

Health Policy Commission Board Meeting

April 3, 2019



- Call to Order
- Approval of Minutes from February 13, 2019 Meeting
- Committee Composition (VOTE)
- Market Oversight and Transparency
- Schedule of Next Board Meeting
- Executive Session (VOTE)



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VOTE: Approving Minutes

MOTION: That the Commission hereby approves the minutes of the Commission meeting held on February 13, 2019 as presented.



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Proposal: Committee Composition for CDT and MOAT

CARE DELIVERY TRANSFORMATION

Primary Policy Aim: Promote an efficient, high-quality system with aligned incentives

Committee Members

Mr. Martin Cohen (Chair)

Dr. Donald Berwick

Secretary Marylou Sudders/ Ms. Lauren Peters (designee)

Dr. John Christian Kryder

Ms. Barbara Blakeney

Focus Areas

- Certification programs (ACO, PCMH)
- Investment programs (CHART, HCII, SHIFT-Care)
- Learning and dissemination activities
- Program evaluation
- Expansion of alternative payment methodology (APM)
- Alignment and improvement of quality measurement
- Office of Patient Protection (OPP)
- Research (e.g., APM, behavioral health integration, opioid crisis)



Proposal: Committee Composition for CDT and MOAT

MARKET OVERSIGHT AND TRANSPARENCY

Primary Policy Aim: Strengthen market functioning and system transparency

Committee Members

Dr. David Cutler (Chair)

Mr. Richard Lord

Mr. Renato Mastrogiovanni

Secretary Michael Heffernan/ Ms. Elizabeth Denniston (designee)

Mr. Timothy Foley

Focus Areas

- Evaluation of market changes (MCNs, CMIRs)
- Benchmark establishment and monitoring
- Performance Improvement Plans (PIPs)
- Post-transaction reviews
- Registration of Provider Organizations (RPO)
- Research (e.g., pharmaceutical spending, out of network billing, facility fees, provider price variation)



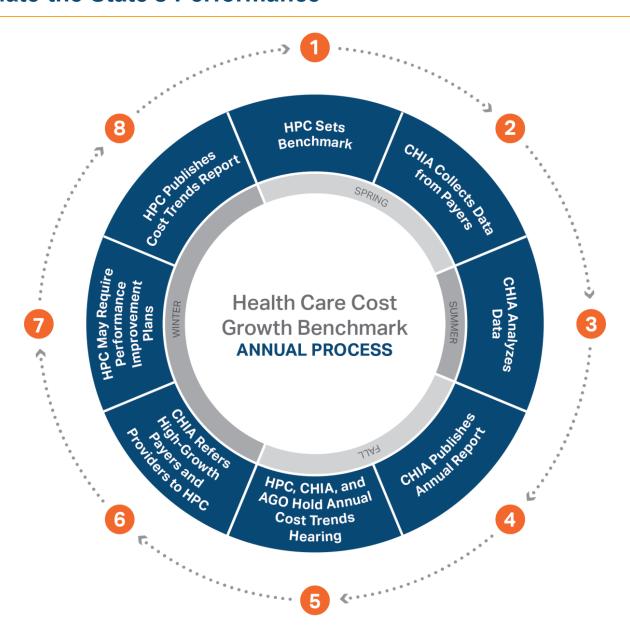


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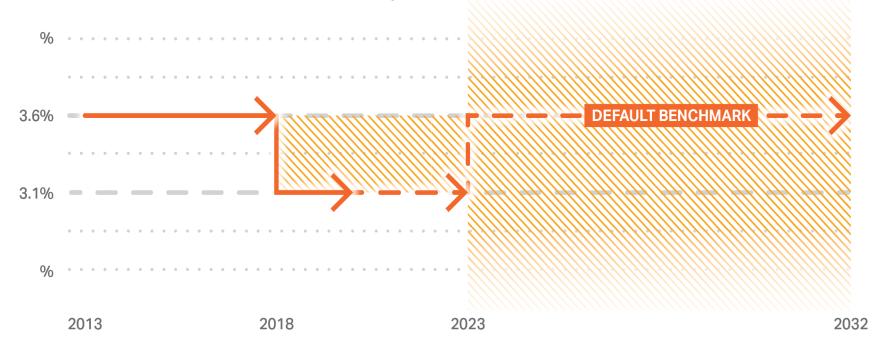
Annual Timeline to Establish the Health Care Cost Growth Benchmark and Evaluate the State's Performance





The HPC's authority to modify the benchmark is prescribed by law and subject to potential legislative review

- Years 1-5: Benchmark established by law at PGSP (3.6%).
- Years 6-10: Benchmark established by law at a default rate of at PGSP minus 0.5% (3.1%); HPC can modify the benchmark up to 3.6%, subject to legislative review.
- Years 10-20: Benchmark established by law at a default rate of PGSP; HPC can modify to any amount, subject to legislative review.





