

MassDOT Linear Highway Project Stormwater Regulation under TS4, Wetlands Regulations and MassDEP Stormwater Handbook

August 25, 2020



Pre-Deliberative – For Discussion Only

Agenda

- Welcome and opening remarks:
 - Kathleen Baskin, Assistant Commissioner, BWR, MassDEP
 - Stephanie Moura, Director, Wetlands and Waterways Program, MassDEP
- MassDOT-Highway regulation under the NPDES program – Newton Tedder, EPA
- Overview of proposed revisions of MassDEP stormwater handbook – Lealdon Langley, MassDEP
- Question and answer/ discussion – advisory committee only
- Question and answer/ discussion – audience



Goals

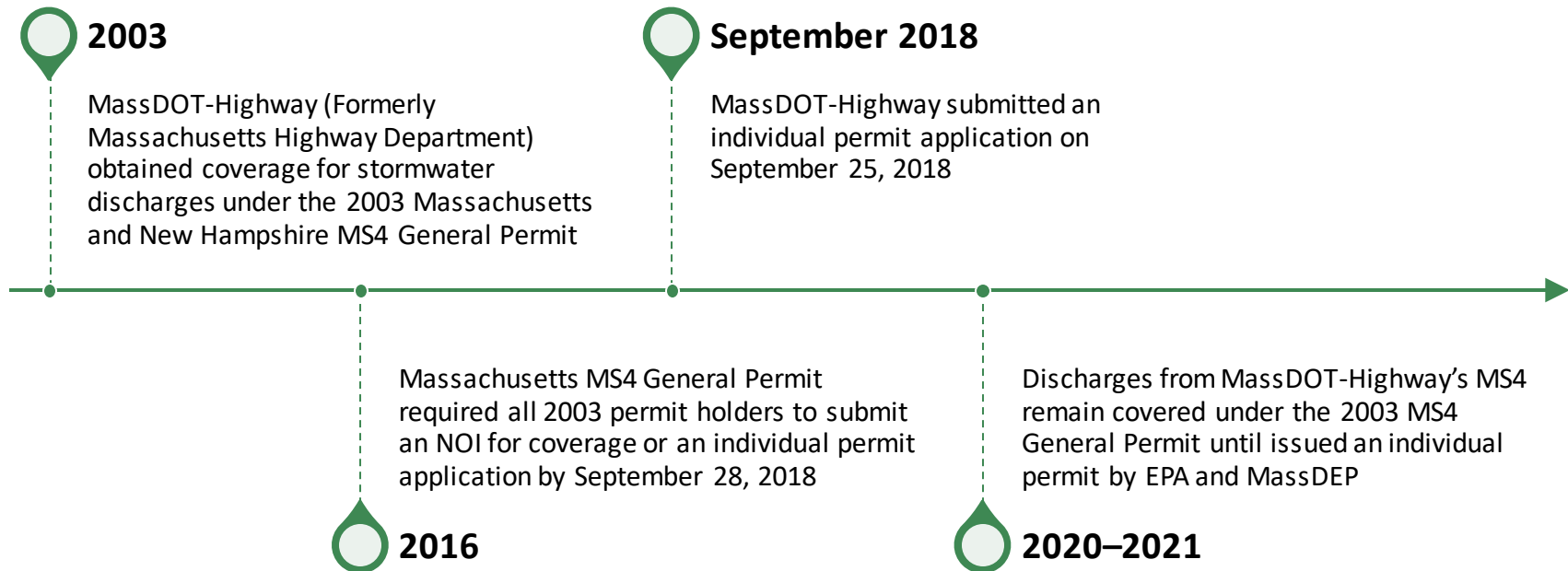
- Maintain or improve environmental protection
- Provide consistency between DOT Design Manual, MassDEP Stormwater Handbook, the MassDEP TS4 Permit, and EPA's TS4 permit.
- Create efficiencies for Conservation Commissions, Stormwater system designers, MassDEP, and DOT



This map illustrates the coastal region of Massachusetts and New Hampshire, highlighting the distribution of the Atlantic herring fishery. The fishery area is marked with a red hatched pattern, covering a significant portion of the coastline from Nahant, MA, south to Cape Cod Bay. Key locations labeled on the map include Gloucester, MA; Nahant, MA; Boston, MA; New Bedford, MA; and Cape Cod Bay. The map also shows the coastline of New Hampshire to the north and the Atlantic Ocean to the east.

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History



MassDOT

Phase II Individual MS4 Permit Application

Included :

- Current SWMP
- Plan to reduce pollutants discharging to impaired waters
- MassDOT stormwater handbook for stormwater controls during the construction phase and for post-construction
- Studies characterizing MassDOT stormwater discharges
- Chloride application and reduction plan
- Illicit discharge detection and elimination plan

Individual TS4 Permit Contents

Individual permit tailored to MassDOT-Highway transportation system –
Transportation Separate Storm Sewer System Permit (TS4)

SIX MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURES

- PUBLIC EDUCATION
- PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT
- ILLICIT DISCHARGE DETECTION & ELIMINATION
- CONSTRUCTION SITE RUNOFF
- POST-CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT
- GOOD HOUSEKEEPING/POLLUTION PREVENTION

WATER-QUALITY BASED REQUIREMENTS

- IMPAIRED RECEIVING WATERS
 - NITROGEN OR PHOSPHORUS
 - METALS
 - SOLIDS
 - BACTERIA OR PATHOGENS
 - CHLORIDE
 - OIL AND GREASE
- TMDL REQUIREMENTS

All requirements based on 2016 Massachusetts MS4 General Permit

Post Construction Stormwater Management

- New and Re-Development projects disturbing >1 acre must meet Massachusetts Stormwater Standards and Handbook
- New and Re-Development must meet numeric pollution reduction requirements for TSS and TP

