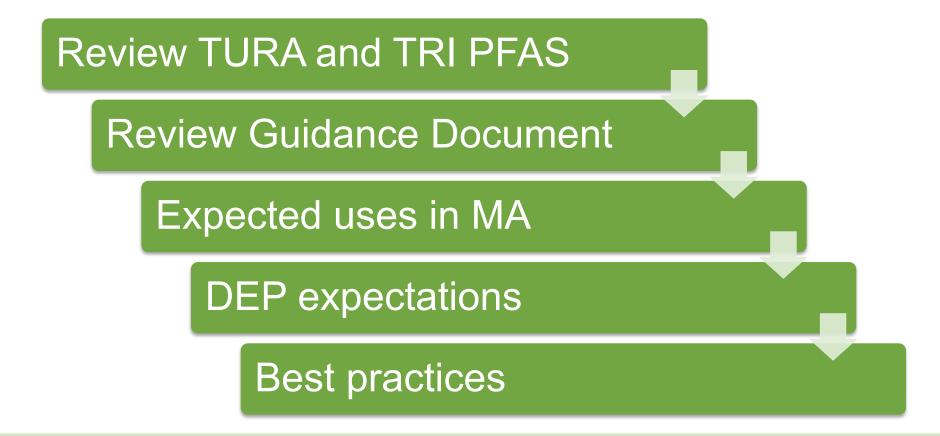


Reporting TURA Certain PFAS NOL: What you need to know

Heather Tenney March 2023



Session Overview



PFAS Tracking and Reporting: TRI and TURA

	Report to TRI	TURA tracking starting	Report to DEP	How Reportable	Threshold
TURA Certain PFAS NOL		January 1, 2022	July 1, 2023	As a category	25,000 lbs. manufactured/ processed; 10,000 lbs. otherwise used
172 TRI/TURA PFAS – 2020	July 1,2021	January 1, 2021	July 1, 2022		100 lbs. (de minimis exemption applies;
Four TRI PFAS - 2021	July 1, 2022	1			
Four TRI PFAS - 2022	July 1, 2023	January 1, 2023	July 1, 2024	Individually	
Nine TRI PFAS - 2023	July 1, 2024	Anticipated January 1, 2024	Anticipated July 1, 2025		see <u>MassDEP</u> <u>website</u> for details)

TURA Certain PFAS NOL Category

For the 2022 Reporting Year, the Certain PFAS NOL category was added under TURA. The Certain PFAS NOL category is defined as those PFAS that contain:

• a perfluoroalkyl moiety with three or more carbons (e.g., $-C_nF_{2n}-$, $n \ge 3$; or $CF_3-C_nF_{2n}-$, $n \ge 2$)

a perfluoroalkylether moiety with two or more carbons

(e.g.,
$$-C_nF_{2n}OC_mF_{2m}$$
 or $-C_nF_{2n}OC_mF_m$, n and $m \ge 1$)

wherein for the example structures shown, the dash (–) is not a bond to a hydrogen and may represent a straight or branched structure, and that are not otherwise listed.

PFAS Guidance

Lists were generated from PFAS that are known to be in commerce

Primarily from the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Data Reporting (CDR)

Uses information from Organisation for Economic and Co-operation Development (OECD)

Also included PFAS found in US water supplies

These lists are **NOT** exhaustive

Table 1 lists PFAS that are individually reportable under TURA at the 100 lb threshold, after TURA adopted the TRI NDAA listings

Table 1		
307-35-7	RI PFAS Substances to Continue Reporting Individually, if more than 100 lbs/year used Rerfluorooctylsulfonyl fluoride	
307-55-1	Perfluorododecanoic acid	
335-66-0	Octanovi fluoride, pentadecafluoro-	
335-67-1	Perfluorooctanoic acid (carcinogen de minimis = 0.1%)	
335-71-7	1-Heptanesulfonyl fluoride, 1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-pentadecafluoro-	
335-76-2	Perfluorodecanoic acid	
335-95-5	Sodium perfluorooctanoate	
355-46-4	Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid	
375-95-1	Perfluorononanoic acid	
376-06-7	Perfluorotetradecanoic acid	
376-14-7	2-[Ethyl[(heptadecafluorooctyl)sulfonyl]amino]ethyl methacrylate	
376-27-2	Methyl perfluorooctanoate	
383-07-3	2-[Butyl[(heptadecafluorooctyl)sulfonyl]amino]ethyl acrylate	
423-82-5	2-[Ethyl[(heptadecafluorooctyl)sulfonyl]amino]ethyl acrylate	
678-39-7	1-Decanol, 3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,10-heptadecafluoro-	
865-86-1	1-Dodecanol, 3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,11,11,12,12,12-heneicosafluoro-	
1652-63-7	3-[[(Heptadecafluorooctyl)sulfonyl]amino]-N,N,N-trimethyl-1-propanaminium iodide	
1691-99-2	N-Ethyl-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)perfluorooctanesulfonamide	
1763-23-1	Perfluorooctane sulfonic acid	
1996-88-9	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,10-heptadecafluorodecyl ester	
2043-53-0	Decane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8-heptadecafluoro-10-iodo-	
2043-54-1	Dodecane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10-heneicosafluoro-12-iodo-	
2144-54-9	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,11,11,12,12,12-heneicosafluorododecyl ester	
2263-09-4	1-Octanesulfonamide, N-butyl-1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-heptadecafluoro-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-	
2795-39-3	Potassium perfluorooctanesulfonate	
2991-51-7	Glycine, N-ethyl-N-[(heptadecafluorooctyl)sulfonyl]-, potassium salt	
3107-18-4	Cyclohexanesulfonic acid, undecafluoro-, potassium salt	
2025 26 1	Ammonium norfluoroostonooto	

