Department/Organization Name_		
	(Print or Type)	

Office of Grants and Research (OGR) Executive Office of Public Safety and Security General Subrecipient Grant Conditions

Information for Authorized Signatories

The office of Grants and Research (OGR) accepts signatures from authorized signatories on the following forms:

- Standard Contract Form including contract amendments
- Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT) Authorization Form
- Form W-9
- The Massachusetts Substitute Form W-9
- Interdepartmental Service Agreements including amendments
- Office of Grants and Research General Subgrant Conditions

Acceptable Forms of Signature

OGR will accept signatures executed by an authorized signatory in any of the following formats:

- 1. A traditional "wet signature" (ink on paper).
- 2. An Electronic signature that is either:
 - a. Hand drawn using a mouse or finger if working from a touch screen device
 - b. An uploaded picture of the signatory's hand drawn signature
- 3. Electronic signatures affixed using a digital tool such as Adobe Sign or DocuSign. If using an electronic signature, the signature must be visible, include the signatory's name and title, and must be accompanied by a signature date.

NOTE: If using an electronic signature, the signatory's name and title and date of signing must accompany the signature in plain sight. Typed text in a cursive font <u>not</u> generated by a digital tool (Adobe Sign, DocuSign, etc.) <u>will not be accepted.</u>

Instructions for Authorized Signatories

- 1. Read and initial all pages where indicated
- 2. Sign and date as applicable, where indicated
- 3. **See Addendum 5** for special conditions associated with the specific federal grant-stream that is the source of the award and Initial where indicated.
- 4. If the source of the award is **NOT** federal funds or there are no special conditions, Addendum 5 will indicate N/A and should be initialed nonetheless.

5. Return the fully executed General Subricepient Grant Conditions with the fully executed Commonwealth of Massachusetts Standard Contract Form or Interdepartmental Service Agreement.

Note: Your signature on the Standard Contract or Interdepartmental Service Agreement indicates you have read and agree to comply with all conditions, certifications, and obligations therein. Failure to comply with any conditions may result in termination of the contract or other consequences.

Additional Instructions for Law Enforcement Subrecipients

Read and sign Addendum 1: Additional OGR Conditions for Law Enforcement Agencies

Additional Information for Research Subrecipients

Read, complete, and sign Addendum 2: For Research Grants Only (Human Subjects Protection).

Subrecipients of Federal Grant Funds

• Subrecipients receiving federal grant funds administered by OGR, must comply with three sets of general grant conditions: (1) federal conditions; (2) state conditions; and (3) OGR conditions. These three sets of general grant conditions are addressed in this primary document.

Federal Conditions

Federal conditions are based on laws passed by Congress, regulations issued by the federal department making the funds available and published in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), and financial guidance also created by the federal department making the funds available. Additionally, in most cases, there are requirements and conditions associated with specific federal grant-streams, which are not conditions of receipt of federal funds generally.

Note: See Addendum 5 for specific conditions associated with a specific federal grant-stream.

State Conditions

State conditions are established in laws passed by the Massachusetts Legislature and orders and rules established by the governor. They are referenced in the Standard Contract Form itself and, in the pages attached to it.

OGR Conditions

OGR conditions outline the further administrative requirements for each grant award established by the Executive Office of Public Safety and Security (EOPSS) and Office of Grants and Research (OGR).

Subrecipients of State Grant Funds

- When receiving a grant award from state funds administered by OGR, subrecipients must comply with **two sets of general grant conditions**: (1) state conditions and (2) OGR conditions as described in the section above.
- State conditions are established in laws passed by the Massachusetts Legislature and in orders and rules established by the Governor. They are referenced in the Standard Contract Form itself and, in the pages, attached to it.
- OGR conditions outline the further administrative requirements for each grant award established by the EOPSS and OGR. They are included in this document.

Federal Grant Fund Conditions

The basic federal grant conditions below apply to all federal grants, regardless of the federal department making the funds available.

• Audit Requirements of Federal Funds

O 2 CFR 200 Subpart F Audit Requirements apply to each non-profit organization, institution of higher education, and local governments as a whole when they or one of their departments receives federal funds. Any non-profit organization, institution of higher education, or local government spending more than \$750,000 in federal funds from all sources within 12 months must have an audit performed on the use of the funds. OGR defines the 12 months as July 1 to June 30. The above webpage provides the full text of this basic federal grant requirement:

• Unique Entity Identifier (UEI) and System for Award Management (SAM)

- All subrecipients of federal funds must have a 12-character alphanumeric UEI
 ID. For more information: Visit SAM.gov | Home
- All subrecipients of federal funds must maintain annual registration in the SAM database: SAM.gov | Home

• Transparency Act Reporting for Federal Funds

- The Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA) requires EOPSS to report on a federal website specific award and subrecipient identifying information for each award greater than \$30,000 OGR makes with federal funds it received after October 1, 2010. Prior to receiving funds, certain affected subrecipients must report certain information to OGR so that EOPSS may fulfill its FFATA reporting requirements. Data reported by EOPSS may be viewed at www.usasspending.gov.
- Cost Principles for Federal Grants to non-federal entities, including State and Local Governments, Non-Profit Organizations, and Institutions of Higher Education
 - 2 CFR Part 200 Subpart E Cost Principles. These regulations list and define general categories of costs that are both allowable and unallowable. Examples are included below.
 - The cost of alcoholic beverages is unallowable.

- Costs incurred by advisory councils are allowable.
- Audit costs are allowable.
- Compensation costs are allowable so long as they are consistent with that paid for similar work in other activities of the local government.
- Entertainment costs are unallowable.
- Equipment costs are allowable with the prior approval of OGR. Equipment having a useful life of more than one year or a current per-unit fair market value of \$5,000 or more must be tracked. When replacing equipment purchased with federal funds, the equipment to be replaced may be used as a trade-in or can be sold with the proceeds used to offset the cost of the replacement equipment. In addition, during the period of the contract with OGR, insurance on the equipment is allowable. Information required to be captured and recorded appears in Addendum 4.
- Travel costs are allowable if pre-approved by OGR and if they are consistent with costs normally allowed in like circumstances for nonfederally funded activities.
- If a subrecipient uses grant funds to pay its employees, the subrecipient must maintain timesheets for work performed with the grant funds. Timesheets must show the hours worked and must be signed by the employee paid with the grant funds.

2 CFR 200.214 Suspension and Debarment

Non-Federal entities are subject to the non-procurement debarment and suspension regulations implementing Executive Orders 12549 and 12689, 2 CFR part 180. The regulations in 2 CFR part 180 restrict awards, subawards, and contracts with certain parties that are debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation in Federal assistance programs or activities.

