7	Q. And you also understood, didn't you, that
8	the Commonwealth was telling Judge Lopez at the time
9	that in fact the victim willingly got into the
10	defendant's car. Did you understand that?
11	A. No, I don't I didn't.
12	Q. Would you turn to Exhibit do you see
13	that exhibit book you have in front of you, that big
14	book?
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. Would you turn to Exhibit 22
17	MR. WARE: Your Honor, I object to this.
18	HEARING OFFICER DAHER: What's your
19	objection?
20	MR. WARE: She's now going to be cross
21	examined by the transcript of the hearing at which
22	she was not present and of which she had no
23	knowledge.
24	HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Overruled. Go

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- 1 ahead, Mr. Egbert.
 - Q. Do you have Exhibit 22 in front of you?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Turn, if you would, to Page 13 of that exhibit and go down to about Line 4. Do you see that there?
 - A. Line 4? Yes.
- 8 Q. I just want to back you up, if I can, so 9 you can acclimate yourself. Go to Page 12. It's 10 the page right behind it. And you see on Line 11 11 Mr. Deakin starts talking?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you recognize Mr. Deakin as the prosecutor, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Now let's go back to Line 13 -- sorry -- Page 13, Line 4. And do you see the statement by Mr. Deakin, "The defendant asked the victim to get into the car, and the boy agreed"?
 - A. Yes, I see that.
- Q. Do you see that?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. Is that about what Judge Lopez was telling you?

1 MR. WARE: Objection. 2 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Sustained. 3 Did Judge Lopez tell you that the boy 4 willingly got in the car? 5 MR. WARE: Objection. 6 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: No. He can have 7 that one. 8 Yes. I understood it that the Judge was Α. 9 telling me --10 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: That's what she 11 told you; is that correct? 12 THE WITNESS: That's correct. 13 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Right. You went 14 over that three times. Go ahead. 15 Q. Let's go back to the August 2000 findings 16 which you say that you sent to the press, correct? 17 Yes. Α. 18 Q. Did you send a press release that day? 19 A. No. I considered that to be the press 20 release. 21 Q. Those were findings made in court and filed 22 in court, correct? 23 Findings made in court, yes. Α. 24 Q. And filed in court, correct?

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- 1 A. And filed, yes.
 - Q. They were public documents.
 - A. Once they are docketed, yes.
 - Q. And you understood that that's what this was: publicly-docketed findings of the Court, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And nothing was attached to it, except for the -- strike that.

You attached nothing to it when you sent it out, other than this is the findings of the Court.

- 12 A. Just a fax cover sheet that would have gone 13 out to each of the media outlets.
- 14 Q. And did the fax cover sheet say anything on 15 it?
 - A. No.
- Q. So it was simply publishing, so to speak, the findings of the Court which were already docketed in the court file, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you knew, from your discussions with Judge Lopez that day, that there had been
- extraordinary or large press interest on August 4th, 24 2000, concerning this case.

- A. She said there had been cameras present.
- Q. And you would consider that press interest, wouldn't you?
 - A. There was press interest, definitely.
 - Q. And also that Judge Lopez, in conversation with you on August 4th of 2000, indicated to you that she had been concerned with the conduct of the press and the manner in which it affected the day's proceedings; isn't that correct? I'm talking about August 4th now.
 - A. I'm sorry; could you just repeat that again?
 - Q. Certainly. And I'll take it in steps. I think you said that Judge Lopez called you and told you that there had been an incident with the press on August 4th of 2000, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. And she told you that that incident had, to some extent, disrupted court proceedings, correct?
 - A. She said that there were cameras present near the elevator where Charles Horton was getting on or off.
- Q. And didn't she indicate to you that that had a disruptive effect on the proceedings?

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- 1 A. I don't know whether it disrupted her 2 proceedings or whether this occurred before or 3 afterwards, but...
- Q. Did you recognize the purpose -- strike that.

What did she tell you the purpose of her call was to you?