Benchmark Modification Process – Key Steps

HPC PROCESS TO MODIFY

- The HPC's Board must hold a public hearing prior to making any modification of the benchmark.
- Hearing must consider data and stakeholder testimony on whether modification of the benchmark is warranted.
- Members of the Joint Committee on Health Care Financing may participate in the hearing.
- If the HPC's Board votes to maintain the benchmark at the default rate of 3.1%, the annual process is complete.
- If the HPC's Board votes to modify the benchmark to some number between 3.1% and 3.6%, the HPC must submit notice of its intent to modify the benchmark to the Joint Committee for further legislative review.

LEGISLATIVE REVIEW

- Following notice from the HPC of an intent to modify, the Joint Committee must hold a public hearing within 30 days.
- The Joint Committee must submit findings and recommendations, including any legislative recommendations, to the General Court within 30 days of hearing.
- The General Court must act within 45 days of public hearing or the HPC Board's modification of the benchmark takes effect.



Benchmark Modification Process – 2019 Timeline

December 31, 2018

3.6% PGSP established in consensus revenue process

March 13, 2019

Public hearing of HPC's Board and Joint Committee on potential modification of benchmark



April 3, 2019

HPC Board votes whether to modify benchmark

If the Board votes to modify, it submits notice of intent to modify to Joint Committee on Health Care Financing

April 15, 2019

Statutory deadline for Board to set benchmark

April 2019

Joint Committee holds a hearing within 30 days of notice

May 2019

Joint Committee reports findings and recommended legislation to General Court within 30 days of hearing; the Legislature has 45 days from hearing to enact legislation which may establish benchmark; if no legislation, then the Board's vote to modify takes effect



Key Takeaways from Submitted Testimony on the Benchmark

- 1 Massachusetts total health care expenditures (THCE) per capita grew 1.6% from 2016 to 2017, below both the health care cost growth benchmark and national growth rates.
- 2 The majority of organizations testifying at the hearing stated support for the 3.1% benchmark. The remainder did not provide a position.
- 3 Pharmaceutical drug costs continue to be cited as a major cost driver outside of the control of payers or providers.
- 4 Providers expressed concerns that the benchmark has, at times, been inappropriately utilized as a cap on prices during contract negotiations.
- Some organizations testified that provider price variation remains unaddressed and poses a threat to the benchmark.
- 6 Even with constrained THCE growth, employers and consumers are experiencing major challenges with affordability and rising costs.



Summary of 2020 Testimony

Organization	Position	
Associated Industries of Massachusetts	3.1%	
Association for Behavioral Healthcare	No position stated	
Atrius Health	3.1%	
Conference of Boston Teaching Hospitals	3.1%	
Greater Boston Interfaith Organization	3.1%	
Health Care For All	3.1%	
Lawrence General Hospital	No position stated	
Massachusetts Association of Ambulatory Surgery Centers	No position stated	
Massachusetts Association of Health Plans	3.1%	
Massachusetts Health and Hospital Association	3.1%	
Mental Health Legal Advisors Committee	No position stated	
Massachusetts Medical Society	3.1%	
Massachusetts Nurses Association	3.1%	
National Federation of Independent Business	No position stated	
Steward Health Care System	3.1%	
Wellforce	3.1%	