Tabla 1

The PFAS in Table 2 were already individually reportable under TURA. Continue to report them at typical TURA reporting thresholds.

Table 2.			
PFAS Substances	PFAS Substances to continue reporting individually when exceeding normal reporting thresholds		
76-14-2	1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane		
76-15-3	Chloropentafluoroethane		
116-14-3	Tetrafluoroethylene		
124-73-2	1,2-Dibromotetrafluoroethane		
354-25-6	1-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane		
422-56-0	3,3-Dichloro-1,1,1,2,2-pentafluoropropane		
507-55-1	1,3-Dichloro-1,1,2,2,3-pentafluoropropane		
2837-89-0	2-Chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane		

The PFAS in Table 3 are reportable under the TURA C1-C4 Halogenated Hydrocarbons category.

	Table 3.		
PFAS Sul	ostances reportable under the TURA C1-0	C4 Halogenated H	ydrocarbons category
76-16-4	Pentafluoroethane		
76-17-5	1,2,3-Trichloropentafluoropropane		
116-15-4	Hexafluoropropene		
335-44-4	2,2,3-Trichloroheptafluorobutane		
354-33-6	Pentafluoroethane		
354-64-3	pentafluoroiodoethane		
359-35-3	1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane		
360-89-4	Perfluorobut-2-ene		
374-07-2	1,1-Dichlorotetrafluoroethane		
382-10-5	1,1-Bis(trifluoromethyl)ethene		
421-73-8	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoro-2-chloropropane		
431-31-2	1,1,1,2,3-Pentafluoropropane		
431-63-0	1,1,1,2,3,3-Hexafluoropropane		
431-89-0	2H-Perfluoropropane		
677-69-0	Heptafluoro-2-iodopropane		
690-39-1	1,1,1,3,3,3-Hexafluoropropane		
754-12-1	2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene		
811-97-2	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane		
1320-37-2	Dichlorotetrafluoroethane		ances reportable under
2252-83-7	1,2,3,3,3-Pentafluoropropene	25398-32-7	Ethene, 1,1,2,2-tetrafluo
18599-20-7	1,4-Dibromo-1,1,2,2-tetrafluorobutane	76-19-7	Propane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3,3-

Table 3.				
PFAS Substances reportable under the TURA C1-C4 Halogenated Hydrocarbons category				
25398-32-7	Ethene, 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-, telomer with 1,1,1,2,2-pentafluoro-2-iodoethane			
76-19-7	Propane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3,3-octafluoro-			
115-25-3	Cyclobutane, 1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4-octafluoro-			
355-25-9	Butane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,4-decafluoro-			
423-39-2	Butane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4-nonafluoro-4-iodo-			
754-34-7	Propane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3-heptafluoro-3-iodo-			

18599-22-9

2-Vinyl(1-bromoperfluoroethane)

Table 4 is a list of PFAS that are reported as part of the Certain PFAS NOL category.