- The 2 CFR Part 200 Appendices and links referenced below also apply to State and Local Governments, Non-Profit Organizations, and Institutions of Higher Education (IHEs):
 - Appendix II to Part 200—Contract Provisions for Non-Federal Entity Contracts Under Federal Awards
 - Appendix III to Part 200—Indirect (F&A) Costs Identification and Assignment, and Rate Determination for Institutions of Higher Education (IHEs)
 - o <u>Appendix IV to Part 200</u>—Indirect (F&A) Costs Identification and Assignment, and Rate Determination for Nonprofit Organizations
 - Appendix V to Part 200—State/Local Government wide Central Service Cost Allocation Plans
 - Appendix VII to Part 200—States and Local Government and Indian Tribe Indirect Cost Proposals

 Appendix VIII to Part 200—Nonprofit Organizations Exempted from Subpart E—Cost Principles of Part 200

• Nondiscrimination Requirements

- o If you receive federal funds, you must comply with and require subcontractors, if any, to comply with all applicable statutorily-imposed nondiscrimination requirements, which may include the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. § 3789d); the Victims of Crime Act (42 U.S.C. § 10604(e)); the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. § 5672(b)); the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d); the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. § 794); the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131-34); the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. §§ 1681, 1683, 1685-86); the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (42 U.S.C. §§ 6101-07); Ex. Order 13279 (equal protection of the laws for faith-based and community organizations); and 28 C.F.R. pt. 38 (U.S. Department of Justice Equal Treatment for Faith-Based Organizations).
- Per Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, you must take reasonable steps to provide meaningful access for persons with limited English proficiency.
- O In the event a federal or state court or federal or state administrative agency makes a finding of discrimination after a due process hearing on the grounds of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, or disability against a recipient of funds, you must forward a copy of the finding to the Office for Civil Rights, Office of Justice Programs and to OGR.
- In accordance with federal civil rights laws, you shall not retaliate against individuals for taking action or participating in action to secure rights protected by these laws.

• Human Subjects Protection

For Research Subrecipients only. See Addendum 2.

Additional Federal Department-Specific Grant Conditions

While the conditions above applies to all Federal grants, each Federal department can impose additional conditions associated with specific grants.

U.S. Department of Justice Funds

The U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) offers a Financial Guide that presents grant requirements as defined by this federal agency. All subrecipients of these funds must adhere to these requirements.

• DOJ Financial Guide: http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/financialguide/index.htm.

Pay particular attention to the sections on (1) matching or cost-sharing, (2) allowable costs, (3) unallowable costs, (4) procurement under awards of federal assistance, (5) costs

requiring prior approval, (6) equipment, and (7) retention and access requirements for records.

• If you receive DOJ grant funds, you may be required to comply with the regulatory requirement to develop, maintain on file, and submit for review to the Office for Civil Rights, Office of Justice Programs and to OGR an Equal Employment Opportunity Plan (EEOP). DOJ's instructions on complying with the EEOP requirement: http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/about/ocr/eeop_comply.htm

U.S. Department of Transportation Funds

The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) of the U.S. Department of Transportation offers documents that present requirements for the use of the funds and outline the purpose of each category of grants provided. Programmatic and financial guide documents from NHTSA can be found in the Resources Guide page here:

https://www.nhtsa.gov/highway-safety-grants-program/resources-guide#13676

U.S. Department of Homeland Security Funds

The U.S. Department of Homeland Security adheres to 2 CFR Part 200 grant requirements. If you receive these funds, you must adhere to these requirements.

The link to the Code of Federal Regulations: 2 CFR Part 200

Additional grant information may be found in the DHS/FEMA Preparedness Grants Manual: https://www.fema.gov/grants/preparedness/manual

Because of the importance of equipment purchases for the program, specific information and guidance on allowable equipment purchases may be found at: https://www.fema.gov/grants/guidance-tools/authorized-equipment-list.

State (MA) Grant Fund Conditions

For cities, towns, other public entities, non-profit organizations receiving state grant funds, the primary state conditions are included in the Contractor Certifications and Legal References document attached as Addendum 3 (which is excerpted from the Instructions for the Standard Contract Form).

Please pay attention to the specific certifications, legal references, and links in Addendum 3.

The Authorized Signatory's signature on the Standard Contract indicates that all materials have been read and the Signatory is agreeing to comply with all certifications and obligations.

Office of Grants and Research Conditions

In addition to the federal and state general grant conditions outlined above, EOPSS and OGR have certain grant conditions that are essential to the administration of grant awards. Whether subrecipients are receiving funds from a federal or state grant, they must adhere to these

conditions. Federal and State Conditions must be adhered to by subrecipients of federal grant funds.

• Drug-Free Workplace Certification

The Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 (41 USC 702) requires all recipients of federal grants to provide an annual certification that the grant recipient will take certain steps to ensure a drug-free workplace.

• Time Extensions of Contracts

- While uncommon, time extensions may be granted at the option of OGR. They are not encouraged or guaranteed.
- o If a subrecipient needs additional time to complete the scope of work for the grant award, OGR may approve a **time-only** extension as long as the contract with the revised end date is executed by both the subrecipient and OGR before the end date of the current contract.
- **No time extension** will be permitted if the amended contract form is executed after the current contract end date.
- o Requests for time extensions must be made at least 30 days before the end date of the current contract.

• Remaining Balances

Any amount of an award remaining at the expiration of a contract or Interdepartmental Service Agreement will be reverted to OGR.

• Interdepartmental Service Agreement Spending

Interdepartmental Service Agreement (ISA) spending must adhere to the dates specified in the ISA and follow the policy in the ISA as dictated by the Office of the Comptroller (CTR).

• (New) ISA Terms and Conditions (See attached)

- o **Link** (1779234 (powerdms.com).
- (New) ISA- Anticipated Start Date. The Buyer/Parent and Seller/Child Departments must certify when obligation under this ISA or Amendment may be incurred.

Pursuant to 815 CMR 6.03(2), the effective date of an ISA shall be the latest of the following:

- The date the ISA was executed by an authorized signatory of the Buyer Department.
- The date the ISA was executed by an authorized signatory of the Seller Department; or
- o A later date as specified in the ISA
- All goods must be received, and all services must be rendered by the end date of the ISA or contract. Receipt of goods and services occurring after the specified ISA end date may result in denial of those costs. The Seller (*child department*) will be responsible for covering those costs with an account other than that funding the ISA.

• Accounts Payable Period

Each Interdepartmental Service Agreement has a defined accounts payable period.

ALL payments must be completed and disbursed by the end date of the specified accounts payable period within the ISA.

NOTE: Subrecipients Child department may not ask the Office of the Comptroller to extend an end date of the program code associated with the ISA without prior agreement by OGR. Should this occur, OGR will deny costs against the ISA. If the costs have already been accepted in MMARS, OGR will ask the "child" department to execute an expenditure correction transaction in MMARS to move those costs to another account belonging to the department.

