Massachusetts Grid Modernization Advisory Council

Meeting Presentation

May 29, 2025



Agenda & Roll Call



Item	Time
Administrative Items	
Welcome, Roll Call, Agenda	1:00 - 1:20
Public Comment Period	1.00 1.20
Meeting Minutes Review and Voting	
Updates on ESMP Activities	1:20 – 1:30
LTSPP Presentation	
 Joint presentation by the EDCs, DOER, AGO, and DG Industry 	1:30 – 2:10
Q&A throughout presentations	
Break	2:10 – 2:15
LTSPP Facilitated Discussion	2:15 – 2:45
GMAC Stakeholder Session Agenda	2:45 – 2:55
Close	2:55 – 3:00

Public Comment



- 15-minute period for public comment
- Speakers will have up to **3 minutes** to speak on any topics of interest related to the GMAC. Once everyone who has pre-registered has provided comment, others may speak, as time allows.
- Please state your name and affiliation before delivering your comment.

Meeting Minutes

- Calling for vote to finalize:
 - > May 1, 2025 GMAC minutes

Motion to approve the May 1st GMAC minutes [as distributed/as corrected]?



ESMP Activities Updates



- 1. ESMP Phase II
 - Interim ESMP Mechanism
 - Metrics and Reporting
- 2. CESAG
- 3. IEP Working Group
- 4. LTSPP Working Group/Proposal
- 5. Other

Key Upcoming Dates		
1 st IEP Working Group meeting	5/29	
CESAG meeting – underserved community guidelines	6/12	
CESAG meeting – communication strategy	6/26	
ESMP Phase II metrics/reporting discovery closes	6/25	
CESAG meeting – Final framework	7/10	
Additional intervenor comments on metrics/reporting	7/16	
IEP working group meeting	7/24	
Additional EDC reply comments on metrics/reporting	7/30	

*Stay up to date on ESMP activities via the Activity Tracker!

Are there any updates on these items?



Break

Please be ready to start again in ~5 minutes

Long Term System Planning Process (LTSPP) Overview

Joint presentation by the EDCs, DOER, AGO, and DG Industry

May 29, 2025

LTSPP Origins and Process

- D.P.U. 19-55 \rightarrow DPU solicits detailed stakeholder proposals on cost allocation and proactive planning
- D.P.U. 20-75 → DPU opens separate investigation into long-term system planning for DG and alternative cost allocation methodologies (includes straw proposal based on D.P.U. 19-55 proposals)
 - Provisional Program established (D.P.U. 20-75-B)
- 2022 Climate Law → requires ESMPs to support electrification, DER deployment, and resiliency
- D.P.U. 20-75 closed due to 2022 statutory requirement for long-term system planning
- Due to the statute's accelerated timeline, the EDCs were not able to develop a proactive planning
 process for DERs in time for the first ESMPs
- DPU directed the EDCs to convene a 6-month working group to develop a Long-Term System Planning Process (LTSPP) to replace the Provisional Program and consider:
 - 1. Factors driving development of DG
 - 2. The role of flexible interconnection
 - 3. Cost-allocation methodology
 - 4. Process for updating the LTSPP
 - 5. Equity

LTSPP Overarching Goals

- **Proactive Planning**: Enable hosting capacity for distributed generation (DG) <u>proactively</u>, prior to interconnection applications triggering a need
- Achieving State Requirements: Proactively identify infrastructure upgrades that will further progress towards achieving the Commonwealth's clean energy mandates
- **Targeted Infrastructure Upgrades**: Identify infrastructure upgrades that will drive DG development in locations that will be most cost effective and beneficial to the Commonwealth as a whole and where DG developers will utilize hosting capacity
- **Regulatory certainty** about the process to plan, develop and approve incremental infrastructure investments