T			
		Table 4	
	PF/	AS Substances Known to be in Commerce that are Reported as part (
		Certain PFAS NOL Category	1
	306-91-2	Phenanthrene, 1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,4a,4b,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8a,9,9,10,10,10a-	1
	306-91-2	tetracosafluorotetradecahydro-	N
	306-94-5	Naphthalene, 1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,4a,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8a-octadecafluorodecahyc	3
	307-24-4	Hexanoic acid, 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-undecafluoro-	5
	307-30-2	1-Octanol, 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-pentadecafluoro-	3
	307-34-6	Octane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-octadecafluoro-	2
	307-60-8	Dodecane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,11,11,12,12-pentaco	6
		Tetradecane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,11,11,12,12,13,13	
	307-63-1	nonacosafluoro-14-iodo-	
	307-70-0	1-Undecanol, 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,11,11-eicosafluoro-	
	307-98-2	2-Propenoic acid, 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-pentadecafluorooctyl ester	2
	311-89-7	1-Butanamine, 1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,4-nonafluoro- <u>N,N</u> -bis(1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,4-nonafluoro-	
	355-02-2	Cyclohexane, 1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6-undecafluoro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-	
	355-38-4	Hexanoyl fluoride, 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-undecafluoro-	4
	355-42-0	Hexane, 1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,6-tetradecafluoro-	3

Table 4				
PFAS Substances Known to be in Commerce that are Reported as part of the				
Certain PFAS NOL Category				
1708962-18-8	Methanol, reaction products with 1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-tetradecafluoro-3-heptene			
1708962-19-9	Methanol, reaction products with 1,1,1,2,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-tetradecafluoro-2-heptene			
1807944-82-6	1-Octanesulfonic acid, 3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-tridecafluoro-, barium salt (2:1)			
NA	EFEP ethylene-tetrafluoroethylene-hexafluoropropylene terpolymer			
335-93-3	Silver(I) perfluorooctanoate reportable under TRI as of 1/1/21			
507-63-1	Perfluorooctyl iodide (reportable under TRI as of 1/1/21)			
2395-00-8	Potassium perfluorooctanoate (reportable under TRI as of 1/1/21)			
375-73-5	Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid (PFBS) (reportable under TRI as of 1/1/22)			
29420-49-3	Potassium perfluorobutane sulfonate (reportable under TRI as of 1/1/22)			
65104-45-2	2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,11,11,12,12,12-			
	heneicosafluorododecyl ester, polymer with 3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,10-			
	heptadecafluorodecyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate,			
	3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,9,9,10,10,11,11,12,12,13,13,14,14,14-pentacosafluorotetradecyl 2-			
	methyl-2-propenoate and 3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-tridecafluorooctyl 2-methyl-2-			
propenoate (reportable under TRI as of 1/1/22)				
203743-03-7				
	.gammaomegaperfluoro-C10-16-alkyl acrylate and stearyl methacrylate (reportable			
	under TRI as of 1/1/22)			
45187-15-3	Perfluorobutanesolfonate (reportable under TRI as of 1/1/22)			
375-22-4	PFBA (reportable under TRI as of 1/1/23)			
45048-62-2	Perfluorobutanoate (reportable under TRI as of 1/1/23)			
10495-86-0	Ammonium perfluorobutanoate (reportable under TRI as of 1/1/23)			
2966-54-3	Potassium perfluorobutanoate (reportable under TRI as of 1/1/23)			
2218-54-4	Sodium perfluorobutanoate (reportable under TRI as of 1/1/23)			
2728655-42-1	Alcohols, C8-16, γ-ω-perfluoro, reaction products with 1,6-diisocyanatohexane, glycidol and			
	stearyl alc. (reportable under TRI as of 1/1/23)			
2738952-61-7	Acetamide, N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-, 2-[(γ-ω-perfluoro-C4-20-alkyl)thio] derivs.			
	(<u>reportable</u> under TRI as of 1/1/23)			
2744262-09-5	Acetic acid, 2-[(γ-ω-perfluoro-C4-20- <u>alkyl)thio</u>] <u>derivs</u> ., 2-hydroxypropyl esters (reportable			
	under TRI as of 1/1/23)			
2742694-36-4	Acetamide, N-(2-aminoethyl)-, 2-[(γ-ω-perfluoro-C4-20- <u>alkyl)thio</u>] <u>derivs</u> ., polymers with			
	N1,N1-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine, epichlorohydrin and ethylenediamine, oxidized			
	(reportable under TRI as of 1/1/23)			



PFBA [375-22-4] three contiguous perfluorinated carbons

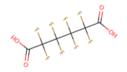


Perfluoromethylcyclohexane [355-02-2] cyclic perfluorinated ring

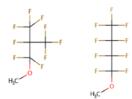


Examples of PFAS included in TURA Certain PFAS NOL Category

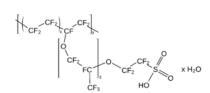
4-((Perfluorohexyl)ethyl)phenylmethanol [356055-76-0] six perfluorinated carbon alkyl chain with benzene ring as functional group



Perfluorohexanedioic acid [336-08-3] four perfluorinated carbon alkyl chain



HFE (hydrofluoroether) 7100 [mixture of 163702-08-7 & 163702-07-6] each component has ≥ 3 perfluorinated carbon alkyl chain



