INDOOR AIR QUALITY ASSESSMENT

Lowell High School Freshman Academy 40 Paige Street Lowell, MA



Prepared by:

Massachusetts Department of Public Health
Bureau of Environmental Health
Indoor Air Quality Program
December 2017

Background

Building: Lowell High School, Freshman Academy

Address: 40 Paige Street, Lowell, MA

Assessment Coordinated Through: Lowell Public School Department

Reason for Request: General Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) concerns.

Note that this visit includes air testing during normal occupancy. The August 2017 report should be reviewed in conjunction with this air testing to assess overall building conditions.

Jason Dustin, Environmental Analyst

Date of Assessment: December 20, 2017

Massachusetts Department of Public Health/Bureau of Environmental

Health (MDPH/BEH) Staff Conducting

Assessment:

Building Description: The Freshman Academy building at 40 Paige

Street was originally built in the 1800's and renovated in the 1930's and 1980's. The three-story brick building contains classrooms, offices, laboratory spaces, an auditorium, and

other spaces.

Windows: Openable

Methods

Please refer to the IAQ Manual for methods, sampling procedures, and interpretation of results (MDPH, 2015).

IAQ Testing Results

Table 1 shows the information collected during the preliminary walkthrough included in the August 2017 report. Table 2 includes indoor air testing results, which are summarized below.

• *Carbon dioxide levels* were above 800 parts per million (ppm) in approximately two-thirds of all areas assessed including all occupied classrooms, indicating a lack of adequate air exchange in those areas of the building.

- *Temperature* was within the recommended range of 70°F to 78°F in all areas on the day of assessment.
- *Relative humidity* was below the recommended range of 40 to 60% in the areas tested which is typical during the heating season.
- Carbon monoxide levels were non-detectable in most areas tested.
- *Fine particulate matter (PM2.5)* concentrations measured were below the National Ambient Air Quality (NAAQS) limit of 35 μ g/m³ in the majority of areas tested.

Ventilation

A heating, ventilating, and air conditioning (HVAC) system has several functions. First it provides heating and, if equipped, cooling. Second, it is a source of fresh air. Finally, an HVAC system will dilute and remove normally occurring indoor environmental pollutants by not only introducing fresh air, but by filtering the airstream and ejecting stale air to the outdoors via exhaust ventilation. Even if an HVAC system is operating as designed, point sources of respiratory irritation may exist and cause symptoms in sensitive individuals.

Based on air sampling, it appears that most classrooms with normal occupancy appeared to have a lack of air exchange provided by the HVAC system in its current operating mode as demonstrated by carbon dioxide levels above 800 ppm. Given the age and operation of the existing HVAC system, it may be necessary to use opening windows to supplement fresh air supply for classrooms. Although these slightly elevated levels of carbon dioxide are not hazardous, it indicates that normally occurring indoor air pollutants (e.g., odors, water vapor, and VOCs) may accumulate in these rooms. Some areas were noted to be vacant or sparsely occupied which may result in reduced carbon dioxide levels. It was also reported by Facilities staff that some exhaust motors were not functioning at the time of this assessment.

The HVAC systems should be regularly maintained and operate continuously during occupied hours. It may be possible to adjust the HVAC system to allow more fresh air into the system, e.g. by opening supply louvers or adjusting the proportion of air exhausted rather than recirculated. Exhaust ventilation should also be checked periodically to ensure a draw of air from classrooms.

In order to have proper ventilation with a mechanical supply and exhaust system, these systems must be balanced to provide an adequate amount of fresh air while removing stale air

from a room. It is recommended that existing ventilation systems be re-balanced every five years to ensure adequate air systems function (SMACNA, 1994). It is unknown the last time these systems were balanced.

Microbial/Moisture Concerns

As mentioned in the preliminary report, water-damaged ceiling tiles and ceiling plaster were observed in some classrooms, offices, and hallways (Picture 1). Water-damaged ceiling tiles should be replaced after the leak is found and repaired.