LTSPP Overarching Principles

- Effective Planning → Proactive analysis allows for an efficiently planned system that achieves the Commonwealth's clean energy objectives in the most cost effective manner (DG development is driven by planning vs reactive to interconnection applications)
- Regulatory Certainty → Predictable costs and timeline for DG interconnecting customers will reduce costs and speed deployment
- Equitable \rightarrow Equity is taken into consideration in long-term system planning and in cost sharing
- Accountability and Transparency → stakeholders and regulatory authorities participate in development of analysis and have transparency into decisionmaking process

Stakeholder Working Group

- The LTSPP working group met 15 times over 6 months, including
 - Presentations from stakeholders on priorities & goals for the LTSPP
 - Presentations from Company staff on engineering & planning considerations
 - Multiple iterations of feedback on the EDCs' proposals
- Topics discussed include
 - Long-Term DG Assessment
 - Proactive DG planning process to enable hosting capacity
 - Flexible interconnection
 - Cost allocation
 - Stakeholder input into proactive DG planning
 - Process for future updates to LTSPP
- \blacktriangleright Reviewed, revised and agreed upon contents of LTSPP filing package \rightarrow submitted to DPU on May 9th

LTSPP Filing Package Summary

- LTSPP package was filed with the DPU on May 9th and included:
 - Framework for the Long-Term System Planning Process for Distributed Generation (with non-consensus redlines)
 - A list of all stakeholders that participated in the stakeholder sessions;
 - A spreadsheet listing areas of non-consensus with stakeholder explanatory rationale,
 - Comments from Industry elaborating on their position;
 - > The Minutes, and Presentations provided during the stakeholder sessions
 - Letter from GMAC recommending a LTSPP stakeholder engagement subgroup

Procedural Recommendations to the DPU

- The LTSPP working group provided an overarching consensus procedural recommendation to the DPU, which included:
- Agreement that the Department should move as expeditiously as possible to establish an LTSPP framework and timeline for the first LTSPP analysis.
- Recommendation for phased investigation:
 - Phase I: include only issues that must be decided by the Department before the commencement of the first LTSPP cycle, including: (i) goals and scope of the LTSPP, (ii) establishment of an LTSPP Framework, (iii) timeline for first LTSPP filing and analysis, (iv) LTSPP filing requirements, and (v) the process for transitioning from the Provisional Program to the LTSPP.

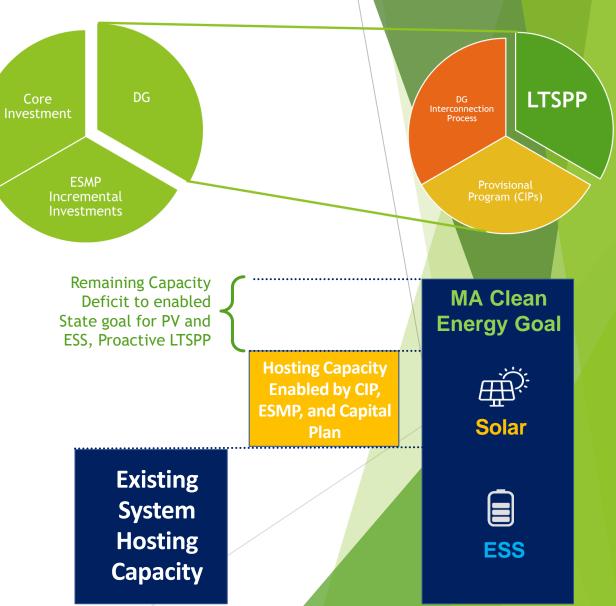
Phase II: commencing after the Department's order in phase I and running in parallel with the first LTSPP analysis, addressing topics interrelated and necessary to facilitate an efficient implementation of LTSPP approved investments, including: (1) flexible Interconnection as it relates to the LTSPP (including appropriate incentives), (2) a process for updating the LTSPP, (3) LTSPP coordination with subsequent ESMP cycles, and (4) updates to the EDC's DG Interconnection Tariffs to implement the LTSPP.