• Spending

An ISA that crosses a state fiscal year ending (June 30) into the next fiscal year, must observe the Commonwealth's policies on payment corrections or overpayments. That is, any unallowable charges must be corrected with an Expenditure Correction (EX) transaction before August 31.

All unallowable expenditures including payroll cost must be corrected by the date specified in the Fiscal Year Close/Open guidance issued each year by the Office of the State Comptroller. Any overpayments must be corrected with an Expenditure Refund transaction before August 31.

Reporting

OGR requires all financial reports to be submitted along with a Warehouse Query and Labor Cost Management Query (for ISAs only) detailing the expenditures made for that period by the child department. Documentation to support the match is also required if a non-federal match is required.

All spending outside of the approved cost categories requires a budget modification.

At OGR's discretion, reimbursement will be held until reporting requirements are met.

• Requests for reimbursement and Financial Reports

All request for reimbursements and financial reports MUST be received by OGR fifteen (15) days after the end of the reporting period.

Those received after the required time frame may result in non-payment at the option of OGR. Should this occur, OGR will notify the subrecipient of the non-payment for this reason.

Reimbursement under a subsequent contract may also be withheld pending resolution of any outstanding documentation or other requirements not fulfilled to the satisfaction of OGR. Furthermore, OGR may withhold execution of any subsequent contract. If the request for reimbursement is returned because of incomplete documentation, the request and documentation must be resubmitted within the timeframe dictated by OGR.

• **Programmatic and Financial Reports** must be received in accordance with the requirements of the specific award. At the option of OGR, reimbursement will be held until all reporting requirements are met.

- Allowable grant-related travel costs will be paid at the lesser rate of \$.62 per mile or the subrecipient's normal reimbursement rate. This rate is subject to change. Tolls and parking for grant-related local travel may also be paid. Receipts are required.
- Indirect cost rates will not be reimbursed based on a percentage rate without documentation of the rate having been approved by a federal agency. When a percentage rate has not been approved by a federal agency, a subrecipient may request of OGR allowable direct costs that will be incurred and can be specifically allocated to the project being funded.

Note: <u>2 CFR 200.414(F)</u>, "any non-Federal <u>entity that does not have a current negotiated</u> (including provisional) rate, except for those non-Federal entities described in appendix VII, paragraph D.1.b, may elect to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs (MTDC) which may be used indefinitely."

Costs must be consistently charged as either indirect or direct costs but may not be double charged or inconsistently charged as both. If chosen, this methodology once elected must be used consistently for all Federal awards until such time as a non-Federal entity chooses to negotiate for a rate, which the non-Federal entity may apply to do at any time.

- **Procurement practices** of subrecipient agencies must be followed. The subrecipient should ensure that its procurement practices conform to any specific federal guidelines found in the references in the federal conditions section above. Where there is a difference between the practices of the subrecipient agency/organization and a federal guideline, the more restrictive procedure applies.
- **Timesheets** must be maintained by subrecipients for work performed by its employee(s) paid for with grant funds. Timesheets must show the hours worked and paid for with grant funds and must be signed by the employee(s).

COMINGLING OF GRANT FUNDS IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED

- Submission of "Federal OMB Circular 2 CFR 200 Audit Form (formerly OMB Circular A-133)" is required for subrecipients that expend more than \$750,000 in federal funds from all sources during their fiscal year.
- Subrecipients will submit the form to OGR at the end of the fiscal year after the completion of a single or program-specific audit of their federal funds. Subrecipients must indicate if they were required to have an audit and if so, to identify any findings related to the federal funds awarded by OGR.
- **Site visits and other monitoring** of subrecipients will be conducted by OGR periodically. All records, papers, and other documents of any kind related to the funded activity **must be made available** promptly upon request for inspection and copying to any person authorized by OGR.

- **Grant-related documents** for federal awards must be retained for a period of six years from the close of the contract. Grant related documents funded with state funding must be retained for six years after the close of the contract.
- Evaluations of a subrecipient's funded program by an outside evaluator during or at the conclusion of the project period, should be reported to OGR in writing and a copy of the evaluation should be provided.
- Reporting alleged fraud, waste, or abuse to the Office of the State Auditor or Inspector General and/or to an applicable federal agency is the responsibility of the subrecipient. This includes any alleged violations, serious irregularities, sensitive issues or overt or covert acts involving the use of public funds in a manner not consistent with federal statutes, related laws, regulations, appropriate guidelines, or purposes of the grant.
- Award sub-recipients must accept their award no later than 30 days from the award date. Failure to accept a grant award within the 30-day timeframe may result in a loss of funds.
- Use of funds should begin within 90 days of the start of the contract, and if they are not, the subrecipient must report to OGR the steps taken to initiate the grant activities, the reasons for the delay, and the expected start of the use of the funds
- If meaningful implementation steps have not begun after 90 days of the grant start date, OGR reserves the right to cancel the contract.
- **Subcontractors** implementing activities with grant funds must adhere to the grant provisions in this document and should be approved by OGR prior to subrecipients executing subcontracts.

Instructional materials created or produced with grant funds will be "work made for hire," as defined in United States copyright law, and EOPSS/OGR shall be considered the author.

EOPSS/OGR shall be the sole owner of all rights pertaining to these materials, including copyrights and all rights to use, reproduce, or publish the materials, and subrecipients may not use, reproduce, or distribute such materials without prior written the approval of OGR. If a project results in the production of **other original books, manuals, or copyrightable material**, unless otherwise provided in the contract documents, EOPSS/OGR reserves a royalty-free, non-exclusive and irrevocable license to reproduce, publish, translate or otherwise use, and authorize others to publish and use, such material. If paid with federal funds, the grant number must appear on the materials. Any materials produced as a result of a grant award from this agency should name the grant program, award number, and state "Funding provided by EOPSS Office of Grants and Research". Please contact your OGR point of contact if you need assistance with this disclosure.

• Audiovisual or written materials developed as part of the grant may be required to incorporate specific language or disclaimers (e.g., regarding the federal source of

funding) and in some instances pre	-approval from th	he federal	funding	agency	as
instructed by the OGR grant manage	ger.				

Initials: _____

OVERTIME POLICY FOR SUBRECIPIENTS RECEIVING FEDERAL FUNDS

This policy applies to all subrecipients and contractors that receive a Federal grant award from the Executive Office of Public Safety and Security's Office of Grants and Research (OGR) and are requesting to use grant funds for overtime costs.