Indoor plants were observed in some areas (Picture 2). Plants can be a source of pollen and mold, which can be respiratory irritants to some individuals. Plants should be properly maintained and equipped with drip pans and should be located away from air diffusers to prevent the aerosolization of dirt, pollen and mold.

Windows open in most exterior classrooms. Open windows can be an additional source of fresh air. However, windows need to be tightly closed at the end of each day to prevent water infiltration and pest intrusion.

Other Observations

In addition to the conditions noted in the preliminary report, IAQ staff noted many areas with air fresheners/candles, scented cleaning products, and hand sanitizers (Pictures 2 and 3). These products contain volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and other fragrances which may cause irritation of the eyes, nose, and respiratory system.

Some occupants expressed comfort complaints in rooms regarding temperature control. Temperature may influence perception of indoor air quality concerns.

Conclusions/Recommendations

The following recommendations are made to assist in improving IAQ:

- 1. Operate all supply and exhaust ventilation equipment continuously during occupied periods.
- Increase fresh air supply to HVAC units serving areas with elevated carbon dioxide (Table 2).

- 3. Use openable windows to supplement fresh air during temperate weather. Ensure all windows are tightly closed at the end of the day.
- 4. Check exhaust vents for air draw periodically and repair as needed. Do not block exhaust vents with furniture or items.
- 5. Consider adopting a balancing schedule of every 5 years for all mechanical ventilation systems, as recommended by ventilation industrial standards (SMACNA, 1994).
- 6. Ensure roof and plumbing leaks are repaired and replace water-damaged ceiling tiles.
- 7. Repair other water-damaged building materials (e.g., wall/ceiling plaster).
- 8. Reduce or eliminate the use of products containing VOCs (e.g., air fresheners, scented cleaning products, and hand sanitizer).
- 9. Properly maintain plants, including drip pans, to prevent water damage to porous materials. Plants should also be located away from air diffusers to prevent the aerosolization of dirt, pollen, and mold.
- 10. Investigate rooms with temperature complaints to provide for adequate comfort of occupants and prevent negative perception of building IAQ.
- 11. Continue to implement the remaining recommendations from the preliminary walkthrough report (MDPH, 2017).
- 12. Encourage faculty to report classroom/building related issues via a tracking program.
- 13. Continue to adopt the US EPA (2000) document, "Tools for Schools", as an instrument for maintaining a good IAQ environment in the building available at: http://www.epa.gov/iaq/schools/index.html.
- 14. Refer to resource manual and other related IAQ documents located on the MDPH's website for further building-wide evaluations and advice on maintaining public buildings. These documents are available at: http://mass.gov/dph/iaq.

References

MDPH. 2015. Massachusetts Department of Public Health. "Indoor Air Quality Manual: Chapters I-III". Available at:

 $\underline{http://www.mass.gov/eohhs/gov/departments/dph/programs/environmental-health/exposure-topics/iaq/iaq-manual/.}$

MDPH. 2017. Indoor Air Quality Preliminary Walkthrough. Lowell High School; Freshman Academy. August 2017.

 $\frac{http://www.mass.gov/eohhs/gov/departments/dph/programs/environmental-health/exposure-topics/iaq/pollution/lowell-high-school.html}{}$

SMACNA. 1994. HVAC Systems Commissioning Manual. 1st ed. Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association, Inc., Chantilly, VA.

US EPA. 2000. Tools for Schools. Office of Air and Radiation, Office of Radiation and Indoor Air, Indoor Environments Division (6609J). EPA 402-K-95-001, Second Edition. http://www.epa.gov/iaq/schools/index.html.