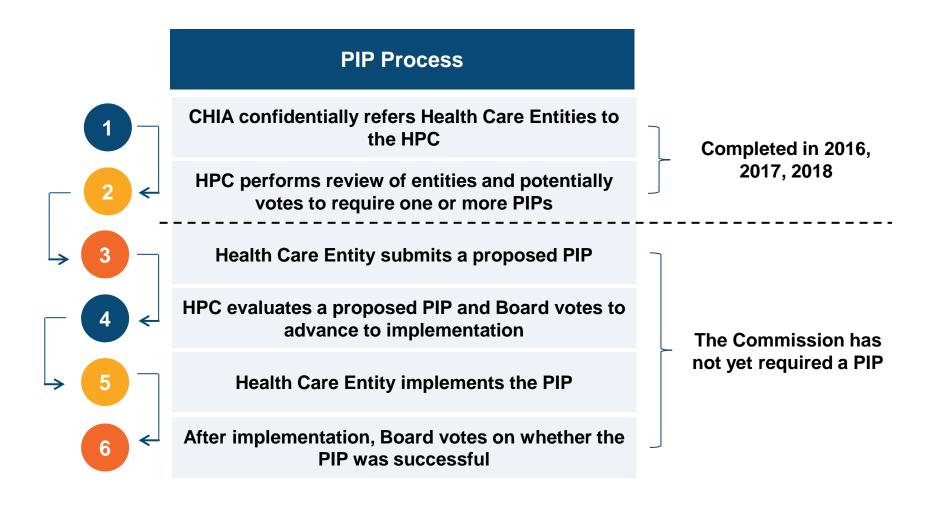
VOTE: 2020 Health Care Cost Growth Benchmark

MOTION: That, pursuant to G.L. c. 6D, § 9 (c), the Commission hereby establishes the health care cost benchmark for calendar year 2020 as _____, subject to the further process set forth in G.L. c. 6D, § 9 (d).



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Overview of PIPs Process





Performance Improvement Plans: Program History



- At the request of payers and providers, CHIA uses only final data for referral
- This results in a 3-year data lag that may not reflect the entity's current performance
- The HPC offers entities an opportunity to provide more recent data as part of its review process, and the HPC and CHIA are exploring ways to reduce the data lag