Long Term System Planning Process (LTSPP) for DG - A Component of the ESMP

- 1. factors identified by the GMAC and the Companies that drive development of DG by **enabling hosting capacity in specific locations that benefit the Commonwealth** as a whole and further the state's clean energy objectives (e.g., availability of technically developable land for solar, land cost, proximity to existing transmission and distribution infrastructure, upgrade costs, and forecasted electrification demand to co-optimize infrastructure deployment for solar and electrification enablement, where feasible)
- 2. the **role of flexible interconnection** in deferring or negating the need for certain system upgrades and/or improving the operations of the current distribution system
- 3. cost-allocation methodology; and
- 4. the process for changing or **updating the LTSPP over time**

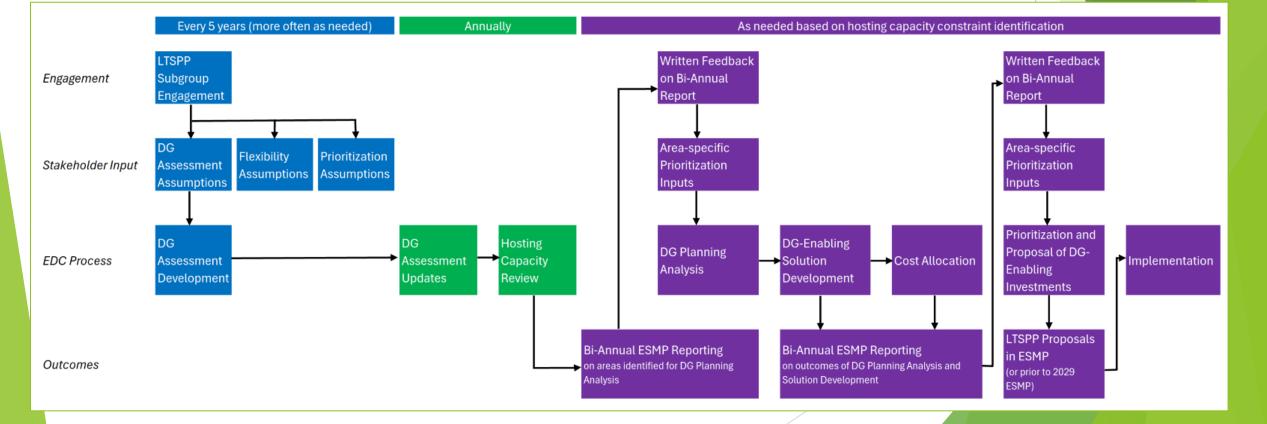
Proactive DG Planning & Cost Allocation A CRITICAL PIECE OF THE PUZZLE

- LTSPP is a process for proactive enablement of DG (PV and ESS) in alignment with the Commonwealth's goals
 - The process will identify incremental investments with DG hosting capacity enablement as the driver
 - DG Stakeholder input informs the identification of constraints and solutions
 - Incremental LTSPP investments for DG will be subject to cost allocation treatment
- Enables DG in the most affordable way, by fairly allocating proactive investment costs
- Proactive DG investments under LTSPP combined with electrification enablement result in ESMPs as holistic proactive plans to support policy goals



Proposed Process Overview

- Informed by DG stakeholder input, the Companies will prepare an unconstrained Long-Term DG Assessment identifying projections of PV and ESS adoption through 2050
- The Companies will compare DG projections to existing and future infrastructure capabilities to identify hosting capacity constraints and incremental proactive DG-enabling investments to address those constraints
- Incidental benefits to distribution customers provided by DG-enabling investments will be assessed to inform scoping and cost allocation determinations
- **D**G-enabling investments will be **proposed through the Companies' ESMPs**