Picture 1



Water-damaged ceiling tiles in classroom

Picture 2



Plant and scented cleaning product in the Freshman Academy

Picture 3



Scented candle in office area

Table 1

Address: 40 Paige Street, Lowell, MA Ta

	Windows	Venti	lation	Remarks
Location	Openable	Intake	Exhaust	
701	N	Y	N	Supply blocked dryer sheets, tile floor
702	N	Y	Y	Tile floor
703	N	Y	N	Tile floor, DEM
703 Hallway				MT's > 10
704	N	Y	Y	Tile floor
711	Y	Y	Y	WD CT
714				Ajar CTs, dust/debris on vents
715	Y	Y	Y	Odor
716 Guidance Suite				Dust/debris on vents, 3 WD CTs
720				
723	Y	Y	Y	Sink
724	Y	Y	Y	WD and missing tiles, sink

CP = ceiling plaster CT = ceiling tile MT = missing tile NC = not carpeted PF = personal fan WAC = window air-conditioner WD = water-damaged DEM = dry erase materials

Address: 40 Paige Street, Lowell, MA

Indoor Air Results
Date: July 26, 2017

	Windows	Venti	lation	Remarks
Location	Openable	Intake	Exhaust	
Auditorium	N	Y	Y	No odor detected
Cafeteria	Y some	Y	Y	NC, large steel girders, overhead ductwork and exposed brick
Sick Bay				1 WD CT
810				
811				WD CT
812				Missing floor tiles, WD CT around vent
813	Y open	Y	Y	
816				Missing floor tiles
817	Y open	Y	Y	WAC not in window, sink, missing floor tiles
818				
819	Y open	Y	Y	Sink
820				Missing floor tiles
821	Y open	Y	Y	NC

CP = ceiling plaster CT = ceiling tile MT = missing tile NC = not carpeted PF = personal fan WAC = window air-conditioner WD = water-damaged DEM = dry erase materials Address: 40 Paige Street, Lowell, MA

Date: July 26, 2017

	Windows	Venti	lation	Remarks
Location	Openable Openable	Intake	Exhaust	
851				
852				Missing/damaged floor tiles, dust/debris on vents
853	Y open	Y	Y	Acoustical wall panels, classroom tiered, books, NC
854				
855	Y open	Y	Y	Books stored under sink, NC
856				PF
857	Y open	Y	Y	Paper stored under sink, WAC with dirty filter
858				
859	Y open	Y	Y	NC, roof puddles visible through window
860				
861 Hallway				WD CP/CT
Boys Restroom	N	N	Y	Dusty vent
Girls Restroom	N	N	Y	Small water stain on ceiling

CP = ceiling plaster CT = ceiling tile

MT = missing tile NC = not carpeted PF = personal fanWAC = window air-conditioner WD = water-damagedDEM = dry erase materials Address: 40 Paige Street, Lowell, MA

Table 1 (continued)

Indoor Air Results
Date: July 26, 2017

	Windows	Venti	lation	Remarks
Location	Openable	Intake	Exhaust	
Women's Restroom			Y	WD CT around vent
901				4 WD CT, dust/debris on vents, PF
903 Computer Lab				
904	Y	Y	Y	
906	Y	Y	Y	NC, WD CT,
907				Dust/debris on vents, cobwebs corner
908	Y	Y	Y	Missing floor tiles
909				Numerous WD CTs
910	Y	Y	Y	WD CT (3), sink
911	Y open	Y	Y	
912	Y	Y	Y	Sink
Boys Restroom	N	N	Y	
Girls Restroom	N	N	Y	

CP = ceiling plaster CT = ceiling tile MT = missing tile NC = not carpeted PF = personal fan WAC = window air-conditioner WD = water-damaged DEM = dry erase materials

Location: Freshman Academy, Lowell High School

Address: 40 Paige Street, Lowell, MA

Table 1 (continued)

Indoor Air Results
Date: July 26, 2017

	Windows	Ventil	ation	Remarks
Location	Openable	Intake	Exhaust	
Girls Restroom	Y	N	Y	
Stairwell	Y	N	Y	MT