- 8 A. Well, she was concerned. I mean, it was a 9 media relations issue, so that's why she called my 10 office.
 - Q. What did she tell you that she was concerned about?
- 13 A. That Charles Horton was being photographed. 14 He was a transgendered person, and this was a 15 concern to her.
 - Q. And did she tell you that she had to continue the case that day?
 - A. Yes, she did tell me that.
- 19 Q. And that it was as a result of what had 20 gone on with the press and Mr. Horton.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And that that -- so when I asked you before whether or not it had affected or disrupted the court proceedings, in fact you did know that, didn't

1 you? Well, I knew she continued it, yes. I 2 Α. didn't know if that was the only reason. But certainly you got from your 5 conversation with her the understanding that the 6 case was being continued -- at least in some part, 7 it had to do with the interplay of the press and the defendant, correct? 9 I just knew it was being continued. 10 Did you draw some conclusion that the 11 continuance was somehow in relation to the press? 12 Yes, it could have been. I wasn't certain, 13 but... 14 Let me try to phrase it another way. Q. 15 Is it fair to say that the following 16 statements and words were used in the same train of 17 thought, that the press had confronted Mr. Horton, 18 that he was transgendered, it happened out in the 19 hallway, and the case was being continued? 20 MR. WARE: Objection to "trains of 21 thought." I don't even understand the question. 22 Do you understand the question? 23 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: I take it the

question is that predicated on the three elements

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that you just introduced, that was the reason for Judge Lopez seeking a continuance; is that correct?

MR. EGBERT: It wasn't quite that, but for, Your Honor. Let me see if I can rephrase it.

- Q. Because you're having some difficulty remembering the exact conversations two years ago; is that fair to say?
 - A. I can't remember exact conversations.
- Q. But you do remember in the conversation that $\mbox{--}$ strike that.

Judge Lopez didn't have a habit of calling you, did she, before August of 2000?

- A. She had called me on other occasions involving press issues.
 - Q. Regularly?
 - A. When she had press issues, yes.
- Q. And you considered this -- strike that.

 You considered this, when she called you, a press issue, correct?
- 20 A. Yes, because she said she was concerned 21 about the cameras being there.
- Q. And her expression of concern to you was that there had been something that happened in the hallway, correct?

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- 1 A. That's right.
 - Q. That the case was being continued.
 - A. That's right.
- Q. And that the hallway issue involved the press and Mr. Horton.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And that those were all interrelated.
- 8 A. Well, I didn't know if that was the reason 9 the case was being continued. There could have been 10 things that happened in that proceeding that made 11 her want to continue the case.
 - Q. Well, you read the findings when she sent them to you, didn't you?
 - A. Yes, when she sent them to me.
- Q. And when you read the findings, you knew exactly what she was saying the case was continued for, didn't you?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Right?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. That was clear, wasn't it?
- 22 A. I'd have to review them again. I haven't
- 23 looked at them --
- Q. Would you like to take a look at them?

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Α. Sure. 2 I think it's Exhibit 17, but let me make Q. 3 sure. Yes, turn to Exhibit 17. 4 A. (Witness reviews document.) 5 Q. Have you looked at them? 6 A. Yes, uh-hum. 7 Q. Are those the findings that were in fact 8 faxed to you? 9 Yes, they are. Α. 10 And you had read them at the time? Q. 11 Α. 12 And in fact, these findings talk about some Q. 13 of the things Judge Lopez talked with you about; is that right? 14 15 Α. I don't remember if we talked about them. "Some of the things," I said. 16 Q. 17 Α. In August? 18 Q. Right. 19 Yes. I don't remember if we did discuss Α. 20 those things. 21 I said the findings address some of the Q. things that you and Judge Lopez talked about on 22

Yes, regarding the camera and the

August 4th of 2000, right?

1 defendant.