Nafion [31175-20-9] tetrafluoroethylene copolymer with sulfonic acid side chains - ≥ 3 contiguous perfluorinated carbons

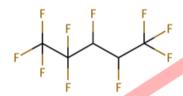
$$\begin{bmatrix}
F & F \\
-\dot{C} & \dot{C} & -\dot{C} \\
F & F
\end{bmatrix}_{n}
\begin{bmatrix}
F & F \\
-\dot{C} & \dot{C} \\
F & \dot{C}F_{3}
\end{bmatrix}_{m}$$

FEP Fluorinated ethylene propylene polymer [25067-11-2] polymer with repeating units that include 3 contiguous perfluorinated carbons

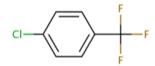
PTFE [9002-84-0] polymer perfluorinated carbon repeating chain



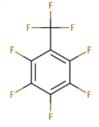
PVDF [24937-79-9] poyvinylidene fluoride alternating perfluorinated and non-fluorinated carbons, <3 contiguous perfluorinated carbons in polymer chain



HFC 4310mee [138495-42-8] 2H,3H-Decafluoropentane has 3 perfluorinated carbons but not contiguous



PCBTF [98-56-6] Parachlorobenzotrifluoride only one perfluorinated carbon



Octafluorotoluene [434-64-0] only one perfluorinated carbon

in alkyl chain. Fluorinated phenyl rings are not alkyl

Examples of PFAS NOT

PFAS NOL Category

included in TURA Certain

Enflurane [13838-16-9] 2-chloro-1,1,2trifluoroethyl difluoromethyl ether - is a fluorinated ether, but carbon on left of O is not perfluorinated (H bonded to C)

What if a CAS is not provided?

Check SDS (see examples) Keywords to look for 'fluor', 'PFxx', 'fluorinated' Check technical data sheet Contact supplier Contact OTA or TURI

Supplier Notification Letters

OTA created template
 <u>Supplier Notification Letters</u>
 to help companies comply
 with the 2020 TRI PFAS listing
 and the Certain PFAS NOL
 category

TEMPLATE FOR CONTACTING SUPPLIERS REGARDING PFAS REGULATIONS

January 28, 2022

Recipient Name

Supplier Business Name

Address Line 1

Address Line 2 City, State ZIP

Account #: 00000000

RE: PFAS Supplier Notification Requirements under the Massachusetts Toxics Use Reduction Act (TURA) and the Toxics Release Inventory (TRI)

Dear Name,

Company Name (account #: 0000000) requests your cooperation and assistance to comply with new chemical listings under the Massachusetts Toxics Use Reduction Act (TURA) and the federal Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA).

Effective January 1, 2022, Massachusetts TURA covered industries, such as ours, are required to track the use of Certain Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances Not Otherwise Listed (PFAS NOL) on the TURA list of Toxic or Hazardous Substances. PFAS in this category are those that: "contain a perfluoroalkyl moiety with three or more carbons (e.g., $-C_nF_{2n}$, $n \ge 3$; or $CF_3-C_nF_{2n-}$, $n \ge 2$) or a perfluoroalkylether moiety with two or more carbons (e.g., $-C_nF_{2n}OC_nF_{2m}$ or $-C_nF_{2n}OC_nF_{m-}$, n and $m \ge 1$), wherein for the example structures shown, the dash (–) is not a bond to a hydrogen and may represent a straight or branched structure" and are not otherwise listed on the TURA Toxic or Hazardous Substance List.

The TURA reporting thresholds for the Certain PFAS NOL category are 25,000 lb/year (manufactured or processed), or 10,000 lb/year (otherwise used).

In light of this revision to the list of substances reportable under TURA, we request notification of the presence and quantity of any PFAS fitting the above definition in any mixture or products furnished to Company Name from January 1, 2022 to the present.

In addition, in Section 7321 of the National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA), 179 PFAS are included on the Toxics Release Inventory (TRI) Chemical List, under Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA), also known as Title III of the Superfund Amendments and

Expected Uses in Massachusetts: Plastics and Resins



Fluoropolymer resins are used to manufacture products, where heat, low coefficient of friction or chemical resistance are needed

Uses in Massachusetts include insulation and jacketing of wire and cable

We expect several filers in this industry sector to trip thresholds

Daikin Neoflon Flowable Resin

 Printing date 08.06.2017
 Version number 1
 Revision: 17.10.2016

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name: NEOFLON PFA AP-201, 202, 210, 220, 230, 201SH, 211SH, 215SH,221SH, 230SH, 231SH

Article number: AP2 STD

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

No further relevant information available.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier:

DAIKIN INDUSTRIES, LTD. CHEMICALS DIVISION:

Umeda Center Bldg., 4-12, Nakazaki-Nishi 2-chome, Kita-Ku, Osaka, JAPAN

Phone: (+81) 6-6373-4345 Fax: (+81) 6-6373-4281

Further information obtainable from: http://www.daikin.com/

1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Japan: +81-6-6349-7521

China: +86-512-5-232-0949, +86-21-34151689

South Korea: +82-2-568-1722 Americas: +1-256-306-5000

Europe: +49-211-179 225-0

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is not classified according to the CLP regulation.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable

Signal word: Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Information on ingredients:

26655-00-5 Perfluoro(alkoxy alkane)

Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

Expected Uses in Massachusetts: Coatings



Fluoropolymer coatings reduce friction on the surface of medical devices such as catheters and guidewires and can provide color coding autoclave resistant finishes

Cookware would also be included in this use category

There may be some filers in this sector

Caswell PTFE Dispersion

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date Issued: 09/22/2010 MSDS No: PTFE-DISP

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	Wt.%	CAS	EINECS
2-propanol	< 1	67-63-0	200-661-0
Polytetrafluoroethylene	< 55	9002-84-0	

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Hold eyelids apart and flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

SKIN: Immediately wash skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse.

INGESTION: Swallowing less than an ounce will not cause significant harm. For larger amounts, do not induce vomiting, but give one or two glasses of water to drink and get medical attention.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Not flammable

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: May release toxic and corrosive hydrogen fluoride gas.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

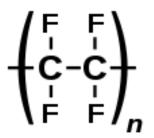
SMALL SPILL: Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in Protective Equipment section.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

GENERAL PROCEDURES: Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

LANDITALCO Follow all MCDC/label

Chemours PTFE Fluoroplastic Dispersion DISP 30



SAFETY DATA SHEET



PTFE Fluoroplastic Dispersion DISP 30

 Version
 Revision Date:
 SDS Number:
 Date of last issue: 05/30/2020

 6.7
 09/11/2020
 1339068-00043
 Date of first issue: 02/27/2017

P280 Wear eye protection and face protection.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Other hazards

The thermal decomposition vapors of fluorinated plastics may cause polymer fume fever with flulike symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Chemical nature : Fluoropolymer dispersions

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
2,6,8-Trimethyl-4-	60828-78-6	>= 1 - < 5
nonyloxypolyethyleneoxyethanol		

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

Expected Uses in Massachusetts: Metal Finishing



PFAS used as fume suppressant in chrome plating

PFAS can also be used in some electroless nickel or copper plating applications for lubricity

This is an important sector in terms of exposure and releases to the environment, but quantities may be below threshold

Caswell chrome fume suppressant

P304+P312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/.../if you feel unwell.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P234 Keep only in original container.

P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous components

1. WATER OR OTHER NON-REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS

Concentration 79 - 84 % CAS no. 7732-18-5

2. 2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

 Concentration
 8 - 8 % (weight)

 EC no.
 203-961-6

 CAS no.
 112-34-5

 Index no.
 603-096-00-8

- Serious eye damage/eye irritation (chapter 3.3), Cat. 2

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

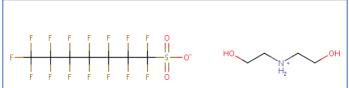
3. 1-Heptanesulfonic acid, 1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,7-pentadecafluoro-, compd with 2,2'-iminobis[ethanol]

(1:1)

Concentration 8 - 8 % (weight) CAS no. 70225-15-9

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures



3M Acid Mist Suppressant

3MTM Acid Mist Suppressant FC-1100 07/09/19

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Fluoroalkyl Acrylate Adduct (NJTS No. 04499600-	Trade Secret*	48 - 52
5965P)		
Water	7732-18-5	45 - 50

NJTS or NJTSRN: New Jersey Trade Secret Registry Number.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Expected Uses in Massachusetts: Textiles



Typical applications would be stain or water repellency; military or firefighting gear

There are some facilities using PFAS in MA for this purpose

Grant: Nantucket PFAS Action Group

Daikin Unidyne TG-5543 Textile DWR

Information on ingredients:	
Fluoroalkyl acrylate copolymer	20-309
9002-92-0 Poly(oxyethylene)alkyl(C12-14)ether Xi R36/38 Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319	<5%
24800-44-0 Tripropylene glycol	1-10%
3-Methoxy-3-methylbutan-1-ol	1-10%
7732-18-5 Water	60-709
Others Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.	<5%

Expected Uses in Massachusetts: Paper



PFAS used in paper facilities typically for coating

Also used for grease resistance in food packaging

Daikin paper grease

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name: <u>UNIDYNE TG-8111</u> Article number: <u>UNTG8111 STD</u>