Address: 40 Paige St., Lowell, MA

Table 2

Date: 12/20/2017

Indoor Air Results

								Venti	ation				
Location	Carbon Dioxide (ppm)	Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	PM2.5 (μg/m ³)	Occupants in Room	Windows Openable	Supply	Exhaust	Remarks			
Background	339	ND	35	44	17	-	-	-	-				
Administration Office suite:													
Main	722	ND	75	19	2	7	Y	Y	Y	Plants, HS			
Frenette	721	ND	75	17	3	2	Y	Y	Y	Tile flooring			
Break Room	646	ND	75	18	2	2	Y	Y	Y	Tile, sink backsplash needs caulking			
Office 800	684	ND	75	18	3	1	Y	Y	Y	WAC			
Call center	703	ND	75	18	2	0	Y	Y	Y	DO			
Third Floor:	Third Floor:												
851	770	ND	73	20	2	2	Y	Y	Y	DEM, supplies			

 $\mu g/m^3 = micrograms \ per \ cubic meter$ $AT = ajar \ ceiling \ tile$ $DO = door \ open$ WD = water-damaged $WAC = window \ air \ conditioner$ $ppm = parts \ per \ million$ $CP = cleaning \ products$ $PF = personal \ fan$ $MT = missing \ tile$ $DEM = dry \ erase \ materials$ $ND = non \ detect$ $CT = ceiling \ tile$ $HS = hand \ sanitizer$ $AI = accumulated \ items$

Comfort Guidelines

Carbon Dioxide: <800 = preferable Temperature: $70 - 78 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}$ $> 800 \, \text{ppm} = \text{indicative of ventilation problems}$ Relative Humidity: 40 - 60%

Address: 40 Paige St., Lowell, MA

Table 2 (continued)

Indoor Air Results

Date: 12/20/2017

								Ventilation		
Location	Carbon Dioxide (ppm)	Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	PM2.5 (μg/m ³)	Occupants in Room	Windows Openable	Supply	Exhaust	Remarks
850	722	ND	73	18	2	0	Y	Y	Y	DEM
852	733	ND	74	20	2	1	Y	Y	Y	
853	721	ND	74	19	4	3	Y	Y	Y	
854	718	ND	73	20	3	0	Y	Y	Y	
856	740	ND	74	20	4	4	Y	Y	Y	DEM, PF
855	988	ND	74	21	4	11	Y	Y	Y	Plants, WD CTs x 7, complaints of musty odors (none detected at this time)
858	1005	ND	75	22	4	22	Y	Y	Y	DEM
857	872	ND	75	21	3	0	Y	Y	Y	WAC, CPs, DEM
859	726	ND	75	18	5	0	Y	Y	Y	HS, DEM

 $\mu g/m^3 = micrograms per cubic meter$

AT = ajar ceiling tile

DO = door open

WD = water-damaged

WAC = window air conditioner

ppm = parts per million

CP = cleaning products

PF = personal fan

MT = missing tile

ND = non detect

CT = ceiling tile

HS = hand sanitizer

AI = accumulated items

DEM = dry erase materials

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70 - 78 °F Temperature:

Relative Humidity: 40 - 60%

Address: 40 Paige St., Lowell, MA

Table 2 (continued)

Indoor Air Results

Date: 12/20/2017

								Venti	lation	
Location	Carbon Dioxide (ppm)	Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	PM2.5 (μg/m ³)	Occupants in Room	Windows Openable	Supply	Exhaust	Remarks
860	710	ND	75	20	3	9	Y	Y	Y	DEM, Tile floor, CPs
Second Floor:										
810	694	ND	73	19	4	0	Y	Y	Y	
811	679	ND	73	17	5	4	Y	Y	Y	Tile floor, DEM, CPs
902	1209	ND	74	23	17	6	Y	Y	Y	Candle, CPs, Plant
Nurse	1274	ND	74	24	5	5	Y	Y	Y	HS
901	1049	ND	74	21	4	0	Y	Y	Y	
904	1291	ND	74	24	5	1	Y	Y	Y	DEM, PF
903	1150	ND	72	23	4	0	Y	Y	Y	