Importance of Stakeholder Input in Proactive DG Planning

- A GMAC LTSPP Subgroup is proposed to be the forum for DG stakeholder input into Long-Term DG Planning during each 5-year ESMP term
- Input will be requested in three key areas:
 - Long-Term DG Assessment Inputs, for example:
 - Which underlying policy scenario will be used
 - > Applicable Municipal Restrictions and clarification on environmental land use restrictions
 - What weighting is assigned to specific factors that influence the forecast results (land type etc.)
 - Flexibility Inputs, for example:
 - Co-location and coincidence of PV and ESS
 - ESS curtailment tolerance
 - How long and how much flexibility can be assumed, to influence scope and timing of DG-enabling investments
 - Prioritization Inputs, for example:
 - Financially viable Proactive Hosting Capacity fees in a given area (pre-analysis)
 - Likelihood of full DG subscription at the identified cost (post-analysis)

Cost Allocation for Proactive DG-enabling Investments

- Beneficiary-pays cost allocation principles are proposed for application to proactive investments.
- Key benefits:
 - Fair allocation of costs across DG and distribution customers incentivizes cost-effective system buildout for large DG. DG bears lower costs if distribution customers can also benefit from the same infrastructure—aligning incentives with affordability.
 - Cost-sharing across earlier and later DG interconnections spreads DG costs based on benefits and reduces first-mover disadvantage.

Mechanism:

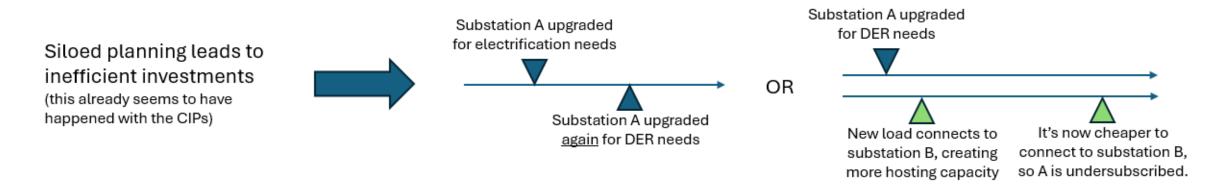
- All large DG customers (>25kw) connecting in LTSPP areas will be subject to a one-time Proactive Hosting Capacity (PHC) Fee at interconnection, assessed per kW of export capacity. Costs are allocated across all DG enabled by the investment
- Proactive distribution system upgrade costs will be allocated across beneficiaries for each upgrade area based on a beneficiary-pays model. DG customers benefit from enabled hosting capacity. Distribution customers benefit from electrification, reliability, and small (rooftop) DG enablement.
- DG-allocated costs not initially recovered through PHC fees will be recoverable from all distribution customers then refunded to them over time as DG capacity subscribes.

DOER/AGO/DG Industry Non-Consensus Areas

DOER non-consensus items (1 of 2)

The LTSPP should jointly optimize for electrification and DER needs, rather than DER-only

- Proactive grid investments are multi-value, providing benefits for reliability, electrification, and DERs.
- Developing electrification- and DER-driven projects in separate siloed processes will lead to higher costs.
- Considering both electrification and DER in the LTSPP allows DERs and load growth to offset each other.



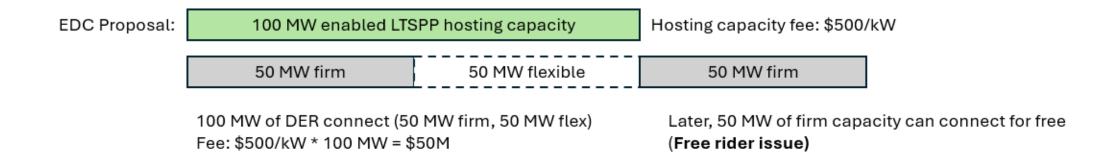
DOER recommendations

- The LTSPP should be comprehensive for all proactive grid needs (electrification & DER)
- The proposed forecasting, planning, and stakeholder engagement framework can be adapted to consider electrification, using the same GMAC subgroup

DOER non-consensus items (2 of 2)

Flexible interconnection (FI): the LTSPP must incentivize flexibility, and the EDCs must develop an FI offering to support the LTSPP

- FI can allow more DERs to connect without triggering upgrades, reducing delays and infrastructure costs.
- Realizing these benefits will require the EDCs to develop an FI program before LTSPP investments come online.
- The EDCs' proposal does not include adequate incentives for FI. Without incentives, DERs will not adopt flexibility. The EDCs' proposed DG cost cap will lead to perverse incentives and free ridership (see below).