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

No further relevant information available.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier:

DAIKIN INDUSTRIES, LTD. CHEMICALS DIVISION:

Umeda Center Bldg., 4-12, Nakazaki-Nishi 2-chome, Kita-Ku, Osaka, JAPAN

Phone: (+81) 6-6373-4345 Fax: (+81) 6-6373-4281

Further information obtainable from: http://www.daikin.com/

1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Japan: +81-6-6349-7521

China: +86-512-5-232-0949, +86-21-34151689

South Korea: +82-2-568-1722

Americas: CHEMTREC +1-800-424-9300 (Outside US/Canada: +1-703-527-3887)

Europe: +49-211-179 225-0

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is not classified, according to the CLP regulation.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable

Signal word: Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Information on ingredients:

Fluoroalkyl acrylate copolymer

15-25%

CAS: 7732-18-5 Water

75-85%

Others

< 1%

Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

Expected Uses in Massachusetts: Electronic Components



Etching solution as surfactant

Likely many users in MA under threshold

Grant: Department of Plastics Engineering and Transene Company

Expected Uses in Massachusetts: Surface Cleaning



Hydrofluoroethers (HFE's) are included in the PFAS NOL definition

Popular products are HFE 7100 and HFE 7500

NuGenTec Fluosolv FX-AP Solvent



· HMIS-ratings (scale 0 - 4)



· Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): None known

3 Composition/Information on Ingredients

- · Chemical characterization: Mixtures
- · Description: Solvent mixture

CAS: 156-60-5	trans-dichloroethylene	Proprietary%
RTECS: KV 9400000	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Acute Tox. 4, H332; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
	Proprietary	12%
	♦ Acute Tox. 4, H302; Flam. Liq. 4, H227	
CAS: 163702-07-6	Methyl nonafluorobutyl ether	Proprietary%
	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
CAS: 163702-08-7	Methyl nonafluoroisobutyl ether	Proprietary%
	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
CAS: 67-63-0	Isopropyl alcohol	Proprietary%
RTECS: NT 8050000	♦ Flam. Liq. 2, H225; ♦ Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336	

4 First-Aid Measures

- · Description of first aid measures:
- General information: Take affected persons out into the fresh air.
- · After inhalation:

Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Consult doctor if symptoms persist.

- · After skin contact: Generally the product does not irritate the skin.
- After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water.
- · Information for doctor:
- · Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Breathing difficulty

Fluosolv CAS Solvent

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/

international regulations.

- · Classification system:
- · NFPA ratings (scale 0 4)



Health = 1 Fire = 0 Reactivity = 0

· HMIS-ratings (scale 0 - 4)

HEALTH 1	Health = 1
FIRE 0	Fire = 0
REACTIVITY 0	Reactivity = 0

· Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): None known

3 Composition/Information on Ingredients

- · Chemical characterization: Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of substances listed below with non-hazardous additions.
- · Dangerous Components:

Proprietary Fluorinated Fluid Blend >60%

Acute Tox. 4, H332; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Proprietary Solvent

♠ Flam. Liq. 2, H225; ♠ Eye Irrit. 2A, H319; STOT SE 3, H335-H336

Additional information:

The exact percentages of the ingredients of this mixture are considered to be proprietary and are withheld in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (i) of §1910.1200 of 29 CFR 1910.1200 Trade Secrets.

<40%

4 First-Aid Measures

- · Description of first aid measures:
- · After inhalation:

Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Consult doctor if symptoms persist.

· After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

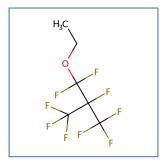
3M Novec 72DA

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
1,2-Trans-dichloroethylene	156-60-5	66 - 70 Trade Secret *

3MTM NovecTM 72DA Engineered Fluid	07/07/21
------------------------------------	----------

Ethyl nonafluoroisobutyl ether	163702-06-5	10 - 19
Ethyl nonafluorobutyl ether	163702-05-4	1 - 10
METHYL NONAFLUOROISOBUTYL ETHER	163702-08-7	5 - 10
METHYL NONAFLUOROBUTYL ETHER	163702-07-6	1 - 5
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	1 - 3



Ethyl nonafluoroisobutyl ether 163702-06-5 From EPA Comptox dashboard

3M[™] Novec[™] 72DA Engineered Fluid

Introduction

 $3M^{\text{\tiny IM}}$ Novec^{\tiny IM} 72DA Engineered Fluid is a blend of hydrofluoroether methyl nonafluorobutyl ether ($C_4F_9OCH_3$), ethyl nonafluorobutyl ether ($C_4F_9OC_2H_5$), trans-1,2-dichloroethylene (t-DCE) and isopropanol. This mixture of solvents is a blend of azeotropes. The blend has been analyzed during evaporation and extended use in a vapor degreaser and found to have a consistent composition that is effective for medium- to heavy-duty degreasing and defluxing applications.