Overtime hours being charged against a federal grant award provided by OGR may only seek reimbursement for actual hours worked regardless of department policy or union contract rules. For example, an officer working one hour of overtime on a federally funded project awarded by OGR is prohibited from charging the grant award for 4 hours of overtime due to a union contract. A department that must allow for this, will need to cover the remaining 3 hours of overtime from their own state or local budget. Departments found violating this policy will be subject to immediate termination of a grant award and must return all misspent funds back to OGR.

Definitions

For this policy, the definitions for the key terms referenced within are listed below:

- Overtime- Expenses limited to the additional costs that result from state and local first responders such as sworn law enforcement personnel working over and above their weekly full-time/part-time schedule as a direct result of their performance of approved activities related to the project receiving federal funding.
- Backfill related Overtime- Expenses limited to overtime costs that result from personnel
 who are working overtime (as identified above) to perform the duties of other personnel
 who are temporarily assigned to an approved grant activity outside of their core
 responsibilities.
- Subrecipient- An entity receiving a grant award from OGR.
- First Responder- State or local law enforcement, fire services, emergency medical services, emergency management, health care, hazardous materials, public safety communications, public health, public works, and government administrative type employees. Note, each federal award has different criteria as to the type of individual allowed to be reimbursed for overtime costs. Please reference your specific grant application or OGR point of contact to determine qualifying personnel for overtime.

State and local first responders that are eligible through their department for backfill and/or overtime (and preapproved by OGR) may be reimbursed for backfill and/or overtime related to grant-funded activities ONLY.

By signing below, I am acknowledging that I have read and understand the federal rules associated with the use of grant funding for Overtime Costs.		
Signature of Authorized Signatory	Date	
Printed Name	Title	

Addendum 1: Additional OGR Conditions for Law Enforcement Agencies

Law enforcement agencies are subject to mandatory reporting requirements of various information, including but not limited to the reporting requirements listed below. EOPSS and OGR may withhold reimbursements, cancel a contract, or withhold execution of any future grants for law enforcement agencies that do not comply with reporting requirements.

- Crime Data Reporting. Law enforcement organizations must submit timely and satisfactory monthly Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) or National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS) reports to the Commonwealth's Crime Reporting Unit at the Commonwealth Fusion Center. If your organization has hardware and software that support the creation of NIBRS data, crime data must be submitted to the Crime Reporting Unit in that format.
- Motor Vehicle Accident Reporting. Police departments are required to report to the Registry of Motor Vehicles, within 15 days, accidents in which death, injury, or property damage in excess of \$1,000 occurs (M.G.L. c. 90, § 29). The crash reports can be delivered to the Registry of Motor Vehicles (RMV) main office through post office mail or through electronic submission. You may contact the RMV headquarters for any additional information.
- *Juvenile Lockup Data.* Law enforcement agencies that maintain a juvenile lockup must submit monthly juvenile lockup data to the Department of Criminal Justice Information Services via CJIS/LEAPS. Contact OGR's Juvenile Justice Program Coordinator for additional information.
- *Fingerprint Cards.* Law enforcement agencies must regularly submit fingerprint cards for all felony arrests to the Identification Section at the Massachusetts State Police Crime Lab as required by state law (M.G.L. c. 263, § 1A; G.L. c. 94C, § 45).
- *Toxicology Kits*. All toxicology kits associated with either <u>reported</u> or <u>unreported</u> sexual assault evidence collection kits (SAECK) must be submitted to the State Police Crime Lab.
- Reporting of a firearm, rifle or shotgun, large capacity weapon, machine gun or assault weapon used to carry out a criminal act. Law enforcement must comply with M.G.L. chapter 140 Section 131Q and ensure a firearm, rifle or shotgun, large capacity weapon, machine gun or assault weapon used to carry out a criminal act is traced by the licensing authority for the city or town in which the crime took place. The licensing authority then must report readily available statistical data to the commonwealth fusion center. The data shall include, but not be limited to: (i) the make, model, serial number and caliber of the weapon used; (ii) the type of crime committed; (iii) whether an arrest or conviction was made; (iv) whether fingerprint evidence was found on the firearm; (v) whether ballistic evidence was retrieved from the crime scene; (vi) whether the criminal use of the firearm was related to known gang activity; (vii) whether the weapon was obtained illegally; (viii) whether the weapon was lost or stolen; and (ix) whether the person using the weapon was otherwise a prohibited person.

•	N/A

Signature of Authorized Signatory	Date	
Printed Name		

Addendum 2: For Research Grants Only

Research subrecipients must check one of the statements below.

Human Subjects Protection

	a. The research activities covered under this Contract/ISA <i>do not</i> involve human subjects.

[] b. The research activities covered under this Contract/ISA *do* involves human subjects.

[] c. N/A

If the research activities involve human subjects (option b), then the subrecipient agrees to certify compliance with 28 C.F.R. Part 46 regulations by completing, "Protection of Human Subjects, IRB Certification, Declaration of Exemption (Common Rule)." This form is available at the National Institute of Justice webpage at https://nij.ojp.gov/funding/human-subjects-protection.

The regulation for The Protection of Human Subjects 28 C.F.R Part 46 section 46.101(b) (1-6) defines categories of research involving human subjects that are exempt from its provisions. Details on exemptions can be found at the same National Institute of Justice webpage listed above.

Sign and submit this form (only if your award is funding	ng research).
Signature of Authorized Signatory	Date
Printed Name	Title

Addendum 3: Excerpts from Commonwealth's Standard Contract

CONTRACTOR CERTIFICATIONS AND LEGAL REFERENCES- CTR Updated 8/6/2021

Notwithstanding verbal or other representations by the parties, the "Effective Date" of this Contract or Amendment shall be the latest date that this Contract or Amendment has been executed by an authorized signatory of the Contractor, the Department, or a later Contract or Amendment Start Date specified, subject to any required approvals. The Contractor makes all certifications required under this Contract under the pains and penalties of perjury, and agrees to provide any required documentation upon request to support compliance, and agrees that all terms governing performance of this Contract and doing business in Massachusetts are attached or incorporated by reference herein.

Commonwealth and Contractor Ownership Rights. The Contractor certifies and agrees that the Commonwealth is entitled to ownership and possession of all "deliverables" purchased or developed with Contract funds. A Department may not relinquish Commonwealth rights to deliverables nor may Contractors sell products developed with Commonwealth resources without just compensation. The Contract should detail all Commonwealth deliverables and ownership rights and any Contractor proprietary rights.

Qualifications. The Contractor certifies that it is qualified and shall at all times remain qualified to perform this Contract, and that performance shall be timely and meet or exceed industry standards for the performance required, which includes obtaining requisite licenses, registrations, permits, resources for performance, and sufficient professional, liability, and other appropriate insurance to cover the performance. If the Contractor is a business, the Contractor certifies that it is listed under the Secretary of State's website as licensed to do business in Massachusetts, as required by law.