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- Q. They addressed the cameras, the elevator, the, for lack of a better word, event concerning Mr. Horton and the press, correct?
 - A. The cameras and the defendant, yes.
 - Q. And the need for a continuance?
 - A. Yes.
- 8 Q. Now, Judge Lopez talked to you about the 9 press on a number of occasions, and one in 10 particular involving a request by Eileen McNamara to 11 talk to her; isn't that right?
 - A. Yes.
- 13 Q. And Eileen McNamara -- who is a reporter 14 for the Globe, correct?
 - A. Yes, she is.
 - Q. And Ms. McNamara, am I correct, had contacted you as press officer -- I may be using the wrong term. Is that a fair term? Press officer?
- 19 A. Yes, that's fine.
- 20 Q. -- contacted you to see if you could 21 arrange an interview between Ms. McNamara and Judge 22 Lopez, correct?
- 23 A. Not about this case. A different case.
- Q. I know it's not about this case. It's

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- 1 about another case?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. About Calixte and Estrada, right? Do you remember those names?
 - A. Yes. I don't remember the particulars, but I do remember Eileen McNamara requesting an interview.
- 8 Q. And you at that time called Judge Lopez and 9 told her about the McNamara request for an 10 interview; isn't that right?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And in fact, you encouraged her to give that interview, didn't you?
 - A. I believe so.
 - Q. You encouraged her to give the interview on Calixte and Estrada some days or, at most, weeks after the Calixte and Estrada sentencing, correct?
 - A. I can't remember what the specifics were of that case or what the...
- Q. Okay. Would you take a look at your exhibit book and go to Exhibit 33, please. And for your ease, there should be both a copy of the real article and an Internet-typed copy, which may be easier to read.

- Α. I see the article. Well, maybe not. I thought there was. Can 2 Q. 3 you follow that pretty well in the format that it's 4 in? 5 Α. Yes. 6 Take a look at it and familiarize yourself Q. 7 with it for a moment. (Witness reviews document.) 8 Α. 9 Ο. I may have given you the wrong exhibit 10 number. Hold on. 11 MR. EGBERT: May I approach the Bench? 12 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Please. 13 I did give you the wrong number. Exhibit Q. 43. I apologize. Is that article entitled 14 15 "Two-Tier Justice Hurts Children"? 16 Α. Yes, it is. 17 Why don't you take a look at that. Q. 18 A. (Witness reviews document.) 19 Q. Have you read it? 20 Quickly, yes. Α. 21 Does that refresh your memory as to the --Q. 22 strike that.
- 23 That is the interview that you encouraged
- 24 Judge Lopez to give to Eileen McNamara, isn't it?

- A. I think so. It's been a while. I don't recall exactly, but I do remember Eileen calling.
 - Q. Do you recall it being more than one occasion where you encouraged this interview between Judge Lopez and Ms. McNamara?
 - A. I don't recall another one, no.
 - Q. And when Ms. McNamara called you and asked -- told you she wanted to interview Judge Lopez, did she tell you what the subject matter of the interview would be?
 - A. I really can't recall the specifics of what she asked.
- Q. Would it be fair to say you wouldn't have done it in the blind? You would have asked her what it was about?
 - A. I would have asked her what it was about.
- Q. And it's fair, having read this article, at least briefly, that what she was talking to her about was her sentencing in the Calixte and Estrada case, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- MR. WARE: Objection. She said she doesn't remember.
- 24 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: I'm going to

- overrule it. Go ahead. If you remember, you can respond.
- 3 A. This was in February of '99. I don't remember the specifics.
 - HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Next question.
- 6 Let's go.

