

RE32RC21: Technology and Real Estate Brokerage

Updated Sept 2021

1. Real estate uses of technology
 - a. Marketing/Advertising
 - i. [Teams vs Individual vs Brokerage advertising requirements - 254 CMR 3.09](#)
 - b. Transaction Management
 - c. Lead generation
 - d. Contact management (CRM)
 - e. [Transactional \(digital\) records retention requirements and best practices](#)
2. Compliance
 - a. Disclosures
 - i. [Video and audio disclosure obligations](#)
 - b. [Fair Housing considerations across all digital content](#)
 - c. Broker Policies
 - i. Email
 - ii. Social media
 - iii. Websites
 - iv. Blogging
 - v. Videos
 - YouTube
 - video emails
 - streaming
 - d. Email - CAN-SPAM Act
 - i. Applies to Commercial e-mail
 - ii. “Unsubscribe” must be present
 - iii. Sending duplicate emails must be avoided
 - iv. Physical location (street address) must be included in signature files for emails
 - e. Use of images/photography
 - i. Ownership of images
 - ii. Copyright issues
 - iii. Stock photography - the purchase of photos through a license for use
 - iv. Professional photography, including ownership of images
 - f. [Drones](#)

[Any drone used for commercial purposes \(ie real estate photos/video\) require the pilot have a Remote Pilot Certificate from the FAA -](#)

[For more information on this process Google “FAA Part 107 Remote Pilot Certificate”](#)

3. Safeguarding Consumer Data Privacy policy
 - a. Websites/ emails
 - i. Usage policy for website visitors' personal information
 - ii. Visitor authorization of information
 - iii. Third party use of data
 - iv. Subscriptions/sign ups - how is data collected and used
 - v. Are you using a secure email ? Personal email such as comcast, verizon, yahoo, gmail, hotmail etc may not be secure.
 - vi. Best practice is to use your brokerage email for business
 - b. Written Information Security Plan (WISP)
 - i. MA Law since January 1, 2010
 - ii. For businesses that handle personal information
 1. First and last name or first initial and last name AND
 2. Social Security Number, Driver License number or financial account number
 - iii. Business is required to assess how it will safeguard personal information
 - c. General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)
 - i. Governs how websites and business will treat data that belongs to residents of the European Union (EU)
 - ii. Applies to all businesses and organizations around the world, not just members of the EU
 - iii. Requires affirmative "opt in" to allow companies to collect website user's personal data
 - iv. The goal is to give back control of personal data to individuals
 - d. Wire Fraud
 - i. Obligation to inform clients
 - ii. Never respond to email requests,
 - iii. Notify the FBI
4. Social media/video
 - a. Salespersons Prohibited From Advertising - Salespeople are prohibited from advertising the purchase, sale, rental or exchange of any real property under their own name
 - b. Brokers should have written policies with respect to social media/video use by Salespersons
 - c. Social media accounts/postings and videos must comply with all disclosure requirements
 - d. Salespersons/Brokers using social media accounts for business purposes shall create business profiles for each account
 - e. see 254 CMR: BOARD OF REGISTRATION OF REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND SALESMEN, (9) Advertising. <https://www.mass.gov/doc/254-cmr-3-professional-standards-of-practice/download>

5. Dark side of Technology
 - a. The real estate industry is targeted by criminals
 - b. Tactics and focus change and evolve over time
 - c. Methods of Cyber Attacks
 - i. Social Engineering - developing new methods to manipulate users into believing a message, link or attachment is from a trusted source, then systems are attacked (Phishing, spear phishing, whaling)
 - ii. Hacking - exploiting vulnerabilities in software and hardware
 - iii. Malware - ransomware, adware, spyware, trojans, worms, viruses
 - iv. Password attack - an attack that takes advantage of the fact people tend to use common words and short passwords
 - v. Man-in-the-middle attack - an attack where the attacker secretly relays and possibly alters the communications between two parties who believe they are directly communicating with each other
 - vi. Unsecured public Wi-Fi use
 - vii. Denial-of-service - attackers send overwhelming quantities of data to a website, rendering it unusable

6. Managing risks
 - a. Password management
 - b. Computer system/device security
 - c. Records retention program
 - d. Third party vendor plans
 - e. WISP Plan
see 201 CMR 17.00 COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST for information on The Comprehensive Written Information Security Program (WISP)
<https://www.mass.gov/files/documents/2017/11/21/compliance-checklist.pdf>

7. Emerging Technologies
 - a. Blockchain
 - b. Virtual Reality (VR)
 - c. Augmented Reality (AR)
 - d. Automation/Machine Learning
 - e. Smartphone Apps/Push Technology
 - f. Big Data
 - g. iBuying

** Please note that this outline was left intentionally with slightly less detail to allow instructors the ability to teach correct and pertinent information as technology evolves and changes.*

Reference Material

- Wire Fraud FBI
- 201 CMR 17.00 WISP