MassDOT requirements will rely on one set of standards to the extent possible

MassDOT requirements will require compliance with Massachusetts Stormwater Standards and Handbook

Good Housekeeping/Pollution Prevention

- O&M procedures
- Catch basin cleaning
- Street sweeping
- SWPPP

MassDOT requirements tailored to address operation and maintenance of all stormwater assets

MassDOT requirements to ensure long term maintenance on prioritized schedules

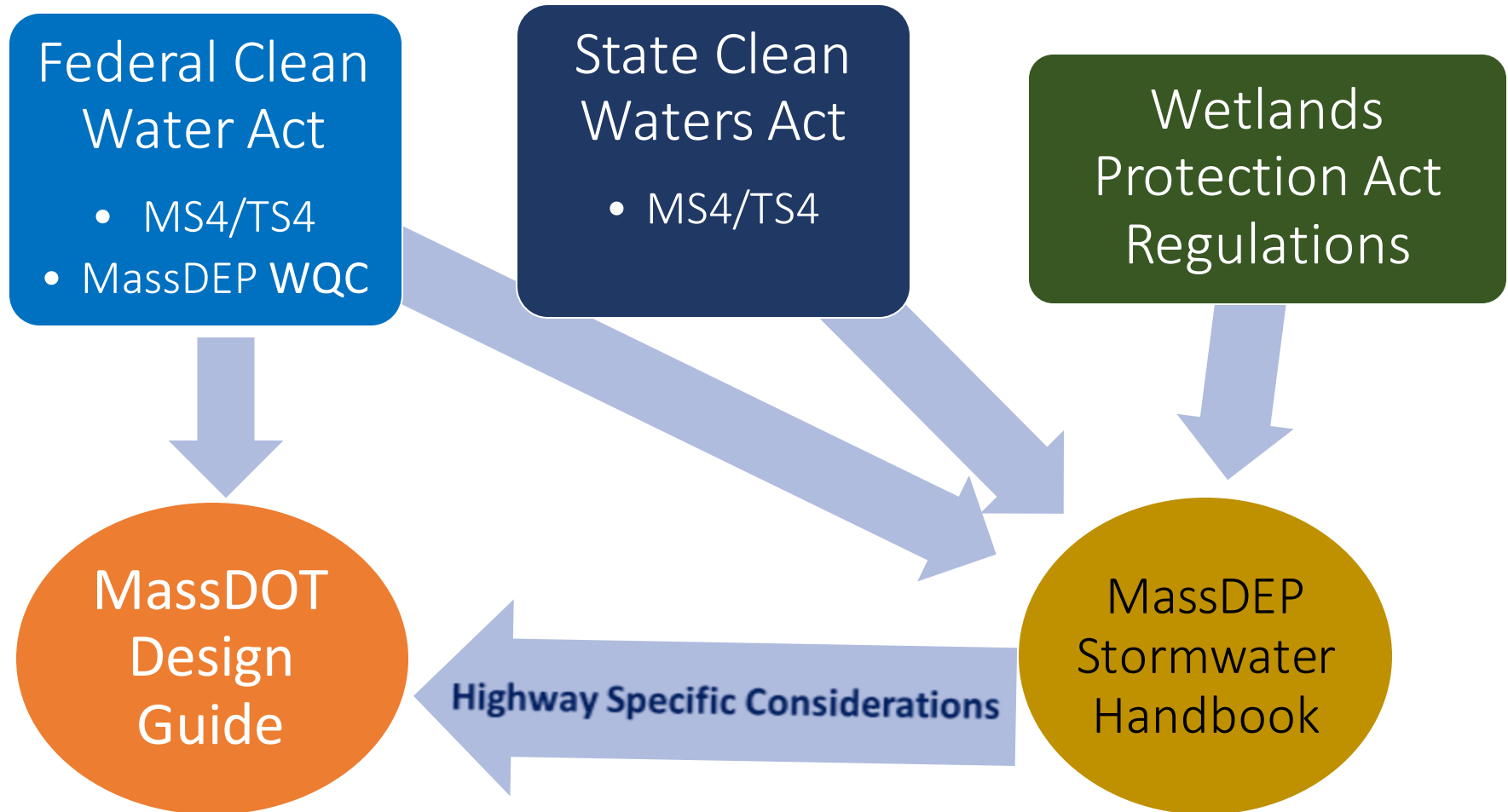
Timing

MINIMUM 30-DAY
PUBLIC COMMENT
PERIOD ON DRAFT TS4
PERMIT 2020 OR
EARLY 2021

FINAL TS4 PERMIT
ISSUED 2021

5 YEAR PERMIT TERM

Stormwater Management Regulatory Framework



Regulation of Roadway Projects Under Wetlands Protection Act

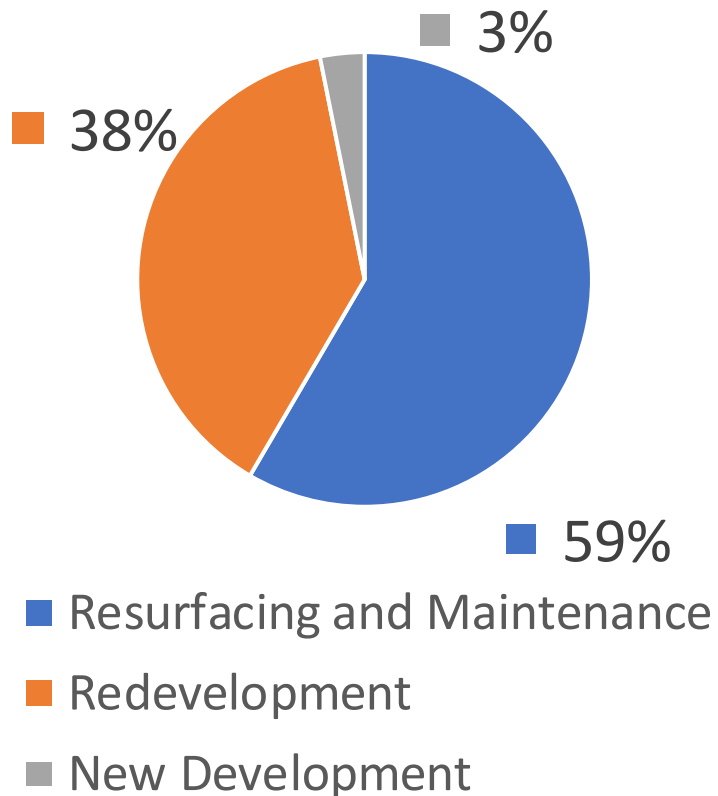
Roadway Development and Redevelopment Projects within Wetlands Protection Act (WPA) jurisdiction:

- are subject to MassDEP's Stormwater Regulations and Stormwater Handbook; and
- require approval under the WPA and usually Section 401 of the Clean Water Act



MassDOT Roadway Projects

MassDOT Highway Projects 2015-2020



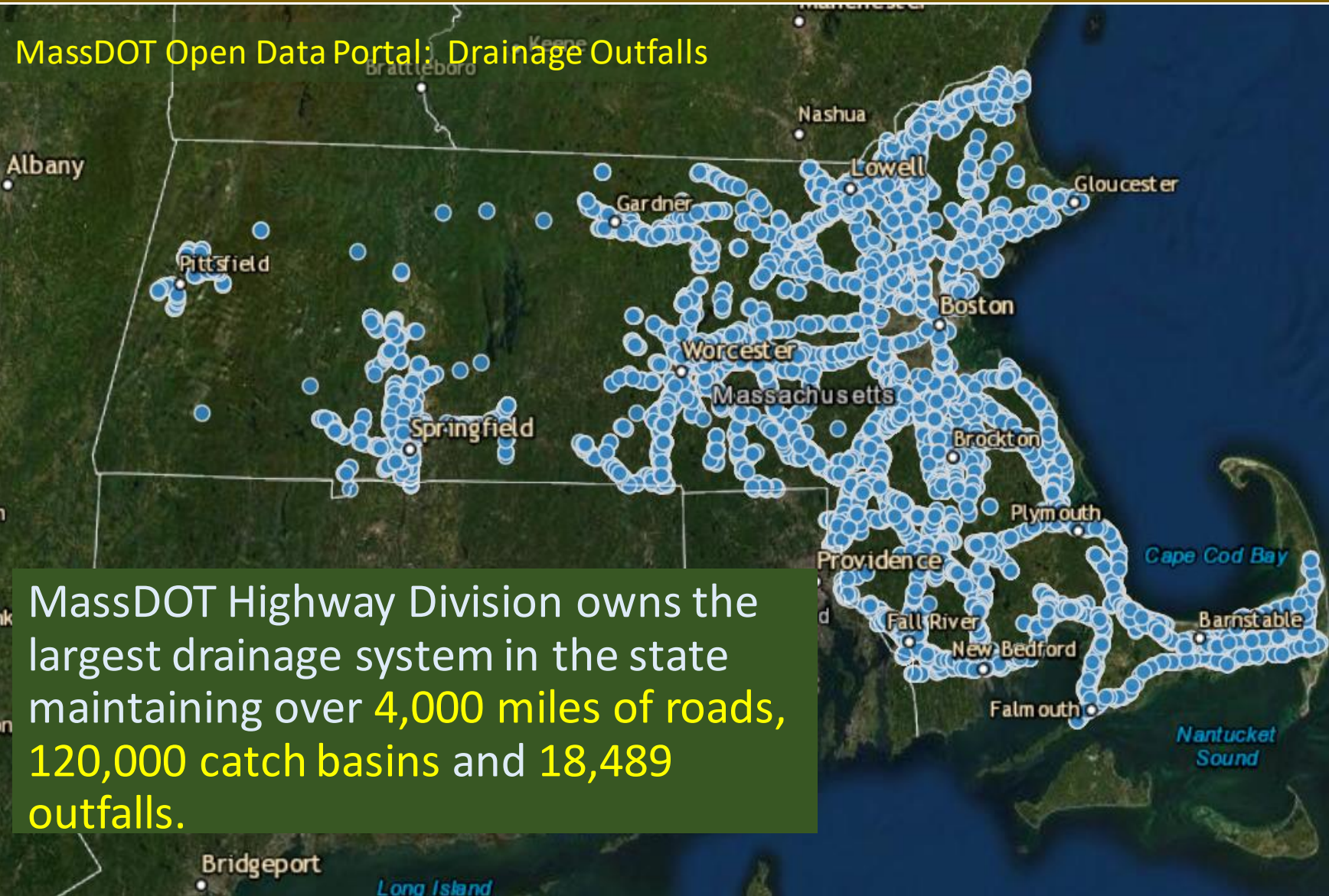
- Roadway redevelopment improves safety, capacity and stormwater management
- Wetlands Protection Act Variances address major projects
 - Cambridge Memorial Drive
 - I-90/I-495 Intersection

MassDOT Highway Specific Considerations will address stormwater management for long, linear public roadway projects




Highway Specific Considerations for MassDOT Linear Highway Projects

MassDOT Open Data Portal: Drainage Outfalls



MassDOT Highway Division owns the largest drainage system in the state maintaining over **4,000 miles of roads**, **120,000 catch basins** and **18,489 outfalls**.