Laws and Regulations Prohibiting Discrimination and Human Trafficking. Contractors acknowledge and certify as a condition of this Contract that they are responsible for complying fully with all state and federal laws prohibiting discrimination, human trafficking, and forced labor, including but not limited to M.G.L. c. 265 §§ 49-57.

Business Ethics and Fraud, Waste and Abuse Prevention. The Contractor certifies that performance under this Contract, in addition to meeting the terms of the Contract, will be made using ethical business standards and good stewardship of taxpayer and other public funding and resources to prevent fraud, waste and abuse.

Collusion. The Contractor certifies that this Contract has been offered in good faith and without collusion, fraud, or unfair trade practices with any other person, and that any actions to avoid or frustrate fair and open competition are prohibited by law and shall be grounds for rejection or disqualification of a Response or termination of this Contract.

Public Records and Access. The Contractor shall provide full access to records related to performance and compliance to the Department and officials listed under Executive Order 195 and M.G.L. c. 11, §12 for six (6) years beginning on the first day after the final payment under this Contract or such longer period as necessary for the resolution of any litigation, claim, negotiation, audit or other inquiry involving this Contract. Access to view Contractor records related to any breach or allegation of fraud, waste and/or abuse may not be denied and Contractor cann ot claim confidentiality or trade secret protections solely for viewing but not retaining documents. Routine Contract performance compliance reports or documents related to any alleged breach or allegation of non- compliance, fraud, waste, abuse, or collusion may be provided electronically and shall be provided at Contractor's own expense. Reasonable costs for copies of non-routine Contract related records shall not exceed the rates for public records under 950 CMR 32.00.

Debarment. The Contractor certifies that neither it nor any of its subcontractors are currently debarred or suspended by the federal or state government under any law or regulation including Executive Order 147; M.G.L. c. 29, § 29F; M.G.L. c. 30, § 39R; M.G.L. c. 149 §§ 27C, 44C and 148B; and M.G.L. c. 152, § 25C.

Applicable Laws. The Contractor shall comply with all applicable state laws and regulations including, but not limited to, the Massachusetts General Laws; the Official Code of Massachusetts Regulations; Code of Massachusetts Regulations (unofficial); 801 CMR 21.00 (Procurement of Commodity and Service Procurements, Including Human and Social Services); 815 CMR 2.00 (Grants and Subsidies); 808 CMR 1.00 (Compliance, Reporting and Auditing for Human And Social Services); AICPA Standards; confidentiality of Department records under M.G.L. c. 66A; and the Massachusetts Constitution Article XVIII, if applicable.

Invoices. The Contractor must submit invoices in accordance with the terms of the Contract and the Commonwealth Bill Paying Policy. Contractors must be able to reconcile and properly attribute concurrent payments from multiple Departments. Final invoices in any fiscal year must be submitted no later than August 15 for performance made and received (goods delivered, services completed) prior to June 30, in order to make payment for that performance prior to the close of the fiscal year to prevent reversion of appropriated funds. Failure to submit timely invoices by August 15 or other date listed in the Contract shall authorize the Department to issue an estimated payment based upon the Department's determination of performance delivered and accepted. The Contractor's acceptance of an estimated payment releases the Commonwealth from further claims for these invoices.

If budgetary funds revert due to the Contractor's failure to submit timely final invoices, or for disputing an estimated payment, the Department may deduct a penalty of up to 10% from any final payment in the next fiscal year for failure to submit timely invoices.

Payments Subject To Appropriation. Pursuant to M.G.L. c. 29 §§ 26, 27 and 29, Departments are required to expend funds only for the purposes set forth by the Legislature and within the funding limits established through appropriation, allotment and subsidiary, including mandated allotment reductions triggered by M.G.L. c. 29, § 9C. A Department cannot authorize or accept performance in excess of an existing appropriation and allotment, or sufficient non-appropriated available funds. Any oral or written representations, commitments, or assurances made by the Department or any other Commonwealth representative are not binding. The Commonwealth has no legal obligation to compensate a Contractor for performance that is not requested and is intentionally delivered by a Contractor outside the scope of a Contract. Contractors should verify funding prior to beginning performance.

Intercept. Contractors may be registered as Customers in the Vendor file if the Contractor owes a Commonwealth debt. Unresolved and undisputed debts, and overpayments of Contract payments that are not reimbursed timely shall be subject to intercept pursuant to M.G.L. c. 7A, § 3 and 815 CMR 9.00. Contract overpayments will be subject to immediate intercept or payment offset. The Contractor may not penalize any state Department or assess late fees, cancel a Contract or other services if amounts are intercepted or offset due to recoupment of an overpayment, outstanding taxes, child support, other overdue debts or Contract overpayments.

Tax Law Compliance. The Contractor certifies under the pains and penalties of perjury: (1) tax compliance with federal tax laws; (2) tax compliance with state tax laws including, but not limited to, M.G.L. c. 62C, § 49A, reporting of employees and contractors, withholding and remitting of tax withholdings and child support; and (3) Contractor is in good standing with respect to all state taxes and returns due, reporting of employees and contractors under M.G.L. c. 62E, withholding and remitting child support including M.G.L. c. 119A, § 12, TIR 05-11, New Independent Contractor Provisions and applicable TIRs.

Bankruptcy, Judgments, Potential Structural Changes, Pending Legal Matters and Conflicts. The Contractor certifies it has not been in bankruptcy or receivership within the last three calendar years which would negatively impact Contractor's ability to fulfill the terms of this Contract or Amendment. Contractor certifies that it will immediately notify the Department, in writing, of any filing for bankruptcy and/or receivership, any potential structural change in its organization, or if there is any risk to the solvency of the Contractor that may impact the Contractor's ability to timely fulfill the terms of this Contract or Amendment. The Commonwealth reserves the right to request additional information regarding the financial viability of the Contractor and its ability to perform. The Contractor certifies that at any time during the period of the Contract the Contractor is required to affirmatively disclose in writing to the Department Contract Manager the details of any judgment, criminal conviction, investigation or litigation pending against the Contractor or any of its officers, directors, employees, agents, or subcontractors, including any potential conflicts of interest of which the Contractor has knowledge, or learns of during the Contract term. Law firms or Attorneys providing legal services are required to identify any potential conflict with representation of any Department client in accordance with Massachusetts Board of Bar Overseers (BBO) rules.

Federal Anti-Lobbying and Other Federal Requirements. If receiving federal funds, the Contractor certifies compliance with federal anti-lobbying requirements including 31 USC § 1352; other federal requirements; Federal Executive Order 11246; Air Pollution Act; Federal Water Pollution Control Act and Federal Employment Laws.