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Table 2 (continued)

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								Ventilation					
Location	Carbon Dioxide (ppm)	Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	PM2.5 (μg/m ³)	Occupants in Room	Windows Openable	Supply	Exhaust	Remarks			
905	1313	ND	71	27	6	4	Y	Y	Y	DEM, plant			
906	1220	ND	71	25	5	0	Y	Y	Y	Plants			
908	1414	ND	71	27	4	0	Y	Y	Y	DEM, plant, WD CT			
911	1654	ND	71	31	6	1	Y	Y	Y	DEM, WD CT			
912	1563	ND	71	29	5	9	Y	Y	Y	DEM, tile			
910	1406	ND	71	27	4	0	Y	Y	Y	Plants, DEM			
First Floor:	First Floor:												
724	1372	ND	71	27	6	18	Y	Y	Y	DEM			
723	1321	ND	71	27	5	15	Y	Y	Y	MT, tile floor, AT			

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Temperature: 70 - 78 °F

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Address: 40 Paige St., Lowell, MA

Table 2 (continued)

Indoor Air Results

Date: 12/20/2017

								Venti	lation	
Location	Carbon Dioxide (ppm)	Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	PM2.5 (μg/m ³)	Occupants in Room	Windows Openable	Supply	Exhaust	Remarks
721	1364	ND	71	27	7	19	Y	Y	Y	DEM
720	1315	ND	71	27	5	20	Y	Y	Y	DEM, PF
717 Office Suite:										
-Main Office	1223	ND	72	24	4	2	Y	Y	Y	CT, MT, HS
-Office 716	1192	ND	73	24	5	4	Y	Y	Y	
-Griffin	1244	ND	74	23	4	2	Y	Y	Y	HS
-Cluster 8	1201	ND	74	23	7	2	Y	Y	Y	AI, PF
-Social worker	1216	ND	74	23	5	2	Y	Y	Y	HS
-Conference	1172	ND	74	22	9	1	Y	Y	Y	DO

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Table 2 (continued)

Indoor Air Results

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								Venti	lation	
Location	Carbon Dioxide (ppm)	Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	PM2.5 (μg/m ³)	Occupants in Room	Windows Openable	Supply	Exhaust	Remarks
-Facilitator 108	1147	ND	74	22	6	0	Y	Y	Y	
715	1133	ND	74	22	4	0	Y	Y	Y	DEM, CPs
713	1268	ND	72	24	5	2	Y	Y	Y	Cold temperature complaints
711	1243	ND	72	26	5	2	Y	Y	Y	DEM, HS, CPs
714	1409	ND	73	27	6	15	Y	Y	Y	DEM
712	1432	ND	73	26	4	17	Y	Y	Y	
702	1536	ND	73	28	8	2	Y	Y	Y	PF, DEM
Cafeteria	726	ND	73	21	11	65+	Y	Y	Y	
704	1282	ND	73	24	5	21	Y	Y	Y	PF

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Address: 40 Paige St., Lowell, MA Table 2 (continued) Date: 12/20/2017

Indoor Air Results

								Ventilation		
Location	Carbon Dioxide (ppm)	Carbon Monoxide (ppm)	Temp (°F)	Relative Humidity (%)	PM2.5 (μg/m ³)	Occupants in Room	Windows Openable	Supply	Exhaust	Remarks
701	1191	ND	73	23	3	0	Y	Y	Y	HS, CPs, DEM
703	1526	ND	74	26	5	17	Y	Y	Y	DEM, HS, CPs

 $\mu g/m^3 = micrograms$ per cubic meter AT = ajar ceiling tile DO = door open WD = water-damaged WAC = window air conditioner

 $ppm = parts \ per \ million \qquad \qquad CP = cleaning \ products \qquad \qquad PF = personal \ fan \qquad \qquad MT = missing \ tile \qquad \qquad DEM = dry \ erase \ materials$

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Relative Humidity: 40 - 60%