Highway Specific Considerations for MassDOT Linear Highway Projects



Limited land area within some ROWs make it difficult for highway projects to install standard SCMs



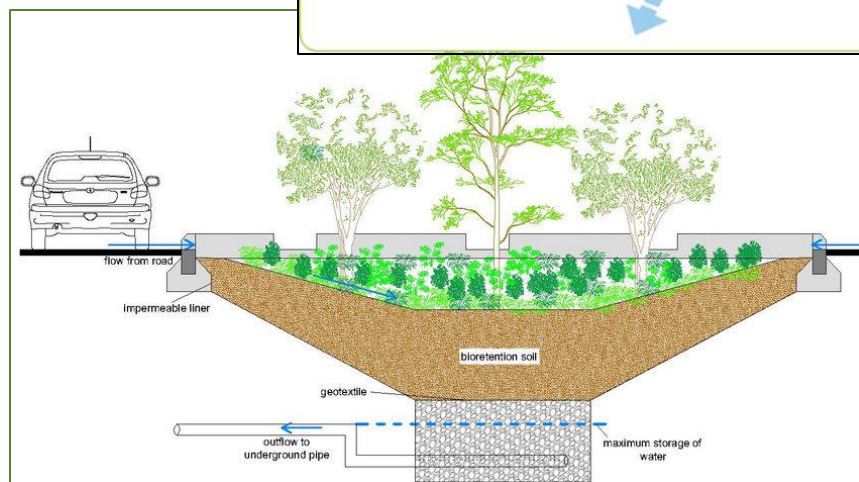
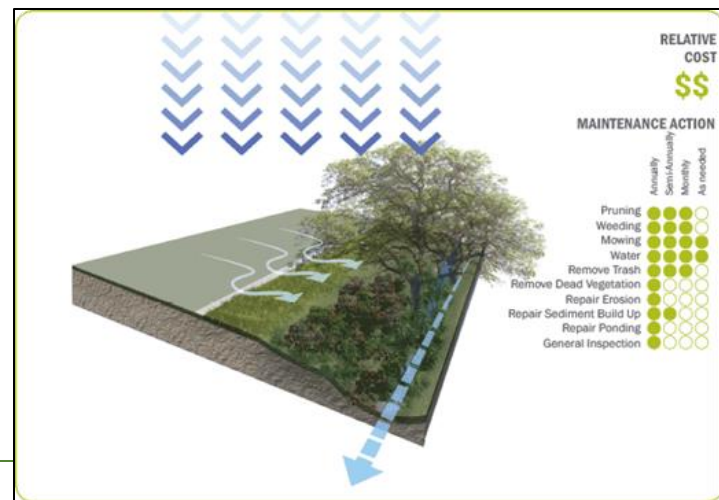
MassDEP Proposes Revisions to Stormwater Handbook to better align with MS4 and TS4

- MassDOT applied for a TS4 permit with EPA/MassDEP
 - Replaces 2003 MS4 permit
- Presenting TS4 to SAC now allows MDOT to finalize MDOT Design Guidance and EPA to draft the TS4 permit
- Highway Transportation Sector TS4 presents unique opportunity for MDOT/EPA/MassDEP to better manage stormwater



Highway Specific Considerations for MassDOT Linear Highway Projects Will

- encourage the use of LID practices along highway networks to meet WPA/MS4 stormwater standards.
- be incorporated into the Stormwater Handbook.



TS4 Permit will provide

- greater geographic coverage of regulated stormwater management
- incentives to improve existing stormwater outfalls
- TSS and TP load reductions
- greater emphasis on compliance with Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDL)



Highway Specific Considerations for MDOT

Wetland Protection

New Stormwater Discharges

Macro Approach

SCMs

EPA Curves to calculate %TSS and %TP removal

Linear Stormwater Practices

Peak Rate/ Bioretention

Porous Pavement Filter Course

O&M

Maintenance Access

O&M Approach

Catch Basins

Inlet Grates for Catch Basins

Hoods for Deep Sump Catch Basins



New Stormwater Discharges

Current: New outfall or new discharge point

Proposed: Allows reconfiguration of existing unmanaged or inadequately managed discharges to be considered as "existing", provided it improves WQ and reduces resource area impact.