Protection of Commonwealth Data, Personal Data, and Information. The Contractor certifies that all steps will be taken to ensure the security and confidentiality of all Commonwealth data for which the Contractor becomes a holder, either as part of performance or inadvertently during performance, with special attention to restricting access, use and disbursement of personal data and information under M.G.L. c. 93H and c. 66A and other applicable state and federal privacy requirements. The Contractor shall comply with M.G.L. c. 93I for the proper disposal of all paper and electronic media, backups or systems containing personal data and information. The Contractor shall also ensure that any personal data or information transmitted electronically or through a portable device is properly encrypted using (at a minimum) the Commonwealth's "Cryptographic Management Standard" set forth in the Enterprise Information Security Policies and Standards published by the Executive Office for Technology, Services and Security (EOTSS), or a comparable Standard prescribed by the Department. Contractors with access to credit card or banking information of Commonwealth customers certify that the Contractor is PCI compliant in accordance with the Payment Card Industry Council Standards, and shall provide confirmation of compliance during the Contract. The Contractor shall immediately notify the Department in the event of any security breach, including the unauthorized access, disbursement, use or disposal of personal data or information necessary for the Commonwealth to respond to the security breach and shall be fully responsible for any damages associated with the Contractor's breach including, but not limited to, damages under M.G.L. c. 214, § 3B.

For all Contracts involving the Contractor's access to personal information, as defined in M.G.L. c. 93H, and personal data, as defined in M.G.L. c. 66A, or access to Department systems containing such information or data, Contractor certifies under the pains and penalties of perjury that the Contractor: (1) has read M.G.L. c. 93H and c. 66A and agrees to protect any and all personal information and personal data; and (2) has reviewed all of the Enterprise Information Security Policies and Standards published by the Executive Office for Technology, Services and Security (EOTSS), or stricter standards prescribed by the Department. Notwithstanding any contractual provision to the contrary, in connection with the Contractor's performance under this Contract, for all Departments, including all offices, boards, commissions, agencies, departments, divisions, councils, bureaus, and offices, now existing and hereafter established, the Contractor shall: (1) obtain a copy, review, and comply with any pertinent security guidelines, standards, and policies; (2) comply with the Enterprise Information Security Policies and Standards published by the Executive Office for Technology, Services and Security (EOTSS), or a comparable set of policies and standards ("Information Security Policy") as prescribed by the Department; (3) communicate and enforce such security guidelines, standards, policies and the applicable Information Security Policy among all employees (whether such employees are direct or contracted) and subcontractors; (4) implement and maintain any other reasonable appropriate security procedures and practices necessary to protect personal information and data to which the Contractor is given access by the contracting Department from the

unauthorized access, destruction, use, modification, disclosure or loss; (5) be responsible for the full or partial breach of any of these terms by its employees (whether such employees are direct or contracted) or subcontractors during or after the term of this Contract, and any breach of these terms may be regarded as a material breach of this Contract; (6) in the event of any unauthorized access, destruction, use, modification, disclosure or loss of the personal information or personal data (collectively referred to as the "unauthorized use"): (a) immediately notify the contracting Department if the Contractor becomes aware of the unauthorized use; (b) provide full cooperation and access to information necessary for the contracting Department to determine the scope of the unauthorized use; and (c) provide full cooperation and access to information necessary for the contracting Department and the Contractor to fulfill any notification requirements. Breach of these terms may be regarded as a material breach of this Contract, such that the Commonwealth may exercise any and all contractual rights and remedies, including, without limitation, indemnification, withholding of payments, Contract suspension, or termination, pursuant to the Commonwealth's Terms and Conditions, the Commonwealth IT Terms and Conditions, or the Commonwealth Terms and Conditions for Human and Social Services. In addition, the Contractor may be subject to applicable statutory or regulatory penalties, including, and without limitation, those imposed pursuant to M.G.L. c. 93H and under M.G.L. c. 214, § 3B for violations under M.G.L. c. 66A.

Corporate and Business Filings and Reports. The Contractor certifies compliance with all certification, filing, reporting and service of process requirements of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the Office of the Attorney General or other Departments related to its conduct of business in the Commonwealth, and with relevant requirements of its incorporating state (or foreign entity).

Employer Requirements. Contractors that are employers certify compliance with applicable state and federal employment laws and regulations, including but not limited to prevailing wage laws at M.G.L. c. 149, §§ 26-27D (public construction work); M.G.L. c. 149, § 27F (use of trucks, vehicles and other equipment to perform public works functions); M.G.L. c. 149, § 27G (moving office furniture and fixtures); M.G.L. c. 149, § 27H (cleaning state office buildings or buildings leased by the state); M.G.L. c. 6C, § 44 (MassDOT relocation of utilities or utility facility; M.G.L. c. 7, § 22 (contracts for meat products and clothing and apparel); M.G.L. c. 71, § 7A (transportation of students to public schools); Chapter 195 of the Acts of 2014 (MA Convention Center Authority security guard services); minimum wage and overtime law and regulations (M.G.L. c. 151 and 454 CMR 27.00); child labor laws (M.G.L. c. 149, §§ 56-105); all payment of wages, payroll and timekeeping records, earned sick time, meal breaks, domestic violence leave, temporary worker rights, domestic worker rights and anti-retaliation laws at M.G.L. c. 149 (Labor and Industries); M.G.L. c. 151A (unemployment insurance and contributions); M.G.L. c. 152 (workers compensation and insurance); M.G.L. c. 150A (Labor Relations); M.G.L. c. 153 (liability for injuries); 29 U.S.C. c. 8 (Federal Fair Labor Standards); 29 U.S.C. c. 28 (Federal Family and Medical Leave Act); M.G.L. c. 6, § 171A (applicant criminal record information); M.G.L. c. 149, § 105A (MA Equal Pay Act); and M.G.L. c. 175M (Paid Family Medical Leave Act).

Federal And State Laws And Regulations Prohibiting Discrimination. Contractors certify compliance with applicable state and federal anti- discrimination laws, including but not limited to the Federal Equal Employment (EEO) Laws; the Americans with Disabilities Act; 42 U.S.C. § 12101, et seq., the Rehabilitation Act, 29 U.S.C. § 794; 29 U.S.C. § 701; 29 U.S.C. § 623; 42 U.S.C. c. 45; (Federal Fair Housing Act); M.G.L. c. 151B (Unlawful Discrimination); M.G.L. c. 151E (Business Discrimination); the Public Accommodations Law M.G.L. c. 272, § 92A; M.G.L. c. 272, § 98 and 98A, Massachusetts Constitution Article CXIV and M.G.L. c. 93, § 103; 47 USC § 255 (Telecommunication Act; M.G.L. c. 149, § 105D, M.G.L. c. 151C, M.G.L. c. 272, § 92A, 98 and 98A, and M.G.L. c. 111, § 199A, and Massachusetts Disability-Based Non-Discrimination Standards For Executive Branch Entities, and related Standards and Guidance, authorized under Massachusetts Executive Order or any disability-based protection arising from state or federal law or precedent. See also MCAD and MCAD links and resources.