DOER recommendations

- DERs should pay a hosting capacity fee based on export during constrained times.
- The EDCs should commit to concrete timelines for developing a FI program by 2027.

AGO Non-Consensus Items (1 of 2)

Flexible Interconnection

- The AGO agrees with DOER that the LTSPP must do more to incentivize flexibility and that the EDCs must work with stakeholders to develop a comprehensive FI program.
- The process to develop this program should include key topics and questions that must be addressed to develop a full program, including curtailment targets, curtailment allocation methodologies, curtailment study requirements, interconnection agreement updates, cost allocation for site requirements, and details regarding DERMS deployment.
- Overall Recommendation: the AGO agrees with DOER that the EDCs must make a firm commitment to develop both: 1) a full FI program, and 2) a FI pricing structure.

AGO Non-Consensus Items (2 of 2)

Cost Allocation and Recovery

- Calculation of Distribution Customer Benefit:
 - EDCs propose to calculate the distribution customer benefit based on LTSPP investment's "Enabled Electrification," defined as the projected peak load from end-use customers through 2050 that could utilize the capacity enabled in a PHC Area.
 - Discount factor should be applied to this calculation to account for the fact that these LTSPP investments are being made earlier than required to accommodate electrification.
 - Time value of money: deferring expenditure to a future time saves money, while bringing forward expenditure early costs money.

PHC Fee Collection Cap:

- EDCs propose to cap PHC Fee collection at full subscription of the DG enabling investment.
- LTSPP should allow collection of PHC fees from DG able to connect beyond full subscription (e.g., through flexible interconnection) until technical limits are reached.

DG Industry Non-Consensus Items-First LTSPP Timeline

- The first set of LTSPP investments should be submitted to the DPU for investigation within one year of a DPU Order establishing an LTSPP
 - LTSPP required by the 2022 Climate Act but not included in first ESMP iteration
 - Enabling DG hosting capacity is critical to meeting the Commonwealth's clean energy mandates for decarbonization and installed DG
 - First LTSPP investment review will be complex and require a separate docket
 - LTSPP investments are necessary to establish a successor to the Provisional Program
 - Following first LTSPP analysis and investment proposals, the LTSPP should be incorporated into the ESMP

DG Industry Non-Consensus Items

- Establishment of a statewide uniform flexible interconnection program and full incorporation of flexible interconnection into LTSPP (in substantial consensus with DOER and AGO)
 - DPU should direct a stakeholder process to develop a uniform flexible interconnection program proposal to be submitted to the DPU before the end of 2025
 - Following, LTSPP must be revised to fully incorporate and incentivize flexible interconnection
- Treatment of energy storage systems and capacity reservation
 - Energy storage must receive equitable treatment under the LTSPP
 - Capacity reservation for solar and/or energy storage may not be necessary and should require per investment proposal and DPU review
- Treatment of behind-the-meter DG systems and threshold for PHC fee assignment
 - Further investigation is needed to determine the appropriate threshold for application of PHC fee and treatment of behind-the-meter DG facilities

Takeaways for the GMAC on the LTSPP

LTSPP stakeholder engagement is proposed to occur through a subgroup of the GMAC.