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- Q. But you do recall there was only one occasion that you encouraged Judge Lopez to speak with Ms. McNamara, correct?
 - A. I think so.
- 11 Q. Now, on that occasion where Judge Lopez 12 spoke to Miss McNamara regarding the Calixte and 13 Estrada cases, both Ms. Calixte and Mr. Estrada were 14 on probation at the time, weren't they?
 - A. I'm not sure.
 - Q. And did you check to determine that?
- 17 A. I don't remember the specifics. It was in 18 '99.
- 19 Q. Well, but you encouraged Judge Lopez to 20 speak on that occasion, correct?
 - A. I did, but we had discussed it.
- Q. And you encouraged her to speak.
- 23 A. I perhaps did, but we had discussed it.
- 24 And if you are on probation and she couldn't, she

- 1 would have told me that. 2 And you're not an attorney, right? Q. 3 Α. 4 Q. And on what basis are you making the 5 judgment that when probation is handed down, it's a pending case? 7 Α. Well, that's my view that it's a pending 8 case. 9 That's your view? Ο. 10 Yes. Α. 11 Q. And you're not a lawyer. 12 Α. I'm not a lawyer. 13 And you're not a judge. Q. 14 I'm not a judge. Α. 15 Q. And have you canvassed the Court to determine whether there's a contrary view to yours? 16 17 I'm sorry, could you repeat that? Α. 18 Q. Have you canvassed the Court to determine 19 whether or not there's a contrary view to yourself? 20 A contrary view to what a pending case is? Α. Right. 21 Q.
 - Q. Pardon me?
 A. I haven't asked -- canvassed anyone.

A. No, I haven't canvassed anyone.

- Q. By the way, are you part of the Court?
- A. I don't know what you mean.
- Q. Well, are you considered part of the Court? Are you an officer of the Court?
 - A. Public Information Officer.
- Q. And do you limit your comments to cases where someone is not on probation?
 - A. I don't know what you mean, my comments.
- Q. Have you commented on cases or given out information on cases where a person is on probation? MR. WARE: Objection.

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Again, Mr. Egbert, help me out. The nature of this interrogation would indicate that Judge Lopez was seeking authorization from Ms. Kenney. She's not a lawyer, she's not a judge, but Judge Lopez is a judge and she knows whether she should talk to the media or not. I don't know where we're going with this line of questioning.

MR. EGBERT: Let me tell you where we're going. Mr. Ware asked this witness for her opinion of whether or not something was a pending case. He did it to someone who's not a lawyer, who's not a judge, and it was over my objection.

MR. WARE: That's not correct.

MR. EGBERT: Let me finish. You've taken that evidence. I have the right to seek to determine her ability and understanding and level of education and level of teaching on the issue of what is or is not a pending case.

 $\mbox{\sc HEARING OFFICER}$ DAHER: Mr. Ware, do you want to respond?

MR. WARE: Yes, Your Honor. I did not ask the witness' opinion, legal or otherwise, on what a pending case is. The first sentence of the statement refers to the fact that the Judge can't make a comment because of a pending or impending cases.

 $$\operatorname{\text{HEARING}}$ OFFICER DAHER: I'm going to sustain that objection. Go ahead.

BY MR. EGBERT:

- Q. When Judge Lopez was talking to you about the number of things that weren't in the media that she was concerned about with regard to the Horton case, many of those were about the defendant himself; isn't that right?
- 23 A. I'm not sure I know what you mean, "about 24 the defendant."

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- Q. Well, was Judge Lopez concerned about how the defendant was being portrayed in the media?

 MR. WARE: Objection to what Judge Lopez was concerned about.
 - Q. By way of her statements to you? HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Overruled.
 - A. She expressed a concern about the defendant.
 - Q. About what?
 - A. About the defendant.
 - Q. About what about the defendant?
- 12 A. He was a transgendered person dressed as a 13 woman.
- 14 Q. And is that it?
- 15 A. Yes.
 - Q. Well, did she indicate to you that there were matters relating to the defendant's background, for example, that were not being portrayed in the media?
- 20 A. I don't recall that.
 - Q. Do you recall whether or not there was a discussion of whether or not the defendant was a pedophile?
- A. I don't recall that.

- Q. And when you say you don't recall, does that mean it didn't happen or you just don't have a memory?
 - A. I don't have any memory of discussing that with her.
 - Q. One way or the other.
 - A. One way or the other.
 - Q. And did you discuss with Judge Lopez the fact that she believed that the press interest in this case was prurient?
 - A. I think she thought there was press interest because he was a transgendered defendant.
 - \mathbb{Q} . And with regard to her statements to you at that time -- give me a second.