Novec 72DA fluid is ideal for a wide range of electronics and other precision cleaning applications. It is intended to replace CFCs, HCFCs, HFCs, nPB and chlorinated solvents. This Novec product has zero ozone depletion potential and other favorable environmental, health and safety properties (see Table 2).

The high solvency, low surface tension, nonflammability and stability of Novec 72DA fluid make it ideal for immersion and vapor degreasing applications. The isopropanol in Novec 72DA fluid provides enhanced removal of ionic contaminants.

Applications

- · Cleaning, rinsing and drying agent
- Cleaning of rosin solder flux residues, oils, greases and waxes

Material Description

Ingredients	3M™ Novec™ 72DA Engineered Fluid
Methyl Nonafluorobutyl Ether (C ₄ F ₉ OCH ₃)	10% by weight
Ethyl Nonafluorobutyl Ether ($C_4F_90C_2H_5$)	20% by weight
Trans-1,2-dichloroethylene (t-DCE)	68% by weight
Isopropanol	2% by weight

Expected Uses in Massachusetts: Petroleum Products



Manufacture of lubricants

May be some filers

PFPE Lubricant



Technical Data Sheet

LOCTITE[®] LB 8209

Known as LOCTITE® Krytox® RFE Bearing Lubricant CP May -2019

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

LOCTITE® LB 8209 provides the following product characteristics:

Technology	Synthetic Grease	
Base Oil Type	Perfluoropolyether (PFPE)	
Thickener	Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)	
Appearance	White to off white buttery grease	
Cure	Non-curing	
Application	Lubrication	
Specific Benefit	Thermally stable	
	 Chemical resistant 	
	 Non-flammable 	
	Non-toxic	
	 Waterproof 	
	 Compatible with most plastics 	
	 Outperforms petroleum-based 	
	grease	
	 Can be used with chlorinated 	
	systems	
	 Insoluble in all but fluorinated solvents 	



Revision Number: 003.1 Issue date: 10/03/2017

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

IDH number:

Product name:

Henkel Corporation

One Henkel Way

LOCTITE LB 8209 DUP OR LU PFPE

HIGH PERF known as Dupont® Krytox® RFE PFPE Lubri

Product type:

Restriction of Use:

Rocky Hill. Connecticut 06067

Lubricant

None identified

Item number: 29710 United States Flegion:

ontact information: Telephone: (860) 571-5100

MEDICAL EMERGENCY Phone: Poison Control Center

234339

1-877-671-4608 (toll free) or 1-303-592-1711 TRANSPORT EMERGENCY Phone: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (toll free) or 1-703-527-3887

Internet: www.henkelna.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

NOT CLASSIFIED. READ ENTIRE SAFETY DATA SHEET.

HAZARD CLASS	HAZARD CATEGORY	
None	None	
PICTOGRAM(S)		
None		

Precautionary Statements

Prevention: Not prescribed Response: Not prescribed Storage: Not prescribed Disposal: Not prescribed

Classification complies with OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and is consistent with the provisions of the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

See Section 11 for additional toxicological information.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Component(s)	CAS Number	Percentage*
None	None	None

Expected Uses in Massachusetts: AFFF



Municipal, government uses of AFFF not covered under TURA

Industrial uses covered only if you are processing or packaging e.g., putting it into product

AFFF Alternatives Assessment Project with the Department of Defense

Partnerships

MassDEP WWTF List

OTA List

Outreach
List

MWRA
List DEP, EPA identified WWTF upstream from high-priority Drinking Water Protection Areas

Agencies combined SIC/NAICS codes lists for upstream Significant Industrial Users

OTA is providing **free**, **confidential** technical assistance to industries upstream:

- Assistance identifying PFAS in products
- Helping companies communicate with suppliers
- Pollution prevention and toxics use reduction
- Climate change
- Resource conservation

Resources for Companies: PFAS Identification

Assessments to identify PFAS sources



- OTA technical staff flag likely sources of PFAS
- Companies may share list of CAS numbers with OTA
- OTA pursues research on products of concern
- Companies may opt to share product information with OTA to populate a list of PFAS-containing products