Small Business Purchasing Program (SBPP). A Contractor may be eligible to participate in the SBPP, created pursuant to Executive Order 523, if qualified through the SBPP COMMBUYS subscription process at: www.commbuys.com and with acceptance of the terms of the SBPP participation agreement.

Limitation of Liability. Contracts may not use the following limitation of liability language unless approved by legal staff at the Office of the Comptroller (CTR) or Operational Services Division (OSD), and it may not be used if a Department is utilizing the Commonwealth IT Terms and Conditions. The term "other damages" in Section 11 of the Commonwealth Terms and Conditions, "Indemnification," shall include, but shall not be limited to, the reasonable costs the Commonwealth incurs to repair, return, replace or seek cover (purchase comparable substitute commodities and services) under a Contract. "Other damages" shall not include damages to the Commonwealth as a result of third- p a r t y claims, provided, that this in no way limits the Commonwealth's right of recovery for personal injury or property damages or patent and copyright infringement under Section 11 or the Commonwealth's ability to join the contractor as a third-party defendant. Further, the term "other damages" shall not include, and in no event shall the contractor be liable for, damages for the Commonwealth's use of contractor provided products or services, loss of Commonwealth records, or data (or other intangible property), loss of use of equipment, lost revenue, lost savings or lost profits of the Commonwealth. In no event shall "other damages" exceed the greater of \$100,000, or two times the value of the product or service (as defined in the Contract scope of work) that is the subject of the claim. Section 11 sets forth the Contractor's entire liability under a Contract. Nothing in this section shall limit the Commonwealth's ability to negotiate higher limitations of liability in a particular Contract, provided that any such limitation must specifically reference Section 11 of the Commonwealth Terms and Conditions. In the event the limitation of liability conflicts with accounting standards which mandate that there can be no cap of damages, the limitation shall be considered waived for that audit engagement. The terms in this Clarification may not be modified.

Northern Ireland Certification. Pursuant to M.G.L. c. 7, § 22C, for state agencies, state authorities, the state House of Representatives or the state Senate, by signing this Contract the Contractor certifies that it does not employ ten or more employees in an office or other facility in Northern Ireland or if the Contractor employs ten or more employees in an office or other facility located in Northern Ireland

the Contractor certifies that it does not discriminate in employment, compensation, or the terms, conditions and privileges of employment on account of religious or political belief, and certifies that it promotes religious tolerance within the work place, and the eradication of any manifestations of religious and other illegal discrimination; and the Contractor is not engaged in the manufacture, distribution or sale of firearms, munitions, including rubber or plastic bullets, tear gas, armored vehicles or military aircraft for use or deployment in any activity in Northern Ireland.

Pandemic, Disaster or Emergency Performance. In the event of a serious emergency, pandemic or disaster outside the control of the Department, the Department may negotiate emergency performance from the Contractor to address the immediate needs of the Commonwealth even if not contemplated under the original Contract or procurement. Payments are subject to appropriation and other payment terms.

Attorneys. Attorneys or firms providing legal services or representing Commonwealth Departments may be subject to M.G.L. c. 30, § 65, and if providing litigation services must be approved by the Office of the Attorney General to appear on behalf of a Department, and shall have a continuing obligation to notify the Commonwealth of any conflicts of interest arising under the Contract.

Subcontractor Performance. The Contractor certifies full responsibility for Contract performance, including subcontractors, and that comparable Contract terms will be included in subcontracts, and that the Department will not be required to directly or indirectly manage subcontractors or have any payment obligations to subcontractors.

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EXECUTIVE ORDERS CTR Updated 8/6/2021

For covered Executive Departments, the Contractor certifies compliance with applicable Massachusetts Executive Orders including, but not limited to, the specific orders listed below. A breach during the period of a Contract may be considered a material breach and subject Contractor to appropriate monetary or Contract sanctions.

Executive Order 481. Prohibiting the Use of Undocumented Workers on State Contracts. For all state agencies in the Executive Branch, including all executive offices, boards, commissions, agencies, Departments, divisions, councils, bureaus, and offices, now existing and hereafter established, by signing this Contract the Contractor certifies under the pains and penalties of perjury that they shall not knowingly use undocumented workers in connection with the performance of this Contract; that, pursuant to federal requirements, they shall verify the immigration status of workers assigned to a Contract without engaging in unlawful discrimination; and shall not knowingly or recklessly alter, falsify, or accept altered or falsified documents from any such worker.

Executive Order 130. Anti-Boycott. The Contractor warrants, represents and agrees that during the time this Contract is in effect, neither it nor any affiliated company, as hereafter defined, participates in or cooperates with an international boycott (See IRC § 999(b)(3)-(4), and IRS Audit Guidelines Boycotts) or engages in conduct declared to be unlawful by M.G.L. c. 151E, § 2. If there is a breach in the warranty, representation, and agreement contained in this paragraph, without limiting such other rights as it may have, the Commonwealth may rescind this Contract. As used herein, an affiliated company shall be a business entity of which at least 51% of the ownership interests are directly or indirectly owned by the Contractor or by a person or persons or business entity or entities directly or indirectly owning at least 51% of the ownership interests of the Contractor, or which directly or indirectly owns at least 51% of the ownership interests of the Contractor.

Executive Order 346. Hiring of State Employees By State Contractors. Contractor certifies compliance with both the conflict of interest law, including M.G.L. c. 268A, § 5(f) and this Order, which includes limitations regarding the hiring of state employees by private companies contracting with the Commonwealth. A privatization contract shall be deemed to include a specific prohibition against the hiring at any time during the term of Contract, and for any position in the Contractor's company, of a state management employee who is, was, or will be involved in the preparation of the RFP, the negotiations leading to the awarding of the Contract, the decision to award the Contract, and/or the supervision or oversight of performance under the Contract.

Executive Order 444. Disclosure of Family Relationships With Other State Employees. Each person applying for employment (including Contract work) within the Executive Branch under the Governor must disclose in writing the names of all immediate family as well as persons related to immediate family by marriage who serve as employees or elected officials of the Commonwealth. All disclosures made by applicants hired by the Executive Branch under the Governor shall be made available for public inspection to the extent permissible by law by the official with whom such disclosure has been filed.