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Take your time. (Pause.)

- Q. Do you recall any discussion with Judge Lopez at the time of the kind of factors she had in mind when she made the remark "low scale" or "low level"?
- A. I don't know what factors -- she did not think it was a kidnapping. So that would mean probably a lower scale.
 - Q. And when you say "didn't think it was a

kidnapping," it was because the victim, quote, went willingly, correct?

- A. Yes.
- Q. And did she talk to you about the other factors that she considered in her sentence?
- A. Well, the screwdriver. She did say that she did not think that was used as a weapon.
 - Q. And any other factors?
- A. There may have been. Those are the two that I recall.
- Q. Well, for example, did she talk to you about the factors in various sentencing guidelines concerning characteristics of the defendant?
- A. We didn't discuss the sentencing guidelines in any detail.
- Q. Did you discuss -- by the way, are you familiar with those Ronan guidelines?
 - A. Ronan?
 - Q. The Superior Court sentencing guidelines.
- A. No, I'm not familiar with.
 - Q. And when she said to you "low scale," she said to you that she was talking about an appropriate level of sentencing guidelines, right?
 - A. That's what she was referring to, yes.

Α.

Yes.

1 "Appropriate level" was your words, Q. 2 correct? 3 She said she was referring to the Α. 4 sentencing guidelines, yes. 5 Doesn't the press statement say Q. 6 "appropriate level"? 7 A. I'd have to look at it. I'd have to look at it. I don't remember. 8 Well, turn to Exhibit 4 -- I'm sorry. 9 Ο. 10 There's two different ones. Let me give you this 11 one. 12 Do you have the final in front of you? 13 Α. Okay. I think it's the same. Yes, it 14 looks the same. 15 "Appropriate level"? Q. 16 Α. "My statement in open court that it was a 17 low-scale matter pertains solely to the appropriate 18 level of the sentencing guidelines." 19 "The appropriate level," correct? Ο. 20 Α. Yes. 21 Now, by the way, the press release starts Q. 22 out by saying that the canons prohibit judges from 23 commenting on pending and impending cases, correct?

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- Q. Now, of course, the canons don't prohibit the judge from commenting on pending and impending cases in a sentencing memorandum or while in court; is that correct?
 - A. A sentencing memorandum is different.
 - Q. A sentencing memorandum is different or being in court and actually making findings in court is different, right?
 - A. Right. Those are remarks made on the record.
 - Q. What you understood this to mean was that judicial canons prohibit judges from commenting on pending and impending cases in a press release.
 - A. Or outside of court. It doesn't have to be just in a press release.
 - Q. So "outside of court" would be the more complete statement, correct?
 - A. Not part of the court record.
- 19 O. Correct?
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. So this really isn't a complete statement of the laws in that regard, is it?
- 23 A. It's not a complete statement --
- Q. Of the canons in that regard, is it?

- A. Well, there's more to the canon than just that sentence.
 - Q. Right. In other words, to be complete, it should say, "The judicial canons prohibit judges from commenting on pending and impending cases except in some circumstances"?
 - A. It does allow a judge to explain public information procedures and things of that nature. There's a subsection of the provision that does allow a judge to make certain comments to explain procedures of the Court.
 - $\ensuremath{\mathtt{Q}}.$ And so this is not a complete statement of the canon.
- A. No. It wasn't meant to be a complete statement.
- Q. It was meant to be a shorthand version for a press release, correct?
- A. To explain to the press why the Judge couldn't comment.
- Q. But then the Judge went on and commented and gave a press release.
- A. But the rest of the press release had nothing to do with the merits of the case. The rest of it was explaining public information procedures.