Product List	Category
Simoniz Shield Special Teflon Formulation Lemon	Teflon car wax
Benchbrite CR1800	chrome plating
Fumetrol 140 Atotech,	chrome plating
HCA-4, Hunter Chemical LLC	chrome plating
Clepo Chrome Macdermid	chrome plating
3M fluorosurfactant FC4432	surfactant
Daiken Neoflon Flowable Resin	plastics/resins
Caswell PTFE Dispersion	coatings
Chemours PTFE Fluoroplastic Dispersion DISP 30	coatings
Caswell chrome fume suppressant	chrome plating
3M Acid Mist Suppressant	chrome plating
NuGenTec Fluosolv FX-AP	Surface cleaning
Fluosolv CAS Solvent	Surface cleaning
3M Novec 72DA	Surface cleaning
3M Novec 7100	Surface cleaning
Loctite LB 8209	Lubricant

Other resources for uses

- Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances and Alternatives in Coatings, Paints and Varnishes (CPVs) (oecd.org)
- Gluge 2020: <u>An overview of the uses of per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) Environmental Science: Processes & Impacts (RSC Publishing)</u>
- EPA Multi-industry <u>Multi-Industry Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl</u>
 <u>Substances (PFAS) Study 2021 Preliminary Report (epa.gov)</u>
- MN metal finishing <u>PFAS in the metal plating and finishing</u> <u>industry (state.mn.us)</u>

Example: Teflon

- PTFE (e.g. Teflon) is included in the PFAS NOL Category.
- PTFE pellets being processed, such as in extrusion processes would be reportable, as would PTFE coating emulsions.
- Teflon articles, such as Teflon tape or spacers, would likely meet the article exemption.
- TFE, the monomer used in the manufacture of PTFE, is not included in the proposed PFAS NOL category. But is individually listed on TURA

What does DEP expect from filers in the first reporting year? *Facilities should:*

Evaluate chemicals used at the facility

Send inquiry letters to manufacturers requesting information on PFAS content of suspected PFAS containing materials.

Keep records of letters sent and responses received.

Follow up with manufacturer if you do not hear back from them and keep records of these follow-ups.

What does DEP expect from filers in the first reporting year? Facilities should:

FILE ON-TIME even if you have not received manufacturers' information (alert DEP via email at TURA.program@mass.gov if you are still awaiting a manufacturers' response)

Include an **estimate of your PFAS usage** in your filing and add a comment in the Form S, Section 5 data field stating that you have estimated your PFAS usage. **If a chemical contains fluorine, assume it is in the PFAS category until better information is available.**

Email the TURA program at <u>TURA.program@mass.gov</u> and describe how you estimated your PFAS in your Form S. Put 'PFAS estimated' in the subject line.

When you receive the PFAS information from the manufacturer, submit an amended summary report via eDEP. You will be billed for any additional compounds when the filing is amended.

What does DEP expect from filers in the first reporting year? *Facilities should:*

If your facility reports a chemical included in both the 1047 Halogenated Compounds NOL (C1-C4) and 1300 Certain PFAS NOL chemical categories, you must report both categories.

Please refer to the TURA Reporting appendices pgs. 101 and 105 https://www.mass.gov/lists/massdep-toxics-use-reduction-policies-guidance

In the Form S Section 5 data field state the reported chemical(s) by name which falls into both categories and send an email to the TURA.Program@mass.gov alerting MassDEP of the entries.

Put "Both Categories" the subject line. Chemicals reported in both categories will only be billed one fee.

Best Practices

1

Get a new SDS yearly

2

Keep copies of SDS/Supplier correspondence

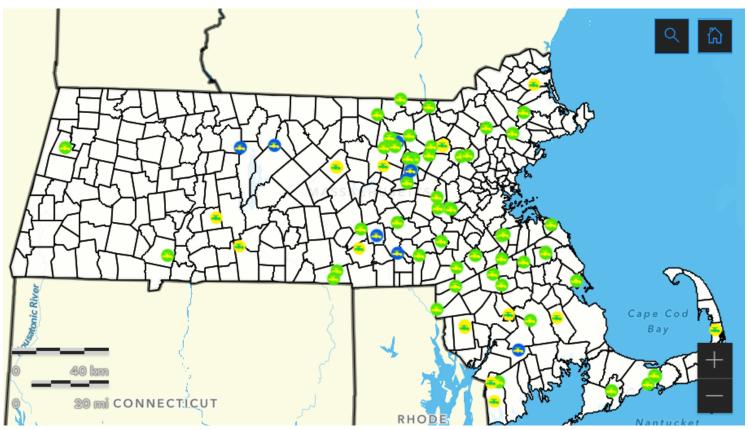
3

Reach out on ALL products as a first pass

4

Train purchasing staff to question fluorinated products

Why a preventative approach?



Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) | Mass.gov



The Massachusetts Toxics Use Reduction Institute www.turi.org

126 John Street, Suite 14 Boott Mills West Lowell, MA 01852

Heather Tenney
Research Associate
Heather@turi.org

DEP Tura.program@mass.gov