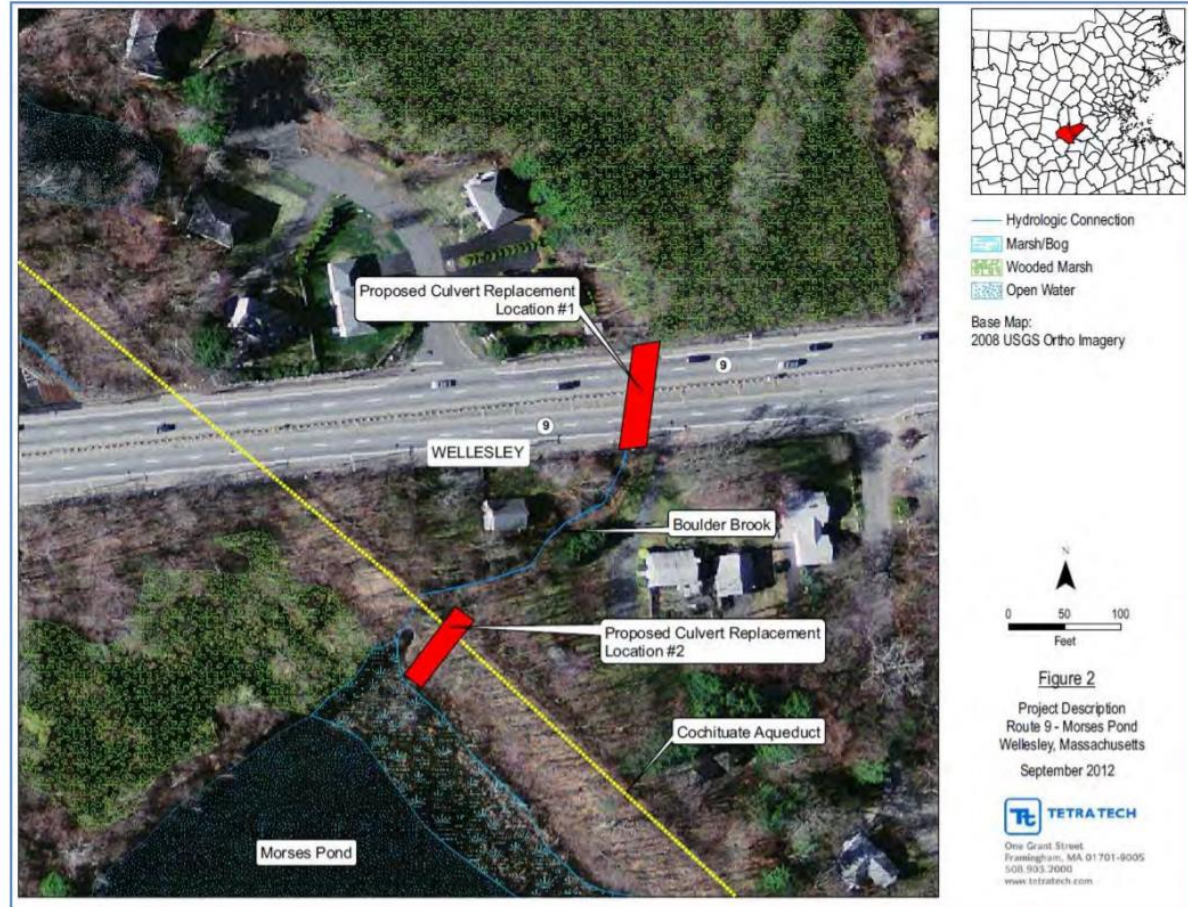


Macro Approach

Current: Stormwater mitigation must be provided on-site, i.e. at the resource area /buffer zone altered

Proposed:

- Avoid disproportionate impacts to wetland resource areas
- Provide flexibility for mitigation within sub-watersheds

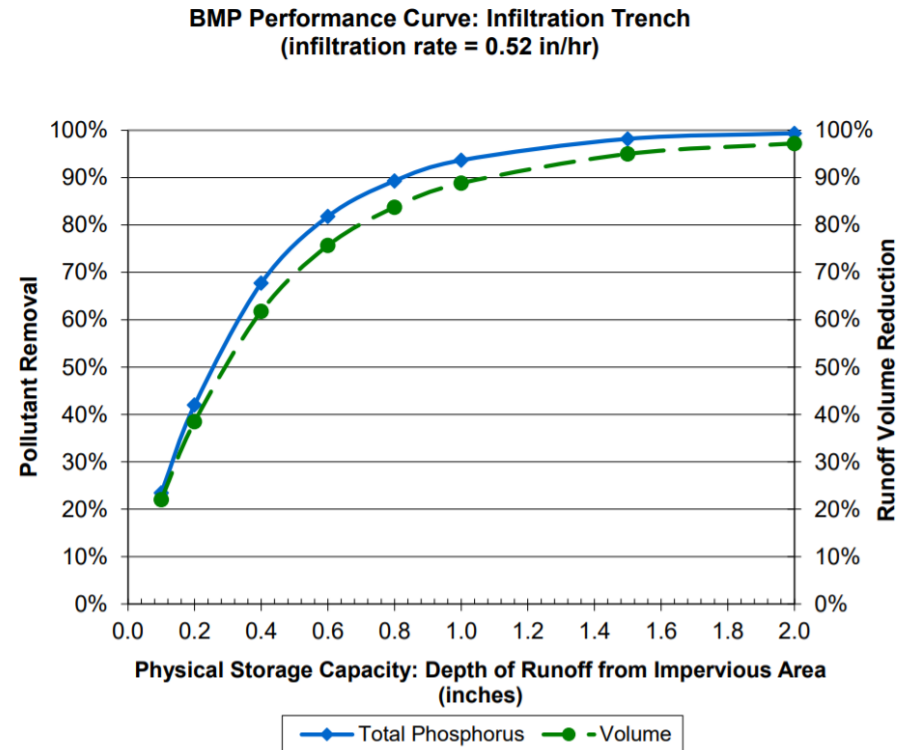


EPA Curves to calculate %TSS and %TP removal

Current: MassDEP SCM and BMP Credit

Proposed: Use EPA Curve according to SCM Crosswalk. If no EPA curve available, see MassDEP Table TSS in MA Stormwater Handbook