HPC Entity Review Process

Commissioner Engagement Throughout



Initial Review of All Referred Entities

Examples of Factors Examined

Performance across all books of business, including those not referred by CHIA

- HSA TME
- Unadjusted TME | level, growth,

Entity size and market share

Relative Price

Previous appearance on CHIA's list

Factors outside of entities' control

Board Deliberation and Vote to Follow Up with Some Entities



Examples of Data Requested

Entity's explanation for spending growth

Impact of care delivery and other strategies to control spending

Historical payer rate increases

Role of pharmaceutical spending

Patient population and referral patterns

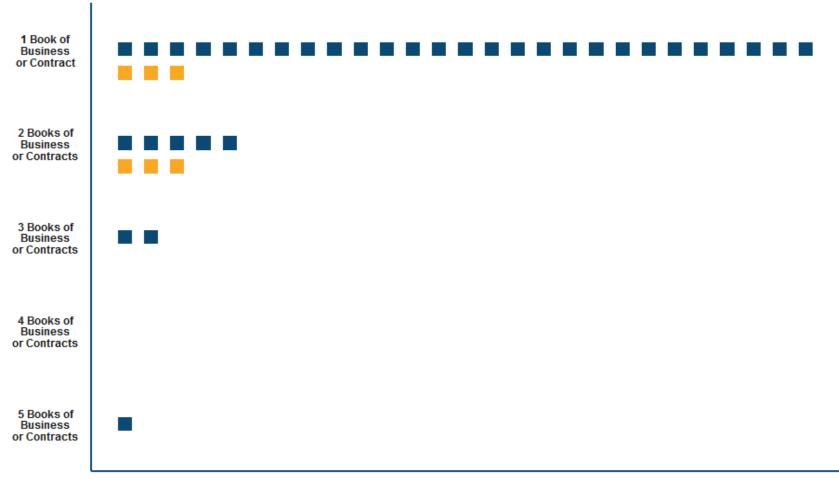


Board Deliberation and Vote Whether to Require PIP



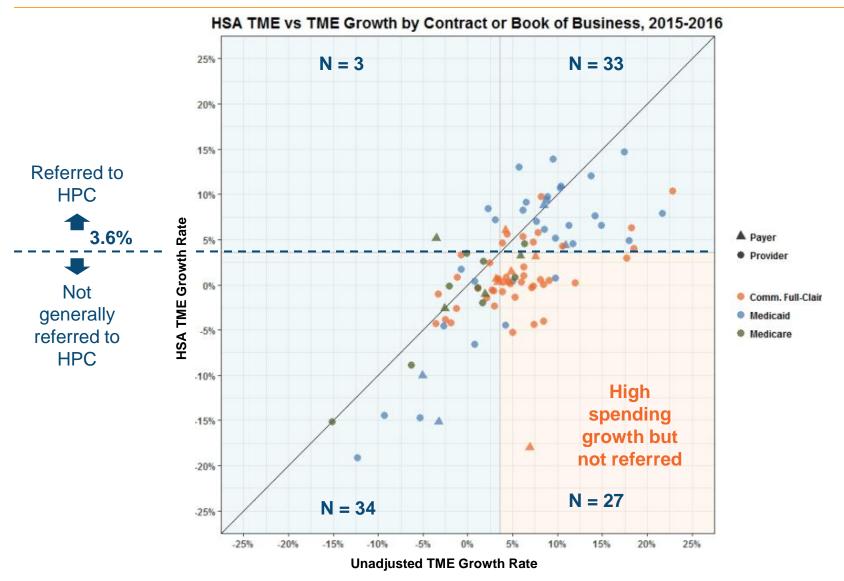
Trends in the 2019 PIPs Cycle

Of the **35 referred providers** and **6 referred payers**, most were referred for their performance in a single contract or book of business.





Trends in the 2019 PIPs Cycle





The number of referred contracts or books of business shown on this slide does not reflect the actual number of referrals for two reasons: 1. Cases where TME or HSA TME growth is > |25%| or member month growth is > |10%| are not shown on this chart; 2. CHIA refers some contracts or books of business with HSA TME growth below 3.6% in accordance with its published referral methodology.

Health Status Adjustment Masking Spending Growth

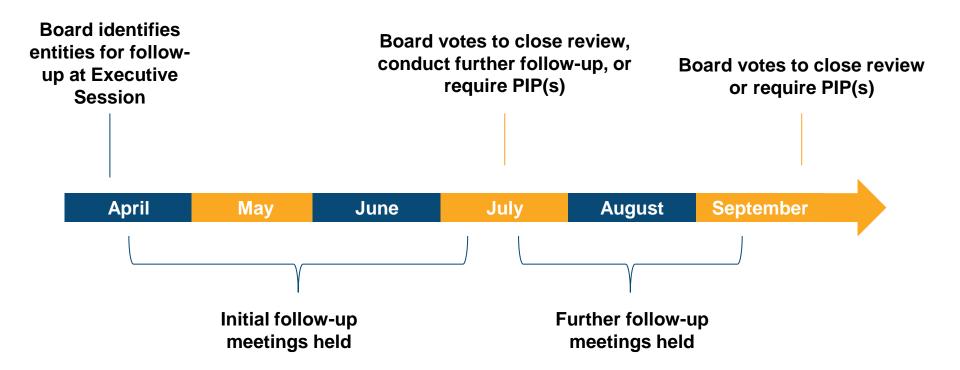
Sample Calculation

	Year 1	Year 2	Growth
Unadjusted TME	\$450	\$486	8%
Risk Score	1.45	1.54	6%
Adjustment:	\$450 / 1.45	\$486 / 1.54	
HSA TME	\$310	\$316	2%

- The HPC continues to observe that health status adjustment is masking growth in real-dollar spending and allowing some entities with high unadjusted spending growth to avoid HPC scrutiny.
- In some cases, increased risk scores may reflect factors such as increased coding intensity rather than actual changes in patients' health status and the expense of caring for them.
- These issues are systemic and may impact Massachusetts' ability to meet the benchmark, which is not risk adjusted.
- The HPC and CHIA are considering ways to address these concerns in future PIPs cycles.



PIPs Timeline







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- Executive Session (VOTE)

Upcoming 2019 Meetings and Contact Information



Board Meetings

Wednesday, March 13 – Benchmark Hearing Wednesday, April 3 Wednesday, May 1 (1:00 PM) Wednesday, July 24 Wednesday, September 11 Monday, December 16



Committee Meetings

Wednesday, February 27
Wednesday, June 5
Wednesday, October 2
Wednesday, November 20



Contact Us

Mass.Gov/HPC

@Mass_HPC

HPC-Info@state.ma.us



Special Events

2019 Cost Trends Hearing

Day 1 – Tuesday, October 22 Day 2 – Wednesday, October 23





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VOTE: Executive Session

MOTION: That, having first convened in open session at its April 3, 2019 board meeting and pursuant to G.L. c. 30A, § 21(a)(7), the Commission hereby approves going into executive session for the purpose of complying with G.L. c. 6D, § 10 and its associated regulation, 958 CMR 10.00, G.L. c. 6D, § 2A, and G.L. c. 12C, § 18, in discussions about whether to require performance improvement plans by entities confidentially identified to the Commission by the Center for Health Information and Analysis.