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- 1 Q. It had nothing -- it had to do with what 2 she was thinking, correct?
 - A. It had to do with the procedures. The sentencing guidelines being one procedure --
 - Q. Ma'am, did it have to do with what she was thinking at the time of the sentencing?
 - A. I don't think it had to do with what she was thinking.
 - Q. When she equated "low scale" to sentencing guidelines --
 - A. That was explaining her comment in court.
 - Q. And when she further went on to say that the defendant was given a fair sentence, that's not a comment on the proceedings -- in those proceedings.
 - A. It's not about the merits of the case.
- 17 Q. It's about the merits of the sentence, 18 right?
 - A. I didn't consider this a comment on a case, and neither did the Judge, or she wouldn't have allowed me to put it out there.
- 22 Q. It's about the merits of the sentence, 23 correct?
- 24 A. I wouldn't call it that.

- Q. What would you call it?
- A. Explaining procedures for public information, not commenting on the merit of the case. And I would rely on the Judge to tell me if that were not the case.
- Q. Including relying on the Judge to determine whether or not this was a pending or impending case.
- A. Right. If she didn't approve of this, I would have relied on her to tell me that.
- Q. Now, when Judge Lopez told you or asked you to call Jay Greene, you also asked her, didn't you, if she had any lawyers that she could give you to go and speak out on her behalf?
- A. She gave me the names of lawyers and judges that I could call.
- Q. Don't you do that regularly in your job? When a judge may be under some fire by the press, you seek to have that judge give you the names of surrogates that can speak on her behalf or his behalf.
 - A. Yes. And we look for supporting people.
 - Q. But you do that regularly, don't you?
- A. Sometimes I call the bar associations.
- Q. When you say "we," you mean you, don't you?

- A. Myself and the judge who it's about, yes.
- Q. But as the press officer, you encourage judges to give you the names of surrogates to speak on their behalf in circumstances such as this, correct?
- A. Sometimes. I mean, it's something we discuss together. Are there people who could say supportive comments. We often use the bar associations, for example.
- Q. Supportive comments about the judge or about the procedure or about the sentence, for example?
- A. Someone who could explain the procedure, someone who could say something supportive of the judge, yes.
- Q. And that's something you regularly do or at least have done in the past with judges, correct?
 - A. I have, yes.
- Q. And then you have gone and called on behalf of the Court those particular people and asked them to give a statement in support of the Judge to the press, correct?
- 23 A. It's not on behalf of the Court. I'm 24 calling on behalf of that judge to make a statement,

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if they choose to do so.
             And you have oftentimes asked them to do
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         Q.
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    so, correct?
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        Α.
             I have.
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         Q.
             And given them that opportunity?
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         Α.
             Yes.
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         Q.
             And you don't see anything wrong with that,
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    do you?
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         Α.
             No.
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             And you're calling on behalf of the judge.
         Q.
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         Α.
             Excuse me?
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         Q.
             And you're calling on behalf of the judge.
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             And I'm called on --
         Α.
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             And you're calling on those occasions on
         Q.
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    behalf of the judge, correct?
             Yes, to help the judge, yes.
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         Α.
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         Q.
              And you tell the people that you're calling
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     you're calling on behalf of a particular judge to
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    help that particular judge, correct?
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              To help that judge, yes.
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              MR. EGBERT: May I have one minute, Judge?
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             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: You may.
23
              (Pause.)
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              MR. EGBERT: Nothing further, Your Honor.
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1	HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Thank you.
2	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
3	BY MR. WARE:
4	Q. Ms. Kenney, your best recollection is that
5	Judge Lopez told you on or before September 7th that
6	this was not a kidnapping; is that correct?
7	A. That's correct.
8	Q. And Judge Lopez told you on or before
9	September 7th that the screwdriver was not used as a
10	weapon; isn't that correct?
11	A. That's correct.
12	Q. Now, when you call lawyers for statements,
13	you don't call those lawyers and ask them to comment
14	on the merits of a case, do you?
15	A. No, no, not about that.
16	MR. WARE: I have nothing further.
17	RECROSS EXAMINATION
18	BY MR. EGBERT:
19	Q. She didn't use half a sentence; she didn't
20	say this wasn't a kidnap, correct?
21	A. Excuse me?
22	Q. Judge Lopez didn't use half a sentence; she
23	didn't say this wasn't a kidnap. You've testified
24	continuously what she told you is, "It wasn't the

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1 traditional kidnap. The boy got into the car
2 willingly," correct?