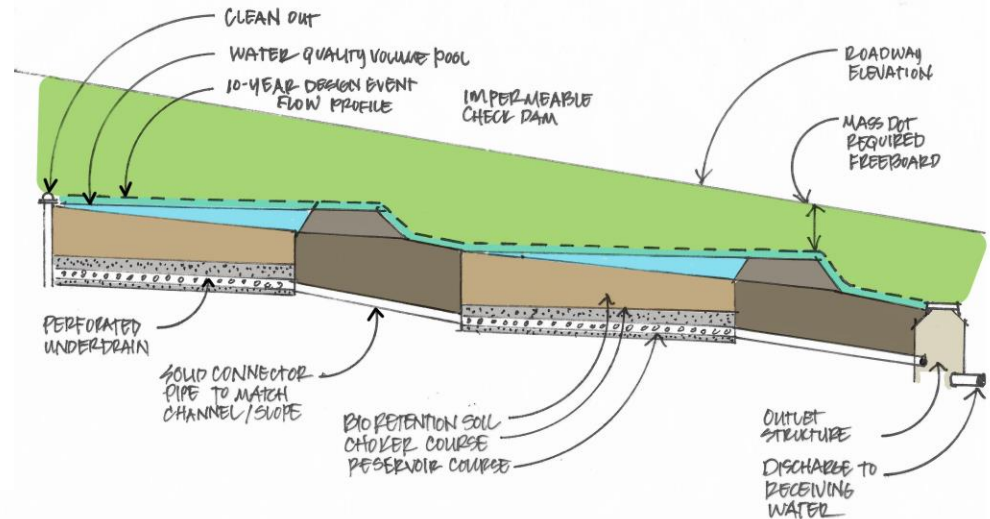
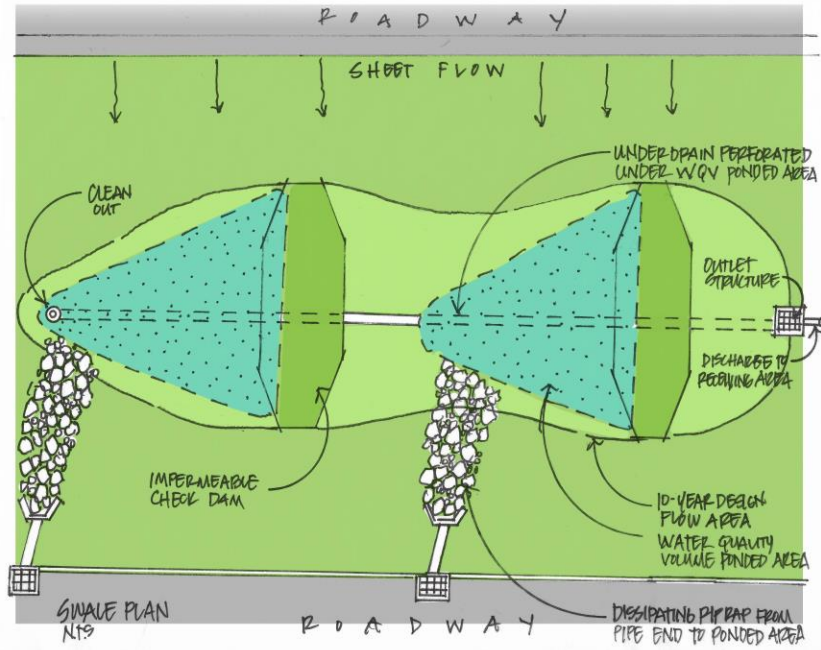
- Pollution reduction curves from MS4 Appendix F Attachment 3



Linear storm water management practice

Current: MassDEP SCM Design specifications

Proposed: MassDOT design specification, provided MassDEP conditions met



SWALE PROFILE
N.T.S.

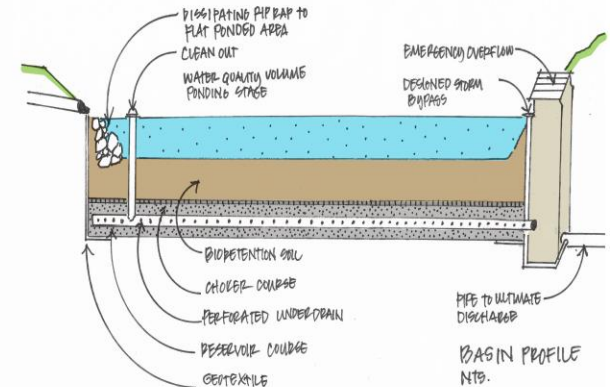
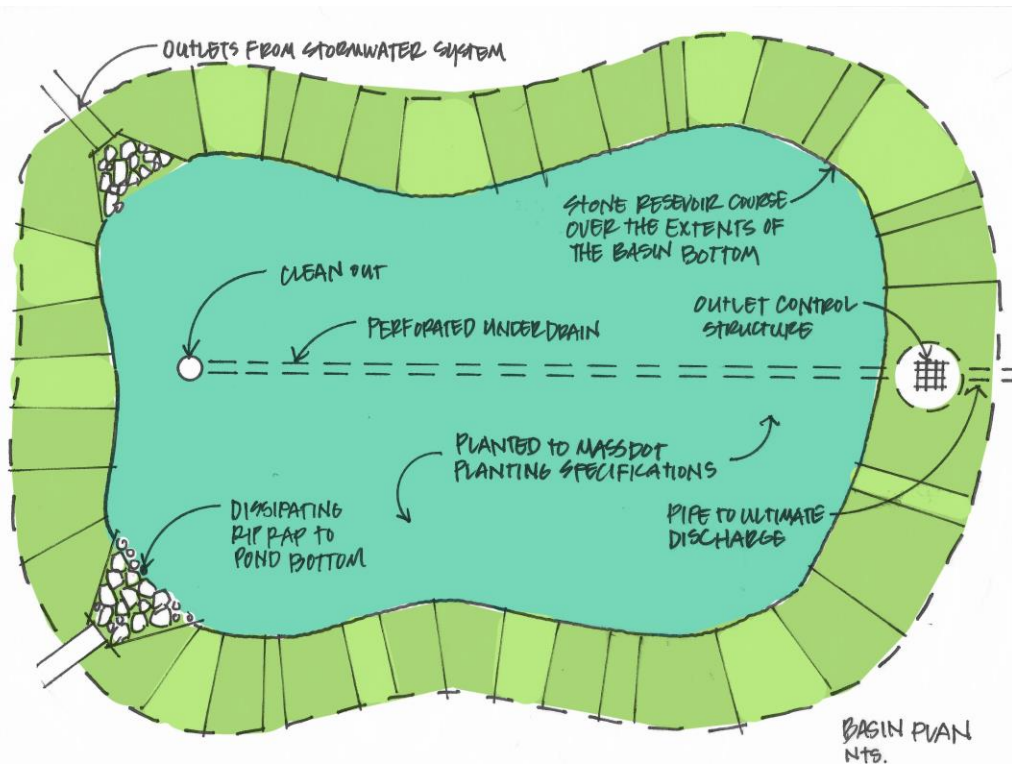
Graphics courtesy of VHB and MDOT



Bio-retention for linear infrastructure

Current: No peak rate credit for bioretention

Proposed: Peak rate credit for bioretention, provided MassDEP conditions met.