Executive Orders 523, 526 and 565. Executive Order 523 (Establishing the Massachusetts Small Business Purchasing Program.). Executive Order 526 (Order Regarding Non-Discrimination, Diversity, Equal Opportunity and Affirmative Action which supersedes Executive Order 478). Executive Order 565 (Reaffirming and Expanding the Massachusetts Supplier Diversity Program). All programs, activities, and services provided, performed, licensed, chartered, funded, regulated, or contracted for by the state shall be conducted without unlawful discrimination based on race, color, age, gender, ethnicity, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, religion, creed, ancestry, national origin, disability, veteran's status (including Vietnam-era veterans), or background. The Contractor and any subcontractors may not engage in discriminatory employment practices. The Contractor certifies compliance with applicable federal and state laws, rules, and regulations governing fair labor and employment practices. The Contractor also commits to purchase supplies and services from certified minority, women, veteran, service-disabled veteran, LGBT or disability-owned businesses, small businesses, or businesses owned by socially or economically disadvantaged persons; and Contractor commits to comply with any Applicable Department contractual requirements pertaining to the employment of persons with disabilities pursuant to M.G.L. c. 7 § 61(s). These provisions shall be enforced through the contracting Department, OSD, and/or the Massachusetts Commission Against Discrimination. Any breach shall be regarded as a material breach of the contract that may subject the contractor to appropriate sanctions.

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Addendum 4: Federal Guidelines on Equipment

Below are the guidelines on equipment found in the Federal Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants document.

§200.313 Equipment.

- (a) *Title*. Subject to the requirements and conditions set forth in this section, title to equipment acquired under a Federal award will vest upon acquisition in the non-Federal entity. Unless a statute specifically authorizes the Federal agency to vest title in the non-Federal entity without further responsibility to the Federal Government, and the Federal agency elects to do so, the title must be a conditional title. Title must vest in the non-Federal entity subject to the following conditions:
- (1) Use the equipment for the authorized purposes of the project during the period of performance, or until the property is no longer needed for the purposes of the project.
 - (2) Not encumber the property without approval of the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity.
 - (3) Use and dispose of the property in accordance with paragraphs (b), (c), and (e) of this section.
- (b) General. A state must use, manage, and dispose of equipment acquired under a Federal award by the state in accordance with state laws and procedures. Other non-Federal entities must follow paragraphs (c) through (e) of this section.
- (c) *Use.* (1) Equipment must be used by the non-Federal entity in the program or project for which it was acquired as long as needed, whether or not the project or program continues to be supported by the Federal award, and the non-Federal entity must not encumber the property without prior approval of the Federal awarding agency. The Federal awarding agency may require the submission of the applicable common form for equipment. When no longer needed for the original program or project, the equipment may be used in other activities supported by the Federal awarding agency, in the following order of priority:
- (i) Activities under a Federal award from the Federal awarding agency which funded the original program or project, then
- (ii) Activities under Federal awards from other Federal awarding agencies. This includes consolidated equipment for information technology systems.
- (2) During the time that equipment is used on the project or program for which it was acquired, the non-Federal entity must also make equipment available for use on other projects or programs currently or previously supported by the Federal Government, provided that such use will not interfere with the work on the projects or program for which it was originally acquired. First preference for other use must be given to other programs or projects supported by Federal awarding agency that financed the equipment and second preference must be given to programs or projects under Federal awards from other Federal awarding agencies. Use for non-federally funded programs or projects is also permissible. User fees should be considered if appropriate.
- (3) Notwithstanding the encouragement in §200.307 to earn program income, the non-Federal entity must not use equipment acquired with the Federal award to provide services for a fee that is less than private companies charge for equivalent services unless specifically authorized by Federal statute for as long as the Federal Government retains an interest in the equipment. (NOTE: Please be advised that permission must be granted by OGR, the State Administrative Agency, prior to implementing a fee-for-service program).
- (4) When acquiring replacement equipment, the non-Federal entity may use the equipment to be replaced as a trade-in or sell the property and use the proceeds to offset the cost of the replacement property.

- (d) *Management requirements*. Procedures for managing equipment (including replacement equipment), whether acquired in whole or in part under a Federal award, until disposition takes place will, as a minimum, meet the following requirements:
- (1) Property records must be maintained that include a description of the property, a serial number or other identification number, the source of funding for the property (including the FAIN), who holds title, the acquisition date, and cost of the property, percentage of Federal participation in the project costs for the Federal award under which the property was acquired, the location, use and condition of the property, and any ultimate disposition data including the date of disposal and sale price of the property.
- (2) A physical inventory of the property must be taken, and the results reconciled with the property records at least once every two years.
- (3) A control system must be developed to ensure adequate safeguards to prevent loss, damage, or theft of the property. Any loss, damage, or theft must be investigated.
 - (4) Adequate maintenance procedures must be developed to keep the property in good condition.
- (5) If the non-Federal entity is authorized or required to sell the property, proper sales procedures must be established to ensure the highest possible return.
- (e) Disposition. When original or replacement equipment acquired under a Federal award is no longer needed for the original project or program or for other activities currently or previously supported by a Federal awarding agency, except as otherwise provided in Federal statutes, regulations, or Federal awarding agency disposition instructions, the non-Federal entity must request disposition instructions from the Federal awarding agency if required by the terms and conditions of the Federal award. Disposition of the equipment will be made as follows, in accordance with Federal awarding agency disposition instructions:
- (1) Items of equipment with a current per unit fair market value of \$5,000 or less may be retained, sold, or otherwise disposed of with no further responsibility to the Federal awarding agency.
- (2) Except as provided in §200.312(b), or if the Federal awarding agency fails to provide requested disposition instructions within 120 days, items of equipment with a current per-unit fair market value in excess of \$5,000 may be retained by the non-Federal entity or sold. The Federal awarding agency is entitled to an amount calculated by multiplying the current market value or proceeds from sale by the Federal awarding agency's percentage of participation in the cost of the original purchase. If the equipment is sold, the Federal awarding agency may permit the non-Federal entity to deduct and retain from the Federal share \$500 or ten percent of the proceeds, whichever is less, for its selling and handling expenses.
- (3) The non-Federal entity may transfer title to the property to the Federal Government or to an eligible third party provided that, in such cases, the non-Federal entity must be entitled to compensation for its attributable percentage of the current fair market value of the property.
- (4) In cases where a non-Federal entity fails to take appropriate disposition actions, the Federal awarding agency may direct the non-Federal entity to take disposition actions.

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Add	Addendum 5: Federal Grant-Stream-Specific Conditions		
\boxtimes	Special conditions inserted below.		
	N/A.		

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

1) Please read and sign all pages where indicated	
2) Please remember to read and initial all pages wh	here indicated.
As a duly authorized representative of the subrecipient Conditions and agree to comply with all applicable standicated above.	
Sign and submit this form	
Signature of Authorized Signatory	Date
Printed Name	Title