- The GMAC supported a GMAC-hosted LTSPP subgroup at the March 2025 GMAC meeting.
- The LTSPP Subgroup will be engaged in the LTSPP analysis process during any interim running of the LTSPP in advance of the 2030 ESMP, at the start of each 5-year planning cycle, and will provide input on LTSPP investments in advance of the EDCs filing with the DPU.
- The EDCs will submit reports to the DPU summarizing the engagement process and stakeholder recommendations. In its LTSPP filing with the DPU at the end of each five-year LTSPP planning cycle, the EDCs will include a summary of how the LTSPP Subgroup recommendations were or were not included in the LTSPP analysis.
- At a minimum, proposed membership consists of:
 - 1. One representative from DOER,
 - 2. One representative from AGO,
 - 3. Six EDC representatives (two representatives from each EDC),
 - 4. Six DG stakeholder representatives (with at least: one ESS-focused DG developer, one <500 kW DG project developer)
 - 5. One representative from the GMAC EWG
 - 6. One large C&I GMAC representative.

If the DPU recommends such a structure, the GMAC will need to discuss the membership and operating procedures of the LTSPP subgroup.

Next Steps

Onto the DPU to examine and adjudicate the LTSPP

- DPU issued a memorandum on March 4, 2025 establishing procedural guidance for the LTSPP. In the memo, the DPU:
 - Established docket 25-20 for LTSPP adjudication
 - Noted that there would be a comment period in the docket.
- The Companies filed the LTSPP proposal with the DPU on May 9, 2025
- The DPU will issue a Notice at a time TBD including relevant procedural information



Facilitated Discussion

Led by Councilor Kate Tohme



July Stakeholder Session

The Future Grid from a Municipal Lens GMAC Event



Event Description: An in-person event to convene municipal stakeholders and community leaders who are interested in and/or taking steps to decarbonize and electrify their city or town. Attendees will hear from a panel of speakers from the GMAC and learn about actions Massachusetts is taking to modernize and proactively plan our electric grid, including the electric-sector modernization plans (ESMPs). Attendees will engage in facilitated breakout discussions to explore opportunities and challenges of updating our electric grid and identify priority topics for the GMAC's future work.

Date: Thursday, July 17, 2025, 9:00 AM - 12:30 PM (*Doors open at 8:15 AM for networking*) **Location:** 100 Cambridge St. Boston, MA 02114

Please fill out this form to indicate your interest in attending: Interest Form

GMAC members: Please SHARE with your networks!

The Future Grid from a Municipal Lens GMAC Event



- DOER has further developed the event agenda based on GMAC member feedback and interest form responses.
- Proposed panelists have been invited to brainstorming sessions to discuss panel talking points.
- GMAC members who are not panelists are invited to serve as table discussion leaders during the facilitated breakout discussions.

Do GMAC members have questions or feedback?

Welcome, Keynote, Opening Remarks	An overview of Massachusetts' grid planning landscape, including the various processes, key players, and current state.
Panel: How is MA Planning the Future Grid?	Panelists will discuss Massachusetts grid planning—covering affordability, grid resilience, decarbonization targets, and renewable energy adoption—and will outline key steps for public engagement in the process, as well as what a future grid means for communities.
Panel: What is in the ESMPs?	EDC representatives will provide an overview of the ESMP programs and investments that are coming to your community.
Panel: Navigating Electrification for Municipalities	Panelists will discuss unlocking grid capacity and the considerations and challenges municipalities face in electrifying their communities, highlighting how grid planning can support local efforts and deliver community benefits.
Facilitated Table Discussions	Insights from facilitated conversations will inform GMAC strategic planning priorities.

Close and Next Steps



- The next ExCom meeting is June 5th from 9:30 – 10:30 AM.
- The next EWG meeting is July 11th from 10 - 11:30 AM.
- The first GMAC stakeholder session is July 17th from 9 – 12 PM.

Thank you, National Grid, for a great substation tour! GMAC members and staff visited Malden #5 Substation (pictured) and Hendersonville Substation.

Sign up for one of three upcoming substation tours!