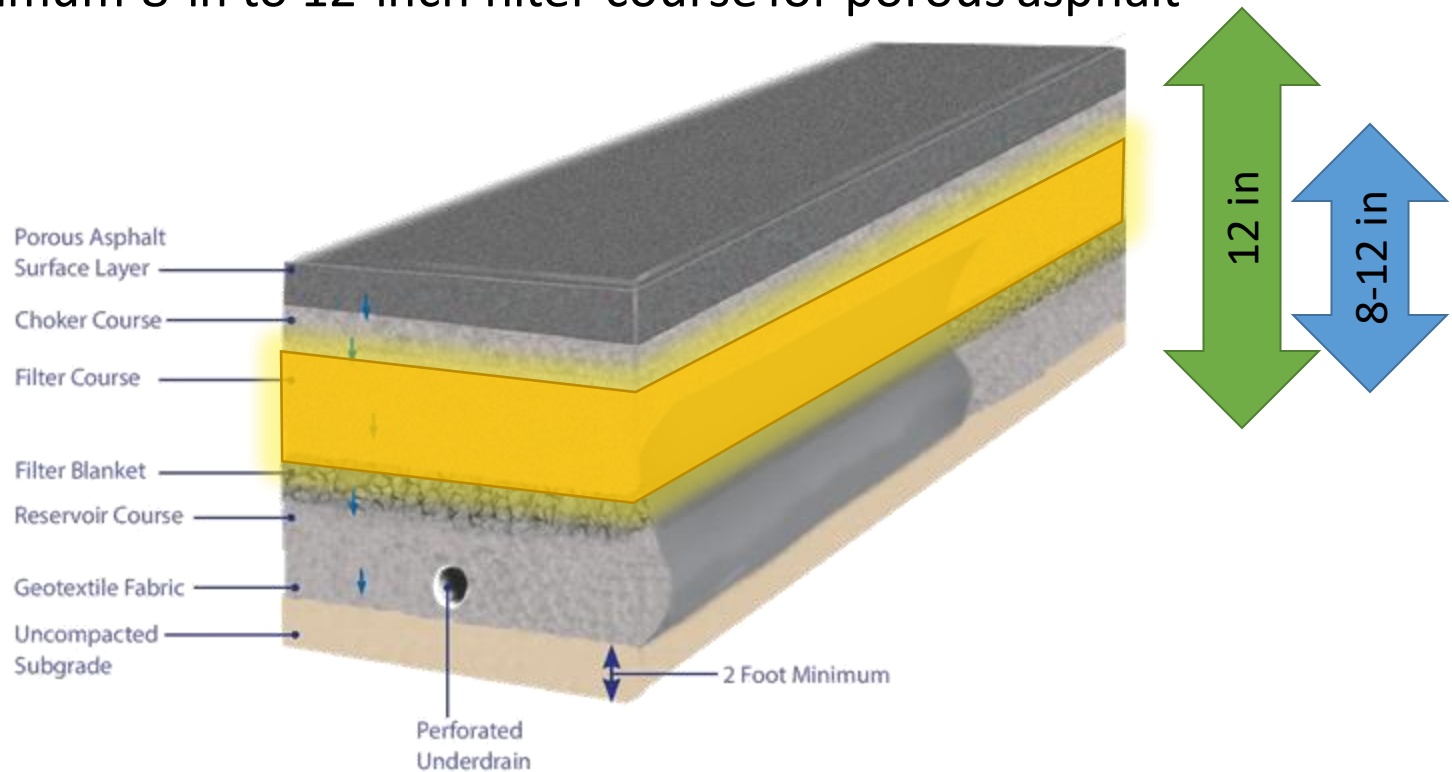
Graphics courtesy of VHB and MDOT



Porous Pavement Filter Course

Current: Minimum 12-inch filter course for porous asphalt

Proposed: Minimum 8-in to 12-inch filter course for porous asphalt



Graphics courtesy of VHB and MDOT



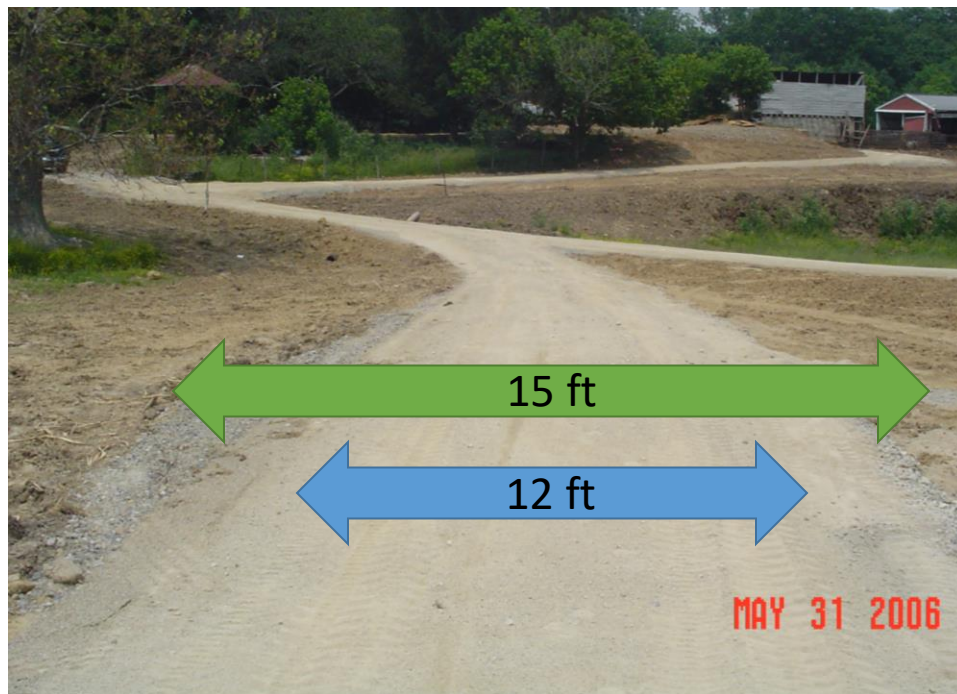
The composition and thickness of each layer should be coordinated with the MassDOT Pavement Management Section.



Maintenance Access

Current: Minimum at least 15 feet wide

Proposed: Minimum 12 feet wide to minimize environmental impact.



<https://fairfieldswcd.org/access-road-stream-crossing/>



O & M Approach

Current: MassDEP BMP minimum cleaning frequency by SCM type

Proposed: TS4 will require stormwater assets be maintained on a schedule with plan to be approved by EPA and MassDEP



Inlet Grates for Catch Basins

Current: Flow to catch basin inlet no greater than 3 cfs; open curb inlets not eligible for 25% pre-treatment credit

Proposed: Allowable orifice sizes broadened, flow rate < 3 cfs; open curb inlets may be allowed