- A. Yes.
- Q. That's what she said, correct?
- A. Yes. The implication was he wasn't snatched off the street and kidnapped. He got into the car willingly.
 - Q. He got in willingly. He was not snatched off the street by the arm or something, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Or by gun point, whatever the case may be.
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. As to other facts in the case, what she told you at times were facts which were disputed and facts which had been given to her in various contexts throughout the proceeding; is that correct?
 - A. I'm sorry, state that again.
 - Q. She provided to you a number of facts which were disputed?
 - A. I don't know. I don't know whether they were disputed facts.
- 22 Q. You don't know which facts, for example -- 23 strike that.

When you were talking to her in this,

1 quote, as you've described it, incoherent, 2 disorganized fashion over a period of days, getting 3 bits and pieces of information, the bits and pieces 4 of information you were getting was information that 5 had been provided to Judge Lopez; is that correct? 6 Yes. What I meant was she didn't tell me 7 from beginning to end what happened in this case. She would give you bits and pieces of 8 9 information which had been provided to her during 10 the course of the proceedings, correct? 11 I believe that's where she would have gotten that information, correct. 12 13 From one side or the other. Ο. 14 Yes. Α. 15 MR. EGBERT: No further questions. 16 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Mr. Ware, anything 17 else? 18 MR. WARE: May I have just a moment, Your 19 Honor? 20 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Take your time. 21 (Pause) 22 FURTHER REDIRECT EXAMINATION 23 BY MR. WARE:

Could you turn to Exhibit 22, please, which

is the transcript of the change of plea.

Now, obviously Judge Lopez did not make this available to you on September 6th or 7th, because it didn't exist, right?

A. Right.

Q. Did the Judge tell you that she had accepted pleas of guilty to kidnapping, assault with intent to rape, assault on a child under 14, assault and battery with a dangerous weapon?

MR. EGBERT: I just don't think this has anything to do with the cross.

HEARING OFFICER DAHER: I understand, but I'm going to allow it. Go ahead.

- A. I had asked her what charges the defendant had agreed to, and she did tell me.
- Q. Did she indicate in any way that the defendant had taken issue with the fact of there being a kidnapping or using the screwdriver as a weapon? In other words -- let me rephrase it.

 Did she tell you that during the course of

Did she tell you that during the course of the guilty plea the defendant admitted the kidnapping and admitted using the screwdriver as a weapon?

24 A. Yes, I did know that.

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             Did you know that from the course of your
     discussion with the Judge or did you know it from
 2
     the fact of there being a guilty plea?
 4
             Well, when I asked the Judge what the
 5
     defendant had agreed to, she told me those charges,
 6
     and those were the things that he had agreed to. So
 7
     I knew it from that.
8
             MR. WARE: I have nothing further.
9
             MR. EGBERT: Nothing further.
10
             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Thank you very
11
    much, Ms. Kenney.
             Mr. Ware, do you want to recess until
12
13
     tomorrow morning?
14
             MR. WARE: I would like to recess until
15
    tomorrow morning. I have only one more witness who
    will be about ten minutes on direct. And I can't
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17
     get that witness here this afternoon because of
18
     weather conditions. So with the Court's permission,
19
     I would like to call that one witness in the
20
    morning, and that will be the last witness for the
21
    Commission.
22
             HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Okay.
23
             MR. EGBERT: Maybe we can have a
24
     conference.
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1 (At side bar.) 2 MR. EGBERT: I had anticipated there were 3 three other witnesses. I don't know that I'm going 4 to have witnesses available for tomorrow. 5 MR. WARE: Who are the three witnesses? 6 MR. EGBERT: I thought you were going to 7 call Beaucage and Goldbach and the Herald guy. 8 That's what you told me. 9 MR. WARE: I'm not. 10 MR. EGBERT: So you're calling just who? 11 MR. WARE: Beaucage. 12 MR. EGBERT: I've told all my witnesses to 13 probably be ready for Wednesday. I obviously don't 14 want to put you through a ten-minute proceeding 15 tomorrow. 16 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: You're not going to 17 call Wedge? 18 MR. WARE: No. 19 MR. EGBERT: Are we going Thursday? 20 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: I can't. Mr. 21 Egbert has a good point. He isn't going to be ready 22 for tomorrow, because he anticipated your case was 23 going to take much longer. So to just have you for 24 ten minutes, it's really --

1 MR. WARE: Your Honor, I would like to finish our witnesses and then understand who's next 2 going to be called. If Wedge is available, I'll put 4 him on. I think there's an issue of his 5 availability. 6 MR. EGBERT: You don't have to put him 7 8 MR. WARE: I don't want to waste another 9 day. I want to finish the case, and surely counsel 10 can put on some witness. Do we only have judges? 11 Who are the witnesses at this point? 12 MR. EGBERT: Please. I've tried to be as 13 decent as I can, but you won't talk to me like that. I'm tired from in back of me being cross-examined by 14 15 him. 16 MR. WARE: I would like to know who the 17 witnesses are. 18 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: How many witnesses 19 do you intend to call? 20 MR. EGBERT: At this point I would say 21 probably 14 or 15. Most of them are very quick, as 22 you know. The lengthiest of them I expect will be 23 Judge DelVecchio, who has more factual knowledge of 24 these events.

1 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: And how about Attorney Goldbach? 2 3 MR. EGBERT: I intend to call her. I have 4 to get a hold of her now, because I thought they 5 were going to call her. And then I'd say --6 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Can you have 7 anybody here tomorrow? 8 MR. EGBERT: I don't know the answer to 9 that question. I just don't want to put everybody in a pickle. That's all. 10 11 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: I understand. I 12 appreciate that. How do you want to handle it? We 13 can start tomorrow; and if he can't get his 14 witnesses --15 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: That's fine. If we 16 can't, we can't. 17 MR. EGBERT: I just wanted to forewarn you, 18 because I don't want everybody to run around for 19 nothing. 20 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: I appreciate that. 21 MR. EGBERT: So I'll call around today. 22 MR. BRACERAS: Your Honor, could we know 23 who those 14 witnesses are? 24 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: He gave you a list.

1 MR. WARE: We have 33 witnesses on the 2 list. 3 MR. EGBERT: Judge, so it's crystal clear, 4 this morning I told him I'm happy to give him my 5 witnesses in order as I get them. I didn't know 6 they were going to end today. So that's going to 7 change things. I have to call around and see who I 8 can get for tomorrow. I told most of my witnesses 9 to be available starting Wednesday, figuring that 10 was a pretty fair --11 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Let's start 12 tomorrow; and if you can get people here, we'll pick 13 up from there. 14 MR. WARE: I anticipate we'll file a motion 15 to exclude some of these witnesses if all they're 16 going to do is be character witnesses. There are no 17 experts by definition. We've already crossed that 18 bridge. 19 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: You can file a 20 motion and I'll make a ruling on it. So we'll see you tomorrow morning. 21 22 (End of side bar) 23 HEARING OFFICER DAHER: Is anyone going to

24 call Detective Greene?

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0218	
1	MR. EGBERT: Not that I know of.
2	MR. WARE: No, Your Honor.
3	(Whereupon, the hearing was
4	adjourned at 3:12 p.m.)
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0219						
	1	CERTIFICATE				
	2	I, Jane M. Williamson, Registered				
	3	Professional Reporter, do hereby certify that the				
	4	foregoing transcript, Volume X, is a true and				
	5	accurate transcription of my stenographic notes				
	6	taken on Monday, December 16, 2002.				
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	9					
	10	Jane M. Williamson				
	11	Registered Merit Reporter				
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