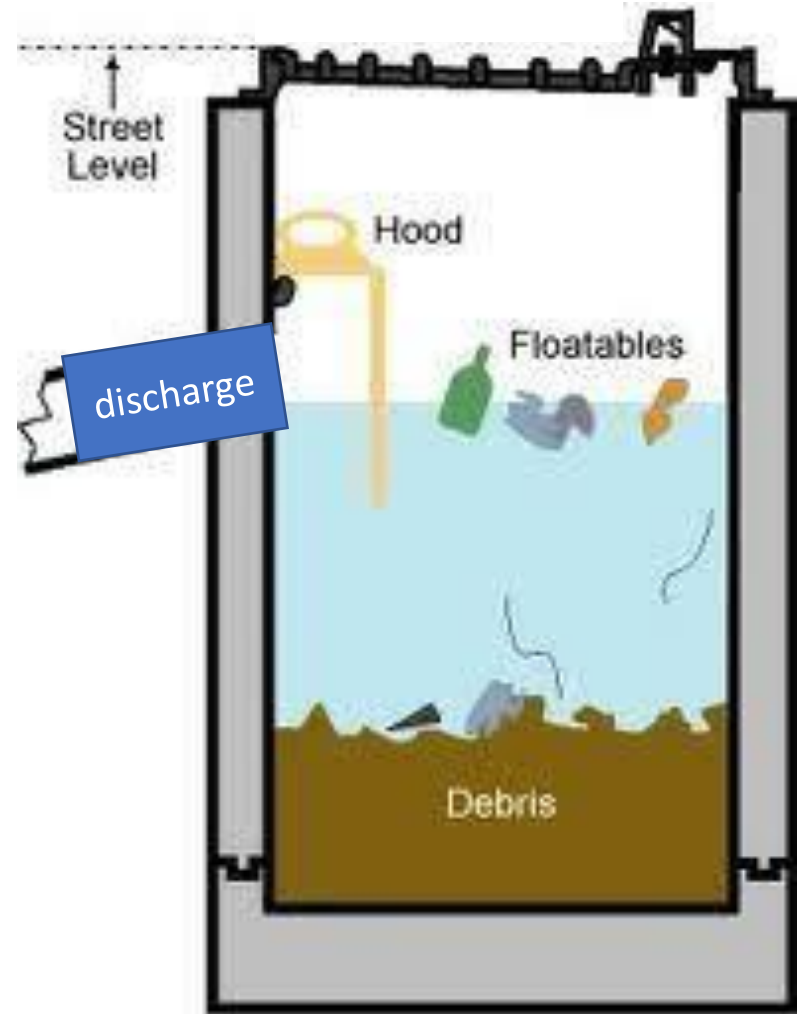


Deep Sump Catch Basins and Hoods

Current: Deep sump catch basins with hoods receive credit if:

1. Along roadways in commercial areas;
2. Within rest areas;
3. In MassHighway maintenance yards;
4. Where no other containment device is provided for discharges to critical areas
5. Within Zone II or within 0.5 miles of wellhead, whichever is closer to the wellhead.

Proposed: Hoods required at above AND 25% TSS credit can be obtained if combination inlets are used (horizontal inlet grate and curb cut grate)



Specific Considerations beyond MassDOT Highway

Wetlands Protection	New Stormwater Discharges	●	●	●
	Macro Approach	●	?	
SCMs	EPA Curves to calculate %TSS & %TP removal	●	●	●
	Linear Stormwater Practices	●	?	
	Peak Rate/ Bioretention	●	?	
	Porous Pavement Filter Course	●	●	●
O&M	Maintenance Access	●	●	
	O&M Approach	●		
Catch Basins	Inlet Grates for Catch Basins	●		
	Hoods for Deep Sump Catch Basins	●		

- = All Projects (not just roads)
- = DOT Highway
- = DOT funded Municipal Rds
- ? = Under Discussion



Thank You

